118TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. _____

Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security,
for high crimes and misdemeanors.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mrs. GREENE of Georgia submitted the following resolution; which was
referred to the Committee on _______________________

RESOLUTION

Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of
Homeland Security, for high crimes and misdemeanors.

Resdoved, That Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Sec-
retary of Homeland Security, is impeached for high crimes
and misdemeanors, and that the following articles of im-
peachment be exhibited to the United States Senate:

Articles of impeachment exhibited by the House of
Representatives of the United States of America in the
name of itself and of the people of the United States of
America, against Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary
of Homeland Security, in maintenance and support of its
impeachment against him for high crimes and mis-
demeanors.

ARTICLE I

Rather than adhering to an oath he took to defend
and secure our country and uphold the Constitution when
he was sworn in as Secretary of Homeland Security,
Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas has engaged in a pattern of
conduct that is incompatible with the laws of the United
States, as follows:

Article II of the Constitution requires that the Execu-
tive branch, which today includes the Secretary of Home-
land Security, ensure the laws passed by Congress and
signed into law by the President are faithfully executed.

The Secure Fence Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–367)
requires that the Secretary of Homeland Security “main-
tain operational control over the entire international land
and maritime borders of the United States”.

In his willful admittance of border crossers, terror-
ists, human traffickers, drugs, and other contraband,
Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas has failed to maintain oper-
tional control of the border, thereby violating the Secure
Fence Act of 2006.

The Guarantee Clause set forth in article IV, section
4 of the Constitution dictates, “The United States shall
guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form
of Government, and shall protect each of them against In-
vasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the
Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened)
against domestic Violence”.

The Guarantee Clause clearly dictates that the Fed-
eral Government has a constitutional duty and obligation
to protect each of the States from invasion. As Secretary
of the Department of Homeland Secretary, Alejandro
Mayorkas, has violated his oath to uphold this constitu-
tional duty by allowing the invasion of approximately
10,000,000 illegals across our borders. The ongoing inva-
sion at our southern border is a direct national security
threat against the States and against the citizens therein.
Secretary Mayorkas has willfully abandoned his duty to
secure the border and protect States against invasion,
thereby violating article IV, section 4 of the Constitution.
To wit, since Mayorkas has headed the Department
of Homeland Security, there have been—
(1) approximately 10,000,000 illegal border
crosser who have invaded our country at our border,
this is broken down between 8,000,000 encounters
and approximately 1,800,000 known “gotaways”
who have evaded United States authorities and are
roaming the interior of the United States;
(2) at least 280 people on terrorist watchlists caught while attempting to cross the border between ports of entry;

(3) approximately 400,000 unaccompanied illegal children encountered at the southern border, with at least 85,000 of these children having gone missing;

(4) at least 1,424 deaths of illegals at the southern border;

(5) approximately 73,000 “special interest aliens” arrested at our border, which are aliens from a nation that promotes terrorist activity, harbors terrorists, or poses a security threat to the United States, this is the number arrested at the border, not counting however many of the 1,800,000 known “gotaways” are special interest aliens;

(6) approximately 659 special interest aliens from Iran;

(7) approximately 6,386 special interest aliens from Afghanistan;

(8) approximately 538 special interest aliens from Syria;

(9) approximately 3,153 special interest aliens from Egypt;
(10) approximately 12,624 special interest aliens from Uzbekistan;

(11) approximately 30,830 special interest aliens from Turkey;

(12) approximately 1,613 special interest aliens from Pakistan;

(13) approximately 164 special interest aliens from Lebanon;

(14) approximately 185 special interest aliens from Jordan;

(15) approximately 123 special interest aliens from Iraq; and

(16) approximately 15,594 special interest aliens from Mauritania.

In fiscal year 2021, Customs and Border Patrol (CBP) seized approximately 11,200 pounds of fentanyl. In fiscal year 2022, CBP seized approximately 14,700 pounds of fentanyl. In fiscal year 2023, CBP has seized a record of approximately 27,000 pounds of fentanyl. Over 70,000 Americans died from fentanyl in fiscal year 2022. Fentanyl is now the number one killer of Americans between the ages of 18 and 45. Fentanyl kills approximately 300 Americans a day. This is the amount of fentanyl that has been seized at the border, yet 300 Americans are still
being killed by fentanyl poisoning every day. The amount
of unseized fentanyl has not even been taken into account.

The Constitution also requires the Secretary of
Homeland Security to observe the Immigration and Na-
tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.). This law requires
Homeland Security to detain inadmissible aliens arriving
in the United States or illegal aliens presently in the
United States. Instead, the Department of Homeland Se-
curity, under Secretary Mayorkas, has practiced catch and
release policies, whereby illegals are detained, but then re-
leased, without any mechanism to ensure they show up
to court for processing.

By terminating contracts for border wall construc-
tion, ending the Migrant Protection Protocols (Remain in
Mexico), unlawfully granting categorical parole, and being
complicit in ending title 42, Mayorkas has made it easier
for illegal people and drugs to enter the United States,
endangering American citizens, and has made it harder
for CBP to expel such threats.

Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, in his inability to en-
force the law, has engaged in a pattern of conduct that
is incompatible with his duties as a civil officer of the
United States.

Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, in his failure to uphold
the oath he took, has, by his actions, lost the trust of citi-
zens of the United States to faithfully execute the laws
of the United States.

Wherefore, Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, thus war-
rants impeachment and trial, removal from office, and dis-
qualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust,
or profit under the United States.