Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, H. R. 2766, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a complete new text)

118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H. R. 2766

To support the human rights of Uyghurs and members of other minority groups residing primarily in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region and safeguard their distinct identity, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 20, 2023

Mrs. Kim of California (for herself, Mr. Bera, Mrs. Radewagen, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Hill, Ms. Tenney, Mr. Johnson of Ohio, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Peters, Ms. Titus, Ms. Norton, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Keating, Mr. Costa, Ms. Wild, Ms. Tokuda, and Ms. Wexton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

A BILL

To support the human rights of Uyghurs and members of other minority groups residing primarily in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region and safeguard their distinct identity, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

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SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Uyghur Policy Act of
3	2023".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) The People's Republic of China (PRC) con-7 tinues to repress the distinct Islamic, Turkic identity 8 of Uyghurs and members of other ethnic and reli-9 gious minority groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur Au-10 tonomous Region (XUAR) in northwestern China and other areas of their habitual residence.
 - (2) Uyghurs, and other predominantly Muslim ethnic minorities historically making up the majority of the XUAR population, have maintained throughout their history a distinct religious and cultural identity.
 - (3) Human rights, including freedom of religion or belief, and respect for the Uyghurs' unique Muslim identity are legitimate interests of the international community.
 - (4) The People's Republic of China has ratified the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights and has also signed the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.
- 25 (5) An official campaign to encourage Han Chi-26 nese migration into the XUAR has placed immense

1	pressure on those who seek to preserve the ethnic,
2	cultural, religious, and linguistic traditions of the
3	Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious minority
4	groups.
5	(6) PRC authorities have supported an influx of
6	Han Chinese economic immigrants into the XUAR,
7	implemented discrimination against Uyghurs and
8	other minorities in hiring practices, and provided un-
9	equal access to healthcare services.
10	(7) The authorities of the People's Republic of
11	China have manipulated the strategic objectives of
12	the international war on terror to mask their in-
13	creasing cultural and religious oppression of the
14	Muslim population residing in the XUAR.
15	(8) Following unrest in the region, in 2014,
16	Chinese authorities launched their "Strike Hard
17	against Violent Extremism" campaign, in which du-
18	bious allegations of widespread extremist activity
19	were used as justification for gross human rights
20	violations committed against Uyghurs and members
21	of other minority communities in the XUAR.
22	(9) PRC authorities have made use of the legal
23	system as a tool of repression, including for the im-
24	position of arbitrary detentions and for torture

1	against members of the Uyghur community and
2	other minority populations.
3	(10) Uyghurs and Kazakhs who have secured
4	citizenship or permanent residency outside of the
5	PRC have attested to repeated threats, harassment,
6	and surveillance by PRC officials.
7	(11) Reporting from international news organi-
8	zations has found that over the past decade, family
9	members of Uyghurs and other minority groups liv-
10	ing outside of the PRC have gone missing or been
11	detained to force Uyghur expatriates to return to
12	the PRC or silence their dissent.
13	(12) Credible evidence from human rights orga-
14	nizations, think tanks, and journalists confirms that
15	more than 1,000,000 Uyghurs and members of other
16	Muslim ethnic minority groups have been imprisoned
17	in "political reeducation" centers.
18	(13) Independent accounts from former detain-
19	ees of "political reeducation" centers describe inhu-
20	mane conditions and treatment including forced po-
21	litical indoctrination, torture, beatings, rape, forced
22	sterilization, and food deprivation.
23	(14) Former detainees of PRC so-called "polit-
24	ical reeducation" centers also confirmed that they
25	were told by guards the only way to secure release

1	was to demonstrate sufficient political loyalty to the
2	PRC Government and the Chinese Communist
3	Party.
4	(15) Popular discourse surrounding the ongoing
5	atrocities in the XUAR and advocacy efforts to as-
6	sist Uyghurs remains muted in much of the world,
7	including in most Muslim majority nations.
8	(16) Both Secretary of State Antony Blinken
9	and Former Secretary of State Michael Pompeo
10	have stated that the PRC government has com-
11	mitted genocide and crimes against humanity
12	against Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious mi-
13	norities in the XUAR.
14	(17) Government bodies of multiple nations
15	have also declared that PRC government atrocities
16	against such populations in the XUAR constitute
17	genocide, including the parliaments of the United
18	Kingdom, Belgium, Czechia, Lithuania, the Nether-
19	lands, and Canada.
20	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
21	It is the sense of Congress that—
22	(1) the Government of the People's Republic of
23	China should immediately open the Xinjiang Uyghur
24	Autonomous Region (XUAR) to regular, trans-
25	parent, and unmanipulated visits by members of the

