

RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 118–31
TEXT OF H.R. 3602, END THE BORDER
CATASTROPHE ACT

[Showing the text of H.R. 2, with modifications]

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
3 “End the Border Catastrophe Act”.

4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

DIVISION A—BORDER SECURITY

Sec. 101. Definitions.

Sec. 102. Border wall construction.

Sec. 103. Strengthening the requirements for barriers along the southern border.

Sec. 104. Border and port security technology investment plan.

Sec. 105. Border security technology program management.

Sec. 106. U.S. Customs and Border Protection technology upgrades.

Sec. 107. U.S. Customs and Border Protection personnel.

Sec. 108. Anti-Border Corruption Act reauthorization.

Sec. 109. Establishment of workload staffing models for U.S. Border Patrol and Air and Marine Operations of CBP.

Sec. 110. Operation Stonegarden.

Sec. 111. Air and Marine Operations flight hours.

Sec. 112. Eradication of carrizo cane and salt cedar.

Sec. 113. Border patrol strategic plan.

Sec. 114. U.S. Customs and Border Protection spiritual readiness.

Sec. 115. Restrictions on funding.

Sec. 116. Collection of DNA and biometric information at the border.

Sec. 117. Eradication of narcotic drugs and formulating effective new tools to address yearly losses of life; ensuring timely updates to U.S. Customs and Border Protection field manuals.

Sec. 118. Publication by U.S. Customs and Border Protection of operational statistics.

Sec. 119. Alien criminal background checks.

Sec. 120. Prohibited identification documents at airport security checkpoints; notification to immigration agencies.

- Sec. 121. Prohibition against any COVID–19 vaccine mandate or adverse action against DHS employees.
- Sec. 122. CBP One app limitation.
- Sec. 123. Report on Mexican drug cartels.
- Sec. 124. GAO study on costs incurred by States to secure the southwest border.
- Sec. 125. Report by Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security.
- Sec. 126. Offsetting authorizations of appropriations.
- Sec. 127. Report to Congress on foreign terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 128. Assessment by Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security on the mitigation of unmanned aircraft systems at the southwest border.

DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS

TITLE I—ASYLUM REFORM AND BORDER PROTECTION

- Sec. 101. Safe third country.
- Sec. 102. Credible fear interviews.
- Sec. 103. Clarification of asylum eligibility.
- Sec. 104. Exceptions.
- Sec. 105. Employment authorization.
- Sec. 106. Asylum fees.
- Sec. 107. Rules for determining asylum eligibility.
- Sec. 108. Firm resettlement.
- Sec. 109. Notice concerning frivolous asylum applications.
- Sec. 110. Technical amendments.
- Sec. 111. Requirement for procedures relating to certain asylum applications.

TITLE II—BORDER SAFETY AND MIGRANT PROTECTION

- Sec. 201. Inspection of applicants for admission.
- Sec. 202. Operational detention facilities.

TITLE III—PREVENTING UNCONTROLLED MIGRATION FLOWS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE

- Sec. 301. United States policy regarding Western Hemisphere cooperation on immigration and asylum.
- Sec. 302. Negotiations by Secretary of State.
- Sec. 303. Mandatory briefings on United States efforts to address the border crisis.

TITLE IV—ENSURING UNITED FAMILIES AT THE BORDER

- Sec. 401. Clarification of standards for family detention.

TITLE V—PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

- Sec. 501. Findings.
- Sec. 502. Repatriation of unaccompanied alien children.
- Sec. 503. Special immigrant juvenile status for immigrants unable to reunite with either parent.
- Sec. 504. Rule of construction.

TITLE VI—VISA OVERSTAYS PENALTIES

Sec. 601. Expanded penalties for illegal entry or presence.

TITLE VII—IMMIGRATION PAROLE REFORM

Sec. 701. Immigration parole reform.

Sec. 702. Implementation.

Sec. 703. Cause of action.

Sec. 704. Severability.

TITLE VIII—SUPPORTING OUR BORDER STATES

Sec. 801. Border barrier grants.

Sec. 802. Law enforcement reimbursement grants.

Sec. 803. Border Emergency and State Security Fund.

Sec. 804. Definitions.

1 DIVISION A—BORDER SECURITY

2 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

3 In this division:

4 (1) CBP.—The term “CBP” means U.S. Cus-
5 toms and Border Protection.

6 (2) COMMISSIONER.—The term “Commis-
7 sioner” means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
8 and Border Protection.

9 (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department”
10 means the Department of Homeland Security.

11 (4) OPERATIONAL CONTROL.—The term “oper-
12 ational control” has the meaning given such term in
13 section 2(b) of the Secure Fence Act of 2006 (Public
14 Law 109–367; 8 U.S.C. 1701 note).

15 (5) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
16 the Secretary of Homeland Security.

17 (6) SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—The term “sit-
18 uational awareness” has the meaning given such
19 term in section 1092(a)(7) of the National Defense

1 Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law
2 114–328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(7)).

3 (7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The term
4 “unmanned aircraft system” has the meaning given
5 such term in section 44801 of title 49, United
6 States Code.

7 **SEC. 102. BORDER WALL CONSTRUCTION.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—

9 (1) IMMEDIATE RESUMPTION OF BORDER WALL
10 CONSTRUCTION.—Not later than seven days after
11 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
12 shall resume all activities related to the construction
13 of the border wall along the border between the
14 United States and Mexico that were underway or
15 being planned for prior to January 20, 2021.

16 (2) USE OF FUNDS.—To carry out this section,
17 the Secretary shall expend all unexpired funds ap-
18 propriated or explicitly obligated for the construction
19 of the border wall that were appropriated or obli-
20 gated, as the case may be, for use beginning on Oc-
21 tober 1, 2019.

22 (3) USE OF MATERIALS.—Any unused materials
23 purchased before the date of the enactment of this
24 Act for construction of the border wall may be used

1 for activities related to the construction of the bor-
2 der wall in accordance with paragraph (1).

3 (b) PLAN TO COMPLETE TACTICAL INFRASTRUC-
4 TURE AND TECHNOLOGY.—Not later than 90 days after
5 the date of the enactment of this Act and annually there-
6 after until construction of the border wall has been com-
7 pleted, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate con-
8 gressional committees an implementation plan, including
9 annual benchmarks for the construction of 200 miles of
10 such wall and associated cost estimates for satisfying all
11 requirements of the construction of the border wall, in-
12 cluding installation and deployment of tactical infrastruc-
13 ture, technology, and other elements as identified by the
14 Department prior to January 20, 2021, through the ex-
15 penditure of funds appropriated or explicitly obligated, as
16 the case may be, for use, as well as any future funds ap-
17 propriated or otherwise made available by Congress.

18 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

19 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
20 TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional com-
21 mittees” means the Committee on Homeland Secu-
22 rity and the Committee on Appropriations of the
23 House of Representatives and the Committee on
24 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and
25 the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

1 (2) **TACTICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.**—The term
2 “tactical infrastructure” includes boat ramps, access
3 gates, checkpoints, lighting, and roads associated
4 with a border wall.

5 (3) **TECHNOLOGY.**—The term “technology” in-
6 cludes border surveillance and detection technology,
7 including linear ground detection systems, associated
8 with a border wall.

9 **SEC. 103. STRENGTHENING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR BAR-**
10 **RIERS ALONG THE SOUTHERN BORDER.**

11 Section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and
12 Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Division C of Pub-
13 lic Law 104–208; 8 U.S.C. 1103 note) is amended—

14 (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-
15 lows:

16 “(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
17 curity shall take such actions as may be necessary (includ-
18 ing the removal of obstacles to detection of illegal en-
19 trants) to design, test, construct, install, deploy, integrate,
20 and operate physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and
21 technology in the vicinity of the southwest border to
22 achieve situational awareness and operational control of
23 the southwest border and deter, impede, and detect unlaw-
24 ful activity.”;

25 (2) in subsection (b)—

1 (A) in the subsection heading, by striking
2 “FENCING AND ROAD IMPROVEMENTS” and in-
3 serting “PHYSICAL BARRIERS”;

4 (B) in paragraph (1)—

5 (i) in the heading, by striking “FENC-
6 ING” and inserting “BARRIERS”;

7 (ii) by amending subparagraph (A) to
8 read as follows:

9 “(A) REINFORCED BARRIERS.—In carrying
10 out this section, the Secretary of Homeland Se-
11 curity shall construct a border wall, including
12 physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, and
13 technology, along not fewer than 900 miles of
14 the southwest border until situational aware-
15 ness and operational control of the southwest
16 border is achieved.”;

17 (iii) by amending subparagraph (B) to
18 read as follows:

19 “(B) PHYSICAL BARRIERS AND TACTICAL
20 INFRASTRUCTURE.—In carrying out this sec-
21 tion, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall
22 deploy along the southwest border the most
23 practical and effective physical barriers, tactical
24 infrastructure, and technology available for

1 achieving situational awareness and operational
2 control of the southwest border.”;

3 (iv) in subparagraph (C)—

4 (I) by amending clause (i) to
5 read as follows:

6 “(i) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out
7 this section, the Secretary of Homeland
8 Security shall consult with the Secretary of
9 the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture,
10 appropriate representatives of State, Trib-
11 al, and local governments, and appropriate
12 private property owners in the United
13 States to minimize the impact on natural
14 resources, commerce, and sites of historical
15 or cultural significance for the commu-
16 nities and residents located near the sites
17 at which physical barriers, tactical infra-
18 structure, and technology are to be con-
19 structed. Such consultation may not delay
20 such construction for longer than seven
21 days.”; and

22 (II) in clause (ii)—

23 (aa) in subclause (I), by
24 striking “or” after the semicolon
25 at the end;

1 (bb) by amending subclause
2 (II) to read as follows:

3 “(II) delay the transfer to the
4 United States of the possession of
5 property or affect the validity of any
6 property acquisition by the United
7 States by purchase or eminent do-
8 main, or to otherwise affect the emi-
9 nent domain laws of the United States
10 or of any State; or”; and

11 (cc) by adding at the end
12 the following new subclause:

13 “(III) create any right or liability
14 for any party.”; and

15 (v) by striking subparagraph (D);

16 (C) in paragraph (2)—

17 (i) by striking “Attorney General”
18 and inserting “Secretary of Homeland Se-
19 curity”;

20 (ii) by striking “this subsection” and
21 inserting “this section”; and

22 (iii) by striking “construction of
23 fences” and inserting “the construction of
24 physical barriers, tactical infrastructure,
25 and technology”;

1 (D) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
2 follows:

3 “(3) AGENT SAFETY.—In carrying out this sec-
4 tion, the Secretary of Homeland Security, when de-
5 signing, testing, constructing, installing, deploying,
6 integrating, and operating physical barriers, tactical
7 infrastructure, or technology, shall incorporate such
8 safety features into such design, test, construction,
9 installation, deployment, integration, or operation of
10 such physical barriers, tactical infrastructure, or
11 technology, as the case may be, that the Secretary
12 determines are necessary to maximize the safety and
13 effectiveness of officers and agents of the Depart-
14 ment of Homeland Security or of any other Federal
15 agency deployed in the vicinity of such physical bar-
16 riers, tactical infrastructure, or technology.”; and

17 (E) in paragraph (4), by striking “this
18 subsection” and inserting “this section”;

19 (3) in subsection (c)—

20 (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
21 follows:

22 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
23 provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security
24 shall waive all legal requirements necessary to en-
25 sure the expeditious design, testing, construction, in-

1 stallation, deployment, integration, operation, and
2 maintenance of the physical barriers, tactical infra-
3 structure, and technology under this section. The
4 Secretary shall ensure the maintenance and effec-
5 tiveness of such physical barriers, tactical infrastruc-
6 ture, or technology. Any such action by the Sec-
7 retary shall be effective upon publication in the Fed-
8 eral Register.”;

9 (B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
10 paragraph (3); and

11 (C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
12 following new paragraph:

13 “(2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than seven
14 days after the date on which the Secretary of Home-
15 land Security exercises a waiver pursuant to para-
16 graph (1), the Secretary shall notify the Committee
17 on Homeland Security of the House of Representa-
18 tives and the Committee on Homeland Security and
19 Governmental Affairs of the Senate of such waiver.”;
20 and

21 (4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
22 sections:

23 “(e) TECHNOLOGY.—In carrying out this section, the
24 Secretary of Homeland Security shall deploy along the
25 southwest border the most practical and effective tech-

1 nology available for achieving situational awareness and
2 operational control.

3 “(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 “(1) ADVANCED UNATTENDED SURVEILLANCE
5 SENSORS.—The term ‘advanced unattended surveil-
6 lance sensors’ means sensors that utilize an onboard
7 computer to analyze detections in an effort to dis-
8 cern between vehicles, humans, and animals, and ul-
9 timately filter false positives prior to transmission.

10 “(2) OPERATIONAL CONTROL.—The term ‘oper-
11 ational control’ has the meaning given such term in
12 section 2(b) of the Secure Fence Act of 2006 (Public
13 Law 109–367; 8 U.S.C. 1701 note).

14 “(3) PHYSICAL BARRIERS.—The term ‘physical
15 barriers’ includes reinforced fencing, the border wall,
16 and levee walls.

17 “(4) SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—The term ‘sit-
18 uational awareness’ has the meaning given such
19 term in section 1092(a)(7) of the National Defense
20 Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law
21 114–328; 6 U.S.C. 223(a)(7)).

22 “(5) TACTICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term
23 ‘tactical infrastructure’ includes boat ramps, access
24 gates, checkpoints, lighting, and roads.

1 “(6) TECHNOLOGY.—The term ‘technology’ in-
2 cludes border surveillance and detection technology,
3 including the following:

4 “(A) Tower-based surveillance technology.

5 “(B) Deployable, lighter-than-air ground
6 surveillance equipment.

7 “(C) Vehicle and Dismount Exploitation
8 Radars (VADER).

9 “(D) 3-dimensional, seismic acoustic detec-
10 tion and ranging border tunneling detection
11 technology.

12 “(E) Advanced unattended surveillance
13 sensors.

14 “(F) Mobile vehicle-mounted and man-
15 portable surveillance capabilities.

16 “(G) Unmanned aircraft systems.

17 “(H) Tunnel detection systems and other
18 seismic technology.

19 “(I) Fiber-optic cable.

20 “(J) Other border detection, communica-
21 tion, and surveillance technology.

22 “(7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The term
23 ‘unmanned aircraft system’ has the meaning given
24 such term in section 44801 of title 49, United
25 States Code.”.

1 **SEC. 104. BORDER AND PORT SECURITY TECHNOLOGY IN-**
2 **VESTMENT PLAN.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in
5 consultation with covered officials and border and port se-
6 curity technology stakeholders, shall submit to the appro-
7 priate congressional committees a strategic 5-year tech-
8 nology investment plan (in this section referred to as the
9 “plan”). The plan may include a classified annex, if appro-
10 priate.

11 (b) CONTENTS OF PLAN.—The plan shall include the
12 following:

13 (1) An analysis of security risks at and between
14 ports of entry along the northern and southern bor-
15 ders of the United States.

16 (2) An identification of capability gaps with re-
17 spect to security at and between such ports of entry
18 to be mitigated in order to—

19 (A) prevent terrorists and instruments of
20 terror from entering the United States;

21 (B) combat and reduce cross-border crimi-
22 nal activity, including—

23 (i) the transport of illegal goods, such
24 as illicit drugs; and

25 (ii) human smuggling and human
26 trafficking; and

1 (C) facilitate the flow of legal trade across
2 the southwest border.

3 (3) An analysis of current and forecast trends
4 relating to the number of aliens who—

5 (A) unlawfully entered the United States
6 by crossing the northern or southern border of
7 the United States; or

8 (B) are unlawfully present in the United
9 States.

10 (4) A description of security-related technology
11 acquisitions, to be listed in order of priority, to ad-
12 dress the security risks and capability gaps analyzed
13 and identified pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2),
14 respectively.

15 (5) A description of each planned security-re-
16 lated technology program, including objectives, goals,
17 and timelines for each such program.

18 (6) An identification of each deployed security-
19 related technology that is at or near the end of the
20 life cycle of such technology.

21 (7) A description of the test, evaluation, mod-
22 eling, and simulation capabilities, including target
23 methodologies, rationales, and timelines, necessary
24 to support the acquisition of security-related tech-
25 nologies pursuant to paragraph (4).

1 (8) An identification and assessment of ways to
2 increase opportunities for communication and col-
3 laboration with the private sector, small and dis-
4 advantaged businesses, intragovernment entities,
5 university centers of excellence, and federal labora-
6 tories to ensure CBP is able to engage with the mar-
7 ket for security-related technologies that are avail-
8 able to satisfy its mission needs before engaging in
9 an acquisition of a security-related technology.

10 (9) An assessment of the management of
11 planned security-related technology programs by the
12 acquisition workforce of CBP.

13 (10) An identification of ways to leverage al-
14 ready-existing acquisition expertise within the Fed-
15 eral Government.

16 (11) A description of the security resources, in-
17 cluding information security resources, required to
18 protect security-related technology from physical or
19 cyber theft, diversion, sabotage, or attack.

20 (12) A description of initiatives to—

21 (A) streamline the acquisition process of
22 CBP; and

23 (B) provide to the private sector greater
24 predictability and transparency with respect to
25 such process, including information relating to

1 the timeline for testing and evaluation of secu-
2 rity-related technology.

3 (13) An assessment of the privacy and security
4 impact on border communities of security-related
5 technology.

6 (14) In the case of a new acquisition leading to
7 the removal of equipment from a port of entry along
8 the northern or southern border of the United
9 States, a strategy to consult with the private sector
10 and community stakeholders affected by such re-
11 moval.

12 (15) A strategy to consult with the private sec-
13 tor and community stakeholders with respect to se-
14 curity impacts at a port of entry described in para-
15 graph (14).

16 (16) An identification of recent technological
17 advancements in the following:

18 (A) Manned aircraft sensor, communica-
19 tion, and common operating picture technology.

20 (B) Unmanned aerial systems and related
21 technology, including counter-unmanned aerial
22 system technology.

23 (C) Surveillance technology, including the
24 following:

25 (i) Mobile surveillance vehicles.

1 (ii) Associated electronics, including
2 cameras, sensor technology, and radar.

3 (iii) Tower-based surveillance tech-
4 nology.

5 (iv) Advanced unattended surveillance
6 sensors.

7 (v) Deployable, lighter-than-air,
8 ground surveillance equipment.

9 (D) Nonintrusive inspection technology, in-
10 cluding non-x-ray devices utilizing muon tomog-
11 raphy and other advanced detection technology.

