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# DIVISION C-FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2010

References in this statement to the Senate bill are to the bill (S. 1432) as reported to the Senate by the Committee on Appropriations on July 16, 2009 (S. Rept. 111-43). References to the House bill are to the bill (H.R. 3170) as passed by the House on July 16, 2009 (H. Rept. 111-202).

Language included in House Report 111-202 or Senate Report 111-43 that is not changed by this joint explanatory statement is approved by the committee of conference. This explanatory statement, while repeating some report language for emphasis, is not intended to negate the language in the referenced House and Senate committee reports unless expressly provided herein.

Where the House or Senate has directed submission of a report, that report is to be submitted to the Committees on Appropriations of both the House of Representatives and the Senate.

#### TITLE I

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### **DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES**

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$304,888,000 for departmental offices salaries and expenses, instead of \$303,388,000 as proposed by the House and \$305,712,000 as proposed by the Senate.

For the activities under this heading, the conference agreement provides the following funding levels:

Executive Direction	\$21,983,000
Economic Policies and Programs	\$47,249,000
Financial Policies and Programs	\$48,580,000
Terrorism and Financial Intelligence	\$64,611,000
Treasury-wide Management	\$22,679,000
Administration	\$99,786,000

Within the Financial Policies and Programs budget activity, the conference agreement provides an increase of \$1,000,000 above the amount assumed in the budget request for the Department's Office of Financial Education. The Department is directed to target this increase toward further financial education efforts aimed at elementary and high schools, as well as efforts to enhance other financial education efforts, including support for the revision of the

national strategy on financial literacy and the development of measurable goals and objectives for the Financial Literacy and Education Commission.

Within the funding provided for economic policies and programs: (1) \$1,500,000 is provided for a comprehensive carbon audit of the Internal Revenue Code, as proposed by both the House and the Senate and as authorized by Public Law 110-343, division B, section 117; and (2) \$1,000,000 is provided for a study on the long-term economic effects of the aging population in the United States, as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes a provision allowing the Department to transfer up to 4 percent of funds available between budget activities upon notification of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. Transfers in excess of 4 percent may be made upon approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

Department Responsiveness.--The conferees are dissatisfied with the responsiveness of the Department of the Treasury to questions and requests for information from the House and Senate Appropriations Committees. For example, the Department did not submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations the responses to questions for the record in connection with the Treasury Department fiscal year 2010 budget hearings until several months after the hearings. Questions for the record are submitted to inform the Committees and increase their knowledge of the Administration's activities, ultimately improving the bills enacted into law. The conferees expect that the responsiveness of the Department of the Treasury will dramatically improve from this point forward.

Economic Sanctions and Divestments.--The conferees direct the Department to fully implement the sanctions and divestment measures applicable to North Korea, Burma, Iran, Sudan, and Zimbabwe. The Department is further directed to promptly notify the Appropriations Committees of any resource constraints that adversely impact the implementation of these sanctions programs.

Illegal Garnishment of Federal Benefits.--The conferees reiterate the Senate report language regarding the illegal garnishment of Federal benefits by third-party collectors and direct the Department to provide a written report to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees,

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within 15 days of enactment of this Act, on the progress in creating guidelines to prevent this illegal garnishment.

Financial and Economic Stabilization Efforts.--Given the ongoing need to provide stability to the economic and financial system, along with the billions of dollars in taxpayer funds that have been put at risk in the process, the conferees take very seriously the obligation of the Appropriations Committees to continue to exercise vigorous oversight over all of the Department's efforts in these areas. The conferees reiterate the associated detailed reporting requirements contained in House Report 111-202. The conferees direct the Department to ensure that the stabilization efforts are administered soundly and efficiently in order to minimize risks to the taxpayer. The Department is additionally directed to ensure that these efforts do not hamper the Department's other critical missions. Further, the conferees reiterate the Senate language directing the Department to: (1) develop a more effective strategy for communicating with Congress, the public, and other stakeholders with regard to economic and financial stabilization efforts, as recommended by (27.0), (2) pursue more detailed reporting from entities receiving funds, and (3) provide a monthly report on the number and value of foreclosures prevented to date under Treasury programs.

#### DEPARTMENT-WIDE SYSTEMS AND CAPITAL INVESTMENTS PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$9,544,000 for systems and capital investments as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$29,700,000 for the Office of Inspector General as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### TREASURY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR TAX ADMINISTRATION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$152,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Treasury

Inspector General for Tax Administration as proposed by Senate, instead of \$149,000,000 as proposed by the House.

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#### SPECIAL INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE TROUBLED ASSET RELIEF PROGRAM

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$23,300,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program (SIGTARP). The Emergency Economic Stabilization Act (Public Law 110-343) provided the SIGTARP with a direct appropriation of \$50,000,000 to cover the costs of its audit, investigative and related expenses. It is the understanding of the conferees that this funding level is adequate to allow the SIGTARP to continue its work only for a portion of fiscal year 2010. The conferees have provided additional budget authority in this Act to allow the critical work of the SIGTARP to continue for the entirety of fiscal year 2010.

#### FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$111,010,000 for salaries and expenses of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN), instead of \$117,760,000 as proposed by the House and \$104,260,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement provides an increase of \$8,250,000 above the budget request. The conferees modify Senate report language and direct that, of the increase above the budget request, not less than \$2,000,000 be used to improve collaboration with other Financial Intelligence Units (FIUs) around the world regarding international anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing efforts, and to help FIUs to build and strengthen investigative and analytical capabilities.

FinCEN is directed to submit a semiannual report to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees summarizing the agency's progress regarding its information technology modernization effort, including milestones planned and achieved, progress on cost and schedule, management of contractor oversight, strategies to involve stakeholders, and acquisition management efforts.

#### TREASURY FORFEITURE FUND

#### (RESCISSION)

The conference agreement includes a rescission of \$90,000,000 of the unobligated balances in the Treasury Forfeiture Fund, instead of \$50,000,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

The conferees direct the Department to provide information in the Department of the Treasury fiscal year 2011 budget request, as well as updates every 60 days thereafter, on the projected amount of Super Surplus available for obligation in fiscal year 2011.

#### FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$244,132,000 for salaries and expenses of the Financial Management Service (FMS) as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

Treasury Securities Sold to Foreign Investors.--The conferees reiterate the House language requesting that FMS include in the Monthly Treasury Statement the amounts of Treasury securities sold to foreign investors in the most recent month of available data, as well as a breakdown, by country, of foreign ownership of Treasury securities.

Federal Government Payment of Card Transaction Fees.--The conferees reiterate the Senate language regarding the Federal Government's payment of interchange and other fees on credit and debit card transactions and direct FMS to report to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, on the potential cost savings and other benefits to the Federal Government if FMS were able to effectively negotiate (1) changes in the rates and fees assessed by card networks and (2) modifications to the rules and regulations of the

card networks which restrict the Federal Government's ability to determine the types of card payments it accepts and the methods by which its transactions are processed.

#### ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX AND TRADE BUREAU

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$103,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$99,500,000 as proposed by the House. Within this amount, \$3,000,000, available until September 30, 2011, is provided for the hiring, training, and equipping of special agents and related support personnel.

#### UNITED STATES MINT

#### UNITED STATES MINT PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FUND

The conference agreement provides that not more than \$26,700,000 in new liabilities and obligations may be incurred during fiscal year 2010 for circulating coinage and protective service capital investments of the U.S. Mint, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

#### ADMINISTERING THE PUBLIC DEBT

The conference agreement provides \$192,244,000 for costs associated with administering the public debt, as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conference agreement further directs that \$10,000,000 in user fees be used to offset the appropriated amounts.

#### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$246,750,000 for the Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) Fund program as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$243,600,000 as proposed by the House. Within this amount, up to \$18,000,000 is for administrative expenses and \$12,000,000 is for technical assistance and other purposes for Native American, Native Hawaiian, and Alaskan Native communities.

Of the funds provided, \$80,000,000, as requested and as proposed by both the House and the Senate, is to be transferred to the Capital Magnet Fund. The Capital Magnet Fund is authorized by the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 (Public Law 110-289) to support affordable housing and related community development efforts. The conference agreement provides temporary funding, in lieu of contributions from Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The conferees intend the funding to provide start-up capital and fully expect that the Capital Magnet Fund will operate without additional appropriations in the future when Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac begin the required contributions.

Further, within the funds provided, \$4,150,000 is included for a competitive grants pilot program aimed at providing financial counseling services to prospective homebuyers, as authorized by the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 (Public Law 110-289). Of this amount, \$3,150,000, as proposed by the Senate, is for a pilot program to be conducted in Hawaii for financial education and pre-home ownership counseling. In developing the competitive grants process, the Department is directed to consult with other Federal agencies and public and private organizations with expertise in community-based financial counseling programs.

The Department is directed to fund the Bank Enterprise Award program at a level not less than \$25,000,000.

#### INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

#### TAXPAYER SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$2,278,830,000 for Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Taxpayer Services, instead of \$2,273,830,000 as proposed by the House and \$2,275,830,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the overall amount, not less than \$10,000,000 is for low-income taxpayer clinic grants, and not less than \$6,100,000 is for the Tax Counseling for the Elderly program. Not less than \$205,954,000 is provided for operating expenses of the IRS Taxpayer Advocate Service.

In addition, within the overall amount provided, \$12,000,000, available until September 30, 2011, is included for the Community Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) matching grants

demonstration program. The conferees urge the IRS to make every effort to expand the quantity and funding level of VITA grants focused on serving persons with disabilities proportional to the growing disability population requiring tax assistance.

Taxpayer Assistance Blueprint (TAB).--The conferees reiterate House and Senate report language regarding IRS efforts, in conjunction with the IRS Oversight Board and the IRS Taxpayer Advocate, to update the TAB. The conferees direct the IRS to continue to submit annual updates to the TAB and include the updates as part of the annual IRS budget submission, beginning with the submission of the fiscal year 2012 budget request.

#### **ENFORCEMENT**

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$5,504,000,000 for Enforcement as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### **OPERATIONS SUPPORT**

The conference agreement provides \$4,083,884,000 for Operations Support, instead of \$4,082,984,000 as proposed by the House and the Senate.

#### **BUSINESS SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION**

The conference agreement provides \$263,897,000 for Business Systems Modernization (BSM), instead of \$253,674,000 as proposed by the House and \$274,119,000 as proposed by the Senate. The amount represents an increase of \$10,223,000 above the budget request. The conferees have provided the additional funds to support the IRS in furthering its new strategy for the Customer Account Data Engine. In addition, the conferees support additional funding being made available for this effort from IRS user fee collections, if the IRS determines that these funds are available and warranted.

Language is retained requiring approval by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations of a GAO-reviewed expenditure plan for BSM prior to the obligation of the funds, except in the case of funds for IRS labor costs.

#### HEALTH INSURANCE TAX CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$15,512,000 for administration of the Health Insurance Tax Credit program as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 101 provides transfer authority.

Section 102 requires the IRS to maintain training in taxpayer rights.

Section 103 requires the IRS to safeguard taxpayer information.

Section 104 permits funding for 1-800 help line services and directs the Commissioner to make improving phone service a priority.

Section 105 directs that, of the funds made available by this Act to the IRS, not less than \$7,100,000,000 shall be available for tax enforcement, and that an additional \$890,000,000 shall be available for enhanced tax law enforcement, as proposed by the Senate.

Section 106 prohibits funds made available in this Act from being used to enter into, renew, extend, administer, implement, enforce, or provide oversight of any private tax collection contract, as proposed by the Senate.

Unless otherwise noted, these provisions were contained in similar form in both the House and Senate versions of the bill.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 107 allows Treasury to use funds for certain specified expenses.

Section 108 allows for the transfer of up to 2 percent of funds between "Departmental Offices" and the various Treasury bureaus, except the IRS.

Section 109 allows for the transfer of up to 2 percent from the IRS accounts to TIGTA.

Section 110 directs that the purchase of vehicles be consistent with vehicle management principles.

Section 111 prohibits funding to redesign the \$1 note.

Section 112 allows for the transfer of funds from "Financial Management Service, Salaries and Expenses" to the Debt Collection Fund conditional on future reimbursement.

Section 113 extends a pay demonstration program for one year.

Section 114 prohibits funds to build a United States Mint museum without the approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the authorizing committees of jurisdiction.

Section 115 prohibits funding for consolidating the functions of the United States Mint and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing without the approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the authorizing committees of jurisdiction.

Section 116 specifies that funds for Treasury intelligence activities are deemed to be specifically authorized until enactment of the fiscal year 2010 intelligence authorization act.

Section 117 permits the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to use up to \$5,000 from the Industrial Revolving Fund for reception and representation expenses.

Unless otherwise noted, these provisions were contained in similar form in both the House and Senate versions of the bill.

The conference agreement does not include section 116 of the House bill permitting the Secretary to establish additional accounts for various bureaus involved in the administration of refund payments under 31 U.S.C. 1324.

#### TITLE II

### EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

#### COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT

The conference agreement provides \$450,000 for compensation of the President as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$59,143,000 for the salaries and expenses of the White House, instead of \$59,319,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The agreement also specifies that not less than \$1,400,000 shall be for the Office of National AIDS Policy. Relative to the House and Senate bills, the conferees have shifted \$176,000 from this account to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to reflect the Administration's decision to locate the new Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator at OMB rather than the White House.

#### EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

The conference agreement provides \$13,838,000 for the Executive Residence at the White House as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### WHITE HOUSE REPAIR AND RESTORATION

The conference agreement provides \$2,500,000 for repair, alteration and improvement of the Executive Residence at the White House as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$4,200,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Council of Economic Advisers as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$12,231,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Security Council as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$115,280,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Administration as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$92,863,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), instead of \$92,687,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Relative to the House and Senate bills, the conferees have shifted \$176,000 to this account from the White House, to reflect the Administration's decision to locate the new Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator at OMB rather than the White House.

The conferees urge OMB to focus efforts on planning and implementing a modernization of the Federal Government's core budgeting system using funds provided for fiscal years 2009 and 2010.

#### OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$29,575,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP), instead of \$27,575,000 as proposed by the House and \$28,575,000 as proposed by the Senate. The additional funding is intended to allow for an increase in ONDCP staff to as close to 118 full-time equivalents as possible. The conferees are pleased that ONDCP has taken steps to implement the recommendations and action items contained in the 2008 report by the National Academy of Public Administration, and direct that ONDCP continue to do so and keep the Committees on Appropriations informed of its progress.

Budget Justifications.—The conferees direct that the ONDCP congressional budget justification (CBJ) shall remain separate, as well as summarized within the justification of the Executive Office of the President, as in previous years. In addition, the conferees expect more detail and context in the fiscal year 2011 ONDCP CBJ, so that the Committees can better understand the scope and intended direction of the programs.

Staffing Reports.—The conferees remain interested in receiving quarterly reports on staffing, including current levels, vacancies, new hires, and plans for new hires. The staffing reports shall include office, position title, job classifications, and bonuses, and be retroactive to fiscal year 2009.

#### COUNTERDRUG TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT CENTER

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$5,000,000 for the Counterdrug Technology Assessment Center (CTAC), instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House did not propose funding for this program.

In recent years, funding for CTAC has decreased due to a lack of confidence in the previous management as well as concern about the direction of the program and projects funded. Now that ONDCP has signaled a new direction for the program, more tailored to its original mission,

the conference agreement provides \$5,000,000 for a newly-invigorated program, contingent upon receipt and approval by the Committees on Appropriations of information including the mission, detailed program description, and spending plan for CTAC. The conferees understand that CTAC's new program will supplement and enhance other government-sponsored research in both drug supply and drug demand reduction, with a focus on development of new scientific technologies, including prevention technology research.

#### FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMS

#### HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAFFICKING AREAS PROGRAM

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$239,000,000 for the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program (HIDTA), instead of \$248,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$234,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The agreement specifies that each HIDTA be funded at not less than the fiscal year 2009 base level, unless the ONDCP Director submits to the Committees on Appropriations justification for changes to those levels based on clearly articulated priorities and published performance measures. The conferees intend that increased funding provided above the fiscal year 2009 level is for program adjustments and discretionary activities (particularly Native American programs and prevention programs). Allocation of funds among discretionary activities is to be determined in consultation with the HIDTA Directors, and the Committees on Appropriations are to be notified of planned uses not later than 90 days after enactment of this Act.

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#### OTHER FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMS

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$154,400,000 for Other Federal Drug Control Programs, instead of \$132,400,000 as proposed by the House and \$174,750,000 as proposed by the Senate. The agreement allocates funds among specific programs as follows:

National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign	\$45,000,000
Drug-Free Communities Program	95,000,000
(National Community Anti-Drug Coalition training	2,000,000)

National Drug Court Institute	1,000,000
United States Anti-Doping Agency	10,000,000
World Anti-Doping Agency (U.S. membership dues)	1,900,000
National Alliance for Model State Drug Laws	1,250,000
Performance Measures Development	250,000

The conference agreement's \$45,000,000 funding level for the media campaign is \$25,000,000 more than proposed by the House and \$25,000,000 less than proposed by the Senate. The conferees direct ONDCP to maintain funding for non-advertising services of the media campaign at not less than the fiscal year 2003 ratio and to continue the corporate outreach program. Further, the conferees direct that not more than 10 percent of the amount appropriated for the media campaign may be used for administration, advertising production, research and testing, labor, and related costs. To help save on production costs, the conferees suggest that ONDCP consider "recycling" advertisements from past years as well as developing new material. In order to combat methamphetamine use within scarce resources, the conferees encourage ONDCP to focus methamphetamine prevention advertising on geographic areas with the highest level of methamphetamine abuse.

#### **UNANTICIPATED NEEDS**

The conference agreement provides \$1,000,000 for unanticipated needs as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### PARTNERSHIP FUND FOR PROGRAM INTEGRITY INNOVATION

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$37,500,000 for the Partnership Fund for Program Integrity Innovation, instead of \$40,000,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The agreement adopts the Senate approach of requiring establishment of an interagency council consisting of representatives of appropriate Federal agencies, States and other stakeholders to make decisions and determinations regarding pilot projects under the Partnership Fund and requiring the council to report semiannually to the Committees on Appropriations.

The conferees expect OMB to play a coordinating role in designing pilots, developing performance measures, and allocating funds, but intend that the interagency council will be the exclusive decision making body and that funds will be transferred to appropriate Federal agencies to manage and evaluate the individual pilot projects. The OMB Director, as chair of the council, should seek consensus and maximum input from council members and participating Federal and State agencies. Under the conference agreement, the interagency council, in consultation with OMB, will submit a progress report to the Appropriations Committees by March 31, 2010 and semiannually thereafter until the program is concluded. Reports are to include detailed information on goals, objectives, performance measures, and evaluations of the Partnership Fund and each pilot project, along with an operating plan detailing current and planned funding allocations.

#### SPECIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$4,604,000 for salaries and expenses to enable the Vice President to provide special assistance to the President as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$330,000 for operating expenses for the official residence of the Vice President as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS--- EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS

APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 201 provides transfer authority among various Executive Office of the President accounts.

Section 202 requires a detailed narrative and financial plan for Office of National Drug Control Policy funds.

Section 203 provides transfer authority among Office of National Drug Control Policy accounts.

Section 204 governs reprogramming of Office of National Drug Control Policy funds.

These administrative provisions were included in similar form in both the House and Senate versions of the legislation.

#### TITLE III

#### THE JUDICIARY

#### SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$74,034,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Supreme Court as proposed by the House, instead of \$74,081,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

The conference agreement provides \$14,525,000 for the care of the Supreme Court building and grounds as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$32,560,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, instead of \$33,577,000 as proposed by the House and \$32,300,000 as proposed by the Senate. The court appears to have added additional staff during fiscal year 2009 beyond what was identified in its fiscal year 2009 financial plan. The conferees have not provided additional funds for fiscal year 2010 to cover the annualized cost of these new positions.

#### UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$21,350,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Court of International Trade as proposed by the House, instead of \$21,374,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$5,011,018,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services, instead of \$5,080,709,000 as proposed by the House and \$5,076,845,000 as proposed by the Senate. In addition, the agreement provides \$5,428,000 from the Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund, as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Reductions in this account below the levels proposed in the House and Senate bills largely result from more recent estimates provided by the Judiciary, reflecting updated cost estimates and revised projections of fee income and carryover balances.

Five-Year Plan for Courthouse Construction.—The conferees appreciate the five-year priority plans for courthouse construction which have been provided by the Judicial Conference of the United States in recent years, and have found those plans to be helpful in their deliberations. Some construction projects have apparently been omitted from those plans, however, on the basis that the Judicial Conference intended them to be carried out through "build to suit" leases rather than through Federal construction. There is considerable disagreement as to the circumstances (if any) under which leasing might be more suitable than construction in the case of courthouses, and the conferees have directed that and the Judiciary prepare a joint report on that issue. The conferees, therefore, strongly urge the Judicial Conference to provide one integrated list of courthouse construction priorities in future years, ranked in overall priority order regardless of the financing mechanism being proposed for each. That list should also include any construction projects deemed emergencies as well as any projects funded in prior years but for which additional funding is needed. A single list along these lines will facilitate due consideration of Judicial Branch priorities.

