In the Senate of the United States, March 29, 2017.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 353) entitled "An Act to improve the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's weather research through a focused program of investment on affordable and attainable advances in observational, computing, and modeling capabilities to support substantial improvement in weather forecasting and prediction of high impact weather events, to expand commercial opportunities for the provision of weather data, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
3 "Weather Research and Forecasting Innovation Act of
4 2017".

5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
6 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—UNITED STATES WEATHER RESEARCH AND FORECASTING IMPROVEMENT

- Sec. 101. Public safety priority.
- Sec. 102. Weather research and forecasting innovation.
- Sec. 103. Tornado warning improvement and extension program.
- Sec. 104. Hurricane forecast improvement program.
- Sec. 105. Weather research and development planning.
- Sec. 106. Observing system planning.
- Sec. 107. Observing system simulation experiments.
- Sec. 108. Annual report on computing resources prioritization.
- Sec. 109. United States Weather Research program.
- Sec. 110. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE II—SUBSEASONAL AND SEASONAL FORECASTING INNOVATION

Sec. 201. Improving subseasonal and seasonal forecasts.

TITLE III—WEATHER SATELLITE AND DATA INNOVATION

- Sec. 301. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration satellite and data management.
- Sec. 302. Commercial weather data.
- Sec. 303. Unnecessary duplication.

TITLE IV—FEDERAL WEATHER COORDINATION

- Sec. 401. Environmental Information Services Working Group.
- Sec. 402. Interagency weather research and forecast innovation coordination.
- Sec. 403. Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and National Weather Service exchange program.
- Sec. 404. Visiting fellows at National Weather Service.
- Sec. 405. Warning coordination meteorologists at weather forecast offices of National Weather Service.
- Sec. 406. Improving National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration communication of hazardous weather and water events.
- Sec. 407. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Weather Ready All Hazards Award Program.
- Sec. 408. Department of Defense weather forecasting activities.
- Sec. 409. National Weather Service; operations and workforce analysis.
- Sec. 410. Report on contract positions at National Weather Service.
- Sec. 411. Weather impacts to communities and infrastructure.
- Sec. 412. Weather enterprise outreach.
- Sec. 413. Hurricane hunter aircraft.
- Sec. 414. Study on gaps in NEXRAD coverage and recommendations to address such gaps.

TITLE V—TSUNAMI WARNING, EDUCATION, AND RESEARCH ACT OF 2017

- Sec. 501. Short title.
- Sec. 502. References to the Tsunami Warning and Education Act.
- Sec. 503. Expansion of purposes of Tsunami Warning and Education Act.

Sec. 504. Modification of tsunami forecasting and warning program.

Sec. 505. Modification of national tsunami hazard mitigation program.
Sec. 506. Modification of tsunami research program.
Sec. 507. Global tsunami warning and mitigation network. Sec. 508. Tsunami science and technology advisory panel.
Sec. 509. Reports.
Sec. 510. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 511. Outreach responsibilities.
Sec. 512. Repeal of duplicate provisions of law.
SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
In this Act:
(1) SEASONAL.—The term "seasonal" means the
time range between 3 months and 2 years.
(2) STATE.—The term "State" means a State, a
territory, or possession of the United States, including
a Commonwealth, or the District of Columbia.
(3) SUBSEASONAL.—The term "subseasonal"
means the time range between 2 weeks and 3 months.
(4) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Sec-
retary" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for
Oceans and Atmosphere.
(5) Weather industry and weather enter-
PRISE.—The terms "weather industry" and "weather
enterprise" are interchangeable in this Act, and in-
clude individuals and organizations from public, pri-
vate, and academic sectors that contribute to the re-
search, development, and production of weather fore-
cast products, and primary consumers of these weath-
er forecast products.

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1TITLEI—UNITEDSTATES2WEATHERRESEARCHAND3FORECASTING IMPROVEMENT

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4 SEC. 101. PUBLIC SAFETY PRIORITY.

5 In conducting research, the Under Secretary shall
6 prioritize improving weather data, modeling, computing,
7 forecasting, and warnings for the protection of life and
8 property and for the enhancement of the national economy.
9 SEC. 102. WEATHER RESEARCH AND FORECASTING INNOVA-

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TION.

(a) PROGRAM.—The Assistant Administrator for the
Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research shall conduct
a program to develop improved understanding of and forecast capabilities for atmospheric events and their impacts,
placing priority on developing more accurate, timely, and
effective warnings and forecasts of high impact weather
events that endanger life and property.

18 (b) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The program described in
19 subsection (a) shall focus on the following activities:

(1) Improving the fundamental understanding of
weather consistent with section 101, including the
boundary layer and other processes affecting high impact weather events.

24 (2) Improving the understanding of how the pub25 lic receives, interprets, and responds to warnings and

1	forecasts of high impact weather events that endanger
2	life and property.
3	(3) Research and development, and transfer of
4	knowledge, technologies, and applications to the Na-
5	tional Weather Service and other appropriate agen-
6	cies and entities, including the United States weather
7	industry and academic partners, related to—
8	(A) advanced radar, radar networking tech-
9	nologies, and other ground-based technologies, in-
10	cluding those emphasizing rapid, fine-scale sens-
11	ing of the boundary layer and lower troposphere,
12	and the use of innovative, dual-polarization,
13	phased-array technologies;
14	(B) aerial weather observing systems;
15	(C) high performance computing and infor-
16	mation technology and wireless communication
17	networks;
18	(D) advanced numerical weather prediction
19	systems and forecasting tools and techniques that
20	improve the forecasting of timing, track, inten-
21	sity, and severity of high impact weather, in-
22	cluding through—
23	(i) the development of more effective
24	mesoscale models;

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1	(ii) more effective use of existing, and
2	the development of new, regional and na-
3	tional cloud-resolving models;
4	(iii) enhanced global weather models;
5	and
6	(iv) integrated assessment models;
7	(E) quantitative assessment tools for meas-
8	uring the impact and value of data and observ-
9	ing systems, including Observing System Sim-
10	ulation Experiments (as described in section
11	107), Observing System Experiments, and Anal-
12	yses of Alternatives;
13	(F) atmospheric chemistry and interactions
14	essential to accurately characterizing atmos-
15	pheric composition and predicting meteorological
16	processes, including cloud microphysical, pre-
17	cipitation, and atmospheric electrification proc-
18	esses, to more effectively understand their role in
19	severe weather; and
20	(G) additional sources of weather data and
21	$information, \ including \ commercial \ observing$
22	systems.
23	(4) A technology transfer initiative, carried out
24	jointly and in coordination with the Director of the
25	National Weather Service, and in cooperation with

1 the United States weather industry and academic 2 partners, to ensure continuous development and tran-3 sition of the latest scientific and technological ad-4 vances into operations of the National Weather Serv-5 ice and to establish a process to sunset outdated and 6 expensive operational methods and tools to enable 7 cost-effective transfer of new methods and tools into 8 operations.

9 (c) EXTRAMURAL RESEARCH.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program 11 under this section, the Assistant Administrator for 12 Oceanic and Atmospheric Research shall collaborate 13 with and support the non-Federal weather research 14 community, which includes institutions of higher edu-15 cation, private entities, and nongovernmental organi-16 zations, by making funds available through competi-17 tive grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements.

18 (2) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of 19 Congress that not less than 30 percent of the funds for 20 weather research and development at the Office of 21 Oceanic and Atmospheric Research should be made 22 available for the purpose described in paragraph (1). (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each year, concurrent with the 23 24 annual budget request submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, 25

1 for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 2 the Under Secretary shall submit to Congress a description 3 of current and planned activities under this section.

SEC. 103. TORNADO WARNING IMPROVEMENT AND EXTEN-4 5

SION PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in collabora-6 7 tion with the United States weather industry and academic 8 partners, shall establish a tornado warning improvement 9 and extension program.

10 (b) GOAL.—The goal of such program shall be to reduce 11 the loss of life and economic losses from tornadoes through 12 the development and extension of accurate, effective, and timely tornado forecasts, predictions, and warnings, includ-13 14 ing the prediction of tornadoes beyond 1 hour in advance. 15 (c) PROGRAM PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Adminis-16 trator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, in coordina-17 tion with the Director of the National Weather Service, shall 18 develop a program plan that details the specific research, 19 development, and technology transfer activities, as well as 20 21 corresponding resources and timelines, necessary to achieve 22 the program goal.

23 (d) ANNUAL BUDGET FOR PLAN SUBMITTAL.—Fol-24 lowing completion of the plan, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Administrator for Oceanic and At-25

mospheric Research and in coordination with the Director
 of the National Weather Service, shall, not less frequently
 than once each year, submit to Congress a proposed budget
 corresponding with the activities identified in the plan.

5 SEC. 104. HURRICANE FORECAST IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in collabora-6 7 tion with the United States weather industry and such aca-8 demic entities as the Administrator considers appropriate, 9 shall maintain a project to improve hurricane forecasting. 10 (b) GOAL.—The goal of the project maintained under 11 subsection (a) shall be to develop and extend accurate hurricane forecasts and warnings in order to reduce loss of life, 12 13 injury, and damage to the economy, with a focus on—

14 (1) improving the prediction of rapid inten15 sification and track of hurricanes;

16 (2) improving the forecast and communication of
17 storm surges from hurricanes; and

18 (3) incorporating risk communication research 19 to create more effective watch and warning products. 20 (c) PROJECT PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the 21 date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary, act-22 ing through the Assistant Administrator for Oceanic and 23 Atmospheric Research and in consultation with the Director 24 of the National Weather Service, shall develop a plan for 25 the project maintained under subsection (a) that details the specific research, development, and technology transfer ac tivities, as well as corresponding resources and timelines,
 necessary to achieve the goal set forth in subsection (b).

4 SEC. 105. WEATHER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PLAN-5 NING.

6 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment 7 of this Act, and not less frequently than once each year 8 thereafter, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assist-9 ant Administrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and in coordination with the Director of the National 10 11 Weather Service and the Assistant Administrator for Sat-12 ellite and Information Services, shall issue a research and development and research to operations plan to restore and 13 14 maintain United States leadership in numerical weather 15 prediction and forecasting that—

16 (1) describes the forecasting skill and technology
17 goals, objectives, and progress of the National Oceanic
18 and Atmospheric Administration in carrying out the
19 program conducted under section 102;

20 (2) identifies and prioritizes specific research
21 and development activities, and performance metrics,
22 weighted to meet the operational weather mission of
23 the National Weather Service to achieve a weather24 ready Nation;

1	(3) describes how the program will collaborate
2	with stakeholders, including the United States weath-
3	er industry and academic partners; and
4	(4) identifies, through consultation with the Na-
5	tional Science Foundation, the United States weather
6	industry, and academic partners, research necessary
7	to enhance the integration of social science knowledge
8	into weather forecast and warning processes, includ-
9	ing to improve the communication of threat informa-
10	tion necessary to enable improved severe weather
11	planning and decisionmaking on the part of individ-
12	uals and communities.

