

Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, H.R. 5823, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a new text)

116TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5823

To establish a program to make grants to States to address cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity threats to information systems of State, local, Tribal, or territorial governments, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 10, 2020

Mr. RICHMOND (for himself, Mr. KATKO, Mr. KILMER, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. ROSE of New York, Mr. PAYNE, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. UNDERWOOD, and Ms. TITUS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

A BILL

To establish a program to make grants to States to address cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity threats to information systems of State, local, Tribal, or territorial governments, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “State and Local Cyber-
3 security Improvement Act”.

4 **SEC. 2. STATE AND LOCAL CYBERSECURITY GRANT PRO-**
5 **GRAM.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title XXII of the
7 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 651 et seq.)
8 is amended by adding at the end the following new sec-
9 tions:

10 **“SEC. 2215. STATE AND LOCAL CYBERSECURITY GRANT**
11 **PROGRAM.**

12 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting
13 through the Director, shall establish a program to make
14 grants to States to address cybersecurity risks and cyber-
15 security threats to information systems of State, local,
16 Tribal, or territorial governments (referred to as the
17 ‘State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program’ in this
18 section).

19 “(b) BASELINE REQUIREMENTS.—A grant awarded
20 under this section shall be used in compliance with the
21 following:

22 “(1) The Cybersecurity Plan required under
23 subsection (d) and approved pursuant to subsection
24 (g).

25 “(2) The Homeland Security Strategy to Im-
26 prove the Cybersecurity of State, Local, Tribal, and

1 Territorial Governments required in accordance with
2 section 2210, when issued.

3 “(c) ADMINISTRATION.—The State and Local Cyber-
4 security Grant Program shall be administered in the same
5 program office that administers grants made under sec-
6 tions 2003 and 2004.

7 “(d) ELIGIBILITY.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State applying for a
9 grant under the State and Local Cybersecurity
10 Grant Program shall submit to the Secretary a Cy-
11 bersecurity Plan for approval. Such plan shall—

12 “(A) incorporate, to the extent practicable,
13 any existing plans of such State to protect
14 against cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity
15 threats to information systems of State, local,
16 Tribal, or territorial governments;

17 “(B) describe, to the extent practicable,
18 how such State shall—

19 “(i) enhance the preparation, re-
20 sponse, and resiliency of information sys-
21 tems owned or operated by such State or,
22 if appropriate, by local, Tribal, or terri-
23 torial governments, against cybersecurity
24 risks and cybersecurity threats;

1 “(ii) implement a process of contin-
2 uous cybersecurity vulnerability assess-
3 ments and threat mitigation practices
4 prioritized by degree of risk to address cy-
5 bersecurity risks and cybersecurity threats
6 in information systems of such State, local,
7 Tribal, or territorial governments;

8 “(iii) ensure that State, local, Tribal,
9 and territorial governments that own or
10 operate information systems within the
11 State adopt best practices and methodolo-
12 gies to enhance cybersecurity, such as the
13 practices set forth in the cybersecurity
14 framework developed by the National Insti-
15 tute of Standards and Technology;

16 “(iv) promote the delivery of safe, rec-
17 ognizable, and trustworthy online services
18 by State, local, Tribal, and territorial gov-
19 ernments, including through the use of the
20 .gov internet domain;

21 “(v) mitigate any identified gaps in
22 the State, local, Tribal, or territorial gov-
23 ernment cybersecurity workforces, enhance
24 recruitment and retention efforts for such
25 workforces, and bolster the knowledge,

1 skills, and abilities of State, local, Tribal,
2 and territorial government personnel to ad-
3 dress cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity
4 threats;

5 “(vi) ensure continuity of communica-
6 tions and data networks within such State
7 between such State and local, Tribal, and
8 territorial governments that own or operate
9 information systems within such State in
10 the event of an incident involving such
11 communications or data networks within
12 such State;

