AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
TO H.R. 5918
OFFERED BY MR. BILIRakis

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. REPORTS AFTER ACTIVATION OF DISASTER IN-
FORMATION REPORTING SYSTEM; IMPROVE-
MENTS TO NETWORK OUTAGE REPORTING.

4 (a) REPORTS AFTER ACTIVATION OF DISASTER IN-
FORMATION REPORTING SYSTEM.—

6 (I) PRELIMINARY REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 weeks
after the deactivation of the Disaster Informa-
tion Reporting System with respect to an event
for which the System was activated for at least
7 days, the Commission shall issue a prelimi-
nary report on, with respect to such event and
to the extent known—

(i) the number and duration of any
outages of—

(I) broadband internet access
service;

(II) interconnected VoIP service;
(III) commercial mobile service;
and
(IV) commercial mobile data service;
(ii) the approximate number of users or the amount of communications infrastructure potentially affected by an outage described in clause (i);
(iii) the number and duration of any outages at public safety answering points that prevent public safety answering points from receiving emergency calls and routing such calls to emergency service personnel;
and
(iv) any additional information determined appropriate by the Commission.

(B) DEVELOPMENT OF REPORT.—The Commission shall develop the report required by subparagraph (A) using information collected by the Commission, including information collected by the Commission through the System.

(2) PUBLIC FIELD HEARINGS.—
(A) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 8 months after the deactivation of the Disaster Information Reporting System with respect to
an event for which the System was activated for at least 7 days, the Commission shall hold at least 1 public field hearing in the area affected by such event.

(B) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS IN HEARINGS.—For each public field hearing held under subparagraph (A), the Commission shall consider including—

(i) representatives of State government, local government, or Indian Tribal governments in areas affected by such event;

(ii) residents of the areas affected by such event, or consumer advocates;

(iii) providers of communications services affected by such event;

(iv) faculty of institutions of higher education;

(v) representatives of other Federal agencies;

(vi) electric utility providers;

(vii) communications infrastructure companies; and
(viii) first responders, emergency managers, or 9–1–1 directors in areas affected by such event.

(3) Final Report.—Not later than 12 months after the deactivation of the Disaster Information Reporting System with respect to an event for which the System was activated for at least 7 days, the Commission shall issue a final report that includes, with respect to such event—

(A) the information described under paragraph (1)(A); and

(B) any recommendations of the Commission on how to improve the resiliency of affected communications or networks recovery efforts.

(4) Development of Reports.—In developing a report required under this subsection, the Commission shall consider information collected by the Commission, including information collected by the Commission through the System, and any public hearing described in paragraph (2) with respect to the applicable event.

(5) Publication.—The Commission shall publish each report, excluding information that is otherwise exempt from public disclosure under the rules
of the Commission, issued under this subsection on
the website of the Commission upon the issuance of
such report.

(b) IMPROVEMENTS TO NETWORK OUTAGE REPORT-
ING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Commission shall conduct a pro-
ceed ing and, after public notice and an opportunity for
comment, adopt rules to—

(1) determine the circumstances under which to
require service providers subject to the 9–1–1 regu-
lations established under part 9 of title 47, Code of
Federal Regulations, to submit a timely notification,
in an easily accessible format that facilities situ-
tional awareness) to public safety answering points
regarding communications service disruptions within
the assigned territories of such public safety answer-
ing points that prevent—

(A) the origination of 9–1–1 calls;

(B) the delivery of Automatic Location In-
formation; or

(C) Automatic Number Identification;

(2) require such notifications to be made; and

(3) specify the appropriate timing of such noti-

ification.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) AUTOMATIC LOCATION INFORMATION;
AUTOMATIC NUMBER IDENTIFICATION.—The terms
“Automatic Location Information” and “Automatic
Number Identification” have the meaning given
those terms in section 9.3 of title 47, Code of Fed-
eral Regulations, or any successor regulation.

(2) BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE.—
The term “broadband internet access service” has
the meaning given such term in section 8.1(b) of
title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, or any suc-
cessor regulation.

(3) COMMERCIAL MOBILE SERVICE.—The term
“commercial mobile service” has the meaning given
such term in section 332(d) of the Communications
Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(d)).

(4) COMMERCIAL MOBILE DATA SERVICE.—The
term “commercial mobile data service” has the
meaning given such term in section 6001 of the Mid-
dle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012

(5) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission”
means the Federal Communications Commission.

(6) INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERNMENT; LOCAL GOV-
ERNMENT.—The terms “Indian Tribal government”
and “Indian Tribal Government” have the meaning

(7) INTERCONNECTED VOIP SERVICE.—The term "interconnected VoIP service" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).

(8) PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT.—The term "public safety answering point" has the meaning given such term in section 222 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 222).

(9) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).