12 (E) Tunnel detection technology.

13 (F) Communications equipment, including
14 the following:

15 (i) Radios.

16 (ii) Long-term evolution broadband.

17 (iii) Miniature satellites.

18 (c) LEVERAGING THE PRIVATE SECTOR.—To the ex-
19 tent practicable, the plan shall—

20 (1) leverage emerging technological capabilities,
21 and research and development trends, within the
22 public and private sectors;

23 (2) incorporate input from the private sector,
24 including from border and port security stake-
25 holders, through requests for information, industry

1 day events, and other innovative means consistent
2 with the Federal Acquisition Regulation; and

3 (3) identify security-related technologies that
4 are in development or deployed, with or without ad-
5 aptation, that may satisfy the mission needs of CBP.

6 (d) FORM.—To the extent practicable, the plan shall
7 be published in unclassified form on the website of the
8 Department.

9 (e) DISCLOSURE.—The plan shall include an identi-
10 fication of individuals not employed by the Federal Gov-
11 ernment, and their professional affiliations, who contrib-
12 uted to the development of the plan.

13 (f) UPDATE AND REPORT.—Not later than the date
14 that is two years after the date on which the plan is sub-
15 mitted to the appropriate congressional committees pursu-
16 ant to subsection (a) and biennially thereafter for ten
17 years, the Commissioner shall submit to the appropriate
18 congressional committees—

19 (1) an update of the plan, if appropriate; and

20 (2) a report that includes—

21 (A) the extent to which each security-re-
22 lated technology acquired by CBP since the ini-
23 tial submission of the plan or most recent up-
24 date of the plan, as the case may be, is con-
25 sistent with the planned technology programs

1 and projects described pursuant to subsection
2 (b)(5); and

3 (B) the type of contract and the reason for
4 acquiring each such security-related technology.

5 (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

6 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
7 TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional com-
8 mittees” means—

9 (A) the Committee on Homeland Security
10 and the Committee on Appropriations of the
11 House of Representatives; and

12 (B) the Committee on Homeland Security
13 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee
14 on Appropriations of the Senate.

15 (2) COVERED OFFICIALS.—The term “covered
16 officials” means—

17 (A) the Under Secretary for Management
18 of the Department;

19 (B) the Under Secretary for Science and
20 Technology of the Department; and

21 (C) the Chief Information Officer of the
22 Department.

23 (3) UNLAWFULLY PRESENT.—The term “un-
24 lawfully present” has the meaning provided such

1 term in section 212(a)(9)(B)(ii) of the Immigration
2 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)(B)(ii)).

3 **SEC. 105. BORDER SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM**
4 **MANAGEMENT.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle C of title IV of the
6 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 231 et seq.)
7 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

8 **“SEC. 437. BORDER SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM**
9 **MANAGEMENT.**

10 “(a) MAJOR ACQUISITION PROGRAM DEFINED.—In
11 this section, the term ‘major acquisition program’ means
12 an acquisition program of the Department that is esti-
13 mated by the Secretary to require an eventual total ex-
14 penditure of at least \$100,000,000 (based on fiscal year
15 2024 constant dollars) over its life-cycle cost.

16 “(b) PLANNING DOCUMENTATION.—For each border
17 security technology acquisition program of the Depart-
18 ment that is determined to be a major acquisition pro-
19 gram, the Secretary shall—

20 “(1) ensure that each such program has a writ-
21 ten acquisition program baseline approved by the
22 relevant acquisition decision authority;

23 “(2) document that each such program is satis-
24 fying cost, schedule, and performance thresholds as
25 specified in such baseline, in compliance with rel-

1 evant departmental acquisition policies and the Fed-
2 eral Acquisition Regulation; and

3 “(3) have a plan for satisfying program imple-
4 mentation objectives by managing contractor per-
5 formance.

6 “(c) ADHERENCE TO STANDARDS.—The Secretary,
7 acting through the Under Secretary for Management and
8 the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection,
9 shall ensure border security technology acquisition pro-
10 gram managers who are responsible for carrying out this
11 section adhere to relevant internal control standards iden-
12 tified by the Comptroller General of the United States.
13 The Commissioner shall provide information, as needed,
14 to assist the Under Secretary in monitoring management
15 of border security technology acquisition programs under
16 this section.

17 “(d) PLAN.—The Secretary, acting through the
18 Under Secretary for Management, in coordination with
19 the Under Secretary for Science and Technology and the
20 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection,
21 shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of
22 the House of Representatives and the Committee on
23 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-
24 ate a plan for testing, evaluating, and using independent
25 verification and validation of resources relating to the pro-

1 posed acquisition of border security technology. Under
2 such plan, the proposed acquisition of new border security
3 technologies shall be evaluated through a series of assess-
4 ments, processes, and audits to ensure—

5 “(1) compliance with relevant departmental ac-
6 quisition policies and the Federal Acquisition Regu-
7 lation; and

8 “(2) the effective use of taxpayer dollars.”.

9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
10 in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is
11 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
12 436 the following new item:

“Sec. 437. Border security technology program management.”.

13 (c) PROHIBITION ON ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION
14 OF APPROPRIATIONS.—No additional funds are author-
15 ized to be appropriated to carry out section 437 of the
16 Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by subsection
17 (a).

18 **SEC. 106. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION TECH-**
19 **NOLOGY UPGRADES.**

20 (a) SECURE COMMUNICATIONS.—The Commissioner
21 shall ensure that each CBP officer or agent, as appro-
22 priate, is equipped with a secure radio or other two-way
23 communication device that allows each such officer or
24 agent to communicate—

1 (1) between ports of entry and inspection sta-
2 tions; and

3 (2) with other Federal, State, Tribal, and local
4 law enforcement entities.

5 (b) BORDER SECURITY DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.—

6 (1) EXPANSION.—Not later than September 30,
7 2026, the Commissioner shall—

8 (A) fully implement the Border Security
9 Deployment Program of CBP; and

10 (B) expand the integrated surveillance and
11 intrusion detection system at land ports of
12 entry along the northern and southern borders
13 of the United States.

14 (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In
15 addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be ap-
16 propriated for such purpose, there is authorized to
17 be appropriated \$33,000,000 for fiscal years 2025
18 and 2026 to carry out paragraph (1).

19 (c) UPGRADE OF LICENSE PLATE READERS AT
20 PORTS OF ENTRY.—

21 (1) UPGRADE.—Not later than two years after
22 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commis-
23 sioner shall upgrade all existing license plate readers
24 in need of upgrade, as determined by the Commis-

1 sioner, on the northern and southern borders of the
2 United States.

3 (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In
4 addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be ap-
5 propriated for such purpose, there is authorized to
6 be appropriated \$125,000,000 for fiscal years 2024
7 and 2025 to carry out paragraph (1).

8 **SEC. 107. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION PER-**
9 **SONNEL.**

10 (a) RETENTION BONUS.—To carry out this section,
11 there is authorized to be appropriated up to \$100,000,000
12 to the Commissioner to provide a retention bonus to any
13 front-line U.S. Border Patrol law enforcement agent—

14 (1) whose position is equal to or below level
15 GS–12 of the General Schedule;

16 (2) who has five years or more of service with
17 the U.S. Border Patrol; and

18 (3) who commits to two years of additional
19 service with the U.S. Border Patrol upon acceptance
20 of such bonus.

21 (b) BORDER PATROL AGENTS.—Not later than Sep-
22 tember 30, 2026, the Commissioner shall hire, train, and
23 assign a sufficient number of Border Patrol agents to
24 maintain an active duty presence of not fewer than 22,000

1 full-time equivalent Border Patrol agents, who may not
2 perform the duties of processing coordinators.

3 (c) PROHIBITION AGAINST ALIEN TRAVEL.—No per-
4 sonnel or equipment of Air and Marine Operations may
5 be used for the transportation of non-detained aliens, or
6 detained aliens expected to be administratively released
7 upon arrival, from the southwest border to destinations
8 within the United States.

9 (d) GAO REPORT.—If the staffing level required
10 under this section is not achieved by the date associated
11 with such level, the Comptroller General of the United
12 States shall—

13 (1) conduct a review of the reasons why such
14 level was not so achieved; and

15 (2) not later than September 30, 2028, publish
16 on a publicly available website of the Government
17 Accountability Office a report relating thereto.

18 **SEC. 108. ANTI-BORDER CORRUPTION ACT REAUTHORIZA-**
19 **TION.**

20 (a) HIRING FLEXIBILITY.—Section 3 of the Anti-
21 Border Corruption Act of 2010 (6 U.S.C. 221; Public Law
22 111–376) is amended by striking subsection (b) and in-
23 serting the following new subsections:

1 “(b) WAIVER REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subsection
2 (c), the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
3 tection shall waive the application of subsection (a)(1)—

4 “(1) to a current, full-time law enforcement of-
5 ficer employed by a State or local law enforcement
6 agency who—

7 “(A) has continuously served as a law en-
8 forcement officer for not fewer than three
9 years;

10 “(B) is authorized by law to engage in or
11 supervise the prevention, detection, investiga-
12 tion, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of
13 any person for, any violation of law, and has
14 statutory powers for arrest or apprehension;
15 and

16 “(C) is not currently under investigation,
17 has not been found to have engaged in criminal
18 activity or serious misconduct, has not resigned
19 from a law enforcement officer position under
20 investigation or in lieu of termination, and has
21 not been dismissed from a law enforcement offi-
22 cer position;

23 “(2) to a current, full-time Federal law enforce-
24 ment officer who—

1 “(A) has continuously served as a law en-
2 forcement officer for not fewer than three
3 years;

4 “(B) is authorized to make arrests, con-
5 duct investigations, conduct searches, make sei-
6 zures, carry firearms, and serve orders, war-
7 rants, and other processes;

8 “(C) is not currently under investigation,
9 has not been found to have engaged in criminal
10 activity or serious misconduct, has not resigned
11 from a law enforcement officer position under
12 investigation or in lieu of termination, and has
13 not been dismissed from a law enforcement offi-
14 cer position; and

15 “(D) holds a current Tier 4 background
16 investigation or current Tier 5 background in-
17 vestigation; or

18 “(3) to a member of the Armed Forces (or a re-
19 serve component thereof) or a veteran, if such indi-
20 vidual—

21 “(A) has served in the Armed Forces for
22 not fewer than three years;

23 “(B) holds, or has held within the past five
24 years, a Secret, Top Secret, or Top Secret/Sen-
25 sitive Compartmented Information clearance;

1 “(C) holds, or has undergone within the
2 past five years, a current Tier 4 background in-
3 vestigation or current Tier 5 background inves-
4 tigation;

5 “(D) received, or is eligible to receive, an
6 honorable discharge from service in the Armed
7 Forces and has not engaged in criminal activity
8 or committed a serious military or civil offense
9 under the Uniform Code of Military Justice;
10 and

11 “(E) was not granted any waivers to ob-
12 tain the clearance referred to in subparagraph
13 (B).

14 “(c) TERMINATION OF WAIVER REQUIREMENT;
15 SNAP-BACK.—The requirement to issue a waiver under
16 subsection (b) shall terminate if the Commissioner of U.S.
17 Customs and Border Protection (CBP) certifies to the
18 Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Rep-
19 resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
20 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate that CBP has met
21 all requirements pursuant to section 107 of division A of
22 the End the Border Catastrophe Act relating to personnel
23 levels. If at any time after such certification personnel lev-
24 els fall below such requirements, the Commissioner shall
25 waive the application of subsection (a)(1) until such time

1 as the Commissioner re-certifies to such Committees that
2 CBP has so met all such requirements.”.

3 (b) SUPPLEMENTAL COMMISSIONER AUTHORITY;
4 REPORTING; DEFINITIONS.—The Anti-Border Corruption
5 Act of 2010 is amended by adding at the end the following
6 new sections:

7 **“SEC. 5. SUPPLEMENTAL COMMISSIONER AUTHORITY.**

8 “(a) NONEXEMPTION.—An individual who receives a
9 waiver under section 3(b) is not exempt from any other
10 hiring requirements relating to suitability for employment
11 and eligibility to hold a national security designated posi-
12 tion, as determined by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
13 and Border Protection.

14 “(b) BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS.—An individual
15 who receives a waiver under section 3(b) who holds a cur-
16 rent Tier 4 background investigation shall be subject to
17 a Tier 5 background investigation.

18 “(c) ADMINISTRATION OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINA-
19 TION.—The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border
20 Protection is authorized to administer a polygraph exam-
21 ination to an applicant or employee who is eligible for or
22 receives a waiver under section 3(b) if information is dis-
23 covered before the completion of a background investiga-
24 tion that results in a determination that a polygraph ex-
25 amination is necessary to make a final determination re-

1 guarding suitability for employment or continued employ-
2 ment, as the case may be.

3 **“SEC. 6. REPORTING.**

4 “(a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year
5 after the date of the enactment of this section and annu-
6 ally thereafter while the waiver authority under section
7 3(b) is in effect, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and
8 Border Protection shall submit to Congress a report that
9 includes, with respect to each such reporting period, the
10 following:

11 “(1) Information relating to the number of
12 waivers granted under such section 3(b).

13 “(2) Information relating to the percentage of
14 applicants who were hired after receiving such a
15 waiver.

16 “(3) Information relating to the number of in-
17 stances that a polygraph was administered to an ap-
18 plicant who initially received such a waiver and the
19 results of such polygraph.

20 “(4) An assessment of the current impact of
21 such waiver authority on filling law enforcement po-
22 sitions at U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

23 “(5) An identification of additional authorities
24 needed by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to

1 better utilize such waiver authority for its intended
2 goals.

3 “(b) **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.**—The first report
4 submitted under subsection (a) shall include the following:

5 “(1) An analysis of other methods of employ-
6 ment suitability tests that detect deception and could
7 be used in conjunction with traditional background
8 investigations to evaluate potential applicants or em-
9 ployees for suitability for employment or continued
10 employment, as the case may be.

11 “(2) A recommendation regarding whether a
12 test referred to in paragraph (1) should be adopted
13 by U.S. Customs and Border Protection when the
14 polygraph examination requirement is waived pursu-
15 ant to section 3(b).

16 **“SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.**

17 “In this Act:

18 “(1) **FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.**—
19 The term ‘Federal law enforcement officer’ means a
20 ‘law enforcement officer’, as such term is defined in
21 section 8331(20) or 8401(17) of title 5, United
22 States Code.

23 “(2) **SERIOUS MILITARY OR CIVIL OFFENSE.**—
24 The term ‘serious military or civil offense’ means an
25 offense for which—

1 “(A) a member of the Armed Forces may
2 be discharged or separated from service in the
3 Armed Forces; and

4 “(B) a punitive discharge is, or would be,
5 authorized for the same or a closely related of-
6 fense under the Manual for Court-Martial, as
7 pursuant to Army Regulation 635–200, chapter
8 14–12.

9 “(3) TIER 4; TIER 5.—The terms ‘Tier 4’ and
10 ‘Tier 5’, with respect to background investigations,
11 have the meaning given such terms under the 2012
12 Federal Investigative Standards.

13 “(4) VETERAN.—The term ‘veteran’ has the
14 meaning given such term in section 101(2) of title
15 38, United States Code.”.

16 (c) POLYGRAPH EXAMINERS.—Not later than Sep-
17 tember 30, 2025, the Secretary shall increase to not fewer
18 than 150 the number of trained full-time equivalent poly-
19 graph examiners for administering polygraphs under the
20 Anti-Border Corruption Act of 2010, as amended by this
21 section.

1 **SEC. 109. ESTABLISHMENT OF WORKLOAD STAFFING MOD-**
2 **ELS FOR U.S. BORDER PATROL AND AIR AND**
3 **MARINE OPERATIONS OF CBP.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
5 date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in
6 coordination with the Under Secretary for Management,
7 the Chief Human Capital Officer, and the Chief Financial
8 Officer of the Department, shall implement a workload
9 staffing model for each of the following:

10 (1) The U.S. Border Patrol.

11 (2) Air and Marine Operations of CBP.

12 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMISSIONER.—
13 Subsection (c) of section 411 of the Homeland Security
14 Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 211), is amended—

15 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (18) and (19)
16 as paragraphs (20) and (21), respectively; and

17 (2) by inserting after paragraph (17) the fol-
18 lowing new paragraphs:

19 “(18) implement a staffing model for the U.S.
20 Border Patrol, Air and Marine Operations, and the
21 Office of Field Operations that includes consider-
22 ation for essential frontline operator activities and
23 functions, variations in operating environments,
24 present and planned infrastructure, present and
25 planned technology, and required operations support
26 levels to enable such entities to manage and assign

1 personnel of such entities to ensure field and sup-
2 port posts possess adequate resources to carry out
3 duties specified in this section;

4 “(19) develop standard operating procedures
5 for a workforce tracking system within the U.S.
6 Border Patrol, Air and Marine Operations, and the
7 Office of Field Operations, train the workforce of
8 each of such entities on the use, capabilities, and
9 purpose of such system, and implement internal con-
10 trols to ensure timely and accurate scheduling and
11 reporting of actual completed work hours and activi-
12 ties;”.

13 (c) REPORT.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
15 after the date of the enactment of this Act with re-
16 spect to subsection (a) and paragraphs (18) and
17 (19) of section 411(c) of the Homeland Security Act
18 of 2002 (as amended by subsection (b)), and annu-
19 ally thereafter with respect to such paragraphs (18)
20 and (19), the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
21 priate congressional committees a report that in-
22 cludes a status update on the following:

23 (A) The implementation of such subsection
24 (a) and such paragraphs (18) and (19).

25 (B) Each relevant workload staffing model.

1 (2) DATA SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY RE-
2 QUIRED.—Each report required under paragraph (1)
3 shall include information relating to the data sources
4 and methodology used to generate each relevant
5 staffing model.

6 (d) INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than
7 90 days after the Commissioner develops the workload
8 staffing models pursuant to subsection (a), the Inspector
9 General of the Department shall review such models and
10 provide feedback to the Secretary and the appropriate con-
11 gressional committees with respect to the degree to which
12 such models are responsive to the recommendations of the
13 Inspector General, including the following:

14 (1) Recommendations from the Inspector Gen-
15 eral’s February 2019 audit.

16 (2) Any further recommendations to improve
17 such models.

