

115TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. RES. 1149

Recognizing that the United States-Republic of Korea alliance serves as a linchpin of regional stability and bilateral security, and exemplifies the broad and deep military, diplomatic, economic, and cultural ties shared between the United States and the Republic of Korea.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 16, 2018

Mr. ROYCE of California submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

RESOLUTION

Recognizing that the United States-Republic of Korea alliance serves as a linchpin of regional stability and bilateral security, and exemplifies the broad and deep military, diplomatic, economic, and cultural ties shared between the United States and the Republic of Korea.

Whereas the United States Armed Forces and South Korean troops fought together to defend the Korean peninsula from Communist aggression before the Korean Armistice Agreement was signed in 1953, and the United States of America and the Republic of Korea have continued this camaraderie since signing the Mutual Defense Treaty Between the United States and the Republic of Korea that same year;

Whereas the Republic of Korea is a model for alliance burden-sharing, currently hosting 28,500 American active-duty military personnel, funding fifty percent of the total non-personnel costs of the U.S. troop presence on the Korean peninsula, fielding the world's seventh-largest military, and spending over 2.5 percent of its gross domestic product on defense;

Whereas the Republic of Korea is among the closest allies of the United States, having contributed troops in support of United States operations during the Vietnam war, Gulf war, and operations in Iraq and Afghanistan, while also supporting numerous United Nations peacekeeping missions throughout the world;

Whereas United States forces on the Korean Peninsula are critical not only to the security of the Republic of Korea but also to protect against adversaries that threaten regional stability and the United States homeland;

Whereas the U.S.-ROK Combined Forces Command is the most integrated and effective combined military command in the world and, taken together with the United Nations Command, has formed a structure that has provided effective defense and deterrence on the Korean Peninsula for decades;

Whereas North Korea has the world's fourth-largest military, in addition to potentially as many as 60 nuclear weapons and between 2,500 and 5,000 metric tons of chemical weapons;

Whereas the United States supports the Republic of Korea's efforts at peace and reconciliation on the Korean Peninsula and recognizes the critical importance of close policy coordination between Washington and Seoul;

Whereas in February 2017, a United Nations investigatory body confirmed that North Korea attempted to sell key materials for constructing miniaturized nuclear warheads, and found that ballistic missile cooperation between Iran and North Korea was “significant and meaningful”;

Whereas the United States and South Korea share a commitment to democracy, human rights, and free market principles, as laid out in the 2009 U.S.-ROK Joint Vision Statement as the foundation for a 21st century “strategic alliance” based on shared values;

Whereas the Republic of Korea actively contributes to peace-keeping, cybersecurity, non-proliferation, overseas development assistance, climate change mitigation, counterterrorism, and post-conflict stabilization;

Whereas the Republic of Korea suffered economic retaliation from China for installing the United States Theater High Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) ballistic missile defense system, a measure necessitated by North Korea’s nuclear and ballistic missile belligerence;

Whereas Korea is the world’s eleventh-largest economy and the sixth-largest goods trading partner of the United States, and creates bilateral trade and investment which supports 400,000 American jobs;

Whereas the United States is the largest foreign direct investor in the Republic of Korea, and Korean investment in the United States is increasing;

Whereas the Republic of Korea evolved from authoritarian governance to a vibrant, model democracy that embraces human rights and the rule of law in a region increasingly challenged by authoritarianism, which stands in stark contrast to the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea,

which commits human rights violations “that do not have any parallel in the contemporary world” according to a 2014 United Nations report;

Whereas the Republic of Korea has become a key stakeholder and an active and constructive participant in various international organizations, including the United Nations, G–20, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum, Association of Southeast Asian Nations Regional Forum, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, and World Trade Organization;

Whereas Korean American Day commemorates the first arrival of Koreans to the United States in 1903 and honors the great contributions of Korean Americans across all aspects of society, which will only continue to grow as this population now numbers nearly two million citizens and as Korean students constitute the third-largest source of foreign students in the United States; and

Whereas the Korean-American community remains one of the most important bridges between the Republic of Korea and the United States and has helped foster deeper ties between the two nations: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—
- 2 (1) recognizes that the United States-Republic
- 3 of Korea alliance serves as a linchpin of regional sta-
- 4 bility and bilateral security, and exemplifies the
- 5 broad and deep military, diplomatic, economic, and
- 6 cultural ties shared between the United States and
- 7 the Republic of Korea;

1 (2) reiterates that the Republic of Korea and
2 the United States share an interest in the continued
3 strength of the bilateral alliance, and in further
4 deepening the bilateral relationship;

5 (3) emphasizes that the United States-Republic
6 of Korea alliance remains not only a bulwark for
7 peace and stability in Northeast Asia, but also an
8 exemplar of democratic values, free market prin-
9 ciples, commitment to universal human rights, and
10 the rule of law throughout the Indo-Pacific and glob-
11 ally;

12 (4) reaffirms the need for the United States
13 and the Republic of Korea to stand shoulder-to-
14 shoulder in continuing to apply the economic and fi-
15 nancial pressure necessary to help peacefully end the
16 Democratic People’s Republic of Korea’s dangerous
17 nuclear and missile programs; and

18 (5) emphasizes that, regardless of the outcome
19 of attempted negotiations with the Democratic Peo-
20 ple’s Republic of Korea, the United States-Republic
21 of Korea alliance will continue to deter, defend
22 against, and defeat any outside aggressors, uphold
23 the peace, and guard the prosperity built by our two
24 nations.

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