13 SEC. 106. OBSERVING SYSTEM PLANNING.

14 The Under Secretary shall—

(1) develop and maintain a prioritized list of observation data requirements necessary to ensure
weather forecasting capabilities to protect life and
property to the maximum extent practicable;

(2) consistent with section 107, utilize Observing
System Simulation Experiments, Observing System
Experiments, Analyses of Alternatives, and other appropriate assessment tools to ensure continuous systemic evaluations of the observing systems, data, and
information needed to meet the requirements of para-

1 graph (1), including options to maximize observa-2 tional capabilities and their cost-effectiveness; 3 (3) identify current and potential future data 4 gaps in observing capabilities related to the require-5 ments listed under paragraph (1); and 6 (4) determine a range of options to address gaps 7 identified under paragraph (3). 8 SEC. 107. OBSERVING SYSTEM SIMULATION EXPERIMENTS. 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—In support of the requirements of section 106, the Assistant Administrator for Oceanic and 10 11 Atmospheric Research shall undertake Observing System 12 Simulation Experiments, or such other quantitative assess-13 ments as the Assistant Administrator considers appro-14 priate, to quantitatively assess the relative value and bene-15 fits of observing capabilities and systems. Technical and 16 scientific Observing System Simulation Experiment evaluations— 17 18 (1) may include assessments of the impact of ob-19 serving capabilities on— 20 (A) global weather prediction; 21 (B) hurricane track and intensity fore-22 casting;

23 (C) tornado warning lead times and accu24 racy;

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(D) prediction of mid-latitude severe local
storm outbreaks; and
(E) prediction of storms that have the po-
tential to cause extreme precipitation and flood-
ing lasting from 6 hours to 1 week; and
(2) shall be conducted in cooperation with other
appropriate entities within the National Oceanic and
Atmospheric Administration, other Federal agencies,
the United States weather industry, and academic
partners to ensure the technical and scientific merit
of results from Observing System Simulation Experi-
ments or other appropriate quantitative assessment
methodologies.
(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Observing System Simulation
Experiments shall quantitatively—
(1) determine the potential impact of proposed
space-based, suborbital, and in situ observing systems
on analyses and forecasts, including potential im-
pacts on extreme weather events across all parts of the
Nation;
(2) evaluate and compare observing system de-
sign options; and
(3) assess the relative capabilities and costs of
various observing systems and combinations of observ-

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1	ing systems in providing data necessary to protect life
2	and property.
3	(c) Implementation.—Observing System Simulation
4	Experiments—
5	(1) shall be conducted prior to the acquisition of
6	major Government-owned or Government-leased oper-
7	ational observing systems, including polar-orbiting
8	and geostationary satellite systems, with a lifecycle
9	cost of more than \$500,000,000; and
10	(2) shall be conducted prior to the purchase of
11	any major new commercially provided data with a
12	lifecycle cost of more than \$500,000,000.
13	(d) Priority Observing System Simulation Ex-
14	PERIMENTS.—
15	(1) GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEM
16	RADIO OCCULTATION.—Not later than 30 days after
17	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant
18	Administrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research
19	shall complete an Observing System Simulation Ex-
20	periment to assess the value of data from Global
21	Navigation Satellite System Radio Occultation.
22	(2) Geostationary hyperspectral sounder
23	GLOBAL CONSTELLATION.—Not later than 120 days
24	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assist-
25	ant Administrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Re-

search shall complete an Observing System Simula tion Experiment to assess the value of data from a
 geostationary hyperspectral sounder global constella tion.

5 (e) RESULTS.—Upon completion of all Observing Sys-6 tem Simulation Experiments, the Assistant Administrator 7 shall make available to the public the results an assessment 8 of related private and public sector weather data sourcing 9 options, including their availability, affordability, and 10 cost-effectiveness. Such assessments shall be developed in ac-11 cordance with section 50503 of title 51, United States Code. 12 SEC. 108. ANNUAL REPORT ON COMPUTING RESOURCES 13 PRIORITIZATION.

14 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment 15 of this Act and not less frequently than once each year thereafter, the Under Secretary, acting through the Chief Infor-16 17 mation Officer of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and in coordination with the Assistant Ad-18 ministrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and the 19 Director of the National Weather Service, shall produce and 20 21 make publicly available a report that explains how the 22 Under Secretary intends—

(1) to continually support upgrades to pursue
the fastest, most powerful, and cost-effective high per-

1	formance computing technologies in support of its
2	weather prediction mission;
3	(2) to ensure a balance between the research to
4	operations requirements to develop the next genera-
5	tion of regional and global models as well as highly
6	reliable operational models;
7	(3) to take advantage of advanced development
8	concepts to, as appropriate, make next generation
9	weather prediction models available in beta-test mode
10	to operational forecasters, the United States weather
11	industry, and partners in academic and Government
12	research; and
13	(4) to use existing computing resources to im-
14	prove advanced research and operational weather pre-
15	diction.
16	SEC. 109. UNITED STATES WEATHER RESEARCH PROGRAM.
17	Section 108 of the Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
18	tration Authorization Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–567;
19	15 U.S.C. 313 note) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "; and"
22	and inserting a semicolon;
23	
25	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the period

11
(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
lowing:
"(5) submit to the Committee on Commerce,
Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the
Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
House of Representatives, not less frequently than
once each year, a report, including—
"(A) a list of ongoing research projects;
((B) project goals and a point of contact for
each project;
(C) the five projects related to weather ob-
servations, short-term weather, or subseasonal
forecasts within Office of Oceanic and Atmos-
pheric Research that are closest to
operationalization;
"(D) for each project referred to in subpara-
graph (C)—
"(i) the potential benefit;
"(ii) any barrier to operationalization;
and
"(iii) the plan for operationalization,
including which line office will financially
support the project and how much the line
office intends to spend;

1	"(6) establish teams with staff from the Office of
2	Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and the National
3	Weather Service to oversee the operationalization of
4	research products developed by the Office of Oceanic
5	and Atmospheric Research;
6	"(7) develop mechanisms for research priorities
7	of the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research to
8	be informed by the relevant line offices within the Na-
9	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the
10	relevant user community, and the weather enterprise;
11	"(8) develop an internal mechanism to track the
12	progress of each research project within the Office of
13	Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and mechanisms
14	to terminate a project that is not adequately pro-
15	gressing;
16	"(9) develop and implement a system to track
17	whether extramural research grant goals were accom-
18	plished;
19	"(10) provide facilities for products developed by
20	the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research to be
21	tested in operational simulations, such as test beds;
22	and
23	"(11) encourage academic collaboration with the
24	Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and the

14	years 2017 and 2018, there are author
15	priated to Office of Oceanic and Atmos
16	(1) \$111,516,000 to carry
17	which—
18	(A) \$85,758,000 is authority
19	laboratories and cooperative in
20	(B) \$25,758,000 is authority
21	and air chemistry research pro
22	(2) an additional amount of $\$$
23	joint technology transfer initiative
24	$tion \ 102(b)(4).$
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National Weather Service by facilitating visiting 1 2 scholars.";

3 (2) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding 4 paragraph (1), by striking "Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the" and in-5 6 serting "The"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-7 8 section:

9 "(c) SUBSEASONAL DEFINED.—In this section, the 10 term 'subseasonal' means the time range between 2 weeks 11 and 3 months.".

12 SEC. 110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

13 (a) FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2018.—For each of fiscal 14 rized to be appro-15 pheric Research— 16 out this title, of 17 18 orized for weather 19 stitutes; and 20orized for weather 21 ograms; and 22 \$20,000,000 for the 23 described in sec(b) LIMITATION.—No additional funds are authorized
 to carry out this title and the amendments made by this
 title.

4 TITLE II—SUBSEASONAL AND 5 SEASONAL FORECASTING IN6 NOVATION

7 SEC. 201. IMPROVING SUBSEASONAL AND SEASONAL FORE-

8 CASTS.

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9 Section 1762 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public
10 Law 99–198; 15 U.S.C. 313 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) FINDINGS.—";

(2) in subsection (b), by striking "(b)" and inserting "(b) POLICY.—"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

16 "(c) FUNCTIONS.—The Under Secretary, acting
17 through the Director of the National Weather Service and
18 the heads of such other programs of the National Oceanic
19 and Atmospheric Administration as the Under Secretary
20 considers appropriate, shall—

21 "(1) collect and utilize information in order to
22 make usable, reliable, and timely foundational fore23 casts of subseasonal and seasonal temperature and
24 precipitation;

1	"(2) leverage existing research and models from
2	the weather enterprise to improve the forecasts under
3	paragraph (1);
4	"(3) determine and provide information on how
5	the forecasted conditions under paragraph (1) may
6	impact—
7	"(A) the number and severity of droughts,
8	fires, tornadoes, hurricanes, floods, heat waves,
9	coastal inundation, winter storms, high impact
10	weather, or other relevant natural disasters;
11	"(B) snowpack; and
12	"(C) sea ice conditions; and
13	"(4) develop an Internet clearinghouse to provide
14	the forecasts under paragraph (1) and the informa-
15	tion under paragraphs (1) and (3) on both national
16	and regional levels.
17	"(d) Communication.—The Director of the National
18	Weather Service shall provide the forecasts under paragraph
19	(1) of subsection (c) and the information on their impacts
20	under paragraph (3) of such subsection to the public, in-
21	cluding public and private entities engaged in planning
22	and preparedness, such as National Weather Service Core
23	partners at the Federal, regional, State, tribal, and local
24	levels of government.

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4	"(1) by designating research and monitoring ac-
5	tivities related to subseasonal and seasonal forecasts
6	as a priority in one or more solicitations of the Coop-
7	erative Institutes of the Office of Oceanic and Atmos-
8	pheric Research;
9	"(2) by contributing to the interagency Earth
10	System Prediction Capability; and
11	"(3) by consulting with the Secretary of Defense
12	and the Secretary of Homeland Security to determine
13	the highest priority subseasonal and seasonal forecast
14	needs to enhance national security.
15	"(f) Forecast Communication Coordinators.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall
17	foster effective communication, understanding, and
18	use of the forecasts by the intended users of the infor-
19	mation described in subsection (d). This may include
20	assistance to States for forecast communication coor-
21	dinators to enable local interpretation and planning
22	based on the information.
23	"(2) Requirements.—For each State that re-
24	quests assistance under this subsection, the Under

25 Secretary may—

1	"(A) provide funds to support an indi-
2	vidual in that State—
3	"(i) to serve as a liaison among the
4	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
5	istration, other Federal departments and
6	agencies, the weather enterprise, the State,
7	and relevant interests within that State;
8	and
9	"(ii) to receive the forecasts and infor-
10	mation under subsection (c) and dissemi-
11	nate the forecasts and information through-
12	out the State, including to county and trib-
13	al governments; and
14	``(B) require matching funds of at least 50
15	percent, from the State, a university, a non-
16	governmental organization, a trade association,
17	or the private sector.
18	"(3) LIMITATION.—Assistance to an individual
19	State under this subsection shall not exceed \$100,000
20	in a fiscal year.
21	"(g) Cooperation From Other Federal Agen-
22	CIES.—Each Federal department and agency shall cooper-
23	ate as appropriate with the Under Secretary in carrying
24	out this section.
25	"(h) Reports.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months
2	after the date of the enactment of the Weather Re-
3	search and Forecasting Innovation Act of 2017, the
4	Under Secretary shall submit to the Committee on
5	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
6	and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology
7	of the House of Representatives a report, including—
8	"(A) an analysis of the how information
9	from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
10	ministration on subseasonal and seasonal fore-
11	casts, as provided under subsection (c), is uti-
12	lized in public planning and preparedness;
13	((B) specific plans and goals for the contin-
14	ued development of the subseasonal and seasonal
15	forecasts and related products described in sub-
16	section (c); and
17	``(C) an identification of research, moni-
18	toring, observing, and forecasting requirements
19	to meet the goals described in subparagraph (B) .
20	"(2) Consultation.—In developing the report
21	under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall con-
22	sult with relevant Federal, regional, State, tribal, and
23	local government agencies, research institutions, and
24	the private sector.
25	"(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	"(1) FOUNDATIONAL FORECAST.—The term
2	'foundational forecast' means basic weather observa-
3	tion and forecast data, largely in raw form, before
4	further processing is applied.
5	"(2) NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE CORE PART-
6	NERS.—The term 'National Weather Service core
7	partners' means government and nongovernment enti-
8	ties which are directly involved in the preparation or
9	dissemination of, or discussions involving, hazardous
10	weather or other emergency information put out by
11	the National Weather Service.
12	"(3) SEASONAL.—The term 'seasonal' means the
13	time range between 3 months and 2 years.
14	"(4) STATE.—The term 'State' means a State, a
15	territory, or possession of the United States, including
16	a Commonwealth, or the District of Columbia.
17	"(5) SUBSEASONAL.—The term 'subseasonal'
18	means the time range between 2 weeks and 3 months.
19	"(6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term 'Under Sec-
20	retary' means the Under Secretary of Commerce for
21	Oceans and Atmosphere.
22	"(7) Weather industry and weather enter-
23	PRISE.—The terms 'weather industry' and 'weather
24	enterprise' are interchangeable in this section and in-
25	clude individuals and organizations from public, pri-