18 (e) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
19 FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congres-
20 sional committees” means—

21 (1) the Committee on Homeland Security of the
22 House of Representatives; and

23 (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and
24 Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

1 **SEC. 110. OPERATION STONEGARDEN.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title XX of the
3 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 601 et seq.)
4 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

5 **“SEC. 2010. OPERATION STONEGARDEN.**

6 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the
7 Department a program to be known as ‘Operation
8 Stonegarden’, under which the Secretary, acting through
9 the Administrator, shall make grants to eligible law en-
10 forcement agencies, through State administrative agen-
11 cies, to enhance border security in accordance with this
12 section.

13 “(b) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—To be eligible to re-
14 ceive a grant under this section, a law enforcement agency
15 shall—

16 “(1) be located in—

17 “(A) a State bordering Canada or Mexico;

18 or

19 “(B) a State or territory with a maritime
20 border;

21 “(2) be involved in an active, ongoing, U.S.
22 Customs and Border Protection operation coordi-
23 nated through a U.S. Border Patrol sector office;
24 and

1 “(3) have an agreement in place with U.S. Im-
2 migration and Customs Enforcement to support en-
3 forcement operations.

4 “(c) PERMITTED USES.—A recipient of a grant
5 under this section may use such grant for costs associated
6 with the following:

7 “(1) Equipment, including maintenance and
8 sustainment.

9 “(2) Personnel, including overtime and backfill,
10 in support of enhanced border law enforcement ac-
11 tivities.

12 “(3) Any activity permitted for Operation
13 Stonegarden under the most recent fiscal year De-
14 partment of Homeland Security’s Homeland Secu-
15 rity Grant Program Notice of Funding Opportunity.

16 “(d) PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE.—The Secretary
17 shall award grants under this section to grant recipients
18 for a period of not fewer than 36 months.

19 “(e) NOTIFICATION.—Upon denial of a grant to a law
20 enforcement agency, the Administrator shall provide writ-
21 ten notice to the Committee on Homeland Security of the
22 House of Representatives and the Committee on Home-
23 land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, in-
24 cluding the reasoning for such denial.

1 “(f) REPORT.—For each of fiscal years 2024 through
2 2028 the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on
3 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
4 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
5 Affairs of the Senate a report that contains—

6 “(1) information on the expenditure of grants
7 made under this section by each grant recipient; and

8 “(2) recommendations for other uses of such
9 grants to further support eligible law enforcement
10 agencies.

11 “(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12 is authorized to be appropriated \$110,000,000 for each
13 of fiscal years 2024 through 2028 for grants under this
14 section.”.

15 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (a) of
16 section 2002 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
17 U.S.C. 603) is amended to read as follows:

18 “(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary, through
19 the Administrator, may award grants under sections 2003,
20 2004, 2009, and 2010 to State, local, and Tribal govern-
21 ments, as appropriate.”.

22 (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
23 in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is
24 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
25 2009 the following new item:

“Sec. 2010. Operation Stonegarden.”.

1 **SEC. 111. AIR AND MARINE OPERATIONS FLIGHT HOURS.**

2 (a) AIR AND MARINE OPERATIONS FLIGHT
3 HOURS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the
4 enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall ensure that not
5 fewer than 110,000 annual flight hours are carried out
6 by Air and Marine Operations of CBP.

7 (b) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—The Sec-
8 retary, after coordination with the Administrator of the
9 Federal Aviation Administration, shall ensure that Air and
10 Marine Operations operate unmanned aircraft systems on
11 the southern border of the United States for not less than
12 24 hours per day.

13 (c) PRIMARY MISSIONS.—The Commissioner shall
14 ensure the following:

15 (1) The primary missions for Air and Marine
16 Operations are to directly support the following:

17 (A) U.S. Border Patrol activities along the
18 borders of the United States.

19 (B) Joint Interagency Task Force South
20 and Joint Task Force East operations in the
21 transit zone.

22 (2) The Executive Assistant Commissioner of
23 Air and Marine Operations assigns the greatest pri-
24 ority to support missions specified in paragraph (1).

25 (d) HIGH DEMAND FLIGHT HOUR REQUIRE-
26 MENTS.—The Commissioner shall—

1 (1) ensure that U.S. Border Patrol Sector
2 Chiefs identify air support mission-critical hours;
3 and

4 (2) direct Air and Marine Operations to sup-
5 port requests from such Sector Chiefs as a compo-
6 nent of the primary mission of Air and Marine Op-
7 erations in accordance with subsection (e)(1)(A).

8 (e) CONTRACT AIR SUPPORT AUTHORIZATIONS.—
9 The Commissioner shall contract for air support mission-
10 critical hours to meet the requests for such hours, as iden-
11 tified pursuant to subsection (d).

12 (f) SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chief of the U.S. Bor-
14 der Patrol shall be the executive agent with respect
15 to the use of small unmanned aircraft by CBP for
16 the purposes of the following:

17 (A) Meeting the unmet flight hour oper-
18 ational requirements of the U.S. Border Patrol.

19 (B) Achieving situational awareness and
20 operational control of the borders of the United
21 States.

22 (2) COORDINATION.—In carrying out para-
23 graph (1), the Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol shall
24 coordinate—

1 (A) flight operations with the Adminis-
2 trator of the Federal Aviation Administration to
3 ensure the safe and efficient operation of the
4 national airspace system; and

5 (B) with the Executive Assistant Commis-
6 sioner for Air and Marine Operations of CBP
7 to—

8 (i) ensure the safety of other CBP
9 aircraft flying in the vicinity of small un-
10 manned aircraft operated by the U.S. Bor-
11 der Patrol; and

12 (ii) establish a process to include data
13 from flight hours in the calculation of got
14 away statistics.

15 (3) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (3)
16 of section 411(e) of the Homeland Security Act of
17 2002 (6 U.S.C. 211(e)) is amended—

18 (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking
19 “and” after the semicolon at the end;

20 (B) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as
21 subparagraph (D); and

22 (C) by inserting after subparagraph (B)
23 the following new subparagraph:

24 “(C) carry out the small unmanned air-
25 craft (as such term is defined in section 44801

1 of title 49, United States Code) requirements
2 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 111 of di-
3 vision A of the End the Border Catastrophe
4 Act; and”.

5 (g) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section may
6 be construed as conferring, transferring, or delegating to
7 the Secretary, the Commissioner, the Executive Assistant
8 Commissioner for Air and Marine Operations of CBP, or
9 the Chief of the U.S. Border Patrol any authority of the
10 Secretary of Transportation or the Administrator of the
11 Federal Aviation Administration relating to the use of air-
12 space or aviation safety.

13 (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

14 (1) GOT AWAY.—The term “got away” has the
15 meaning given such term in section 1092(a)(3) of
16 the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
17 Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 6 U.S.C.
18 223(a)(3)).

19 (2) TRANSIT ZONE.—The term “transit zone”
20 has the meaning given such term in section
21 1092(a)(8) of the National Defense Authorization
22 Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 6
23 U.S.C. 223(a)(8)).

1 **SEC. 112. ERADICATION OF CARRIZO CANE AND SALT**
2 **CEDAR.**

3 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordi-
5 nation with the heads of relevant Federal, State, and local
6 agencies, shall hire contractors to begin eradicating the
7 carrizo cane plant and any salt cedar along the Rio
8 Grande River that impedes border security operations.
9 Such eradication shall be completed—

10 (1) by not later than September 30, 2028, ex-
11 cept for required maintenance; and

12 (2) in the most expeditious and cost-effective
13 manner possible to maintain clear fields of view.

14 (b) **APPLICATION.**—The waiver authority under sub-
15 section (c) of section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Re-
16 form and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
17 1103 note), as amended by section 103 of this division,
18 shall apply to activities carried out pursuant to subsection
19 (a).

20 (c) **REPORT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date
21 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
22 to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
23 Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
24 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a strategic plan
25 to eradicate all carrizo cane plant and salt cedar along

1 the Rio Grande River that impedes border security oper-
2 ations by not later than September 30, 2028.

3 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
4 authorized to be appropriated \$7,000,000 for each of fis-
5 cal years 2025 through 2028 to the Secretary to carry
6 out this subsection.

7 **SEC. 113. BORDER PATROL STRATEGIC PLAN.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
9 date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter,
10 the Commissioner, acting through the Chief of the U.S.
11 Border Patrol, shall issue a Border Patrol Strategic Plan
12 (referred to in this section as the “plan”) to enhance the
13 security of the borders of the United States.

14 (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan shall include the fol-
15 lowing:

16 (1) A consideration of Border Patrol Capability
17 Gap Analysis reporting, Border Security Improve-
18 ment Plans, and any other strategic document au-
19 thored by the U.S. Border Patrol to address security
20 gaps between ports of entry, including efforts to
21 mitigate threats identified in such analyses, plans,
22 and documents.

23 (2) Information relating to the dissemination of
24 information relating to border security or border

1 threats with respect to the efforts of the Department
2 and other appropriate Federal agencies.

3 (3) Information relating to efforts by U.S. Bor-
4 der Patrol to—

5 (A) increase situational awareness, includ-
6 ing—

7 (i) surveillance capabilities, such as
8 capabilities developed or utilized by the
9 Department of Defense, and any appro-
10 priate technology determined to be excess
11 by the Department of Defense; and

12 (ii) the use of manned aircraft and
13 unmanned aircraft;

14 (B) detect and prevent terrorists and in-
15 struments of terrorism from entering the
16 United States;

17 (C) detect, interdict, and disrupt between
18 ports of entry aliens unlawfully present in the
19 United States;

20 (D) detect, interdict, and disrupt human
21 smuggling, human trafficking, drug trafficking,
22 and other illicit cross-border activity;

23 (E) focus intelligence collection to disrupt
24 transnational criminal organizations outside of

1 the international and maritime borders of the
2 United States; and

3 (F) ensure that any new border security
4 technology can be operationally integrated with
5 existing technologies in use by the Department.

6 (4) Information relating to initiatives of the De-
7 partment with respect to operational coordination,
8 including any relevant task forces of the Depart-
9 ment.

10 (5) Information gathered from the lessons
11 learned by the deployments of the National Guard to
12 the southern border of the United States.

13 (6) A description of cooperative agreements re-
14 lating to information sharing with State, local, Trib-
15 al, territorial, and other Federal law enforcement
16 agencies that have jurisdiction on the borders of the
17 United States.

18 (7) Information relating to border security in-
19 formation received from the following:

20 (A) State, local, Tribal, territorial, and
21 other Federal law enforcement agencies that
22 have jurisdiction on the borders of the United
23 States or in the maritime environment.

24 (B) Border community stakeholders, in-
25 cluding representatives from the following:

1 (i) Border agricultural and ranching
2 organizations.

3 (ii) Business and civic organizations.

4 (iii) Hospitals and rural clinics within
5 150 miles of the borders of the United
6 States.

7 (iv) Victims of crime committed by
8 aliens unlawfully present in the United
9 States.

10 (v) Victims impacted by drugs,
11 transnational criminal organizations, car-
12 tels, gangs, or other criminal activity.

13 (vi) Farmers, ranchers, and property
14 owners along the border.

15 (vii) Other individuals negatively im-
16 pacted by illegal immigration.

17 (8) Information relating to the staffing require-
18 ments with respect to border security for the De-
19 partment.

20 (9) A prioritized list of Department research
21 and development objectives to enhance the security
22 of the borders of the United States.

23 (10) An assessment of training programs, in-
24 cluding such programs relating to the following:

1 (A) Identifying and detecting fraudulent
2 documents.

3 (B) Understanding the scope of CBP en-
4 forcement authorities and appropriate use of
5 force policies.

6 (C) Screening, identifying, and addressing
7 vulnerable populations, such as children and
8 victims of human trafficking.

9 **SEC. 114. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION SPIR-**
10 **ITUAL READINESS.**

11 Not later than one year after the enactment of this
12 Act and annually thereafter for five years, the Commis-
13 sioner shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Secu-
14 rity of the House of Representatives and the Committee
15 on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the
16 Senate a report on the availability and usage of the assist-
17 ance of chaplains, prayer groups, houses of worship, and
18 other spiritual resources for members of CBP who identify
19 as religiously affiliated and have attempted suicide, have
20 suicidal ideation, or are at risk of suicide, and metrics on
21 the impact such resources have in assisting religiously af-
22 filiated members who have access to and utilize such re-
23 sources compared to religiously affiliated members who do
24 not.

1 **SEC. 115. RESTRICTIONS ON FUNDING.**

2 (a) ARRIVING ALIENS.—No funds are authorized to
3 be appropriated to the Department to process the entry
4 into the United States of aliens arriving in between ports
5 of entry.

6 (b) RESTRICTION ON NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANI-
7 ZATION SUPPORT FOR UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY.—No funds
8 are authorized to be appropriated to the Department for
9 disbursement to any nongovernmental organization that
10 facilitates or encourages unlawful activity, including un-
11 lawful entry, human trafficking, human smuggling, drug
12 trafficking, and drug smuggling.

13 (c) RESTRICTION ON NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANI-
14 ZATION FACILITATION OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION.—No
15 funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Depart-
16 ment for disbursement to any nongovernmental organiza-
17 tion to provide, or facilitate the provision of, transpor-
18 tation, lodging, or immigration legal services to inadmis-
19 sible aliens who enter the United States after the date of
20 the enactment of this Act.

21 **SEC. 116. COLLECTION OF DNA AND BIOMETRIC INFORMA-**
22 **TION AT THE BORDER.**

23 Not later than 14 days after the date of the enact-
24 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall ensure and certify
25 to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
26 Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security

1 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate that CBP is fully
2 compliant with Federal DNA and biometric collection re-
3 quirements at United States land borders.

4 **SEC. 117. ERADICATION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS AND FORMU-**
5 **LATING EFFECTIVE NEW TOOLS TO ADDRESS**
6 **YEARLY LOSSES OF LIFE; ENSURING TIMELY**
7 **UPDATES TO U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER**
8 **PROTECTION FIELD MANUALS.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
10 date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently
11 than triennially thereafter, the Commissioner of U.S. Cus-
12 toms and Border Protection shall review and update, as
13 necessary, the current policies and manuals of the Office
14 of Field Operations related to inspections at ports of
15 entry, and the U.S. Border Patrol related to inspections
16 between ports of entry, to ensure the uniform implementa-
17 tion of inspection practices that will effectively respond to
18 technological and methodological changes designed to dis-
19 guise unlawful activity, such as the smuggling of drugs
20 and humans, along the border.

21 (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90
22 days after each update required under subsection (a), the
23 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection
24 shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and
25 the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-

1 representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
2 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judi-
3 ciary of the Senate a report that summarizes any policy
4 and manual changes pursuant to subsection (a).

5 **SEC. 118. PUBLICATION BY U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER**
6 **PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL STATISTICS.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the seventh day of
8 each month beginning with the second full month after
9 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner
10 of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall publish on
11 a publicly available website of the Department of Home-
12 land Security information relating to the total number of
13 alien encounters and nationalities, unique alien encounters
14 and nationalities, gang affiliated apprehensions and na-
15 tionalities, drug seizures, alien encounters included in the
16 terrorist screening database and nationalities, arrests of
17 criminal aliens or individuals wanted by law enforcement
18 and nationalities, known got aways, encounters with de-
19 ceased aliens, and all other related or associated statistics
20 recorded by U.S. Customs and Border Protection during
21 the immediately preceding month. Each such publication
22 shall include the following:

23 (1) The aggregate such number, and such num-
24 ber disaggregated by geographic regions, of such re-
25 cordings and encounters, including specifications re-

1 lating to whether such recordings and encounters
2 were at the southwest, northern, or maritime border.

3 (2) An identification of the Office of Field Op-
4 erations field office, U.S. Border Patrol sector, or
5 Air and Marine Operations branch making each re-
6 cording or encounter.

7 (3) Information relating to whether each re-
8 cording or encounter of an alien was of a single
9 adult, an unaccompanied alien child, or an individual
10 in a family unit.

11 (4) Information relating to the processing dis-
12 position of each alien recording or encounter.

13 (5) Information relating to the nationality of
14 each alien who is the subject of each recording or
15 encounter.

16 (6) The total number of individuals included in
17 the terrorist screening database (as such term is de-
18 fined in section 2101 of the Homeland Security Act
19 of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 621)) who have repeatedly at-
20 tempted to cross unlawfully into the United States.

21 (7) The total number of individuals included in
22 the terrorist screening database who have been ap-
23 prehended, including information relating to whether
24 such individuals were released into the United States
25 or removed.

1 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—If the Commissioner of U.S. Cus-
2 toms and Border Protection in any month does not publish
3 the information required under subsection (a), or does not
4 publish such information by the date specified in such sub-
5 section, the Commissioner shall brief the Committee on
6 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
7 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
8 Affairs of the Senate regarding the reason relating there-
9 to, as the case may be, by not later than the date that
10 is two business days after the tenth day of such month.

11 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12 (1) ALIEN ENCOUNTERS.—The term “alien en-
13 counters” means aliens apprehended, determined in-
14 admissible, or processed for removal by U.S. Cus-
15 toms and Border Protection.

16 (2) GOT AWAY.—The term “got away” has the
17 meaning given such term in section 1092(a) of the
18 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
19 2017 (6 U.S.C. 223(a)).

20 (3) TERRORIST SCREENING DATABASE.—The
21 term “terrorist screening database” has the meaning
22 given such term in section 2101 of the Homeland
23 Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 621).

24 (4) UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN CHILD.—The term
25 “unaccompanied alien child” has the meaning given

1 such term in section 462(g) of the Homeland Secu-
2 rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g)).

3 **SEC. 119. ALIEN CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than seven days after
5 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner
6 shall certify to the Committee on Homeland Security and
7 the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
8 resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
9 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judi-
10 ciary of the Senate that CBP has real-time access to the
11 criminal history databases of all countries of origin and
12 transit for aliens encountered by CBP to perform criminal
13 history background checks for such aliens.

14 (b) STANDARDS.—The certification required under
15 subsection (a) shall also include a determination whether
16 the criminal history databases of a country are accurate,
17 up to date, digitized, searchable, and otherwise meet the
18 standards of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
19 criminal history databases maintained by State and local
20 governments.

21 (c) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall annually
22 submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the
23 Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
24 tives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
25 ernmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of

1 the Senate a certification that each database referred to
2 in subsection (b) which the Secretary accessed or sought
3 to access pursuant to this section met the standards de-
4 scribed in subsection (b).

5 **SEC. 120. PROHIBITED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENTS AT**
6 **AIRPORT SECURITY CHECKPOINTS; NOTIFI-**
7 **CATION TO IMMIGRATION AGENCIES.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may not ac-
9 cept as valid proof of identification a prohibited identifica-
10 tion document at an airport security checkpoint.

