

**Suspend the Rules and Agree to the Resolution, H.Res. 888 with  
Amendments**

**(The amendments consist of a new preamble, a substitute text, and  
an amendment to the title)**

117<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. RES. 888

Expressing the hope for justice for the victims of Bloody Sunday, one of the most tragic of days during the Troubles, on its 50th anniversary as well as acknowledging the progress made in fostering peace in Northern Ireland and on the island of Ireland in recent decades.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 28, 2022

Mr. KEATING (for himself, Mr. NEAL, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. VARGAS, and Mr. SUOZZI) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

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# RESOLUTION

Expressing the hope for justice for the victims of Bloody Sunday, one of the most tragic of days during the Troubles, on its 50th anniversary as well as acknowledging the progress made in fostering peace in Northern Ireland and on the island of Ireland in recent decades.

Whereas on January 30, 1972, 26 unarmed civilians were shot by British soldiers during a protest that began peacefully in Derry, resulting in the death of 14 individuals in a massacre now known as Bloody Sunday;

Whereas as a result of the soldiers' unjustifiable use of force, the individuals known as John "Jackie" Duddy, Patrick "Paddy" Doherty, Bernard "Barney" McGuigan, Hugh Gilmour, Kevin McElhinney, Michael Kelly, John Young, William Nash, Michael McDaid, James Wray, Gerald Donaghy, Gerard McKinney, William McKinney, and John Johnston tragically lost their lives;

Whereas Bloody Sunday was one of the most significant and deadly injustices to take place during the Troubles, and exacerbated the conflict in Northern Ireland;

Whereas none of those shot by British Army soldiers posed a threat of causing death or serious injury, or were doing anything else that could justify their shooting;

Whereas the families of the victims of Bloody Sunday were denied for decades an honest and comprehensive assessment of the events that took place on Bloody Sunday;

Whereas in 1998, after campaigns from the families of those injured and killed on Bloody Sunday, a second inquiry was established by the government of the United Kingdom;

Whereas this second Bloody Sunday Inquiry found that the shootings that took place on Bloody Sunday were the result of wrongful actions taken by British soldiers;

Whereas on June 15, 2010, then-Prime Minister David Cameron while addressing the House of Commons apologized on behalf of the government of the United Kingdom saying that the events that took place on Bloody Sunday were "unjustified", "unjustifiable", and "wrong";

Whereas despite these findings and acknowledgment made by the government of the United Kingdom, none of the individuals involved in the unlawful use of force that led to

the murder of 14 innocent civilians on Bloody Sunday have been held accountable;

Whereas the lack of accountability and justice provided to those who perished from the unlawful use of force on Bloody Sunday both erodes trust and is dangerous;

Whereas accountability and justice for the victims of Bloody Sunday, along with all victims of the Troubles, would represent a step toward addressing Northern Ireland's legacy of violence and promoting reconciliation;

Whereas an environment which fosters accountability and justice for the events of the Troubles must be established by the government of the United Kingdom and maintained;

Whereas the full implementation of the Good Friday Agreement with a devolved government in Northern Ireland as well as healthy "north-south" and "east-west" relations provide appropriate, useful, and productive avenues for discussion and negotiation to prevent violence, uphold peace, maintain stability, and promote the interests of all parties and communities involved;

Whereas the avoidance of a hard border on the island of Ireland is essential for maintaining the peace, resulting from the Good Friday Agreement;

Whereas the full implementation of the Northern Ireland Protocol as agreed upon as part of the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union will assist in preserving peace and stability on the island of Ireland;

Whereas progress has been made in fostering peace in Northern Ireland and on the island of Ireland in recent decades, it is in the interest of all parties to foster inter-community discussions and relations as well as integra-

tion in civil and societal structures to promote communication and mutual understanding; and

Whereas on January 30, 2022, peace activists, concerned individuals, and the descendants of those lost to this violence gathered in Derry to mourn, to stand in solidarity with victims' families in their search for justice, and recommit themselves to the peace process established by the Good Friday Agreement: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2               (1) condemns the violence and killing of 14 in-  
3       dividuals on Bloody Sunday 50 years ago and sup-  
4       ports justice for the victims and their families;

5               (2) calls on all parties to take meaningful steps  
6       toward peace and reconciliation and to ensure justice  
7       for victims of the Bloody Sunday massacre as well  
8       as all those affect by the Troubles by supporting dia-  
9       logue and negotiation between all parties;

10              (3) urges the full implementation of the Good  
11       Friday Agreement to ensure peace and stability on  
12       the island of Ireland;

13              (4) recognizes the findings of the Bloody Sun-  
14       day Inquiry, also known as the Saville Inquiry and,  
15       based on the evidence collected, calls upon the gov-  
16       ernment of the United Kingdom to charge individ-  
17       uals who committed unjustifiable crimes on Bloody  
18       Sunday;

1           (5) opposes any proposal by the government of  
2           the United Kingdom to implement amnesty or statute  
3           of limitation laws that would end or inhibit investigations  
4           and prosecutions of crimes committed  
5           during the Troubles, including on Bloody Sunday;

6           (6) calls upon the involved parties to facilitate  
7           the implementation of the Northern Ireland Protocol  
8           in the interest of maintaining peace and stability on  
9           the island of Ireland;

10          (7) urges the European Union, including the  
11          Republic of Ireland, and the United Kingdom to act  
12          in good faith with regard to negotiations around  
13          Brexit and implementation of the Northern Ireland  
14          Protocol;

15          (8) calls on the people of Northern Ireland to  
16          foster further integration across communities and  
17          break down cultural, religious, and societal barriers  
18          that remain;

19          (9) supports the devolved government of Northern  
20          Ireland and recognizes the devolved government  
21          as a successful outcome and tenet of the Good Friday  
22          Agreement; and

23          (10) supports the continued strong governmental,  
24          societal, and cultural relationships between

1 the peoples of the United States, the United King-  
2 dom, and the Republic of Ireland.

Amend the title so as to read: “A resolution con-  
demning the killing of 14 individuals and violence on  
Bloody Sunday, one of the most tragic of days during the  
Troubles 50 years ago and calling on all parties to take  
meaningful steps toward peace and reconciliation.”.