

DIVISION I – LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

The following is an explanation of the effects of Division I, which makes appropriations for the legislative branch for fiscal year 2022. The joint explanatory statement accompanying this division is approved and indicates congressional intent. Unless otherwise noted, the language set forth in House Report 117–80 carries the same weight as language included in this joint explanatory statement and shall be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary in this joint explanatory statement. While some language is repeated for emphasis, this explanatory statement does not intend to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

Reprogramming Guidelines.—House Report 117–80 language regarding reprogramming guidelines is modified to clarify that all legislative branch agencies are expected to notify the Committees on Appropriations of the House and the Senate (hereinafter “the Committees”) of any significant departures from budget plans presented to the Committees in any agency’s budget justifications. Agencies funded through this act are required to notify the Committees prior to any reprogramming of funds in excess of the lesser of 10 percent or \$750,000 between programs, projects or activities, or in excess of \$750,000 between object classifications (except for shifts within the pay categories, object class 11, 12, and 13, or as further specified in each agency’s respective section). This includes cumulative reprogrammings that together total at least \$750,000 from or to a particular program, activity, or object classification as well as reprogramming full-time equivalents (FTE) or funds to create new organizational entities within the agency or to restructure entities that already exist. In addition, the Committees must be notified of reprogramming actions that involve less than the above-mentioned amounts if such actions would have the effect of changing an agency’s funding requirements in future years or if programs or projects specifically cited in the Committees’ reports are affected.

Prior to initial obligation or reallocation of funds, all congressional reprogramming notifications shall, to the maximum extent practicable, contain detailed information about the sources of the funds and why such funds are no longer intended to be used as previously justified.

All reports are required to be completed in the timeframe noted in each respective directive. Moreover, the Committees expect that the conditions associated with funding appropriated by this act shall be accomplished in the manner as directed in the report, consistent with congressional intent.

Cyber and Physical Data Security.—The agreement modifies House Report 117–80 language in regards to Cyber and Physical Data Security. Legislative branch agencies should consider proactive steps to protect critical Information Technology (IT) infrastructure, including prevention of cyberattacks, secure data storage, and ensuring continuity of government operations. The Committees recommend that, as part of their production, redundant, and backup network architecture solutions, legislative branch agencies utilize computing and cloud facilities designed for concurrent maintainability (equivalent to ANSI/TIA-942-A, or Uptime Institute Tier III standards and industry best practices), and also consider geographic diversity. Additionally, each legislative branch agency is directed to submit an action plan within 90 days of enactment of this act detailing a schedule, cost, and implementation plan ensuring robust, secure, and resilient data center infrastructure for agency IT systems and data.

Cybersecurity for the Legislative Branch.—The agreement includes funding requested by legislative branch agencies in fiscal year 2022 to strengthen cyber defenses.

Full-Time Equivalents.—The agreement directs that budget justifications sent by legislative branch agencies to the Committees shall include a comparison of FTE based on the number of FTE supported by the funding provided in the currently enacted appropriations act and the number of FTE that would be supported by the funding requested for the following fiscal year.

Good Accounting Obligation in Government Act.—The Good Accounting Obligation in Government Act, or GAO–IG Act (Public Law 115–414) requires that each Federal agency, including the agencies of the legislative branch, include an accounting of any public recommendations by the Government Accountability Office or the agency’s Office of Inspector General that have not yet been implemented, and the timeframe for implementation. It is expected that each agency in this bill include such a report in its fiscal year 2023 congressional budget justification.

Federal Law Enforcement.—The agreement notes that the explanatory statement accompanying the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 directs the Attorney General to ensure implementation of evidence-based training programs on de-escalation and the use-of-force, as well as on police community relations, and the protection of civil rights, that are broadly applicable and scalable to all Federal law enforcement agencies. The agreement further notes that several agencies funded by this act employ Federal law enforcement officers and are Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers partner organizations. The agreement directs such agencies to consult with the Attorney General regarding the implementation of these programs for their law enforcement officers. The agreement further directs such agencies to submit a report to the Committees on

Appropriations on their efforts relating to such implementation no later than 180 days after consultation with the Attorney General. In addition, the agreement directs such agencies, to the extent that they are not already participating, to consult with the Attorney General and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding participation in the National Use-of-Force Data Collection. The agreement further directs such agencies to submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations, no later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, on their efforts to so participate.

Motorized Micromobility Devices on Capitol Grounds.—Unless the Capitol Police Board elects to amend the Code of Traffic Regulations for the United States Capitol Grounds, the U.S. Capitol Police (USCP) and the Sergeants at Arms (SAAs) are expected to continue to follow the directives included in the joint explanatory statement to accompany Division D of Public Law 116–94 regarding the Capitol Grounds and dockless commercial scooters, or e-scooters, and other motorized devices for rent. Recognizing that such devices serve as popular commuting options for congressional staff, tourists, and other visitors to the District of Columbia and Capitol Grounds, the USCP, SAAs, and the Architect of the Capitol (AOC) are encouraged to engage with the District’s Department of Transportation and shared micromobility companies to explore the feasibility of installing shared e-scooter docking points, including hubs for parking and charging, at designated locations adjacent to campus as determined by USCP, SAAs, and the AOC to ensure rider convenience while not creating a public safety risk on Capitol Grounds. Such engagement should also explore ways to ensure that riders are informed of Capitol Grounds’ rules and regulations for proper usage, including digital signage at each hub and within companies’ apps.

Offices of Inspectors General (OIG) Budgets.—Ensuring independence between legislative branch OIGs and their respective reporting agencies is important. Agencies are expected to include a separate section reflecting a detailed budget request for their OIGs within their fiscal year 2023 budget justifications. Each OIG is directed to keep the Committees fully apprised of its funding needs. In addition, each agency is directed to avoid interference with or require approval for such communications between the OIG and the Committees.

Preparing for Emergencies.—The impacts of the COVID–19 pandemic and the events of January 6 have placed financial strain on legislative branch agencies. Each legislative branch agency is encouraged to consider operational changes to better position the agency financially, logistically, and otherwise to prevent, prepare for, and respond to emergencies and to update the Committees on any findings within 90 days of enactment of this act.

Science and Technology Assistance for Congress.—Recent investments have been made to strengthen the capacities of the Government Accountability Office (GAO) and Congressional Research Service (CRS) to provide Members and congressional staff with timely, expert research, and policy analysis on current and emerging legislative issues related to science and technology (S&T) and Federal uses and oversight of S&T. The agreement provides funding for both GAO and CRS to hire additional staff for their specialized teams working on S&T issues. GAO and CRS are encouraged to continue increasing outreach efforts to make Members and congressional staff more aware of the S&T resources they provide.

Zero-Based Budgeting.—The agreement reiterates House Report 117–80 language regarding zero-based budgeting and directs all agencies of the legislative branch to develop budget requests from a zero-base.

TITLE I SENATE

The agreement includes \$1,094,893,574 for Senate operations. This relates solely to the Senate and is in accordance with long practice under which each body determines its own housekeeping requirements and the other concurs without intervention.

Office of the Secretary.—The recommendation provides these funds for salaries to the Secretary of the Senate without apportionment in the interest of facilitating financial management duties and restructuring that occurs from time to time. The Senate Committee expects to be notified, in writing and in a timely manner, of any changes to the staffing levels, distribution of staff, or related funding.

Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.—The recommendation includes funding to enhance the IT help desk experience in the Senate; continue implementation of a Unified Communications system; and fully support the continued initiative to expand the Senate’s cybersecurity capabilities. The Senate Committee expects to be updated regularly as the Cybersecurity Department develops its strategic plan to modernize and harden the Senate’s cyber defense.

The recommendation provides these funds to the Senate SAA without apportionment in the interest of facilitating financial management duties and restructuring that occurs from time to time. The Senate Committee expects to be notified, in writing and in a timely manner, of any changes to the staffing levels, distribution of staff, or related funding.

Employee Assistance Program.—The recommendation fully funds the requested increase for the Senate SAA to expand resources, including adding counselors and developing website services, to meet increased demand and support the mental and emotional health needs and well-being of the Senate community.