11 (b) NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AGENCIES.—If
12 an individual presents a prohibited identification docu-
13 ment to an officer of the Transportation Security Admin-
14 istration at an airport security checkpoint, the Adminis-
15 trator shall promptly notify the Director of U.S. Immigra-
16 tion and Customs Enforcement, the Director of U.S. Cus-
17 toms and Border Protection, and the head of the appro-
18 priate local law enforcement agency to determine whether
19 the individual is in violation of any term of release from
20 the custody of any such agency.

21 (c) ENTRY INTO STERILE AREAS.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
23 graph (2), if an individual is found to be in violation
24 of any term of release under subsection (b), the Ad-

1 administrator may not permit such individual to enter
2 a sterile area.

3 (2) EXCEPTION.—An individual presenting a
4 prohibited identification document under this section
5 may enter a sterile area if the individual—

6 (A) is leaving the United States for the
7 purposes of removal or deportation; or

8 (B) presents a covered identification docu-
9 ment.

10 (d) COLLECTION OF BIOMETRIC INFORMATION FROM
11 CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS SEEKING ENTRY INTO THE STER-
12 ILE AREA OF AN AIRPORT.—Beginning not later than 120
13 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-
14 ministrator shall collect biometric information from an in-
15 dividual described in subsection (e) prior to authorizing
16 such individual to enter into a sterile area.

17 (e) INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED.—An individual de-
18 scribed in this subsection is an individual who—

19 (1) is seeking entry into the sterile area of an
20 airport;

21 (2) does not present a covered identification
22 document; and

23 (3) the Administrator cannot verify is a na-
24 tional of the United States.

1 (f) PARTICIPATION IN IDENT.—Beginning not later
2 than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
3 the Administrator, in coordination with the Secretary,
4 shall submit biometric data collected under this section to
5 the Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT).

6 (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

7 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Adminis-
8 trator” means the Administrator of the Transpor-
9 tation Security Administration.

10 (2) BIOMETRIC INFORMATION.—The term “bio-
11 metric information” means any of the following:

12 (A) A fingerprint.

13 (B) A palm print.

14 (C) A photograph, including—

15 (i) a photograph of an individual’s
16 face for use with facial recognition tech-
17 nology; and

18 (ii) a photograph of any physical or
19 anatomical feature, such as a scar, skin
20 mark, or tattoo.

21 (D) A signature.

22 (E) A voice print.

23 (F) An iris image.

24 (3) COVERED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT.—

25 The term “covered identification document” means

1 any of the following, if the document is valid and
2 unexpired:

3 (A) A United States passport or passport
4 card.

5 (B) A biometrically secure card issued by
6 a trusted traveler program of the Department
7 of Homeland Security, including—

8 (i) Global Entry;

9 (ii) Nexus;

10 (iii) Secure Electronic Network for
11 Travelers Rapid Inspection (SENTRI);

12 and

13 (iv) Free and Secure Trade (FAST).

14 (C) An identification card issued by the
15 Department of Defense, including such a card
16 issued to a dependent.

17 (D) Any document required for admission
18 to the United States under section 211(a) of
19 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
20 1181(a)).

21 (E) An enhanced driver's license issued by
22 a State.

23 (F) A photo identification card issued by a
24 federally recognized Indian Tribe.

1 (G) A personal identity verification creden-
2 tial issued in accordance with Homeland Secu-
3 rity Presidential Directive 12.

4 (H) A driver's license issued by a province
5 of Canada.

6 (I) A Secure Certificate of Indian Status
7 issued by the Government of Canada.

8 (J) A Transportation Worker Identifica-
9 tion Credential.

10 (K) A Merchant Mariner Credential issued
11 by the Coast Guard.

12 (L) A Veteran Health Identification Card
13 issued by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

14 (M) Any other document the Administrator
15 determines, pursuant to a rule making in ac-
16 cordance with section 553 of title 5, United
17 States Code, will satisfy the identity verification
18 procedures of the Transportation Security Ad-
19 ministration.

20 (4) IMMIGRATION LAWS.—The term “immigra-
21 tion laws” has the meaning given that term in sec-
22 tion 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
23 U.S.C. 1101).

24 (5) PROHIBITED IDENTIFICATION DOCU-
25 MENT.—The term “prohibited identification docu-

1 ment” means any of the following (or any applicable
2 successor form):

3 (A) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
4 forcement Form I–200, Warrant for Arrest of
5 Alien.

6 (B) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
7 forcement Form I–205, Warrant of Removal/
8 Deportation.

9 (C) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
10 forcement Form I–220A, Order of Release on
11 Recognizance.

12 (D) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
13 forcement Form I–220B, Order of Supervision.

14 (E) Department of Homeland Security
15 Form I–862, Notice to Appear.

16 (F) U.S. Customs and Border Protection
17 Form I–94, Arrival/Departure Record (includ-
18 ing a print-out of an electronic record).

19 (G) Department of Homeland Security
20 Form I–385, Notice to Report.

21 (H) Any document that directs an indi-
22 vidual to report to the Department of Home-
23 land Security.

1 (I) Any Department of Homeland Security
2 work authorization or employment verification
3 document.

4 (6) STERILE AREA.—The term “sterile area”
5 has the meaning given that term in section 1540.5
6 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, or any suc-
7 cessor regulation.

8 **SEC. 121. PROHIBITION AGAINST ANY COVID-19 VACCINE**
9 **MANDATE OR ADVERSE ACTION AGAINST**
10 **DHS EMPLOYEES.**

11 (a) LIMITATION ON IMPOSITION OF NEW MAN-
12 DATE.—The Secretary may not issue any COVID-19 vac-
13 cine mandate unless Congress expressly authorizes such
14 a mandate.

15 (b) PROHIBITION ON ADVERSE ACTION.—The Sec-
16 retary may not take any adverse action against a Depart-
17 ment employee based solely on the refusal of such em-
18 ployee to receive a vaccine for COVID-19.

19 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
20 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report
21 to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
22 Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
23 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate on the following:

1 (1) The number of Department employees who
2 were terminated or resigned due to the COVID–19
3 vaccine mandate.

4 (2) An estimate of the cost to reinstate such
5 employees.

6 (3) How the Department would effectuate rein-
7 statement of such employees.

8 (d) RETENTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF
9 UNVACCINATED EMPLOYEES.—The Secretary shall make
10 every effort to retain Department employees who are not
11 vaccinated against COVID–19 and provide such employees
12 with professional development, promotion and leadership
13 opportunities, and consideration equal to that of their
14 peers.

15 **SEC. 122. CBP ONE APP LIMITATION.**

16 (a) LIMITATION.—The Department may use the CBP
17 One Mobile Application or any other similar program, ap-
18 plication, internet-based portal, website, device, or initia-
19 tive only for inspection of perishable cargo.

20 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date
21 of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall re-
22 port to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House
23 of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Secu-
24 rity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate the date on
25 which CBP began using CBP One to allow aliens to sched-

1 rule interviews at land ports of entry, how many aliens have
2 scheduled interviews at land ports of entry using CBP
3 One, the nationalities of such aliens, and the stated final
4 destinations of such aliens within the United States, if
5 any.

6 **SEC. 123. REPORT ON MEXICAN DRUG CARTELS.**

7 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
8 ment of this Act, Congress shall commission a report that
9 contains the following:

10 (1) A national strategy to address Mexican
11 drug cartels, and a determination regarding whether
12 there should be a designation established to address
13 such cartels.

14 (2) Information relating to actions by such car-
15 tels that causes harm to the United States.

16 **SEC. 124. GAO STUDY ON COSTS INCURRED BY STATES TO**
17 **SECURE THE SOUTHWEST BORDER.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
19 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
20 of the United States shall conduct a study to examine the
21 costs incurred by individual States as a result of actions
22 taken by such States in support of the Federal mission
23 to secure the southwest border, and the feasibility of a
24 program to reimburse such States for such costs.

1 (b) CONTENTS.—The study required under sub-
2 section (a) shall include consideration of the following:

3 (1) Actions taken by the Department of Home-
4 land Security that have contributed to costs de-
5 scribed in such subsection incurred by States to se-
6 cure the border in the absence of Federal action, in-
7 cluding the termination of the Migrant Protection
8 Protocols and cancellation of border wall construc-
9 tion.

10 (2) Actions taken by individual States along the
11 southwest border to secure their borders, and the
12 costs associated with such actions.

13 (3) The feasibility of a program within the De-
14 partment of Homeland Security to reimburse States
15 for the costs incurred in support of the Federal mis-
16 sion to secure the southwest border.

17 **SEC. 125. REPORT BY INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DE-**
18 **PARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.**

19 (a) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date
20 of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for
21 five years, the Inspector General of the Department of
22 Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on
23 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
24 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
25 Affairs of the Senate a report examining the economic and

1 security impact of mass migration to municipalities and
2 States along the southwest border. Such report shall in-
3 clude information regarding costs incurred by the fol-
4 lowing:

5 (1) State and local law enforcement to secure
6 the southwest border.

7 (2) Public school districts to educate students
8 who are aliens unlawfully present in the United
9 States.

10 (3) Healthcare providers to provide care to
11 aliens unlawfully present in the United States who
12 have not paid for such care.

13 (4) Farmers and ranchers due to migration im-
14 pacts to their properties.

15 (b) CONSULTATION.—To produce the report required
16 under subsection (a), the Inspector General of the Depart-
17 ment of Homeland Security shall consult with the individ-
18 uals and representatives of the entities described in para-
19 graphs (1) through (4) of such subsection.

20 **SEC. 126. OFFSETTING AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIA-**
21 **TIONS.**

22 (a) OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND EMERGENCY
23 MANAGEMENT.—No funds are authorized to be appro-
24 priated for the Alternatives to Detention Case Manage-
25 ment Pilot Program or the Office of the Immigration De-

1 tention Ombudsman for the Office of the Secretary and
2 Emergency Management of the Department of Homeland
3 Security.

4 (b) **MANAGEMENT DIRECTORATE.**—No funds are au-
5 thorized to be appropriated for electric vehicles or St. Eliz-
6 abeths campus construction for the Management Direc-
7 torate of the Department of Homeland Security.

8 (c) **INTELLIGENCE, ANALYSIS, AND SITUATIONAL**
9 **AWARENESS.**—There is authorized to be appropriated
10 \$216,000,000 for Intelligence, Analysis, and Situational
11 Awareness of the Department of Homeland Security.

12 (d) **U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION.**—No
13 funds are authorized to be appropriated for the Shelter
14 Services Program for U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
15 tion.

16 **SEC. 127. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON FOREIGN TERRORIST**
17 **ORGANIZATIONS.**

18 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the
19 date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter
20 for five years, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall
21 submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the
22 House of Representatives and the Committee on Home-
23 land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an
24 assessment of foreign terrorist organizations attempting

1 to move their members or affiliates into the United States
2 through the southern, northern, or maritime border.

3 (b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “foreign
4 terrorist organization” means an organization described in
5 section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
6 U.S.C. 1189).

7 **SEC. 128. ASSESSMENT BY INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE**
8 **DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY ON**
9 **THE MITIGATION OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT**
10 **SYSTEMS AT THE SOUTHWEST BORDER.**

11 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
12 ment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department
13 of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on
14 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
15 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
16 Affairs of the Senate an assessment of U.S. Customs and
17 Border Protection’s ability to mitigate unmanned aircraft
18 systems at the southwest border. Such assessment shall
19 include information regarding any intervention between
20 January 1, 2021, and the date of the enactment of this
21 Act, by any Federal agency affecting in any manner U.S.
22 Customs and Border Protection’s authority to so mitigate
23 such systems.

1 **DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION EN-**
2 **FORCEMENT AND FOREIGN**
3 **AFFAIRS**

4 **TITLE I—ASYLUM REFORM AND**
5 **BORDER PROTECTION**

6 **SEC. 101. SAFE THIRD COUNTRY.**

7 Section 208(a)(2)(A) of the Immigration and Nation-
8 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)(2)(A)) is amended—

9 (1) by striking “if the Attorney General deter-
10 mines” and inserting “if the Attorney General or the
11 Secretary of Homeland Security determines—”;

12 (2) by striking “that the alien may be removed”
13 and inserting the following:

14 “(i) that the alien may be removed”;

15 (3) by striking “, pursuant to a bilateral or
16 multilateral agreement, to” and inserting “to”;

17 (4) by inserting “or the Secretary, on a case by
18 case basis,” before “finds that”;

19 (5) by striking the period at the end and insert-
20 ing “; or”; and

21 (6) by adding at the end the following:

22 “(ii) that the alien entered, attempted to enter,
23 or arrived in the United States after transiting
24 through at least one country outside the alien’s
25 country of citizenship, nationality, or last lawful ha-

1 habitual residence en route to the United States, un-
2 less—

3 “(I) the alien demonstrates that he or she
4 applied for protection from persecution or tor-
5 ture in at least one country outside the alien’s
6 country of citizenship, nationality, or last lawful
7 habitual residence through which the alien
8 transited en route to the United States, and the
9 alien received a final judgment denying the
10 alien protection in each country;

11 “(II) the alien demonstrates that he or she
12 was a victim of a severe form of trafficking in
13 which a commercial sex act was induced by
14 force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person
15 induced to perform such act was under the age
16 of 18 years; or in which the trafficking included
17 the recruitment, harboring, transportation, pro-
18 vision, or obtaining of a person for labor or
19 services through the use of force, fraud, or coer-
20 cion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary
21 servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery,
22 and was unable to apply for protection from
23 persecution in each country through which the
24 alien transited en route to the United States as
25 a result of such severe form of trafficking; or

1 “(III) the only countries through which the
2 alien transited en route to the United States
3 were, at the time of the transit, not parties to
4 the 1951 United Nations Convention relating to
5 the Status of Refugees, the 1967 Protocol Re-
6 lating to the Status of Refugees, or the United
7 Nations Convention against Torture and Other
8 Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or
9 Punishment.”.

10 **SEC. 102. CREDIBLE FEAR INTERVIEWS.**

11 Section 235(b)(1)(B)(v) of the Immigration and Na-
12 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)(1)(B)(v)) is amended by
13 striking “there is a significant possibility” and all that fol-
14 lows, and inserting “, taking into account the credibility
15 of the statements made by the alien in support of the
16 alien’s claim, as determined pursuant to section
17 208(b)(1)(B)(iii), and such other facts as are known to
18 the officer, the alien more likely than not could establish
19 eligibility for asylum under section 208, and it is more
20 likely than not that the statements made by, and on behalf
21 of, the alien in support of the alien’s claim are true.”.

22 **SEC. 103. CLARIFICATION OF ASYLUM ELIGIBILITY.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 208(b)(1)(A) of the Im-
24 migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(1)(A))
25 is amended by inserting after “section 101(a)(42)(A)” the

1 following: “(in accordance with the rules set forth in this
2 section), and is eligible to apply for asylum under sub-
3 section (a)”.

4 (b) PLACE OF ARRIVAL.—Section 208(a)(1) of the
5 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)(1))
6 is amended—

7 (1) by striking “or who arrives in the United
8 States (whether or not at a designated port of ar-
9 rival and including an alien who is brought to the
10 United States after having been interdicted in inter-
11 national or United States waters),”; and

12 (2) by inserting after “United States” the fol-
13 lowing: “and has arrived in the United States at a
14 port of entry (including an alien who is brought to
15 the United States after having been interdicted in
16 international or United States waters),”.

17 **SEC. 104. EXCEPTIONS.**

18 Paragraph (2) of section 208(b) of the Immigration
19 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(b)(2)) is amended to
20 read as follows:

21 “(2) EXCEPTIONS.—

22 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) shall
23 not apply to an alien if the Secretary of Home-
24 land Security or the Attorney General deter-
25 mines that—

1 “(i) the alien ordered, incited, as-
2 sisted, or otherwise participated in the per-
3 secution of any person on account of race,
4 religion, nationality, membership in a par-
5 ticular social group, or political opinion;

6 “(ii) the alien has been convicted of
7 any felony under Federal, State, tribal, or
8 local law;

9 “(iii) the alien has been convicted of
10 any misdemeanor offense under Federal,
11 State, tribal, or local law involving—

12 “(I) the unlawful possession or
13 use of an identification document, au-
14 thentication feature, or false identi-
15 fication document (as those terms and
16 phrases are defined in the jurisdiction
17 where the conviction occurred), unless
18 the alien can establish that the convic-
19 tion resulted from circumstances
20 showing that—

21 “(aa) the document or fea-
22 ture was presented before board-
23 ing a common carrier;

1 “(bb) the document or fea-
2 ture related to the alien’s eligi-
3 bility to enter the United States;

4 “(cc) the alien used the doc-
5 ument or feature to depart a
6 country wherein the alien has
7 claimed a fear of persecution;
8 and

9 “(dd) the alien claimed a
10 fear of persecution without delay
11 upon presenting himself or her-
12 self to an immigration officer
13 upon arrival at a United States
14 port of entry;

15 “(II) the unlawful receipt of a
16 Federal public benefit (as defined in
17 section 401(e) of the Personal Re-
18 sponsibility and Work Opportunity
19 Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
20 1611(e))), from a Federal entity, or
21 the unlawful receipt of similar public
22 benefits from a State, tribal, or local
23 entity; or

24 “(III) possession or trafficking of
25 a controlled substance or controlled

1 substance paraphernalia, as those
2 phrases are defined under the law of
3 the jurisdiction where the conviction
4 occurred, other than a single offense
5 involving possession for one's own use
6 of 30 grams or less of marijuana (as
7 marijuana is defined under the law of
8 the jurisdiction where the conviction
9 occurred);

10 “(iv) the alien has been convicted of
11 an offense arising under paragraph (1)(A)
12 or (2) of section 274(a), or under section
13 276;

14 “(v) the alien has been convicted of a
15 Federal, State, tribal, or local crime that
16 the Attorney General or Secretary of
17 Homeland Security knows, or has reason
18 to believe, was committed in support, pro-
19 motion, or furtherance of the activity of a
20 criminal street gang (as defined under the
21 law of the jurisdiction where the conviction
22 occurred or in section 521(a) of title 18,
23 United States Code);

24 “(vi) the alien has been convicted of
25 an offense for driving while intoxicated or

1 impaired, as those terms are defined under
2 the law of the jurisdiction where the con-
3 viction occurred (including a conviction for
4 driving while under the influence of or im-
5 paired by alcohol or drugs), without regard
6 to whether the conviction is classified as a
7 misdemeanor or felony under Federal,
8 State, tribal, or local law, in which such in-
9 toxicated or impaired driving was a cause
10 of serious bodily injury or death of another
11 person;

