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- 3 HJU338000
- 4 MARKUP OF H.R. 3627, THE KILAH DAVENPORT CHILD PROTECTION
- 5 ACT OF 2013, AND
- 6 H.R. 1447, THE DEATH IN CUSTODY REPORTING ACT OF 2013
- 7 Wednesday, December 4, 2013
- 8 House of Representatives
- 9 Committee on the Judiciary
- 10 Washington, D.C.

11 The committee met, pursuant to call, at 2:50 p.m., in 12 Room 2141, Rayburn House Office Building, Hon. Bob Goodlatte 13 [chairman of the committee] presiding. 14 Present: Representatives Goodlatte, Coble, Smith of 15 Texas, Chabot, Bachus, Issa, Franks, Gohmert, Jordan, Poe, 16 Chaffetz, Marino, Amodei, Labrador, Farenthold, Holding,

17	Collins, DeSantis, Smith of Missouri, Conyers, Scott, Watt,
18	Lofgren, Jackson Lee, Bass, DelBene, Garcia, and Jeffries.
19	Staff Present: Shelley Husband, Majority Staff
20	Director; Branden Ritchie, Majority Deputy Staff
21	Director/Chief Counsel; Allison Halataei, Majority
22	Parliamentarian; Kelsey Deterding, Clerk; Sarah Allen,
23	Majority Counsel; Anthony Angeli, Majority Counsel; Perry
24	Apelbaum, Minority Staff Director; Danielle Brown, Minority
25	Parliamentarian; Ashley McDonald, Minority Counsel; and
26	Joseph Graupensperger, Minority Counsel.

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28 Chairman Goodlatte. Good afternoon. The Judiciary 29 Committee will come to order. And without objection, the chair is authorized to 30 31 declare a recess at any time. 32 Pursuant to notice, I now call up H.R. 3627 for purposes 33 of markup and move that the committee report the bill 34 favorably to the House. The clerk will report the bill. Ms. Deterding. H.R. 3627, to require the Attorney 35 General to report on State law penalties for certain child -36 37 _ Chairman Goodlatte. Without objection, the bill is 38 39 considered as read and open for amendment at any point. [The information follows:] 40 41

42 Chairman Goodlatte. And I will begin by recognizing43 myself for an opening statement.

H.R. 3627, the Kilah Davenport Child Protection Act of
2013, is named after a 3-year-old girl from North Carolina
who was brutally beaten by her stepfather in May 2012.
Kilah was put into a coma and suffered a broken collarbone,
a fractured skull, brain damage, and paralysis. Her
stepfather was charged with felony child abuse and is
awaiting trial.

51 Sadly, Kilah's story is not unique. Approximately 3.5 52 million cases of child abuse involving 6 million children 53 are reported every year in the United States. Children 54 under the age of 1 are most likely to be victimized, and the 55 vast majority of this abuse, an estimated 80 percent, is 56 committed by parents, the very people who should be 57 protecting these children from harm.

58 The picture is even worse in Indian Country, where 59 Indian children experience child abuse at significantly 60 higher rates than the rest of the population. One study 61 estimates that 14 Indian children per 1,000 are victims of 62 abuse, as compared to 9 per 1,000 non-Indian children.

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H.R. 3627, introduced by Mr. Pittenger of North 63 64 Carolina, would help to highlight how child abuse cases are 65 handled across the country by requiring the Justice Department to issue a report on the criminal penalties for 66 child abuse in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and 67 68 the U.S. territories. The bill specifically requires the Justice Department to look at whether the States, 69 territories, and D.C. provide enhanced penalties when the 70 victim, like Kilah, has suffered serious bodily injury or 71 72 permanent or protracted loss or impairment of any function. 73 This report focuses on State statutes because the 74 majority of child abuse cases are handled and should be handled at the State level. There are parts of the country, 75 76 however, where the Federal Government has an increased role to play in enforcing justice, primarily in Indian Country 77 78 and special maritime and territorial jurisdiction. 79 H.R. 3627 helps to strengthen the Federal response to child abuse and all forms of domestic abuse in these areas 80 81 by amending 18 U.S.C. Section 117 to allow prior convictions