Office Cybersecurity.—The Senate SAA is expected to utilize funds provided for fiscal year 2022 to conduct third-party cybersecurity auditing services and resiliency assessments for all Senate offices and committees to protect the privacy and integrity of office networks; provide enhanced cybersecurity training for each Senate office; institute protections against insider threats; and institute and operationalize enhanced privacy protections within the Senate network.

Cyber Care Awareness.—The Senate Committee remains aware of the threat of hacking and cyberattacks on Senators and staff, including on their personal devices and accounts. SAA is working to improve personal cybersecurity, cyber advisories, and cybersecurity best practice documents tailored to personal devices and accounts. The SAA shall, in coordination with the Senate Committee on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, and Senate majority and minority leadership, continue to explore ways – including the options presented in the bipartisan Senators’ Personal Cybersecurity Working Group’s report – in which it may better provide voluntary cybersecurity support to any Senator seeking assistance with their personal devices or accounts under existing ethics, rules, appropriations, statutory, and civil law, including whether investments in additional IT hardware and software, additional personnel, and additional guidelines are needed. SAA is also directed to work with Members and staff to increase training opportunities surrounding Member and staff travel abroad.

Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate.—The recommendation provides \$7,353,000 for the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate, which will allow the office to hire three attorneys and one staff assistant in fiscal year 2022 to meet the increasing demand by personal offices and committees for help in drafting complex and lengthy legislative proposals of the quality and at the pace that the Senate requires.

Secretary of the Senate Contingent Expenses.—The recommendation provides funds for expenses to the Secretary of the Senate without apportionment in the interest of facilitating financial management duties and restructuring that occurs from time to time. The Secretary of the Senate is expected to notify the Senate Committee in writing and in a timely manner of any cumulative changes in excess of 10 percent to the funding levels between programs, projects, or activities.

Senators' Records.—As with the past two fiscal years, the Senate Committee notes the continuing importance of preserving the records of currently serving Senators to ensure a full historical record of a Senator's service. The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (Public Law 116–95) directed the Secretary of the Senate to provide a report detailing, among other things, ways in which the Secretary can further support the archiving needs of Senators, particularly with regard to preserving digital records, including partnering with public institutions designated as repositories of Senators' records. The Committee agrees with the Secretary that more can be done to ensure the preservation of Senators' records and the donation of such records to research institutions to make them available at an appropriate time. To that end, the Senate Committee encourages Senators' offices to utilize all available Senate resources to ensure that such records are ready for preservation upon retirement. The Senate Committee recognizes the significant burdens and challenges that archiving efforts place on Senators' offices and provides \$10,000,000 to assist with the proper archiving of official records. The funding made available by this provision may be used by the Secretary of the Senate, consistent with the recommendations in the Secretary's report pursuant to Public Law 116–95, to assist Deputy Archivists in providing additional records management support to offices, further develop training programs to guide staff on record-keeping procedures, and award preservation partnership grants to educational institutions chosen to serve as repositories of Senators' records. Preservation partnership grants should not exceed \$2,500,000, and the availability of grants should be determined six months after the date of enactment of this act, from applications submitted to the Senate Historical Office by repositories designated by currently serving Senators, in order of the number of years of Senate records being accessioned. Each request, upon entering an approved agreement, shall be funded at the amount requested up to the maximum award, until the grant fund has been fully designated, and after considering funding for the processing capabilities and other archiving assistance programs of the Senate Historical Office as described above. The Senate Committee directs the Secretary, after consultation with and approval by the Senate Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, to enter into agreements with each such grantee that requires the grantee to assist the Senate Historical Office and the Senate Archivist with the continued implementation of best practices and guidance for the archiving of Senator's records in the digital age, as directed by the Secretary.

Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate Contingent Expenses.—The recommendation provides funds for expenses to the SAA without apportionment in the interest of facilitating financial

management duties and restructuring that occurs from time to time. The Senate Committee expects to be notified, in writing, in a timely manner, of any cumulative changes in excess of 10 percent to the funding levels between programs, projects or activities.

Hearing Room Audiovisual Equipment.—The recommendation provides \$4,000,000 in no-year funding to partially or fully renovate two to four hearing rooms per year. The SAA is expected to continue working with the AOC and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and Senate Committee on Rules and Administration to develop a replacement plan to avoid equipment failure.

Unified Communications.—The recommendation provides funding for the Senate SAA to continue implementation of the Unified Communication and Collaboration (UCC) system. The SAA is directed to provide semi-annual updates to the Senate Committee on the development of the UCC system.

Anomalous Health Incidents.—Since 2016, at least 200 American personnel stationed overseas have experienced mysterious, sudden, and troubling sensory Anomalous Health Incidents (AHI), popularly known as “Havana syndrome.” An urgent national security issue, the U.S. intelligence community has launched two separate task forces to address the issue, one investigating the cause and another focused on finding specific technology that could detect or block attacks. Given the SAA’s role in Member security, the Committee directs the SAA to engage fully with the task forces and executive branch agencies, such as the Departments of Defense and State, to monitor progress in this area and to keep the Senate Committee informed about any new findings related to causes and any new technologies developed to protect individuals from attacks.

Sergeant at Arms Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery (BCDR) Fund.—The recommendation provides \$25,000,000 for a new SAA BCDR fund, which was requested in fiscal year 2022 as part of the expenses of the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper. Section 103 of this act provides for the authorization of the BCDR fund. Funds for the BCDR shall remain available until expended. The BCDR fund will allow the Senate to develop and maintain continuity capabilities and quickly meet unanticipated needs, including covering the cost of IT disaster recovery planning and operations, business continuity planning and operations, emergency communications, and general contingency planning. This will allow the SAA to better position the Senate to respond quickly to emergencies and unanticipated and unfunded requirements. The ability to allocate expiring funds, by way of transfer, will help maintain the fund balance, and lessen the need to request appropriations. The SAA shall provide an update to the Senate Committee within 60 days of enactment of this act on any

identified uses for the funds in fiscal year 2022 and shall provide a spending plan to the Senate Committee prior to obligation of any funds.

Miscellaneous Items.—The agreement provides \$23,021,500 for miscellaneous items. Any deviation of more than 10 percent cumulatively from the stated levels for each item will require the customary prior approval of the Senate Committee. The following table sets forth the apportionment of funds under this appropriation:

Insert 8A

Insert 8B

Senate Intern Compensation.—In addition to funding allocated in the table above for Senators' office allowances and for agency contribution costs, the recommendation provides \$7,000,000 for the sole purpose of providing financial compensation to interns. Any intern compensation funding that remains unspent by any office will be returned to the Treasury in accordance with section 101 of this act. Such funding is directed to be allocated among Senators' offices in relative proportion to funds allocated for each office's administrative and clerical assistance allowance for fiscal year 2022 shown in the table above, which reflect natural variables including State populations, with a small additional amount for non-contiguous states. On average, each office will be allocated an estimated \$70,000 for intern compensation.

Insert 8C

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The agreement provides for unspent amounts remaining in the Senators' Official Personnel and Office Expense Account (SOPOEA) to be used for deficit or debt reduction, makes necessary adjustments to the SOPOEA allowance, and establishes and authorizes the Senate Sergeant at Arms Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Fund.