Greenville, Mississippi Federal Building and Courthouse.—The conferees understand that the United States Marshals Service (USMS) has serious concerns about the security deficiencies that exist in the current Federal building and courthouse facility in Greenville, Mississippi.

These deficiencies have caused this facility to score among the lowest of such facilities in a nationwide USMS facility assessment. The conferees are concerned that these deficiencies pose

a security threat to USMS personnel and their protectees detained at the Greenville facility. The conferees request that the Judicial Conference review the security deficiencies of the Greenville facility, evaluate all alternatives to remedy this situation, and report its findings to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations doys after enactment
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**DEFENDER SERVICES** 

The conference agreement provides \$977,748,000 for Defender Services, instead of \$982,699,000 as proposed by the House and \$975,504,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Panel Attorney Pay Rates.—The conference agreement increases the non-capital panel attorney rate from \$110 to \$125 per hour, instead of \$139 as proposed by the House and \$115 as proposed by the Senate. Private panel attorney rates in capital cases are provided a cost-of-living adjustment from \$175 to \$177 per hour.

#### FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

The conference agreement provides \$61,861,000 for Fees of Jurors and Commissioners, instead of \$62,275,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### **COURT SECURITY**

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$452,607,000 for court security, instead of \$457,353,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The reduction in this account below the House and Senate level largely reflect updated estimates of costs for reimbursement of the Federal Protective Service.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$83,075,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$27,328,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Judicial Center, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### JUDICIAL RETIREMENT FUNDS

#### PAYMENT TO JUDICIARY TRUST FUNDS

The conference agreement provides \$82,374,000 for payments to the judiciary trust funds, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### **UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION**

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$16,837,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Sentencing Commission, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—THE JUDICIARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 301 makes funds appropriated for salaries and expenses available for services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Section 302 provides transfer authority among Judiciary appropriations.

Section 303 permits not more than \$11,000 to be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Judicial Conference.

Section 304 requires a comprehensive financial plan from the Judiciary, which will establish a baseline for reprogrammings and transfers.

Section 305 extends through fiscal year 2010 the delegation of authority to the Judiciary for contracts for repairs of less than \$100,000, as proposed by the House. The Senate proposed language amending 40 U.S.C. 3314(a) to make this delegation permanent.

Section 306 continues a pilot program under which the United States Marshals Service provides perimeter security services at selected courthouses.

Section 307 extends for one year the authorization of temporary district judgeships in Kansas, Ohio, and Hawaii. The House proposed language extending the judgeships in Kansas and Ohio while the Senate bill contained no similar provisions.

Except where otherwise noted, the provisions listed above were included in similar form in the House and Senate versions of the legislation. The conference agreement does not include language proposed by the Senate authorizing a cost-of-living salary adjustment for justices and judges of the United States during fiscal year 2010.

#### TITLE IV

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

#### FEDERAL FUNDS

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR RESIDENT TUITION SUPPORT

The conference agreement includes \$35,100,000 for District of Columbia resident tuition support as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The District of Columbia is expected to adhere to the authorizing statute with regard to the administrative expenses associated with operation of this program.

## FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING AND SECURITY COSTS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The conference agreement provides \$15,000,000 for emergency planning and security costs in the District of Columbia as proposed by the House instead of \$15,350,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The Senate proposed \$350,000 under this heading for the District of Columbia National Guard tuition assistance program. The conference agreement includes \$375,000 for the D.C. Guard tuition assistance program under the "Federal Payment for the District of Columbia National Guard" heading of this title.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURTS

The conference agreement provides \$261,180,000 for the District of Columbia Courts, instead of \$268,920,000 as proposed by the House and \$258,517,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the amount provided, \$12,022,000 is for the District of Columbia Court of Appeals, \$108,524,000 is for the District of Columbia Superior Court, \$65,114,000 is for the District of Columbia Court System, and \$75,520,000 is for capital improvements to Court facilities. Official reception and representation expenses for the Court of Appeals, Superior Court, and Court

System are each limited to \$2,500 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,500 as proposed by the House.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR DEFENDER SERVICES IN DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURTS

The conference agreement includes \$55,000,000 for Defender Services in District of Columbia Courts as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE COURT SERVICES AND OFFENDER SUPERVISION AGENCY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The conference agreement provides \$212,408,000 to the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The conference agreement includes \$37,316,000 for the Public Defender Service for the District of Columbia as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

The conference agreement provides \$20,000,000 for the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority (WASA) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$20,400,000 as proposed by the House. The amount provided is to continue implementation of the Combined Sewer Overflow Long-Term Plan with a 100 percent match provided by WASA.

The conference agreement does not include funding proposed by the House for the District of Columbia Department of Environment to conduct a study of lead levels in the District of Columbia's drinking water.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL

The conference agreement provides \$2,000,000 for the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council as proposed by the House instead of \$1,774,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR JUDICIAL COMMISSIONS

The conference agreement provides \$500,000 for Judicial Commissions as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Within the amount provided, \$295,000 is for the Commission on Judicial Disabilities and Tenure, and \$205,000 is for the Judicial Nomination Commission.

### FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The conference agreement provides \$1,850,000 to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer for the District of Columbia. The funding is for grants to the following organizations with the requirement that the funds be spent primarily in the District of Columbia to benefit District residents:

Project Name	Amount
Children's National Medical Center, Washington, DC, expand pediatric intensive care unit	\$1,000,000
Living Classrooms of the National Capital Region, Washington, DC, education and job skills training for disadvantaged young adults	\$100,000
National Building Museum, Washington, DC, education programs and exhibitions	\$150,000
Safe Kids USA, Washington, DC, safety services for families in need	\$125,000

Samaritan Ministry of Greater Washington, Washington, DC, Next Step Program	\$100,000
The Washington Center, Washington, DC, construction and build out of academic space	\$125,000
Washington Hospital Center, Washington, DC, trauma center and other critical hospital upgrades	\$50,000
Whitman-Walker Clinic, Washington, DC, health care services	\$200,000

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT

The conference agreement includes \$75,400,000 for school improvement in the District of Columbia as proposed by the Senate instead of \$74,400,000 as proposed by the House. Within the amount provided, \$42,200,000 is to improve public school education, \$20,000,000 is to expand public charter schools, and \$13,200,000 is for the Secretary of Education for opportunity scholarships for low-income students in the District of Columbia for the 2010-2011 school year, of which up to \$1,000,000 may be used to administer and fund assessments, and up to \$1,000,000 may be used for testing of scholarship students to determine and compare academic performance of the participating schools as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes language proposed by both the House and the Senate specifying that opportunity scholarships funded in this Act for school year 2010-2011 be limited to students who received scholarships in school year 2009-2010.

The conference agreement continues the requirement that schools enrolling scholarship students have and maintain a valid certificate of occupancy issued by the District of Columbia and that core subject matter teachers have 4-year bachelor's degrees as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The agreement includes new language requiring schools enrolling scholarship students to be in compliance with the accreditation and other standards prescribed for purposes of the District of Columbia compulsory school attendance laws as specified under title 5, chapter 21 of D.C. Municipal Regulations. The agreement also includes new language

requiring the Secretary of Education to ensure that site inspections of participating schools are conducted at least twice annually.

The conference agreement includes language proposed by the Senate requiring the Secretary of Education to submit a report to Congress by June 15, 2010 detailing the academic rigor and quality of each participating school and that for the purposes of submitting the report the Secretary shall administer to eligible students participating in the Opportunity Scholarship Program the same tests of academic performance as those administered to students enrolled in the District of Columbia Public Schools in the 2009-2010 school year. The conference agreement does not include language proposed by the Senate specifying that after school year 2009-2010 only schools determined by the Secretary of Education to be of superior academic rigor and quality to D.C. Public Schools may participate in the scholarship program.

The conferees believe that questions as to the future of a school voucher program in the District of Columbia, including the appropriate rules and limitations for such a program, would best be decided by the elected representatives of the people of the District. This would put the District in the same position as other jurisdictions that decide whether or not to have a school voucher program, consistent with the principles of home rule.

Although the authorization for the Opportunity Scholarship Program has expired, as noted above the conference agreement includes funds to continue scholarships in school year 2010-2011 for those students already participating. The conferees are aware of proposals to expand the scholarship program to include additional students. If the elected leaders of the District decide that such proposals are in the best interests of students and families in the District, there is time prior to the beginning of school year 2010-2011 for the Mayor and Council to enact legislation establishing and funding a school voucher program that could admit additional students.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR CONSOLIDATED LABORATORY FACILITY

The conference agreement provides \$15,000,000 for a consolidated laboratory facility in the District of Columbia as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees note that this is the final Federal payment needed to complete work on this important project.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA NATIONAL GUARD

The conference agreement provides \$375,000 for the District of Columbia National Guard instead of \$2,375,000 as proposed by the House. The funds provided are for the D.C. National Guard tuition assistance program. No funds are provided in the conference agreement for support costs associated with the D.C. National Guard.

The Senate did not propose funding for D.C. Guard support costs although the Senate proposed \$350,000 for the D.C. National Guard tuition assistance program under the "Federal Payment for Emergency Planning and Security Costs" heading of this title.

The conference agreement includes language proposed by the House that the D.C. National Guard's tuition assistance program will hereafter be known as the "Major General David F. Wherley, Jr. District of Columbia National Guard Retention and College Access Program". General Wherley was a former commanding general of the D.C. National Guard and was killed in the tragic Metrorail train crash that occurred in Washington, D.C. on June 22, 2009. As commanding general of the D.C. National Guard, General Wherley was in frequent contact with Congress in order to further the ability of the Guard to serve the citizens of the District of Columbia, as well as the Nation's elected leadership. Among a number of initiatives, General Wherley advocated on behalf of the Capital Guardians for funding for a retention and college access program to ensure that members of the D.C. National Guard received some of the same benefits for their service as members of the National Guard in neighboring states. The D.C. National Guard and the entire community of the District of Columbia lost a dedicated leader and public servant in General Wherley. In honor of his service to the District of Columbia and his commitment to those he worked with, the D.C. National Guard tuition assistance program will hereafter carry his name.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR HOUSING FOR THE HOMELESS

The conference agreement provides \$17,000,000 for a permanent supportive housing program to reduce homelessness in the District of Columbia instead of \$19,200,000 as proposed by the House. The Senate version of the bill did not include funding for this program.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR YOUTH SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$4,000,000 for a reconnecting disconnected youth program in the District of Columbia instead of \$5,000,000 as proposed by the House. The Senate version of the bill did not include funding for this program.

#### FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES

The conference agreement does not provide a Federal payment to the District of Columbia for HIV/AIDS prevention programs. The House proposed \$4,000,000 for this program; the Senate version of the bill did not include funding.

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS

The conference agreement provides authority for the District of Columbia to spend \$10,016,041,000 from the General Fund of the District of Columbia. Of the funds provided, \$5,637,824,000 is from local funds, of which \$394,417,000 is from the general fund balance; \$2,661,782,000 is from Federal grant funds; \$1,711,249,000 is from other funds; and \$5,187,000 is from private funds. In addition, the District may use \$185,725,000 from funds previously appropriated in this Act as Federal payments.

For capital construction, the conference agreement provides an additional \$3,249,642,000. Of the funds provided, \$2,685,760,000 is from local funds; \$54,893,000 is from the District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund; \$186,805,000 is from the Local Street Maintenance Fund; and \$322,184,000 is from Federal grant funds. In addition, \$1,834,494,000 of prior year local funds

and \$91,327,000 from Local Street Maintenance funds are rescinded. In total, \$1,323,821,000 is provided for capital construction.

Any changes to the financial plan submitted by the District of Columbia for Federal funds must follow the reprogramming guidelines set forth under title VIII of this Act.

#### TITLE V

#### INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

#### ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$1,500,000 for the Administrative Conference of the United States (ACUS) as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The conferees expect ACUS to use 50 percent of fiscal year 2009 carryover balances to fund fiscal year 2010 operating expenses as permitted under section 609 of division D of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111-8). Funds remain available until September 30, 2011 as proposed by the Senate.

#### CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS FELLOWSHIP FOUNDATION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$750,000 for the Christopher Columbus Fellowship Foundation, instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The House did not include an appropriation for this account.

#### COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

This conference agreement does not include funding for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. While the Senate included funding for the Commission in its version of the bill, \$168,800,000 in fiscal year 2010 funding for the Commission has been enacted in the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111-80).

#### CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$118,200,000 for the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) as proposed by the House, instead of \$115,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Funding is provided for the ongoing implementation and enforcement of recently-enacted consumer protection legislation, including the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act, the Virginia Graeme Baker Pool and Spa Safety Act, and the Children's Gasoline Burn Prevention Act. Funding is also provided to support expansion of the CPSC's Import Safety Initiative which positions CPSC investigators at key ports of entry to stop defective products from entering the United States. The conferees expect new staff hires, including at key ports of entry, as part of these implementation and enforcement efforts.

The conference agreement also provides funding to assist the CPSC in further identifying and addressing problems that may be associated with imported drywall from China.

The conference agreement modifies House report language regarding the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act (CPSIA) of 2008 (Public Law 110-314). The CPSIA was signed into law on August 14, 2008 and is considered to be the most significant piece of consumer protection legislation enacted since the CPSC was established in the early 1970s. The legislation received nearly unanimous bipartisan support in Congress. Congress passed this legislation in the wake of a massive number of consumer product recalls in 2007 and 2008--more than 20 million-many of which involved toys manufactured in China. The conferees strongly support this legislation but are aware of concerns surrounding implementation of certain aspects of the law. The conferees believe there may be parts of some products subject to the strict lead ban under section 101(a) of the CPSIA that likely were not intended to be included. This includes parts of youth motorized off-road vehicles and bicycles, and may include parts of some sporting equipment and ordinary books. The conferees urge the CPSC to continue considering exemptions under section 101(b) of the CPSIA for parts of products that, based on the CPSC's determination, present no real risk of lead exposure to children. The conferees are also aware of

concerns among small manufacturers and crafters regarding the third-party testing requirements under section 102 of the CPSIA and urge the CPSC to consider those when issuing rules and guidance on third-party testing.

The conferees further encourage the CPSC to continue to work with the off-road vehicle and other industries to reduce lead content in accessible components of all children's products to the greatest extent possible, where complete compliance is deemed not necessary or not feasible by the CPSC. The conferees note that the CPSC has already instituted a stay of enforcement until May 1, 2011 on the lead standard with regard to youth motorized recreational vehicles (which include all-terrain vehicles, motorcycles, and snowmobiles) with the expectation that the industries would work constructively with the CPSC in reducing lead levels as feasible. The CPSC is directed to assess enforcement efforts of section 101(a), including difficulties encountered, as well as recommendations for improvement to the statute, and to report to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees, as well as the House Energy and Commerce Committee and the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee, no later than January 15, 2010.

#### **ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION**

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement includes \$17,959,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Election Assistance Commission as proposed by the House, instead of \$16,530,000 proposed by the Senate.

Included in this total is \$3,500,000 to be transferred to the National Institute of Standards and Technology for election reform activities as proposed by the House. The Senate proposed a transfer of \$3,250,000. Further included in the total is \$750,000 for the Help America Vote College Program and \$300,000 for a competitive grant program to support community involvement in student and parent mock elections, as proposed by the House.

#### **ELECTION REFORM PROGRAMS**

The conference agreement provides a total of \$75,000,000 for this account, instead of \$106,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$52,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Within this total, \$70,000,000 is designated for requirements payments under the Help America Vote Act, compared to \$100,000,000 in the House bill and \$50,000,000 in the Senate bill. Also within the total is \$3,000,000 for grants to carry out research on voting technology improvements to ensure accessibility for voters with disabilities, and \$2,000,000 for a pilot program of grants to States and units of local government for pre-election logic and accuracy testing and post–election voting systems verification. The House proposed \$4,000,000 and \$2,000,000 for these grant programs, respectively, while the Senate proposed \$2,000,000 voting technology research grants only.

#### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$335,794,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) as proposed by the House and the Senate. The House recedes to the Senate in providing that \$335,794,000 be derived from offsetting fee collections with no net direct appropriation.

The conferees believe that all persons living under the American flag, including those living in the United States territories, should have equal access to communications services.

The 9/11 Commission identified the need to increase the assignment of spectrum for first responders in its July 2004 report. The conferees are disappointed that the Federal Government has yet to address this critical need. The FCC is directed to work expeditiously to conduct a successful auction of the D Block spectrum so that first responders have an interoperable communications network.

Conferees urge the FCC to ensure that public, educational, and governmental (PEG) channels remain on the basic service tier of programming and to prevent cable service providers from impeding the public's access to PEG programming.

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The conferees are concerned that some Federal agencies may not be improving controls over wireless networks as delineated in the Government Accountability Office's 2005 report (GAO-05-383). Therefore, the conferees direct GAO to update its report and include a review of Federal agencies and their wireless networks, including an assessment of vulnerabilities to attack and unauthorized penetration; an examination of best practices within Federal agencies for deploying and monitoring secure wireless networks; and an assessment of state-of-the-art technology solutions that could help protect these networks. GAO shall report its findings to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations within 120 days of enactment of this Act.

The conferees emphasize the importance of effective auditing of the Universal Service Fund (USF). The FCC is directed to work with the Universal Service Administrative Company and the FCC Inspector General to re-evaluate auditing processes to ensure that audits are more uniform and not unduly onerous, that all auditors are familiar with the telecommunications industry, and that lessons learned from audits at translated into better performance in the future. Senate report language requiring a report on USF audit activity within 60 days of enactment of this Act is adopted.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Section 501 extends an exemption for the Universal Service Fund as proposed by the Senate. The House did not include a similar provision.

Section 502 prohibits the Federal Communications Commission from changing rules governing the Universal Service Fund regarding single connection or primary line restrictions as proposed by the Senate. The House did not include a similar provision.

#### FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

The conference report includes a transfer of \$37,942,000 to fund the Office of Inspector General (OIG) as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The OIG's appropriations are derived from the Deposit Insurance Fund. However, if the OIG performs work in connection

with the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation Resolution Fund, the cost of such work can be derived from that Fund.

## FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$66,500,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Election Commission, instead of \$65,100,000 as proposed by the House and \$67,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of the increase provided above the President's budget request, \$1,500,000 is for maintaining current staffing levels and services, and \$1,000,000 is for addressing audit findings related to information technology, enhancing public access to electronic records, and addressing increased workload demands.

## FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$24,773,000 for the Federal Labor Relations Authority as proposed by the House and the Senate.

## FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$291,700,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) as proposed by the House, rather than \$289,300,000 as proposed by the Senate. This appropriation is partially offset by not to exceed \$102,000,000 from premerger notification filing fees and \$21,000,000 from fees to implement the Telemarketing Sales Rule. These offsets are the same as proposed by both the House and the Senate, except that the House proposed \$19,000,000 in fees from the Telemarketing Sales Rule.

The increase above the President's budget request provided in the conference agreement is to strengthen the FTC's capacity to protect consumers and prevent anti-competitive practices, as well as to support required activities related to health information technology provisions in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. Among other priorities, the conferees request the FTC to direct a portion of the increase toward investigations into fraud related to the housing

crisis (including mortgage and other financial services fraud) and into unfair and deceptive practices associated with Federal programs promoting economic stimulus and stabilization. The conferees also note that, of the increase above fiscal year 2009, recommended by the President, \$15,000,000 is to cover one-time relocation costs associated with the upcoming expiration of a lease.

The conferees appreciate that the FTC has delayed implementation of the Red Flags Rule while it works with health care providers and small businesses to minimize the burdens on providers and firms that present low risk for identity theft. The conferees urge the FTC to continue to work with these groups on the implementation of the Red Flags Rule.

The conferees also encourage the FTC to continue its efforts in the areas of call spoofing and violations of the Do Not Call Registry and to fully pursue further violations.

## GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

#### **REAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES**

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

The conference agreement provides resources from the General Services Administration (GSA) Federal Buildings Fund totaling \$8,543,585,000, instead of \$8,445,460,000 as proposed by the House and \$8,488,585,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Construction and Acquisition.—The conference agreement provides \$894,037,000 for construction and acquisition, instead of \$722,537,000 as proposed by the House and \$734,037,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds are provided for the following specific construction projects and acquisitions, in the amounts indicated:

# Alabama:

Mobile, United States Courthouse \$50,000,000

# California: Calexico, Calexico West, Land Port of Entry..... \$9,437,000 Colorado: Lakewood, Denver Federal Center Remediation..... \$9,962,000 District of Columbia: Southeast Federal Center Remediation......\$15,000,000 Florida: Georgia: Savannah, United States Courthouse..... \$7,900,000 Maine: Madawaska, Land Port of Entry ...... \$50,127,000 Maryland: Greenbelt, United Sates Courthouse \$10,000,000 Pennsylvania: Lancaster, United States Courthouse ..... \$6,500,000 Texas: El Paso, Tornillo-Guadalupe, Land Port of Entry......\$91,565,000

Salt Lake City, United States Courthouse......\$211,000,000

\$4,000,000

San Antonio, United States Courthouse.....