12 “(vii) the alien has been convicted of
13 more than one offense for driving while in-
14 toxicated or impaired, as those terms are
15 defined under the law of the jurisdiction
16 where the conviction occurred (including a
17 conviction for driving while under the in-
18 fluence of or impaired by alcohol or drugs),
19 without regard to whether the conviction is
20 classified as a misdemeanor or felony
21 under Federal, State, tribal, or local law;

22 “(viii) the alien has been convicted of
23 a crime—

24 “(I) that involves conduct
25 amounting to a crime of stalking;

1 “(II) of child abuse, child ne-
2 glect, or child abandonment; or

3 “(III) that involves conduct
4 amounting to a domestic assault or
5 battery offense, including—

6 “(aa) a misdemeanor crime
7 of domestic violence, as described
8 in section 921(a)(33) of title 18,
9 United States Code;

10 “(bb) a crime of domestic vi-
11 olence, as described in section
12 40002(a)(12) of the Violence
13 Against Women Act of 1994 (34
14 U.S.C. 12291(a)(12)); or

15 “(cc) any crime based on
16 conduct in which the alien har-
17 assed, coerced, intimidated, vol-
18 untarily or recklessly used (or
19 threatened to use) force or vio-
20 lence against, or inflicted phys-
21 ical injury or physical pain, how-
22 ever slight, upon a person—

23 “(AA) who is a current
24 or former spouse of the
25 alien;

1 “(BB) with whom the
2 alien shares a child;

3 “(CC) who is cohabi-
4 tating with, or who has
5 cohabitated with, the alien
6 as a spouse;

7 “(DD) who is similarly
8 situated to a spouse of the
9 alien under the domestic or
10 family violence laws of the
11 jurisdiction where the of-
12 fense occurred; or

13 “(EE) who is protected
14 from that alien’s acts under
15 the domestic or family vio-
16 lence laws of the United
17 States or of any State, tribal
18 government, or unit of local
19 government;

20 “(ix) the alien has engaged in acts of
21 battery or extreme cruelty upon a person
22 and the person—

23 “(I) is a current or former
24 spouse of the alien;

1 “(II) shares a child with the
2 alien;

3 “(III) cohabitates or has
4 cohabitated with the alien as a spouse;

5 “(IV) is similarly situated to a
6 spouse of the alien under the domestic
7 or family violence laws of the jurisdic-
8 tion where the offense occurred; or

9 “(V) is protected from that
10 alien’s acts under the domestic or
11 family violence laws of the United
12 States or of any State, tribal govern-
13 ment, or unit of local government;

14 “(x) the alien, having been convicted
15 by a final judgment of a particularly seri-
16 ous crime, constitutes a danger to the com-
17 munity of the United States;

18 “(xi) there are serious reasons for be-
19 lieving that the alien has committed a seri-
20 ous nonpolitical crime outside the United
21 States prior to the arrival of the alien in
22 the United States;

23 “(xii) there are reasonable grounds
24 for regarding the alien as a danger to the
25 security of the United States;

1 “(xiii) the alien is described in sub-
2 clause (I), (II), (III), (IV), or (VI) of sec-
3 tion 212(a)(3)(B)(i) or section
4 237(a)(4)(B) (relating to terrorist activ-
5 ity), unless, in the case only of an alien in-
6 admissible under subclause (IV) of section
7 212(a)(3)(B)(i), the Secretary of Home-
8 land Security or the Attorney General de-
9 termines, in the Secretary’s or the Attor-
10 ney General’s discretion, that there are not
11 reasonable grounds for regarding the alien
12 as a danger to the security of the United
13 States;

14 “(xiv) the alien was firmly resettled in
15 another country prior to arriving in the
16 United States; or

17 “(xv) there are reasonable grounds for
18 concluding the alien could avoid persecu-
19 tion by relocating to another part of the
20 alien’s country of nationality or, in the
21 case of an alien having no nationality, an-
22 other part of the alien’s country of last ha-
23 bitual residence.

24 “(B) SPECIAL RULES.—

1 “(i) PARTICULARLY SERIOUS CRIME;
2 SERIOUS NONPOLITICAL CRIME OUTSIDE
3 THE UNITED STATES.—

4 “(I) IN GENERAL.—For purposes
5 of subparagraph (A)(x), the Attorney
6 General or Secretary of Homeland Se-
7 curity, in their discretion, may deter-
8 mine that a conviction constitutes a
9 particularly serious crime based on—

10 “(aa) the nature of the con-
11 viction;

12 “(bb) the type of sentence
13 imposed; or

14 “(cc) the circumstances and
15 underlying facts of the convic-
16 tion.

17 “(II) DETERMINATION.—In mak-
18 ing a determination under subclause
19 (I), the Attorney General or Secretary
20 of Homeland Security may consider
21 all reliable information and is not lim-
22 ited to facts found by the criminal
23 court or provided in the underlying
24 record of conviction.

1 “(III) TREATMENT OF FELO-
2 NIES.—In making a determination
3 under subclause (I), an alien who has
4 been convicted of a felony (as defined
5 under this section) or an aggravated
6 felony (as defined under section
7 101(a)(43)), shall be considered to
8 have been convicted of a particularly
9 serious crime.

10 “(IV) INTERPOL RED NOTICE.—
11 In making a determination under sub-
12 paragraph (A)(xi), an Interpol Red
13 Notice may constitute reliable evi-
14 dence that the alien has committed a
15 serious nonpolitical crime outside the
16 United States.

17 “(ii) CRIMES AND EXCEPTIONS.—

18 “(I) DRIVING WHILE INTOXI-
19 CATED OR IMPAIRED.—A finding
20 under subparagraph (A)(vi) does not
21 require the Attorney General or Sec-
22 retary of Homeland Security to find
23 the first conviction for driving while
24 intoxicated or impaired (including a
25 conviction for driving while under the

1 influence of or impaired by alcohol or
2 drugs) as a predicate offense. The At-
3 torney General or Secretary of Home-
4 land Security need only make a fac-
5 tual determination that the alien pre-
6 viously was convicted for driving while
7 intoxicated or impaired as those terms
8 are defined under the jurisdiction
9 where the conviction occurred (includ-
10 ing a conviction for driving while
11 under the influence of or impaired by
12 alcohol or drugs).

13 “(II) STALKING AND OTHER
14 CRIMES.—In making a determination
15 under subparagraph (A)(viii), includ-
16 ing determining the existence of a do-
17 mestic relationship between the alien
18 and the victim, the underlying conduct
19 of the crime may be considered, and
20 the Attorney General or Secretary of
21 Homeland Security is not limited to
22 facts found by the criminal court or
23 provided in the underlying record of
24 conviction.

1 “(III) BATTERY OR EXTREME
2 CRUELTY.—In making a determina-
3 tion under subparagraph (A)(ix), the
4 phrase ‘battery or extreme cruelty’ in-
5 cludes—

6 “(aa) any act or threatened
7 act of violence, including any
8 forceful detention, which results
9 or threatens to result in physical
10 or mental injury;

11 “(bb) psychological or sexual
12 abuse or exploitation, including
13 rape, molestation, incest, or
14 forced prostitution, shall be con-
15 sidered acts of violence; and

16 “(cc) other abusive acts, in-
17 cluding acts that, in and of them-
18 selves, may not initially appear
19 violent, but that are a part of an
20 overall pattern of violence.

21 “(IV) EXCEPTION FOR VICTIMS
22 OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.—An alien
23 who was convicted of an offense de-
24 scribed in clause (viii) or (ix) of sub-
25 paragraph (A) is not ineligible for

1 asylum on that basis if the alien satis-
2 fies the criteria under section
3 237(a)(7)(A).

4 “(C) SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES.—Para-
5 graph (1) shall not apply to an alien whose
6 claim is based on—

7 “(i) personal animus or retribution,
8 including personal animus in which the al-
9 leged persecutor has not targeted, or mani-
10 fested an animus against, other members
11 of an alleged particular social group in ad-
12 dition to the member who has raised the
13 claim at issue;

14 “(ii) the applicant’s generalized dis-
15 approval of, disagreement with, or opposi-
16 tion to criminal, terrorist, gang, guerilla,
17 or other non-state organizations absent ex-
18 pressive behavior in furtherance of a dis-
19 crete cause against such organizations re-
20 lated to control of a State or expressive be-
21 havior that is antithetical to the State or
22 a legal unit of the State;

23 “(iii) the applicant’s resistance to re-
24 cruitment or coercion by guerrilla, crimi-

1 nal, gang, terrorist, or other non-state or-
2 ganizations;

3 “ (iv) the targeting of the applicant for
4 criminal activity for financial gain based
5 on wealth or affluence or perceptions of
6 wealth or affluence;

7 “ (v) the applicant’s criminal activity;
8 or

9 “ (vi) the applicant’s perceived, past or
10 present, gang affiliation.

11 “ (D) DEFINITIONS AND CLARIFICA-
12 TIONS.—

13 “ (i) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of
14 this paragraph:

15 “ (I) FELONY.—The term ‘felony’
16 means—

17 “ (aa) any crime defined as a
18 felony by the relevant jurisdiction
19 (Federal, State, tribal, or local)
20 of conviction; or

21 “ (bb) any crime punishable
22 by more than one year of impris-
23 onment.

24 “ (II) MISDEMEANOR.—The term
25 ‘misdemeanor’ means—

1 “(aa) any crime defined as a
2 misdemeanor by the relevant ju-
3 risdiction (Federal, State, tribal,
4 or local) of conviction; or

5 “(bb) any crime not punish-
6 able by more than one year of
7 imprisonment.

8 “(ii) CLARIFICATIONS.—

9 “(I) CONSTRUCTION.—For pur-
10 poses of this paragraph, whether any
11 activity or conviction also may con-
12 stitute a basis for removal is immate-
13 rial to a determination of asylum eli-
14 gibility.

15 “(II) ATTEMPT, CONSPIRACY, OR
16 SOLICITATION.—For purposes of this
17 paragraph, all references to a criminal
18 offense or criminal conviction shall be
19 deemed to include any attempt, con-
20 spiracy, or solicitation to commit the
21 offense or any other inchoate form of
22 the offense.

23 “(III) EFFECT OF CERTAIN OR-
24 DERS.—

1 “(aa) IN GENERAL.—No
2 order vacating a conviction,
3 modifying a sentence, clarifying a
4 sentence, or otherwise altering a
5 conviction or sentence shall have
6 any effect under this paragraph
7 unless the Attorney General or
8 Secretary of Homeland Security
9 determines that—

10 “(AA) the court issuing
11 the order had jurisdiction
12 and authority to do so; and

13 “(BB) the order was
14 not entered for rehabilitative
15 purposes or for purposes of
16 ameliorating the immigra-
17 tion consequences of the
18 conviction or sentence.

19 “(bb) AMELIORATING IMMI-
20 GRATION CONSEQUENCES.—For
21 purposes of item (aa)(BB), the
22 order shall be presumed to be for
23 the purpose of ameliorating im-
24 migration consequences if—

1 “(AA) the order was
2 entered after the initiation
3 of any proceeding to remove
4 the alien from the United
5 States; or

6 “(BB) the alien moved
7 for the order more than one
8 year after the date of the
9 original order of conviction
10 or sentencing, whichever is
11 later.

12 “(cc) AUTHORITY OF IMMI-
13 GRATION JUDGE.—An immigra-
14 tion judge is not limited to con-
15 sideration only of material in-
16 cluded in any order vacating a
17 conviction, modifying a sentence,
18 or clarifying a sentence to deter-
19 mine whether such order should
20 be given any effect under this
21 paragraph, but may consider
22 such additional information as
23 the immigration judge determines
24 appropriate.

1 “(E) ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS.—The
2 Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney
3 General may by regulation establish additional
4 limitations and conditions, consistent with this
5 section, under which an alien shall be ineligible
6 for asylum under paragraph (1).

7 “(F) NO JUDICIAL REVIEW.—There shall
8 be no judicial review of a determination of the
9 Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney
10 General under subparagraph (A)(xiii).”.

11 **SEC. 105. EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.**

12 Paragraph (2) of section 208(d) of the Immigration
13 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)) is amended to
14 read as follows:

15 “(2) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.—

16 “(A) AUTHORIZATION PERMITTED.—An
17 applicant for asylum is not entitled to employ-
18 ment authorization, but such authorization may
19 be provided under regulation by the Secretary
20 of Homeland Security. An applicant who is not
21 otherwise eligible for employment authorization
22 shall not be granted such authorization prior to
23 the date that is 180 days after the date of filing
24 of the application for asylum.

1 “(B) TERMINATION.—Each grant of em-
2 ployment authorization under subparagraph
3 (A), and any renewal or extension thereof, shall
4 be valid for a period of 6 months, except that
5 such authorization, renewal, or extension shall
6 terminate prior to the end of such 6 month pe-
7 riod as follows:

8 “(i) Immediately following the denial
9 of an asylum application by an asylum offi-
10 cer, unless the case is referred to an immi-
11 gration judge.

12 “(ii) 30 days after the date on which
13 an immigration judge denies an asylum ap-
14 plication, unless the alien timely appeals to
15 the Board of Immigration Appeals.

16 “(iii) Immediately following the denial
17 by the Board of Immigration Appeals of an
18 appeal of a denial of an asylum applica-
19 tion.

20 “(C) RENEWAL.—The Secretary of Home-
21 land Security may not grant, renew, or extend
22 employment authorization to an alien if the
23 alien was previously granted employment au-
24 thorization under subparagraph (A), and the
25 employment authorization was terminated pur-

1 suant to a circumstance described in subpara-
2 graph (B)(i), (ii), or (iii), unless a Federal
3 court of appeals remands the alien’s case to the
4 Board of Immigration Appeals.

5 “(D) INELIGIBILITY.—The Secretary of
6 Homeland Security may not grant employment
7 authorization to an alien under this paragraph
8 if the alien—

9 “(i) is ineligible for asylum under sub-
10 section (b)(2)(A); or

11 “(ii) entered or attempted to enter the
12 United States at a place and time other
13 than lawfully through a United States port
14 of entry.”.

15 **SEC. 106. ASYLUM FEES.**

16 Paragraph (3) of section 208(d) of the Immigration
17 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)) is amended to
18 read as follows:

19 “(3) FEES.—

20 “(A) APPLICATION FEE.—A fee of not less
21 than \$50 for each application for asylum shall
22 be imposed. Such fee shall not exceed the cost
23 of adjudicating the application. Such fee shall
24 not apply to an unaccompanied alien child who

1 files an asylum application in proceedings under
2 section 240.

3 “(B) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION.—A
4 fee may also be imposed for the consideration
5 of an application for employment authorization
6 under this section and for adjustment of status
7 under section 209(b). Such a fee shall not ex-
8 ceed the cost of adjudicating the application.

9 “(C) PAYMENT.—Fees under this para-
10 graph may be assessed and paid over a period
11 of time or by installments.

12 “(D) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
13 in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the
14 authority of the Attorney General or Secretary
15 of Homeland Security to set adjudication and
16 naturalization fees in accordance with section
17 286(m).”.

18 **SEC. 107. RULES FOR DETERMINING ASYLUM ELIGIBILITY.**

19 Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
20 (8 U.S.C. 1158) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
21 lowing:

22 “(f) RULES FOR DETERMINING ASYLUM ELIGI-
23 BILITY.—In making a determination under subsection
24 (b)(1)(A) with respect to whether an alien is a refugee

1 within the meaning of section 101(a)(42)(A), the following
2 shall apply:

3 “(1) PARTICULAR SOCIAL GROUP.—The Sec-
4 retary of Homeland Security or the Attorney Gen-
5 eral shall not determine that an alien is a member
6 of a particular social group unless the alien articu-
7 lates on the record, or provides a basis on the record
8 for determining, the definition and boundaries of the
9 alleged particular social group, establishes that the
10 particular social group exists independently from the
11 alleged persecution, and establishes that the alien’s
12 claim of membership in a particular social group
13 does not involve—

14 “(A) past or present criminal activity or
15 association (including gang membership);

16 “(B) presence in a country with general-
17 ized violence or a high crime rate;

18 “(C) being the subject of a recruitment ef-
19 fort by criminal, terrorist, or persecutory
20 groups;

21 “(D) the targeting of the applicant for
22 criminal activity for financial gain based on per-
23 ceptions of wealth or affluence;

1 “(E) interpersonal disputes of which gov-
2 ernmental authorities in the relevant society or
3 region were unaware or uninvolved;

4 “(F) private criminal acts of which govern-
5 mental authorities in the relevant society or re-
6 gion were unaware or uninvolved;

7 “(G) past or present terrorist activity or
8 association;

9 “(H) past or present persecutory activity
10 or association; or

11 “(I) status as an alien returning from the
12 United States.

13 “(2) POLITICAL OPINION.—The Secretary of
14 Homeland Security or the Attorney General may not
15 determine that an alien holds a political opinion with
16 respect to which the alien is subject to persecution
17 if the political opinion is constituted solely by gener-
18 alized disapproval of, disagreement with, or opposi-
19 tion to criminal, terrorist, gang, guerilla, or other
20 non-state organizations and does not include expres-
21 sive behavior in furtherance of a cause against such
22 organizations related to efforts by the State to con-
23 trol such organizations or behavior that is antithet-
24 ical to or otherwise opposes the ruling legal entity of
25 the State or a unit thereof.

1 “(3) PERSECUTION.—The Secretary of Home-
2 land Security or the Attorney General may not de-
3 termine that an alien has been subject to persecution
4 or has a well-founded fear of persecution based only
5 on—

6 “(A) the existence of laws or government
7 policies that are unenforced or infrequently en-
8 forced, unless there is credible evidence that
9 such a law or policy has been or would be ap-
10 plied to the applicant personally; or

11 “(B) the conduct of rogue foreign govern-
12 ment officials acting outside the scope of their
13 official capacity.

14 “(4) DISCRETIONARY DETERMINATION.—

15 “(A) ADVERSE DISCRETIONARY FAC-
16 TORS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security or
17 the Attorney General may only grant asylum to
18 an alien if the alien establishes that he or she
19 warrants a favorable exercise of discretion. In
20 making such a determination, the Attorney
21 General or Secretary of Homeland Security
22 shall consider, if applicable, an alien’s use of
23 fraudulent documents to enter the United
24 States, unless the alien arrived in the United
25 States by air, sea, or land directly from the ap-

1 plicant’s home country without transiting
2 through any other country.

