AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 1209

OFFERED BY MR. COMER OF KENTUCKY

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

I	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Fair and Open Com-
3	petition Act of 2023" or the "FOCA Act of 2023".
4	SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
5	It is the purpose of this Act to—
6	(1) promote and ensure open competition on
7	Federal and federally funded or assisted construc-
8	tion projects;
9	(2) maintain Federal Government neutrality to-
10	wards the labor relations of Federal Government
11	contractors on Federal and federally funded or as-
12	sisted construction projects;
13	(3) reduce construction costs to the Federal
14	Government and to the taxpayers;
15	(4) expand job opportunities, especially for
16	small and disadvantaged businesses; and
17	(5) prevent discrimination against Federal Gov-
18	ernment contractors or their employees based upon

1	labor affiliation or the lack thereof, thereby pro-
2	moting the economical, nondiscriminatory, and effi-
3	cient administration and completion of Federal and
4	federally funded or assisted construction projects.
5	SEC. 3. PRESERVATION OF OPEN COMPETITION AND FED-
6	ERAL GOVERNMENT NEUTRALITY.
7	(a) Prohibition.—
8	(1) GENERAL RULE.—The head of each execu-
9	tive agency that awards or enters into any construc-
10	tion contract or that obligates funds pursuant to
11	such a contract, shall ensure that the agency, and
12	any construction manager acting on behalf of the
13	Federal Government with respect to such contract,
14	in its bid specifications, project agreements, or other
15	controlling documents does not—
16	(A) require or prohibit a bidder, offeror,
17	contractor, or subcontractor from entering into,
18	or adhering to, agreements with 1 or more
19	labor organizations, with respect to that con-
20	struction project or another related construction
21	project; or
22	(B) discriminate against or give preference
23	to a bidder, offeror, contractor, or subcon-
24	tractor because such bidder, offeror, contractor,
25	or subcontractor—

1	(i) becomes a signatory, or otherwise
2	adheres to, an agreement with 1 or more
3	labor organizations with respect to that
4	construction project or another related
5	construction project; or
6	(ii) refuses to become a signatory, or
7	otherwise adhere to, an agreement with 1
8	or more labor organizations with respect to
9	that construction project or another related
10	construction project.
11	(2) Application of Prohibition.—This sub-
12	section shall apply with respect to—
13	(A) contracts awarded on or after the date
14	of the enactment of this Act; and
15	(B) subcontracts awarded under such con-
16	tracts.
17	(3) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
18	paragraph (1) may be construed to prohibit a con-
19	tractor or subcontractor from voluntarily entering
20	into an agreement described in such paragraph.
21	(4) Federal acquisition regulation.—Not
22	later than 60 days after the date of the enactment
23	of this Act, the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall
24	be revised to implement the provisions of this sub-
25	section.

1	(b) RECIPIENTS OF GRANTS AND OTHER ASSIST-
2	ANCE.—The head of each executive agency that awards
3	grants, provides financial assistance, or enters into cooper-
4	ative agreements for construction projects after the date
5	of the enactment of this Act shall ensure that—
6	(1) the bid specifications, project agreements,
7	or other controlling documents for such construction
8	projects of a recipient of a grant or financial assist-
9	ance, or by the parties to a cooperative agreement,
10	do not contain any of the requirements or prohibi-
11	tions described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of sub-
12	section (a)(1); or
13	(2) the bid specifications, project agreements,
14	or other controlling documents for such construction
15	projects of a construction manager acting on behalf
16	of a recipient or party described in paragraph (1) do
17	not contain any of the requirements or prohibitions
18	described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection
19	(a)(1).
20	(c) Failure To Comply.—If an executive agency,
21	a recipient of a grant or financial assistance from an exec-
22	utive agency, a party to a cooperative agreement with an
23	executive agency, or a construction manager acting on be-
24	half of such an agency, recipient, or party, fails to comply
25	with subsection (a) or (b), the head of the executive agency

awarding the contract, grant, or assistance, or entering into the agreement involved, shall take such action, con-3 sistent with the law, as the head of such agency deter-4 mines to be appropriate. 5 (d) Exemptions.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive 6 7 agency may exempt a particular project, contract, 8 subcontract, grant, or cooperative agreement from 9 the requirements of 1 or more of the provisions of 10 subsections (a) and (b) if the head of such agency 11 determines that special circumstances exist that re-12 quire an exemption in order to avert an imminent 13 threat to public health or safety or to serve the na-14 tional security. 15 (2) Special circumstances.—For purposes 16 of paragraph (1), a finding of special circumstances 17 may not be based on the possibility or existence of 18 a labor dispute concerning contractors or sub-19 contractors that are nonsignatories to, or that other-20 wise do not adhere to, agreements with 1 or more 21 labor organizations, or labor disputes concerning em-22 ployees on the project who are not members of, or 23 affiliated with, a labor organization. 24 (3)ADDITIONAL EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN 25 PROJECTS.—The head of an executive agency, upon

1	application of an awarding authority, a recipient of
2	grants or financial assistance, a party to a coopera-
3	tive agreement, or a construction manager acting or
4	behalf of any of such entities, may exempt a par-
5	ticular project from the requirements of any or all
6	of the provisions of subsection (a) or (b), if the head
7	of such agency finds—
8	(A) that the awarding authority, recipient
9	of grants or financial assistance, party to a co-
10	operative agreement, or construction manager
11	acting on behalf of any of such entities had
12	issued or was a party to, as of the date of the
13	enactment of this Act, bid specifications, project
14	agreements, agreements with 1 or more labor
15	organizations, or other controlling documents
16	with respect to that particular project, which
17	contained any of the requirements or prohibi-
18	tions set forth in subsection $(a)(1)$; and
19	(B) that 1 or more construction contracts
20	subject to such requirements or prohibitions
21	had been awarded as of the date of the enact-
22	ment of this Act.
23	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
24	(1) Construction contract.—The term
25	"construction contract" means any contract for the

construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion,
extension, or repair of buildings, highways, or other
improvements to real property.
(2) Executive agency.—The term "executive
agency" has the meaning given the term "Executive
agency" in section 105 of title 5, United States
Code, except that such term does not include the
Government Accountability Office.
(3) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor
organization" has the meaning given such term in
section 701 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
U.S.C. 2000e).