1	press, international organizations including the Of-
2	fice of the United Nations High Commissioner for
3	Human Rights, academic and human rights research
4	institutions, as well as foreign delegations including
5	from the United States Congress;
6	(2) Government of the People's Republic of
7	China should recognize, and take tangible steps to
8	protect and preserve, the distinct ethnic, cultural, re-
9	ligious, and linguistic identity of Uyghurs and mem-
10	bers of other ethnic and religious minority groups in
11	the XUAR;
12	(3) the Government of the People's Republic of
13	China should cease all government-sponsored crack-
14	downs, imprisonments, and detentions of people
15	throughout the XUAR aimed at repressing their eth-
16	nic, cultural, political, or religious identities;
17	(4) it is commendable for countries to provide
18	shelter and hospitality to Uyghurs and other minor-
19	ity group members in exile, as Turkey, Albania, and
20	Germany have done;
21	(5) urges all countries, especially fellow democ-
22	racies and those with sizeable Muslim populations,
23	to condemn and address the plight of Uyghurs and
24	other minority communities in the XUAR:

1	(6) the Government of the PRC should imme-
2	diately and unconditionally release all prisoners de-
3	tained for their ethnic, cultural, religious, and lin-
4	guistic identities, or for expressing their political or
5	religious beliefs in the XUAR, including—
6	(A) Ekper Asat, who participated in the
7	Department of State's International Visitors
8	Leadership Program in 2016, was incarcerated
9	after returning to the XUAR, and is now serv-
10	ing a 15 year prison sentence on charges of "in-
11	citing ethnic hatred and ethnic discrimination";
12	(B) Dr. Gulshan Abbas, a retired medical
13	doctor and Uyghur, who was wrongfully de-
14	tained in the XUAR on September 11, 2018,
15	and unjustly sentenced to 20 years in prison in
16	retaliation for her sister's advocacy for Uyghur
17	human rights issues; and
18	(C) Kamile Wayit, a university student
19	and Uyghur, who was wrongfully detained on
20	December 12, 2022, after returning to the
21	XUAR while on break from studying during the
22	winter holiday;
23	(7) the Government of the PRC should facili-
24	tate access for international humanitarian organiza-
25	tions, including the International Federation of Red

1	Cross and Red Crescent Societies, to the "political
2	reeducation" centers in the XUAR to ensure pris-
3	oners are not being mistreated and are receiving
4	necessary medical care; and
5	(8) the United States Agency for Global Media
6	should continue to facilitate the unhindered dissemi-
7	nation of information to the international commu-
8	nity on issues regarding the human rights and reli-
9	gious freedom of Uyghurs and members of other mi-
10	nority groups in the XUAR.
11	SEC. 4. UNITED STATES SPECIAL COORDINATOR FOR
12	UYGHUR ISSUES.
12 13	uyghur issues. (a) In General.—There is authorized to be within
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13 14 15	(a) In General.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordi-
13 14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the
13 14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b).
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13 14 15 16 17	 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b). (b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Chairs and Ranking Members of the
13 14 15 16 17 18	 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b). (b) Consultation.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Chairs and Ranking Members of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the
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13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b). (b) Consultation.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Chairs and Ranking Members of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives prior to the designation of the Special Coordinator.

1	tities of the Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious minor-
2	ity groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region (ir
3	this Act referred to as the "XUAR").
4	(d) Duties and Responsibilities.—The Special
5	Coordinator should, as appropriate—
6	(1) coordinate United State Government poli-
7	cies, programs, and projects concerning the Uyghurs
8	and members of other ethnic and religious minority
9	groups in the XUAR;
10	(2) vigorously promote the policy of seeking to
11	protect the distinct ethnic, religious, cultural, and
12	linguistic identity of the Uyghurs and other minority
13	groups and seek improved protection of human
14	rights in the XUAR;
15	(3) maintain close contact with Uyghur reli-
16	gious, cultural, and political leaders, including seek-
17	ing regular travel to the XUAR and to Uyghur pop-
18	ulations in Central Asia, Turkey, Albania, Germany
19	and other parts of Europe;
20	(4) lead coordination efforts for the release of
21	political prisoners in the XUAR who are being de-
22	tained for exercising their human rights;
23	(5) consult with the United States Congress or
24	policies relevant to the XUAR and the Uyghurs;

1	(6) coordinate with relevant Federal agencies to
2	administer aid to Uyghur rights advocates; and
3	(7) make efforts to establish contacts with for-
4	eign ministries of other countries, especially in Eu-
5	rope, Central Asia, and members of the Organisation
6	of Islamic Cooperation, to pursue a policy of pro-
7	moting greater respect for human rights and reli-
8	gious freedom for Uyghurs and other ethnic and re-
9	ligious minority groups from the XUAR.
10	(e) Support.—The Secretary of State shall ensure
11	the Special Coordinator has adequate resources, staff, and
12	administrative support to carry out this section.
13	(f) DEADLINE.—If the Secretary of State has not
14	designated the Special Coordinator by the date that is 180
15	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs
17	of the House of Representatives and the Committee or
18	Foreign Relations of the Senate a report detailing the rea-
19	sons for the delay.
20	(g) TERMINATION.—This section shall terminate on
21	the date that is 5 years after the date of the designation
22	of the Special Coordinator.

