

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 471

To improve enforcement efforts related to prescription drug diversion and abuse, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 22, 2015

Mr. MARINO (for himself, Mr. WELCH, Mrs. BLACKBURN, and Ms. CHU of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To improve enforcement efforts related to prescription drug diversion and abuse, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Ensuring Patient Ac-
5 cess and Effective Drug Enforcement Act of 2015”.

6 **SEC. 2. REGISTRATION PROCESS UNDER CONTROLLED**
7 **SUBSTANCES ACT.**

8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—

1 (1) FACTORS AS MAY BE RELEVANT TO AND
2 CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFE-
3 TY.—Section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act
4 (21 U.S.C. 823) is amended by adding at the end
5 the following:

6 “(i) In this section, the phrase ‘factors as may be rel-
7 evant to and consistent with the public health and safety’
8 means factors that are relevant to and consistent with the
9 findings contained in section 101.”.

10 (2) IMMINENT DANGER TO THE PUBLIC
11 HEALTH OR SAFETY.—Section 304(d) of the Con-
12 trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 824(d)) is amend-
13 ed—

14 (A) by striking “(d) The Attorney Gen-
15 eral” and inserting “(d)(1) The Attorney Gen-
16 eral”; and

17 (B) by adding at the end the following:

18 “(2) In this subsection, the phrase ‘imminent danger
19 to the public health or safety’ means that, in the absence
20 of an immediate suspension order, controlled substances—

21 “(A) will continue to be intentionally distrib-
22 uted or dispensed—

23 “(i) outside the usual course of profes-
24 sional practice; or

1 “(ii) in a manner that poses a present or
2 foreseeable risk of serious adverse health con-
3 sequences or death; or

4 “(B) will continue to be intentionally diverted
5 outside of legitimate distribution channels.”.

6 (b) OPPORTUNITY TO SUBMIT CORRECTIVE ACTION
7 PLAN PRIOR TO REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION.—Sub-
8 section (c) of section 304 of the Controlled Substances Act
9 (21 U.S.C. 824) is amended—

10 (1) by striking the last two sentences in such
11 subsection;

12 (2) by striking “(c) Before” and inserting
13 “(c)(1) Before”; and

14 (3) by adding at the end the following:

15 “(2) An order to show cause under paragraph (1)
16 shall—

17 “(A) contain a statement of the basis for the
18 denial, revocation, or suspension, including specific
19 citations to any laws or regulations alleged to be vio-
20 lated by the applicant or registrant;

21 “(B) direct the applicant or registrant to ap-
22 pear before the Attorney General at a time and
23 place stated in the order, but no less than thirty
24 days after the date of receipt of the order; and

1 “(C) notify the applicant or registrant of the
2 opportunity to submit a corrective action plan on or
3 before the date of appearance.

4 “(3) Upon review of any corrective action plan sub-
5 mitted by an applicant or registrant pursuant to para-
6 graph (2), the Attorney General shall determine whether
7 denial, revocation or suspension proceedings should be dis-
8 continued, or deferred for the purposes of modification,
9 amendment, or clarification to such plan.

10 “(4) Proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend shall
11 be conducted pursuant to this section in accordance with
12 subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5. Such proceedings
13 shall be independent of, and not in lieu of, criminal pros-
14 ecutions or other proceedings under this title or any other
15 law of the United States.

16 “(5) The requirements of this subsection shall not
17 apply to the issuance of an immediate suspension order
18 under subsection (d).”.

19 **SEC. 3. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON EFFECTS OF LAW EN-**
20 **FORCEMENT ACTIVITIES ON PATIENT AC-**
21 **CESS TO MEDICATIONS.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
23 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
24 Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of
25 Food and Drugs and the Director of the Centers for Dis-

1 ease Control and Prevention, and in consultation with the
2 Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration
3 and the Director of National Drug Control Policy, shall
4 submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the
5 House of Representatives, the Committee on Energy and
6 Commerce of the House of Representatives, the Com-
7 mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee
8 on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate
9 identifying—

10 (1) obstacles to legitimate patient access to con-
11 trolled substances;

12 (2) issues with diversion of controlled sub-
13 stances; and

14 (3) how collaboration between Federal, State,
15 local, and tribal law enforcement agencies and the
16 pharmaceutical industry can benefit patients and
17 prevent diversion and abuse of controlled substances.

18 (b) CONSULTATION.—The report under subsection
19 (a) shall incorporate feedback and recommendations from
20 the following:

21 (1) Patient groups.

22 (2) Pharmacies.

23 (3) Drug manufacturers.

24 (4) Common or contract carriers and ware-
25 housemen.

1 (5) Hospitals, physicians, and other health care
2 providers.

3 (6) State attorneys general.

4 (7) Federal, State, local, and tribal law enforce-
5 ment agencies.

6 (8) Health insurance providers and entities that
7 provide pharmacy benefit management services on
8 behalf of a health insurance provider.

9 (9) Wholesale drug distributors.

○