1	vate, and academic sectors that contribute to the re-
2	search, development, and production of weather fore-
3	cast products, and primary consumers of these weath-
4	er forecast products.
5	"(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—For each
6	of fiscal years 2017 and 2018, there are authorized out of
7	funds appropriated to the National Weather Service,
8	\$26,500,000 to carry out the activities of this section.".
9	TITLE III—WEATHER SATELLITE
10	AND DATA INNOVATION
11	SEC. 301. NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINIS-
12	TRATION SATELLITE AND DATA MANAGE-
13	MENT.
14	(a) Short-Term Management of Environmental
15	Observations.—
16	(1) Microsatellite constellations.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary
18	shall complete and operationalize the Constella-
19	tion Observing System for Meteorology,
20	Ionosphere, and Climate-1 and Climate-2
21	(COSMIC) in effect on the day before the date of
22	the enactment of this Act—
23	(i) by deploying constellations of
24	microsatellites in both the equatorial and
25	polar orbits;

1	(ii) by integrating the resulting data
2	and research into all national operational
3	and research weather forecast models; and
4	(iii) by ensuring that the resulting
5	data of National Oceanic and Atmospheric
6	Administration's COSMIC-1 and COS-
7	MIC-2 programs are free and open to all
8	communities.
9	(B) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not less frequently
10	than once each year until the Under Secretary
11	has completed and operationalized the program
12	described in subparagraph (A) pursuant to such
13	subparagraph, the Under Secretary shall submit
14	to Congress a report on the status of the efforts
15	of the Under Secretary to carry out such sub-
16	paragraph.
17	(2) INTEGRATION OF OCEAN AND COASTAL DATA
18	FROM THE INTEGRATED OCEAN OBSERVING SYS-
19	TEM.—In National Weather Service Regions where
20	the Director of the National Weather Service deter-
21	mines that ocean and coastal data would improve
22	forecasts, the Director, in consultation with the Assist-
23	ant Administrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Re-
24	search and the Assistant Administrator of the Na-
25	tional Ocean Service, shall—

1	(A) integrate additional coastal and ocean
2	observations, and other data and research, from
3	the Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)
4	into regional weather forecasts to improve weath-
5	er forecasts and forecasting decision support sys-
6	tems; and
7	(B) support the development of real-time
8	data sharing products and forecast products in
9	collaboration with the regional associations of
10	such system, including contributions from the
11	private sector, academia, and research institu-
12	tions to ensure timely and accurate use of ocean
13	and coastal data in regional forecasts.
14	(3) EXISTING MONITORING AND OBSERVATION-
15	CAPABILITY.—The Under Secretary shall identify deg-
16	radation of existing monitoring and observation ca-
17	pabilities that could lead to a reduction in forecast
18	quality.
19	(4) Specifications for new satellite sys-
20	TEMS OR DATA DETERMINED BY OPERATIONAL
21	NEEDS.—In developing specifications for any satellite
22	systems or data to follow the Joint Polar Satellite
23	System, Geostationary Operational Environmental
24	Satellites, and any other satellites, in effect on the
25	day before the date of enactment of this Act, the

1	Under Secretary shall ensure the specifications are
2	determined to the extent practicable by the rec-
3	ommendations of the reports under subsection (b) of
4	this section.
5	(b) INDEPENDENT STUDY ON FUTURE OF NATIONAL
6	OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION SATELLITE
7	Systems and Data.—
8	(1) Agreement.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary
10	shall seek to enter into an agreement with the
11	National Academy of Sciences to perform the
12	services covered by this subsection.
13	(B) TIMING.—The Under Secretary shall
14	seek to enter into the agreement described in sub-
15	paragraph (A) before September 30, 2018.
16	(2) Study.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—Under an agreement be-
18	tween the Under Secretary and the National
19	Academy of Sciences under this subsection, the
20	National Academy of Sciences shall conduct a
21	study on matters concerning future satellite data
22	needs.
23	(B) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study
24	under subparagraph (A), the National Academy
25	of Sciences shall—

1	(i) develop recommendations on how to
2	make the data portfolio of the Administra-
3	tion more robust and cost-effective;
4	(ii) assess the costs and benefits of
5	moving toward a constellation of many
6	small satellites, standardizing satellite bus
7	design, relying more on the purchasing of
8	data, or acquiring data from other sources
9	or methods;
10	(iii) identify the environmental obser-
11	vations that are essential to the performance
12	of weather models, based on an assessment
13	of Federal, academic, and private sector
14	weather research, and the cost of obtaining
15	the environmental data;
16	(iv) identify environmental observa-
17	tions that improve the quality of oper-
18	ational and research weather models in ef-
19	fect on the day before the date of enactment
20	of this Act;
21	(v) identify and prioritize new envi-
22	ronmental observations that could con-
23	tribute to existing and future weather mod-
24	els; and

30

1	(vi) develop recommendations on a
2	portfolio of environmental observations that
3	balances essential, quality-improving, and
4	new data, private and nonprivate sources,
5	and space-based and Earth-based sources.
6	(C) Deadline and report.—In carrying
7	out the study under subparagraph (A), the Na-
8	tional Academy of Sciences shall complete and
9	transmit to the Under Secretary a report con-
10	taining the findings of the National Academy of
11	Sciences with respect to the study not later than
12	2 years after the date on which the Adminis-
13	trator enters into an agreement with the Na-
14	tional Academy of Sciences under paragraph
15	(1)(A).
16	(3) Alternate organization.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Under Secretary
18	is unable within the period prescribed in sub-
19	paragraph (B) of paragraph (1) to enter into an
20	agreement described in subparagraph (A) of such
21	paragraph with the National Academy of
22	Sciences on terms acceptable to the Under Sec-
23	retary, the Under Secretary shall seek to enter
24	into such an agreement with another appro-
25	priate organization that—

	51
1	(i) is not part of the Federal Govern-
2	ment;
3	(ii) operates as a not-for-profit entity;
4	and
5	(iii) has expertise and objectivity com-
6	parable to that of the National Academy of
7	Sciences.
8	(B) TREATMENT.—If the Under Secretary
9	enters into an agreement with another organiza-
10	tion as described in subparagraph (A), any ref-
11	erence in this subsection to the National Acad-
12	emy of Sciences shall be treated as a reference to
13	the other organization.
14	(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
15	There are authorized to be appropriated, out of funds
16	appropriated to National Environmental Satellite,
17	Data, and Information Service, to carry out this sub-
18	section \$1,000,000 for the period encompassing fiscal
19	years 2018 through 2019.
20	SEC. 302. COMMERCIAL WEATHER DATA.
21	(a) Data and Hosted Satellite Payloads.—Not-
22	withstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of
23	Commerce may enter into agreements for—
24	(1) the purchase of weather data through con-
25	tracts with commercial providers; and

3 (b) STRATEGY.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after 5 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of 6 Commerce, in consultation with the Under Secretary. 7 shall submit to the Committee on Commerce. Science, 8 and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee 9 on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of 10 Representatives a strategy to enable the procurement 11 of quality commercial weather data. The strategy 12 shall assess the range of commercial opportunities, in-13 cluding public-private partnerships, for obtaining 14 surface-based, aviation-based, and space-based weath-15 er observations. The strategy shall include the ex-16 pected cost-effectiveness of these opportunities as well 17 as provide a plan for procuring data, including an 18 expected implementation timeline, from these non-19 governmental sources, as appropriate.

20 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The strategy shall in-21 clude—

(A) an analysis of financial or other benefits to, and risks associated with, acquiring commercial weather data or services, including
through multiyear acquisition approaches;

1	(B) an identification of methods to address
2	planning, programming, budgeting, and execu-
3	tion challenges to such approaches, including—
4	(i) how standards will be set to ensure
5	that data is reliable and effective;
6	(ii) how data may be acquired through
7	commercial experimental or innovative tech-
8	niques and then evaluated for integration
9	into operational use;
10	(iii) how to guarantee public access to
11	all forecast-critical data to ensure that the
12	United States weather industry and the
13	public continue to have access to informa-
14	tion critical to their work; and
15	(iv) in accordance with section 50503
16	of title 51, United States Code, methods to
17	address potential termination liability or
18	cancellation costs associated with weather
19	data or service contracts; and
20	(C) an identification of any changes needed
21	in the requirements development and approval
22	processes of the Department of Commerce to fa-
23	cilitate effective and efficient implementation of

24 such strategy.

1	(3) AUTHORITY FOR AGREEMENTS.—The Assist-
2	ant Administrator for National Environmental Sat-
3	ellite, Data, and Information Service may enter into
4	multiyear agreements necessary to carry out the strat-
5	egy developed under this subsection.
6	(c) Pilot Program.—
7	(1) CRITERIA.—Not later than 30 days after the
8	date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary
9	shall publish data and metadata standards and speci-
10	fications for space-based commercial weather data, in-
11	cluding radio occultation data, and, as soon as pos-
12	sible, geostationary hyperspectral sounder data.
13	(2) PILOT CONTRACTS.—
13 14	(2) PILOT CONTRACTS.— (A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days
14	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days
14 15	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under
14 15 16	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition,
14 15 16 17	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition, enter into at least one pilot contract with one or
14 15 16 17 18	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition, enter into at least one pilot contract with one or more private sector entities capable of providing
14 15 16 17 18 19	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition, enter into at least one pilot contract with one or more private sector entities capable of providing data that meet the standards and specifications
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition, enter into at least one pilot contract with one or more private sector entities capable of providing data that meet the standards and specifications set by the Under Secretary for providing com-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	(A) CONTRACTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall, through an open competition, enter into at least one pilot contract with one or more private sector entities capable of providing data that meet the standards and specifications set by the Under Secretary for providing com- mercial weather data in a manner that allows

1	(B) Assessment of data viability.—Not
2	later than the date that is 3 years after the date
3	on which the Under Secretary enters into a con-
4	tract under subparagraph (A), the Under Sec-
5	retary shall assess and submit to the Committee
6	on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
7	the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space,
8	and Technology of the House of Representatives
9	the results of a determination of the extent to
10	which data provided under the contract entered
11	into under subparagraph (A) meet the criteria
12	published under paragraph (1) and the extent to
13	which the pilot program has demonstrated—
14	(i) the viability of assimilating the
15	commercially provided data into National
16	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
17	meteorological models;
18	(ii) whether, and by how much, the
19	data add value to weather forecasts; and
20	(iii) the accuracy, quality, timeliness,
21	validity, reliability, usability, information
22	technology security, and cost-effectiveness of
23	obtaining commercial weather data from
24	private sector providers.
(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For
 each of fiscal years 2017 through 2020, there are au thorized to be appropriated for procurement, acquisi tion, and construction at National Environmental
 Satellite, Data, and Information Service, \$6,000,000
 to carry out this subsection.