13 “(vii) assess and mitigate, to the
14 greatest degree possible, cybersecurity
15 risks and cybersecurity threats related to
16 critical infrastructure and key resources,
17 the degradation of which may impact the
18 performance of information systems within
19 such State;

20 “(viii) enhance capability to share
21 cyber threat indicators and related infor-
22 mation between such State and local, Trib-
23 al, and territorial governments that own or
24 operate information systems within such
25 State; and

1 “(ix) develop and coordinate strategies
2 to address cybersecurity risks and cyberse-
3 curity threats in consultation with—

4 “(I) local, Tribal, and territorial
5 governments within the State; and

6 “(II) as applicable—

7 “(aa) neighboring States or,
8 as appropriate, members of an
9 information sharing and analysis
10 organization; and

11 “(bb) neighboring countries;
12 and

13 “(C) include, to the extent practicable, an
14 inventory of the information technology de-
15 ployed on the information systems owned or op-
16 erated by such State or by local, Tribal, or ter-
17 ritorial governments within such State, includ-
18 ing legacy information technology that is no
19 longer supported by the manufacturer.

20 “(e) PLANNING COMMITTEES.—

21 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State applying for a
22 grant under this section shall establish a cybersecu-
23 rity planning committee to assist in the following:

1 “(A) The development, implementation,
2 and revision of such State’s Cybersecurity Plan
3 required under subsection (d).

4 “(B) The determination of effective fund-
5 ing priorities for such grant in accordance with
6 subsection (f).

7 “(2) COMPOSITION.—Cybersecurity planning
8 committees described in paragraph (1) shall be com-
9 prised of representatives from counties, cities, towns,
10 and Tribes within the State receiving a grant under
11 this section, including, as appropriate, representa-
12 tives of rural, suburban, and high-population juris-
13 dictions.

14 “(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING EX-
15 ISTING PLANNING COMMITTEES.—Nothing in this
16 subsection may be construed to require that any
17 State establish a cybersecurity planning committee if
18 such State has established and uses a multijuris-
19 dictional planning committee or commission that
20 meets the requirements of this paragraph.

21 “(f) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that receives a grant
22 under this section shall use the grant to implement such
23 State’s Cybersecurity Plan, or to assist with activities de-
24 termined by the Secretary, in consultation with the Direc-
25 tor, to be integral to address cybersecurity risks and cy-

1 bersecurity threats to information systems of State, local,
2 Tribal, or territorial governments, as the case may be.

3 “(g) APPROVAL OF PLANS.—

4 “(1) APPROVAL AS CONDITION OF GRANT.—Be-
5 fore a State may receive a grant under this section,
6 the Secretary, acting through the Director, shall re-
7 view and approve such State’s Cybersecurity Plan
8 required under subsection (d).

9 “(2) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—In approving a
10 Cybersecurity Plan under this subsection, the Direc-
11 tor shall ensure such Plan—

12 “(A) meets the requirements specified in
13 subsection (d); and

14 “(B) upon issuance of the Homeland Secu-
15 rity Strategy to Improve the Cybersecurity of
16 State, Local, Tribal, and Territorial Govern-
17 ments authorized pursuant to section 2210,
18 complies, as appropriate, with the goals and ob-
19 jectives of such Strategy.

20 “(3) APPROVAL OF REVISIONS.—The Secretary,
21 acting through the Director, may approve revisions
22 to a Cybersecurity Plan as the Director determines
23 appropriate.

24 “(4) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding the re-
25 quirement under subsection (d) to submit a Cyberse-

1 security Plan as a condition of apply for a grant under
2 this section, such a grant may be awarded to a State
3 that has not so submitted a Cybersecurity Plan to
4 the Secretary if—

5 “(A) such State certifies to the Secretary
6 that it will submit to the Secretary a Cyberse-
7 curity Plan for approval by September 30,
8 2022;

9 “(B) such State certifies to the Secretary
10 that the activities that will be supported by
11 such grant are integral to the development of
12 such Cybersecurity Plan; or

13 “(C) such State certifies to the Secretary,
14 and the Director confirms, that the activities
15 that will be supported by the grant will address
16 imminent cybersecurity risks or cybersecurity
17 threats to the information systems of such
18 State or of a local, Tribal, or territorial govern-
19 ment in such State.