8A

FISCAL YEAR 2022 BUDGET—MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS APPORTIONMENT SCHEDULE

Item	Fiscal year 2022 request	Agreement recommendation	Difference
Resolution and reorganization reserve	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,820,000	(180,000)
Unallocated	10,000,000	9,900,000	(100,000)
Reserve for contingencies (miscellaneous items)	800,000	800,000	-
Reception of foreign dignitaries (S. Res. 247, dated February 7, 1962, as amended by S. Res. 370, dated October 10, 2000)	30,000	30,000	-
Foreign travel—Members and employees (S. Res. 179, dated May 25, 1977)	125,000	125,000	-
Federal employees compensation account (Public Law 96-499, dated December 5, 1980) (Unemployment Compensation)	600,000	600,000	-
Conferences for the Majority and Minority (Public Laws: 97-51, dated January 3, 1983; 101-250, dated November 5, 1990; and 107-68, dated November 12, 2001)	300,000	300,000	-
Policy Committees for the Majority and Minority (Public Law 104-53, dated November 19, 1995)	150,000	150,000	-
Postage	6,000	6,000	-
Stationery	16,500	16,500	-
Communications	72,000	72,000	-
Consultants—including agency contributions (2 U.S.C. 6501 as amended)	5,100,000	5,822,000	722,000
National Security Working Group (Public Law 115-244, dated September 21, 2018) (expires December 31, 2020)	700,000	700,000	-
Committee on Appropriations (Public Law 105-275, dated October 21, 1998)	950,000	950,000	-
Office of the Chaplain (Public Law 108-199, dated January 23, 2004)	50,000	50,000	-
Senate Child Care Center:			
Agency Contribution costs authorized by Public Laws 102-90, dated August 14, 1991 and 103-50, dated July 2, 1993	485,000	485,000	-
Reimbursement of salaries authorized by S. Res. 329, dated July 29, 2021	0	180,000	180,000
Training classes, conferences, and travel expenses as authorized by Public Law 104-197, dated September 16, 1996	15,000	15,000	-
Total	22,399,500	23,021,500	622,000

**SENATORS' OFFICIAL PERSONNEL AND
OFFICE EXPENSE ALLOWANCE
FISCAL YEAR 2022**

88

	3/16/2022	3/16/2022		
Alabama	3,157,260	562,975	183,748	3,903,983
Alaska	3,069,254	562,975	252,400	3,884,629
Arizona	3,333,276	562,975	203,003	4,099,254
Arkansas	3,069,254	562,975	168,181	3,800,410
California	4,832,732	562,975	454,361	5,850,068
Colorado	3,157,260	562,975	194,693	3,914,928
Connecticut	3,069,254	562,975	160,212	3,792,441
Delaware	3,069,254	562,975	129,178	3,761,407
Florida	4,438,590	562,975	324,117	5,325,682
Georgia	3,597,308	562,975	221,708	4,381,991
Hawaii	3,069,254	562,975	279,443	3,911,672
Idaho	3,069,254	562,975	166,484	3,798,713
Illinois	3,773,322	562,975	263,483	4,599,780
Indiana	3,245,270	562,975	194,665	4,002,910
Iowa	3,069,254	562,975	170,802	3,803,031
Kansas	3,069,254	562,975	169,125	3,801,354
Kentucky	3,069,254	562,975	179,873	3,812,102
Louisiana	3,069,254	562,975	183,574	3,815,803
Maine	3,069,254	562,975	147,952	3,780,181
Maryland	3,245,270	562,975	172,750	3,980,995
Massachusetts	3,333,276	562,975	196,456	4,092,707
Michigan	3,597,308	562,975	231,813	4,392,096
Minnesota	3,157,260	562,975	190,396	3,910,631
Mississippi	3,069,254	562,975	167,128	3,799,357
Missouri	3,245,270	562,975	197,266	4,005,511
Montana	3,069,254	562,975	162,275	3,794,504
Nebraska	3,069,254	562,975	162,179	3,794,408
Nevada	3,069,254	562,975	176,933	3,809,162
New Hampshire	3,069,254	562,975	143,483	3,775,712
New Jersey	3,509,292	562,975	204,235	4,276,502
New Mexico	3,069,254	562,975	166,192	3,798,421
New York	4,382,284	562,975	322,309	5,267,568
North Carolina	3,597,308	562,975	223,869	4,384,152
North Dakota	3,069,254	562,975	150,895	3,783,124
Ohio	3,685,316	562,975	255,024	4,503,315
Oklahoma	3,069,254	562,975	180,439	3,812,668
Oregon	3,069,254	562,975	191,545	3,823,774
Pennsylvania	3,861,329	562,975	260,499	4,684,803
Rhode Island	3,069,254	562,975	139,005	3,771,234
South Carolina	3,157,260	562,975	177,211	3,897,446
South Dakota	3,069,254	562,975	152,440	3,784,669
Tennessee	3,245,270	562,975	196,796	4,005,041
Texas	4,832,732	562,975	375,059	5,770,766
Utah	3,069,254	562,975	173,649	3,805,878
Vermont	3,069,254	562,975	136,660	3,768,889
Virginia	3,421,287	562,975	199,273	4,183,535
Washington	3,333,276	562,975	218,531	4,114,782
West Virginia	3,069,254	562,975	145,825	3,778,054
Wisconsin	3,157,260	562,975	194,155	3,914,390
Wyoming	3,069,254	562,975	153,183	3,785,412
TOTAL	166,096,620	28,148,750	10,064,475	204,309,845
	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2

80

Senators' Office Allocations for Intern Compensation
Fiscal Year 2022

State	Amount
Alabama	64,500
Alaska	69,200
Arizona	70,200
Arkansas	64,500
California	102,500
Colorado	66,400
Connecticut	64,500
Delaware	64,500
Florida	94,000
Georgia	75,900
Hawaii	69,200
Idaho	64,500
Illinois	79,700
Indiana	68,300
Iowa	64,500
Kansas	64,500
Kentucky	64,500
Louisiana	64,500
Maine	64,500
Maryland	68,300
Massachusetts	68,300
Michigan	75,900
Minnesota	66,400
Mississippi	64,500
Missouri	68,300
Montana	64,500
Nebraska	64,500
Nevada	64,500
New Hampshire	64,500
New Jersey	74,000
New Mexico	64,500
New York	91,600
North Carolina	75,900
North Dakota	64,500
Ohio	77,800
Oklahoma	64,500
Oregon	64,500
Pennsylvania	79,700
Rhode Island	64,500
South Carolina	66,400
South Dakota	64,500
Tennessee	68,300
Texas	102,500
Utah	64,500
Vermont	64,500
Virginia	72,100
Washington	70,200
West Virginia	64,500
Wisconsin	66,400
Wyoming	64,500
Total	3,500,000
	x2
Grand Total	7,000,000

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The agreement includes \$1,714,996,045 for House operations. This item relates solely to the House and is in accordance with long practice under which each body determines its own housekeeping requirements and the other concurs without intervention. The language included in House Report 117–80 should be complied with and carry the same emphasis as the language included in the explanatory statement, unless specifically addressed to the contrary in this explanatory statement.

House Paid Internship Programs (for Committees).—The recommendation expands the paid intern programs to provide for paid internships with Committees in the House of Representatives. The agreement includes \$1,943,910 for the Allowance for Compensation of Interns in House Standing, Special and Select Committee Offices, including \$971,955 for the compensation of interns who serve in offices of the majority and \$971,955 for the compensation of interns who serve in offices of the minority. In addition, the agreement includes \$345,584 for the Allowance for Compensation of Interns in House Appropriations Committee Offices, including \$172,792 for the compensation of interns who serve in offices of the majority and \$172,792 for the compensation of interns who serve in offices of the minority.

Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program (formerly the Wounded Warrior Program and the Congressional Gold Star Family Fellowship Program).—The agreement includes \$9,294,000 for the Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program. The agreement establishes a new name for the former programs at the request of the Chief Administrative Officer for marketing, recruiting, and administrative actions and to eliminate potential confusion with unrelated programs around the country.

House Compensation Study.—In lieu of language included in House Report 117–80 to explore options to mandate participation in the re-implemented survey, the Committee directs the CAO to explore ways in which to increase the number of survey participants when re-implementing the survey.

Death Gratuity.—The agreement provides \$174,000 to the widow of Representative Jim Hagedorn of Minnesota. This death gratuity is consistent with the traditional congressional practice of providing a payment to the families of Members who pass away while in office.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The agreement provides for unspent amounts remaining in the Members' Representational Allowances (MRA) account to be used for deficit or debt reduction; places a limitation on the amount available to lease vehicles; limits the sharing of House information by Federal entities; establishes allowances for compensation for interns in Committee offices; changes the name of the "Wounded Warrior and the Congressional Gold Star Family Fellowship Program" to the "Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program"; and renames a Committee on Appropriations hearing room.

JOINT ITEMS

JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

The agreement includes \$4,283,000 for salaries and expenses.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

The agreement includes \$12,385,000 for salaries and expenses.

The Committees support the mission of the Joint Committee on Taxation and make no directive on re-evaluating its currently used methodologies.

OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

The agreement includes \$4,063,000.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL ACCESSIBILITY SERVICES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$1,606,000 for salaries and expenses.

Accessibility Services Request.—The agreement modifies House Report 117–80 language regarding accessibility services to encourage the Office of Congressional Accessibility Services to work with the AOC and other appropriate entities in the House and Senate to prioritize the incorporation of accessibility systems as the rooms in the Capitol and House and Senate Office Buildings are upgraded and renovated.