3 “(B) FAVORABLE EXERCISE OF DISCRE-
4 TION NOT PERMITTED.—Except as provided in
5 subparagraph (C), the Attorney General or Sec-
6 retary of Homeland Security shall not favorably
7 exercise discretion under this section for any
8 alien who—

9 “(i) has accrued more than one year
10 of unlawful presence in the United States,
11 as defined in sections 212(a)(9)(B)(ii) and
12 (iii), prior to filing an application for asy-
13 lum;

14 “(ii) at the time the asylum applica-
15 tion is filed with the immigration court or
16 is referred from the Department of Home-
17 land Security, has—

18 “(I) failed to timely file (or time-
19 ly file a request for an extension of
20 time to file) any required Federal,
21 State, or local income tax returns;

22 “(II) failed to satisfy any out-
23 standing Federal, State, or local tax
24 obligations; or

1 “(III) income that would result
2 in tax liability under section 1 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and
4 that was not reported to the Internal
5 Revenue Service;

6 “(iii) has had two or more prior asy-
7 lum applications denied for any reason;

8 “(iv) has withdrawn a prior asylum
9 application with prejudice or been found to
10 have abandoned a prior asylum application;

11 “(v) failed to attend an interview re-
12 garding his or her asylum application with
13 the Department of Homeland Security, un-
14 less the alien shows by a preponderance of
15 the evidence that—

16 “(I) exceptional circumstances
17 prevented the alien from attending the
18 interview; or

19 “(II) the interview notice was not
20 mailed to the last address provided by
21 the alien or the alien’s representative
22 and neither the alien nor the alien’s
23 representative received notice of the
24 interview; or

1 “(vi) was subject to a final order of
2 removal, deportation, or exclusion and did
3 not file a motion to reopen to seek asylum
4 based on changed country conditions with-
5 in one year of the change in country condi-
6 tions.

7 “(C) EXCEPTIONS.—If one or more of the
8 adverse discretionary factors set forth in sub-
9 paragraph (B) are present, the Attorney Gen-
10 eral or the Secretary, may, notwithstanding
11 such subparagraph (B), favorably exercise dis-
12 cretion under section 208—

13 “(i) in extraordinary circumstances,
14 such as those involving national security or
15 foreign policy considerations; or

16 “(ii) if the alien, by clear and con-
17 vincing evidence, demonstrates that the de-
18 nial of the application for asylum would re-
19 sult in exceptional and extremely unusual
20 hardship to the alien.

21 “(5) LIMITATION.—If the Secretary or the At-
22 torney General determines that an alien fails to sat-
23 isfy the requirement under paragraph (1), the alien
24 may not be granted asylum based on membership in
25 a particular social group, and may not appeal the

1 determination of the Secretary or Attorney General,
2 as applicable. A determination under this paragraph
3 shall not serve as the basis for any motion to reopen
4 or reconsider an application for asylum or with-
5 holding of removal for any reason, including a claim
6 of ineffective assistance of counsel, unless the alien
7 complies with the procedural requirements for such
8 a motion and demonstrates that counsel’s failure to
9 define, or provide a basis for defining, a formulation
10 of a particular social group was both not a strategic
11 choice and constituted egregious conduct.

12 “(6) STEREOTYPES.—Evidence offered in sup-
13 port of an application for asylum that promotes cul-
14 tural stereotypes about a country, its inhabitants, or
15 an alleged persecutor, including stereotypes based on
16 race, religion, nationality, or gender, shall not be ad-
17 missible in adjudicating that application, except that
18 evidence that an alleged persecutor holds
19 stereotypical views of the applicant shall be admis-
20 sible.

21 “(7) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

22 “(A) The term ‘membership in a particular
23 social group’ means membership in a group
24 that is—

1 “(i) composed of members who share
2 a common immutable characteristic;

3 “(ii) defined with particularity; and

4 “(iii) socially distinct within the soci-
5 ety in question.

6 “(B) The term ‘political opinion’ means an
7 ideal or conviction in support of the furtherance
8 of a discrete cause related to political control of
9 a state or a unit thereof.

10 “(C) The term ‘persecution’ means the in-
11 fliction of a severe level of harm constituting an
12 exigent threat by the government of a country
13 or by persons or an organization that the gov-
14 ernment was unable or unwilling to control.
15 Such term does not include—

16 “(i) generalized harm or violence that
17 arises out of civil, criminal, or military
18 strife in a country;

19 “(ii) all treatment that the United
20 States regards as unfair, offensive, unjust,
21 unlawful, or unconstitutional;

22 “(iii) intermittent harassment, includ-
23 ing brief detentions;

24 “(iv) threats with no actual effort to
25 carry out the threats, except that particu-

1 larized threats of severe harm of an imme-
2 diate and menacing nature made by an
3 identified entity may constitute persecu-
4 tion; or

5 “(v) non-severe economic harm or
6 property damage.”.

7 **SEC. 108. FIRM RESETTLEMENT.**

8 Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
9 (8 U.S.C. 1158), as amended by this title, is further
10 amended by adding at the end the following:

11 “(g) FIRM RESETTLEMENT.—In determining wheth-
12 er an alien was firmly resettled in another country prior
13 to arriving in the United States under subsection
14 (b)(2)(A)(xiv), the following shall apply:

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien shall be consid-
16 ered to have firmly resettled in another country if,
17 after the events giving rise to the alien’s asylum
18 claim—

19 “(A) the alien resided in a country through
20 which the alien transited prior to arriving in or
21 entering the United States and—

22 “(i) received or was eligible for any
23 permanent legal immigration status in that
24 country;

1 “(ii) resided in such a country with
2 any non-permanent but indefinitely renew-
3 able legal immigration status (including
4 asylee, refugee, or similar status, but ex-
5 cluding status of a tourist); or

6 “(iii) resided in such a country and
7 could have applied for and obtained an im-
8 migration status described in clause (ii);

9 “(B) the alien physically resided volun-
10 tarily, and without continuing to suffer persecu-
11 tion or torture, in any one country for one year
12 or more after departing his country of nation-
13 ality or last habitual residence and prior to ar-
14 rival in or entry into the United States, except
15 for any time spent in Mexico by an alien who
16 is not a native or citizen of Mexico solely as a
17 direct result of being returned to Mexico pursu-
18 ant to section 235(b)(3) or of being subject to
19 metering; or

20 “(C) the alien is a citizen of a country
21 other than the country in which the alien al-
22 leges a fear of persecution, or was a citizen of
23 such a country in the case of an alien who re-
24 nounces such citizenship, and the alien was
25 present in that country after departing his

1 country of nationality or last habitual residence
2 and prior to arrival in or entry into the United
3 States.

4 “(2) BURDEN OF PROOF.—If an immigration
5 judge determines that an alien has firmly resettled
6 in another country under paragraph (1), the alien
7 shall bear the burden of proving the bar does not
8 apply.

9 “(3) FIRM RESETTLEMENT OF PARENT.—An
10 alien shall be presumed to have been firmly resettled
11 in another country if the alien’s parent was firmly
12 resettled in another country, the parent’s resettlement
13 occurred before the alien turned 18 years of
14 age, and the alien resided with such parent at the
15 time of the firm resettlement, unless the alien estab-
16 lishes that he or she could not have derived any per-
17 manent legal immigration status or any non-perma-
18 nent but indefinitely renewable legal immigration
19 status (including asylum, refugee, or similar status,
20 but excluding status of a tourist) from the alien’s
21 parent.”.

1 **SEC. 109. NOTICE CONCERNING FRIVOLOUS ASYLUM AP-**
2 **PLICATIONS.**

3 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 208(d)(4) of the Immi-
4 gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(d)(4)) is
5 amended—

6 (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
7 by inserting “the Secretary of Homeland Security
8 or” before “the Attorney General”;

9 (2) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and of
10 the consequences, under paragraph (6), of knowingly
11 filing a frivolous application for asylum; and” and
12 inserting a semicolon;

13 (3) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period
14 and inserting “; and”; and

15 (4) by adding at the end the following:

16 “(C) ensure that a written warning ap-
17 pears on the asylum application advising the
18 alien of the consequences of filing a frivolous
19 application and serving as notice to the alien of
20 the consequence of filing a frivolous applica-
21 tion.”.

22 (b) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Section 208(d)(6)
23 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
24 1158(d)(6)) is amended by striking “If the” and all that
25 follows and inserting:

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary of
2 Homeland Security or the Attorney General de-
3 termines that an alien has knowingly made a
4 frivolous application for asylum and the alien
5 has received the notice under paragraph (4)(C),
6 the alien shall be permanently ineligible for any
7 benefits under this chapter, effective as the date
8 of the final determination of such an applica-
9 tion.

10 “(B) CRITERIA.—An application is frivo-
11 lous if the Secretary of Homeland Security or
12 the Attorney General determines, consistent
13 with subparagraph (C), that—

14 “(i) it is so insufficient in substance
15 that it is clear that the applicant know-
16 ingly filed the application solely or in part
17 to delay removal from the United States,
18 to seek employment authorization as an
19 applicant for asylum pursuant to regula-
20 tions issued pursuant to paragraph (2), or
21 to seek issuance of a Notice to Appear in
22 order to pursue Cancellation of Removal
23 under section 240A(b); or

24 “(ii) any of the material elements are
25 knowingly fabricated.

1 “(C) SUFFICIENT OPPORTUNITY TO CLAR-
2 IFY.—In determining that an application is friv-
3 olous, the Secretary or the Attorney General,
4 must be satisfied that the applicant, during the
5 course of the proceedings, has had sufficient op-
6 portunity to clarify any discrepancies or implau-
7 sible aspects of the claim.

8 “(D) WITHHOLDING OF REMOVAL NOT
9 PRECLUDED.—For purposes of this section, a
10 finding that an alien filed a frivolous asylum
11 application shall not preclude the alien from
12 seeking withholding of removal under section
13 241(b)(3) or protection pursuant to the Con-
14 vention Against Torture.”.

15 **SEC. 110. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.**

16 Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
17 (8 U.S.C. 1158) is amended—

18 (1) in subsection (a)—

19 (A) in paragraph (2)(D), by inserting
20 “Secretary of Homeland Security or the” before
21 “Attorney General”; and

22 (B) in paragraph (3), by inserting “Sec-
23 retary of Homeland Security or the” before
24 “Attorney General”;

25 (2) in subsection (c)—

1 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “Attor-
2 ney General” each place such term appears and
3 inserting “Secretary of Homeland Security”;

4 (B) in paragraph (2), in the matter pre-
5 ceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “Sec-
6 retary of Homeland Security or the” before
7 “Attorney General”; and

8 (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting “Sec-
9 retary of Homeland Security or the” before
10 “Attorney General”; and

11 (3) in subsection (d)—

12 (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “Sec-
13 retary of Homeland Security or the” before
14 “Attorney General” each place such term ap-
15 pears; and

16 (B) in paragraph (5)—

17 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
18 “Attorney General” and inserting “Sec-
19 retary of Homeland Security”; and

20 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
21 “Secretary of Homeland Security or the”
22 before “Attorney General”.

1 **SEC. 111. REQUIREMENT FOR PROCEDURES RELATING TO**
2 **CERTAIN ASYLUM APPLICATIONS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General
5 shall establish procedures to expedite the adjudication of
6 asylum applications for aliens—

7 (1) who are subject to removal proceedings
8 under section 240 of the Immigration and Nation-
9 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a); and

10 (2) who are nationals of a Western Hemisphere
11 country sanctioned by the United States, as de-
12 scribed in subsection (b), as of January 1, 2024.

13 (b) WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRY SANCTIONED
14 BY THE UNITED STATES DESCRIBED.—Subsection (a)
15 shall apply only to an asylum application filed by an alien
16 who is a national of a Western Hemisphere country sub-
17 ject to sanctions pursuant to—

18 (1) the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Soli-
19 darity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6021
20 note);

21 (2) the Reinforcing Nicaragua’s Adherence to
22 Conditions for Electoral Reform Act of 2021 or the
23 RENACER Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 note); or

24 (3) Executive Order 13692 (80 Fed. Reg.
25 12747; declaring a national emergency with respect
26 to the situation in Venezuela).

1 (c) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall only apply to
2 an alien who files an application for asylum after the date
3 of the enactment of this Act.

4 **TITLE II—BORDER SAFETY AND**
5 **MIGRANT PROTECTION**

6 **SEC. 201. INSPECTION OF APPLICANTS FOR ADMISSION.**

7 Section 235 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
8 (8 U.S.C. 1225) is amended—

9 (1) in subsection (b)—

10 (A) in paragraph (1)—

11 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

12 (I) in clauses (i) and (ii), by
13 striking “section 212(a)(6)(C)” in-
14 serting “subparagraph (A) or (C) of
15 section 212(a)(6)”; and

16 (II) by adding at the end the fol-
17 lowing:

18 “(iv) INELIGIBILITY FOR PAROLE.—
19 An alien described in clause (i) or (ii) shall
20 not be eligible for parole except as ex-
21 pressly authorized pursuant to section
22 212(d)(5), or for parole or release pursu-
23 ant to section 236(a).”; and

24 (ii) in subparagraph (B)—

1 (I) in clause (ii), by striking
2 “asylum.” and inserting “asylum and
3 shall not be released (including pursu-
4 ant to parole or release pursuant to
5 section 236(a) but excluding as ex-
6 pressly authorized pursuant to section
7 212(d)(5)) other than to be removed
8 or returned to a country as described
9 in paragraph (3).”; and

10 (II) in clause (iii)(IV)—

11 (aa) in the header by strik-
12 ing “DETENTION” and inserting
13 “DETENTION, RETURN, OR RE-
14 MOVAL”; and

15 (bb) by adding at the end
16 the following: “The alien shall
17 not be released (including pursu-
18 ant to parole or release pursuant
19 to section 236(a) but excluding
20 as expressly authorized pursuant
21 to section 212(d)(5)) other than
22 to be removed or returned to a
23 country as described in para-
24 graph (3).”;

25 (B) in paragraph (2)—

1 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

2 (I) by striking “Subject to sub-
3 paragraphs (B) and (C),” and insert-
4 ing “Subject to subparagraph (B) and
5 paragraph (3),”; and

6 (II) by adding at the end the fol-
7 lowing: “The alien shall not be re-
8 leased (including pursuant to parole
9 or release pursuant to section 236(a)
10 but excluding as expressly authorized
11 pursuant to section 212(d)(5)) other
12 than to be removed or returned to a
13 country as described in paragraph
14 (3).”; and

15 (ii) by striking subparagraph (C);

16 (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
17 paragraph (5); and

18 (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
19 following:

20 “(3) RETURN TO FOREIGN TERRITORY CONTIG-
21 UOUS TO THE UNITED STATES.—

22 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of
23 Homeland Security may return to a foreign ter-
24 ritory contiguous to the United States any alien
25 arriving on land from that territory (whether or

1 not at a designated port of entry) pending a
2 proceeding under section 240 or review of a de-
3 termination under subsection (b)(1)(B)(iii)(III).

4 “(B) MANDATORY RETURN.—If at any
5 time the Secretary of Homeland Security can-
6 not—

7 “(i) comply with its obligations to de-
8 tain an alien as required under clauses (ii)
9 and (iii)(IV) of subsection (b)(1)(B) and
10 subsection (b)(2)(A); or

11 “(ii) remove an alien to a country de-
12 scribed in section 208(a)(2)(A),

13 the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, with-
14 out exception, including pursuant to parole or
15 release pursuant to section 236(a) but exclud-
16 ing as expressly authorized pursuant to section
17 212(d)(5), return to a foreign territory contig-
18 uous to the United States any alien arriving on
19 land from that territory (whether or not at a
20 designated port of entry) pending a proceeding
21 under section 240 or review of a determination
22 under subsection (b)(1)(B)(iii)(III).

23 “(4) ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS
24 GENERAL.—The attorney general of a State, or
25 other authorized State officer, alleging a violation of

1 the detention, return, or removal requirements under
2 paragraph (1), (2), or (3) that affects such State or
3 its residents, may bring an action against the Sec-
4 retary of Homeland Security on behalf of the resi-
5 dents of the State in an appropriate United States
6 district court to obtain appropriate injunctive re-
7 lief.”; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following:

9 “(e) **AUTHORITY TO PROHIBIT INTRODUCTION OF**
10 **CERTAIN ALIENS.**—If the Secretary of Homeland Security
11 determines, in his discretion, that the prohibition of the
12 introduction of aliens who are inadmissible under subpara-
13 graph (A) or (C) of section 212(a)(6) or under section
14 212(a)(7) at an international land or maritime border of
15 the United States is necessary to achieve operational con-
16 trol (as defined in section 2 of the Secure Fence Act of
17 2006 (8 U.S.C. 1701 note)) of such border, the Secretary
18 may prohibit, in whole or in part, the introduction of such
19 aliens at such border for such period of time as the Sec-
20 retary determines is necessary for such purpose.”.

21 **SEC. 202. OPERATIONAL DETENTION FACILITIES.**

22 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than September 30,
23 2024, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all
24 necessary actions to reopen or restore all U.S. Immigra-
25 tion and Customs Enforcement detention facilities that

1 were in operation on January 20, 2021, that subsequently
2 closed or with respect to which the use was altered, re-
3 duced, or discontinued after January 20, 2021. In car-
4 rying out the requirement under this subsection, the Sec-
5 retary may use the authority under section 103(a)(11) of
6 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
7 1103(a)(11)).

8 (b) SPECIFIC FACILITIES.—The requirement under
9 subsection (a) shall include at a minimum, reopening, or
10 restoring, the following facilities:

11 (1) Irwin County Detention Center in Georgia.

12 (2) C. Carlos Carreiro Immigration Detention
13 Center in Bristol County, Massachusetts.

14 (3) Etowah County Detention Center in Gads-
15 den, Alabama.

16 (4) Glades County Detention Center in Moore
17 Haven, Florida.

18 (5) South Texas Family Residential Center.

19 (c) EXCEPTION.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
21 graphs (2) and (3), the Secretary of Homeland Se-
22 curity is authorized to obtain equivalent capacity for
23 detention facilities at locations other than those list-
24 ed in subsection (b).

1 (2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not take
2 action under paragraph (1) unless the capacity ob-
3 tained would result in a reduction of time and cost
4 relative to the cost and time otherwise required to
5 obtain such capacity.

6 (3) SOUTH TEXAS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL CEN-
7 TER.—The exception under paragraph (1) shall not
8 apply to the South Texas Family Residential Center.
9 The Secretary shall take all necessary steps to mod-
10 ify and operate the South Texas Family Residential
11 Center in the same manner and capability it was op-
12 erating on January 20, 2021.