83 assault by a habitual offender. This is a common sense

for the abuse of a child to trigger the offense of domestic

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84 technical change in an existing statute that could help to 85 prosecute and convict repeat offenders of child abuse. The Kilah Davenport Child Protection Act, unfortunately, 86 87 will not stop the scourge of child abuse in this country, but it does take meaningful steps toward reducing the 88 89 instances of this terrible crime, and I encourage my 90 colleagues to support the legislation. 91 The ranking member is not present. Does the ranking member of the subcommittee have a statement? 92 Mr. Scott. Yes, Mr. Chairman. 93 94 Chairman Goodlatte. The chair is pleased to recognize 95 the gentleman from Virginia for his opening statement. Mr. Scott. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 96 97 Mr. Chairman, we all agree that child abuse is a horrific problem, and the abuse of Kilah Davenport is a 98 tragedy. We must take all appropriate steps to prevent such 99 100 future tragedies. Child abuse is a widespread problem. In 2011, 101 102 approximately 681,000 children were victims of maltreatment, and approximately 3.3 million children received preventive 103 104 services from Child Protective Services agencies in the

105 United States. Furthermore, nearly 5 children die every day 106 in America from abuse and neglect, and more than 78 percent 107 of reported child fatalities as a result of abuse and 108 neglect were caused by one or more of the child victim's 109 parents.

110 In addition to harming children directly, child abuse 111 contributes to future crime. Children who experience child abuse and neglect are about nine times more likely to become 112 involved in criminal activity. We should, therefore, get 113 114 serious about reducing child abuse by enacting the type of 115 meaningful legislation proven to actually reduce child abuse 116 and save money in the process, like nurse-family 117 partnerships.

Nurse-family partnerships are evidence-based community health programs that provide home visits from registered nurses to low-income, first-time moms from pregnancy until the child turns 2 years old. In medical and scientific journals, nurse-family partnerships are most often cited as the most effective intervention to reduce and prevent child abuse and neglect.

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The approach in H.R. 3627, on the other hand, is to

126 allow sentences of up to 10 years -- to increase sentences 127 by up to 10 years for those convicted for the third time for 128 domestic abuse, which, with this bill, will include child 129 abuse. But it only applies to those offenses committed on 130 national parks, military bases, Indian Country, and other 131 Federal land.

So of all the cases of child abuse committed nationally, this bill only -- unfortunately reaches only a negligible portion of those cases, those committed on Federal land by people with two prior offenses. I am, therefore, concerned that by increasing penalties for third offenses, this bill implies that judges don't know what to do with a defendant convicted for the third time of this heinous offense.

As I have described, child abuse is a serious problem, and in order to determine the appropriateness of expanding Federal laws, we should have had a hearing on this issue, which we did not. We received no evidence suggesting that Federal judges impose such lenient sentences on these threetime offenders that the offenders keep getting out and doing it again.

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The reason the bill before us can only apply on Federal

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147 lands is because we do not have jurisdiction over local 148 crimes. This issue is traditionally a matter for the 149 States, and therefore, the issue might have been best first 150 considered by the Over-Criminalization Task Force. 151 But if our goal is to actually reduce the ravages of 152 child abuse, we should not limit our efforts to the 153 negligible number of prosecutable cases involving third offenses on Federal lands. And I say "prosecutable" because 154 155 most child abuse isn't even reported at all. Most that are 156 reported are difficult to prosecute because family members 157 are often unwilling to testify against one another. 158 In fact, there is no evidence that the bill would even 159 apply to the Kilah Davenport case. It does not appear that 160 it occurred on Federal land, nor does it appear to be 161 committed by someone with two prior offenses. 162 So if our goal is to actually reduce child abuse cases, 163 we need to focus our efforts on supporting programs which 164 will prevent these cases from happening in the first place. H.R. 3627 does, however, include a worthwhile provision that 165