7 (d) OBTAINING FUTURE DATA.—If an assessment
8 under subsection (c)(2)(B) demonstrates the ability of com9 mercial weather data to meet data and metadata standards
10 and specifications published under subsection (c)(1), the
11 Under Secretary shall—

(1) where appropriate, cost-effective, and feasible,
obtain commercial weather data from private sector
providers;

(2) as early as possible in the acquisition process
for any future National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration meteorological space system, consider
whether there is a suitable, cost-effective, commercial
capability available or that will be available to meet
any or all of the observational requirements by the
planned operational date of the system;

(3) if a suitable, cost-effective, commercial capability is or will be available as described in paragraph (2), determine whether it is in the national in-

terest to develop a governmental meteorological space
 system; and

3 (4) submit to the Committee on Commerce,
4 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the
5 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
6 House of Representatives a report detailing any deter7 mination made under paragraphs (2) and (3).

8 (e) DATA SHARING PRACTICES.—The Under Secretary 9 shall continue to meet the international meteorological 10 agreements into which the Under Secretary has entered, in-11 cluding practices set forth through World Meteorological Or-12 ganization Resolution 40.

13 SEC. 303. UNNECESSARY DUPLICATION.

In meeting the requirements under this title, the Under
Secretary shall avoid unnecessary duplication between public and private sources of data and the corresponding expenditure of funds and employment of personnel.

18 TITLE IV—FEDERAL WEATHER 19 COORDINATION

20 SEC. 401. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION SERVICES WORK-

21

ING GROUP.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Science Advisory Board shall
continue to maintain a standing working group named the

1	Environmental Information Services Working Group (in
2	this section referred to as the "Working Group")—
3	(1) to provide advice for prioritizing weather re-

3	(1) to provide advice for prioritizing weather re-
4	search initiatives at the National Oceanic and Atmos-
5	pheric Administration to produce real improvement
6	in weather forecasting;

7 (2) to provide advice on existing or emerging
8 technologies or techniques that can be found in pri9 vate industry or the research community that could
10 be incorporated into forecasting at the National
11 Weather Service to improve forecasting skill;

12 (3) to identify opportunities to improve—

(A) communications between weather forecasters, Federal, State, local, tribal, and other
emergency management personnel, and the public; and

17 (B) communications and partnerships
18 among the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
19 Administration and the private and academic
20 sectors; and

21 (4) to address such other matters as the Science
22 Advisory Board requests of the Working Group.

23 (b) Composition.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Working Group shall be
25 composed of leading experts and innovators from all

relevant fields of science and engineering including
 atmospheric chemistry, atmospheric physics, meteor ology, hydrology, social science, risk communications,
 electrical engineering, and computer sciences. In car rying out this section, the Working Group may orga nize into subpanels.

7 (2) NUMBER.—The Working Group shall be com8 posed of no fewer than 15 members. Nominees for the
9 Working Group may be forwarded by the Working
10 Group for approval by the Science Advisory Board.
11 Members of the Working Group may choose a chair
12 (or co-chairs) from among their number with ap13 proval by the Science Advisory Board.

14 (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not less frequently than once 15 each year, the Working Group shall transmit to the Science Advisory Board for submission to the Under Secretary a 16 report on progress made by National Oceanic and Atmos-17 18 pheric Administration in adopting the Working Group's recommendations. The Science Advisory Board shall trans-19 20 mit this report to the Under Secretary. Within 30 days of 21 receipt of such report, the Under Secretary shall submit to 22 the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation 23 of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and 24 Technology of the House of Representatives a copy of such 25 report.

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1SEC. 402. INTERAGENCY WEATHER RESEARCH AND FORE-2CAST INNOVATION COORDINATION.

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of the Office of
4 Science and Technology Policy shall establish an Inter5 agency Committee for Advancing Weather Services to im6 prove coordination of relevant weather research and forecast
7 innovation activities across the Federal Government. The
8 Interagency Committee shall—

9 (1) include participation by the National Aero-10 nautics and Space Administration, the Federal Avia-11 tion Administration, National Oceanic and Atmos-12 pheric Administration and its constituent elements, 13 the National Science Foundation, and such other 14 agencies involved in weather forecasting research as 15 the President determines are appropriate;

(2) identify and prioritize top forecast needs and
coordinate those needs against budget requests and
program initiatives across participating offices and
agencies; and

20 (3) share information regarding operational
21 needs and forecasting improvements across relevant
22 agencies.

23 (b) CO-CHAIR.—The Federal Coordinator for Meteor24 ology shall serve as a co-chair of this panel.

25 (c) FURTHER COORDINATION.—The Director of the Of26 fice of Science and Technology Policy shall take such other
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steps as are necessary to coordinate the activities of the Fed eral Government with those of the United States weather
 industry, State governments, emergency managers, and
 academic researchers.

5 SEC. 403. OFFICE OF OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC RE6 SEARCH AND NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE
7 EXCHANGE PROGRAM.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Administrator for 9 Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and the Director of Na-10 tional Weather Service may establish a program to detail 11 Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research personnel to 12 the National Weather Service and National Weather Service 13 personnel to the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Re-14 search.

(b) GOAL.—The goal of this program is to enhance
forecasting innovation through regular, direct interaction
between the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research's
world-class scientists and the National Weather Service's
operational staff.

(c) ELEMENTS.—The program shall allow up to 10 Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research staff and National Weather Service staff to spend up to 1 year on detail.
Candidates shall be jointly selected by the Assistant Administrator for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research and the Director of the National Weather Service.

(d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not less frequently than once
 each year, the Under Secretary shall submit to the Com mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
 Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech nology of the House of Representatives a report on partici pation in such program and shall highlight any innova tions that come from this interaction.

8 SEC. 404. VISITING FELLOWS AT NATIONAL WEATHER SERV9 ICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
Weather Service may establish a program to host
postdoctoral fellows and academic researchers at any of the
National Centers for Environmental Prediction.

(b) GOAL.—This program shall be designed to provide
direct interaction between forecasters and talented academic
and private sector researchers in an effort to bring innovation to forecasting tools and techniques to the National
Weather Service.

(c) SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT.—Such fellows
shall be competitively selected and appointed for a term not
to exceed 1 year.

1	SEC. 405. WARNING COORDINATION METEOROLOGISTS AT
2	WEATHER FORECAST OFFICES OF NATIONAL
3	WEATHER SERVICE.
4	(a) Designation of Warning Coordination Mete-
5	OROLOGISTS.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
7	Weather Service shall designate at least one warning
8	coordination meteorologist at each weather forecast of-
9	fice of the National Weather Service.
10	(2) No additional employees authorized.—
11	Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize
12	or require a change in the authorized number of full
13	time equivalent employees in the National Weather
14	Service or otherwise result in the employment of any
15	additional employees.
16	(3) Performance by other employees.—Per-
17	formance of the responsibilities outlined in this sec-
18	tion is not limited to the warning coordination mete-
19	orologist position.
20	(b) PRIMARY ROLE OF WARNING COORDINATION ME-
21	TEOROLOGISTS.—The primary role of the warning coordi-
22	nation meteorologist shall be to carry out the responsibil-
22	

23 ities required by this section.

24 (c) Responsibilities.—

25 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), con-26 sistent with the analysis described in section 409, and **†HR 353 EAS**

1	in order to increase impact-based decision support
2	services, each warning coordination meteorologist des-
3	ignated under subsection (a) shall—
4	(A) be responsible for providing service to
5	the geographic area of responsibility covered by
6	the weather forecast office at which the warning
7	coordination meteorologist is employed to help
8	ensure that users of products of the National
9	Weather Service can respond effectively to im-
10	prove outcomes from weather events;
11	(B) liaise with users of products and serv-
12	ices of the National Weather Service, such as the
13	public, media outlets, users in the aviation, ma-
14	rine, and agricultural communities, and for-
15	estry, land, and water management interests, to
16	evaluate the adequacy and usefulness of the prod-
17	ucts and services of the National Weather Serv-
18	ice;
19	(C) collaborate with such weather forecast
20	offices and State, local, and tribal government
21	agencies as the Director considers appropriate in
22	developing, proposing, and implementing plans
23	to develop, modify, or tailor products and serv-
24	ices of the National Weather Service to improve
25	

25 the usefulness of such products and services;

1	(D) ensure the maintenance and accuracy
2	of severe weather call lists, appropriate office se-
3	vere weather policy or procedures, and other se-
4	vere weather or dissemination methodologies or
5	strategies; and
6	(E) work closely with State, local, and trib-
7	al emergency management agencies, and other
8	agencies related to disaster management, to en-
9	sure a planned, coordinated, and effective pre-
10	paredness and response effort.
11	(2) OTHER STAFF.—The Director may assign a
12	responsibility set forth in paragraph (1) to such other
13	staff as the Director considers appropriate to carry
14	out such responsibility.
15	(d) Additional Responsibilities.—
16	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
17	$warning\ coordination\ meteorologist\ designated\ under$
18	subsection (a) may—
19	(A) work with a State agency to develop
20	plans for promoting more effective use of prod-
21	ucts and services of the National Weather Service
22	throughout the State;
23	(B) identify priority community prepared-
24	ness objectives;

1	(C) develop plans to meet the objectives
2	identified under paragraph (2); and
3	(D) conduct severe weather event prepared-
4	ness planning and citizen education efforts with
5	and through various State, local, and tribal gov-
6	ernment agencies and other disaster manage-
7	ment-related organizations.
8	(2) OTHER STAFF.—The Director may assign a
9	responsibility set forth in paragraph (1) to such other
10	staff as the Director considers appropriate to carry
11	out such responsibility.
12	(e) Placement With State and Local Emergency
13	Managers.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section,
15	the Director of the National Weather Service may
16	place a warning coordination meteorologist des-
17	ignated under subsection (a) with a State or local
18	emergency manager if the Director considers doing so
19	is necessary or convenient to carry out this section.
20	is necessary of convenient to carry out this section.
	(2) TREATMENT.—If the Director determines
21	
	(2) TREATMENT.—If the Director determines
21	(2) TREATMENT.—If the Director determines that the placement of a warning coordination mete-
21 22	(2) TREATMENT.—If the Director determines that the placement of a warning coordination mete- orologist placed with a State or local emergency man-

1	nation meteorologist at such weather forecast office for
2	purposes of subsection (a).
3	SEC. 406. IMPROVING NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOS-
4	PHERIC ADMINISTRATION COMMUNICATION
5	OF HAZARDOUS WEATHER AND WATER
6	EVENTS.
7	(a) PURPOSE OF SYSTEM.—For purposes of the assess-
8	ment required by subsection (b)(1)(A), the purpose of Na-
9	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration system for
10	issuing watches and warnings regarding hazardous weather
11	and water events shall be risk communication to the general
12	public that informs action to prevent loss of life and prop-
13	erty.
14	(b) Assessment of System.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Sec-
17	retary shall—
18	(A) assess the National Oceanic and Atmos-
19	pheric Administration system for issuing watch-
20	es and warnings regarding hazardous weather
21	and water events; and
22	(B) submit to Congress a report on the find-
23	ings of the Under Secretary with respect to the
24	assessment conducted under subparagraph (A) .

	10
1	(2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by
2	paragraph (1)(A) shall include the following:
3	(A) An evaluation of whether the National
4	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration system
5	for issuing watches and warnings regarding haz-
6	ardous weather and water events meets the pur-
7	pose described in subsection (a).
8	(B) Development of recommendations for—
9	(i) legislative and administrative ac-
10	tion to improve the system described in
11	paragraph (1)(A); and
12	(ii) such research as the Under Sec-
13	retary considers necessary to address the
14	focus areas described in paragraph (3).
15	(3) FOCUS AREAS.—The assessment required by
16	paragraph (1)(A) shall focus on the following:
17	(A) Ways to communicate the risks posed by
18	hazardous weather or water events to the public
19	that are most likely to result in action to miti-
20	gate the risk.
21	(B) Ways to communicate the risks posed
22	by hazardous weather or water events to the pub-
23	lic as broadly and rapidly as practicable.
24	(C) Ways to preserve the benefits of the ex-
25	isting watches and warnings system.