Utah:

The conferees understand that the need for a replacement courthouse in Yuma, Arizona, as discussed in the Senate report, will be addressed with funds previously appropriated.

Five-Year Construction Plans.—The conferees have included bill language that clarifies the requirement that the annual budget submission to Congress for GSA contain two separate 5-year plans. These plans were required by the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 for fiscal year 2010 and thereafter. The conferees expect that GSA and the Office of Management and Budget will ensure that plans are submitted to Congress contemporaneously with the annual budget submission for fiscal year 2011 and each year thereafter. Requests for courthouse construction projects, including those proposed as lease-construction projects, shall be included in the 5-year plan for Federal construction, and this plan shall reflect the priorities of the Judicial Conference of the United States.

Judicial) Conference

Report on Lease Construction.—The conferees reiterate language in the Senate report directing GSA and the Ludieiery to submit a joint report to the Committees on Appropriations within 120 days of enactment identifying the circumstances under which it would be appropriate to provide court facilities using a lease-construct strategy.

Repairs and Alterations.—The conference agreement provides \$413,776,000 for repairs and alterations, instead of \$400,276,000 as proposed by the House and \$453,776,000 as proposed by the Senate. Funds are provided for the following specific projects, in the amounts indicated:

## District of Columbia:

East Wing Infrastructure Systems Replacement	\$84,500,000
Eisenhower Executive Office Building Roof Replacement	\$15,000,000
New Executive Office Building	\$30,276,000
Special Emphasis Programs:	
Fire and Life Safety Program	\$20,000,000
Energy and Water Retrofit and Conservation Measures	\$2,000,000
Federal High-Performance Green Buildings	\$2,000,000

Basic Repairs and Alterations......\$260,000,000

While unable to appropriate the full amount needed for the East Wing Infrastructure Systems Replacement project, the conferees recognize the need for this undertaking and would support additional funding if it became available. The conferees understand that bids for construction projects have recently often been coming in below the budgeted amounts, and would invite a transfer/reprogramming request redirecting such savings to the East Wing project.

The conferees are strongly supportive of the special emphasis programs for Energy and Water Retrofit and Conservation Measures and Federal High-Performance Green Buildings. Although this conference report provides less for those two programs than appropriated in fiscal year 2009, that is only because large amounts are currently available for such purposes under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

The conference agreement does not include the funding proposed by the Senate for the Eisenhower Executive Office Building Courtyard Replacement.

*Installment Acquisition Payments.*—The conference agreement includes \$140,525,000 for installment acquisition payments, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

Rental of Space.—The conference agreement provides \$4,804,871,000 for rental of space, instead of \$4,843,996,000 as proposed by the House and \$4,829,871,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Building Operations.—The conference agreement provides \$2,290,376,000 for building operations, instead of \$2,338,126,000 as proposed by the House and \$2,330,376,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### **GENERAL ACTIVITIES**

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE POLICY

The conference agreement appropriates \$59,665,000 for GSA Government-wide Policy activities, instead of \$63,165,000 proposed by the House and \$61,165,000 proposed by the Senate. The agreement does not provide the \$1,500,000 requested by the President to shift

funding for certain expenses of the Federal Acquisition Institute from the Acquisition Workforce Training Fund to this appropriation.

Office of Federal High-Performance Green Buildings.—The conference agreement, like the Senate bill, does not include language proposed by the House providing \$3,000,000 for the Office of Federal High-Performance Green Buildings. That Office and its mission remain a very high priority for the conferees. The only reason no new funding is included in this legislation is that GSA appears to have obligated little, if any, of the amount provided for the Office of Federal High-Performance Green Buildings in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), and therefore ample carryover balances remain. The conferees reiterate the language in the Senate report directing GSA to use the funds provided in ARRA to hire the necessary staff and ensure that the Office immediately begins fulfilling its responsibilities, to submit to the Committees on Appropriations a detailed expenditure plan within 30 days of enactment of this Act, and to report on the obligation of the ARRA funds on a monthly basis.

Study on Pricing of Office Supplies.—The conferees note that GSA is authorized to award contracts to private firms under terms and conditions that mirror commercial practices for commercial supplies and services through its Multiple Award Schedule Program. Recently, some Federal agencies have announced savings through improvements in the process of purchasing office products outside of GSA's schedules. Therefore, the conferees direct the Administrator of GSA to review the ten largest Federal agencies to (1) determine the level of funds spent on office products during fiscal year 2009 through the GSA schedules and outside of these schedules, (2) compare the prices paid themsh the schedules and outside the schedules for representative items within major categories of individual office products, and (3) determine the extent to which agencies conducted a cost-benefit analysis of alternative options. The Administrator shall report to the Committees on Appropriations its findings not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act. Additionally, the conferees direct GAO to assess the data collected by GSA and report to the Committees on Appropriations its assessment, with particular attention on the potential for savings.

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#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

The conference agreement provides \$72,881,000 for operating expenses of GSA as proposed by the House instead of \$71,881,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included in this total is \$1,000,000 for a payment to the Oklahoma City National Memorial Foundation as proposed by the House.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The conference agreement provides \$59,000,000 for the Office of Inspector General, instead of \$60,080,000 as proposed by the House and \$58,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

#### ELECTRONIC GOVERNMENT FUND

# (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$34,000,000 for the Electronic Government Fund, instead of \$33,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$35,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. As specified in both bills, these funds may be transferred to other Federal agencies to carry out the purposes of the Electronic Government Fund, but only after a spending plan and explanation for each project has been submitted to the Committees on Appropriations.

#### ALLOWANCES AND STAFF FOR FORMER PRESIDENTS

The conference agreement includes \$3,756,000 for allowances and staff for former Presidents, as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### FEDERAL CITIZEN SERVICES FUND

The conference agreement appropriates \$36,515,000 for deposit into the Federal Citizen. Services Fund and authorizes use of appropriations, revenues and collections in the Fund in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$61,000,000. These provisions are the same as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

## (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 510 specifies that funds are available for hire of motor vehicles.

Section 511 authorizes transfers within the Federal Building Fund, with advance approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 512 prohibits use of funds to transmit a fiscal year 2011 request for courthouse construction unless the request meets design guide standards, reflects the priorities in the Judicial Conference 5-year construction plan, and includes a standardized courtroom utilization study.

Section 513 specifies that funds in this Act may not be used to increase the amount of occupiable space or provide services such as cleaning or security for any agency that does not pay the rental charges assessed by GSA.

Section 514 permits GSA to pay certain construction-related claims against the Federal Government from savings achieved in other projects.

Section 515 requires that the delineated area of procurement for leased space match the approved prospectus, unless the Administrator provides an explanatory statement to the appropriate congressional committees.

Section 516 authorizes certain relief and disaster assistance organizations to purchase from the Federal supply schedules.

All of these administrative provisions were included in both the House and Senate versions of the legislation.

## HARRY S TRUMAN SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$660,000 for a payment to the Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation Trust Fund as proposed by the Senate. The House did not propose funding for this purpose.

## MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement includes \$42,918,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Board as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Within the amount provided, \$40,339,000 is a direct appropriation and \$2,579,000 is a transfer from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund to adjudicate retirement appeals.

# MORRIS K. UDALL AND STEWART L. UDALL FOUNDATION

# MORRIS K. UDALL AND STEWART L. UDALL TRUST FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement includes \$2,500,000 for payment to the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Trust Fund, instead of \$2,200,000 as proposed by the House and \$3,850,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement reflects the new name of the Foundation and the Trust Fund, as specified in the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation Act (Public Law 111-90).

## ENVIRONMENTAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION FUND

The conference agreement includes \$3,800,000 for payment to the Environmental Dispute Resolution Fund as proposed by the House, instead of \$3,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

## NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

The conference agreement provides \$339,770,000 for operating expenses of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

The conferees reiterate House language directing NARA to report to the Committees within 30 days of enactment on information security improvements made or planned, and further direct NARA to promptly inform relevant committees of jurisdiction when any formal law enforcement investigation is commenced into alleged theft of electronic or other materials which may contain personally identifying information.

## OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The conference agreement provides \$4,100,000 for NARA's Office of Inspector General as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

## ELECTRONIC RECORDS ARCHIVES

The conference agreement provides \$85,500,000 for the Electronic Records Archives (ERA) project as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Of this amount, \$61,757,000 is available until September 30, 2012. The bill retains the directive requiring NARA to submit, and for the Committees on Appropriations to approve, a GAO-reviewed spending plan for ERA prior to the obligation of multi-year funds.

# REPAIRS AND RESTORATION

The conference agreement provides \$27,500,000 for repairs and restoration as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Included in the amount is \$17,500,000, as requested by the President, for necessary expenses related to the repair and renovation of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library in Hyde Park, NY, which NARA has listed as its top capital improvement priority.

#### NATIONAL HISTORICAL PUBLICATIONS AND RECORDS COMMISSION

## **GRANTS PROGRAM**

The conference agreement provides \$13,000,000 for NARA's grant program as proposed by the House, instead of \$12,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of the amount provided, \$4,500,000, as requested, is for the initiative to provide online access to the papers of the Founding Fathers. The conference agreement does not specify further set-asides within this account.

#### NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

#### CENTRAL LIQUIDITY FACILITY

For the second year, the conference report provides the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) Central Liquidity Facility (CLF) the ability to lend, during fiscal year 2010, up to the maximum level provided for by section 307(a)(4)(A) of the Federal Credit Union Act. This gives the NCUA flexibility to assist with credit unions' financial liquidity during the current economic downturn. The NCUA will be expected to keep the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations fully informed on the activities of the CLF.

The conference report limits administrative expenses to \$1,250,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

## COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING LOAN FUND

The conference report includes \$1,250,000 for the Community Development Revolving Loan Fund as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

# OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT ETHICS

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$14,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Government Ethics, instead of \$14,415,000 as proposed by the House and \$13,665,000 as proposed by the Senate.

## OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

# (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$215,708,000 for salaries and expenses compared to \$211,208,000 as proposed by the House and \$207,708,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the amount provided, \$102,970,000 is a direct appropriation and \$112,738,000 is a transfer from Office of Personnel Management (OPM) trust funds.

The direct appropriation of \$102,970,000 includes \$5,908,000 to remain available until September 30, 2011 for the Enterprise Human Resources Integration project, and \$1,364,000 to remain available until September 30, 2011 for the Human Resources Line of Business project.

The transfer from trust funds of \$112,738,000 includes \$9,300,000 to remain available until September 30, 2011 for the cost of implementing the new integrated financial system, and \$4,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2011 for the cost of automating the retirement recordkeeping systems.

The conference agreement includes funding for new initiatives to expand the recruitment and hiring of veterans government-wide, and to streamline the Federal hiring process.

The conference agreement also includes funding to pilot several wellness initiatives for Federal employees in areas such as smoking cessation, disease management and prevention, and risk assessment, as well as funding to conduct an Employee Viewpoint Survey (formerly known as the Human Capital Survey) annually instead of every other year as is the current practice, and with more comprehensive data analysis.

The conferees reiterate House report language directing that future work on the retirement modernization program move forward within the framework of the recommendations made by the Government Accountability Office in its April 2009 report (GAO-09-529) on the subject.

The conferees reiterate Senate report language directing OPM to carry out the Intergovernmental Personnel Act Mobility Program and to report to the Committees on

Appropriations no later than 120 days after enactment of this Act on how the mobility program is being used to alleviate the nursing shortage and on the demonstrable steps OPM has taken to encourage government-employed nurses to teach at accredited schools of nursing.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

## (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$24,363,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Inspector General instead of \$23,576,000 as proposed by the House and \$22,564,000 as proposed by the Senate. Within the amount provided, \$3,148,000 is a direct appropriation and \$21,215,000 is a transfer from Office of Personnel Management trust funds. Increased funding is provided to cover standard pay adjustments for OIG staff and to support increased workload stemming from fraudulent background investigations.

## GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS

The conference agreement provides such sums as necessary for health benefits payments as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEE LIFE INSURANCE

The conference agreement provides such sums as necessary for life insurance payments as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

# PAYMENT TO THE CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The conference agreement provides such sums as necessary for retirement and disability payments as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

## OFFICE OF SPECIAL COUNSEL

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$18,495,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Special Counsel as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

# POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

# SALARIES AND EXPENSES

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$14,333,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Postal Regulatory Commission, as proposed by both the House and the Senate. It does not include language proposed by the House requiring any unobligated balances remaining at the end of fiscal years 2009 and 2010 to be transferred back to the Postal Service Fund.

Proposed Closings of Postal Facilities.—The conferees are aware of considerable public concerns about plans by the Postal Service to close or consolidate retail post offices and other mail facilities, and believe that the Postal Regulatory Commission has an important role to play in evaluating those concerns and fostering well-informed decision making. The conferees commend the Commission for undertaking its current investigation of the national service implications of the Postal Service "Station and Branch Optimization and Consolidation Initiative", and urge the Commission to initiate such other proceedings as appropriate to fully evaluate the effects of proposed closings and consolidations on service levels, costs, postal employees, and the affected communities. Among other issues, the Commission should examine whether Postal Service actions, including notification and appeal procedures, are in accord with applicable law.

## PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OVERSIGHT BOARD

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$1,500,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board as proposed by the Senate, rather than \$2,000,000 as proposed by the House. The funds shall remain available for two years as proposed by the House, instead of one year as proposed by the Senate.

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference report inc	ludes \$1,111,000,000 for the Securities and Exchange Commission
(SEC), instead of \$1 <del>,036,900</del>	as proposed by the House and \$1,126,000 as proposed by the
Senate.	(1036,000,00

The conference report provides that the SEC Office of Inspector General shall receive no less than \$4,400,000 as proposed by the House, a provision not included in the Senate bill.

The conference report provides that, in addition to \$16,084,200 derived from prior year unobligated balances, an additional \$1,094,915,800 shall be derived from offsetting collections.

The SEC's Office of Global Security Risk shall submit reports to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations every six months as described in the House and Senate reports and ensure that all companies sold on United States exchanges operating in State Department-designated terrorist-sponsoring states are disclosing such activities to investors.

The conferees acknowledge efforts to identify ways to harmonize oversight of futures and securities products to achieve greater protection of investors, ensure market integrity, and promote price transparency. The GAO is directed to assess the harmonization report issued on October 16, 2009 jointly by the SEC and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and report to Congress not later than March 1, 2010 with comments on the report and recommendations on ways to reduce or eliminate discrepancies and gaps in oversight, enhance regulatory effectiveness and efficiency, and heighten market transparency.

An increase over the requested level is provided to support the SEC's performance-based pay system, as well as to enhance enforcement, capital market oversight, and investor protection activities, including investigations of accounting fraud, market manipulation, insider trading, and investment scams that target seniors and low-income communities. The SEC should also increase its effort to improve oversight of investment banking institutions.

## SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$24,275,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Selective Service System, instead of \$24,400,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$24,150,000 as proposed by the House.

## SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$433,438,000 for the salaries and expenses account of the Small Business Administration (SBA), instead of \$428,387,000 as proposed by the House and \$444,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Of the amount provided under this heading, \$248,088,000 is for operating expenses of the SBA including funds for an additional 80 to address increased workload needs, and \$185,350,000 is for non-credit programs. In addition, \$153,000,000 from the Business Loans Program Account and \$75,588,200 from the Disaster Loans Program Account may be transferred to and merged with the Salaries and Expenses account for the administrative expenses related to those accounts.

The conferees direct that no less than the following amounts shall be dedicated to the following SBA non-credit programs:

Veterans Programs	\$2,500,000
7(j) Technical Assistance Programs	\$3,400,000
Small Business Development Centers	\$113,000,000
SCORE	\$7,000,000
Women's Business Centers	\$14,000,000
Women's Business Council	\$1,000,000
Native American Outreach	\$1,250,000

Drug-free Workplace Program	\$1,000,000
Microloan Technical Assistance	\$22,000,000
PRIME	\$8,000,000
HUBZone	\$2,200,000
Entrepreneurial Development Initiative	\$10,000,000
Total, non-credit programs	\$185,350,000

The conferees direct that the amounts provided for SBA's non-credit business assistance programs, as specified in the table above, shall be administered in the same manner as previous years and shall not be reduced, reallocated, or reprogrammed to provide additional funds for other programs, initiatives, or activities. In addition, the conferees expect that the National Ombudsman; the Office of Advocacy, including support for the Advocacy Database; international trade programs; and the defense transition program receive no less than the fiscal year 2009 level of funding.

The conference agreement includes language proposed by the Senate increasing from 25 percent to 50 percent for fiscal year 2010 the formula specified under section 7(m)(4)(A) of the Small Business Act for calculating microloan technical assistance grants to lending intermediaries. The conference agreement does not include language proposed by the Senate that would waive the matching fund requirements for intermediaries receiving microloan technical assistance grants.

The conference agreement includes \$10,000,000 for the Administrator's Entrepreneurial Development Initiative as proposed by the Senate instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement does not include language proposed by the Senate that would waive section 7(e) of the Small Business Act for the purpose of providing grant funding in executing this initiative. The conferees modify House report language directing SBA to submit a detailed spending plan for the Entrepreneurial Development Initiative within 45 days of enactment of this Act and that obligation of funds for the initiative will be contingent upon approval of such a spending plan by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. The

plan should include a discussion of the strategies and goals of the Entrepreneurial Development Initiative and the methodologies for selecting funding recipients and assessing performance, as requested in the Senate report.

The conferees reiterate Senate report language strongly encouraging SBA to consider funding veterans' business outreach centers that have significant experience conducting outreach to veterans including those previously receiving Federal funding.

The conference agreement does not include funding for SBA relocation costs. The House and Senate proposed \$10,000,000 associated with a potential move of SBA headquarters to another location within Washington, D.C. A decision was made in October 2009 that SBA will be staying in its current building under a new lease, obviating the need to provide relocation costs in this Act. The conference agreement does provide funding to cover higher space rental and operating costs associated with the new lease.

The conference agreement provides sufficient funds to administer small business development and entrepreneurship initiatives provided in section 523.

The conference agreement includes language proposed by the Senate providing \$2,000,000 for the Federal and State Technology Partnership Program.

## OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The conference agreement provides \$16,300,000 for the Office of Inspector General of the Small Business Administration as proposed by both the House and the Senate. An additional \$1,000,000 is available for transfer into this account from the Disaster Loans Program Account.

# SURETY BOND GUARANTEES REVOLVING FUND

The conference agreement provides \$1,000,000 for this account as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

#### **BUSINESS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT**

# (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement provides \$236,000,000 for the Business Loans Program Account as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Of the amount provided, \$3,000,000 is for the cost of direct loans in the microloan program, \$80,000,000 is for the cost of guaranteed loans as authorized by section 7(a) of the Small Business Act, and \$153,000,000 is for administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs and may be transferred to and merged with Salaries and Expenses.

#### DISASTER LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

# (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement includes \$78,278,200 for the Disaster Loans Program Account instead of \$104,000,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. Of the amount provided, \$1,690,000 is for the cost of guaranteed loans, of which \$352,357 is for loan guarantees as authorized by section 42 of the Small Business Act, and \$1,337,643 is for loan guarantees as authorized by section 12085 of Public Law 110-246. The remaining \$76,588,200 is for administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs, of which \$65,278,200 is for direct administrative expenses of loan making and servicing to carry out the direct loan program, which may be transferred to and merged with Salaries and Expenses; \$9,000,000 is for indirect administrative expenses for the direct loan program, which may be transferred to and merged with Salaries and Expenses; \$1,000,000 is for the Office of Inspector General for audits and reviews of disaster loans and the disaster loan programs; and \$1,310,000 is for administrative expenses to carry out the guaranteed loan programs, which may be transferred to and merged with Salaries and Expenses. Any direct loan subsidies required in fiscal year 2010 will be derived from available unobligated balances.

The \$76,588,200 provided for disaster administrative expenses takes into account a November 2009 report from SBA regarding actual no-year balances that carried forward from fiscal year 2009 into fiscal year 2010. Actual carryforward balances for disaster administrative expenses are \$41,000,000 above the carryforward estimates included in the budget request. In

light of this information, the conference agreement reflects a fiscal year 2010 appropriation \$25,721,800 below the amounts recommended by the House and the Senate. The conferees note, however, that when all sources of funding are considered, including the higher than anticipated carryforward balances, disaster administrative expenses are funded above SBA's fiscal year 2010 budget request in order to provide additional flexibility in the event fiscal year 2010 funding needs exceed the level requested.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 520 allows transfers between accounts as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

Section 521 as proposed by the Senate specifies that disaster loans issued in Alaska or North Dakota shall be administered by the Small Business Administration and shall not be sold during fiscal year 2010.