20 “(h) LIMITATIONS ON USES OF FUNDS.—

21 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives a
22 grant under this section may not use such grant—

23 “(A) to supplant State, local, Tribal, or
24 territorial funds;

1 “(B) for any recipient cost-sharing con-
2 tribution;

3 “(C) to pay a demand for ransom in an at-
4 tempt to regain access to information or an in-
5 formation system of such State or of a local,
6 Tribal, or territorial government in such State;

7 “(D) for recreational or social purposes; or

8 “(E) for any purpose that does not directly
9 address cybersecurity risks or cybersecurity
10 threats on an information systems of such State
11 or of a local, Tribal, or territorial government
12 in such State.

13 “(2) PENALTIES.—In addition to other rem-
14 edies available, the Secretary may take such actions
15 as are necessary to ensure that a recipient of a
16 grant under this section is using such grant for the
17 purposes for which such grant was awarded.

18 “(i) OPPORTUNITY TO AMEND APPLICATIONS.—In
19 considering applications for grants under this section, the
20 Secretary shall provide applicants with a reasonable op-
21 portunity to correct defects, if any, in such applications
22 before making final awards.

23 “(j) APPORTIONMENT.—For fiscal year 2021 and
24 each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall apportion

1 amounts appropriated to carry out this section among
2 States as follows:

3 “(1) BASELINE AMOUNT.—The Secretary shall
4 first apportion 0.25 percent of such amounts to each
5 of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
6 Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the Virgin Is-
7 lands, and 0.75 percent of such amounts to each of
8 the remaining States.

9 “(2) REMAINDER.—The Secretary shall appor-
10 tion the remainder of such amounts in the ratio
11 that—

12 “(A) the population of each State; bears to

13 “(B) the population of all States.

14 “(k) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the
15 cost of an activity carried out using funds made available
16 under the program may not exceed the following percent-
17 ages:

18 “(1) For fiscal year 2021, 90 percent.

19 “(2) For fiscal year 2022, 80 percent.

20 “(3) For fiscal year 2023, 70 percent.

21 “(4) For fiscal year 2024, 60 percent.

22 “(5) For fiscal year 2025 and each subsequent
23 fiscal year, 50 percent.

24 “(l) STATE RESPONSIBILITIES.—

1 “(1) CERTIFICATION.—Each State that receives
2 a grant under this section shall certify to the Sec-
3 retary that the grant will be used for the purpose for
4 which the grant is awarded and in compliance with
5 the Cybersecurity Plan or other purpose approved by
6 the Secretary under subsection (g).

7 “(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS TO LOCAL, TRIB-
8 AL, AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.—Not later
9 than 45 days after a State receives a grant under
10 this section, such State shall, without imposing un-
11 reasonable or unduly burdensome requirements as a
12 condition of receipt, obligate or otherwise make
13 available to local, Tribal, and territorial governments
14 in such State, consistent with the applicable Cyber-
15 security Plan—

16 “(A) not less than 80 percent of funds
17 available under such grant;

18 “(B) with the consent of such local, Tribal,
19 and territorial governments, items, services, ca-
20 pabilities, or activities having a value of not less
21 than 80 percent of the amount of the grant; or

22 “(C) with the consent of the local, Tribal,
23 and territorial governments, grant funds com-
24 bined with other items, services, capabilities, or

1 activities having the total value of not less than
2 80 percent of the amount of the grant.