1	(D) Ways to maintain the utility of the
2	watches and warnings system for Government
3	and commercial users of the system.
4	(4) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the assess-
5	ment required by paragraph (1)(A), the Under Sec-
6	retary shall—
7	(A) consult with such line offices within the
8	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
9	tion as the Under Secretary considers relevant,
10	including the National Ocean Service, the Na-
11	tional Weather Service, and the Office of Oceanic
12	and Atmospheric Research;
13	(B) consult with individuals in the aca-
14	demic sector, including individuals in the field
15	of social and behavioral sciences, and other
16	weather services;
17	(C) consult with media outlets that will be
18	distributing the watches and warnings;
19	(D) consult with non-Federal forecasters
20	that produce alternate severe weather risk com-
21	munication products;
22	(E) consult with emergency planners and
23	responders, including State and local emergency
24	management agencies, and other government
25	users of the watches and warnings system, in-

1	cluding the Federal Emergency Management
2	Agency, the Office of Personnel Management, the
3	Coast Guard, and such other Federal agencies as
4	the Under Secretary determines rely on watches
5	and warnings for operational decisions; and
6	(F) make use of the services of the National
7	Academy of Sciences, as the Under Secretary
8	considers necessary and practicable, including
9	contracting with the National Research Council
10	to review the scientific and technical soundness
11	of the assessment required by paragraph $(1)(A)$,
12	including the recommendations developed under
13	paragraph (2)(B).
14	(5) Methodologies.—In conducting the assess-
15	ment required by paragraph $(1)(A)$, the Under Sec-
15 16	ment required by paragraph (1)(A), the Under Sec- retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec-
16	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec-
16 17	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec- retary considers are generally accepted by the weather
16 17 18	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec- retary considers are generally accepted by the weather enterprise, including social and behavioral sciences.
16 17 18 19	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec- retary considers are generally accepted by the weather enterprise, including social and behavioral sciences. (c) IMPROVEMENTS TO SYSTEM.—
16 17 18 19 20	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec- retary considers are generally accepted by the weather enterprise, including social and behavioral sciences. (c) IMPROVEMENTS TO SYSTEM.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall,
16 17 18 19 20 21	retary shall use such methodologies as the Under Sec- retary considers are generally accepted by the weather enterprise, including social and behavioral sciences. (c) IMPROVEMENTS TO SYSTEM.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall, based on the assessment required by subsection

1	(A) to improve the system for issuing
2	watches and warnings regarding hazardous
3	weather and water events; and
4	(B) to support efforts to satisfy research
5	needs to enable future improvements to such sys-
6	tem.
7	(2) REQUIREMENTS REGARDING RECOMMENDA-
8	TIONS.—In carrying out paragraph (1)(A), the Under
9	Secretary shall ensure that any recommendation that
10	the Under Secretary considers a major change—
11	(A) is validated by social and behavioral
12	science using a generalizable sample;
13	(B) accounts for the needs of various demo-
14	graphics, vulnerable populations, and geographic
15	regions;
16	(C) accounts for the differences between
17	types of weather and water hazards;
18	(D) responds to the needs of Federal, State,
19	and local government partners and media part-
20	ners; and
21	(E) accounts for necessary changes to Feder-
22	ally operated watch and warning propagation
23	and dissemination infrastructure and protocols.
24	(d) Watches and Warnings Defined.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-2 graph (2), in this section, the terms "watch" and 3 "warning", with respect to a hazardous weather and 4 water event, mean products issued by the Administra-5 tion, intended for consumption by the general public, 6 to alert the general public to the potential for or pres-7 ence of the event and to inform action to prevent loss 8 of life and property. 9 (2) EXCEPTION.—In this section, the terms 10 "watch" and "warning" do not include technical or 11 specialized meteorological and hydrological forecasts, 12 outlooks, or model guidance products. 13 SEC. 407. NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINIS-14 TRATION WEATHER READY ALL HAZARDS 15 AWARD PROGRAM. 16 (a) PROGRAM.—The Director of the National Weather 17 Service is authorized to establish the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Weather Ready All Hazards 18 Award Program. This award program shall provide annual 19 20 awards to honor individuals or organizations that use or 21 provide National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration 22 Weather Radio All Hazards receivers or transmitters to 23 save lives and protect property. Individuals or organiza-24 tions that utilize other early warning tools or applications

25 also qualify for this award.

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(b) GOAL.—This award program draws attention to
 the life-saving work of the National Oceanic and Atmos pheric Administration Weather Ready All Hazards Pro gram, as well as emerging tools and applications, that pro vide real-time warning to individuals and communities of
 severe weather or other hazardous conditions.

(c) Program Elements.—

7

8 (1) NOMINATIONS.—Nominations for this award 9 shall be made annually by the Weather Field Offices 10 to the Director of the National Weather Service. 11 Broadcast meteorologists, weather radio manufactur-12 ers and weather warning tool and application devel-13 opers, emergency managers, and public safety officials 14 may nominate individuals or organizations to their 15 local Weather Field Offices, but the final list of award 16 nominees must come from the Weather Field Offices. 17 (2) SELECTION OF AWARDEES.—Annually, the 18 Director of the National Weather Service shall choose 19 winners of this award whose timely actions, based on 20 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration 21 Weather Radio All Hazards receivers or transmitters

or other early warning tools and applications, saved
lives or property, or demonstrated public service in
support of weather or all hazard warnings.

(3) AWARD CEREMONY.—The Director of the Na tional Weather Service shall establish a means of
 making these awards to provide maximum public
 awareness of the importance of National Oceanic and
 Atmospheric Administration Weather Radio, and
 such other warning tools and applications as are rep resented in the awards.

8 SEC. 408. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE WEATHER FORE-9 CASTING ACTIVITIES.

10 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment 11 of this Act, the Under Secretary shall submit to the Com-12 mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the 13 Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-14 nology of the House of Representatives a report analyzing 15 the impacts of the proposed Air Force divestiture in the 16 United States Weather Research and Forecasting Model, in-17 cluding—

- (1) the impact on—
- 19 (A) the United States weather forecasting
 20 capabilities;

21 (B) the accuracy of civilian regional fore22 casts;

23 (C) the civilian readiness for traditional
24 weather and extreme weather events in the
25 United States; and

1 (D) the research necessary to develop the 2 United States Weather Research and Forecasting 3 Model; and 4 (2) such other analysis relating to the divestiture 5 as the Under Secretary considers appropriate. 6 SEC. 409. NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE; OPERATIONS AND 7 WORKFORCE ANALYSIS. The Under Secretary shall contract or continue to 8 9 partner with an external organization to conduct a baseline 10 analysis of National Weather Service operations and work-11 force. 12 SEC. 410. REPORT ON CONTRACT POSITIONS AT NATIONAL 13 WEATHER SERVICE. 14 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days 15 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Sec-16 retary shall submit to Congress a report on the use of con-17 tractors at the National Weather Service for the most re-

18 cently completed fiscal year.

19 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection (a)
20 shall include, with respect to the most recently completed
21 fiscal year, the following:

(1) The total number of full-time equivalent employees at the National Weather Service,
disaggregated by each equivalent level of the General
Schedule.

1	(2) The total number of full-time equivalent con-
2	tractors at the National Weather Service,
3	disaggregated by each equivalent level of the General
4	Schedule that most closely approximates their duties.
5	(3) The total number of vacant positions at the
6	National Weather Service on the day before the date
7	of enactment of this Act, disaggregated by each equiv-
8	alent level of the General Schedule.
9	(4) The five most common positions filled by
10	full-time equivalent contractors at the National
11	Weather Service and the equivalent level of the Gen-
12	eral Schedule that most closely approximates the du-
13	ties of such positions.
14	(5) Of the positions identified under paragraph
15	(4), the percentage of full-time equivalent contractors
16	in those positions that have held a prior position at
17	the National Weather Service or another entity in
18	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
19	(6) The average full-time equivalent salary for
20	Federal employees at the National Weather Service for
21	each equivalent level of the General Schedule.
22	(7) The average salary for full-time equivalent
23	contractors performing at each equivalent level of the
24	General Schedule at the National Weather Service.

1 (8) A description of any actions taken by the 2 Under Secretary to respond to the issues raised by the 3 Inspector General of the Department of Commerce re-4 garding the hiring of former National Oceanic and 5 Atmospheric Administration employees as contractors 6 at the National Weather Service such as the issues 7 raised in the Investigative Report dated June 2, 2015 8 (OIG-12-0447).9 (c) ANNUAL PUBLICATION.—For each fiscal year after 10 the fiscal year covered by the report required by subsection 11 (a), the Under Secretary shall, not later than 180 days after 12 the completion of the fiscal year, publish on a publicly accessible Internet website the information described in para-13 graphs (1) through (8) of subsection (b) for such fiscal year. 14 15 SEC. 411. WEATHER IMPACTS TO COMMUNITIES AND INFRA-16 STRUCTURE. 17 (a) REVIEW.— 18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National 19 Weather Service shall review existing research, prod-20 ucts, and services that meet the specific needs of the

22 *teristics and forecasting challenges.*

23 (2) ELEMENTS.—The review required by para24 graph (1) shall include research, products, and serv25 ices with the potential to improve modeling and fore-

urban environment, given its unique physical charac-

21

casting capabilities, taking into account factors in cluding varying building heights, impermeable sur faces, lack of tree canopy, traffic, pollution, and inter building wind effects.

5 (b) REPORT AND ASSESSMENT.—Upon completion of 6 the review required by subsection (a), the Under Secretary 7 shall submit to Congress a report on the research, products, 8 and services of the National Weather Service, including an 9 assessment of such research, products, and services that is 10 based on the review, public comment, and recent publica-11 tions by the National Academy of Sciences.

12 SEC. 412. WEATHER ENTERPRISE OUTREACH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary may establish
mechanisms for outreach to the weather enterprise—

(1) to assess the weather forecasts and forecast
products provided by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; and

18 (2) to determine the highest priority weather
19 forecast needs of the community described in sub20 section (b).

(b) OUTREACH COMMUNITY.—In conducting outreach
under subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall contact
leading experts and innovators from relevant stakeholders,
including the propagatatives from the following

1	(1) State or local emergency management agen-
2	cies.
3	(2) State agriculture agencies.
4	(3) Indian tribes (as defined in section 4 of the
5	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
6	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)) and Native Hawaiians (as de-
7	fined in section 6207 of the Elementary and Sec-
8	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517)).
9	(4) The private aerospace industry.
10	(5) The private earth observing industry.
11	(6) The operational forecasting community.
12	(7) The academic community.
13	(8) Professional societies that focus on meteor-
14	ology.
15	(9) Such other stakeholder groups as the Under
16	Secretary considers appropriate.
17	SEC. 413. HURRICANE HUNTER AIRCRAFT.
18	(a) BACKUP CAPABILITY.—The Under Secretary shall
19	acquire backup for the capabilities of the WP–3D Orion and
20	G-IV hurricane aircraft of the National Oceanic and At-
21	mospheric Administration that is sufficient to prevent a
22	single point of failure.
23	(b) Authority to Enter Agreements.—In order to
24	carry out subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall nego-
25	tiate and enter into 1 or more agreements or contracts, to

the extent practicable and necessary, with governmental
 and non-governmental entities.