Section 522 makes a technical correction to Public Law 111-8.

Section 523 provides \$59,000,000 for small business development and entrepreneurship initiatives, including programmatic and construction activities, to be awarded as follows:

Project Name	Amount
Agriculture & Land-based Training Association,	-
Salinas, CA for Farmworker to Farmer Business	
Incubator	\$110,000
Agudath Israel of America, New York, NY Mentoring	
and training services	\$150,000
Alabama Small Business Institute of Commerce,	
Rainbow City, AL for small business training	\$100,000
Alabama Technology Network, Birmingham, AL for	=
the Alabama Center for Advanced Woodworking	
Technology	\$350,000
Alaska Manufacturing Extension Partnership for the	
AMBIT Youth Entrepreneurship Curriculum,	
Anchorage, AK	\$200,000
Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce,	
Albuquerque, NM "Dos Mundos" small business	
assistance program	\$200,000
Alcorn State University for the Systems Research	
Institute, MS	\$250,000
Altoona-Blair County Development Corporation,	
Altoona, PA for the I-99 Entrepreneurial Institute	\$100,000
American Cities Foundation, Inc., Philadelphia, PA	-
Reaching and Impacting Small Entrepreneurs (Project	
RISE)	\$225,000
Amoskeag Business Incubator, Manchester, NH	\$120,000
Arkansas State University, Newport, AR for Arkansas	
Commercial Driver Training Institute	\$200,000
Baltimore City Schools, Baltimore, MD Career and	
Technology Pathways	\$350,000
Barry University, Miami Shores, FL for community	
and economic development	\$100,000

Project Name	Amount
Benedictine University, Lisle, IL for women's entrepreneurial education and workforce development	\$250,000
Bennett College for Women, The Center for Women's Entrepreneurship, Greensboro, NC	\$150,000
Boise State University, Boise, ID for a research and economic development and entrepreneurial initiative	\$400,000
Brewer Business and Commerce Park, Brewer, ME	\$1,280,000
Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation, Bronx, NY business training programs	\$75,000
Brooklyn Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Brooklyn, NY Business incubator program	\$60,000
Buffalo Niagara International Trade Foundation, Buffalo, NY to support small businesses	\$250,000
Bunker Hill Community College, Boston, MA Workforce Development Initiative for Internationally Educated Nurses	\$150,000
California State University, Dominguez Hills, Carson, CA for online access to business and other educational programs	\$150,000
Center for Economic Growth, Albany, NY Watervliet Innovation Center	\$150,000
Cen-Tex African American Chamber of Commerce, Waco, TX Center for Business Excellence	\$200,000
Central Brooklyn Housing Contractor Association, Brooklyn, NY Business Incubation and Development Program	\$150,000
Central Connecticut State University, for a manufacturing workforce initiative and technical assistance program, New Britain, CT	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
Central Oregon Community College, Bend, OR for a technology education center	\$100,000
Chamber South, South Miami, FL to encourage economic production	\$100,000
Champlain Valley Office of Economic Opportunity, Chittenden Emergency Food Shelf's Community Kitchen Expansion Project, Burlington, VT	\$125,000
Chicanos Por La Causa, Inc., Phoenix, AZ Buckeye Small Business Incubator	\$200,000
City of Alcoa, TN for the Pellissippi Research Centre on the Oak Ridge Corridor	\$750,000
City of Alma, GA for business and infrastructure development	\$500,000
City of Bardstown, KY for downtown streetscape economic development	\$100,000
City of Berkeley, CA East Bay Green Jobs Project	\$250,000
City of Buffalo, Buffalo clean energy incubator, Buffalo, NY	\$117,500
City of College Park, GA Entrepreneurial Development Center	\$150,000
City of Jal, renovation of Burke Junior High School to house business ventures, Jal, NM	\$85,000
City of Loma Linda and City of Grand Terrace, CA for an infrastructure expansion project to promote small business	\$900,000
City of Los Angeles, Port of Los Angeles Technology Advancement Program and Clean Technology Development Center, Los Angeles, CA	\$250,000

Project Name	Amount
City of Montrose, CO Montrose Higher Education and Technology Park	\$200,000
City of Myrtle Beach, SC for the Myrtle Beach International Trade and Conference Center	\$100,000
City of Palmdale, CA for the South Valley WorkSource Center	\$100,000
City of Providence, Department of Planning and Development, Rhode Island Center for Life Sciences, research, development and commercialization, Providence, RI	\$300,000
City of Salem, downtown revitalization "toolbox" program, Salem, OR	\$200,000
City of San Jose, CA Silicon Valley Minority/Immigrant Business Support Initiative	\$200,000
City of Santa Rosa, Ilfeld Warehouse business incubator, Santa Rosa, NM	\$170,000
City of Valparaiso, IN Entech Innovation Center Tech Park	\$250,000
Cleary University, Howell, MI for a multi-media center	\$100,000
Clemson University, Clemson, SC for the Advanced Materials Innovation Center	\$100,000
College of Notre Dame of Maryland, for lab facilities, Baltimore, MD	\$100,000
Colorado State University, Sustainable Biofuels Development Center, Ft. Collins, CO	\$250,000
Commerce Lexington, Lexington, KY Central Kentucky Small Business Assistance Initiative	\$200,000

Project Name	Amount
Community Action Committee of the Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, PA to help small businesses identify and implement energy efficiency improvements	\$100,000
Community College of Philadelphia, Northeast Regional Center for small business education, growth, and training, Philadelphia, PA	\$100,000
Community Economic Development Fund, Small Business Institute, Meriden, CT for training and technical assistance	\$250,000
Community Links Hawaii for planning and development of Oahu Technology and Innovation Park, Oahu, HI	\$250,000
Community Service Society of New York, financial education project, New York, NY	\$117,500
Consortium for Worker Education, New York, NY Financial training and guidance programs	\$150,000
Consumer Credit Counseling Service of Delaware Valley, Philadelphia, PA Financial Counseling for Economic Security	\$35,000
Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement, Entrepreneurial Development and Government Procurement Center, Honolulu, HI	\$300,000
County of Essex, Newark, NJ Resource Center for Small Businesses	\$205,000
County of Passaic, Paterson, NJ Economic Development Department	\$125,000
Cuban American National Council New Jersey Regional Office, Union City, NJ Financial Education, Foreclosure Protection and Home Ownership Program	\$100,000
Cuyahoga Community College, veterans outreach and business development program, Cleveland, OH	\$200,000

Project Name	Amount
Dakota College at Bottineau, Entrepreneurial Center for Horticulture, Bottineau, ND	\$250,000
Delaware Valley Industrial Resource Center for an emerging manufacturers initiative, Philadelphia, PA	\$175,000
Delta Foundation, Greenville, MS Mississippi Delta business growth development program	\$150,000
Department of Community Affairs, Division on Women, New Jersey Women's Microbusiness Credit Program, for training and mentoring activities, Trenton, NJ	\$100,000
Detroit Renaissance, Detroit, MI for Detroit Creative Corridor Center	\$200,000
Downtown West Plains, Inc., West Plains, MO for the Ozarks Small Business Incubator	\$500,000
East Los Angeles Community Union, Los Angeles, CA TELACU Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation	\$500,000
Eastern Washington University for accelerating economic development in rural and underserved communities of the Inland Pacific Northwest, Spokane, WA	\$250,000
Economic Development Council of Tallahassee/Leon County, Inc., Tallahassee, FL Tallahassee Small Business Incubator	\$450,000
Economic Growth Connection of Westmoreland, Greensburg, PA Defense Procurement Assistance Program	\$125,000
El Pajaro Community Development Corporation, Watsonville, CA Commercial Kitchen Business Incubator	\$90,000
Fairplex Trade and Conference Center, Los Angeles, CA for Pomona Fairplex Trade and Conference Center	\$350,000

Project Name	Amount
First Community Development Corporation (FCDC), Inglewood, CA Computer Lab Resource Center	\$150,000
Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority, Colorado Drug, Device, and Diagnostic Development Institute, Aurora, CO	\$300,000
Florida Department of Citrus, Lakeland, FL abscission chemical for improved citrus harvesting	\$100,000
Florida Gulf Coast University, Fort Myers, FL for a small business software development program	\$261,000
Florida Institute of Technology, Florida Advanced Combustion Center, Brevard County, FL	\$200,000
Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, FL for Activity Based Total Accountability	\$100,000
Foothill Workforce Investment Board, Pasadena, CA for Small Business Assistance Program	\$150,000
Fort Stockton Economic Development Corporation, Fort Stockton, TX Fort Stockton Small Business Development Program	\$100,000
Girl Scouts of the USA, New York, NY for a national program to improve financial literacy	\$305,875
Grambling State University, Grambling, LA for the Greater North Louisiana Community Development Corporation	\$300,000
Great Falls Development Authority, to support the administrative costs of the Central Montana Growth Fund, Great Falls, MT	\$137,500
Greater Des Moines Partnership, Des Moines, IA for the Central Iowa Business Innovation Zone	\$185,000

Project Name	Amount
Greater Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, Space Alliance Technology Outreach Program (SATOP), Syracuse, NY	\$117,500
Greater Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, Syracuse, NY Clean Tech Startup Camp	\$232,500
Hannah Grimes Center, business incubator renovation and expansion, Keene, NH	\$130,000
Haymarket Center for a workforce development initiative, Chicago, IL	\$700,000
Hispanic Business Education & Training, Inc., Oakland, CA for a Hispanic Business Education and Training Program	\$50,000
Hispanic Chamber of Commerce of Metro Orlando, FL for Small business training, assistance and outreach	\$220,000
HOPE Community Development Corporation for an economic development initiative, Charleston, WV	\$137,500
Housing Options and Geriatric Association Resources, Inc., Bronx, NY Economic and community development program for elderly persons	\$75,000
Hudson Valley Agribusiness Development Corporation, Hudson, NY Hudson Valley Food Processing Incubator Facility	\$350,000
Hunter College, New York, NY for the Roosevelt House Institute Public Policy Institute, Financial Literacy Project	\$75,000
I-70 Northwest Development Corporation, St. Louis, MO North St. Louis Community Food and Health Center	\$150,000
Idaho TechConnect Inc., Nampa, ID Proof of Concept Center	\$285,000

Project Name	Amount
Illinois Eastern Community Colleges for the Small Business Development Center, Olney, IL	\$200,000
Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, IL	\$600,000
Illinois Science and Technology Coalition, Chicago, IL Illinois Nanotechnology Collaborative	\$150,000
Illinois State Library to expand access to Illinois public libraries, Springfield, IL	\$300,000
Illinois State University for the McLean County Business Incubator, Normal, IL	\$500,000
Illinois State University, Normal, IL for an export project	\$100,000
Illinois Valley Community College, Oglesby, IL Technology and Workforce Development Center	\$220,000
Indianhead Community Action Agency, Ladysmith, WI Solar Business Revolving Loan Fund	\$450,000
Iowa Valley Community College District, Marshalltown, IA for an education and training center	\$500,000
Jackson State University for Economic and Community Development through Heritage Tourism, MS	\$500,000
Kansas World Trade Center for the Wichita EcoPartnership, Wichita, KS	\$400,000
Kelley Road Business Park, Orono, ME	\$345,000
Laredo Community College, Laredo, TX Small Business Center	\$150,000
Latin Chamber of Commerce, Hispanic Leadership Program, Las Vegas, NV	\$234,858
Lawrence CommunityWorks, Union Crossing Mill Redevelopment, Lawrence, MA	\$200,000

Project Name	Amount
Leavenworth Technology and Research Park, Leavenworth, KS	\$300,000
Liberty University, VA, Lynchburg, VA Central Virginia WiMAX broadband internet service for education and economic development - Feasibility Study	\$220,000
Lock Haven University, Lock Haven, PA Small Business Development Center Tax Compliance Resource Program	\$50,000
Long Beach Community College District, Long Beach, CA for business training for Watts-Willowbrook	\$150,000
Loring Commerce Centre Infrastructure Development for the Loring Development Authority, Limestone, ME	\$1,000,000
Los Angeles City College Foundation, Los Angeles, CA East Hollywood Entrepreneurial Training and Small Business Program	\$150,000
Louisiana Office of Social Entrepreneurship for administrative costs of a business planning initiative, Baton Rouge, LA	\$137,500
Lutheran Social Service of Minnesota, Credit Counseling Capacity Building, St. Paul, MN	\$200,000
Macomb County, MI for a business accelerator	\$100,000
Manhattan Chamber of Commerce, New York, NY Foundation for Small business training and assistance related to international opportunities	\$75,000
Maryland Technology Development Corporation (TEDCO), Columbia, MD Rural Business Innovation Initiative - Eastern Shore	\$220,000
Maverick County Development Corporation, Eagle Pass, TX Maverick County Small Business Development Program	\$100,000

Project Name	Amount
McNeese State University, Southwest Louisiana Entrepreneurial and Economic Development Center (SEED), Lake Charles, LA	\$137,500
MDC Inc., Chapel Hill, NC for services related to small business entrepreneurship	\$225,000
Metropolitan Council on Jewish Poverty, New York, NY Employment and training programs	\$150,000
Miami Dade College Institute, Miami, FL for Intermodal Transportation	\$300,000
Miami-Dade Chamber of Commerce, Miami, FL Technical Assistance and Economic Development Center	\$150,000
Mississippi Biotechnology Association for Capacity Building for the Mississippi Biotechnology Industry, Ridgeland, MS	\$250,000
Mississippi State University for the Entrepreneurship Center to Develop New Entity Creation (ECDEC), MS	\$500,000
Mississippi Technology Alliance for the Center for Innovation and Entrepreneurship, MS	\$850,000
Missouri Chamber Education Foundation to develop a small business technology, training and outreach center, Jefferson City, MO	\$1,000,000
Montana State University, Bozeman, MT HTAP: High- Technology Assistance Program	\$133,000
Montana Technology Venture Center, Bozeman, MT for expansion and operations of the TechRanch next step program	\$137,500
Montana World Trade Center, Missoula, MT for Montana Growth Through Trade	\$134,000

Project Name	Amount
Montgomery County, Rockville, MD Green Business Incubator	\$150,000
Mount Hope Housing Company, Inc., Bronx, NY training program	\$75,000
Mount Vernon Chamber of Commerce, Mount Vernon, NY Mount Vernon Small Business Incubator	\$150,000
National Association of Development Organizations, Washington, DC for Small Business Development and Entrepreneurial Enhancement Initiative	\$232,500
National Latino Education Institute, Chicago, IL Vocational Training Initiative	\$150,000
National Urban League, New York, NY Restore Our Homes-Homeownership Center in Chicago	\$100,000
Nebraska Community Foundation, HomeTown Competitiveness, Lincoln, NE	\$275,000
Neighborhood Development Center, Midtown Global Market business technical assistance, St. Paul, MN	\$200,000
Neighborhood Development Center, St. Paul, MN University Avenue Business Preparation Collaborative	\$200,000
Nevada Center for Entrepreneurship and Technology (NCET), small business and entrepreneurship development, NV	\$234,858
Nevada Small Business Development Center, for Imagine 2012, a Hispanic business development initiative, Reno, NV	\$234,859
New Agrarian Center, Oberlin, OH Urban Agriculture Business Development	\$125,000
New Orleans Redevelopment Authority, New Orleans, LA to encourage commercial investments	\$250,000

Project Name	Amount
New York City College of Technology, Brooklyn, NY Brooklyn Small Business Development Center	\$115,000
New York College of Environmental Science & Forestry, Syracuse, NY for the New York Forest Community Economic Assistance Program	\$100,000
New York Industrial Retention Network, New York, NY Technical assistance and financing for manufacturers for energy conservation projects	\$60,000
Newport Chamber of Commerce, Middletown, RI Industrial Park of Tiverton	\$80,000
North Carolina Biotechnology Center, Research Triangle Park, NC Entrepreneurship and Research and Development Training Initiative	\$130,000
North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center, Raleigh, NC for a Rural Business Finance Program	\$250,000
North Carolina School of the Arts/Winston-Salem State University, The Center for Design Innovation, Winston-Salem, NC	\$100,000
Northeast Alabama Community College, Rainsville, AL for industrial systems technology and machining training	\$335,000
Northeast Entrepreneur Fund, Virginia, MN Greenstone Group	\$200,000
Northeast Ohio Technology Coalition, Cleveland, OH for Tech Leaders II: Job Creation through Industry Cluster Development	\$250,000
Northern Arizona Center, Flagstaff, AZ for Emerging Technologies for the Arizona Clean Energy Accelerator	\$220,000
Northern Dauphin Revitalization Project, Inc., Elizabethville, PA job creation initiative	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
Northern Virginia Community College for retraining displaced workers in Geographic Information Systems, Richmond, VA	\$200,000
Northside Economic Opportunity Network (NEON), Minneapolis, MN North Minneapolis Small Business Capacity Building Program	\$150,000
Northwest Pennsylvania Incubator Association for an incubator project, Erie County, PA	\$100,000
NYS Small Business Development Center at Rockland County Community College, Suffern, NY for training for displaced workers to start or expand small business	\$125,000
Oakland African American Chamber of Commerce Foundation, Oakland, CA for Economic Vitality of Minority Businesses in Oakland	\$50,000
Oakland Chinatown Chamber of Commerce, Oakland, CA for Economic Vitality of Asian Minority Business Program	\$50,000
Operation Get Ahead, Hempstead, NY for job readiness and employment programs	\$150,000
Operation New Hope, Inc., Jacksonville, FL for a prisoner re-entry job training program that works with small business owners	\$790,000
Our Lady of the Lake University, San Antonio, TX Hispanic Leadership and Entrepreneurship Training Institute	\$100,000
Pace University Lienhard School of Nursing, White Plains, NY nursing workforce education and training initiative	\$125,000
Pasadena City College, Pasadena, CA Small Business and Entrepreneur Assistance Program	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
Philadelphia Development Partnership, Philadelphia, PA Southeastern Pennsylvania Micro Business Center	\$65,000
Phillips County Economic Development for a Entrepreneur Business Enhancement Program (EBEP), Phillips County, KS	\$300,000
Pinellas County Board of County Commissioners, Clearwater, FL for the Business Assistance Partnership Network	\$262,000
Port of Bremerton, Port Orchard, WA for services to sustainable energy and other "green" small businesses	\$250,000
Port of Clarkston, Asotin County Industrial Park infrastructure completion, Asotin County, WA	\$350,000
Portland Community College, sustainable careers for a green economic recovery, Portland, OR	\$200,000
Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, NY "Green" Community Career & Business Training Center	\$85,000
Prince George's County, Upper Marlboro, MD Small Business Initiative	\$150,000
Progreso Latino, Central Falls, RI Small business capacity building assistance	\$120,000
Project Ezrah Needs, Inc., Englewood, NJ Employment and financial counseling and assistance	\$100,000
Prospera (Gallatin Valley Development Corporation), Accelerated Entrepreneur Program, Bozeman, MT	\$200,000
Rhode Island School of Design and Brown University, Partnership for Sustainable Development/Rhode Island Center for Innovation and Entrepreneurship (RI-CIE), for technical assistance to small businesses on green product design and marketing and on developing and commercializing innovative products and services, Providence, RI	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
River District Association, Rockford, IL to develop and recruit small businesses	\$100,000
Rural Business Energizer Program, Milbridge, ME	\$250,000
Rural Enterprises of Oklahoma, Inc, for a Women and Veteran's Business Resource Center at Seminole State College, Durant, OK	\$200,000
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, New Jersey urban entrepreneurship development initiative, New Brunswick, NJ	\$271,050
SEKTDA, Somerset, KY for economic and small business development in Southern and Eastern Kentucky	\$685,000
Shawnee Community College for the Small Business Development Center, Ullin, IL	\$200,000
Souris Basin Regional Planning Council, North Dakota REAP Zones, ND	\$300,000
South Dakota Rural Enterprise, Dakota Rising for an entrepreneur development system, SD	\$250,000
Southwest Brooklyn Industrial Development Corporation, Brooklyn, NY Plan Ahead Brooklyn	\$80,000
Southwest Georgia United Empowerment Zone, Inc. for Capitalization and overhead of Community Development Financial Institution, Vienna, GA	\$100,000
Southwestern Adventist University, Keene, TX Entrepreneurship Resources Center	\$200,000
Suffolk County Community College, Brentwood, NY Green Technology Workforce Initiative	\$200,000
SUNY Fredonia, Fredonia, NY small business incubator	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
Texas State University System, San Marcos, TX Center for Entrepreneurial Action	\$150,000
The Bi-National Sustainability Laboratory (BNSL), El Paso, TX Partnership for Innovation and Security	\$150,000
The Bodega Association of the United States, Inc., New York, NY for education, training and other small business assistance	\$200,000
The Citizens Advice Bureau, Bronx, NY for economic and community development programs for homeless adults	\$150,000
The Export Consortium, Columbia, SC The I-95 Corridor Project	\$150,000
The Pittsburgh Life Sciences Greenhouse, Pittsburgh, PA for the Tech Belt Biosciences Initiative	\$100,000
The Progress Fund, Greensburg, PA Technical Assistance for Small Businesses	\$125,000
The University of Mississippi for the Technology Commercialization Initiative, Oxford, MS	\$250,000
The University of Southern Mississippi for the Early Stage Entrepreneur and Commercialization Development, Hattiesburg, MS	\$500,000
Thomas More College, Crestview Hills, KY for training programs in health care management	\$100,000
Thorpe Family Residence, Inc. (TFR), Bronx, NY for economic and community development, residential services programs and capital costs	\$75,000
Township of Woodbridge, NJ for the Pennval Road Green Technology Incubator	\$250,000
Uhlich Children's Advantage Network for job training, placement and retention services, Chicago, IL	\$400,000