3 “(3) CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING DISTRIBUTION OF GRANT FUNDS TO LOCAL, TRIBAL, TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.—A State shall certify to the
4 Secretary that the State has made the distribution
5 to local, Tribal, and territorial governments required
6 under paragraph (2).
7

8 “(4) EXTENSION OF PERIOD.—A State may request in writing that the Secretary extend the period
9 of time specified in paragraph (2) for an additional
10 period of time. The Secretary may approve such a
11 request if the Secretary determines such extension is
12 necessary to ensure the obligation and expenditure
13 of grant funds align with the purpose of the grant
14 program.
15

16 “(5) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (2) shall not
17 apply to the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam,
18 or the Virgin Islands.
19

20 “(6) DIRECT FUNDING.—If a State does not
21 make the distribution to local, Tribal, or territorial
22 governments in such State required under paragraph
23
24

1 (2), such a local, Tribal, or territorial government
2 may petition the Secretary.

3 “(7) PENALTIES.—In addition to other remedies available to the Secretary, the Secretary may
4 terminate or reduce the amount of a grant awarded
5 under this section to a State or transfer grant funds
6 previously awarded to such State directly to the appropriate local, Tribal, or territorial government if
7 such State violates a requirement of this subsection.

8 “(m) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—

9 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall establish a State and Local Cybersecurity Resiliency
10 Committee to provide State, local, Tribal, and territorial stakeholder expertise, situational awareness,
11 and recommendations to the Director, as appropriate, regarding how to—

12 “(A) address cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity threats to information systems of
13 State, local, Tribal, or territorial governments;
14 and

15 “(B) improve the ability of such governments to prevent, protect against, respond,
16 mitigate, and recover from cybersecurity risks
17 and cybersecurity threats.

1 “(2) DUTIES.—The State and Local Cybersecu-
2 rity Resiliency Committee shall—

3 “(A) submit to the Director recommenda-
4 tions that may inform guidance for applicants
5 for grants under this section;

6 “(B) upon the request of the Director, pro-
7 vide to the Director technical assistance to in-
8 form the review of Cybersecurity Plans sub-
9 mitted by applicants for grants under this sec-
10 tion, and, as appropriate, submit to the Direc-
11 tor recommendations to improve such Plans
12 prior to the Director’s determination regarding
13 whether to approve such Plans;

14 “(C) advise and provide to the Director
15 input regarding the Homeland Security Strat-
16 egy to Improve Cybersecurity for State, Local,
17 Tribal, and Territorial Governments required
18 under section 2210; and

19 “(D) upon the request of the Director, pro-
20 vide to the Director recommendations, as ap-
21 propriate, regarding how to—

22 “(i) address cybersecurity risks and
23 cybersecurity threats on information sys-
24 tems of State, local, Tribal, or territorial
25 governments;

1 “(ii) and improve the cybersecurity re-
2 silience of such governments.

3 “(3) MEMBERSHIP.—

4 “(A) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The
5 State and Local Cybersecurity Resiliency Com-
6 mittee shall be composed of 15 members ap-
7 pointed by the Director, as follows:

8 “(i) Two individuals recommended to
9 the Director by the National Governors As-
10 sociation.

11 “(ii) Two individuals recommended to
12 the Director by the National Association of
13 State Chief Information Officers.

14 “(iii) One individual recommended to
15 the Director by the National Guard Bu-
16 reau.

17 “(iv) Two individuals recommended to
18 the Director by the National Association of
19 Counties.

20 “(v) Two individuals recommended to
21 the Director by the National League of
22 Cities.

23 “(vi) One individual recommended to
24 the Director by the United States Con-
25 ference of Mayors.

1 “(vii) One individual recommended to
2 the Director by the Multi-State Informa-
3 tion Sharing and Analysis Center.

4 “(viii) Four individuals who have edu-
5 cational and professional experience related
6 to cybersecurity analysis or policy.