3 (c) FUTURE TECHNOLOGY.—The Under Secretary 4 shall continue the development of Airborne Phased Array Radar under the United States Weather Research Program. 5 6 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For each 7 of fiscal years 2017 through 2020, support for implementing 8 subsections (a) and (b) is authorized out of funds appro-9 priated to the Office of Marine and Aviation Operations. 10 SEC. 414. STUDY ON GAPS IN NEXRAD COVERAGE AND REC-11 **OMMENDATIONS TO ADDRESS SUCH GAPS.** 12 (a) Study on Gaps in NEXRAD Coverage.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after 14 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of 15 Commerce shall complete a study on gaps in the cov-16 erage of the Next Generation Weather Radar of the 17 National Weather Service ("NEXRAD"). 18 (2) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study re-19 quired under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall— 20 (A) identify areas in the United States where limited or no NEXRAD coverage has re-21 22 sulted in— 23 (i) instances in which no or insuffi-24 cient warnings were given for hazardous 25 weather events, including tornadoes; or

1	(ii) degraded forecasts for hazardous
2	weather events that resulted in fatalities,
3	significant injuries, or substantial property
4	damage; and
5	(B) for the areas identified under subpara-
6	graph (A)—
7	(i) identify the key weather effects for
8	which prediction would improve with im-
9	proved radar detection;
10	(ii) identify additional sources of ob-
11	servations for high impact weather that
12	were available and operational for such
13	areas on the day before the date of the en-
14	actment of this Act, including dense net-
15	works of x-band radars, Terminal Doppler
16	Weather Radar (commonly known as
17	"TDWR"), air surveillance radars of the
18	Federal Aviation Administration, and coop-
19	erative network observers;
20	(iii) assess the feasibility and advis-
21	ability of efforts to integrate and upgrade
22	Federal radar capabilities that are not
23	owned or controlled by the National Oceanic
24	and Atmospheric Administration, including

radar capabilities of the Federal Aviation

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1	Administration and the Department of De-
2	fense;
3	(iv) assess the feasibility and advis-
4	ability of incorporating State-operated and
5	other non-Federal radars into the oper-
6	ations of the National Weather Service;
7	(v) identify options to improve haz-
8	ardous weather detection and forecasting
9	coverage; and
10	(vi) provide the estimated cost of, and
11	timeline for, each of the options identified
12	under clause (v).
13	(3) REPORT.—Upon the completion of the study
14	required under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
15	submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
16	Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
17	Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives a report that includes the findings of the
19	Secretary with respect to the study.
20	(b) Recommendations to Improve Radar Cov-
21	ERAGE.—Not later than 90 days after the completion of the
22	study under subsection (a)(1), the Secretary of Commerce
23	shall submit to the congressional committees referred to in
24	subsection $(a)(3)$ recommendations for improving haz-
25	ardous weather detection and forecasting coverage in the

areas identified under subsection (a)(2)(A) by integrating
 additional observation solutions to the extent practicable
 and meteorologically justified and necessary to protect pub lic safety.

5 (c) THIRD-PARTY CONSULTATION REGARDING REC-6 OMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE RADAR COVERAGE.—The Sec-7 retary of Commerce may seek reviews by, or consult with, 8 appropriate third parties regarding the scientific method-9 ology relating to, and the feasibility and advisability of im-10 plementing, the recommendations submitted under sub-11 section (b), including the extent to which warning and fore-12 cast services of the National Weather Service would be im-13 proved by additional observations.

14 *TITLE V—TSUNAMI WARNING*, 15 *EDUCATION*, *AND RESEARCH*16 *ACT OF 2017*

17 SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.

18 This title may be cited as the "Tsunami Warning,19 Education, and Research Act of 2017".

20 SEC. 502. REFERENCES TO THE TSUNAMI WARNING AND21EDUCATION ACT.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in
this title an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of
an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision,
the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or

1	other provision of the Tsunami Warning and Education
2	Act enacted as title VIII of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery
3	Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act of 2006
4	(Public Law 109–479; 33 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
5	SEC. 503. EXPANSION OF PURPOSES OF TSUNAMI WARNING
6	AND EDUCATION ACT.
7	Section 803 (33 U.S.C. 3202) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "research,"
9	after "warnings,";
10	(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(2) to enhance and modernize the existing
13	United States Tsunami Warning System to increase
14	the accuracy of forecasts and warnings, to ensure full
15	coverage of tsunami threats to the United States with
16	a network of detection assets, and to reduce false
17	alarms;";
18	(3) by amending paragraph (3) to read as fol-
19	lows:
20	"(3) to improve and develop standards and
21	guidelines for mapping, modeling, and assessment ef-
22	forts to improve tsunami detection, forecasting, warn-
23	ings, notification, mitigation, resiliency, response,
24	outreach, and recovery;";

(4) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), and (6)
as paragraphs (5), (6), and (8), respectively;
(5) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
lowing:
"(4) to improve research efforts related to im-
proving tsunami detection, forecasting, warnings, no-
tification, mitigation, resiliency, response, outreach,
and recovery;";
(6) in paragraph (5), as redesignated—
(A) by striking "and increase" and insert-
ing ", increase, and develop uniform standards
and guidelines for"; and
(B) by inserting ", including the warning
signs of locally generated tsunami" after "ap-
proaching";
(7) in paragraph (6), as redesignated, by strik-
ing ", including the Indian Ocean; and" and insert-
ing a semicolon; and
(8) by inserting after paragraph (6), as redesig-
nated, the following:
"(7) to foster resilient communities in the face of
tsunami and other similar coastal hazards; and".

1	SEC. 504. MODIFICATION OF TSUNAMI FORECASTING AND
2	WARNING PROGRAM.
3	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 804 (33
4	U.S.C. 3203(a)) is amended by striking "Atlantic Ocean,
5	Caribbean Sea, and Gulf of Mexico region" and inserting
6	"Atlantic Ocean region, including the Caribbean Sea and
7	the Gulf of Mexico".
8	(b) Components.—Subsection (b) of section 804 (33
9	U.S.C. 3203(b)) is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "established"
11	and inserting "supported or maintained";
12	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through (9)
13	as paragraphs (8) through (10), respectively;
14	(3) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (6)
15	as paragraphs (3) through (7), respectively;
16	(4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(2) to the degree practicable, maintain not less
19	than 80 percent of the Deep-ocean Assessment and Re-
20	porting of Tsunamis buoy array at operational ca-
21	pacity to optimize data reliability;".
22	(5) by amending paragraph (5) , as redesignated
23	by paragraph (3), to read as follows:
24	"(5) provide tsunami forecasting capability
25	based on models and measurements, including tsu-
26	nami inundation models and maps for use in increas-
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1	ing the preparedness of communities and safe-
2	guarding port and harbor operations, that incor-
3	porate inputs, including—
4	"(A) the United States and global ocean
5	and coastal observing system;
6	"(B) the global Earth observing system;
7	"(C) the global seismic network;
8	"(D) the Advanced National Seismic sys-
9	tem;
10	``(E) tsunami model validation using his-
11	torical and paleotsunami data;
12	``(F) digital elevation models and bathym-
13	etry; and
14	``(G) newly developing tsunami detection
15	methodologies using satellites and airborne re-
16	mote sensing;";
17	(6) by amending paragraph (7), as redesignated
18	by paragraph (3), to read as follows:
19	"(7) include a cooperative effort among the Ad-
20	ministration, the United States Geological Survey,
21	and the National Science Foundation under which
22	the Director of the United States Geological Survey
23	and the Director of the National Science Foundation
24	shall—

1	"(A) provide rapid and reliable seismic in-
2	formation to the Administrator from inter-
3	national and domestic seismic networks; and
4	``(B) support seismic stations installed be-
5	fore the date of the enactment of the Tsunami
6	Warning, Education, and Research Act of 2017
7	to supplement coverage in areas of sparse instru-
8	mentation;";
9	(7) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by para-
10	graph (2)—
11	(A) by inserting ", including graphical
12	warning products," after "warnings";
13	(B) by inserting ", territories," after
14	"States"; and
15	(C) by inserting "and Wireless Emergency
16	Alerts" after "Hazards Program"; and
17	(8) in paragraph (9), as redesignated by para-
18	graph (2)—
19	(A) by inserting "provide and" before
20	"allow"; and
21	(B) by inserting "and commercial and Fed-
22	eral undersea communications cables" after "ob-
23	serving technologies".

(c) TSUNAMI WARNING SYSTEM.—Subsection (c) of
 section 804 (33 U.S.C. 3203(c)) is amended to read as fol lows:

4 "(c) TSUNAMI WARNING SYSTEM.—The program
5 under this section shall operate a tsunami warning system
6 that—

7 "(1) is capable of forecasting tsunami, including
8 forecasting tsunami arrival time and inundation esti9 mates, anywhere in the Pacific and Arctic Ocean re10 gions and providing adequate warnings;

11 "(2) is capable of forecasting and providing ade-12 quate warnings, including tsunami arrival time and 13 inundation models where applicable, in areas of the 14 Atlantic Ocean, including the Caribbean Sea and 15 Gulf of Mexico, that are determined—

"(A) to be geologically active, or to have sig-16 17 nificant potential for geological activity; and 18 "(B) to pose significant risks of tsunami for 19 States along the coastal areas of the Atlantic 20 Ocean, Caribbean Sea, or Gulf of Mexico; and 21 "(3) supports other international tsunami fore-22 casting and warning efforts.". 23 (d) TSUNAMI WARNING CENTERS.—Subsection (d) of

24 section 804 (33 U.S.C. 3203(d)) is amended to read as fol-

25 lows:

1	"(d) Tsunami Warning Centers.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
3	support or maintain centers to support the tsunami
4	warning system required by subsection (c). The Cen-
5	ters shall include—
6	"(A) the National Tsunami Warning Cen-
7	ter, located in Alaska, which is primarily re-
8	sponsible for Alaska and the continental United
9	States;
10	"(B) the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center,
11	located in Hawaii, which is primarily respon-
12	sible for Hawaii, the Caribbean, and other areas
13	of the Pacific not covered by the National Center;
14	and
15	``(C) any additional forecast and warning
16	centers determined by the National Weather
17	Service to be necessary.
18	"(2) Responsibilities.—The responsibilities of
19	the centers supported or maintained under paragraph
20	(1) shall include the following:
21	"(A) Continuously monitoring data from
22	seismological, deep ocean, coastal sea level, and
23	tidal monitoring stations and other data sources
24	as may be developed and deployed.