Project Name	Amount
UMASS Dartmouth, Fall River, MA Advanced Technical & Manufacturing Center	\$325,000
United Way for Southeastern Michigan, Detroit, MI Ex-Offender Entrepreneurship Program	\$250,000
University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL for the Preparing the Workforce of the Future project	\$1,000,000
University of Alaska, Small Business Development Center, Ketchikan, AK	\$350,000
University of Arkansas at Little Rock, Small Business Innovation Center, Little Rock, AR	\$275,000
University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, AR for the Arkansas Research and Technology Park	\$225,000
University of Connecticut for the Avery Point Technology Center, Groton, CT	\$200,000
University of Connecticut, Storrs, CT Farmington Technology Incubation Center	\$150,000
University of Delaware, Newark, DE for the Delaware Small Business and Technology Development Center	\$350,000
University of Georgia, Public Service and Outreach, Athens, GA for an applied research demonstration project to bolster workforce development	\$100,000
University of Guam, Mangilao, GU Center for Regional Economic Development	\$150,000
University of Maryland-Baltimore BioPark, Baltimore, MD	\$100,000
University of Memphis, TN for an entrepreneurial training program	\$685,000

Project Name	Amount
University of Missouri System, Columbia, MO for the Extension Community Economic and Entrepreneurial program	\$299,000
University of Nebraska at Omaha, NE Micro- Enterprise Center for Information Technology Development	\$250,000
University of Northern Iowa for MyEntreNet, a national rural entrepreneurship development system, IA	\$250,000
University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC Innovista Center for Entrepreneurial Development	\$100,000
University of Southern Maine for the Science Technology Research Center, Portland, ME	\$850,000
University of Texas at Brownsville, TX Global Marketing and Logistics Certification Program	\$150,000
University of Toledo, Toledo, OH Renewable Energy Business Incubator communication infrastructure	\$75,000
University of West Florida, Pensacola, FL for the Turnaround Business Assistance Program	\$262,000
University of West Georgia, Carrollton, GA for a small business incubator	\$100,000
University of Wisconsin, Whitewater, WI Small Business Development Center	\$150,000
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee for business development related to clean water technologies, Milwaukee, WI	\$250,000
Urban League of Eastern Massachusetts, economic development center expansion, Boston, MA	\$200,000
Urban League of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA for the Urban League Entrepreneurship Center	\$150,000

Project Name	Amount
Valencia County IT program, upgrade and training, Valencia County, NM	\$145,000
Vermont Businesses for Social Responsibility, the 50 for 25 Demonstration Project, Burlington, VT	\$50,000
Vermont Community Colleges, Waterbury, VT Career Readiness and Supervision Certification	\$150,000
Vermont Farms Association for an agritourism best practices and standards project, Rochester, VT	\$75,000
Vermont Small Business Development Center, technical assistance to high-tech small businesses and emerging businesses, Randolph, VT	\$250,000
Village of Olympia Fields, Olympia Fields, IL South Suburban Coalition Economic Development Demonstration Project	\$100,000
Virginia's Center for Innovative Technology, Mine safety technology and communication improvements, Herndon, VA	\$200,000
Wayne State University, Detroit, MI Law School Small Business Clinic	\$200,000
West Chester University of Pennsylvania, West Chester, PA Entrepreneurial Leadership Center	\$150,000
West Jefferson Medical Center, Marrero, LA Workforce Training and Development Initiative	\$100,000
West Virginia Northern Community College, Center for Economic and Workforce Advancement, Weirton, WV	\$137,500
Western Illinois University for the Small Business Development Center, Macomb, IL	\$400,000
Western Kentucky University Bowling Green Data Center, Bowling Green, KY	\$1,100,000

Project Name	Amount
Western Massachusetts Enterprise Fund, Holyoke, MA Financial and Technical Assistance for Development Enterprises	\$250,000
Western Nevada Development District, Carson City, NV to promote small business development efforts	\$250,000
Western Reserve Port Authority, Vienna, OH Western Reserve Economic Development Initiative	\$200,000
Western Reserve Resource Conservation and Development Council, Painesville, OH for a green job and watershed management training program	\$150,000
Women At Work, Pasadena, CA Career Technology Training for Low-Income Women	\$150,000
Women's Business Development Center, Stamford, CT for entrepreneurial small business training and assistance	\$200,000
World Trade Center Institute Delaware, for the export assistance webinar series for business education, Wilmington, DE	\$50,000
YMCA of Long Island, Inc., Holtsville, NY Diversity Training Program at the Brookhaven-Roe YMCA	\$100,000

#### UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

#### PAYMENT TO THE POSTAL SERVICE FUND

The conference agreement provides \$118,328,000 for a payment to the Postal Service Fund, of which \$89,328,000 is an advance appropriation for fiscal year 2011 to continue free mail for the blind and for overseas voting materials, and of which \$29,000,000 is for the annual repayment of revenue foregone as required by law. These provisions are the same as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

The conference agreement includes provisions directing that mail for the blind and for overseas voting shall continue to be free and that six-day delivery and rural mail delivery shall continue at not less than the 1983 level. Further, it includes language prohibiting use of funds in this Act to charge a fee for providing information to child support enforcement programs or to consolidate or close small rural and other small post offices. All of these provisions were also contained in the House and Senate bills.

Closings of Postal Facilities.—Numerous concerns and criticisms have been brought to the attention of the conferees regarding Postal Service plans to close or otherwise consolidate various retail and mail handling facilities. The conferees believe that the Postal Regulatory Commission is an appropriate forum for evaluating these proposals and the attendant concerns and have urged the Commission take appropriate action to do so in language included under that heading.

In addition, the conferees direct the Government Accountability Office to update its previous studies regarding Postal Service initiatives to realign its mail processing network, including proposed closures or consolidations of area mail processing facilities, and to report to the Committees on Appropriations and other appropriate congressional committees not later than 6 months after enactment of this Act. GAO's study should address the criteria used in selecting facilities for closure or consolidation, whether those criteria are being applied reasonably and consistently in particular cases, the adequacy of efforts to communicate and consult with affected communities and stakeholders, and the quality of efforts to evaluate the results of closures and consolidations.

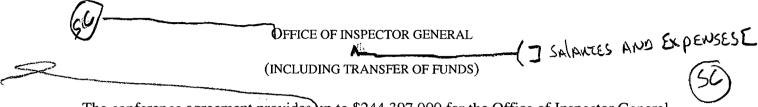
Financial Condition of the Postal Service.—The conferees are concerned about the financial condition of the Postal Service. In fiscal year 2009, the Postal Service posted a net loss of \$3.8 billion that would have totaled \$7.8 billion, had Congress not reduced the Postal Service's retiree health benefits payment by \$4 billion. Significant declines in mail volume, exacerbated by the struggling economy, have contributed to the most recent Postal Service financial crisis.

The conferees applaud the Postal Service for its efforts to reduce costs. In fiscal year 2009, the Postal Service reduced its operating expenses by \$6.1 billion. These cost-cutting efforts must continue in close coordination with stakeholders and with careful consideration of the effect proposed cuts may have on service and volume.

Despite cost-cutting efforts, the financial condition of the Postal Service remains dire. The conferees understand that the Postal Service has requested legislative relief from the requirement that the Postal Service pre-fund a significant portion of its future retiree health benefits through the end of fiscal year 2016. Congress reduced the fiscal year 2009 payment from \$5.4 billion to \$1.4 billion. The Postal Service continues to seek a reduction or elimination of future mandated payments.

Regulatory Commission (PRC) have reviewed the payment stream under PAEA. The IG concluded that the current schedule would result in an overpayment to the retirement fund by the end of fiscal year 2016, and the PRC study concluded that the unfunded liability would not be as high as originally estimated. Because some experts, including OPM, have expressed concerns about the assumptions made in the Postal Service IG and PRC reports, the conferees urge the Postal Service to coordinate with OPM and OMB to develop a fiscally responsible legislative proposal, for consideration by the appropriate congressional committees, that would grant a limited measure of relief from the PAEA requirements to pre-fund retiree health benefits. These proposals should consider: (1) whether the PAEA-mandated stream of future payments overfunds through fiscal year 2016 the anticipated liability of the Postal Service for future retiree health benefits, (2) whether modifications to the mandated payments could meet the unliquidated

liability goals contained in the PAEA, and (3) whether a decrease in mandated payments will reduce the incentive of the Postal Service to continue to cut additional costs.



The conference agreement provides up to \$244,397,000 for the Office of Inspector General, as proposed by both the House and the Senate. It does not include language proposed by the House requiring any unobligated balances remaining at the end of fiscal years 2009 and 2010 to be transferred back to the Postal Service Fund.

### **UNITED STATES TAX COURT**

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$49,241,000 for salaries and expenses of the United States Tax Court as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$49,242,000 as proposed by the House.

#### TITLE VI

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS ACT

Section 601 prohibits paying expenses or otherwise compensating non-Federal parties in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

Section 602 prohibits obligations beyond the current fiscal year and prohibiting transfers of funds unless expressly so provided herein.

Section 603 limits consulting service expenditures to contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record, with exceptions.

Section 604 prohibits funds from being transferred to any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States without express authority provided in this or any other appropriations Act.

Section 605 prohibits the use of funds to engage in activities that would prohibit the enforcement of section 307 of the 1930 Tariff Act.

Section 606 prohibits funds from being expended unless the recipient agrees to comply with the Buy American Act.

Section 607 prohibits funding to a person or entity convicted of violating the Buy American Act.

Section 608 provides reprogramming authority and requires agencies to submit financial plans to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.

Section 609 provides that not to exceed 50 percent of unobligated balances from salaries and expenses may remain available for certain purposes.

Section 610 provides that no funds may be used by the Executive Office of the President to request any official background investigation from the Federal Bureau of Investigation unless the person has given consent or there are national security circumstances.

Section 611 requires that cost accounting standards not apply to a contract under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

Section 612 permits the Office of Personnel Management to accept funds regarding the nonforeign area cost of living allowances.

Section 613 prohibits the expenditure of funds for abortions under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

Section 614 provides an exemption from section 613 if the life of the mother is in danger or the pregnancy is a result of an act of rape or incest.

Section 615 waives restrictions on the purchase of non-domestic articles, materials, and supplies in the case of acquisition by the Federal Government of information technology.

Section 616 prohibits the acceptance by any regulatory agency or commission funded by this Act, or by their officers or employees, of payment or reimbursement for travel, subsistence, or related expenses from any person or entity (or their representative) that engages in activities regulated by such agency or commission.

Section 617 provides authority for the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board to obligate funds for a scholarship program. Section 618 rescinds \$1,500,000 in unobligated balances for the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board.

Section 618 rescinds \$1,500,000 in unobligated balances for the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board, as proposed by the Senate.

Section 619 defines "payment of cash in advance" for purposes of section 908(b)(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000.

Section 620 revises the Federal and District of Columbia Government Real Property Act of 2006 to advance the date for GSA to transfer the Old Naval Hospital to the District to not later than 60 days after date of enactment of this Act, as proposed by the House.

Section 621 permits the SEC and CFTC to fund a joint advisory committee to advise on emerging regulatory issues, notwithstanding section 708 of this Act. This provision was not included in either the House or Senate bills.

Section 622 provides that projects contained in the House report that are considered congressional earmarks for purposes of clause 9 of House of Representatives rule XXI, when intended to be awarded to a for-profit entity, shall be awarded under a full and open competition. This provision was not included in either the House or Senate bills.

The above provisions were included in similar form in both the House and Senate unless otherwise noted.

The conference agreement does not include House section 619 prohibiting the use of funds in this Act to implement or enforce section 101(a) of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act (CPSIA) of 2008 in regard to youth motorized off-highway vehicles. The conferees note that off-highway vehicles manufactured and sold during fiscal year 2010 are not subject to the strict lead limits of the CPSIA. The conferees are aware that the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) granted a stay of enforcement of CPSIA section 101(a) for certain components of those vehicles until May 1, 2011, and that CPSC is requiring compliance plans from industry that will indicate how products will be modified to comply with the lead standard as well as which parts have high lead content. The conferees recognize that practical issues exist in applying the CPSIA to these and certain other products, and address the issue in the CPSC account under title V.

The conference agreement does not include section 901 of the House bill concerning first-class travel by Federal employees. The conferees support Federal regulations stipulating that employees of Federal departments and agencies must use coach-class accommodations for official business travel except as provided under sections 301-10.123 and 301-10.124 of title 41 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The House language was redundant to those regulations.

#### TITLE VII

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS—GOVERNMENT-WIDE

#### DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, AND CORPORATIONS

Section 701 requires all agencies have a written policy for ensuring a drug-free workplace.

Section 702 sets specific limits on the cost of passenger vehicles with exceptions for police, heavy duty, electric hybrid and clean fuels vehicles.

Section 703 makes appropriations available for quarters/cost-of-living allowances.

Section 704 modifies provisions proposed by the House and the Senate that prohibit the use of appropriated funds to compensate officers or employees of the Federal government in the continental United States unless they are citizens of the United States or qualify under other specified exceptions. This provision eliminates the differential treatment of individuals by country of origin and excepts from the prohibition individuals who are lawfully admitted for permanent residence and are seeking United States citizenship.

Section 705 ensures that appropriations made available to any department or agency for space, services and rental charges shall also be available for payment to the General Services Administration.

Section 706 allows the use of receipts from the sale of materials for acquisition, waste reduction and prevention, environmental management programs and other Federal employee programs as appropriate.

Section 707 allows funds for administrative expenses of government corporations and certain agencies to also be available for rent in the District of Columbia, services under 5 U.S.C. 3109, and the objects specified under this head.

Section 708 prohibits funds for interagency financing boards (with exception), commissions, for councils, committees or similar groups to receive multi-agency funding without prior approval.

SECTION 1709 PLECLUSES FUNDS FOR REGULATION WHICH HAVE BEEN DISAPPROVED.

Section 710 sets ceilings on pay rates for certain Federal employees for fiscal year 2010.

Section 711 limits the amount of funds that can be used for redecoration of offices under certain circumstances to \$5,000, unless advance notice is transmitted to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Section 712 allows for interagency funding of national security and emergency preparedness telecommunications initiatives.

Section 713 requires agencies to certify that a Schedule C appointment was not created solely or primarily to detail the employee to the White House.

Section 714 prohibits the payment of any employee who prohibits, threatens, prevents or otherwise penalizes another employee from communicating with Congress.

Section 715 prohibits Federal employee training not directly related to the performance of official duties.

Section 716 prevents funds from being used to implement or enforce non-disclosure agreement policies unless certain provisions are included.

Section 717 prohibits executive branch agencies from using funds for propaganda or publicity purposes in support or defeat of legislative initiatives.

Section 718 prohibits any Federal agency from disclosing an employee's home address to any labor organization, absent employee authorization or court order.

Section 719 prohibits funds to be used to provide non-public information such as mailing or telephone lists to any person or organization outside the government without the approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Section 720 prohibits the use of funds for propaganda and publicity purposes not authorized by Congress.

Section 721 directs agency employees to use official time in an honest effort to perform official duties.

Section 722 authorizes the use of funds to finance an appropriate share of the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board administrative costs.

Section 723 authorizes the transfer of funds to GSA to finance various government-wide initiatives in financial management, information technology, human capital, procurement, and performance improvement, under certain conditions.

Section 724 permits breastfeeding in a Federal building or on Federal property if the woman and child are authorized to be there.

Section 725 permits interagency funding of the National Science and Technology Council and requires OMB to provide a report on the budget and resources of the National Science and Technology Council.

Section 726 requires that the Federal forms that are used in distributing Federal funds must indicate the agency providing the funds, the Federal Domestic Assistance Number, and the amount provided.

Section 727 prohibits the use of funds to monitor personal information relating to the use of Federal Internet sites to collect, review, or create any aggregate list that includes personally identifiable information relating to access to or use of any Federal Internet site of such agency.

Section 728 requires health plans participating in the Federal Employees Health Benefits

Program to provide contraceptive coverage and provides exemptions to certain religious plans.

Section 729 recognizes the U.S. Anti-Doping Agency as the official anti-doping agency for Olympic, Pan American and Paralympic sport in the United States.

Section 730 allows funds for official travel to be used by departments and agencies, if consistent with OMB and Budget Circular A-126, to participate in the fractional aircraft ownership pilot program.

Section 731 prohibits funds for implementation of OPM regulations limiting detailees to the Legislative Branch or implementing limitations on the Coast Guard Congressional Fellowship Program.

Section 732 restricts the use of funds for Federal law enforcement training facilities with an exception for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center.

Section 733 prohibits funds for E-Government initiatives sponsored by OMB prior to 15 days following submission of a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and receipt of the Committees' approval to transfer funds. The section also prohibits funds for new E-Government initiatives without the explicit approval of the Committees.

Section 734 provides authority to transfer funds between agencies to ensure the uninterrupted, continuous operation of the Midway Atoll Airfield.

Section 735 prohibits funds to begin or announce a study or public-private competition regarding conversion to contractor performance pursuant to OMB Circular A-76.

Section 736 prohibits executive branch agencies from creating prepackaged news stories that are broadcast or distributed in the United States unless the story includes a clear notification within the text or audio of that news story that the prepackaged news story was prepared or funded by that executive branch agency.

Section 737 prohibits funds from being used on contravention of the Privacy Act or associated regulations.

Section 738 requires agencies to evaluate the creditworthiness of an individual before issuing a government travel charge card and prohibits agencies from issuing a government travel charge card to individuals who have an unsatisfactory credit history.

Section 739 requires OMB to submit a crosscut budget report on Great Lakes restoration activities not later than 45 days after the submission of the budget of the President to Congress.

Section 740 prohibits funds in this or any other Act to be used for Federal contracts with inverted corporations, unless the contract preceded this Act or the Secretary grants a waiver in the interest of national security.

Section 741 prohibits agencies from using funds to implement regulations changing the competitive areas under reductions-in-force for Federal employees.

Section 742 repeals section 748 of division D of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111-8) to permit the President to modify or replace Executive Order 13423 with a new executive order, but it must achieve equal or better environmental and energy results.

Section 743 creates an annual requirement for every civilian agency to compile an inventory of service contracts performed for, or on behalf of, the agency during the prior fiscal year. In the absence of complete and reliable information on the extent of their reliance on service contractors, Federal agencies are not well-equipped to determine whether they have the right balance of contractor and in-house resources needed to accomplish their missions. This section requires agencies to review the contents of the inventory and report on actions taken and requires the Government Accountability Office to provide a series of reports on the implementation of the requirements in this section. It also modifies or replaces several provisions contained in the House and the Senate bills relating to tabulating the size of the Federal Government's contractor workforce.

Section 744 modifies Senate section 736 to provide that the adjustment in rates of basic pay for employees under statutory pay systems taking effect in fiscal year 2010 shall be an increase of 2 percent as recommended by the President and supported in the House bill. The conference agreement provides for a base pay adjustment and a locality pay adjustment.

Section 745 makes a technical correction to section 751 of division D of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111-8).



Section 747 establishes a disclosure and arbitration process to determine whether dealers that had their franchise agreements terminated or not assumed by a successor company should be added to dealer networks of automobile manufacturers partially owned by the Federal Government. This provision is a substitute for language contained in the House bill which also addressed concerns regarding terminated auto dealers. The Senate had no comparable provision.