7 “(B) TERMS.—Each member of the State
8 and Local Cybersecurity Resiliency Committee
9 shall be appointed for a term of two years, ex-
10 cept that such term shall be three years only in
11 the case of members who are appointed initially
12 to the Committee upon the establishment of the
13 Committee. Any member appointed to fill a va-
14 cancy occurring before the expiration of the
15 term for which the member’s predecessor was
16 appointed shall be appointed only for the re-
17 mainder of such term. A member may serve
18 after the expiration of such member’s term
19 until a successor has taken office. A vacancy in
20 the Commission shall be filled in the manner in
21 which the original appointment was made.

22 “(C) PAY.—Members of the State and
23 Local Cybersecurity Resiliency Committee shall
24 serve without pay.

1 “(4) CHAIRPERSON; VICE CHAIRPERSON.—The
2 members of the State and Local Cybersecurity Resil-
3 iency Committee shall select a chairperson and vice
4 chairperson from among Committee members.

5 “(5) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—
6 The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
7 App.) shall not apply to the State and Local Cyber-
8 security Resilience Committee.

9 “(n) REPORTS.—

10 “(1) ANNUAL REPORTS BY STATE GRANT RE-
11 CIPIENTS.—A State that receives a grant under this
12 section shall annually submit to the Secretary a re-
13 port on the progress of the State in implementing
14 the Cybersecurity Plan approved pursuant to sub-
15 section (g). If the State does not have a Cybersecu-
16 rity Plan approved pursuant to subsection (g), the
17 State shall submit to the Secretary a report describ-
18 ing how grant funds were obligated and expended to
19 develop a Cybersecurity Plan or improve the cyberse-
20 curity of information systems owned or operated by
21 State, local, Tribal, or territorial governments in
22 such State. The Secretary, acting through the Direc-
23 tor, shall make each such report publicly available,
24 including by making each such report available on
25 the internet website of the Agency, subject to any

1 redactions the Director determines necessary to pro-
2 tect classified or other sensitive information.

3 “(2) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—At
4 least once each year, the Secretary, acting through
5 the Director, shall submit to Congress a report on
6 the use of grants awarded under this section and
7 any progress made toward the following:

8 “(A) Achieving the objectives set forth in
9 the Homeland Security Strategy to Improve the
10 Cybersecurity of State, Local, Tribal, and Ter-
11 ritorial Governments, upon the strategy’s
12 issuance under section 2210.

13 “(B) Developing, implementing, or revising
14 Cybersecurity Plans.

15 “(C) Reducing cybersecurity risks and cy-
16 bersecurity threats to information systems
17 owned or operated by State, local, Tribal, and
18 territorial governments as a result of the award
19 of such grants.

20 “(o) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
21 are authorized to be appropriated for grants under this
22 section—

23 “(1) for each of fiscal years 2021 through
24 2025, \$400,000,000; and

1 “(2) for each subsequent fiscal year, such sums
2 as may be necessary.

3 “(p) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 “(1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term
5 ‘critical infrastructure’ has the meaning given that
6 term in section 2.

7 “(2) CYBER THREAT INDICATOR.—The term
8 ‘cyber threat indicator’ has the meaning given such
9 term in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Act of
10 2015.

11 “(3) DIRECTOR.—The term ‘Director’ means
12 the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
13 Security Agency.

14 “(4) INCIDENT.—The term ‘incident’ has the
15 meaning given such term in section 2209.

16 “(5) INFORMATION SHARING AND ANALYSIS OR-
17 GANIZATION.—The term ‘information sharing and
18 analysis organization’ has the meaning given such
19 term in section 2222.

20 “(6) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term ‘infor-
21 mation system’ has the meaning given such term in
22 section 102(9) of the Cybersecurity Act of 2015 (6
23 U.S.C. 1501(9)).

1 “(7) KEY RESOURCES.—The term ‘key re-
2 sources’ has the meaning given that term in section
3 2.

4 “(8) ONLINE SERVICE.—The term ‘online serv-
5 ice’ means any internet-facing service, including a
6 website, email, virtual private network, or custom
7 application.