1	``(B) Evaluating earthquakes, landslides,
2	and volcanic eruptions that have the potential to
3	generate tsunami.
4	``(C) Evaluating deep ocean buoy data and
5	tidal monitoring stations for indications of tsu-
6	nami resulting from earthquakes and other
7	sources.
8	``(D) To the extent practicable, utilizing a
9	range of models, including ensemble models, to
10	predict tsunami, including arrival times, flood-
11	ing estimates, coastal and harbor currents, and
12	duration.
13	``(E) Using data from the Integrated Ocean
14	Observing System of the Administration in co-
15	ordination with regional associations to calculate
16	new inundation estimates and periodically up-
17	date existing inundation estimates.
18	``(F) Disseminating forecasts and tsunami
19	warning bulletins to Federal, State, tribal, and
20	local government officials and the public.
21	``(G) Coordinating with the tsunami hazard
22	mitigation program conducted under section 805
23	to ensure ongoing sharing of information be-
24	tween forecasters and emergency management of-
25	ficials.
1	"(H) In coordination with the Com-
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2	mandant of the Coast Guard and the Adminis-
3	trator of the Federal Emergency Management
4	Agency, evaluating and recommending proce-
5	dures for ports and harbors at risk of tsunami
6	inundation, including review of readiness, re-
7	sponse, and communication strategies, and data
8	sharing policies, to the maximum extent prac-
9	ticable.
10	``(I) Making data gathered under this Act
11	and post-warning analyses conducted by the Na-
12	tional Weather Service or other relevant Admin-
13	istration offices available to the public.
14	``(J) Integrating and modernizing the pro-
15	gram operated under this section with advances
16	in tsunami science to improve performance with-
17	out compromising service.
18	"(3) FAIL-SAFE WARNING CAPABILITY.—The tsu-
19	nami warning centers supported or maintained under
20	paragraph (1) shall maintain a fail-safe warning ca-
21	pability and perform back-up duties for each other.
22	"(4) Coordination with national weather
23	SERVICE.—The Administrator shall coordinate with
24	the forecast offices of the National Weather Service,
25	the centers supported or maintained under paragraph

1	(1), and such program offices of the Administration
2	as the Administrator or the coordinating committee,
3	as established in section 805(d), consider appropriate
4	to ensure that regional and local forecast offices—
5	"(A) have the technical knowledge and ca-
6	pability to disseminate tsunami warnings for the
7	communities they serve;
8	``(B) leverage connections with local emer-
9	gency management officials for optimally dis-
10	seminating tsunami warnings and forecasts; and
11	``(C) implement mass communication tools
12	in effect on the day before the date of the enact-
13	ment of the Tsunami Warning, Education, and
14	Research Act of 2017 used by the National
15	Weather Service on such date and newer mass
16	communication technologies as they are devel-
17	oped as a part of the Weather-Ready Nation pro-
18	gram of the Administration, or otherwise, for the
19	purpose of timely and effective delivery of tsu-
20	nami warnings.
21	"(5) UNIFORM OPERATING PROCEDURES.—The
22	Administrator shall—
23	"(A) develop uniform operational proce-
24	dures for the centers supported or maintained
25	under paragraph (1), including the use of soft-

	••
1	ware applications, checklists, decision support
2	tools, and tsunami warning products that have
3	been standardized across the program supported
4	under this section;
5	(B) ensure that processes and products of
6	the warning system operated under subsection
7	(c)—
8	``(i) reflect industry best practices
9	when practicable;
10	"(ii) conform to the maximum extent
11	practicable with internationally recognized
12	standards for information technology; and
13	"(iii) conform to the maximum extent
14	practicable with other warning products
15	and practices of the National Weather Serv-
16	ice;
17	``(C) ensure that future adjustments to oper-
18	ational protocols, processes, and warning prod-
19	ucts—
20	((i) are made consistently across the
21	warning system operated under subsection
22	(c); and
23	"(ii) are applied in a uniform manner
24	across such warning system;

1	``(D) establish a systematic method for in-
2	formation technology product development to im-
3	prove long-term technology planning efforts; and
4	((E) disseminate guidelines and metrics for
5	evaluating and improving tsunami forecast mod-
6	els.
7	"(6) AVAILABLE RESOURCES.—The Adminis-
8	trator, through the National Weather Service, shall
9	ensure that resources are available to fulfill the obli-
10	gations of this Act. This includes ensuring supercom-
11	puting resources are available to run, as rapidly as
12	possible, such computer models as are needed for pur-
13	poses of the tsunami warning system operated under
14	subsection (c).".
15	(e) TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY; MAINTENANCE AND
16	UPGRADES.—Subsection (e) of section 804 (33 U.S.C.
17	3203(e)) is amended to read as follows:
18	"(e) TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY; MAINTENANCE AND
19	UPGRADES.—In carrying out this section, the Adminis-
20	trator shall—
21	"(1) develop requirements for the equipment used
22	to forecast tsunami, including—
23	"(A) provisions for multipurpose detection
24	platforms;

11
"(B) reliability and performance metrics;
and
"(C) to the maximum extent practicable, re-
quirements for the integration of equipment with
other United States and global ocean and coastal
observation systems, the global Earth observing
system of systems, the global seismic networks,
and the Advanced National Seismic System;
"(2) develop and execute a plan for the transfer
of technology from ongoing research conducted as part
of the program supported or maintained under sec-
tion 6 into the program under this section; and
"(3) ensure that the Administration's oper-
ational tsunami detection equipment is properly
maintained.".
(f) Federal Cooperation.—Subsection (f) of section
804 (33 U.S.C. 3203(f)) is amended to read as follows:
"(f) FEDERAL COOPERATION.—When deploying and
maintaining tsunami detection technologies under the pro-
gram under this section, the Administrator shall—
"(1) identify which assets of other Federal agen-
cies are necessary to support such program; and
"(2) work with each agency identified under
paragraph (1)—
"(A) to acquire the agency's assistance; and

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1	``(B) to prioritize the necessary assets in
2	support of the tsunami forecast and warning
3	program.".
4	(g) UNNECESSARY PROVISIONS.—Section 804 (33
5	U.S.C. 3203) is further amended—
6	(1) by striking subsection (g) ;
7	(2) by striking subsections (i) through (k) ; and
8	(3) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection
9	(g).
10	(h) Congressional Notifications.—Subsection (g)
11	of section 804 (33 U.S.C. 3203(g)), as redesignated by sub-
12	section $(g)(3)$, is amended—
13	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
14	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and moving
15	such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right;
16	(2) in the matter before subparagraph (A), as re-
17	designated by paragraph (2), by striking "The Ad-
18	ministrator" and inserting the following:
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator";
20	(3) in paragraph (1), as redesignated by para-
21	graph (3)—
22	(A) in subparagraph (A) , as redesignated
23	by paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;

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1	(B) in subparagraph (B), as redesignated
2	by paragraph (2), by striking the period at the
3	end and inserting "; and"; and
4	(C) by adding at the end the following:
5	``(C) the occurrence of a significant tsunami
6	warning."; and
7	(4) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) CONTENTS.—In a case in which notice is
9	submitted under paragraph (1) within 30 days of a
10	significant tsunami warning described in subpara-
11	graph (C) of such paragraph, such notice shall in-
12	clude, as appropriate, brief information and analysis
13	of—
14	``(A) the accuracy of the tsunami model
15	used;
16	((B) the specific deep ocean or other moni-
17	toring equipment that detected the incident, as
18	well as the deep ocean or other monitoring equip-
19	ment that did not detect the incident due to mal-
20	function or other reasons;
21	``(C) the effectiveness of the warning com-
22	munication, including the dissemination of
23	warnings with State, territory, local, and tribal
24	partners in the affected area under the jurisdic-
25	tion of the National Weather Service; and

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1	"(D) such other findings as the Adminis-
2	trator considers appropriate.".
3	SEC. 505. MODIFICATION OF NATIONAL TSUNAMI HAZARD
4	MITIGATION PROGRAM.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 805(a) (33 U.S.C. 3204(a))
6	is amended to read as follows:
7	"(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Administrator, in co-
8	ordination with the Administrator of the Federal Emer-
9	gency Management Agency and the heads of such other
10	agencies as the Administrator considers relevant, shall con-
11	duct a community-based tsunami hazard mitigation pro-
12	gram to improve tsunami preparedness and resiliency of
13	at-risk areas in the United States and the territories of the
14	United States.".
15	(b) NATIONAL TSUNAMI HAZARD MITIGATION PRO-
16	GRAM.—Section 805 (33 U.S.C. 3204) is amended by strik-
17	ing subsections (c) and (d) and inserting the following:
18	"(c) Program Components.—The Program con-
19	ducted under subsection (a) shall include the following:
20	"(1) Technical and financial assistance to coast-
21	al States, territories, tribes, and local governments to
22	develop and implement activities under this section.
23	"(2) Integration of tsunami preparedness and
24	mitigation programs into ongoing State-based hazard
25	warning, resilience planning, and risk management

1	activities, including predisaster planning, emergency
2	response, evacuation planning, disaster recovery, haz-
3	ard mitigation, and community development and re-
4	development planning programs in affected areas.
5	"(3) Coordination with other Federal prepared-
6	ness and mitigation programs to leverage Federal in-
7	vestment, avoid duplication, and maximize effort.
8	"(4) Activities to promote the adoption of tsu-
9	nami resilience, preparedness, warning, and mitiga-
10	tion measures by Federal, State, territorial, tribal,
11	and local governments and nongovernmental entities,
12	including educational and risk communication pro-
13	grams to discourage development in high-risk areas.
14	"(5) Activities to support the development of re-
15	gional tsunami hazard and risk assessments. Such re-
16	gional risk assessments may include the following:
17	"(A) The sources, sizes, and other relevant
18	historical data of tsunami in the region, includ-
19	ing paleotsunami data.
20	"(B) Inundation models and maps of crit-
21	ical infrastructure and socioeconomic vulner-
22	ability in areas subject to tsunami inundation.
23	"(C) Maps of evacuation areas and evacu-
24	ation routes, including, when appropriate, traffic

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1	studies that evaluate the viability of evacuation
2	routes.
3	(D) Evaluations of the size of populations
4	that will require evacuation, including popu-
5	lations with special evacuation needs.
6	((E) Evaluations and technical assistance
7	for vertical evacuation structure planning for
8	communities where models indicate limited or no
9	ability for timely evacuation, especially in areas
10	at risk of near shore generated tsunami.
11	"(F) Evaluation of at-risk ports and har-
12	bors.
13	``(G) Evaluation of the effect of tsunami
14	currents on the foundations of closely-spaced,
15	coastal high-rise structures.
16	"(6) Activities to promote preparedness in at-
17	risk ports and harbors, including the following:
18	(A) Evaluation and recommendation of
19	procedures for ports and harbors in the event of
20	a distant or near-field tsunami.
21	(B) A review of readiness, response, and
22	communication strategies to ensure coordination
23	and data sharing with the Coast Guard.
24	"(7) Activities to support the development of
25	community-based outreach and education programs to

1	ensure community readiness and resilience, including
2	the following:
3	"(A) The development, implementation, and
4	assessment of technical training and public edu-
5	cation programs, including education programs
6	that address unique characteristics of distant
7	and near-field tsunami.
8	"(B) The development of decision support
9	tools.
10	``(C) The incorporation of social science re-
11	search into community readiness and resilience
12	efforts.
13	``(D) The development of evidence-based
14	education guidelines.
15	"(8) Dissemination of guidelines and standards
16	for community planning, education, and training
17	products, programs, and tools, including—
18	"(A) standards for—
19	"(i) mapping products;
20	"(ii) inundation models; and
21	"(iii) effective emergency exercises; and
22	``(B) recommended guidance for at-risk port
23	and harbor tsunami warning, evacuation, and
24	response procedures in coordination with the

1	Coast Guard and the Federal Emergency Man-
2	agement Agency.
3	"(d) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—In addition to activi-
4	ties conducted under subsection (c), the program conducted
5	under subsection (a) may include the following:
6	"(1) Multidisciplinary vulnerability assessment
7	research, education, and training to help integrate
8	risk management and resilience objectives with com-
9	munity development planning and policies.
10	"(2) Risk management training for local officials
11	and community organizations to enhance under-
12	standing and preparedness.
13	"(3) In coordination with the Federal Emer-
14	gency Management Agency, interagency, Federal,
15	State, tribal, and territorial intergovernmental tsu-
16	nami response exercise planning and implementation
17	in high risk areas.
18	"(4) Development of practical applications for
19	existing or emerging technologies, such as modeling,
20	remote sensing, geospatial technology, engineering,
21	and observing systems, including the integration of
22	tsunami sensors into Federal and commercial sub-
23	marine telecommunication cables if practicable.
24	"(5) Risk management, risk assessment, and re-
25	silience data and information services, including—

1	"(A) access to data and products derived
2	from observing and detection systems; and
3	((B) development and maintenance of new
4	integrated data products to support risk manage-
5	ment, risk assessment, and resilience programs.
6	"(6) Risk notification systems that coordinate
7	with and build upon existing systems and actively en-
8	gage decisionmakers, State, local, tribal, and terri-
9	torial governments and agencies, business commu-
10	nities, nongovernmental organizations, and the
11	media.
12	"(e) No Preemption With Respect to Designa-
13	TION OF AT-RISK AREAS.—The establishment of national
14	standards for inundation models under this section shall
15	not prevent States, territories, tribes, and local governments
16	from designating additional areas as being at risk based
17	on knowledge of local conditions.