CAPITOL POLICE SALARIES

The agreement includes \$468,861,000 for salaries of the United States Capitol Police. No more than \$71,289,224 is provided for overtime in fiscal year 2022.

Salaries and Benefits.—The Department is directed to report to the Committees within 45 days of enactment of this act on all options available for expanding sworn retirement benefits, to include potential changes to the Department’s current pay schedule that would enhance earning potential and impact annuity calculations as well as potential utilization of other benefits affecting annuity calculations used within the Federal sector. The report should also include a feasibility assessment of providing Law Enforcement Availability Pay (LEAP) to officers in future fiscal years.

Resources for Recruitment and Retention.— The agreement includes resources to support the Department’s recruitment and retention of sworn officers and civilian personnel. Within 60 days of the enactment of this act, the Department shall provide a report to the Committees on the effectiveness of the retention bonuses provided in the fiscal year 2021 security supplemental (Public Law 117–31) in retaining officers on the force. Such a report shall be submitted along with the Department’s budget request for any retention bonuses provided in subsequent fiscal years. Prior to distribution of any future retention bonuses, the Department shall provide a plan for distribution to the Committees that includes amounts, recipients, and justification.

Impacts to Staffing.—The Committees are aware that the USCP Office of Inspector General has included in its annual plan a review of the Department’s past major events and protests. The Committees expect this report to examine how the Department’s handling of these major events impacted officers, to include morale and attrition.

Policies on Additional Duty.—The Committees recognize the importance of having a policy for assigning officers additional duty and direct USCP to report to the Committees on the policies applied regarding the assignment of additional duty, to include overtime and compensatory time, during times of limited officers on the force.

Responses to USCP OIG Recommendations.—When responding to recommendations detailed in USCP OIG reports, the Department is expected to develop cost proposals for each recommendation to

better inform the Committees on what resources would be required to implement the recommendations, such as organizational realignment, changes in position descriptions, increased personnel, reassignment of existing personnel, and additional training and equipment.

Risk-Based Protections for Members of Congress.—The agreement provides \$2,000,000 for the Department to provide Member security outside of the Capitol campus in the National Capital Region (NCR), as warranted by risk-based analyses. The USCP is expected to continue working closely with the House and Senate SAAs and law enforcement partners in the NCR, as well as educating Member offices, on USCP's strategy for Members' protection within the NCR while off the Capitol Grounds, per the December 2018 report detailing the Department's plans to enhance off-campus Member security in the NCR.

USCP Office of Inspector General.—The agreement includes funds to support not less than 11 FTE within the USCP OIG.

Wellness Programs for Law Enforcement.—Efforts undertaken by the USCP to develop and implement a holistic wellness and resiliency program for its workforce, to include its partnership with the House Wellness Center, are noted and appreciated. The Committees recognize the importance that mindfulness plays in having a first responder workforce that is holistically balanced and resilient. The Committees are pleased that the new USCP structure includes a dedicated FTE to this program. Therefore, the USCP is directed to continue this effort and to continue to collaborate with the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers. Additionally, the Committees appreciate that for many years, the USCP has partnered with the Senate and House Chaplains to provide support to the Department's employees and as part of establishing the Howard C. Liebengood Office of Wellness, is now exploring how to stand up its own chaplain service to meet the varying spiritual needs of its workforce.

GENERAL EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$133,648,000 for general expenses of the Capitol Police.

Diversity Training.—Capitol Police sworn officers interact with thousands of domestic and international visitors every day. Visitors have varying cultural and social needs, including but not limited to individuals with limited English proficiency, diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds, and

disabilities. The Committees recognize that USCP includes diversity training as part of Capitol Police training sessions and, in lieu of the diversity training directive carried in House Report 117–80, the Department shall brief the Committees on any efforts to strengthen its curriculum as encouraged in House Report 116–447.

Enhanced Leadership Development for Newly Promoted Sworn Supervisors.—As indicated in House Report 117–80, the Committees believe that enhanced training should be developed to ensure that newly appointed officials have the requisite experiences and knowledge to lead the officers assigned to them for supervision. The Department is directed to provide a report to the Committees within 90 days of enactment of this act that includes a plan for developing and implementing such an enhanced new supervisor training program, to include the information laid out in House Report 117–80.

Physical Wellness.—The Committees appreciate the efforts undertaken by the USCP to develop and implement a holistic wellness and resiliency program for its workforce, including facilities, resources, and programming dedicated to physical wellness. Recognizing the physically demanding nature of the law enforcement profession, the Committees encourage USCP to continue providing resources for officers to benefit from all wellness offerings and to cultivate an environment supporting overall physical fitness. Furthermore, the Department is directed to provide a report to the Committees within 90 days of enactment of this act on the current and planned activities to support the overall physical wellness of the force, including a comparison of the Department’s annual physical fitness testing requirements with those of other law enforcement agencies and an assessment on the feasibility of aligning the Department’s guidelines with those of other agencies.

USCP Information Sharing.—The Department is encouraged to continue increasing its efforts to communicate with Members of Congress, congressional employees, and the public about events occurring around the Capitol complex in a manner that is consistent with and does not interfere with its primary mission of protecting the Congress and the legislative process.

USCP OIG Reports.—This agreement modifies the second paragraph in House Report 117–80 language regarding USCP OIG Reports to direct the OIG to assess current practices to prevent bias within the Capitol Police workforce that would cause harm to or distract from the USCP mission. The OIG is encouraged to provide this report to the Committees no later than 180 days after the enactment of this act.

Periodic Reinvestigation and Continuous Vetting.—The agreement notes that since publishing House Report 117–80, the Department provided a response to the OIG’s recommendation to require

sworn and operational civilian employees to obtain a Top Secret clearance and to require that administrative and civilian employees obtain a minimum of a Secret clearance. The Committees appreciate the Department's timely response to this recommendation and recognize the staffing limitations that make this recommendation not feasible for the Department at this time. Should the Department's position change, USCP is directed to inform and brief the Committees on its evaluation.

Security Services Bureau.—The agreement provides \$38,488,764 for the Security Services Bureau.

Training to "Stop the Bleed".—The Capitol Police has trained nearly its entire sworn workforce in Tactical Combat Casualty Care, also known as "Stop the Bleed" training, which increases survivability from mass shootings and other casualty events causing life-threatening external bleeding. The USCP is directed to continue such efforts, utilizing the "Stop the Bleed" methodology, to ensure that all officers can respond to and administer basic bleeding control techniques to individuals with trauma.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

The agreement requires USCP to notify the Committees prior to the obligation of funds under 2 U.S.C. 1905(a)(2) above a certain threshold.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$7,500,000 for salaries and expenses, of which \$2,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2023.

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$60,953,000 for salaries and expenses.

Promoting Transparency.—The Congressional Budget Office (CBO) provides Congress with budgetary and economic analysis that is important to the legislative process and can have significant policy implications. The Committees support CBO's current and planned efforts to improve and

promote transparency of the agency's modeling and cost estimate process. CBO should continue with efforts on transparency that respect the interests of Congress and maintain the agency's professional independence. CBO is expected to include in its fiscal year 2023 budget request details about the agency's ongoing and future efforts to implement the multi-year plan to increase its capacity to make CBO's work as transparent and responsive as possible.

Responsiveness.—The Committees continue to expect CBO to ensure a high level of responsiveness to committees, leadership, and Members of Congress, to the greatest extent practicable under the priorities for CBO set by law, especially when working on current pending legislation. As an agency that prides itself as being nonpartisan, CBO should be providing the same information to all stakeholders at the appropriate time when addressing legislation that has been made public.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

The agreement includes \$773,896,233 for the activities of the Architect of the Capitol (AOC).

American-Made Masks.—The Committees appreciate the efforts made by the AOC to identify sources for American-made masks during the COVID-19 pandemic for bulk purchases on behalf of Congress and expect the AOC to purchase masks made in America to the maximum extent possible, should additional purchases be required in the future.