167 the child abuse laws in the 50 States. The States can then

requires the Attorney General to issue a report outlining

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168 review their statutes to see how they can compare to other 169 States and then decide whether or not their laws need to be 170 amended. 171 I agree that we need to do to protect our children from 172 tragic victimization, and we should work together to reduce 173 child abuse. However, I think there are better ways to do 174 it than this bill. Thank you. And I yield back. 175 176 Chairman Goodlatte. Are there any amendments? Mr. Scott. I have an amendment at the desk. 177 178 Chairman Goodlatte. The clerk will report the 179 amendment. Ms. Deterding. Amendment to H.R. 3627, offered by Mr. 180 Scott. Page 2, strike line 9 and all that follows through 181 182 line 14. [The amendment of Mr. Scott follows:] 183

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185 Chairman Goodlatte. The gentleman from Virginia is 186 recognized for 5 minutes on his amendment.

187 Mr. Scott. Mr. Chairman, not to belabor the point, but 188 this would strike the criminal penalties from the bill, 189 which was the target of most of my complaint about the bill. 190 And I yield back.

191 Chairman Goodlatte. The chair thanks the gentleman and 192 recognizes himself in opposition to the amendment.

193 This amendment would strike H.R. 3627's modest change to 194 an existing criminal provision. The underlying bill simply 195 makes a technical change to 18 U.S.C. Section 117 to ensure 196 that prior convictions for the abuse of a child can trigger 197 the habitual domestic violence offense.

198 I agree that most child abuse cases are handled and 199 should be handled at the State level. Section 117, however, 200 only covers cases in a very narrow subset of Federal

201 jurisdiction -- most importantly, Indian Country, where the 202 rate of abuse against minors is appalling.

203 One study found that the rate of abuse against Indian 204 children is 50 percent more than for non-Indian children in 205 other areas. And those statistics only capture the reported

206 cases. H.R. 3627 makes a small, but important change to 207 existing law, and I urge my colleagues to oppose this 208 amendment. 209 The question occurs on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Virginia. 210 211 Those in favor will say aye. 212 Those opposed, no. In the opinion of the chair, the noes have it, and the 213 amendment is not agreed to. 214 215 Are there any other amendments? 216 [No response.] 217 Chairman Goodlatte. We are still two or three Members short of a reporting quorum. So we will move on to the 218 gentleman from Virginia's bill and revisit this bill when we 219 220 have a reporting quorum. And before we do that, I want to call attention to all 221 222 of the Members that this is the final markup for Tony 223 Angeli, the distinguished gentleman sitting immediately to my right, our detailee from the Drug Enforcement 224 225 Administration.

226 Tony is a supervisory special agent with the DEA, an

227 attorney and former prosecutor, and has been detailed to the 228 Crime Subcommittee for over 2 years. During that time, 229 Tony's contributions to the subcommittee have been 230 invaluable.

231 His expertise in criminal investigations and drug 232 enforcement has greatly benefited the subcommittee staff and 233 members in their legislative and oversight work. Tony was 234 instrumental in the passage of a number of important pieces of legislation, including legislation to curb synthetic 235 236 drugs, to prohibit the construction of border tunnels, to 237 address counterfeit drug trafficking, to establish a blue 238 alert system for fallen officers, and to reauthorize the Death in Custody Reporting Program, the bill before the 239 240 subcommittee today.

241 Tony's detail to the subcommittee will end later this 242 month. We thank you very much for your service to the 243 committee, and we wish you the very best in the future, and we hope to see you here around the committee anytime you 244 245 want.

Thank you very much. 246

247 [Applause.]