13 (d) PERIODIC REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after
14 the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days
15 thereafter until September 30, 2027, the Secretary of
16 Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate con-
17 gressional committees a detailed plan for and a status re-
18 port on—

19 (1) compliance with the deadline under sub-
20 section (a);

21 (2) the increase in detention capabilities re-
22 quired by this section—

23 (A) for the 90 day period immediately pre-
24 ceding the date such report is submitted; and

1 (B) for the period beginning on the first
2 day of the fiscal year during which the report
3 is submitted, and ending on the date such re-
4 port is submitted;

5 (3) the number of detention beds that were
6 used and the number of available detention beds
7 that were not used during—

8 (A) the 90 day period immediately pre-
9 ceding the date such report is submitted; and

10 (B) the period beginning on the first day
11 of the fiscal year during which the report is
12 submitted, and ending on the date such report
13 is submitted;

14 (4) the number of aliens released due to a lack
15 of available detention beds; and

16 (5) the resources the Department of Homeland
17 Security needs in order to comply with the require-
18 ments under this section.

19 (e) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
20 curity shall notify Congress, and include with such notifi-
21 cation a detailed description of the resources the Depart-
22 ment of Homeland Security needs in order to detain all
23 aliens whose detention is mandatory or nondiscretionary
24 under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
25 1101 et seq.)—

1 (1) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immi-
2 gration and Customs Enforcement detention facili-
3 ties reach 90 percent of capacity;

4 (2) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immi-
5 gration and Customs Enforcement detention facili-
6 ties reach 95 percent of capacity; and

7 (3) not later than 5 days after all U.S. Immi-
8 gration and Customs Enforcement detention facili-
9 ties reach full capacity.

10 (f) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—

11 In this section, the term “appropriate congressional com-
12 mittees” means—

13 (1) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
14 House of Representatives;

15 (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the
16 House of Representatives;

17 (3) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
18 ate; and

19 (4) the Committee on Appropriations of the
20 Senate.

1 **TITLE III—PREVENTING UNCON-**
2 **TROLLED MIGRATION FLOWS**
3 **IN THE WESTERN HEMI-**
4 **SPHERE**

5 **SEC. 301. UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING WESTERN**
6 **HEMISPHERE COOPERATION ON IMMIGRA-**
7 **TION AND ASYLUM.**

8 It is the policy of the United States to enter into
9 agreements, accords, and memoranda of understanding
10 with countries in the Western Hemisphere, the purposes
11 of which are to advance the interests of the United States
12 by reducing costs associated with illegal immigration and
13 to protect the human capital, societal traditions, and eco-
14 nomic growth of other countries in the Western Hemi-
15 sphere. It is further the policy of the United States to
16 ensure that humanitarian and development assistance
17 funding aimed at reducing illegal immigration is not ex-
18 pended on programs that have not proven to reduce illegal
19 immigrant flows in the aggregate.

20 **SEC. 302. NEGOTIATIONS BY SECRETARY OF STATE.**

21 (a) **AUTHORIZATION TO NEGOTIATE.**—The Secretary
22 of State shall seek to negotiate agreements, accords, and
23 memoranda of understanding between the United States,
24 Mexico, Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala, and other
25 countries in the Western Hemisphere with respect to co-

1 operation and burden sharing required for effective re-
2 gional immigration enforcement, expediting legal claims by
3 aliens for asylum, and the processing, detention, and repa-
4 triation of foreign nationals seeking to enter the United
5 States unlawfully. Such agreements shall be designed to
6 facilitate a regional approach to immigration enforcement
7 and shall, at a minimum, provide that—

8 (1) the Government of Mexico authorize and ac-
9 cept the rapid entrance into Mexico of nationals of
10 countries other than Mexico who seek asylum in
11 Mexico, and process the asylum claims of such na-
12 tionals inside Mexico, in accordance with both do-
13 mestic law and international treaties and conven-
14 tions governing the processing of asylum claims;

15 (2) the Government of Mexico authorize and ac-
16 cept both the rapid entrance into Mexico of all na-
17 tionals of countries other than Mexico who are ineli-
18 gible for asylum in Mexico and wish to apply for
19 asylum in the United States, whether or not at a
20 port of entry, and the continued presence of such
21 nationals in Mexico while they wait for the adjudica-
22 tion of their asylum claims to conclude in the United
23 States;

1 (3) the Government of Mexico commit to pro-
2 vide the individuals described in paragraphs (1) and
3 (2) with appropriate humanitarian protections;

4 (4) the Government of Honduras, the Govern-
5 ment of El Salvador, and the Government of Guate-
6 mala each authorize and accept the entrance into
7 the respective countries of nationals of other coun-
8 tries seeking asylum in the applicable such country
9 and process such claims in accordance with applica-
10 ble domestic law and international treaties and con-
11 ventions governing the processing of asylum claims;

12 (5) the Government of the United States com-
13 mit to work to accelerate the adjudication of asylum
14 claims and to conclude removal proceedings in the
15 wake of asylum adjudications as expeditiously as
16 possible;

17 (6) the Government of the United States com-
18 mit to continue to assist the governments of coun-
19 tries in the Western Hemisphere, such as the Gov-
20 ernment of Honduras, the Government of El Sal-
21 vador, and the Government of Guatemala, by sup-
22 porting the enhancement of asylum capacity in those
23 countries; and

24 (7) the Government of the United States com-
25 mit to monitoring developments in hemispheric im-

1 migration trends and regional asylum capabilities to
2 determine whether additional asylum cooperation
3 agreements are warranted.

4 (b) NOTIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH CASE-ZA-
5 BLOCKI ACT.—The Secretary of State shall, in accordance
6 with section 112b of title 1, United States Code, promptly
7 inform the relevant congressional committees of each
8 agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a). Such
9 notifications shall be submitted not later than 48 hours
10 after such agreements are signed.

11 (c) ALIEN DEFINED.—In this section, the term
12 “alien” has the meaning given such term in section 101
13 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

14 **SEC. 303. MANDATORY BRIEFINGS ON UNITED STATES EF-**
15 **FORTS TO ADDRESS THE BORDER CRISIS.**

16 (a) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days
17 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less
18 frequently than once every 90 days thereafter until the
19 date described in subsection (b), the Secretary of State,
20 or the designee of the Secretary of State, shall provide
21 to the appropriate congressional committees an in-person
22 briefing on efforts undertaken pursuant to the negotiation
23 authority provided by section 302 of this title to monitor,
24 deter, and prevent illegal immigration to the United
25 States, including by entering into agreements, accords,

1 and memoranda of understanding with foreign countries
2 and by using United States foreign assistance to stem the
3 root causes of migration in the Western Hemisphere.

4 (b) TERMINATION OF MANDATORY BRIEFING.—The
5 date described in this subsection is the date on which the
6 Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other
7 relevant Federal departments and agencies, determines
8 and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees
9 that illegal immigration flows have subsided to a manage-
10 able rate.

11 (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
12 FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congres-
13 sional committees” means the Committee on Foreign Af-
14 fairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee
15 on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

16 **TITLE IV—ENSURING UNITED** 17 **FAMILIES AT THE BORDER**

18 **SEC. 401. CLARIFICATION OF STANDARDS FOR FAMILY DE-** 19 **TENTION.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 235 of the William Wil-
21 berforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization
22 Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) is amended by adding at
23 the end the following:

24 “(j) CONSTRUCTION.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
2 provision of law, judicial determination, consent de-
3 cree, or settlement agreement, the detention of any
4 alien child who is not an unaccompanied alien child
5 shall be governed by sections 217, 235, 236, and
6 241 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
7 U.S.C. 1187, 1225, 1226, and 1231). There is no
8 presumption that an alien child who is not an unac-
9 companied alien child should not be detained.

10 “(2) FAMILY DETENTION.—The Secretary of
11 Homeland Security shall—

12 “(A) maintain the care and custody of an
13 alien, during the period during which the
14 charges described in clause (i) are pending,
15 who—

16 “(i) is charged only with a mis-
17 demeanor offense under section 275(a) of
18 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
19 U.S.C. 1325(a)); and

20 “(ii) entered the United States with
21 the alien’s child who has not attained 18
22 years of age; and

23 “(B) detain the alien with the alien’s
24 child.”.

1 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
2 gress that the amendments in this section to section 235
3 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection
4 Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) are intended
5 to satisfy the requirements of the Settlement Agreement
6 in *Flores v. Meese*, No. 85–4544 (C.D. Cal), as approved
7 by the court on January 28, 1997, with respect to its in-
8 terpretation in *Flores v. Johnson*, 212 F. Supp. 3d 864
9 (C.D. Cal. 2015), that the agreement applies to accom-
10 panied minors.

11 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
12 subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enact-
13 ment of this Act and shall apply to all actions that occur
14 before, on, or after such date.

15 (d) PREEMPTION OF STATE LICENSING REQUIRE-
16 MENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, ju-
17 dicial determination, consent decree, or settlement agree-
18 ment, no State may require that an immigration detention
19 facility used to detain children who have not attained 18
20 years of age, or families consisting of one or more of such
21 children and the parents or legal guardians of such chil-
22 dren, that is located in that State, be licensed by the State
23 or any political subdivision thereof.

1 **TITLE V—PROTECTION OF**
2 **CHILDREN**

3 **SEC. 501. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress makes the following findings:

5 (1) Implementation of the provisions of the
6 Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act
7 of 2008 that govern unaccompanied alien children
8 has incentivized multiple surges of unaccompanied
9 alien children arriving at the southwest border in the
10 years since the bill's enactment.

11 (2) The provisions of the Trafficking Victims
12 Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 that govern
13 unaccompanied alien children treat unaccompanied
14 alien children from countries that are contiguous to
15 the United States disparately by swiftly returning
16 them to their home country absent indications of
17 trafficking or a credible fear of return, but allowing
18 for the release of unaccompanied alien children from
19 noncontiguous countries into the interior of the
20 United States, often to those individuals who paid to
21 smuggle them into the country in the first place.

22 (3) The provisions of the Trafficking Victims
23 Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 governing
24 unaccompanied alien children have enriched the car-
25 tels, who profit hundreds of millions of dollars each

1 year by smuggling unaccompanied alien children to
2 the southwest border, exploiting and sexually abus-
3 ing many such unaccompanied alien children on the
4 perilous journey.

5 (4) Prior to 2008, the number of unaccom-
6 panied alien children encountered at the southwest
7 border never exceeded 1,000 in a single year.

8 (5) The United States is currently in the midst
9 of the worst crisis of unaccompanied alien children
10 in our nation's history, with over 350,000 such un-
11 accompanied alien children encountered at the
12 southwest border since Joe Biden became President.

13 (6) In 2022, during the Biden Administration,
14 152,057 unaccompanied alien children were encoun-
15 tered, the most ever in a single year and an over
16 400 percent increase compared to the last full fiscal
17 year of the Trump Administration in which 33,239
18 unaccompanied alien children were encountered.

19 (7) The Biden Administration has lost contact
20 with at least 85,000 unaccompanied alien children
21 who entered the United States since Joe Biden took
22 office.

23 (8) The Biden Administration dismantled effec-
24 tive safeguards put in place by the Trump Adminis-
25 tration that protected unaccompanied alien children

1 from being abused by criminals or exploited for ille-
2 gal and dangerous child labor.

3 (9) A recent New York Times investigation
4 found that unaccompanied alien children are being
5 exploited in the labor market and “are ending up in
6 some of the most punishing jobs in the country.”.

7 (10) The Times investigation found unaccom-
8 panied alien children, “under intense pressure to
9 earn money” in order to “send cash back to their
10 families while often being in debt to their sponsors
11 for smuggling fees, rent, and living expenses,”
12 feared “that they had become trapped in cir-
13 cumstances they never could have imagined.”.

14 (11) The Biden Administration’s Department of
15 Health and Human Services Secretary Xavier
16 Becerra compared placing unaccompanied alien chil-
17 dren with sponsors, to widgets in an assembly line,
18 stating that, “If Henry Ford had seen this in his
19 plant, he would have never become famous and rich.
20 This is not the way you do an assembly line.”.

21 (12) Department of Health and Human Serv-
22 ices employees working under Secretary Xavier
23 Becerra’s leadership penned a July 2021 memo-
24 randum expressing serious concern that “labor traf-
25 ficking was increasing” and that the agency had be-

1 come “one that rewards individuals for making quick
2 releases, and not one that rewards individuals for
3 preventing unsafe releases.”.

4 (13) Despite this, Secretary Xavier Becerra
5 pressured then-Director of the Office of Refugee Re-
6 settlement Cindy Huang to prioritize releases of un-
7 accompanied alien children over ensuring their safe-
8 ty, telling her “if she could not increase the number
9 of discharges he would find someone who could” and
10 then-Director Huang resigned one month later.

11 (14) In June 2014, the Obama-Biden Adminis-
12 tration requested legal authority to exercise discre-
13 tion in returning and removing unaccompanied alien
14 children from non-contiguous countries back to their
15 home countries.

16 (15) In August 2014, the House of Representa-
17 tives passed H.R. 5320, which included the Protec-
18 tion of Children Act.

19 (16) This title ends the disparate policies of the
20 Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act
21 of 2008 by ensuring the swift return of all unaccom-
22 panied alien children to their country of origin if
23 they are not victims of trafficking and do not have
24 a fear of return.

1 **SEC. 502. REPATRIATION OF UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN CHIL-**
2 **DREN.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 235 of the William Wil-
4 berforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization
5 Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1232) is amended—

6 (1) in subsection (a)—

7 (A) in paragraph (2)—

8 (i) by amending the heading to read
9 as follows: “RULES FOR UNACCOMPANIED
10 ALIEN CHILDREN.—”;

11 (ii) in subparagraph (A)—

12 (I) in the matter preceding clause
13 (i), by striking “who is a national or
14 habitual resident of a country that is
15 contiguous with the United States”;

16 (II) in clause (i), by inserting
17 “and” at the end;

18 (III) in clause (ii), by striking “;
19 and” and inserting a period; and

20 (IV) by striking clause (iii); and
21 (iii) in subparagraph (B)—

22 (I) in the matter preceding clause
23 (i), by striking “(8 U.S.C. 1101 et
24 seq.) may—” and inserting “(8
25 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)—”;

1 (II) in clause (i), by inserting be-
2 fore “permit such child to withdraw”
3 the following: “may”; and

4 (III) in clause (ii), by inserting
5 before “return such child” the fol-
6 lowing: “shall”; and

7 (B) in paragraph (5)(D)—

8 (i) in the matter preceding clause (i),
9 by striking “, except for an unaccompanied
10 alien child from a contiguous country sub-
11 ject to exceptions under subsection (a)(2),”
12 and inserting “who does not meet the cri-
13 teria listed in paragraph (2)(A)”; and

14 (ii) in clause (i), by inserting before
15 the semicolon at the end the following: “,
16 which shall include a hearing before an im-
17 migration judge not later than 14 days
18 after being screened under paragraph (4)”;
19

(2) in subsection (b)—

20 (A) in paragraph (2)—

21 (i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
22 before the semicolon the following: “be-
23 lieved not to meet the criteria listed in sub-
24 section (a)(2)(A)”; and

1 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
2 before the period the following: “and does
3 not meet the criteria listed in subsection
4 (a)(2)(A)”;

5 (B) in paragraph (3), by striking “an un-
6 accompanied alien child in custody shall” and
7 all that follows, and inserting the following: “an
8 unaccompanied alien child in custody—

9 “(A) in the case of a child who does not
10 meet the criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A),
11 shall transfer the custody of such child to the
12 Secretary of Health and Human Services not
13 later than 30 days after determining that such
14 child is an unaccompanied alien child who does
15 not meet such criteria; or

16 “(B) in the case of a child who meets the
17 criteria listed in subsection (a)(2)(A), may
18 transfer the custody of such child to the Sec-
19 retary of Health and Human Services after de-
20 termining that such child is an unaccompanied
21 alien child who meets such criteria.”;

22 (3) in subsection (c)—

23 (A) in paragraph (3), by inserting at the
24 end the following:

1 “(D) INFORMATION ABOUT INDIVIDUALS
2 WITH WHOM CHILDREN ARE PLACED.—

3 “(i) INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED
4 TO HOMELAND SECURITY.—Before placing
5 a child with an individual, the Secretary of
6 Health and Human Services shall provide
7 to the Secretary of Homeland Security, re-
8 garding the individual with whom the child
9 will be placed, information on—

10 “(I) the name of the individual;

11 “(II) the social security number
12 of the individual;

13 “(III) the date of birth of the in-
14 dividual;

15 “(IV) the location of the individ-
16 ual’s residence where the child will be
17 placed;

18 “(V) the immigration status of
19 the individual, if known; and

20 “(VI) contact information for the
21 individual.

22 “(ii) ACTIVITIES OF THE SECRETARY
23 OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—Not later than
24 30 days after receiving the information
25 listed in clause (i), the Secretary of Home-

1 land Security, upon determining that an
2 individual with whom a child is placed is
3 unlawfully present in the United States
4 and not in removal proceedings pursuant
5 to chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration
6 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1221 et
7 seq.), shall initiate such removal pro-
8 ceedings.”; and

9 (B) in paragraph (5)—

10 (i) by inserting after “to the greatest
11 extent practicable” the following: “(at no
12 expense to the Government)”; and

13 (ii) by striking “have counsel to rep-
14 resent them” and inserting “have access to
15 counsel to represent them”.

16 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
17 this section shall apply to any unaccompanied alien child
18 (as such term is defined in section 462(g) of the Home-
19 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g))) apprehended
20 on or after the date that is 30 days after the date of the
21 enactment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 503. SPECIAL IMMIGRANT JUVENILE STATUS FOR IM-**
2 **MIGRANTS UNABLE TO REUNITE WITH EI-**
3 **THIER PARENT.**

4 Section 101(a)(27)(J) of the Immigration and Na-
5 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(J)) is amended—

6 (1) in clause (i), by striking “, and whose reuni-
7 fication with 1 or both of the immigrant’s parents
8 is not viable due to abuse, neglect, abandonment, or
9 a similar basis found under State law”; and

10 (2) in clause (iii)—

11 (A) in subclause (I), by striking “and” at
12 the end;

13 (B) in subclause (II), by inserting “and”
14 after the semicolon; and

15 (C) by adding at the end the following:

16 “(III) an alien may not be grant-
17 ed special immigrant status under this
18 subparagraph if the alien’s reunifica-
19 tion with any one parent or legal
20 guardian is not precluded by abuse,
21 neglect, abandonment, or any similar
22 cause under State law;”.