The conferees believe that it is in the national interest that the United States automobile industry regain profitability and maintain sufficient dealerships to meet consumer demand. Evidence obtained in numerous Congressional hearings in 2009 demonstrates that automobile dealerships are integral parts of their local economy and provide millions of direct and indirect jobs in the United States. Automobile dealers are essential to the success of automobile manufacturers because they facilitate distribution, sales, and servicing of hundreds of millions of vehicles annually. It is also apparent to Congress that high-performing, historically profitable, and experienced automobile dealers with longstanding relationships with their customers are best positioned to help automobile manufacturers succeed financially. It is in the best interest of automobile manufacturers, the automotive industry, dealers, and the public to have a competitive and viable automobile distribution network throughout the country, including in urban, suburban, and rural areas. It is in the interest of the local economies, the national economy, and the economic recovery to preserve successful small businesses.

The conferees believe that this procedure will best protect the due process rights and property interests of all parties, and safeguard the economic public interest, including the substantial taxpayer investment in this critical industry. The approach taken by the conference agreement provides for an independent arbitrator to assess, on a case-by-case basis, the merits of each dealer's request to be added to the automobile manufacturer's dealer network. By doing so, the Conferees expect that this policy will strengthen this key industry, bolster the nation's economic recovery, and benefit communities across the country.

The conference agreement would permit covered manufacturers and dealers to also, where they both prefer, to use voluntary negotiation outside the arbitration process where possible, to resolve issues of possible dispute, including equitable compensation.

Section 746 clarifies references to "this Act".

Insert 89A

The above provisions were included in similar form in both the House and Senate unless otherwise noted.

The conference report does not include House section 744 directing the Attorney General to transmit documents to Congress concerning notification of *Miranda* rights to captured foreign persons suspected of terrorism. The conferees understand that this issue has been addressed in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84).

#### TITLE VIII

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS—DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The conference agreement includes the following general provisions for the District of Columbia:

Section 801 specifies that an appropriation for a particular purpose or object shall be considered as the maximum amount that may be expended for said purpose or object.

Section 802 authorizes appropriations for travel and dues of organizations.

Section 803 allows the use of local funds for making refunds or paying judgments against the District of Columbia government.

Section 804 prohibits the use of Federal funds for propaganda designed to support or defeat legislation before Congress or any state legislature, but allows the District of Columbia to use local funds to lobby on any matter.

Section 805 sets out reprogramming procedures for Federal funds.

Section 806 provides that appropriations under the Act shall be applied to objects for which the appropriation was made.

Section 807 prohibits the use of Federal funds for the salaries and expenses of a Shadow U.S. Senator or U.S. Representative.

Section 808 places restrictions on the use of District of Columbia government vehicles.

Section 809 prohibits the use of Federal funds for a petition or civil action which seeks to require voting rights for the District of Columbia in Congress.

Section 810 allows the District of Columbia to use local funds for needle exchange programs and allows the use of Federal funds for needle exchange programs provided that District health or law enforcement officials do not object. The House bill placed detailed geographic restrictions on the sites where needle exchange programs could be operated using either local or Federal funds, while the Senate bill prohibited use of Federal funds but did not restrict local funds.

Section 811 concerns a "conscience clause" on legislation that pertains to contraceptive coverage by health insurance plans.

Section 812 requires an annual report on crime, access to substance abuse treatment, management of parolees, education, rat abatement and indicators of child well-being as proposed by the Senate.

Section 813 prohibits the use of Federal funds to legalize or reduce penalties associated with the possession, use, or distribution of any schedule I substance under the Controlled Substances Act (or any tetrahydrocannabinols derivative) as proposed by the House.

Section 814 prohibits the use of Federal funds for abortion unless certain circumstances apply.

Section 815 requires the CFO to submit a revised operating budget no later than 30 calendar days after the enactment of this Act for agencies the CFO certifies as requiring a reallocation in order to address unanticipated program needs.

Section 816 requires the CFO to submit a revised operating budget for D.C. Public Schools, no later than 30 calendar days after the enactment of this Act, that aligns schools budgets to actual enrollment.

Section 817 authorizes the transfer of local funds to capital and enterprise funds.

Section 818 specifies that references to this Act in this title or title IV, are treated as referring only to the provisions of this title and title IV.

The above provisions were included in similar form in both the House and Senate unless otherwise noted.

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### DISCLOSURE OF EARMARKS AND CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

Following is a list of congressional earmarks and congressionally directed spending items (as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, respectively) included in the conference report or the accompanying joint statement of managers, along with the name of each Senator, House Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner who submitted a request to the committee of jurisdiction for each item so identified. Neither the conference report nor the joint statement of managers contains any limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in the applicable House or Senate rules. Pursuant to clause 9(b) of rule XXI of the rules of the House of Representatives, none of the congressional earmarks listed below were committed to the conference committee on H.R.3288. However, all following items were either (1) included in the Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010 as passed by the House (H.R. 3170) or as reported in the Senate (S. 1432), or (2) in the report of the committee of either House on H.R. 3170 or S. 1432.

# FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT [Presidentially Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)		
Agency		Amount	Administration	House	Senate
NARA	FDR Presidential Library, New York	\$17,500,000	The President	Hinchey; Murphy (NY)	Gilfibrand
GSA	Calexico West Land Port of Entry, California	\$9,437,000	The President		
GSA	Columbia Plaza, District of Columbia	\$100,000,000	The President		
GSA	Denver Federal Center Remediation, Colorado	\$9,962,000	The President		
GSA	East Wing Infrastructure Systems Replacement, District of Columbia	\$84,500,000	The President		
GSA	Eisenhower Executive Office Building (Roof Replacement), District of Columbia	\$15,000,000	The President		
GSA	Madawaska Land Port of Entry, Maine	\$50,127,000	The President		
GSA	Miami FBI Field Office Consolidation, Florida	\$190,675,000	The President		
GSA _	New Executive Office Building, District of Columbia	\$30,276,000	The President		
GSA	Southeast Federal Center Remediation, District of Columbia	\$15,000,000	The President		
GSA	Tomillo-Guadalupe Land Port of Entry, Texas	\$91,565,000	The President	Reyes	Hutchison
GSA	United States Courthouse, Lancaster, Pennsylvania	\$6,500,000	The President		Specter
GSA	White Oak FDA Consolidation, Maryland	\$137,871,000	The President	Hoyer	Mikulski; Cardin; Hatch
EOP/ONDCP	National Alliance for Model State Drug Laws	\$1,250,000	The President	Rogers (KY)	
EOP/ONDCP	National Drug Court Institute	\$1,000,000	The President		

### FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT [Judicially Directed Spending Items]

Agongy	Project	Amount	Requester(s)		
Agency	Tilgott Tilgott	The Judiciary	House	Senate	
GSA	United States Courthouse, Greenbelt, Maryland	\$10,000,000	The Judiciary	Hoyer	
GSA	United States Courthouse, Mobile, Alabama	\$50,000,000	The Judiciary	Bonner	
GSA <sup>-</sup>	United States Courthouse, Salt Lake City, Utah	\$211,000,000	The Judiciary		Bennett; Hatch
GSA	United States Courthouse, San Antonio, Texas	\$4,000,000	The Judiciary	Gonzalez; Smith (TX)	Hutchison
GSA	United States Courthouse, Savannah, Georgia	\$7,900,000	The Judiciary	Barrow	Chambliss

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
			House	Senate
Treasury	Financial Education and Pre-home Ownership Counseling Demonstration Project, HI	\$3,150,000		Akaka; Inouye
SBA	Agriculture & Land-based Training Association, Salinas, CA for Farmworker to Farmer Business Incubator	\$110,000	Farr	
SBA	Agudath Israel of America, New York, NY Mentoring and training services	\$150,000	Weiner	
SBA	Alabama Small Business Institute of Commerce, Rainbow City, AL for small business training	\$100,000	Rogers (AL); Aderholt	
SBA	Alabama Technology Network, Birmingham, AL for the Alabama Center for Advanced Woodworking Technology	\$350,000	Aderholt	
SBA	Alaska Manufacturing Extension Partnership for the AMBIT Youth Entrepreneurship Curriculum, Anchorage, AK	\$200,000		Murkowski
SBA	Albuquerque Hispano Chamber of Commerce, Albuquerque, NM Dos Mundos small business assistance program	\$200,000	Heinrich	

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
	riojeu	AMOUNT	House	Senate
SBA	Alcom State University for the Systems Research Institute, MS	\$250,000		Cochran
SBA	Altoona-Blair County Development Corporation, Altoona, PA for the I-99 Entrepreneurial Institute	\$100,000	Shuster	
SBA	American Cities Foundation, Inc., Philadelphia, PA Reaching and Impacting Small Entrepreneurs (Project RISE)	\$225,000	Fattah	
SBA	Amoskeag Business Incubator, Manchester, NH	\$120,000		Shaheen
SBA	Arkansas State University, Newport, AR for Arkansas Commercial Driver Training Institute	\$200,000	Веггу	
SBA	Baltimore City Schools, Baltimore, MD Career and Technology Pathways	\$350,000	Ruppersberger; Cummings	
SBA	Barry University, Miami Shores, FL for community and economic development	\$100,000	Ros-Lehtinen; Meek (FL): Wasserman Schultz; Grayson; Hastings (FL); Diaz- Balart, Mario	Martinez: Nelson (FL)
SBA	Benedictine University, Lisle, IL for women's entrepreneurial education and workforce development	\$250,000	Biggert	
SBA	Bennett College for Women, The Center for Women's Entrepreneurship, Greensboro, NC	\$150,000	Watt	Hagan
SBA	Boise State University, Boise, ID for a research and economic development and entrepreneurial initiative	\$400,000	Simpson	Crapo; Risch
SBA	Brewer Business and Commerce Park, Brewer, ME	\$1,280,000		Collins; Snowe
SBA	Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation, Bronx, NY business training programs	\$75,000	Serrano	
SBA	Brooklyn Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Brooklyn, NY Business incubator program	\$60,000	Velazquez	
SBA	Buffalo Niagara International Trade Foundation, Buffalo, NY to support small businesses	\$250,000	Lee (NY)	Gillibrand; Schumer

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SBA	Bunker Hill Community College, Boston, MA Workforce Development Initiative for Internationally Educated Nurses	\$150,000	Capuano	
SBA	California State University, Dominguez Hills, Carson, CA for online access to business and other educational programs	\$150,000	Richardson	
SBA	Center for Economic Growth, Albany, NY Watervliet Innovation Center	\$150,000	Tonko	Gillibrand; Schumer
SBA	Cen-Tex African American Chamber of Commerce, Waco, TX Center for Business Excellence	\$200,000	Edwards (TX)	
SBA	Central Brooklyn Housing Contractor Association, Brooklyn, NY Business Incubation and Development Program	\$150,000	Clarke	
SBA	Central Connecticut State University, for a manufacturing workforce initiative and technical assistance program, New Britain, CT	\$150,000	Murphy (CT)	Dodd
SBA	Central Oregon Community College, Bend, OR for a technology education center	\$100,000	Walden	
SBA	Chamber South, South Miami, FL to encourage economic production	\$100,000	Diaz-Balart, Lincoln	
SBA	Champlain Valley Office of Economic Opportunity, Chittenden Emergency Food Shelf's Community Kitchen Expansion Project, Burlington, VT	\$125,000		Sanders
SBA	Chicanos Por La Causa, Inc., Phoenix, AZ Buckeye Small Business Incubator	\$200,000	Pastor (AZ)	
SBA	City of Alcoa, TN for the Pellissippi Research Centre on the Oak Ridge Corridor	\$750,000	Duncan	Alexander; Corker
SBA	City of Alma, GA for business and infrastructure development	\$500,000	Kingston	
SBA	City of Bardstown, KY for downtown streetscape economic development	\$100,000	Guthrie	
SBA	City of Berkeley, CA East Bay Green Jobs Project	\$250,000	Lee (CA)	
SBA	City of Buffalo, Buffalo clean energy incubator, Buffalo, NY	\$117,500		Gillibrand; Schumer
SBA	City of College Park, GA Entrepreneurial Development Center	\$150,000	Scott (GA); Lewis (GA)	Chambliss; Isakson
SBA	City of Jal, renovation of Burke Junior High School to house business ventures, Jal, NM	\$85,000		Bingaman; Udall (NM
SBA	City of Loma Linda and City of Grand Terrace, CA for an infrastructure expansion project to promote small business	\$900,000	Lewis (CA)	

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
	ngeu	Allount	House	Senate
SBA	City of Los Angeles, Port of Los Angeles Technology Advancement Program and Clean Technology Development Center, Los Angeles, CA	\$250,000	Harman	Feinstein
SBA	City of Montrose, CO Montrose Higher Education and Technology Park	\$200,000	Salazar	
SBA	City of Myrtle Beach, SC for the Myrtle Beach International Trade and Conference Center	\$100,000	Brown (SC)	Graham
SBA	City of Palmdale, CA for the South Valley WorkSource Center	\$100,000	McKeon	
SBA	City of Providence, Department of Planning and Development, Rhode Island Center for Life Sciences, research, development and commercialization, Providence, RI	\$300,000	Langevin	Reed; Whitehouse
SBA	City of Salem, downtown revitalization "toolbox" program, Salem, OR	\$200,000		Merkley; Wyden
SBA	City of San Jose, CA Silicon Valley Minority/Immigrant Business Support Initiative	\$200,000	Honda	
SBA	City of Santa Rosa, Ilfeld Warehouse business incubator, Santa Rosa, NM	\$170,000	Teague	Bingaman; Udall (NM
SBA	City of Valparaiso, IN Entech Innovation Center Tech Park	\$250,000	Visclosky	
SBA	Cleary University, Howell, MI for a multi-media center	\$100,000	Rogers (MI); Dingell	Levin; Stabenow
SBA	Clemson University, Clemson, SC for the Advanced Materials Innovation Center	\$100,000	Barrett (SC)	
SBA	College of Notre Dame of Maryland, for lab facilities, Baltimore, MD	\$100,000		Cardin
SBA	Colorado State University, Sustainable Biofuels Development Center, Ft. Collins, CO	\$250,000		Udali (CO)
SBA	Commerce Lexington, Lexington, KY Central Kentucky Small Business Assistance Initiative	\$200,000	Chandler	
SBA	Community Action Committee of the Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, PA to help small businesses identify and implement energy efficiency improvements	\$100,000	Dent	

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SBA	Community College of Philadelphia, Northeast Regional Center for small business education, growth, and training, Philadelphia, PA	\$100,000	Schwartz	Casey
SBA	Community Economic Development Fund, Small Business Institute, Meriden, CT for training and technical assistance	\$250,000	Larson (CT); DeLauro	Dodd; Lieberman
SBA	Community Links Hawaii for planning and development of Oahu Technology and Innovation Park, Oahu, HI	\$250,000		Akaka; Inouye
SBA	Community Service Society of New York, financial education project, New York, NY	\$117,500	Clarke	Gillibrand; Schumer
SBA	Consortium for Worker Education, New York, NY Financial training and guidance programs	\$150,000	Crowley	Gillibrand; Schumer
SBA	Consumer Credit Counseling Service of Delaware Valley, Philadelphia, PA Financial Counseling for Economic Security	\$35,000	Sestak	
SBA	Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement, Entrepreneurial Development and Government Procurement Center, Honolulu, HI	\$300,000		Akaka; Inouye
SBA	County of Essex, Newark, NJ Resource Center for Small Businesses	\$205,000	Rothman (NJ); Sires; Pascrell; Payne	Lautenberg; Menendez
SBA	County of Passaic, Paterson, NJ Economic Development Department	\$125,000	Pascrell	
SBA	Cuban American National Council New Jersey Regional Office, Union City, NJ Financial Education, Foreclosure Protection and Home Ownership Program	\$100,000	Sires	Lautenberg; Menendez
SBA	Cuyahoga Community College, veterans outreach and business development program, Cleveland, OH	\$200,000	Fudge, Ryan, Sutton, Kucinich	Brown; Voinovich
SBA	Dakota College at Bottineau, Entrepreneurial Center for Horticulture, Bottineau, ND	\$250,000		Conrad; Dorgan
SBA	Delaware Valley Industrial Resource Center for an emerging manufacturers initiative, Philadelphia, PA	\$175,000		Casey; Specter
SBA	Delta Foundation, Greenville, MS Mississippi Delta business growth development program	\$150,000	Thompson (MS)	
SBA	Department of Community Affairs, Division on Women, New Jersey Women's Microbusiness Credit Program, for training and mentoring activities, Trenton, NJ	\$100,000		Lautenberg; Menendez
SBA	Detroit Renaissance, Detroit, MI for Detroit Creative Corridor Center	\$200,000	Kilpatrick (MI); Conyers	Levin; Stabenow

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
- Agency	nigea	Anount	House	Senate
SBA	Downtown West Plains, Inc., West Plains, MO for the Ozarks Small Business Incubator	\$500,000	Emerson	
SBA	East Los Angeles Community Union, Los Angeles, CA TELACU Neighborhood Stabilization Corporation	\$500,000	Roybal-Allard; Baca; Waters	
SBA	Eastern Washington University for accelerating economic development in rural and underserved communities of the Inland Pacific Northwest, Spokane, WA	\$250,000		Cantwell; Murray
SBA	Economic Development Council of Tallahassee/Leon County, Inc., Tallahassee, FL Tallahassee Small Business Incubator	\$450,000	Boyd	
SBA	Economic Growth Connection of Westmoreland, Greensburg, PA Defense Procurement Assistance Program	\$125,000	Murtha	
SBA	El Pajaro Community Development Corporation, Watsonville, CA Commercial Kitchen Business Incubator	\$90,000	Farr	
SBA	Fairplex Trade and Conference Center, Los Angeles, CA for Pomona Fairplex Trade and Conference Center	\$350,000	Dreier; Napolitano	
SBA	First Community Development Corporation (FCDC), Inglewood, CA Computer Lab Resource Center	\$150,000	Waters	
SBA	Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority, Colorado Drug, Device, and Diagnostic Development Institute, Aurora, CO	\$300,000	Perimutter, Polis	Bennet
SBA	Florida Department of Citrus, Lakeland, FL abscission chemical for improved citrus harvesting	\$100,000	Putnam	
SBA	Florida Gulf Coast University, Fort Myers, FL for a small business software development program	\$261,000	Young (FL)	
SBA	Florida Institute of Technology, Florida Advanced Combustion Center, Brevard County, FL	\$200,000		Nelson (FL)
SBA	Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, FL for Activity Based Total Accountability	\$100,000	Posey	
BA	Foothill Workforce Investment Board, Pasadena, CA for Small Business Assistance Program	\$150,000	Schiff	

SBA	Fort Stockton Economic Development Corporation, Fort Stockton, TX Fort Stockton Small Business Development Program	\$100,000	Rodriguez	
SBA	Girl Scouts of the USA, New York, NY for a national program to improve financial literacy	\$305,875	Emerson; Maloney	Gillibrand
SBA	Grambling State University, Grambling, LA for the Greater North Louisiana Community Development Corporation	\$300,000	Alexander	Landrieu
SBA	Great Falls Development Authority, to support the administrative costs of the Central Montana Growth Fund, Great Falls, MT	\$137,500	Rehberg	Baucus; Tester
SBA	Greater Des Moines Partnership, Des Moines, IA for the Central Iowa Business Innovation Zone	\$185,000	Latham; Boswell	Grassley; Harkin
SBA	Greater Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, Space Alliance Technology Outreach Program (SATOP), Syracuse, NY	\$117,500		Giffibrand; Schumer
SBA	Greater Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, Syracuse, NY Clean Tech Startup Camp	\$232,500	Maffei	
SBA	Hannah Grimes Center, business incubator renovation and expansion, Keene, NH	\$130,000		Shaheen
SBA	Haymarket Center for a workforce development initiative, Chicago, IL	\$700,000		Durbin
SBA	Hispanic Business Education & Training, Inc., Oakland, CA for a Hispanic Business Education and Training Program	\$50,000	Lee (CA)	
SBA	Hispanic Chamber of Commerce of Metro Orlando, FL for Small business training, assistance and outreach	\$220,000	Grayson	
SBA	HOPE Community Development Corporation for an economic development initiative, Charleston, WV	\$137,500		Byrd
SBA	Housing Options and Geriatric Association Resources, Inc., Bronx, NY Economic and community development program for elderly persons	\$75,000	Serrano	
SBA	Hudson Valley Agribusiness Development Corporation, Hudson, NY Hudson Valley Food Processing Incubator Facility	\$350,000	Hinchey; Hall (NY)	
SBA	Hunter College, New York, NY for the Roosevelt House Institute Public Policy Institute, Financial Literacy Project	\$75,000	Maloney	
SBA	I-70 Northwest Development Corporation, St. Louis, MO North St. Louis Community Food and Health Center	\$150,000	Clay	
SBA	Idaho TechConnect Inc., Nampa, ID Proof of Concept Center	\$285,000	Simpson	Crapo; Risch

