

**AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
TO H.R. 2873
OFFERED BY MR. NADLER OF NEW YORK**

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the “Affordable Prescrip-
3 tions for Patients Through Promoting Competition Act of
4 2021”.

5 SEC. 2. PRODUCT HOPPING.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commission
7 Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
8 section 26 (15 U.S.C. 57c–2) the following:

9 “SEC. 27. PRODUCT HOPPING.

10 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

11 “(1) ABBREVIATED NEW DRUG APPLICATION.—

12 The term ‘abbreviated new drug application’ means
13 any application under subsection (j) of section 505
14 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
15 U.S.C. 355) or an application under subsection
16 (b)(2) of such section 505 that seeks a therapeutic
17 equivalence rating to the reference product.

1 “(2) BIOSIMILAR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT.—The
2 term ‘biosimilar biological product’ means a biologi-
3 cal product licensed under section 351(k) of the
4 Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(k)).

5 “(3) BIOSIMILAR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT LI-
6 CENSE APPLICATION.—The term ‘biosimilar biologi-
7 cal product license application’ means an application
8 submitted under section 351(k) of the Public Health
9 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(k)).

10 “(4) FOLLOW-ON PRODUCT.—The term ‘follow-
11 on product’—

12 “(A) means a drug approved through an
13 application or supplement to an application sub-
14 mitted under section 505(b) of the Federal
15 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
16 355(b)) or a biological product licensed through
17 an application or supplement to an application
18 submitted under section 351(a) of the Public
19 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)) for a
20 change or modification to, or reformulation of,
21 the same manufacturer’s previously approved
22 drug or biological product that has an indica-
23 tion that is identical or substantively similar to
24 an indication of the same manufacturer’s pre-
25 viously approved drug or biological product; and

1 “(B) excludes such an application or sup-
2 plement to an application for a change, modi-
3 fication, or reformulation of a drug or biological
4 product that is requested by the Secretary or
5 necessary to comply with law, including sections
6 505A and 505B of the Federal Food, Drug,
7 and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355a, 355c).

8 “(5) GENERIC DRUG.—The term ‘generic drug’
9 means any drug approved under an application sub-
10 mitted under subsection (j) of section 505 of the
11 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
12 355) or an application under subsection (b)(2) of
13 such section 505 that seeks a therapeutic equiva-
14 lence rating to the reference product.

15 “(6) LISTED DRUG.—The term ‘listed drug’
16 means a drug listed under section 505(j)(7) of the
17 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
18 355(j)(7)).

19 “(7) MANUFACTURER.—The term ‘manufac-
20 turer’ means the holder, licensee, or assignee of—

21 “(A) an approved application for a drug
22 under section 505(c) of the Federal Food,
23 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(c)); or

1 “(B) a biological product license under sec-
2 tion 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act
3 (42 U.S.C. 262(a)).

4 “(8) REFERENCE PRODUCT.—The term ‘ref-
5 erence product’ has the meaning given the term in
6 section 351(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42
7 U.S.C. 262(i)).

8 “(9) ULTIMATE PARENT ENTITY.—The term
9 ‘ultimate parent entity’ has the meaning given the
10 term in section 801.1 of title 16, Code of Federal
11 Regulations, or any successor regulation.

12 “(b) PROHIBITION ON PRODUCT HOPPING.—

13 “(1) PRIMA FACIE.—A manufacturer of a ref-
14 erence product or listed drug shall be considered to
15 have engaged in an unfair method of competition in
16 or affecting commerce in violation of section 5(a) if
17 complaint counsel or the Commission demonstrates
18 in an action or proceeding initiated by the Commis-
19 sion under subsection (c) that, during the period be-
20 ginning on the date on which the manufacturer of
21 the reference product or listed drug first receives no-
22 tice that an applicant has submitted to the Commis-
23 sioner of Food and Drugs an abbreviated new drug
24 application or biosimilar biological product license
25 application referencing the reference product or list-

1 ed drug and ending on the date that is the earlier
2 of 180 days after the date on which that generic
3 drug or biosimilar biological product or another ge-
4 neric drug or biosimilar biological product ref-
5 erencing the listed drug or reference product is first
6 marketed or 3 years after the date on which the fol-
7 low-on product is first marketed, the manufacturer
8 engaged in either of the following actions:

9 “(A) The manufacturer engaged in a hard
10 switch, which shall be established by dem-
11 onstrating that the manufacturer engaged in ei-
12 ther of the following actions:

13 “(i) Upon the request of the manufac-
14 turer of the listed drug or reference prod-
15 uct, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs
16 withdrew the approval of the application
17 for the listed drug or reference product or
18 placed the listed drug or reference product
19 on the discontinued products list and the
20 manufacturer marketed or sold a follow-on
21 product.