1	SEC. 5. FUNDING FOR HUMAN RIGHTS ADVOCATES TO CON-
2	DUCT PUBLIC DIPLOMACY IN THE ISLAMIC
3	WORLD ON THE UYGHUR SITUATION.
4	Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for the
5	U.S. Speaker program of the Bureau of Educational and
6	Cultural Affairs of the Department of State, \$250,000 for
7	each of fiscal years 2024 , 2025 , and 2026 is authorized
8	to be made available to support human rights advocates
9	working on behalf of the Uyghurs and members of other
10	ethnic and religious minority groups from the XUAR that
11	are persecuted in the PRC, whose names may be provided
12	by the Department of State and the United States Special
13	Coordinator for Uyghur Issues in consultation with rep-
14	resentatives of the global Uyghur community, to speak at
15	global public diplomacy forums, particularly those in
16	which Organisation of Islamic Cooperation countries and
17	other Muslim-majority countries are present, on issues re-
18	garding the human rights and religious freedom of
19	Uyghurs and members of other ethnic and religious minor-
20	ity groups persecuted in the PRC.
21	SEC. 6. ACCESS TO DETENTION FACILITIES AND PRISONS
22	AND THE RELEASE OF PRISONERS.
23	(a) Strategy on Political Reeducation and
24	DETENTION FACILITIES.—Not later than 180 days after
25	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
26	State should, in consultation with the heads of other rel-

1	evant Federal departments and agencies, develop a strat-
2	egy to cooperate with like-minded partners to pressure the
3	People's Republic of China to—
4	(1) close all detention facilities and "political
5	reeducation" camps housing Uyghurs and members
6	of other ethnic minority groups in the XUAR;
7	(2) allow unhindered access to detention facili-
8	ties and "political reeducation" camps in the XUAR
9	by independent media, researchers, international or-
10	ganizations and the Office of the United Nations
11	High Commissioner for Human Rights for a com-
12	prehensive assessment of the human rights situation;
13	and
14	(3) protect human rights and preserve the dis-
15	tinct religious and cultural identity of the Uyghurs
16	and the other religious and ethnic minority commu-
17	nities in the XUAR.
18	(b) Report on Strategy and Implementation.—
19	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of
20	this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Com-
21	mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
22	and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate
23	a report that includes—
24	(1) the strategy developed pursuant to sub-
25	section (a); and

1	(2) all the steps taken pursuant to the objec-
2	tives described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of
3	such subsection.
4	SEC. 7. REQUIREMENT FOR UYGHUR LANGUAGE TRAINING.
5	(a) Uyghur Language Training and Staffing.—
6	The Secretary of State shall take such steps as may be
7	necessary to ensure that—
8	(1) Uyghur language training is available to
9	Foreign Service officers as appropriate; and
10	(2) every effort is made to ensure that at least
11	one Uyghur-speaking member of the Foreign Service
12	(as such term is defined by section 103 of the For-
13	eign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3903)) is as-
14	signed to each United States diplomatic or consular
15	post in China.
16	(b) Report.—No later than 1 year after the date
17	of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for
18	2 years, the Foreign Service Institute shall submit to the
19	Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representa-
20	tives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Sen-
21	ate a report that outlines all the steps taken to implement
22	subsection (a).

1	SEC. 8. UYGHUR CONSIDERATIONS AT THE UNITED NA-
2	TIONS.
3	The President should direct the United States Per-
4	manent Representative to the United Nations to use the
5	voice, vote, and influence of the United States to—
6	(1) oppose any efforts to prevent consideration
7	of the gross violation of internationally recognized
8	human rights in the XUAR in any body of the
9	United Nations;
10	(2) oppose any efforts to prevent the participa-
11	tion of any Uyghur human rights advocates in non-
12	governmental for ahosted by or otherwise organized
13	under the auspices of any body of the United Na-
14	tions; and
15	(3) support the appointment of a special
16	rapporteur or working group for the XUAR for the
17	purposes of monitoring human rights violations and
18	abuses in the XUAR, and for making reports avail-
19	able to the High Commissioner for Refugees, the
20	High Commissioner for Human Rights, the Human
21	Rights Commission, the General Assembly, and
22	other United Nations bodies.
23	SEC. 9. NO ADDITIONAL FUNDS AUTHORIZED.
24	No additional funds are authorized to carry out the
25	requirements of this Act. Such requirements shall be car-
26	ried out using amounts otherwise authorized.