248 Chairman Goodlatte. And we are going to miss Tony for 249 other reasons, too, because while we were applauding him, we 250 achieved a reporting quorum. 251 [Laughter.] 252 Chairman Goodlatte. And we are now going to go back to H.R. 3627. A reporting quorum being present, the question 253 254 is on the motion to report the bill H.R. 3627 favorably to 255 the House. 256 Those in favor will say aye. Those opposed, no. 257 In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it, and the 258 259 bill is ordered reported favorably. Members will have 2 days to submit views, without 260 261 objection. That is it. 262 Pursuant to notice, I now call up H.R. 1447 for purposes of markup and move that the committee report the bill 263

264 favorably to the House.

265 The clerk will report the bill.

266 Ms. Deterding. H.R. 1447, to encourage States to report

267 to the Attorney General certain information regarding the

268 deaths of individuals in the custody of law --

269	Chairman Goodlatte. Without objection, the bill is
270	considered as read and open for amendment at any point.
271	[The information follows:]
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273 Chairman Goodlatte. And I will begin by recognizing 274 myself for an opening statement. 275 The Death in Custody Reporting Act of 2000 directed the 276 Bureau of Justice Statistics within the Department of 277 Justice to collect data on deaths that occur at two 278 important stages of the criminal justice system. First, 279 deaths that occur in the process of arrest or during transfer after arrest. And second, deaths that occur in 280 jails and prisons. The provisions of that act expired in 281 December 2006. 282 283 According to the Bureau of Justice Statistics, 885

284 inmates died in the custody of local jails in 2011. This is the lowest number of jail inmate deaths in the 12-year 285 286 history of the Death in Custody Reporting Program.

287 Nearly 9 out of every 10 State prison deaths were the 288 result of natural causes, the leading reasons being cancer 289 and heart disease. Although ill-related deaths have 290 increased slightly in recent years, the homicide and suicide 291 rates in State prisons have dramatically decreased over the 292 last 25 years.

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H.R. 1447 reauthorizes this data collection program and

294 directs the Attorney General not only to collect the data,
295 but also to study the data to determine how to reduce deaths
296 in custody in the future. The legislation extends the
297 reporting requirements to deaths that occur in Federal

298 custody.

Although the Death in Custody Reporting Act expired in 2006, the Bureau of Justice Statistics has continued to 301 collect this data. They provide a national resource for 302 understanding mortality in the criminal justice system.

The collection of this data will help Federal, State, and local governments examine the relationship between deaths in custody and the proper management of jail and prison facilities. It will also provide important information to Congress on any need to improve Federal custody procedures.

309 Because the Bureau of Justice Statistics has continued 310 to collect the information even though the prior law has 311 expired, this bill will not impose any new cost on the 312 agency. Congress passed similar legislation in the last 313 three Congresses with overwhelming bipartisan support. I 314 would like to thank Congressman Scott for introducing this

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315 legislation, and I urge my colleagues to support it.

316 At this time, the chair recognizes the ranking member of 317 the committee, the gentleman from Michigan, for his opening 318 statement.

319 Mr. Conyers. Thank you, Chairman.

I join with you in thanking our colleague, the ranking member of the Subcommittee on Crime, Bobby Scott. And it is important that we consider the greatest power of any government, any unit of government, is to take away the freedom of a citizen. Sometimes it is the role of the government to do that, as long as there is due process and justice so requires.

327 However, government maintains an important obligation to 328 treat those in its custody in a fair way and to refrain from 329 doing them harm, and it is our role and in the interest of 330 all our citizens that we maintain transparency with respect 331 to the treatment of prisoners and others held in government custody. And that is what this bill is really all about, 332 333 making sure we have the information we need to conduct oversight concerning the treatment of those incarcerated or 334 335 otherwise in government custody.