22 “(ii) The manufacturer of the listed
23 drug or reference product—

24 “(I)(aa) withdrew, discontinued
25 the manufacture of, or announced

1 withdrawal of, discontinuance of the
2 manufacture of, or intent to withdraw
3 the application with respect to the
4 drug or reference product in a manner
5 that impedes competition from a ge-
6 neric drug or a biosimilar biological
7 product, which may be established by
8 objective circumstances, unless such
9 actions were taken by the manufac-
10 turer pursuant to a request of the
11 Commissioner of Food and Drugs; or

12 “(bb) destroyed the inventory of
13 the listed drug or reference product in
14 a manner that impedes competition
15 from a generic drug or a biosimilar bi-
16 ological product, which may be estab-
17 lished by objective circumstances; and

18 “(II) marketed or sold a follow-on
19 product.

20 “(B) The manufacturer engaged in a soft
21 switch, which shall be established by dem-
22 onstrating that the manufacturer engaged in
23 both of the following actions:

24 “(i) The manufacturer took actions
25 with respect to the listed drug or reference

1 product other than those described in sub-
2 paragraph (A) that unfairly disadvantage
3 the listed drug or reference product rel-
4 ative to the follow-on product described in
5 clause (ii) in a manner that impedes com-
6 petition from a generic drug or a bio-
7 similar biological product, which may be
8 established by objective circumstances.

9 “(ii) The manufacturer marketed or
10 sold a follow-on product.

11 “(2) EXCLUSIONS.—Nothing in this section
12 shall prohibit actions that consist solely of—

13 “(A) truthful, non-misleading promotional
14 marketing; or

15 “(B) ceasing promotional marketing for
16 the listed drug or reference product.

17 “(3) JUSTIFICATION.—

18 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph
19 (4), the actions described in paragraph (1) by
20 a manufacturer of a listed drug or reference
21 product shall not be considered to be an unfair
22 method of competition in or affecting commerce
23 if the manufacturer demonstrates to the Com-
24 mission or a district court of the United States,
25 as applicable, in an action, suit or proceeding

1 initiated by the Commission under subsection
2 (c)(1) that—

3 “(i) the manufacturer would have
4 taken the actions regardless of whether a
5 generic drug that references the listed drug
6 or biosimilar biological product that ref-
7 erences the reference product had already
8 entered the market; and

9 “(ii)(I) with respect to a hard switch
10 under paragraph (1)(A), the manufacturer
11 took the action for reasons relating to the
12 safety risk to patients of the listed drug or
13 reference product;

14 “(II) with respect to an action de-
15 scribed in paragraph (1)(A)(ii)(I)(aa),
16 there is a supply disruption that—

17 “(aa) is outside of the control of
18 the manufacturer;

19 “(bb) prevents the production or
20 distribution of the applicable listed
21 drug or reference product; and

22 “(cc) cannot be remedied by rea-
23 sonable efforts; or

24 “(III) with respect to a soft switch
25 under paragraph (1)(B), the manufacturer

1 had legitimate pro-competitive reasons,
2 apart from the financial effects of reduced
3 competition, to take the action.

4 “(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
5 in subparagraph (A) may be construed to limit
6 the information that the Commission may oth-
7 erwise obtain in any proceeding or action insti-
8 tuted with respect to a violation of this section.

9 “(4) RESPONSE.—With respect to a justifica-
10 tion offered by a manufacturer under paragraph (3),
11 the Commission may—

12 “(A) rebut any evidence presented by a
13 manufacturer during that justification; or

14 “(B) establish by a preponderance of the
15 evidence that—

16 “(i) on balance, the pro-competitive
17 benefits from the conduct described in sub-
18 paragraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), as
19 applicable, do not outweigh any anti-
20 competitive effects of the conduct, even in
21 consideration of the justification so offered;
22 or

23 “(ii)(I) the conduct described in para-
24 graph (1) is not reasonably necessary to
25 address or achieve the justifications de-

1 scribed in clause (ii) of paragraph (3)(A);

2 or

3 “(II) the justifications described in
4 clause (ii) of paragraph (3)(A) could be
5 reasonably addressed or achieved through
6 less anticompetitive means.

