To amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act to facilitate the establishment of additional or expanded public target ranges in certain States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 1, 2017

Mr. Hunter (for himself, Ms. Cheney, Mr. Wittman, Mr. Young of Alaska, Mr. Walz, Mr. Kinzinger, Mr. Palazzo, Mr. Westerman, Mr. Abraham, Mr. Comer, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Kelly of Pennsylvania, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Latta, Mr. Farenthold, Mr. Johnson of Ohio, Mr. Mast, Mr. Gosar, Mr. LaMalfa, Mr. Welch, Mr. Lamborn, Mr. Cuellar, Mr. Pearce, and Mr. Polis) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

MAY 29, 2018

Additional sponsors: Mr. Bacon, Mr. Emmer, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Valadao, Mr. Brooks of Alabama, Mr. Franks of Arizona, Mr. Harris, Mr. Jody B. Hice of Georgia, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Gene Green of Texas, Mr. Kind, Mr. Collins of New York, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Marino, Mrs. Walorski, Mr. Thompson of Pennsylvania, Mr. Gohmert, Mr. Biggs, Mrs. Black, Mr. Hudson, Mr. Johnson of Louisiana, Mr. Kelly of Mississippi, Mr. Grothman, Mr. Amodei, Mrs. Hartzler, Mr. Rokita, Ms. Tenney, Mr. Mooney of West Virginia, Mr. Ross, Mr. Smith of Texas, Mr. Paulsen, Mr. Williams, Mr. Gaetz, Mr. Budd, Mr. Tipton, Mrs. Love, Mr. Mullen, and Mr. Stivers

MAY 29, 2018

Reported from the Committee on Natural Resources
MAY 29, 2018

The Committee on the Judiciary discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act to facilitate the establishment of additional or expanded public target ranges in certain States.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Target Practice and
Marksmanship Training Support Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the use of firearms and archery equipment
for target practice and marksmanship training ac-
tivities on Federal land is allowed, except to the ex-
tent specific portions of that land have been closed
to those activities;

(2) in recent years preceding the date of enact-
ment of this Act, portions of Federal land have been
closed to target practice and marksmanship training
for many reasons;

(3) the availability of public target ranges on
non-Federal land has been declining for a variety of
reasons, including continued population growth and
development near former ranges;

(4) providing opportunities for target practice
and marksmanship training at public target ranges
on Federal and non-Federal land can help—

(A) to promote enjoyment of shooting, rec-
reational, and hunting activities; and
(B) to ensure safe and convenient locations
for those activities;

(5) Federal law in effect on the date of enact-
ment of this Act, including the Pittman-Robertson
Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq.),
provides Federal support for construction and ex-
pansion of public target ranges by making available
to States amounts that may be used for construc-
tion, operation, and maintenance of public target
ranges; and

(6) it is in the public interest to provide in-
creased Federal support to facilitate the construction
or expansion of public target ranges.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to facili-
tate the construction and expansion of public target
ranges, including ranges on Federal land managed by the
Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF PUBLIC TARGET RANGE.

In this Act, the term “public target range” means
a specific location that—

(1) is identified by a governmental agency for
recreational shooting;

(2) is open to the public;

(3) may be supervised; and
(4) may accommodate archery or rifle, pistol, or
shotgun shooting.

SEC. 4. AMENDMENTS TO PITTMAN-ROBERTSON WILDLIFE
RESTORATION ACT.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 of the Pittman-Robert-
son Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amend-
ed—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through
(8) as paragraphs (3) through (9), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
lowing:

“(2) the term ‘public target range’ means a
specific location that—

“A) is identified by a governmental agen-
cy for recreational shooting;

“(B) is open to the public;

“(C) may be supervised; and

“(D) may accommodate archery or rifle,
pistol, or shotgun shooting;”.

(b) EXPENDITURES FOR MANAGEMENT OF WILD-
LIFE AREAS AND RESOURCES.—Section 8(b) of the Pitt-
man-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C.
669g(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(b) Each State” and inserting
the following:
“(b) **Expenditures for Management of Wildlife Areas and Resources.**—

“(1) **In General.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), each State”;

(2) in paragraph (1) (as so designated), by striking “construction, operation,” and inserting “operation”;

(3) in the second sentence, by striking “The non-Federal share” and inserting the following:

“(3) **Non-Federal Share.**—The non-Federal share”;

(4) in the third sentence, by striking “The Secretary” and inserting the following:

“(4) **Regulations.**—The Secretary”; and

(5) by inserting after paragraph (1) (as designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) the following:

“(2) **Exception.**—Notwithstanding the limitation described in paragraph (1), a State may pay up to 90 percent of the cost of acquiring land for, expanding, or constructing a public target range.”.

(c) **Firearm and Bow Hunter Education and Safety Program Grants.**—Section 10 of the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669h–1) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Allocation of Additional Amounts.—
Of the amount apportioned to a State for any fiscal year under section 4(b), the State may elect to allocate not more than 10 percent, to be combined with the amount apportioned to the State under paragraph (1) for that fiscal year, for acquiring land for, expanding, or constructing a public target range.”;

(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

“(b) Cost Sharing.—
“(1) In general.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out using a grant under this section shall not exceed 75 percent of the total cost of the activity.

“(2) Public target range construction or expansion.—The Federal share of the cost of acquiring land for, expanding, or constructing a public target range in a State on Federal or non-Federal land pursuant to this section or section 8(b) shall not exceed 90 percent of the cost of the activity.”;

and

(3) in subsection (c)(1)—
(A) by striking “Amounts made” and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), amounts made”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) EXCEPTION.—Amounts provided for acquiring land for, constructing, or expanding a public target range shall remain available for expenditure and obligation during the 5-fiscal-year period beginning on October 1 of the first fiscal year for which the amounts are made available.”.

SEC. 5. LIMITS ON LIABILITY.

(a) DISCRETIONARY FUNCTION.—For purposes of chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code (commonly referred to as the “Federal Tort Claims Act”), any action by an agent or employee of the United States to manage or allow the use of Federal land for purposes of target practice or marksmanship training by a member of the public shall be considered to be the exercise or performance of a discretionary function.

(b) CIVIL ACTION OR CLAIMS.—Except to the extent provided in chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code, the United States shall not be subject to any civil action or claim for money damages for any injury to or loss of
property, personal injury, or death caused by an activity occurring at a public target range that is—

(1) funded in whole or in part by the Federal Government pursuant to the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq.); or

(2) located on Federal land.

SEC. 6. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING COOPERATION.

It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with applicable laws and regulations, the Chief of the Forest Service and the Director of the Bureau of Land Management should cooperate with State and local authorities and other entities to carry out waste removal and other activities on any Federal land used as a public target range to encourage continued use of that land for target practice or marksmanship training.
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H. R. 788

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