

Statement

Of

The National Association of Chain Drug Stores

For

United States House of Representatives Armed Services Committee Subcommittee on Military Personnel

Hearing on:

The Department of Defense Views on the Military
Compensation and Retirement Modernization
Commission's Recommendations for Military Health Care
Reform

June 11, 2015 2:00 p.m. 2212 Rayburn House Office Building

National Association of Chain Drug Stores (NACDS) 1776 Wilson Blvd., Suite 200 Arlington, VA 22209 NACDS Statement for the Record: U.S. House of Representatives Armed Services Subcommittee on Military Personnel Hearing on Department of Defense Views on the Military Compensation and Retirement Modernization Commission's Recommendations for Military Health Care Reform June 11, 2015
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Introduction

The National Association of Chain Drug Stores (NACDS) thanks the Subcommittee for the opportunity to submit a statement for today's hearing on the "Department of Defense (DoD) Views on the Military Compensation and Retirement Modernization Commission's Recommendations for Military Health Care Reform." NACDS and the chain pharmacy industry are committed to partnering with Congress, the DoD, and other healthcare providers to improve the quality and affordability of healthcare services for our nation's military heroes, retirees and their families.

NACDS represents traditional drug stores and supermarkets and mass merchants with pharmacies. Chains operate more than 40,000 pharmacies, and NACDS' chain member companies include regional chains, with a minimum of four stores, and national companies. Chains employ more than 3.2 million individuals, including 179,000 pharmacists. They fill over 2.9 billion prescriptions yearly, and help patients use medicines correctly and safely, while offering innovative services that improve patient health and healthcare affordability. NACDS members also include more than 850 supplier partners and over 60 international members representing 22 countries. For more information, visit www.NACDS.org.

As the face of neighborhood healthcare, community pharmacies and pharmacists provide access to prescription medications and over-the-counter products, as well as cost-effective health services such as immunizations and disease screenings. Through personal interactions with patients, face-to-face consultations and convenient access to preventive care services, local pharmacists are helping to shape the healthcare delivery system of tomorrow—in partnership with doctors, nurses, and others.

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Recommendations of the Military Compensation and Retirement Modernization Commission

The Military Compensation and Retirement Modernization Commission (commission) heard from beneficiaries about the importance of healthcare provider choice and access. Accordingly, the commission strongly recommends patient choice, flexibility, access to care, and utilizing the latest healthcare innovations, such as medication therapy management (MTM). We are pleased that the commission recognizes that beneficiaries should be able to receive their prescriptions from whichever location they prefer, whether it be the local neighborhood pharmacy, a mail order facility, or a military treatment facility. Moreover, we applaud the commission for specifically recommending that the TRICARE pharmacy benefit should integrate pharmaceutical treatment with healthcare and to implement robust MTM.

Community Pharmacies are the Most Readily Accessible Healthcare Providers

Ninety-four percent of Americans live within five miles of a community pharmacy, making pharmacies among the most accessible healthcare providers. Local pharmacists play a key role in helping patients to take their medications as prescribed and offer a variety of pharmacist-delivered services to improve health quality and outcomes. With preventive immunizations and appropriate medication use, it is possible to reduce utilization of costly medical services such as emergency room visits and unnecessary physician visits. The proximity of community pharmacies to each and every American and pharmacists' exceptional knowledge and training renders pharmacies uniquely positioned to provide care for the American public.

Pharmacist-Administered Vaccinations Improve Public Health

Increasingly, local pharmacies are not only a reliable, convenient source for obtaining prescription drugs, but also a healthcare destination. For example, retail network pharmacies now provide vaccinations to TRICARE beneficiaries. Recognizing the cost