AOC Office of Inspector General.—The agreement includes no less than \$5,300,000 to support no fewer than 20 FTE within the AOC OIG during fiscal year 2022. The Committees reiterate their strong support of the AOC OIG and its independence from the AOC leadership, but encourage the Office to rigorously track its monthly expenditures to ensure it does not exceed the funding identified for it. The AOC is also directed to ensure that sufficient funding is available for contracts and other expenses identified by the AOC OIG to fulfill its mission.

AOC Vehicle Usage.—The AOC is required to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1343 and, as such, limited by the statutory controls over motor vehicle acquisition and use, including price limitation, equipment, and replacement of motor vehicles, and per regulations set forth by the General Services Administration (GSA). The AOC is also expected to adhere to GSA regulations on official use of agency vehicles to perform AOC's mission, including proper identification of the vehicle as Federal government-issued and -owned, as well as home-to-work policies.

Campus-Wide Lighting.—The AOC is directed to provide a briefing to the Committees within 90 days of enactment of this act on the status of initiatives to improve lighting around the Capitol campus.

Timely Responses to Committee Inquiries.—While the Committees primarily communicate with the AOC through the Office of Legislative Affairs, they reserve the right to call upon any individual or organization within its jurisdiction for requests for information. The Committees have both budgetary and oversight capabilities, and requests for additional information from the Chairs, Vice Chair, or Ranking Members, or their committee staff to any jurisdiction should be treated as a priority for the agency and responded to expeditiously.

CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS

The agreement includes \$139,116,500 for Capital Construction and Operations, of which \$5,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$134,116,500
Project Budget:	
Federally Recognized Indian Tribes Study	1,027,000
Planning and Programming	<u>3,973,000</u>
	5,000,000
Total, Capital Construction and Operations	\$139,116,500

AOC Response to Sexual Harassment Complaints.—AOC employees should feel their work environment is safe and that complaints of harassment and discrimination are taken seriously. The AOC is expected to continue to brief the Committees on the status of implementation for each inquiry result listed in the AOC OIG’s March 2020 review, pursuant to the parameters included in Senate Report 116–124.

Combatting Communicable Diseases within the Capitol Complex.— Within the funding provided, the AOC is directed to conduct a feasibility study as described in House Report 117–80 with the goal of reducing the spread of infectious diseases while also further securing the Capitol structure to be more resilient and improve both health and safety infrastructure.

Planning and Programming Briefing.—The AOC is to provide a briefing within 90 days of enactment of this act to the Committees on the obligation of and plans for spending funds provided to the Architect for Planning and Programming.

USCP Headquarters and New Senate Office Building.—The AOC shall identify and evaluate options for a renovation or replacement of the USCP Headquarters and a new Senate Office Building. Such an evaluation should incorporate external screening portals and access points for visitors and staff for the Senate Office Buildings, secure indoor and underground parking, and additional office, committee, and sensitive compartmented information facility space. The AOC is directed to provide a report to the Committees on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, and the Committee on House Administration detailing such options within 180 days of enactment of this act.

CAPITOL BUILDING

The agreement includes \$42,579,000, for maintenance, care, and operation of the Capitol Building, of which \$12,899,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$29,680,000
Project Budget:	
Sprinkler System Installation, USC	6,800,000
Minor Construction	5,500,000
Conservation of Fine and Architectural Art	<u>599,000</u>
	12,899,000
Total, Capitol Building	\$42,579,000

Miscellaneous Improvements Notifications.—The Committees appreciate the AOC’s efforts to document and notify the Committees of “Miscellaneous Improvements projects,” which are completed projects that cost less than \$5,000 for labor and materials. The Committees direct the AOC to provide quarterly reports on Miscellaneous Improvements projects, including a description and cost of each project and the status of total funding set aside for this purpose.

CAPITOL GROUNDS

The agreement includes \$15,237,000 for the care and improvements of the grounds surrounding the Capitol, House and Senate Office Buildings, and the Capitol Power Plant, of which \$2,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$13,237,000
Project Budget:	
Minor Construction	<u>2,000,000</u>
	2,000,000
Total, Capitol Grounds	\$15,237,000

Accessibility.—The Committees direct the AOC to prioritize removal of accessibility barriers on the Capitol Complex.

SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

The agreement includes \$81,977,000 for the maintenance, care, and operation of the Senate Office Buildings, of which \$9,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026, and \$2,000,000 shall remain available until expended for Committee Room Modernization.

Operating Budget:	\$70,977,000
Project Budget:	
Exterior Door Conservation, Phase I, Dirksen	2,000,000
Committee Room Modernization	2,000,000
Minor Construction	7,000,000
(SCIF Study and Design)	<u>(2,000,000)</u>
	11,000,000
Total Senate Office Buildings	\$81,977,000

Calder Mountain and Clouds Sculpture.—The Senate Committee directs the AOC to continue working with outside partners on the restoration of the Calder Mountain and Clouds sculpture. The AOC is expected to continue providing the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Rules and Administration with regular updates on the status of these efforts.

Composting Program.—The Committee has received requests from Senators to restart the AOC’s post-consumer composting program, which was terminated in 2016. Within 90 days of enactment of this act, the AOC shall brief the Senate Committees on Appropriations and Rules and Administration on the resources and authorities necessary to explore this proposal, including prospective benefits to the Senate of such a program.

Senate Employees’ Child Care Center (SECCC) Facility Assessment.—The Senate Committee notes the importance of the SECCC facility expansion and encourages all stakeholders to continue working towards selecting a preferred site option for site expansion.

Senate Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility (SCIF) Assessment.—Given the limited physical capacity and significant and increasing demand for use by Senators and Senate staff of SCIF space, the recommendation provides an additional \$1,000,000 for Senate Office Buildings Minor Construction above the request, for a total of up to \$2,000,000 to be used for preliminary planning, study, and design of additional sensitive compartmented information facility space for the Senate, in coordination with the Office of Senate Security. The AOC is directed to provide a report to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Rules and Administration detailing such options within 180 days of enactment of this act.

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS

The agreement includes \$212,422,500 for the care and maintenance of the House Office Buildings, of which \$12,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026, and \$128,000,000 shall remain available until expended for the restoration and renovation of the Cannon House Office Building. Of the amount made available, \$9,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the House Office Building Fund.

Operating Budget:	\$72,422,500
Project Budget:	

CAO Project Support	5,000,000
Minor Construction	7,000,000
Cannon Building Restoration	<u>128,000,000</u>
	140,000,000

Total House Office Buildings \$212,422,500

Cannon Building Costs.—The Committees recognize the urgent need to complete the Cannon Building renewal, which will replace outdated building systems, conserve historic aspects of the building, and optimize the functionality of Member suites, among other improvements. The Committees remain concerned that the cost of the Cannon renovation continues to increase from an initial project estimate of \$752,700,000 to the current project estimate of \$934,866,000.

CAPITOL POWER PLANT

The agreement includes \$114,598,000 for maintenance, care and operation of the Capitol Power Plant, of which \$24,575,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$90,023,000
Project Budget:	
Piping Replacement and Egress Improvements	20,100,000
Minor Construction	<u>4,475,000</u>
	24,575,000
Total, Capitol Power Plant	\$114,598,000
Offsetting Collections	(10,000,000)

Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging in the U.S. Senate.—As the onsite presence of electric vehicles has increased on the Capitol campus, additional charging stations are needed. In order to increase the availability of charging stations, the electrical infrastructure of the Senate must also be expanded. The agreement provides an additional \$475,000 for Capitol Power Plant Minor Construction above the request, to upgrade the existing Level 1 (L1) charging stations to Level 2 (L2) fast-charging stations, and

to install additional L2 fast-charging stations across the Senate, subject to approval of the locations by the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration. While recognizing that this account is five-year money, the Committees believe the bulk of this work should be completed no later than September 30, 2023.

LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

The agreement includes \$64,544,000 for Library of Congress Buildings and Grounds, of which \$31,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$33,544,000
Project Budget:	
Fire Alarm and Audibility Upgrade, Phase I, JMMB	22,500,000
Electrical Power and Grounding Systems Analysis, LOC	4,500,000
Minor Construction	<u>4,000,000</u>
	31,000,000
 Total, Library Buildings and Grounds	 \$64,544,000

CAPITOL POLICE BUILDINGS, GROUNDS AND SECURITY

The agreement includes \$62,389,733 for Capitol Police Buildings, Grounds and Security, of which \$637,639 shall remain available until September 30, 2024, and \$30,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$31,752,094
Project Budget:	
Barrier Lifecycle and Security Kiosk Repairs and Rplcmt, Phase VI, OSP	9,100,000
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Emergency Stockpile	637,639
East Plaza Lighting Upgrade	10,900,000
Conduit Installation	4,000,000

Minor Construction	<u>6,000,000</u>
	30,637,639

Total, Capitol Police Buildings, Grounds and Security	\$62,389,733
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Forced Entry/Ballistic Resistant Doors.—House Report 117–80 language is negated regarding the forced entry/ballistic resistant doors.