8 “(9) STATE.—The term ‘State’—

9 “(A) means each of the several States, the
10 District of Colombia, and the territories and
11 possessions of the United States; and

12 “(B) includes any federally recognized In-
13 dian tribe that notifies the Secretary, not later
14 than 120 days after the date of the enactment
15 of this section or not later than 120 days before
16 the start of any fiscal year in which a grant
17 under this section is awarded, that the tribe in-
18 tends to develop a Cybersecurity Plan and
19 agrees to forfeit any distribution under sub-
20 section (1)(2).

21 **“SEC. 2216. CYBERSECURITY RESOURCE GUIDE DEVELOP-**
22 **MENT FOR STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND TER-**
23 **RITORIAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.**

24 “The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall
25 develop a resource guide for use by State, local, Tribal,

1 and territorial government officials, including law enforce-
2 ment officers, to help such officials identify, prepare for,
3 detect, protect against, respond to, and recover from cy-
4 bersecurity risks, cybersecurity threats, and incidents (as
5 such term is defined in section 2209).”.

6 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
7 in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is
8 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
9 2214 the following new items:

“Sec. 2215. State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program.

“Sec. 2216. Cybersecurity resource guide development for State, local, Tribal,
and territorial government officials.”.

10 **SEC. 3. STRATEGY.**

11 (a) HOMELAND SECURITY STRATEGY TO IMPROVE
12 THE CYBERSECURITY OF STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND
13 TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.—Section 2210 of the
14 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 660) is amend-
15 ed by adding at the end the following new subsection:

16 “(e) HOMELAND SECURITY STRATEGY TO IMPROVE
17 THE CYBERSECURITY OF STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND
18 TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.—

19 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days
20 after the date of the enactment of this subsection,
21 the Secretary, acting through the Director, shall, in
22 coordination with appropriate Federal departments
23 and agencies, State, local, Tribal, and territorial
24 governments, the State and Local Cybersecurity Re-

1 silience Committee (established under section 2215),
2 and other stakeholders, as appropriate, develop and
3 make publicly available a Homeland Security Strat-
4 egy to Improve the Cybersecurity of State, Local,
5 Tribal, and Territorial Governments that provides
6 recommendations regarding how the Federal Gov-
7 ernment should support and promote the ability
8 State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments to
9 identify, protect against, detect respond to, and re-
10 cover from cybersecurity risks, cybersecurity threats,
11 and incidents (as such term is defined in section
12 2209) and establishes baseline requirements and
13 principles to which Cybersecurity Plans under such
14 section shall be aligned.

15 “(2) CONTENTS.—The Homeland Security
16 Strategy to Improve the Cybersecurity of State,
17 Local, Tribal, and Territorial Governments required
18 under paragraph (1) shall—

19 “(A) identify capability gaps in the ability
20 of State, local, Tribal, and territorial govern-
21 ments to identify, protect against, detect, re-
22 spond to, and recover from cybersecurity risks,
23 cybersecurity threats, and incidents;

24 “(B) identify Federal resources and capa-
25 bilities that are available or could be made

1 available to State, local, Tribal, and territorial
2 governments to help such governments identify,
3 protect against, detect, respond to, and recover
4 from cybersecurity risks, cybersecurity threats,
5 and incidents;

6 “(C) identify and assess the limitations of
7 Federal resources and capabilities available to
8 State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments
9 to help such governments identify, protect
10 against, detect, respond to, and recover from
11 cybersecurity risks, cybersecurity threats, and
12 incidents, and make recommendations to ad-
13 dress such limitations;