336 A similar proposal turned into a law was sponsored by 337 our former colleague from Arkansas Asa Hutchinson and was enacted in the year 2000. But the grant program with which 338 339 it was associated expired in 2006, and therefore, we need to reestablish this reporting requirement for the States and 340 341 extend it to Federal law enforcement agencies as well. 342 And so, I urge my colleagues to support this measure and 343 return the balance of my time. Chairman Goodlatte. The chair thanks the gentleman and 344 345 recognizes the gentleman from Virginia, the ranking member 346 of the Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security and 347 Investigations Subcommittee, and the author of the legislation for 5 minutes. 348 Mr. Scott. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 349 350 I would ask unanimous consent to introduce my statement into the record. I think you and the ranking member have 351 352 adequately described the bill. Chairman Goodlatte. A man of few words is very popular 353 354 here in the committee today. 355 [Laughter.] Mr. Conyers. But only for today, though. 356

- 357 [The statement of Mr. Scott follows:]
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359 Chairman Goodlatte. Are there any amendments to H.R. 360 1447? 361 [No response.] 362 Chairman Goodlatte. There being none, the question is on reporting the bill favorably to the House. 363 364 All those in favor will respond by saying aye. 365 Those opposed, no. The ayes have it, and the bill is ordered reported 366 favorably to the House. 367 Members will have 2 days to submit views. 368 369 The chair is now pleased to recognize the ranking member 370 of the committee. Mr. Conyers. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 371 I will be very brief, but this may be the last markup in 372 373 Judiciary Committee that we will be enjoying the company of the distinguished gentleman from North Carolina Mel Watt. 374 375 And I wanted to say on behalf of all of us, Mel, that your presence here -- and I am not trying to predict what is 376 going to happen in the future, but it looks like this may be 377 the last markup that you will be attending with Judiciary. 378 379 And it is with fondness that we reflect upon the work

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380 that you have collaborated on with all the Members, and we 381 wish you well in all your future activities. 382 Chairman Goodlatte. Would the gentleman yield? 383 Mr. Conyers. With pleasure. 384 Chairman Goodlatte. I thank the gentleman. 385 And first, I want to say I know the long and arduous 386 process that he has followed in the Senate. I hope we are 387 not jinxing him because we don't need that to happen. But I do want to say that I have had the honor and the 389 privilege of serving on this committee with Mel for the 390 entire 21 years that I have served on the committee. And he 391 is a great voice for civil liberties, for common sense. And while we definitely don't agree on every matter that has 392 come before the committee, it has been a pleasure to work 393 394 with him, and he has made substantial contributions to most 395 every piece of legislation of major import that we have 396 taken up in the committee. And I thank him for his service. 397 Mr. Coble. Mr. Chairman? 398 399 Chairman Goodlatte. The gentleman from North Carolina

400 seeks recognition.

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Mr. Coble. I want to say on behalf of the committee to send Mel our best wishes. Chairman Goodlatte. The gentleman from Alabama? Mr. Bachus. One thing I would like to commend Mel on is his choice of a wife, Eulada. She is -- both of them are very intelligent, informed individuals, and I think both of your children, have they graduated from Yale? Is that correct? So I think that is something we would all aspire

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410 So congratulations on whatever your future holds, Mel.
411 Chairman Goodlatte. The gentleman from Virginia?
412 Mr. Scott. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

It is with mixed feelings that I -- I have been sitting besides Mel for the better part of 21 years, and often, we find ourselves, it is not unusual to find ourselves on the short end of a 35 to 2 split. So it is going to be lonely sometimes being the only one.

418 But you have done a fine job, kept to your principles, 419 and that is what we need more of in this Congress.

420 Thank you very much.

421 Chairman Goodlatte. The gentleman from Texas?

422 Mr. Smith of Texas. Mr. Chairman, I, too, just want to 423 add similar sentiments to those that have been voiced by others and say that I will miss Mel Watt on the committee. 424 425 He has been particularly thoughtful and articulate and have 426 enjoyed working with him on many occasions on many pieces of 427 legislation. 428 I would only say that he would get even more adulation today if he were to endorse the bill that is on the House 429 430 floor tomorrow. 431 [Laughter.] 432 Mr. Smith of Texas. But certainly he will be missed, 433 and Mel, I hope you keep in touch with us. Chairman Goodlatte. The gentlewoman from Texas? 434 Ms. Jackson Lee. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 435 Mr. Chairman -- congratulations. We don't want to jinx 436 437 him, but we do want to acknowledge that Mel was on the 438 Immigration Subcommittee before I served as the ranking 439 member, and he captures positively and effectively a lot of 440 issue that come through this committee, which I still believe has the greatest jurisdiction of any committee in 441 442 the House.