Screening Vestibules.—Within 60 days of the enactment of this act, the USCP and AOC shall brief the Committees on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, and the Committee on House Administration on the status of the screening vestibules project, to include an update on vestibules both outside the Capitol and outside the House and Senate Office Buildings.

BOTANIC GARDEN

The agreement includes \$24,463,500 for the U.S. Botanic Garden, of which \$10,100,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2026.

Operating Budget:	\$14,363,500
Project Budget:	
National Garden Improvements, BGNG	5,600,000
Urban Agriculture Initiatives	500,000
Minor Construction	<u>4,000,000</u>
	10,100,000
Total, Botanic Garden	\$24,463,500

CAPITOL VISITOR CENTER

The agreement includes \$25,569,000 for the Capitol Visitor Center.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The agreement includes provisions that prohibit payments of bonuses to contractors behind schedule or over budget and make available coins collected from fountains for maintenance operations.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$550,620,874 in direct appropriations for the Library of Congress (the Library or LOC) salaries and expenses. In addition, collections that may be credited to this appropriation shall remain available until expended. The recommendation includes the following to remain available until expended: \$9,661,000 for the Teaching with Primary Sources program, \$1,419,000 for the upgrade of the Legislative Branch Financial Management System, \$250,000 for the Surplus Books Program, \$3,831,000 for the Veterans History Project, and \$10,000,000 for the final installment in the Visitor Experience Initiative. In addition, the agreement includes the fiscal year 2022 request of \$4,400,000 for 5G cellular technology upgrades, \$4,394,000 for the Integrated Electronic Security System (IESS), \$6,500,000 for the Library Collections Access Platform (L-CAP), and \$2,663,000 for Microsoft 365 migration.

IT Modernization.—The Library has made significant progress in recent years modernizing essential Library technology and standardizing and optimizing Library operations. The recommendation will allow the Library’s flagship websites, loc.gov, congress.gov and crs.gov, to be sustained in continuous development and will allow IT infrastructure to continue to be refined and enhanced, with increased integration of IT development, IT security, and IT operations. The agency-wide modernization efforts also address major IT efforts for the Copyright Office, Congressional Research Service (CRS), and the National Library Service for Blind and Print Disabled (NLS). The LOC is expected to continue to refine the IT Modernization and Integrated Master Schedule and encouraged to consider it as an evolving document. The plan should be used to integrate schedules and cost baselines for responsible project management. In addition, the leadership of the Office of the Librarian should help shape and use it as an important management tool.

National Film and Sound Recording Preservation Programs.—The Committees recognize the important work of the National Film Preservation Program and the National Sound Recording Preservation Program, including the federally chartered National Film and National Recording Preservation Foundations. Given that these programs were reauthorized under the Library of Congress Sound Recording and Film Preservation Programs Reauthorization Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–217), the Committees expect that the Library will continue to support them.

LOC Office of Inspector General.—The agreement includes not less than \$4,336,000 for the Library’s OIG, to support no fewer than 14 FTE.

Preservation of the Collection.—The Committees recognize the Library currently has over \$2,000,000 available through September 30, 2022, for the purposes of the de-acidification preservation program. Upon the exhaustion or expiration of those funds, whichever comes first, the Committees will evaluate the need for the continuation of the program.

Reading Room Access.—The Committees recognize that public access to the Main Reading Room at the Library of Congress is limited. Currently, researchers must apply to receive registration cards to gain full access to the room, and visitors to the LOC often do not have time to go through the registration process. Therefore, the LOC is directed to provide a report to the Committees within 120 days of enactment of this act on the feasibility of opening the Reading Room to the general public while still preserving the research environment and the collections. The report should include a proposal of times and days to allow public access, any costs associated with opening the room to the public, and any other factors affecting a plan for greater public access.

Visitor Experience Initiative.—The recommendation provides \$10,000,000 for the fourth and final installment in the Library’s Visitor Experience, which brings the total federal investment in the project to \$40,000,000. This funding is available until expended and is available only upon approval of the Committees. The Committees continue to direct the Library to provide quarterly updates to the Committees on the project’s design, latest cost estimates, obligations incurred by fiscal year source, and anticipated construction and implementation timelines. Cost estimates should be validated by both the Librarian and the Architect of the Capitol. These updates should also include reports on the Library’s progress on fundraising initiatives for private funding, including both donations in-hand and verbal commitments.

COPYRIGHT OFFICE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$53,065,000 in direct appropriations to the Copyright Office. An additional \$41,973,000 is made available from receipts for salaries and expenses and \$3,000,000 is available from prior year unobligated balances, for a total of \$98,038,000.

CASE Act and MMA Implementation.—The agreement includes the funding requested to implement the Copyright Alternative in Small-Claims Enforcement (CASE) Act and continues funding for the Orrin G. Hatch-Bob Goodlatte Music Modernization Act (MMA) staffing.

Copyright IT Modernization.—The agreement continues funding for Copyright Office IT modernization efforts. The collaboration between the Copyright Office and the Library’s Office of Chief Information Officer is commended, and the Committees direct the two to continue to work together to achieve efficiencies in shared services, while allowing for mission-specific modernization to be the responsibility of the Copyright Office. Per House Report 117–80, the Library is encouraged to remain sensitive to the specialized requirements of the Copyright Office as the Office implements its IT modernization plan in conjunction with the overall Library IT modernization effort. The Copyright Office is directed to provide a detailed spending plan for the IT modernization efforts funded in fiscal year 2022.

CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$129,106,000 for salaries and expenses for CRS.

Continuing Education for Congressional Staff.—The agreement includes funds for the development of a legal education program as described in response to House Report 116–447.

NATIONAL LIBRARY SERVICE FOR THE BLIND AND PRINT DISABLED
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$61,227,000 for salaries and expenses for the National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The agreement includes provisions related to reimbursable and revolving funds, authorities of the Librarian of Congress to accept gifts, and Library of Congress orders under task and delivery order contracts.

GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE

CONGRESSIONAL PUBLISHING (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes \$78,872,161 for authorized publishing, printing and binding for the Congress.

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAMS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS SALARIES AND EXPENSES (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes \$34,020,000.

GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE BUSINESS OPERATIONS REVOLVING FUND

The agreement includes \$11,345,000, to remain available until expended.

Office of Inspector General.—The agreement includes \$6,324,000 for the Government Publishing Office's (GPO) OIG during fiscal year 2022. The Committees direct that the OIG adhere to its fiscal year 2022 budget submission and priorities, and any departure from the budget plan shall be subject to the procedures set forth under the agreement's reprogramming, notification, consultation, and reporting requirements.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes \$719,230,113 in direct appropriations for salaries and expenses of the Government Accountability Office. In addition, \$38,900,000 is available from offsetting collections, for a total of \$758,130,113.

Within the total, no less than \$2,451,000 is provided for the GAO Office of Inspector General to support no less than 11 FTE.

Appropriations and Budget Law.—The Committees acknowledge that GAO legal decisions, including those related to the Congressional Review Act, are often fact specific and time consuming. The Committees commend the improvements made by the GAO Appropriations Law Group to increase resources dedicated to supporting Congress' oversight role. GAO is encouraged to continue to find ways to speed up its adjudication process and to prioritize responding to congressional inquiries and publishing formal legal decisions stemming from congressional requests.

Congressionally Directed Spending and Community Project Funding Transparency and Accountability.—The Committees include, as part of the fiscal year 2022 appropriations process, Congressionally Directed Spending (CDS) pursuant to Rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate and Community Project Funding (CPF) pursuant to House Rules XXI and XXIII, which identify the specific recipients of certain Federal funds in most of this year's annual appropriations acts. Rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate and House Rules XXI and XXIII require public transparency and accountability that underpin the process for vetting these proposals. Consistent with those goals, the Committees direct the GAO to undertake an audit of CDS and CPF contained in fiscal year 2022 appropriations acts, with the goal of informing the Committees' consideration of such funding in subsequent fiscal years.