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effectiveness of pharmacist-provided vaccinations, the DoD authorizes TRICARE beneficiaries to obtain vaccinations at a retail network pharmacy for a \$0 co-payment. In its final rule expanding the authority of retail pharmacies to provide vaccinations, DoD estimated that in the first six months of the immunization program, it had saved over \$1.8 million by having vaccinations provided through the pharmacy rather than the medical benefit (Federal Register, Vol. 76, No. 134, p. 41064). This cost savings did not take into consideration the savings from medical costs that would have been incurred in treating influenza and other illnesses if TRICARE beneficiaries had not been vaccinated. In addition, DoD noted in the final rule that "adding immunizations to the pharmacy benefits program is an important public health initiative for TRICARE, making immunizations more readily available to beneficiaries. It is especially important as part of the nation's public health preparations for a potential pandemic, such as was threatened in the recent past by a novel H1N1 virus strain. Ensuring that TRICARE beneficiaries have ready access to vaccine supplies allocated to private sector pharmacies will facilitate making vaccines appropriately available to high risk groups of TRICARE beneficiaries." (Federal Register, Vol. 76, No. 134, p. 41063).

Medication Therapy Management Improves Health Outcomes and Reduces Spending

MTM is a distinct service or group of services that optimize therapeutic outcomes of medications for individuals based on their unique needs. MTM services increase medication adherence, enhance communication and collaboration among providers and patients, optimize medication use, and reduce overall healthcare costs.

Policymakers have begun to recognize the vital role that local pharmacists can play in improving medication adherence. The role of appropriate medication use in lowering healthcare costs has been acknowledged by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO). The CBO revised its methodology for scoring proposals related to Medicare Part D and

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found that for each one percent increase in the number of prescriptions filled by beneficiaries there is a decrease in overall Medicare spending. When projected to the entire population, this translates into a savings of \$1.7 billion in overall healthcare costs, or a savings of \$5.76 for every person in the U.S. for every one percent increase in the number of prescriptions filled.

Congress has also recognized the importance of pharmacist-provided services such as MTM by including it as a required offering in the Medicare Part D program. The experiences of Part D beneficiaries, as well as public and private studies, have confirmed the effectiveness of pharmacist-provided MTM. A 2013 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services report found that Part D MTM programs consistently and substantially improved medication adherence and quality of prescribing for evidence-based medications for beneficiaries with congestive heart failure, COPD and diabetes. The study also found significant reductions in hospital costs, particularly when a comprehensive medication review was utilized. This included savings of nearly \$400 to \$525 in lower overall hospitalization costs for beneficiaries with diabetes and congestive heart failure. The report also found that MTM can lead to reduced costs in the Part D program as well, showing that the best performing plan reduced Part D costs for diabetes patients by an average of \$45 per patient.

The Medicare Payment Advisory Committee (MedPAC) has also been studying the effects of medication adherence in the Medicare program. In 2014, MedPAC released their findings for patients newly diagnosed with congestive heart failure. The findings showed significant medical side savings in both the high and low adherent population, compared to the non-adherent population (savings were greatest in the first six months).

A study of published research on medication adherence conducted by Avalere in 2013 concluded that the evidence largely shows that patients who are adherent to their

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medications have more favorable health outcomes such as reduced mortality and use fewer healthcare services (especially hospital readmissions and ER visits). Such patients are thus cheaper to treat overall, relative to non-adherent patients. The study found that there was even wider range of cost offsets for patients demonstrating adherence to medications across particular chronic conditions.

How and where MTM services are provided also impacts its effectiveness. A study published in the January 2012 edition of *Health Affairs* identified the key role of retail pharmacies in providing MTM services. The study found that a pharmacy-based intervention program increased adherence for patients with diabetes and that the benefits were greater for those who received counseling in a retail, face-to-face setting as opposed to a phone call from a mail-order pharmacist. The study suggested that interventions such as in-person, face-to-face interaction between the retail pharmacist and the patient contributed to improved adherence with a return on investment of 3 to 1.

Americans rely heavily on their local retail pharmacies for a wide range of cost-saving services, including acute care and preventative services such as immunizations and MTM services. Beneficiaries that know and trust their local retail pharmacists for such services as immunizations are being forced to obtain medications from mail order facilities in remote locations with no opportunity for in-person consultation. There is no substitute for the pharmacist-patient face-to-face relationship. Community pharmacy services help to improve patient health and lower overall healthcare costs. Maintaining patient choice of how to obtain prescription medications is essential. For these reasons, NACDS urges adoption of the commission's recommendation to implement a robust TRICARE MTM program.