23 **SEC. 504. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**

24 Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the
25 following procedures or practices relating to an unaccom-

1 panied alien child (as defined in section 462(g)(2) of the
2 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 279(g)(2))):

3 (1) Screening of such a child for a credible fear
4 of return to his or her country of origin.

5 (2) Screening of such a child to determine
6 whether he or she was a victim of trafficking.

7 (3) Department of Health and Human Services
8 policy in effect on the date of the enactment of this
9 Act requiring a home study for such a child if he or
10 she is under 12 years of age.

11 **TITLE VI—VISA OVERSTAYS** 12 **PENALTIES**

13 **SEC. 601. EXPANDED PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL ENTRY OR** 14 **PRESENCE.**

15 Section 275 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
16 (8 U.S.C. 1325) is amended—

17 (1) in subsection (a) by inserting after “for a
18 subsequent commission of any such offense” the fol-
19 lowing: “or if the alien was previously convicted of
20 an offense under subsection (e)(2)(A)”;

21 (2) in subsection (b)—

22 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “at least
23 \$50 and not more than \$250” and inserting
24 “not less than \$500 and not more than
25 \$1,000”; and

1 (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting after
2 “in the case of an alien who has been previously
3 subject to a civil penalty under this subsection”
4 the following: “or subsection (e)(2)(B)”; and
5 (3) by adding at the end the following:

6 “(e) VISA OVERSTAYS.—

7 “(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien who was admitted
8 as a nonimmigrant has violated this paragraph if the
9 alien, for an aggregate of 10 days or more, has
10 failed—

11 “(A) to maintain the nonimmigrant status
12 in which the alien was admitted, or to which it
13 was changed under section 248, including com-
14 plying with the period of stay authorized by the
15 Secretary of Homeland Security in connection
16 with such status; or

17 “(B) to comply otherwise with the condi-
18 tions of such nonimmigrant status.

19 “(2) PENALTIES.—An alien who has violated
20 paragraph (1)—

21 “(A) shall—

22 “(i) for the first commission of such a
23 violation, be fined under title 18, United
24 States Code, or imprisoned not more than
25 6 months, or both; and

1 “(ii) for a subsequent commission of
2 such a violation, or if the alien was pre-
3 viously convicted of an offense under sub-
4 section (a), be fined under such title 18, or
5 imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both;
6 and

7 “(B) in addition to, and not in lieu of, any
8 penalty under subparagraph (A) and any other
9 criminal or civil penalties that may be imposed,
10 shall be subject to a civil penalty of—

11 “(i) not less than \$500 and not more
12 than \$1,000 for each violation; or

13 “(ii) twice the amount specified in
14 clause (i), in the case of an alien who has
15 been previously subject to a civil penalty
16 under this subparagraph or subsection
17 (b).”.

18 **TITLE VII—IMMIGRATION**

19 **PAROLE REFORM**

20 **SEC. 701. IMMIGRATION PAROLE REFORM.**

21 Section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality
22 Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) is amended to read as follows:

23 “(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B)
24 and (C) and section 214(f), the Secretary of Homeland
25 Security, in the discretion of the Secretary, may tempo-

1 rarely parole into the United States any alien applying for
2 admission to the United States who is not present in the
3 United States, under such conditions as the Secretary may
4 prescribe, on a case-by-case basis, and not according to
5 eligibility criteria describing an entire class of potential
6 parole recipients, for urgent humanitarian reasons or sig-
7 nificant public benefit. Parole granted under this subpara-
8 graph may not be regarded as an admission of the alien.
9 When the purposes of such parole have been served in the
10 opinion of the Secretary, the alien shall immediately re-
11 turn or be returned to the custody from which the alien
12 was paroled. After such return, the case of the alien shall
13 be dealt with in the same manner as the case of any other
14 applicant for admission to the United States.

15 “(B) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant
16 parole to any alien who—

17 “(i) is present in the United States without
18 lawful immigration status;

19 “(ii) is the beneficiary of an approved petition
20 under section 203(a);

21 “(iii) is not otherwise inadmissible or remov-
22 able; and

23 “(iv) is the spouse or child of a member of the
24 Armed Forces serving on active duty.

1 “(C) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant
2 parole to any alien—

3 “(i) who is a national of the Republic of Cuba
4 and is living in the Republic of Cuba;

5 “(ii) who is the beneficiary of an approved peti-
6 tion under section 203(a);

7 “(iii) for whom an immigrant visa is not imme-
8 diately available;

9 “(iv) who meets all eligibility requirements for
10 an immigrant visa;

11 “(v) who is not otherwise inadmissible; and

12 “(vi) who is receiving a grant of parole in fur-
13 therance of the commitment of the United States to
14 the minimum level of annual legal migration of
15 Cuban nationals to the United States specified in
16 the U.S.-Cuba Joint Communiqué on Migration,
17 done at New York September 9, 1994, and re-
18 affirmed in the Cuba-United States: Joint Statement
19 on Normalization of Migration, Building on the
20 Agreement of September 9, 1994, done at New York
21 May 2, 1995.

22 “(D) The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant
23 parole to an alien who is returned to a contiguous country
24 under section 235(b)(3) to allow the alien to attend the
25 alien’s immigration hearing. The grant of parole shall not

1 exceed the time required for the alien to be escorted to,
2 and attend, the alien’s immigration hearing scheduled on
3 the same calendar day as the grant, and to immediately
4 thereafter be escorted back to the contiguous country. A
5 grant of parole under this subparagraph shall not be con-
6 sidered for purposes of determining whether the alien is
7 inadmissible under this Act.

8 “(E) For purposes of determining an alien’s eligi-
9 bility for parole under subparagraph (A), an urgent hu-
10 manitarian reason shall be limited to circumstances in
11 which the alien establishes that—

12 “(i)(I) the alien has a medical emergency; and

13 “(II)(aa) the alien cannot obtain necessary
14 treatment in the foreign state in which the alien is
15 residing; or

16 “(bb) the medical emergency is life-threatening
17 and there is insufficient time for the alien to be ad-
18 mitted to the United States through the normal visa
19 process;

20 “(ii) the alien is the parent or legal guardian of
21 an alien described in clause (i) and the alien de-
22 scribed in clause (i) is a minor;

23 “(iii) the alien is needed in the United States
24 in order to donate an organ or other tissue for
25 transplant and there is insufficient time for the alien

1 to be admitted to the United States through the nor-
2 mal visa process;

3 “(iv) the alien has a close family member in the
4 United States whose death is imminent and the alien
5 could not arrive in the United States in time to see
6 such family member alive if the alien were to be ad-
7 mitted to the United States through the normal visa
8 process;

9 “(v) the alien is seeking to attend the funeral
10 of a close family member and the alien could not ar-
11 rive in the United States in time to attend such fu-
12 neral if the alien were to be admitted to the United
13 States through the normal visa process;

14 “(vi) the alien is an adopted child with an ur-
15 gent medical condition who is in the legal custody of
16 the petitioner for a final adoption-related visa and
17 whose medical treatment is required before the ex-
18 pected award of a final adoption-related visa; or

19 “(vii) the alien is a lawful applicant for adjust-
20 ment of status under section 245 and is returning
21 to the United States after temporary travel abroad.

22 “(F) For purposes of determining an alien’s eligi-
23 bility for parole under subparagraph (A), a significant
24 public benefit may be determined to result from the parole
25 of an alien only if—

1 “(i) the alien has assisted (or will assist, wheth-
2 er knowingly or not) the United States Government
3 in a law enforcement matter;

4 “(ii) the alien’s presence is required by the Gov-
5 ernment in furtherance of such law enforcement
6 matter; and

7 “(iii) the alien is inadmissible, does not satisfy
8 the eligibility requirements for admission as a non-
9 immigrant, or there is insufficient time for the alien
10 to be admitted to the United States through the nor-
11 mal visa process.

12 “(G) For purposes of determining an alien’s eligi-
13 bility for parole under subparagraph (A), the term ‘case-
14 by-case basis’ means that the facts in each individual case
15 are considered and parole is not granted based on mem-
16 bership in a defined class of aliens to be granted parole.
17 The fact that aliens are considered for or granted parole
18 one-by-one and not as a group is not sufficient to establish
19 that the parole decision is made on a ‘case-by-case basis’.

20 “(H) The Secretary of Homeland Security may not
21 use the parole authority under this paragraph to parole
22 an alien into the United States for any reason or purpose
23 other than those described in subparagraphs (B), (C), (D),
24 (E), and (F).

1 “(I) An alien granted parole may not accept employ-
2 ment, except that an alien granted parole pursuant to sub-
3 paragraph (B) or (C) is authorized to accept employment
4 for the duration of the parole, as evidenced by an employ-
5 ment authorization document issued by the Secretary of
6 Homeland Security.

7 “(J) Parole granted after a departure from the
8 United States shall not be regarded as an admission of
9 the alien. An alien granted parole, whether as an initial
10 grant of parole or parole upon reentry into the United
11 States, is not eligible to adjust status to lawful permanent
12 residence or for any other immigration benefit if the immi-
13 gration status the alien had at the time of departure did
14 not authorize the alien to adjust status or to be eligible
15 for such benefit.

16 “(K)(i) Except as provided in clauses (ii) and (iii),
17 parole shall be granted to an alien under this paragraph
18 for the shorter of—

19 “(I) a period of sufficient length to accomplish
20 the activity described in subparagraph (D), (E), or
21 (F) for which the alien was granted parole; or

22 “(II) 1 year.

23 “(ii) Grants of parole pursuant to subparagraph (A)
24 may be extended once, in the discretion of the Secretary,
25 for an additional period that is the shorter of—

1 “(I) the period that is necessary to accomplish
2 the activity described in subparagraph (E) or (F) for
3 which the alien was granted parole; or

4 “(II) 1 year.

5 “(iii) Aliens who have a pending application to adjust
6 status to permanent residence under section 245 may re-
7 quest extensions of parole under this paragraph, in 1-year
8 increments, until the application for adjustment has been
9 adjudicated. Such parole shall terminate immediately upon
10 the denial of such adjustment application.

11 “(L) Not later than 90 days after the last day of each
12 fiscal year, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall sub-
13 mit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and
14 the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
15 resentatives and make available to the public, a report—

16 “(i) identifying the total number of aliens pa-
17 roled into the United States under this paragraph
18 during the previous fiscal year; and

19 “(ii) containing information and data regarding
20 all aliens paroled during such fiscal year, includ-
21 ing—

22 “(I) the duration of parole;

23 “(II) the type of parole; and

24 “(III) the current status of the aliens so
25 paroled.”.

1 **SEC. 702. IMPLEMENTATION.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
3 (b), this title and the amendments made by this title shall
4 take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of
5 the enactment of this Act.

6 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a),
7 each of the following exceptions apply:

8 (1) Any application for parole or advance parole
9 filed by an alien before the date of the enactment of
10 this Act shall be adjudicated under the law that was
11 in effect on the date on which the application was
12 properly filed and any approved advance parole shall
13 remain valid under the law that was in effect on the
14 date on which the advance parole was approved.

15 (2) Section 212(d)(5)(J) of the Immigration
16 and Nationality Act, as added by section 701 of this
17 title, shall take effect on the date of the enactment
18 of this Act.

19 (3) Aliens who were paroled into the United
20 States pursuant to section 212(d)(5)(A) of the Im-
21 migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
22 1182(d)(5)(A)) before January 1, 2024, shall con-
23 tinue to be subject to the terms of parole that were
24 in effect on the date on which their respective parole
25 was approved.

1 **SEC. 703. CAUSE OF ACTION.**

2 Any person, State, or local government that experi-
3 ences financial harm in excess of \$1,000 due to a failure
4 of the Federal Government to lawfully apply the provisions
5 of this title or the amendments made by this title shall
6 have standing to bring a civil action against the Federal
7 Government in an appropriate district court of the United
8 States for appropriate relief.

9 **SEC. 704. SEVERABILITY.**

10 If any provision of this title or any amendment by
11 this title, or the application of such provision or amend-
12 ment to any person or circumstance, is held to be uncon-
13 stitutional, the remainder of this title and the application
14 of such provision or amendment to any other person or
15 circumstance shall not be affected.

16 **TITLE VIII—SUPPORTING OUR**
17 **BORDER STATES**

18 **SEC. 801. BORDER BARRIER GRANTS.**

19 (a) **AUTHORIZATION.**—Notwithstanding any other
20 provision of law, not later than 30 days after the President
21 receives from the Governor of a southwest border State
22 a certification that the Governor intends to use a grant
23 under this section for a purpose set forth in subsection
24 (b), the President shall—

1 (1) acting through the Secretary of the Treas-
2 ury, disburse the amount determined with respect to
3 the State under subsection (c); and

4 (2) ensure that all relevant Federal entities
5 take such actions as may be necessary to allow for
6 the use of grant funds in accordance with subsection
7 (b).

8 (b) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—A grant under this sec-
9 tion shall be used for the construction of a southwest bor-
10 der barrier, including continuing the construction of or re-
11 pairs to portions of existing border barrier sufficient to
12 prevent vehicular and pedestrian crossings across the
13 southwest border from Mexico into the United States, and
14 associated infrastructure, including physical barriers and
15 associated detection technology, roads, and lighting.

16 (c) DETERMINATION OF GRANT AMOUNT.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The amount disbursed to a
18 southwest border State under this section shall be
19 equal to the amount determined with respect to the
20 State under paragraph (2).

21 (2) RATIO.—Of the total amount appropriated
22 under section 803(c)(1), the amount disbursed to a
23 southwest border State shall be in an amount that
24 bears the same ratio of—

1 (A) the number of miles along the south-
2 west border of the United States located in that
3 State where there is no border barrier to—

4 (B) the total number of miles along the
5 southwest border of the United States where
6 there is no border barrier.

7 (3) DETERMINATIONS.—Not later than 30 days
8 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
9 retary of Homeland Security shall make the deter-
10 minations under paragraph (2).

11 **SEC. 802. LAW ENFORCEMENT REIMBURSEMENT GRANTS.**

12 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other
13 provision of law, not later than 30 days after the President
14 receives from the Governor of a southwest border State
15 a certification that the Governor intends to use a grant
16 under this section for a purpose set forth in subsection
17 (b), the President shall acting through the Secretary of
18 the Treasury, disburse the amount determined with re-
19 spect to the State under subsection (c).

20 (b) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—A grant under this sec-
21 tion may be used for the reimbursement of expenditures
22 related to the deployment of law enforcement or the Na-
23 tional Guard at the southwest border of the United States,
24 in furtherance of any law enforcement operation related
25 to border security or immigration enforcement conducted

1 by a Governor of a southwest border State (such as Texas
2 Governor Greg Abbott's Operational Lone Star), to—

3 (1) enforce the law of that State;

4 (2) secure that border;

5 (3) combat international criminal activity, in-
6 cluding human trafficking, illicit narcotics traf-
7 ficking (including fentanyl trafficking), and cartel or
8 gang activity;

9 (4) detect and deter the unlawful entry of any
10 alien; or

11 (5) arrest and detain any alien who unlawfully
12 enters the United States or who is present in the
13 United States without lawful status under the immi-
14 gration laws (as such term is defined in section 101
15 of the Immigration and Nationality Act).

16 (c) DETERMINATION OF GRANT AMOUNT.—

17 (1) INITIAL GRANT.—Of the total amount ap-
18 propriated under section 803(c)(2), the amount dis-
19 bursed to a southwest border State shall be in an
20 amount that bears the same ratio of—

21 (A) the number border encounters along
22 the southwest border of the United States in
23 that State, as reported in the statistics for fis-
24 cal year 2023 compiled by U.S. Customs and

1 Border Protection entitled “Southwest Land
2 Border Encounters”, to—

3 (B) the total number of border encounters
4 along the southwest border of the United States
5 for fiscal year 2023.

6 (2) SUBSEQUENT GRANT.—Of the total amount
7 reallocated under section 803(d), the amount dis-
8 bursed to a southwest border State shall be in an
9 amount that bears the same ratio of—

10 (A) the amount of expenditures that are el-
11 igible for reimbursement under this section for
12 which the State has not been reimbursed to—

13 (B) the total amount of expenditures that
14 are eligible for reimbursement under this sec-
15 tion for which all southwest border States have
16 not been reimbursed.

17 (d) PERIOD OF EXPENDITURES.—

18 (1) INITIAL GRANT.—An initial grant under
19 this section may be used for expenditures incurred
20 during the period beginning on January 20, 2021
21 and ending on the date on which the State receives
22 the grant.

23 (2) SUBSEQUENT GRANT.—A subsequent grant
24 under this section may be used for expenditures in-
25 curred on or after January 20, 2021.

1 **SEC. 803. BORDER EMERGENCY AND STATE SECURITY**
2 **FUND.**

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the
4 general fund of the Treasury a separate account which
5 shall be known as the “Border Emergency and State Secu-
6 rity Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Fund”).

7 (b) APPROPRIATIONS.—There is hereby appropriated
8 to the Fund \$9,500,000,000 to remain available until ex-
9 pended.

10 (c) ALLOCATION.—Of the amounts appropriated
11 under subsection (b)—

12 (1) \$6,000,000,000 is for grants under section
13 801; and

14 (2) \$3,500,000,000 is for grants under section
15 802.

16 (d) REALLOCATION.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—On October 1, 2024, any
18 covered funds shall be made available to southwest
19 border States, or used by such States, as applicable,
20 for grants under section 802.

21 (2) COVERED FUNDS DEFINED.—In this sub-
22 section, the term “covered funds” means—

23 (A) funds allocated under subsection (c)(1)
24 that have not been obligated for grants under
25 section 801 or that a southwest border State

1 certifies will not be used for a grant received
2 under such section 2; and

3 (B) funds allocated under subsection (c)(2)
4 that have not been obligated for grants under
5 section 802 or that a southwest border State
6 certifies will not be used for a grant received
7 under such section 3.

8 (e) RESCISSION.—The total amount of unobligated
9 funds made available by section 101(e) of the Fiscal Re-
10 sponsibility Act of 2023 (Public Law 118–5) for the De-
11 partment of Commerce Nonrecurring Expenses Fund are
12 hereby permanently rescinded.

13 **SEC. 804. DEFINITIONS.**

14 In this title:

15 (1) The term “alien” has the meaning given
16 such term in section 101 of the Immigration and
17 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101)

18 (2) The term “southwest border State” means
19 Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, or California.