The audit shall include the following characteristics, after consultation with the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate:

1. The review shall be based upon a sample drawn from CDS and CPF items across agencies and subcommittees.
2. The review shall determine whether the entities or projects identified to receive CDS or CPF received the funding in question, whether such recipients spent or had an identifiable plan to spend the

funding in question, and whether the amounts provided were spent on the purposes identified by the Congress.

3. The review shall evaluate whether the relevant agency or office distributed each item identified for examination in a timely fashion, and whether such agency or office installed sufficient processes for monitoring the recipients' expenditure of such funding.

The GAO shall conduct the audit and provide periodic briefings and reports based on available data to the Committees, including a report to inform the fiscal year 2023 budget process.

DATA Act Briefing.—The Digital Accountability and Transparency Act of 2014 (DATA Act) (Public Law 113–101) mandated a centrally reported and standardized government-wide, financial agency account and award activity information system for the executive branch. The Committees are interested in how this information could be used to support congressional oversight, constituent relations, and policy formation. As GAO has worked on oversight of DATA Act online spending information in the past, the Committees direct GAO to brief the Committees on how existing data could be formatted to support the work of Congress.

GAO Study.—In lieu of House report language regarding a GAO study on personal documents, the agreement addresses this matter in the Financial Services and General Government division.

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICE FOR INTERNATIONAL LEADERSHIP

The agreement includes \$6,000,000 for the Congressional Office for International Leadership (COIL), formerly the Open World Leadership Center.

Expansion of Program to Other Countries.—COIL is requested to keep the Committees apprised of any new developments on expanding programming to include other regions and countries that may be of strategic necessity to the United States.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

The agreement includes a provision for COIL's statutory name change and clarifies reference to the name change in prior appropriations acts.

JOHN C. STENNIS CENTER FOR PUBLIC SERVICE TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

The agreement includes \$430,000 for the Stennis Center for Public Service Training and Development.

TITLE II – GENERAL PROVISIONS

The agreement continues provisions related to maintenance and care of private vehicles; fiscal year limitations; rates of compensation and designation; consulting services; costs of the Legislative Branch Financial Managers Council; limitation on transfers; guided tours of the Capitol; limitation on telecommunications equipment procurement; prohibition on certain operational expenses; plastic waste reduction; Capitol health and safety; annual rates of pay for certain legislative branch agencies; annual rates of pay for congressional staff; and display of honorific plaque to honor law enforcement officers and agencies that responded to the violence that occurred at the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021.

DISCLOSURE OF EARMARKS AND CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, neither the bill nor the explanatory statement contains any congressional earmarks or congressionally directed spending items, limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in the applicable House and Senate rules.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

TITLE I - LEGISLATIVE BRANCH					
Expense Allowances					
Vice President.....	19	20	20	+1	---
President Pro Tempore of the Senate.....	38	40	40	+2	---
Majority Leader of the Senate.....	40	40	40	---	---
Minority Leader of the Senate.....	40	40	40	---	---
Majority Whip of the Senate.....	10	10	10	---	---
Minority Whip of the Senate.....	10	10	10	---	---
President Pro Tempore Emeritus of the Senate.....	15	15	15	---	---
Chairman of the Majority Conference Committee.....	5	5	5	---	---
Chairman of the Minority Conference Committee.....	5	5	5	---	---
Chairman of the Majority Policy Committee.....	5	5	5	---	---
Chairman of the Minority Policy Committee.....	5	5	5	---	---
Subtotal, expense allowances.....	192	195	195	+3	---
Representation Allowances for the Majority and Minority Leaders.....	28	30	30	+2	---
Total, Expense allowances and representation....	220	225	225	+5	---

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
Salaries, Officers and Employees					
Office of the Vice President.....	2,533	2,591	2,641	+108	+50
Office of the President Pro Tempore.....	759	776	796	+37	+20
Office of the President Pro Tempore Emeritus.....	326	335	343	+17	+8
Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders.....	5,506	5,630	5,906	+400	+276
Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips.....	3,525	3,635	3,774	+249	+139
Committee on Appropriations.....	16,143	16,500	16,900	+757	+400
Conference committees.....	3,476	3,556	3,626	+150	+70
Offices of the Secretaries of the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority.....	862	884	900	+38	+16
Policy committees.....	3,552	3,634	3,704	+152	+70
Office of the Chaplain.....	510	536	562	+52	+26
Office of the Secretary.....	26,818	27,411	28,091	+1,273	+680
Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.....	88,879	96,863	98,563	+9,684	+1,700
Offices of the Secretaries for the Majority and Minority.....	1,940	1,986	2,038	+98	+52
Agency contributions and related expenses	67,898	70,115	71,560	+3,662	+1,445
Total, Salaries, officers and employees.....	222,727	234,452	239,404	+16,677	+4,952

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate					
Salaries and expenses.....	6,681	6,919	7,353	+672	+434
Office of Senate Legal Counsel					
Salaries and expenses.....	1,197	1,222	1,299	+102	+77
Expense Allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, and Secretaries for the Majority and Minority of the Senate					
Expense allowances.....	28	30	30	+2	---
Contingent Expenses of the Senate					
Inquiries and investigations.....	133,265	136,600	136,600	+3,335	---
Expenses of United States Senate Caucus on International Narcotics Control.....					
	508	520	530	+22	+10
Secretary of the Senate	7,036	7,036	17,036	+10,000	+10,000
Financial Management Information System Modernization.....	2,500	6,000	6,000	+3,500	---
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate.....	139,221	184,911	151,821	+12,600	-33,090
Sergeant at Arms Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Fund.....					
	---	---	25,000	+25,000	+25,000
Miscellaneous items.....	24,877	22,400	23,022	-1,855	+622
Senators' Official Personnel and Office Expense Account.....					
	461,000	491,542	486,274	+25,274	-5,268

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
Official Mail Costs					
Expenses.....	300	300	300	---	---
Total, Contingent expenses of the Senate.....	768,707	849,309	846,583	+77,876	-2,726
=====					
Total, Senate.....	998,560	1,092,157	1,094,894	+96,334	+2,737
(Discretionary).....	(998,560)	(1,092,157)	(1,094,894)	(+96,334)	(+2,737)
(Mandatory).....	---	---	---	---	---
=====					
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES					
Payment to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress.....	---	---	174	+174	+174
Salaries and Expenses					
House Leadership Offices					
Office of the Speaker.....	8,295	8,295	10,037	+1,742	+1,742
Office of the Majority Floor Leader.....	2,947	2,947	3,566	+619	+619
Office of the Minority Floor Leader.....	8,295	8,295	10,037	+1,742	+1,742
Office of the Majority Whip.....	2,448	2,448	2,962	+514	+514
Office of the Minority Whip.....	2,219	2,219	2,685	+466	+466
Republican Conference.....	2,340	2,340	2,831	+491	+491
Democratic Caucus.....	2,340	2,340	2,831	+491	+491
Subtotal, House Leadership Offices.....	28,884	28,884	34,949	+6,065	+6,065

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

Members' Representational Allowances Including Members' Clerk Hire, Official Expenses of Members, and Official Mail					
Expenses.....	640,000	840,000	774,400	+134,400	-65,600
Allowance for Compensation of Interns					
House Member Offices.....	11,025	11,025	15,435	+4,410	+4,410
House Leadership Offices.....	365	365	438	+73	+73
House Standing, Special and Select Committee Offices..	---	---	1,944	+1,944	+1,944
House Appropriations Committee Office.....	---	---	346	+346	+346
Committee Employees					
Standing Committees, Special and Select.....	138,100	151,264	167,101	+29,001	+15,837
Committee on Appropriations (including studies and investigations).....	24,725	25,714	29,917	+5,192	+4,203