And I want to congratulate him for that service because he has helped a lot of people as a member of this committee. So, again, congratulations to you, Mel, and best wishes onward. And we will always have a spot for you on this committee.

448 I yield back.

449 Chairman Goodlatte. And the chair now recognizes the 450 gentleman from North Carolina, but not with the hope of the 451 gentleman from Texas that his final speech in the House is 452 going to be in support of the Innovation Act. But we do 453 thank him for the contributions that he made even to that 454 legislation.

455 So the gentleman from North Carolina?

456 Mr. Watt. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I am going to jump in for fear that somebody else is going to seize the mike. And I should have jumped in earlier and tried to cut off all the nice things that were being said.

461 But I definitely appreciate it. Appreciate all of the 462 wonderful comments. My service on the Judiciary Committee 463 and on the Financial Services Committee has been 21 --

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464 approaching 21 years of service now. And I have kind of 465 gone back and forth in my allegiances depending on which 466 committee I was ranking member or sometimes chair of a 467 subcommittee on, but it has been interesting throughout. 468 And I appreciate especially Spencer's comments about my 469 wife. She is far and away the highlight of our family, and 470 his nice comments about my children, both of whom have done very well, and I am very proud of them. 471

I guess it is fitting, as some people made note of 472 473 yesterday at the Rules Committee, that I would be going out 474 standing on beliefs, since they noted that the White House 475 yesterday issued a statement in support of your Innovation Act. And notwithstanding the fact that I am their nominee, 476 477 I not only was an adversary of the chair, but I was an adversary of the White House yesterday. And it looks like 478 if this plays itself out appropriately, the same may happen 479 480 tomorrow.

Again, the rumors of my demise may be greatly exaggerated because the Senate has not yet acted, and they have not given me any indication of when that is to occur. But I am hopeful, as I have been throughout this process,

485 that that process will run its course, and it perhaps can 486 happen over the next 2 or 3 weeks. And if this the last 487 markup for this year, it is possible that it could be my 488 last markup in the Judiciary Committee.

489 So I have enjoyed it immensely. I tack it on to 3 years 490 of law school, 22 years of the practice of law, and 21 years 491 of practice on this committee. And I guess that is why they called it the "practice of law" because you never get it 492 right. I continue to practice, and I hope we all continue 493 494 to do so and strive for the appropriate result. And that is 495 what I have tried to do over the years, and I hope that is 496 what I will be remembered for.

497 Thank you so much, and thank all of you for your 498 kindnesses and for the kind comments today.

499 Chairman Goodlatte. Well, I thank the gentleman, and I 500 know I speak on behalf of all the members of the committee 501 when we wish you Godspeed and a bright future in the Obama 502 administration, and we will smooth over any difficulties 503 with --

504 Mr. Watt. Well, I have to correct you. This is not 505 necessarily in the Obama administration. This is actually

506	an independent agency. So I may yet get to fight both
507	Congress and the White House on a continuing basis.
508	So we will try to do what is right throughout the
509	process, and I guess I demonstrated at the Rules Committee
510	yesterday that at least the rumors that the Senate was
511	putting out that I would be a tool of the administration
512	probably weren't all that accurate. So
513	Chairman Goodlatte. Well, on that note, this concludes
514	our business for today, and I thank all the Members for
515	attending.
516	And the meeting is adjourned.

517 [Whereupon, at 3:18 p.m., the committee was adjourned.]