7 “(c) ENFORCEMENT.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission has rea-
9 son to believe that any manufacturer has violated, is
10 violating, or is about to violate this section, or a rule
11 promulgated under this section, the Commission
12 may take any of the following actions:

13 “(A) Institute a proceeding under section
14 5(b).

15 “(B) In the same manner and to the same
16 extent as provided in section 13(b), bring suit
17 in a district court of the United States to tem-
18 porarily enjoin the action of the manufacturer.

19 “(C) Bring suit in a district court of the
20 United States, in which the Commission may
21 seek—

22 “(i) to permanently enjoin the action
23 of the manufacturer;

24 “(ii) any of the remedies described in
25 paragraph (3); and

1 “(iii) any other equitable remedy, in-
2 cluding ancillary equitable relief.

3 “(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
5 provision of section 5, any manufacturer that is
6 subject to a final cease and desist order issued
7 in a proceeding to enforce this section, or a rule
8 promulgated under this section, may, not later
9 than 30 days after the date on which the Com-
10 mission issues the order, petition for review of
11 the order in—

12 “(i) the United States Court of Ap-
13 peals for the District of Columbia Circuit;
14 or

15 “(ii) the court of appeals of the
16 United States for the circuit in which the
17 ultimate parent entity of the manufacturer
18 is incorporated.

19 “(B) TREATMENT OF FINDINGS.—In a re-
20 view of a final cease and desist order conducted
21 by a court of appeals of the United States
22 under subparagraph (A), the factual findings of
23 the Commission shall be conclusive if those
24 facts are supported by the evidence.

25 “(3) EQUITABLE REMEDIES.—

1 “(A) DISGORGEMENT.—

2 “ (i) IN GENERAL.—In a suit brought
3 under paragraph (1)(C), the Commission
4 may seek, and the court may order,
5 disgorgement of any unjust enrichment
6 that a person obtained as a result of the
7 violation that gives rise to the suit.

8 “ (ii) CALCULATION.—Any
9 disgorgement that is ordered with respect
10 to a person under clause (i) shall be offset
11 by any amount of restitution ordered
12 under subparagraph (B).

13 “ (iii) LIMITATIONS PERIOD.—The
14 Commission may seek disgorgement under
15 this subparagraph not later than 5 years
16 after the latest date on which the person
17 from which the disgorgement is sought re-
18 ceives any unjust enrichment from the ef-
19 fects of the violation that gives rise to the
20 suit in which the Commission seeks the
21 disgorgement.

22 “(B) RESTITUTION.—

23 “ (i) IN GENERAL.—In a suit brought
24 under paragraph (1)(C), the Commission
25 may seek, and the court may order, res-

1 tution with respect to the violation that
2 gives rise to the suit.

3 “(ii) LIMITATIONS PERIOD.—The
4 Commission may seek restitution under
5 this subparagraph not later than 5 years
6 after the latest date on which the person
7 from which the restitution is sought re-
8 ceives any unjust enrichment from the ef-
9 fects of the violation that gives rise to the
10 suit in which the Commission seeks the
11 restitution.

12 “(4) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
13 this subsection may be construed as—

14 “(A) requiring the Commission to bring a
15 suit seeking a temporary injunction under para-
16 graph (1)(B) before bringing a suit seeking a
17 permanent injunction under paragraph (1)(C);
18 or

19 “(B) affecting the authority of the Federal
20 Trade Commission under any other provision of
21 law.”.

22 (b) APPLICABILITY.—Section 27 of the Federal
23 Trade Commission Act, as added by subsection (a), shall
24 apply with respect to any—

1 (1) conduct that occurs on or after the date of
2 enactment of this Act; and

3 (2) action or proceeding that is commenced on
4 or after the date of enactment of this Act.

5 (c) ANTITRUST LAWS.—Except to the extent sub-
6 section (a) establishes an additional basis for liability
7 under the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41
8 et seq.), nothing in this section, or the amendments made
9 by this section, shall modify, impair, limit, or supersede
10 the applicability of the antitrust laws as defined in sub-
11 section (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15
12 U.S.C. 12(a)), and of section 5 of the Federal Trade Com-
13 mission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) to the extent that it applies
14 to unfair methods of competition.

15 (d) RULEMAKING.—The Federal Trade Commission
16 may issue rules under section 553 of title 5, United States
17 Code, to define any terms used in section 27 of the Fed-
18 eral Trade Commission Act, as added by subsection (a)
19 (other than terms that are defined in subsection (a) of
20 such section 27).