Subtotal, Committee employees.....	162,825	176,978	197,018	+34,193	+20,040

HC

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
Salaries, Officers and Employees					
Office of the Clerk.....	31,975	35,857	36,500	+4,525	+643
Office of the Sergeant at Arms.....	23,260	24,309	27,695	+4,435	+3,386
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer.....	177,200	191,337	193,188	+15,988	+1,851
Office of Diversity and Inclusion.....	1,500	2,213	3,000	+1,500	+787
Office of the Whistleblower Ombuds.....	1,000	1,000	1,250	+250	+250
Office of the Inspector General.....	5,019	5,019	5,019	---	---
Office of General Counsel.....	1,815	1,912	1,912	+97	---
Office of the Parliamentarian.....	2,088	2,134	2,134	+46	---
Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House.....	3,469	3,600	3,600	+131	---
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House.....	11,937	12,425	12,625	+688	+200
Office of Interparliamentary Affairs.....	934	934	934	---	---
Other authorized employees.....	584	624	624	+40	---
Subtotal, Salaries, officers and employees.....	260,781	281,364	288,481	+27,700	+7,117

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
Allowances and Expenses					
Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims.....	1,555	1,555	1,555	---	---
Official mail for committees, leadership offices, and administrative offices of the House.....	190	190	190	---	---
Government contributions.....	335,000	356,000	356,000	+21,000	---
Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery.....	18,508	20,309	23,813	+5,305	+3,504
Transition activities.....	13,000	5,895	5,895	-7,105	---
Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program.....	3,975	9,294	9,294	+5,319	---
Office of Congressional Ethics	1,711	1,738	1,738	+27	---
Miscellaneous items.....	1,000	1,000	1,500	+500	+500
Subtotal, Allowances and expenses.....	374,939	395,981	399,985	+25,046	+4,004
House Modernization Initiatives Account.....	2,000	2,000	2,000	---	---
Subtotal, House of Representatives.....	1,480,819	1,736,597	1,715,170	+234,351	-21,427
(Discretionary).....	1,480,819	1,736,597	1,714,996	+234,177	-21,601
(Mandatory).....	---	---	174	+174	+174
Rescissions.....	-4,212	---	---	+4,212	---
Total, House of Representatives.....	1,476,607	1,736,597	1,715,170	+238,563	-21,427
(Discretionary).....	1,476,607	1,736,597	1,714,996	+238,389	-21,601
(Mandatory).....	---	---	174	+174	+174

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
JOINT ITEMS					
Joint Economic Committee.....	4,203	4,203	4,283	+80	+80
Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies.....	---	---	---	---	---
Joint Committee on Taxation.....	11,905	12,059	12,385	+480	+326
Office of the Attending Physician					
Medical supplies, equipment, expenses, and allowances.....	3,869	4,063	4,063	+194	---
Office of Congressional Accessibility Services					
Salaries and expenses.....	1,536	1,580	1,606	+70	+26
Total, Joint items.....	21,513	21,905	22,337	+824	+432
CAPITOL POLICE					
Salaries.....	424,397	481,749	468,861	+44,464	-12,888
General expenses.....	91,144	137,468	133,648	+42,504	-3,820
Total, Capitol Police.....	515,541	619,217	602,509	+86,968	-16,708

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS					
Salaries and expenses.....	7,500	7,500	7,500	---	---
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE					
Salaries and expenses.....	57,292	60,953	60,953	+3,661	---
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL (AOC)					
Capital Construction and Operations.....	127,462	153,915	139,117	+11,655	-14,798
Capitol building.....	34,719	43,397	42,579	+7,860	-818
Capitol grounds.....	20,560	15,437	15,237	-5,323	-200
Senate office buildings.....	89,615	81,077	81,977	-7,638	+900
House office buildings.....	138,780	198,407	212,423	+73,643	+14,016
Offsetting collections.....	-9,000	-9,000	-9,000	---	---
House Historic Buildings Revitalization Trust Fund	---	10,000	---	---	-10,000

Subtotal, AOC House Buildings.....	129,780	199,407	203,423	+73,643	+4,016

Capitol Power Plant.....	107,761	129,601	124,598	+16,837	-5,003
Spending from offsetting collections.....	-10,000	-10,000	-10,000	---	---

Subtotal, Capitol Power Plant.....	97,761	119,601	114,598	+16,837	-5,003

Library buildings and grounds.....	83,446	122,678	64,544	-18,902	-58,134
Capitol police buildings, grounds and security.....	45,993	76,031	62,390	+16,397	-13,641

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
Botanic Garden.....	20,986	28,824	24,464	+3,478	-4,360
Capitol Visitor Center.....	24,751	26,094	25,569	+818	-525
Total, Architect of the Capitol.....	675,073	866,461	773,898	+98,825	-92,563
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS					
Salaries and expenses.....	523,654	557,111	550,621	+26,967	-6,490
Copyright Office, Salaries and expenses.....	93,416	98,038	98,038	+4,622	---
Authority to spend receipts.....	-41,782	-41,974	-41,973	-191	+1
Prior year unobligated balances.....	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	---	---
Subtotal, Copyright Office.....	48,634	53,064	53,065	+4,431	+1
Congressional Research Service, Salaries and expenses.	125,495	129,606	129,106	+3,611	-500
National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled					
Salaries and expenses.....	59,563	61,227	61,227	+1,664	---
Total, Library of Congress.....	757,346	801,008	794,019	+36,673	-6,989

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request
GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE					
Congressional publishing	78,000	80,184	78,872	+872	-1,312
Public Information Programs of the Superintendent of Documents, Salaries and expenses.....	32,300	34,020	34,020	+1,720	---
Government Publishing Office Business Operations Revolving Fund	6,700	11,345	11,345	+4,645	---
Total, Government Publishing Office.....	117,000	125,549	124,237	+7,237	-1,312
GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE					
Salaries and expenses.....	692,481	783,217	758,130	+65,649	-25,087
Offsetting collections.....	-31,342	-38,900	-38,900	-7,558	---
Total, Government Accountability Office.....	661,139	744,317	719,230	+58,091	-25,087
CONGRESSIONAL OFFICE FOR INTERNATIONAL LEADERSHIP FUND					
Payment to the Congressional Office for International Leadership (COIL) Fund.....	6,000	6,000	6,000	---	---

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

JOHN C. STENNIS CENTER FOR PUBLIC SERVICE					
TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT					
Stennis Center for Public Service.....	430	430	430	---	---
GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Adjustments to Compensation (CBO estimate).....	-2,000	---	-2,000	---	-2,000
USCP benefits.....	---	---	---	---	---
Copyright Office new spending authority (Sec. 142(b))..	---	2,000	---	---	-2,000
Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies..	2,000	---	---	-2,000	---
Capitol Complex Health and Safety.....	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
GAO Supplemental Oversight (emergency).....	10,000	---	---	-10,000	---
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Total, General Provisions.....	15,000	2,000	3,000	-12,000	+1,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
EMERGENCY SECURITY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2021 (PL 117-31)					
SENATE					
Contingent Expenses of the Senate					
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate (emergency).....	7,833	---	---	-7,833	---
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES					
Payments to widows and heirs of deceased members of Congress (emergency).....	348	---	---	-348	---
Allowances and Expenses (emergency).....	11,650	---	---	-11,650	---
CAPITOL POLICE					
Salaries (emergency).....	37,495	---	---	-37,495	---
General Expenses (emergency).....	33,969	---	---	-33,969	---
United States Capitol Police Mutual Aid Reimbursements (emergency).....	35,396	---	---	-35,396	---
Total, Capitol Police.....	106,860	---	---	-106,860	---

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2021 Enacted	FY 2022 Request	Final Bill	Final Bill vs FY 2022	Final Bill vs Request

Architect of the Capitol					
Capitol Construction and Operations (emergency).....	21,869	---	---	-21,869	---
Capitol Police Buildings, Grounds and Security (emergency).....	300,000	---	---	-300,000	---
Total, Architect of the Capitol.....	321,869	---	---	-321,869	---

Total, Emergency Security Supplemental.....	448,560	---	---	-448,560	---
=====					
Other Appropriations.....	448,560	---	---	-448,560	---
=====					
Grand total.....	5,757,561	6,084,094	5,924,177	+166,616	-159,917
Appropriations.....	(5,304,213)	(6,084,094)	(5,924,177)	(+619,964)	(-159,917)
Rescissions.....	(-5,212)	---	---	(+5,212)	---
Emergency appropriations.....	(458,560)	---	---	(-458,560)	---