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
ngency		Anount	House	Senate
SBA	Illinois Eastern Community Colleges for the Small Business Development Center, Olney, IL	\$200,000		Durbin
SBA	Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, IL	\$600,000	Rush	Durbin
SBA	Illinois Science and Technology Coalition, Chicago, IL Illinois Nanotechnology Collaborative	\$150,000	Lipinski	
SBA	Illinois State Library to expand access to Illinois public libraries, Springfield, IL	\$300,000		Durbin
SBA	Illinois State University for the McLean County Business Incubator, Normal, IL	\$500,000		Durbin
SBA	Illinois State University, Normal, IL for an export project	\$100,000	Johnson (IL)	
SBA	Illinois Valley Community College, Oglesby, IL Technology and Workforce Development Center	\$220,000	Halvorson	
SBA	Indianhead Community Action Agency, Ladysmith, WI Solar Business Revolving Loan Fund	\$450,000	Obey	
SBA	lowa Valley Community College District, Marshalltown, IA for an education and training center	\$500,000	Latham	Harkin
SBA	Jackson State University for Economic and Community Development through Heritage Tourism, MS	\$500,000		Cochran
SBA	Kansas World Trade Center for the Wichita EcoPartnership, Wichita, KS	\$400,000		Brownback; Roberts
SBA	Kelley Road Business Park, Orono, ME	\$345,000		Collins
SBA	Laredo Community College, Laredo, TX Small Business Center	\$150,000	Cuellar	
SBA	Latin Chamber of Commerce, Hispanic Leadership Program, Las Vegas, NV	\$234,858		Reid
SBA	Lawrence CommunityWorks, Union Crossing Mill Redevelopment, Lawrence, MA	\$200,000		Kennedy; Kerry
SBA	Leavenworth Technology and Research Park, Leavenworth, KS	\$300,000		Brownback

SBA	Liberty University, VA, Lynchburg, VA Central Virginia WiMAX broadband internet service for education and economic development—Feasibility Study	\$220,000	Perriella	
SBA	Lock Haven University, Lock Haven, PA Small Business Development Center Tax Compliance Resource Program	\$50,000	Thompson (PA)	
SBA	Long Beach Community College District, Long Beach, CA for business training for Watts-Willowbrook	\$150,000	Sanchez, Linda	
SBA	Loring Commerce Centre Infrastructure Development for the Loring Development Authority, Limestone, ME	\$1,000,000		Collins; Snowe
SBA	Los Angeles City College Foundation, Los Angeles, CA East Hollywood Entrepreneurial Training and Small Business Program	\$150,000	Becerra	
SBA	Louisiana Office of Social Entrepreneurship for administrative costs of a business planning initiative, Baton Rouge, LA	\$137,500		Landrieu
SBA	Lutheran Social Service of Minnesota, Credit Counseling Capacity Building, St. Paul, MN	\$200,000		Franken; Klobuchar
SBA	Macomb County, MI for a business accelerator	\$100,000	Miller (MI); Levin	
SBA	Manhattan Chamber of Commerce, New York, NY Foundation for Small business training and assistance related to international opportunities	\$75,000	Maloney	
SBA	Maryland Technology Development Corporation (TEDCO), Columbia, MD Rural Business Innovation Initiative— Eastern Shore	\$220,000	Kratovil	Cardin
SBA	Maverick County Development Corporation, Eagle Pass, TX Maverick County Small Business Development Program	\$100,000	Rodriguez	
SBA	McNeese State University, Southwest Louisiana Entrepreneurial and Economic Development Center (SEED), Lake Charles, LA	\$137,500		Landrieu
SBA	MDC Inc., Chapel Hill, NC for services related to small business entrepreneurship	\$225,000	Fattah	·
SBA	Metropolitan Council on Jewish Poverty, New York, NY Employment and training programs	\$150,000	Nadler	

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Aconey	Project	Amount	Requester(s)		
Agency		Amount	House	Senate	
ВА	Miami Dade College Institute, Miami, FL for Intermodal Transportation	\$300,000	Diaz-Balart, Mario; Wasserman Schultz; Meek (FL); Ros- Lehtinen; Diaz- Balart, Lincoln		
ВА	Miami-Dade Chamber of Commerce, Miami, FL Technical Assistance and Economic Development Center	\$150,000	Meek (FL)		
ВА	Mississippi Biotechnology Association for Capacity Building for the Mississippi Biotechnology Industry, Ridgeland, MS	\$250,000		Cochran	
BA .	Mississippi State University for the Entrepreneurship Center to Develop New Entity Creation (ECDEC), MS	\$500,000	Childers	Cochran; Wicker	
ВА	Mississippi Technology Alliance for the Center for Innovation and Entrepreneurship, MS	\$850,000		Cochran; Wicker	
BA	Missouri Chamber Education Foundation to develop a small business technology, training and outreach center, Jefferson City, MO	\$1,000,000		Bond	
BA	Montana State University, Bozeman, MT HTAP: High-Technology Assistance Program	\$133,000	Rehberg	Baucus; Tester	
BA	Montana Technology Venture Center, Bozeman, MT for expansion and operations of the TechRanch next step program	\$137,500	Rehberg	Baucus; Tester	
BA	Montana World Trade Center, Missoula, MT for Montana Growth Through Trade	\$134,000	Rehberg		
SBA	Montgomery County, Rockville, MD Green Business Incubator	\$150,000	Van Hollen; Edwards (MD)	Cardin	
BA	Mount Hope Housing Company, Inc., Bronx, NY training program	\$75,000	Serrano		
SBA .	Mount Vernon Chamber of Commerce, Mount Vernon, NY Mount Vernon Small Business Incubator	\$150,000	Engel		

SBA	National Association of Development Organizations, Washington, DC for Small Business Development and Entre- preneurial Enhancement Initiative	\$232,500	Arcuri; McIntyre	
SBA	National Latino Education Institute, Chicago, IL Vocational Training Initiative	\$150,000	Gutierrez	
SBA	National Urban League, New York, NY Restore Our Homes-Homeownership Center in Chicago	\$100,000	Jackson (IL)	
SBA	Nebraska Community Foundation, HomeTown Competitiveness, Lincoln, NE	\$275,000		Nelson (NE)
SBA	Neighborhood Development Center, Midtown Global Market business technical assistance, St. Paul, MN	\$200,000	Ellison	Franken; Klobuchar
SBA	Neighborhood Development Center, St. Paul, MN University Avenue Business Preparation Collaborative	\$200,000	McCollum	
SBA	Nevada Center for Entrepreneurship and Technology (NCET), small business and entrepreneurship development, NV	\$234,858		Reid
SBA	Nevada Small Business Development Center, for Imagine 2012, a Hispanic business development initiative, Reno, NV	\$234,859		Reid
SBA	New Agrarian Center, Oberlin, OH Urban Agriculture Business Development	\$125,000	Kaptur	
SBA	New Orleans Redevelopment Authority, New Orleans, LA to encourage commercial investments	\$250,000	Cao	Landrieu
SBA	New York City College of Technology, Brooklyn, NY Brooklyn Small Business Development Center	\$115,000	Towns	
SBA	New York College of Environmental Science & Forestry, Syracuse, NY for the New York Forest Community Economic Assistance Program	\$100,000	McHugh	
SBA	New York Industrial Retention Network, New York, NY Technical assistance and financing for manufacturers for energy conservation projects	\$60,000	Velazquez	
SBA	Newport Chamber of Commerce, Middletown, RI Industrial Park of Tiverton	\$80,000	Kennedy	
SBA	North Carolina Biotechnology Center, Research Triangle Park, NC Entrepreneurship and Research and Development Training Initiative	\$130,000	Price (NC)	_
SBA	North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center, Raleigh, NC for a Rural Business Finance Program	\$250,000	Price (NC); Miller (NC); McIntyre; Shuler; Butterfield; Etheridge	Burr; Hagan

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Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
Agency		Amount	House	Senate
BA	North Carolina School of the Arts/Winston-Salem State University, The Center for Design Innovation, Winston-Salem, NC	\$100,000	Watt	Hagan
ВА	Northeast Alabama Community College, Rainsville, AL for industrial systems technology and machining training	\$335,000	Aderholt	
BA	Northeast Entrepreneur Fund, Virginia, MN Greenstone Group	\$200,000	Oberstar	
BA	Northeast Ohio Technology Coalition, Cleveland, OH for Tech Leaders II: Job Creation through Industry Cluster Development	\$250,000	LaTourette; Sutton; Ryan (OH)	Brown; Voinovich
BA	Northern Arizona Center, Flagstaff, AZ for Emerging Technologies for the Arizona Clean Energy Accelerator	\$220,000	Kirkpatrick (AZ)	
BA	Northern Dauphin Revitalization Project, Inc., Elizabethville, PA job creation initiative	\$150,000	Holden	
BA	Northern Virginia Community College for retraining displaced workers in Geographic Information Systems, Richmond, VA	\$200,000		Warner; Webb
BA	Northside Economic Opportunity Network (NEON), Minneapolis, MN North Minneapolis Small Business Capacity Building Program	\$150,000	Ellison	
BA	Northwest Pennsylvania Incubator Association for an incubator project, Erie County, PA	\$100,000		Casey
BA	NYS Small Business Development Center at Rockland County Community College, Suffern, NY for training for displaced workers to start or expand small business	\$125,000	Lowey	
ВА	Oakland African American Chamber of Commerce Foundation, Oakland, CA for Economic Vitality of Minority Businesses in Oakland	\$50,000	Lee (CA)	
BA	Oakland Chinatown Chamber of Commerce, Oakland, CA for Economic Vitality of Asian Minority Business Program	\$50,000	Lee (CA)	
BA	Operation Get Ahead, Hempstead, NY for job readiness and employment programs	\$150,000	McCarthy (NY)	

SBA	Operation New Hope, Inc., Jacksonville, FL for a prisoner re-entry job training program that works with small business owners	\$790,000	Crenshaw	
SBA	Our Lady of the Lake University, San Antonio, TX Hispanic Leadership and Entrepreneurship Training Institute	\$100,000	Gonzalez	
SBA	Pace University Lienhard School of Nursing, White Plains, NY nursing workforce education and training initiative	\$125,000	Lowey	
SBA	Pasadena City College, Pasadena, CA Small Business and Entrepreneur Assistance Program	\$150,000	Schiff	
SBA	Philadelphia Development Partnership, Philadelphia, PA Southeastern Pennsylvania Micro Business Center	\$65,000	Sestak	
SBA	Phillips County Economic Development for a Entrepreneur Business Enhancement Program (EBEP), Phillips County, KS	\$300,000		Brownback
SBA	Pinellas County Board of County Commissioners, Clearwater, FL for the Business Assistance Partnership Network	\$262,000	Young (FL); Castor	Martinez; Nelson (FL)
SBA	Port of Bremerton, Port Orchard, WA for services to sustainable energy and other "green" small businesses	\$250,000	Dicks	
SBA	Port of Clarkston, Asotin County Industrial Park infrastructure completion, Asotin County, WA	\$350,000		Murray
SBA	Portland Community College, sustainable careers for a green economic recovery, Portland, OR	\$200,000		Merkley; Wyden
SBA	Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, NY Green Community Career & Business Training Center	\$85,000	Towns	_
SBA	Prince George's County, Upper Marlboro, MD Small Business Initiative	\$150,000	Hoyer; Van Hollen; Ed- wards (MD)	Cardin
SBA	Progreso Latino, Central Falls, RI Small business capacity building assistance	\$120,000	Kennedy	
SBA	Project Ezrah Needs, Inc., Englewood, NJ Employment and financial counseling and assistance	\$100,000	Rothman (NJ)	
SBA	Prospera (Gallatin Valley Development Corporation), Accelerated Entrepreneur Program, Bozeman, MT	\$200,000		Baucus
SBA	Rhode Island School of Design and Brown University, Partnership for Sustainable Development/Rhode Island Center for Innovation and Entrepreneurship (RI-CIE), for technical assistance to small businesses on green product design and marketing and on developing and commercializing innovative products and services, Providence, RI	\$150,000	Kennedy, Langevin	Reed; Whitehouse
SBA	River District Association, Rockford, IL to develop and recruit small businesses	\$100,000	Manzullo	

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## FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Acceptu	Denicos	. Amount	Requester(s)	
Agency	Project	ATTOUR	House	Senate
SBA	Rural Business Energizer Program, Milbridge, ME	\$250,000		Collins; Snowe
SBA	Rural Enterprises of Oklahoma, Inc, for a Women and Veteran's Business Resource Center at Seminole State College, Durant, OK	\$200,000		Inhofe
SBA	Rutgers. The State University of New Jersey, New Jersey urban entrepreneurship development initiative, New Brunswick, NJ	\$271,050	Payne	Lautenberg: Menendez
SBA	SEKTDA, Somerset, KY for economic and small business development in Southern and Eastern Kentucky	\$685,000	Rogers (KY)	
SBA	Shawnee Community College for the Small Business Development Center, Ullin, IL	\$200,000		Durbin
SBA	Souris Basin Regional Planning Council, North Dakota REAP Zones, ND	\$300,000	Pomeroy	Conrad; Dorgan
SBA	South Dakota Rural Enterprise, Dakota Rising for an entrepreneur development system, SD	\$250,000		Johnson
SBA	Southwest Brooklyn Industrial Development Corporation, Brooklyn, NY Plan Ahead Brooklyn	\$80,000	Velazquez	
SBA	Southwest Georgia United Empowerment Zone, Inc. for Capitalization and overhead of Community Development Financial Institution, Vienna, GA	\$100,000	Bishop (GA)	
SBA	Southwestern Adventist University, Keene, TX Entrepreneurship Resources Center	\$200,000	Edwards (TX)	
SBA	Suffolk County Community College, Brentwood, NY Green Technology Workforce Initiative	\$200,000	Israel	
SBA	SUNY Fredonia, Fredonia, NY small business incubator	\$150,000	Higgins	
SBA	Texas State University System, San Marcos, TX Center for Entrepreneurial Action	\$150,000	Doggett	
SBA	The Bi-National Sustainability Laboratory (BNSL), El Paso, TX Partnership for Innovation and Security	\$150,000	Reyes	

SBA	The Bodega Association of the United States, Inc., New York, NY for education, training and other small business assistance	\$200,000	Rangel	
SBA	The Citizens Advice Bureau, Bronx, NY for economic and community development programs for homeless adults	\$150,000	Serrano	
SBA	The Export Consortium, Columbia, SC The I-95 Corridor Project	\$150,000	Clyburn	
SBA	The Pittsburgh Life Sciences Greenhouse, Pittsburgh, PA for the Tech Belt Biosciences Initiative	\$100,000	Doyle, Altrnire, Murtha	Casey; Specter
SBA	The Progress Fund, Greensburg, PA Technical Assistance for Small Businesses	\$125,000	Murtha	
SBA	The University of Mississippi for the Technology Commercialization Initiative, Oxford, MS	\$250,000		Cochran
SBA	The University of Southern Mississippi for the Early Stage Entrepreneur and Commercialization Development, Hattiesburg, MS	\$500,000		Cochran
SBA	Thomas More College, Crestview Hills, KY for training programs in health care management	\$100,000	Davis (KY)	
SBA	Thorpe Family Residence, Inc. (TFR), Bronx, NY for economic and community development, residential services programs and capital costs	\$75,000	Serrano	
SBA	Township of Woodbridge, NJ for the Pennval Road Green Technology Incubator	\$250,000	Lance	
SBA	Uhlich Children's Advantage Network for job training, placement and retention services, Chicago, IL	\$400,000		Durbin
SBA	UMASS Dartmouth, Fall River, MA Advanced Technical & Manufacturing Center	\$325,000	Frank (MA); McGovern	
SBA	United Way for Southeastern Michigan, Detroit, MI Ex-Offender Entrepreneurship Program	\$250,000	Conyers; Dingell	Levin; Stabenow
SBA	University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL for the Preparing the Workforce of the Future project	\$1,000,000	Bachus	Sessions; Shelby
SBA	University of Alaska, Small Business Development Center, Ketchikan, AK	\$350,000		Begich; Murkowski
SBA	University of Arkansas at Little Rock, Small Business Innovation Center, Little Rock, AR	\$275,000	Snyder	Lincoln; Pryor
SBA	University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, AR for the Arkansas Research and Technology Park	\$225,000	Воохтап	Lincoln; Pryor
SBA	University of Connecticut for the Avery Point Technology Center, Graton, CT	\$200,000	Courtney	Dodd; Lieberman
SBA	University of Connecticut, Storrs, CT Farmington Technology Incubation Center	\$150,000	DeLauro; Murphy (CT)	Dodd; Lieberman

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## FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Project	Amount	Neque	ster(s)
	nojed	Amount	House	Senate
BA	University of Delaware, Newark, DE for the Delaware Small Business and Technology Development Center	\$350,000	Castle	Carper; Kaufman
BA	University of Georgia, Public Service and Outreach, Athens, GA for an applied research demonstration project to bolster workforce development	\$100,000	Bishop (GA)	
SBA	University of Guam, Mangilao, GU Center for Regional Economic Development	\$150,000	Bordallo	
SBA	University of Maryland-Baltimore BioPark, Baltimore, MD	\$100,000	Sarbanes, Cummings, Ruppersberger	Cardin
SBA	University of Memphis, TN for an entrepreneurial training program	\$685,000	Wamp; Cohen	
SBA	University of Missouri System, Columbia, MO for the Extension Community Economic and Entrepreneurial program	\$299,000	Emerson	
SBA .	University of Nebraska at Omaha, NE Micro-Enterprise Center for Information Technology Development	\$250,000	Terry	Nelson (NE)
SBA	University of Northern lowa for MyEntreNet, a national rural entrepreneurship development system, IA	\$250,000	Braley	Grassley; Harkin
SBA	University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC Innovista Center for Entrepreneurial Development	\$100,000	Clyburn	
SBA	University of Southern Maine for the Science Technology Research Center, Portland, ME	\$850,000		Collins
SBA	University of Texas at Brownsville, TX Global Marketing and Logistics Certification Program	\$150,000	Ortiz	
SBA	University of Toledo, Toledo, OH Renewable Energy Business Incubator communication infrastructure	\$75,000	Kaptur	Brown
SBA	University of West Florida, Pensacola, FL for the Turnaround Business Assistance Program	\$262,000	Young (FL); Miller (FL)	Martinez; Nelson (FL)
SBA	University of West Georgia, Carrollton, GA for a small business incubator	\$100,000	Gingrey (GA)	Chambliss; Isakson
SBA	University of Wisconsin, Whitewater, WI Small Business Development Center	\$150,000	Baldwin	

SBA	University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee for business development related to clean water technologies, Milwaukee, WI	\$250,000	Moore	Kohl
SBA	Urban League of Eastern Massachusetts, economic development center expansion, Boston, MA	\$200,000		Kennedy; Kerry
SBA	Urban League of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA for the Urban League Entrepreneurship Center	\$150,000	Brady (PA)	Casey; Specter
SBA	Valencia County IT program, upgrade and training, Valencia County, NM	\$145,000		Bingaman; Udall (NM)
SBA	Vermont Businesses for Social Responsibility, the 50 for 25 Demonstration Project, Burlington, VT	\$50,000		Sanders
SBA	Vermont Community Colleges, Waterbury, VT Career Readiness and Supervision Certification	\$150,000	Welch	
SBA	Vermont Farms Association for an agritourism best practices and standards project, Rochester, VT	\$75,000		Sanders
SBA	Vermont Small Business Development Center, technical assistance to high-tech small businesses and emerging businesses, Randolph, VT	\$250,000		Leahy
SBA	Village of Olympia Fields, Olympia Fields, IL South Suburban Coalition Economic Development Demonstration Project	\$100,000	Jackson (IL)	Burris .
SBA	Virginia's Center for Innovative Technology, Mine safety technology and communication improvements, Herndon, VA	\$200,000		Warner; Webb
SBA	Wayne State University, Detroit, MI Law School Small Business Clinic	\$200,000	Kilpatrick (MI);	Levin; Stabenow
SBA	West Chester University of Pennsylvania, West Chester, PA Entrepreneurial Leadership Center	\$150,000	Gerlach; Sestak	
SBA	West Jefferson Medical Center, Marrero, LA Workforce Training and Development Initiative	\$100,000	Scalise	
SBA	West Virginia Northern Community College, Center for Economic and Workforce Advancement, Weirton, WV	\$137,500		Byrd
SBA	Western Illinois University for the Small Business Development Center, Macomb, IL	\$400,000		Durbin
SBA	Western Kentucky University Bowling Green Data Center, Bowling Green, KY	\$1,100,000		McConnell
SBA	Western Massachusetts Enterprise Fund, Holyoke, MA Financial and Technical Assistance for Development Enter- prises	\$250,000	Olver	
SBA	Western Nevada Development District, Carson City, NV to promote small business development efforts	\$250,000	Heller	

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# FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT—Continued [Congressionally Directed Spending Items]

Agency	Project	Amount	Requester(s)	
Agaicy	rigex	AIROUIL	House	Senate
SBA	Western Reserve Port Authority, Vienna, OH Western Reserve Economic Development Initiative	\$200,000	Ryan (OH)	
SBA	Western Reserve Resource Conservation and Development Council, Painesville, OH for a green job and water- shed management training program	\$150,000	LaTourette	
SBA	Women At Work, Pasadena, CA Career Technology Training for Low-Income Women	\$150,000	Schiff	
SBA .	Women's Business Development Center, Stamford, CT for entrepreneurial small business training and assistance	\$200,000	DeLauro; Murphy (CT); Himes	Dodd; Lieberman
SBA	World Trade Center Institute Delaware, for the export assistance webinar series for business education, Wil- mington, DE	\$50,000		Carper; Kaufman
SBA	YMCA of Long Island, Inc., Holtsville, NY Diversity Training Program at the Brookhaven-Roe YMCA	\$100,000	Bishop (NY)	
GSA	Oklahoma City National Memorial Foundation for Oklahoma City Memorial	\$1,000,000	Cole; Fallin	
ос	Children's National Medical Center	\$1,000,000	Moran (VA)	Cochran; Durbin
OC .	Living Classrooms of the National Capital Region, Washington, DC for education and job skills training for dis- advantaged young adults	\$100,000	Moran (VA)	
DC	National Building Museum, Washington, DC for education programs and exhibitions	\$150,000	Moran (VA); Norton	
DC	Safe Kids USA, Washington, DC for safety services for families in need	\$125,000	Wasserman Schultz	
DC ·	Samaritan Ministry of Greater Washington, Washington, DC for Next Step Program	\$100,000	Norton; Moran (VA)	
DC	The Washington Center, Washington, DC for construction and build out of academic space	\$125,000	Wasserman Schultz	
DC	Washington Hospital Center, Washington, DC for trauma center and other critical hospital upgrades	\$50,000	Norton	

DC	Whitman-Walker Clinic, Washington, DC for health care services	\$200,000	Wasserman Schultz; Norton	
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The following item represents a technical correction to an earmark enacted in a previous appropriations Act (Public Law 111–8).

