

**Suspend the Rules And Agree to the Resolution, H. Res. 187 with
Amendments**

**(The amendments consist of a new preamble and a complete new
text)**

115TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 187

Relating to efforts to respond to the famine in South Sudan.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 9, 2017

Ms. BASS submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on Foreign Affairs

RESOLUTION

Relating to efforts to respond to the famine in South Sudan.

Whereas on February 20, 2017, famine was formally declared
in parts of South Sudan;

Whereas South Sudan is the world's newest nation and for
the past three years has experienced an ongoing armed
conflict and the deliberate hindrance by the Government
of South Sudan of humanitarian access to opposition
communities in need;

Whereas due to this deliberate action on the part of the Gov-
ernment of South Sudan and the armed opposition to
prolong the conflict South Sudan is experiencing a “man-
made” famine currently affecting 100,000 people;

Whereas according to the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) food insecurity is already prevalent in South Sudan and the ongoing conflict is exacerbating the situation;

Whereas the United Nations has reported that 4,900,000 people, over 40 percent of the population, are in urgent need of food, agriculture, and nutritional assistance;

Whereas there are 1,900,000 Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) residing in South Sudan and according to the United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) an average of approximately 2,400 South Sudanese refugees arrive in Uganda every day;

Whereas 1,000,000 children in South Sudan are suffering from malnutrition in part due to the deliberate actions of the Government of South Sudan, at the same time according to United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) there are more than 17,000 child soldiers forced into combat;

Whereas an anticipated 5,500,000 people are at risk for starvation by mid-year and without urgent humanitarian intervention civilians will continue to die from acute malnutrition and millions more will remain at risk;

Whereas failure to act prior to the upcoming rainy season May to August, will further impede humanitarian efforts;

Whereas the areas where famine has been declared have seen some of the most intense fighting;

Whereas USAID has been a leading provider of humanitarian support to South Sudan, including more than 620,000 tons of life-saving food assistance since the conflict broke out in 2013; and

Whereas support provided by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), UNICEF, and the World Food Program have been critical in reducing the number of civilians at risk of severe malnutrition: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) it is the sense of the House of Representa-
3 tives that—

4 (A) the Administrator of the United States
5 Agency for International Development should
6 continue to provide immediate and robust as-
7 sistance to respond to the famine in South
8 Sudan by providing food and other essential re-
9 sources and to collaborate with international re-
10 lief organizations, such as World Food Program
11 and others in an effort to reach vulnerable pop-
12 ulations; and

13 (B) the Administrator of the United States
14 Agency for International Development should
15 be encouraged to continue to provide des-
16 perately needed and locally appropriate food aid
17 through the Food for Peace and Emergency
18 Food Security Programs; and

19 (2) the House of Representatives—

20 (A) calls upon the Government of South
21 Sudan to declare and observe a cessation of

1 hostilities to allow food and essential supplies to
2 reach affected civilians;

3 (B) urges specifically that the Government
4 of South Sudan allow immediate and unre-
5 stricted humanitarian access to southern Unity,
6 where the famine is currently underway;

7 (C) condemns all threats and violence
8 against civilian populations and aid workers, in-
9 cluding the over 70 humanitarian aid workers
10 killed since the conflict began and the brutal at-
11 tack by the South Sudanese military on human-
12 itarian aid workers, including Americans, at the
13 Terrain Camp in July 2016;

14 (D) condemns the multiple instances in
15 which security forces have looted humanitarian
16 assistance destined for civilians in need; and

17 (E) supports effort of the United States
18 Government, working with partners in the
19 international community, including the United
20 Nations, the African Union, and the European
21 Union, to facilitate humanitarian access to af-
22 fected areas, and encourages greater diplomatic
23 pressure on the parties to return to the negotia-
24 tion table to stop the violence, and to allow full
25 humanitarian access.