18 "(f) NO NEW REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Nothing in
19 this Act may be construed as establishing new regulatory
20 authority for any Federal agency.".

(c) REPORT ON ACCREDITATION OF TSUNAMIREADY
PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the National Oceanic
and Atmospheric Administration shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the

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Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech nology of the House of Representatives a report on which
 authorities and activities would be needed to have the
 TsunamiReady program of the National Weather Service
 accredited by the Emergency Management Accreditation
 Program.

7 SEC. 506. MODIFICATION OF TSUNAMI RESEARCH PRO-8 GRAM.

9 Section 806 (33 U.S.C. 3205) is amended—

(1) in the matter before paragraph (1), by striking "The Administrator shall" and all that follows
through "establish or maintain" and inserting the following:

14 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall, in con15 sultation with such other Federal agencies, State, tribal,
16 and territorial governments, and academic institutions as
17 the Administrator considers appropriate, the coordinating
18 committee under section 805(d), and the panel under sec19 tion 808(a), support or maintain";

(2) in subsection (a), as designated by paragraph (1), by striking "and assessment for tsunami
tracking and numerical forecast modeling. Such research program shall—" and inserting the following:
"assessment for tsunami tracking and numerical forecast modeling, and standards development.

1	"(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The research program sup-
2	ported or maintained under subsection (a) shall—"; and
3	(3) in subsection (b), as designated by paragraph
4	(2)—
5	(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
6	follows:
7	"(1) consider other appropriate and cost effective
8	solutions to mitigate the impact of tsunami, includ-
9	ing the improvement of near-field and distant tsu-
10	nami detection and forecasting capabilities, which
11	may include use of a new generation of the Deep-
12	ocean Assessment and Reporting of Tsunamis array,
13	integration of tsunami sensors into commercial and
14	Federal telecommunications cables, and other real-
15	time tsunami monitoring systems and supercomputer
16	capacity of the Administration to develop a rapid
17	tsunami forecast for all United States coastlines;";
18	(B) in paragraph (3)—
19	(i) by striking "include" and inserting
20	"conduct"; and
21	(ii) by striking "and" at the end;
22	(C) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
23	paragraph (5);
24	(D) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(4) develop the technical basis for validation of
2	tsunami maps, numerical tsunami models, digital ele-
3	vation models, and forecasts; and"; and
4	(E) in paragraph (5), as redesignated by
5	subparagraph (C), by striking "to the scientific
6	community" and inserting "to the public and
7	the scientific community".
8	SEC. 507. GLOBAL TSUNAMI WARNING AND MITIGATION
9	NETWORK.
10	Section 807 (33 U.S.C. 3206) is amended—
11	(1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-
12	lows:
13	"(a) Support for Development of an Inter-
14	NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING SYSTEM.—The Adminis-
15	trator shall, in coordination with the Secretary of State and
16	in consultation with such other agencies as the Adminis-
17	trator considers relevant, provide technical assistance, oper-
18	ational support, and training to the Intergovernmental
19	Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Edu-
20	cational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, the World
21	Meteorological Organization of the United Nations, and
22	such other international entities as the Administrator con-
23	siders appropriate, as part of the international efforts to
24	develop a fully functional global tsunami forecast and

1 warning system comprised of regional tsunami warning 2 networks."; 3 (2) in subsection (b), by striking "shall" each place it appears and inserting "may"; and 4 5 (3) in subsection (c)— 6 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "estab-7 lishing" and inserting "supporting"; and 8 (B) in paragraph (2)— 9 (i) by striking "establish" and insert-10 ing "support"; and 11 (ii) by striking "establishing" and in-12 serting "supporting". 13 SEC. 508. TSUNAMI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY 14 PANEL. 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Act is further amended— 16 (1) by redesignating section 808 (33 U.S.C. 17 3207) as section 809; and 18 (2) by inserting after section 807 (33 U.S.C. 19 3206) the following: 20 **"SEC. 808. TSUNAMI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY** 21 PANEL. 22 "(a) DESIGNATION.—The Administrator shall des-23 ignate an existing working group within the Science Advi-24 sory Board of the Administration to serve as the Tsunami 25 Science and Technology Advisory Panel to provide advice to the Administrator on matters regarding tsunami science,
 technology, and regional preparedness.

3 "(b) Membership.—

4	"(1) Composition.—The Panel shall be com-
5	posed of no fewer than 7 members selected by the Ad-
6	ministrator from among individuals from academia
7	or State agencies who have academic or practical ex-
8	pertise in physical sciences, social sciences, informa-
9	tion technology, coastal resilience, emergency manage-
10	ment, or such other disciplines as the Administrator
11	considers appropriate.
12	"(2) Federal employment.—No member of the
13	Panel may be a Federal employee.
14	"(c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Not less frequently than
15	once every 4 years, the Panel shall—
16	"(1) review the activities of the Administration,

16 "(1) review the activities of the Administration,
17 and other Federal activities as appropriate, relating
18 to tsunami research, detection, forecasting, warning,
19 mitigation, resiliency, and preparation; and
20 "(2) submit to the Administrator and such others
21 as the Administrator considers appropriate—
22 "(A) the findings of the working group with

respect to the most recent review conducted under
paragraph (1); and

"(B) such recommendations for legislative
 or administrative action as the working group
 considers appropriate to improve Federal tsu nami research, detection, forecasting, warning,
 mitigation, resiliency, and preparation.

6 "(d) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently 7 than once every 4 years, the Administrator shall submit to 8 the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation 9 of the Senate, and the Committee on Science, Space, and 10 Technology of the House of Representatives a report on the 11 findings and recommendations received by the Adminis-12 trator under subsection (c)(2).".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS AMENDMENT.—The table of
contents in section 1(b) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery
Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act of 2006
(Public Law 109–479; 120 Stat. 3575) is amended by striking the item relating to section 808 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 808. Tsunami Science and Technology Advisory Panel. "Sec. 809. Authorization of appropriations.".

19 SEC. 509. REPORTS.

20 (a) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION OF TSUNAMI WARN21 ING AND EDUCATION ACT.—
22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after

- 23 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
- 24 trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-

1	ministration shall submit to Congress a report on the
2	implementation of the Tsunami Warning and Edu-
3	cation Act enacted as title VIII of the Magnuson-Ste-
4	vens Fishery Conservation and Management Reau-
5	thorization Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–479; 33
6	U.S.C. 3201 et seq.), as amended by this Act.
7	(2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by para-
8	graph (1) shall include the following:
9	(A) A detailed description of the progress
10	made in implementing sections $804(d)(6)$,
11	805(b), and 806(b)(4) of the Tsunami Warning
12	and Education Act the Magnuson-Stevens Fish-
13	ery Conservation and Management Reauthoriza-
14	tion Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-479; 33
15	U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
16	(B) A description of the ways that tsunami
17	warnings and warning products issued by the
18	Tsunami Forecasting and Warning Program es-
19	tablished under section 804 of the Tsunami
20	Warning and Education Act (33 U.S.C. 3203),
21	as amended by this Act, may be standardized
22	and streamlined with warnings and warning
23	products for hurricanes, coastal storms, and
24	other coastal flooding events.

(b) Report on National Efforts That Support
 2 Rapid Response Following Near-shore Tsunami
 3 Events.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 5 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-6 trator and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall 7 jointly, in coordination with the Director of the 8 United States Geological Survey, Administrator of the 9 Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, and the heads of such 10 11 other Federal agencies as the Administrator considers 12 appropriate, submit to the appropriate committees of 13 Congress a report on the national efforts in effect on 14 the day before the date of the enactment of this Act 15 that support and facilitate rapid emergency response 16 following a domestic near-shore tsunami event to bet-17 ter understand domestic effects of earthquake derived 18 tsunami on people, infrastructure, and communities 19 in the United States.

20 (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by para21 graph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description of scientific or other
measurements collected on the day before the date
of the enactment of this Act to quickly identify

and quantify lost or degraded infrastructure or
terrestrial formations.
(B) A description of scientific or other
measurements that would be necessary to collect
to quickly identify and quantify lost or degraded
infrastructure or terrestrial formations.
(C) Identification and evaluation of Fed-
eral, State, local, tribal, territorial, and military
first responder and search and rescue operation
centers, bases, and other facilities as well as
other critical response assets and infrastructure,
including search and rescue aircraft, located
within near-shore and distant tsunami inunda-
tion areas on the day before the date of the en-
actment of this Act.
(D) An evaluation of near-shore tsunami re-
sponse plans in areas described in subparagraph
(C) in effect on the day before the date of the en-
actment of this Act, and how those response
plans would be affected by the loss of search and
rescue and first responder infrastructure de-
scribed in such subparagraph.
(E) A description of redevelopment plans
and reports in effect on the day before the date
of the enactment of this Act for communities in

1	areas that are at high-risk for near-shore tsu-
2	nami, as well identification of States or commu-
3	nities that do not have redevelopment plans.
4	(F) Recommendations to enhance near-shore
5	tsunami preparedness and response plans, in-
6	cluding recommended responder exercises,
7	predisaster planning, and mitigation needs.
8	(G) Such other data and analysis informa-
9	tion as the Administrator and the Secretary of
10	Homeland Security consider appropriate.
11	(3) Appropriate committees of congress.—
12	In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees
13	of Congress" means—
14	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
15	and Transportation and the Committee on
16	Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of
17	the Senate; and
18	(B) the Committee on Science, Space, and
19	Technology, the Committee on Homeland Secu-
20	rity, and the Committee on Transportation and
21	Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.
22	SEC. 510. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
23	Section 809 of the Act, as redesignated by section
24	08(a)(1) of this Act, is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (4)(B), by striking "and" at
2	the end;
3	(2) in paragraph (5)(B), by striking the period
4	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
5	(3) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(6) \$25,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2016
7	through 2021, of which—
8	"(A) not less than 27 percent of the amount
9	appropriated for each fiscal year shall be for ac-
10	tivities conducted at the State level under the
11	tsunami hazard mitigation program under sec-
12	tion 805; and
13	``(B) not less than 8 percent of the amount
14	appropriated shall be for the tsunami research
15	program under section 806.".

16 SEC. 511. OUTREACH RESPONSIBILITIES.

17 The Administrator of the National Oceanic and At-18 mospheric Administration, in coordination with State and 19 local emergency managers, shall develop and carry out for-20 mal outreach activities to improve tsunami education and 21 awareness and foster the development of resilient commu-22 nities. Outreach activities may include—

(1) the development of outreach plans to ensure
the close integration of tsunami warning centers supported or maintained under section 804(d) of the Tsu-

nami Warning and Education Act (33 U.S.C.
 3203(d)), as amended by this Act, with local Weather
 Forecast Offices of the National Weather Service and
 emergency managers;

5 (2) working with appropriate local Weather
6 Forecast Offices to ensure they have the technical
7 knowledge and capability to disseminate tsunami
8 warnings to the communities they serve; and

9 (3) evaluating the effectiveness of warnings and 10 of coordination with local Weather Forecast Offices 11 after significant tsunami events.

12 SEC. 512. REPEAL OF DUPLICATE PROVISIONS OF LAW.

(a) REPEAL.—The Tsunami Warning and Education
Act enacted by Public Law 109–424 (120 Stat. 2902) is
repealed.

16 (b) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be 17 construed to repeal, or affect in any way, the Tsunami 18 Warning and Education Act enacted as title VIII of the 19 Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management 20 Reauthorization Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–479; 33 21 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).

Attest:

Secretary.

AMENDMENT

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