

**Suspend the Rules And Agree to the Concurrent Resolution, H. Con.  
Res. 129, with Amendments**

**(The amendments consist of a new preamble, a substitute text, and  
an amendment to the title)**

114<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 129

Expressing support for the goal of ensuring that all Holocaust victims live with dignity, comfort, and security in their remaining years, and urging the Federal Republic of Germany to reaffirm its commitment to this goal through a financial commitment to comprehensively address the unique health and welfare needs of vulnerable Holocaust victims, including home care and other medically prescribed needs.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 21, 2016

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN (for herself and Mr. DEUTCH) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing support for the goal of ensuring that all Holocaust victims live with dignity, comfort, and security in their remaining years, and urging the Federal Republic of Germany to reaffirm its commitment to this goal through a financial commitment to comprehensively address the unique health and welfare needs of vulnerable Holocaust victims, including home care and other medically prescribed needs.

Whereas the annihilation of 6,000,000 Jews during the Holocaust and the murder of millions of others by the Nazi German state constitutes one of the most tragic and heinous crimes in human history;

Whereas hundreds of thousands of Jews survived persecution by the Nazi regime despite being imprisoned, subjected to slave labor, moved into ghettos, forced to live in hiding or under false identity, forced to live under curfew, or required to wear the “yellow star”;

Whereas in fear of the oncoming Nazi Einsatzgruppen (“Nazi Killing Squads”) and the likelihood of extermination, hundreds of thousands of Jewish Nazi victims fled for their lives;

Whereas whatever type of persecution suffered by Jews during the Holocaust, the common thread that binds these Holocaust victims is that they were targeted for extermination and that they lived with a constant fear for their lives and the lives of their loved ones;

Whereas Holocaust victims immigrated to the United States from Europe, the Middle East and North Africa, and the former Soviet Union from 1933 to today;

Whereas it is estimated that there are at least 100,000 Holocaust victims living in the United States and approximately 500,000 living around the world today, including child survivors;

Whereas tens of thousands of Holocaust victims are in their 80s or 90s or are more than 100 years in age, and the number of Holocaust victims is diminishing;

Whereas at least 50 percent of Holocaust victims alive today will pass away within the next decade, and those alive are

becoming frailer and have increasing health and welfare needs;

Whereas Holocaust victims throughout the world continue to suffer from permanent physical and psychological injuries and disabilities and live with the emotional scars of this systematic genocide against the Jewish people;

Whereas many of the emotional and psychological scars of Holocaust victims are exacerbated in their old age, the past haunts and overwhelms many aspects of their lives when their health fails them;

Whereas Holocaust victims suffer particular trauma when their emotional and physical circumstances force them to leave the security of their own home and enter institutional or other group living residential facilities;

Whereas tens of thousands of Holocaust victims live in poverty, cannot afford and do not receive sufficient medical care, home care, mental health care, medicine, food, transportation, and other vital life-sustaining services that allow them to live their final years with comfort and dignity;

Whereas Holocaust victims often lack family support networks and require social worker-supported case management in order to manage their daily lives and access government funded services;

Whereas in response to a letter sent by Members of Congress to Germany's Minister of Finance in December 2015 regarding increased funding for Holocaust victims, German officials acknowledged that "recent experience has shown that the care financed by the German Government to date is insufficient" and that "it is imperative to expand

these assistance measures quickly given the advanced age of many of the affected persons”;

Whereas German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer acknowledged in 1951 Germany’s responsibility to provide moral and financial compensation to Holocaust victims worldwide;

Whereas every successive German Chancellor has reaffirmed this position, including Chancellor Angela Merkel, who in 2007 reaffirmed that “only by fully accepting its enduring responsibility for this most appalling period and for the cruelest crimes in its history, can Germany shape the future”;

Whereas in 2015 Chancellor Merkel’s spokesperson again confirmed “all Germans know the history of the murderous race mania of the Nazis that led to the break with civilization that was the Holocaust. . . we know that responsibility for this crime against humanity is German and very much our own”; and

Whereas Congress believes it is Germany’s moral and historical responsibility to comprehensively, permanently, and urgently provide the resources for all Holocaust victims’ medical, mental health, and long-term care needs: Now, therefore, be it

1        *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
2 *concurring), That Congress—*

3            (1) acknowledges the financial and moral com-  
4            mitment of the Federal Republic of Germany over  
5            the past seven decades to provide a measure of jus-  
6            tice for Holocaust victims;

1           (2) supports the goal of ensuring that all Holo-  
2           caust victims in the United States and around the  
3           world are able to live with dignity, comfort, and se-  
4           curity in their remaining years;

5           (3) applauds the nonprofit organizations and  
6           agencies that work tirelessly to honor and assist  
7           Holocaust victims in their communities;

8           (4) acknowledges the ongoing process of nego-  
9           tiations between the Federal Republic of Germany  
10          and the Conference on Jewish Material Claims  
11          Against Germany (Claims Conference) in order to  
12          secure funding for Holocaust victims and for vital  
13          social services provided through nonprofit organiza-  
14          tions and agencies around the world;

15          (5) acknowledges that the Federal Republic of  
16          Germany and the Claims Conference have estab-  
17          lished a new high-level working group that will de-  
18          velop proposals for extensive assistance for homecare  
19          and other social welfare needs of Holocaust victims;

20          (6) urges the working group to recognize the  
21          imperative of immediately and fully funding victims'  
22          medical, mental health, and long-term care needs  
23          and to do so with full transparency and account-  
24          ability to ensure all funds for Holocaust victims

1 from the Federal Republic of Germany are adminis-  
2 tered efficiently, fairly, and without delay; and

3 (7) urges the Federal Republic of Germany to  
4 continue to reaffirm its commitment and fulfill its  
5 moral responsibility to Holocaust victims by ensur-  
6 ing that every Holocaust victim receives all of the  
7 prescribed medical care, home care, mental health  
8 care, and other vital services necessary to live in dig-  
9 nity and by providing, without delay, additional fi-  
10 nancial resources to address the unique needs of  
11 Holocaust victims.

Amend the title so as to read: “A concurrent resolu-  
tion expressing support for the goal of ensuring that all  
Holocaust victims live with dignity, comfort, and security  
in their remaining years, and urging the Federal Repub-  
lic of Germany to continue to reaffirm its commitment to  
this goal through a financial commitment to comprehen-  
sively address the unique health and welfare needs of vul-  
nerable Holocaust victims, including home care and other  
medically prescribed needs”.