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Preserving Patient Access and Choice in the TRICARE Program

As the commission found in its study of the program, TRICARE beneficiaries are concerned about being able to access the services they need. The commission heard from beneficiaries about the importance of healthcare provider choice and access and strongly recommended patient choice, flexibility, access to care, and utilizing the latest healthcare innovations in the TRICARE program. To address these beneficiary concerns and protect patient health, NACDS urges Congress to take steps to preserve access to the services beneficiaries need. Congress should delay the implementation of the FY2015 NDAA changes to the TRICARE prescription program as an effort is made to establish long-term solutions for the program that wouldn't harm patient care, such as creating acquisition cost parity across all treatment locations, including retail, Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs), and mail order. Presently, retail pharmacies that serve TRICARE beneficiaries have to pay much more for prescription drugs than mail order and military pharmacies. Creating acquisition cost parity will lead to greater savings for the DoD while at the same time ensure beneficiaries have access to the care and services they need. We believe that a provision for a pilot program included in the FY2016 NDAA (H.R. 1735) could potentially lead to long-term solutions for the TRICARE pharmacy program. "A TRICARE Pilot Program for Operation of Network of Retail Pharmacies Under TRICARE Pharmacy Benefits Program" would help ensure that retail pharmacy can continue to provide access to quality care and the important medication counseling services that only retail pharmacy can provide.

Last year's FY2015 NDAA mandated that many TRICARE beneficiaries would receive their prescriptions from MTFs or the TRICARE Mail Order Program (TMOP). The proposed pilot would examine the ability of retail pharmacies to provide improved access and lower costs in serving TRICARE beneficiaries. This pilot would also test allowing retail pharmacies participating in the pilot to purchase medication through the TRICARE Prime Vendor contracting process. The DoD currently purchases medications from its Prime Vendor at reduced rates for mail order and military treatment facilities

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prescriptions. By allowing retail pharmacies in the pilot to access these medications at the reduced rate, the DoD will realize savings for prescriptions distributed via the retail setting. The savings achieved through leveling the playing field will allow TRICARE to increase access to retail pharmacies for beneficiaries. We believe the pilot will successfully demonstrate the ability of retail pharmacies to improve care, expand access, and save money.

NACDS urges Congress to allow for at least three initial prescription fills at the retail setting (90-day supply) for non-generic maintenance medications before requiring the use of a MTF or mail order. Allowing three initial fills would be in line with common commercial practices and would provide the beneficiary with ample time to make arrangements for home delivery. Finally, similar to the TRICARE for Life Pilot which was included in the FY2013 NDAA, beneficiaries should be given the opportunity to optout of the requirements to obtain brand name maintenance drugs at either a MTF or through mail order. In addition to preferring the convenience and service of their local pharmacist with whom they have a long-standing relationship, many patients benefit from having all of their prescriptions filled at one pharmacy location and from having face-to-face interactions with their pharmacist.

NACDS is opposed to the proposal in the President's budget to make additional changes to pharmacy co-payments that would further drive TRICARE beneficiaries out of their local pharmacies and to mail order. As noted above, there are already strong incentives in place to encourage beneficiaries to use mail order, nevertheless, the President's budget includes additional changes. Cost sharing will increase to as much as \$46 for a 30-day supply of a formulary medication at retail, and as much as \$92 for a 90-day supply of a non-formulary medication at TMOP.

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In addition to unfairly penalizing TRICARE beneficiaries who prefer to use local pharmacies, NACDS believes that although this proposal may seem penny-wise, it is ultimately pound-foolish. Failure to take medications as prescribed costs the U.S. health system \$290 billion annually, or 13 percent of total health expenditures, as estimated by the New England Healthcare Institute in 2009. Threatening beneficiary access to prescription medications and their preferred healthcare provider will only increase the use of more costly medical interventions, such as physician and emergency room visits and hospitalizations.

NACDS support sensible cost savings initiatives. Thus, we urge Congress to support TRICARE beneficiaries in obtaining their prescription medications at their local pharmacies. Doing so would decrease overall program costs while also preserving beneficiaries' health and wellness.

Conclusion

Thank you for the opportunity to share our views. We look forward to working with you on policies that control costs and preserve access to local pharmacies.