No additional funds are provided for this earmark.

## FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT [Technical Correction]

Agency	Project	Amount		ster(s)
	rigida.		House	Senate
SBA	Illinois Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities	N/A		Durbin

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
Departmental Offices				
Saleries and expenses	278.870	302,388	304.888	+26,018
Executive direction	(21,619)	(22.383)	(21,983)	(+364)
Economic policies and programs	(45,910)	(44,749)	(47,249)	(+1.339)
Financial policies and programs	(36,039)	(47,580)	(48,580)	(+12,541)
Terrorism and finencial intelligence	(62,098)	(64,611)	(64,611)	(+2,513)
Treasury-wide management	(21,600)	(22,779)	(22.679)	(+1,079)
Administration	(91,604)	(100,286)	(99,786)	(+8,182)
Depertment-wide systems and capital investments				
Drograms	26.975	9.544	9.544	-17.431
Office of Inspector General	26,125	26,700	29,700	+3,575
Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration	146.083	149.000	152.000	+5.917
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	7,000			-7,000
Subtotal	153,083	149,000	152,000	-1,083
Special Inspector Gameral for TARP		•••	23.300	+23.300
Financial Crimes Enforcement Network	91.465	102,760	111.010	+19.545
Treasury forfeiture fund (rescission)	-30,000	-50,000	-90,000	-60,000
Total, Departmental Offices	546.518	540.392	540.442	-6.076
Appropriations	(569,516)	(590,392)	(630,442)	(+60.924)
Rescissions	(-30,000)	(-50,000)	(-90,000)	(-60,000)
Emergency appropriations	(7,000)	(-50,000)	(-80,000)	(-7,000)



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Financial Management Service	239,785	244, 132	244,132	+4,347
Salaries and expansas	99.065	105,000 -75,000	103,000	+3,935
Direct appropriation	99,065	30,000	103,000	+3,935
Bureau of the Public Debt	177,352	182,244	182,244	+4,892
program eccount	107.000	243,600 (80,000)	246,750 (80,000)	+139,750 (+80,000)
Emergency eppropriations (P.L. 111-5)	100,000			-100,000
Subtotal	207,000	243,600	246,750	+39,750
Payment of government losses in shipmant	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Totel, Department of the Treasury, non-IRS	1,271,720	1,242,368	1,318,568	+46,848
Approprietions	(1,194,720) (-30,000)	(1,292,366) (-50,000)	(1,408,568) (-90,000)	(+213,848) (-60,000)
Emergency appropriations	(107,000)	(-30,000)	(-50,000)	(-107,000)
(Total discretionary, excluding emergencies)	(1,162,720)	(1,240,368)	(1,316,568)	(+153,848)
Internal Revenue Service				
Taxpayer services	2,293,000	2,269,830	2,278,830	-14,170
Enforcement	5,117,267	4,904,000	4,904,000	-213,267
Enhanced tax enforcement activities	2 567 044	600,000	600,000	+600,000
Operations support	3,867,011	4,082,984	4,083,884	+216,873



	FY 2009 Enected	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Business systems modernization	15,406	253,674 15,512	263,897 15,512	+33,983 +106
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	60,000			-80,000
Subtote1	95,406	15,512	15,512	-79,894
Total, Internal Revenue Service		12,128,000	12,148,123	+543,525
Totel, title I, Department of the Treasury Appropriations	(12,717,318) (-30,000)	13,368,368 (13,418,368) (-50,000)	13,464,691 (13,554,691) (-90,000)	+590,373 (+837,373) (-60,000) (-167,000)
(Total discretionary, excluding emergencies)			(13,482,891)	(+777,373)
TITLE II - EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT				
The White House				
Salaries and expenses (including Dffice of Policy Development)		59,319 450	59,143 450	+1,694
Total, Salaries and expenses	57,899	59,789	59,593	+1,694



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enected
Executive Residence at the White House:				
	13.363	13.838	13.638	+475
Operating expenses				+900
White House repair and restoration	1,600	2,500	2,500	4800
Council of Economic Advisers	4,118	4.200	4,200	+82
National Security Council	9,029	12.231	12.231	+3,202
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-32)	2,936	•••		-2,936
Subtotal	11,965	12,231	12,231	+266
Office of Administration	101,333	115,280	115,280	+13,947
Total, The White House	190,278	207,818	207,642	+17,364
Office of Management and Budget	87,972	92,687	92,863	+4,891
Office of National Drug Control Policy				
Salaries and expanses	27,200	27.575	29.575	+2.375
Counterdrug Technology Assessment Center	3,000	1.000	5.000	+2.000
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	234,000	220.000	239.000	+5,000
Other Federel drug control programs	174,700	174,000	154,400	-20,300
Total, Office of National Drug Control Policy	438,900	422,575	427,975	-10,925
Unanticipated naeds	1.000	1.000	1,000	•••
Partnership fund for program integrity innovetion		175.000	37.500	+37,500



	FY 2009 Enacted			Conference vs. Enacted
Presidential transition administrative support	8.000			-6,000
Special Assistance to the President and Official Residence of the Vice President:				
Salaries end expenses	4,496	4,604	4,604	+108
Operating expenses	323	330	330	+7
	752200255255	**********	**********	***********
Total, title II, Executive Office of the President and Funds Appropriated to the President	730,969	904,014	771,914	+40,945
(Total discretionary, excluding emergencies)	(727,583)	(903,564)	(771,464)	(+43,881)
TITLE III - THE JUDICIARY				
Supreme Court of the United States				
Salaries end expenses:				
Seleries of justices	2,119	2,166	2,166	+47
Other selectes end expenses	67,658	72,574	71,868	+4,210
Subtote1	69,777	74,740	74,034	+4,257
Care of the building end grounds	18,447	14,568	14,525	-3,922
Total, Supreme Court of the United States	88,224	89,308	88,559	+335



	FY 2009 Enected	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enected
United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit				
Salaries and expenses:				
Salaries of judges Other saleries and expanses	2,356 28,028	2,491 34,490	2,491 30,069	+135 +2,041
Total, US Court of Appeals for the Fed Circuit	30,384	38,981	32,560	+2,176
United States Court of Internetional Trede				
Salaries and expenses:				
Salaries of judges	1.696	1,715	1,715	+19
Other salaries and expenses	17,909	19,802	19,635	+1,726
Total, US Court of International Trade	19,605	21,517	21,350	+1,745
Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services				
Salaries and expenses:				
Salaries of judges and benkruptcy judges	323,911	340,000	340,000	+16,069
Judges COLA	6,000	7,000		-6,000
Other salaries and expenses	4,471,458	4,815,252	4,671,018	+199,560
Emargency appropriations (P.L. 111-32)	10,000			-10,000
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	4,811,369	5,162,252	5,011,016	+199,649
Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund	4,253	5,426	5,428	+1,175



	FY 2009 Enected		Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Defender services	62,206	982,646 63,401 463,642	977,748 61,861 452,607	+128,348 -345 +23,749
Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Sarvices	6,156,066	.6,677,369	6,508,662	+352,576
Administrative Office of the United States Courts Seleries and expenses	79,049	83,963	83,075	+4,026
Federal Judicial Center Seleries end expenses	25,725	27,486	27,328	+1,603
Judicial Ratirement Funds  Payment to judiciary trust funds	76,140	82,374	82,374	+6,234
United States Sentencing Commission Smlaries and expenses	•	17,056	18,837	+612
Total, title III, the Judiciary	6,491,438	<b>,</b> ,		+389,307
(Total discretionary, excluding emergencies)		( . , , ,	(6,431,999)	(+356,783)

	FY 2009 Enected	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE IV - DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				
FEDERAL FUNDS				
Federal payment for Resident Tuition Support Federal payment for Emergency Planning and Security	35,100	35,100	35,100	
Costs in the District of Columbia	39,177	15,000	15,000	-24,177
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Courts Federal payment for defander services in the	248,409	248,952	261,160	+12,771
in District of Columbia Courts	52,475	52,475	55,000	+2,525
Federal payment to the Court Services and Offender				
Supervision Agency for the District of Columbie	203,490	212,408	212,40B	+8,918
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Public	•			
Defender Service	35,659	37,316	37,316	+1,657
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Water				
end Sewer Authority	16,000	20,000	20,000	+4,000
Federal payment to the Criminal Justica				
Coordinating Council	1,774	1,774	2,000	+228
Federal payment for judicial commissions		500	500	+500
Federal payment to the Office of the Chief Financial				
Officer of the District of Columbia	4,888		1,850	-3,038
Federal payment for school improvement	54,000	74,400	75,400	+21,400
Federal payment to jump start public school reform	20,000	•••	•••	-20,000
Federal payment for consolidated laboratory facility	21,000	15,000	15,000	-6,000
Federal payment for the D.C. National Guard		2,000	375	+375
Federal payment for housing for the homeless		19,200	17,000	+17,000
Federal payment for youth services		5,000	4,000	+4,000



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request		Conference vs. Enacted
Federal payment for Central Library/branch locations Federal payment to the Executive Office of the Mayor				-7,000 -3,388
rederal payment to the tracetive office of the hayor			******	-0,000
Total, Title IV. District of Columbia		739,125	752,129	+9,789
TITLE V - OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES		,		•
Administrative Conference of the United States	1,500	2,625	1,500	•••
Consumer Product Safety Commission		107,000	750 118,200	-250 +12,796
Election Assistance Commission				
Salaries and expenses		16,530 52,000	17,959 75,000	-31,000
Total, Election Assistance Commission	123,959	88,530	92,959	-31,000
Federal Communications Commission				
Salaries and expenses		335,794	335,794	-6,081
Transfer from USF for DIG audits		-334,794	-335,794	(-25,480) +6,081
Direct appropriation	***	1,000		••••
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation: Office of				
Inspector General (by transfer)	(27,495)	(37,942)	(37,942)	(+10,447)



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Réquest	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Faderal Elaction CommissionFaderal Labor Relations Authority	63,818 22,674	84,000 24,773	68,500 24,773	+2,882 +2,099
Federel Trade Commission				
Salaries and expenses	259,200 -168,000 -21,000	287,200 -102,000 -19,000	291,700 -102,000 -21,000	+32,500 +86,000
Direct appropriation	70,200	168,200	168,700	+98,500
General Services Administration			,	
Federal Buildings Fund				
Appropriations	(651,198)	(525,000)	(537,900)	(-113,298)
Limitations on availability of revenue:	,			
Construction and acquisition of facilities	746,317	657,637	894,037	+147,720
Repairs and alterations	692,374	496,276	413,776	-278,598
Installment acquisition payments	149,570	140,525	140,525	-9,045
Rental of space	4,642,156	4,879,871	4,804,871	+162,715
Building operations	2,197,354	2,356,378	2,290,376	+93,022
Subtotal, Limitations on availability of				
revenue	8,427,771	8,530,665	8,543,585	+115,614
Repayment of debt	56,865	66,360	68,360	+9,495
Rental income to fund	-8,134,239	-8,223,000	-8,223,000	-88,761



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Emergency approprietions (P.L. 111-5)	5.550.000			-5.550.000
cast dailed abbiobilistions (F.C. 111-0)				-5,550,000
Total, Federal Buildings Fund	5.900.397	374,045	386.945	-5.513.452
Appropriations	(350, 397)	(374,045)	(386,945)	(+36,548)
Emergency appropriations	(5,550,000)			(-5,550,000)
Energy-efficient federal motor vehicle fleat	•			
procurement (emergency) (P.L. 111-5)	300,000			-300,000
Government-wide policy	54.578	65.165	59,665	+5,087
Operating expenses	70.645	71.861	72,881	+2.236
Office of Inspector General	54,000	60.060	59.000	+5.000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	7,000			-7,000
Subtotal	61,000	60,080	59,000	-2,000
Electronic Government Fund		33.000	34.000	+34,000
Allowences and Office Staff for Former Presidents	2.934	3.756	3.756	+822
Expenses, Presidential transition	8.520	·		-8.520
Federal Citizen Information Canter Fund	36,096	36,515	36,515	+419
Total, General Services Administration	6.434.170	644,442	652.762	-5.781.408
Appropriations	(577,170)	(644,442)	(652,762)	(+75.592)
Emergency appropriations	(5,857,000)			(-5,657,000)
Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation	500		660	+160

(h21)

	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Confarence	Conference vs. Enected
Merit Systems Protection Board				
Salaries and expansesLimitation on administrative expanses	38,811 2,579	40,339 2,579	40,339 2,579	+1,528
Total, Merit Systems Protection Board	41,390	42,918	42,918	+1,528
Morria K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation		•		
Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Trust Fund Environmental Diaputa Resolution Fund	3,750 2,100	2,200 3,600	2,500 3,800	-1,250 +1,700
Total, Horris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation	5,850	6,000	6,300	+450
National Archives and Records Administration				
Operating expenses	330,308 -11,842	339,770 -13,000	339,770 -13,000	+9,482 -1,158
Office of the Inspector General Electronic records archive	87,008 50,711	4,100 85,500 27,500	4,100 85,500 27,500	+4,100 +18,492 -23,211
National Historical Publications and Records Commission: Grants program	11,250	10,000	13,000	+1,750
Total, National Archives and Records Admin	447,435	453,870	458,870	+9,435



	FY 2009 Enected	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enected
Netional Cradit Union Administration	•			
Central liquidity fecility:				
(Limitation on admin expenses, corporate funds)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	
Community development credit union revolving losn fund	1,000	1,000	1,250	+250
Office of Government Ethics	13,000	13,665	14,000	+1,000
Office of Personnel Management	÷			
Salarias and expenses	92,829	94,970	102.970	+10.141
Limitation on administrative expenses	118,082	113,238	112,738	-5,344
Office of Inspector General	1.828	2,136	3.148	+1.320
Limitation on administrative expenses	16,755	20,428	21,215	+2,460
Govt Payment for Annuitants, Employees Health Senefits	9,533,000	9.814.000	9.814.000	+281.000
Govt Payment for Annuitants, Employee Life Insurance	46,000	48,000	48.000	+2.000
Payment to Civil Svc Ratirement and Disability Fund	10.550.000	10.276.000	10.276.000	-274.000
Taymont to bittle out the transmit and bridge tray to be a second				
Total, Office of Personnel Hanagement	20,360,494	20.368.772	20.378.071	+17.577
Mandatory	(20,129,000)	(20,138,000)	(20,138,000)	(+9,000)
Discretionary	(231,494)	(230,772)	(240,071)	(+8,577)
Office of Special Counsel	17,468	18,495	18.495	+1.027
Postal Regulatory Commission	14.043	14,333	14.333	+290
Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board	1,500	2,000	1,500	



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Securities and Exchange Commission			•	
Salaries end expensesPrior year unobligated balences	960,000 -65,644	1,026,000 -10,220	1,111,000 -16,064	+151,000 +49,560
Direct appropriation	894,356	1,015,760	1,094,916	+200,560
Emergency approprietions (P.L. 111-32)	10,000			-10,000
Total, Securities end Exchange Commission	904,356	1,015,780	1,094,916	+190,560
Selective Service System	22,000	24,400	24,275	+2,275
Small Business Administration				
Salaries and expenses Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	386,698 69,000	422,000	433,438	+46,542 -69,000
Subtotel	455,898	422,000	433,438	-22,456
Office of Inspector General	16,750 10,000	16,300	16,300	-450 -10,000
Subtotal	26,750	16,300	16,300	-10,450
Surety bond guarantees revolving fund Emergency appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	2,000 15,000	1,000	1,000	-1,000 -15,000
Subtotel	17,000	1,000	1,000	-16,000



	FY 2009 Enected	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enected
Business Loans Program Account:				
Direct loans subsidy Emergancy appropriations (P.L. 111-5)	2,500 6,000	3,000	3,000	+500 -6,000
Subtotel	8,500	3,000	3,000	-5,500
Gueranteed loans subsidy	630,000	80,000	80,000	+80,000 -630,000
Subtotel	630,000	80,000	80,000	-550,000
Administrativa expenses	138,480	153,000	153,000	+14,520
Total, Business loans program account  Appropriations  Emergancy appropriations	776,980 (140,980) (636,000)	236,000 (236,000)	236,000 (236,000)	-540,980 (+95,020) (-636,000)
Disester Loans Program Account:				
Guerantead loans subsidy	•••	1,690 102,310	1,690 76,588	+1,690 +78,586
Total, Disaster loans program account	••••	104,000	78,278	+78,278
Seleries and expenses (Sec. 523)	65,654	•••	59,000	-6,854
Total, Small Business Administration  Appropriations  Emergancy appropriations	1,342,280 (612,280) (730,000)	779,300 (779,300)	824,016 (824,016)	-518,264 (+211,736) (-730,000)



· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FY 2009 Enacted		Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
United States Postal Service				
Payment to the Postel Service Fund	29,000 82,831	29,000 89,328	29,000 89,328	+6,497
Total, Payment to the Postal Service Fund	111,831	118,328	118,328	+6,497
Office of Inspector General	239,356	244,397	244,397	+5,041
Total, United States Postal Service	351,187	362,725	362,725	+11,538
Recovery Act Accountability and Transparency Board (emergency) (P.L. 111-5)	84,000 48,463	49,242	49,241	-84,000 +778
(P.L. 111-32)	8,000	**********		-8,000
Total, title V. Independent Agencies	30,485,491 (23,713,660) (6,689,000) (82,831) (52,975)		24,415,714 (24,326,386)  (89,328) (37,942)	-6,069,777 (+612,726) (-6,689,000) (+6,497) (-15,033)
(Total discretionary, excluding emergencies)	(3,667,491)	(4,093,070)	(4,277,714)	(+610,223)



	FY 2009 Enacted	FY 2010 Request	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Grand total	51,324,576	46,278,631	46,265,193	-5,059,383
Appropriations	(44,382,809)	(46,239,303)	(48, 265, 865)	(+1,883,056)
Rescissions	(-30,000)	(-50.000)	(-90,000)	(-60,000)
Emergency appropriations	(6.888.936)			(-6,888,936)
Advances	(82,831)	(89,328)	(89.328)	(+8,497)
(by transfer)		(117.942)	(117.942)	(+64,967)
•••	*********		*********	*******

(30)

#### **CONFERENCE TOTAL-WITH COMPARISONS**

The total new budget (obligational) authority for the fiscal year 2010 recommended by the Committee of Conference, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2009 amount, the 2010 budget estimates, and the House and Senate bills for 2010 follow:

(In thousands of dollars)	
New budget (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2009	\$ 51,324,576
Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2010	46,278,631
House bill, fiscal year 2010	46,223,693
Senate bill, fiscal year 2010	46,302,193
Conference agreement, fiscal year 2010	46,265,193
Conference agreement compared with:	
New budget (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2009	-5,059,383
Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2010	-13,438
House bill, fiscal year 2010	+41,500
Senate bill, fiscal year 2010	-37,000