14 “(D) identify opportunities to improve the
15 Agency’s coordination with Federal and non-
16 Federal entities, such as the Multi-State Infor-
17 mation Sharing and Analysis Center, to im-
18 prove incident exercises, information sharing
19 and incident notification procedures, the ability
20 for State, local, Tribal, and territorial govern-
21 ments to voluntarily adapt and implement guid-
22 ance in Federal binding operational directives,
23 and opportunities to leverage Federal schedules
24 for cybersecurity investments under section 502
25 of title 40, United States Code;

1 “(E) recommend new initiatives the Fed-
2 eral Government should undertake to improve
3 the ability of State, local, Tribal, and territorial
4 governments to help such governments identify,
5 protect against, detect, respond to, and recover
6 from cybersecurity risks, cybersecurity threats,
7 and incidents;

8 “(F) set short-term and long-term goals
9 that will improve the ability of State, local,
10 Tribal, and territorial governments to help such
11 governments identify, protect against, detect,
12 respond to, and recover from cybersecurity
13 risks, cybersecurity threats, and incidents; and

14 “(G) set dates, including interim bench-
15 marks, as appropriate for State, local, Tribal,
16 territorial governments to establish baseline ca-
17 pabilities to identify, protect against, detect, re-
18 spond to, and recover from cybersecurity risks,
19 cybersecurity threats, and incidents.

20 “(3) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the
21 Homeland Security Strategy to Improve the Cyber-
22 security of State, Local, Tribal, and Territorial Gov-
23 ernments required under paragraph (1), the Direc-
24 tor, in coordination with appropriate Federal depart-
25 ments and agencies, State, local, Tribal, and terri-

1 torial governments, the State and Local Cybersecu-
2 rity Resilience Committee, and other stakeholders,
3 as appropriate, shall consider—

4 “(A) lessons learned from incidents that
5 have affected State, local, Tribal, and territorial
6 governments, and exercises with Federal and
7 non-Federal entities;

8 “(B) the impact of incidents that have af-
9 fected State, local, Tribal, and territorial gov-
10 ernments, including the resulting costs to such
11 governments;

12 “(C) the information related to the interest
13 and ability of state and non-state threat actors
14 to compromise information systems owned or
15 operated by State, local, Tribal, and territorial
16 governments;

17 “(D) emerging cybersecurity risks and cy-
18 bersecurity threats to State, local, Tribal, and
19 territorial governments resulting from the de-
20 ployment of new technologies; and

21 “(E) recommendations made by the State
22 and Local Cybersecurity Resilience Com-
23 mittee.”.

24 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE
25 CYBERSECURITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AGEN-

1 CY.—Subsection (c) of section 2202 of the Homeland Se-
2 curity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 652) is amended—

3 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) through
4 (11) as paragraphs (11) through (16), respectively;
5 and

6 (2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
7 lowing new paragraphs:

8 “(6) develop program guidance, in consultation
9 with the State and Local Government Cybersecurity
10 Resiliency Committee established under section
11 2215, for the State and Local Cybersecurity Grant
12 Program under such section or any other homeland
13 security assistance administered by the Department
14 to improve cybersecurity;

15 “(7) review, in consultation with the State and
16 Local Cybersecurity Resiliency Committee, all cyber-
17 security plans of State, local, Tribal, and territorial
18 governments developed pursuant to any homeland
19 security assistance administered by the Department
20 to improve cybersecurity;

21 “(8) provide expertise and technical assistance
22 to State, local, Tribal, and territorial government of-
23 ficials with respect to cybersecurity;

1 “(9) provide education, training, and capacity
2 development to enhance the security and resilience
3 of cybersecurity and infrastructure security;

4 “(10) provide information to State, local, Trib-
5 al, and territorial governments on the security bene-
6 fits of .gov domain name registration services;”.

7 (c) FEASIBILITY STUDY.—Not later than 180 days
8 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director
9 of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency
10 of the Department of Homeland Security shall conduct a
11 study to assess the feasibility of implementing a short-
12 term rotational program for the detail of approved State,
13 local, Tribal, and territorial government employees in
14 cyber workforce positions to the Agency.