# Enclosures to Statement for the Record

Before the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Science, Space, and Technology Subcommittee on Investigations and Oversight

Written testimony for the Subcommittee on Oversight hearing titled "EPA's Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment – A Factual Review of a Hypothetical Scenario"

Submitted by: Wayne Nastri

July 29, 2013

#### **Enclosures:**

- 1. Wayne Nastri Curriculum Vitae
- 2. William M. Riley and Thomas G. Yocom, *Mining the Pebble Deposit: Issues of 404 compliance and unacceptable environmental impacts*, Prepared for the Bristol Bay Native Corporation and Trout Unlimited, Executive Summary (December 2011)
- 3. Letter from Senator Maria Cantwell, to Elisse B. Walter, Chairman, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (March 18, 2013),
- 4. Institute of Social and Economic Research at the University of Alaska, *The Economic Importance of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry* (May 13, 2013)
- Overwhelming Public Support for EPA Action to Protect Bristol Bay Fact Sheet
- 6. Overwhelming Public Support for EPA Action to Protect Bristol Bay, Second Comment Period Fact Sheet
- 7. Letter from Dominick A. DellaSala, Ph.D. et, al, to President Barak Obama (April 26, 2013)

#### Wayne H. Nastri

#### **Education:**

University of California, Irvine; B.S. (Biological Sciences), 1981 California State University, Long Beach, 1981-1982, Molecular Genetics

#### **Special Qualifications:**

Prior to forming E4 Strategic Solutions, Mr. Nastri served as Senior Vice President and Co-Chair of the Environment and Energy practice of mCapital Management, a government affairs firm in Washington, DC. He also worked as a Senior Vice President with Dutko Worldwide on primarily environmental matters. Prior to that he was appointed by President George W. Bush as the Regional Administrator for the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Pacific Southwest Region (Region 9). Prior to his appointment as Regional Administrator, he served as the Governor's Appointee to the Governing Board of the South Coast Air Quality Management District. Mr. Nastri has been active on a variety of environmental issues over the last twenty years and has held a variety of environmental related positions within private industry, and state and federal government. In private industry, Mr. Nastri has worked in the environmental engineering and management field as an Environmental Engineer, Project Manager, Health and Safety Officer, and Operations Manager. He has worked with a variety of media including air, water, soil, and hazardous waste. Mr. Nastri served on Cal/EPA's (i.e., Department of Toxic Substances Control - DTSC) Site Mitigation External Advisory Committee He also served (pro bono) as the Legislative Director for the California Environmental Business Council, and was Editor-in-Chief for the National Association of Environmental Professionals' Environmental News. Mr. Nastri has also served in various advisory committees to Cal EPA including CARB's ZEV implementation advisory committee, DTSC's Site Mitigation Program Advisory committee (where he co-chaired the Brownfields Sub-Committee) and Office of Environmental Health Hazards and Assessments - OEHHA's Private Site Manager's Advisory Committee. He has written and had published a variety of papers dealing with environmental audits, regulatory agencies and environmental mediation.

#### **Professional Career:**

<u>Co-President and Co-Founder</u>, *E4 Strategic Solutions*, *Inc.* 1/13 – <u>Present.</u> Works with clients on a variety of environmental and energy issues including technology development and application, compliance and enforcement, as well as messaging development, outreach and communications.

Senior Vice President,  $mCapital \ Management. \ 3/11 - 1/13.$  Opened mCapitol Management's Southern California office and Co-Chaired the Environment and Energy practice.

Senior Vice President, *Dutko Worldwide*. 2/09 – 3/11. Member of the Energy/Environment Team focusing on advancing Clean/Alternative Energy Technologies as well as providing regulatory counsel on environmental matters. Assists clients in working with federal, state and

local government on a variety of issues ranging from technology deployment to regulatory enforcement.

Regional Administrator, *United States Environmental Protection Agency*. 10/01 – 01/09: Responsible for policy development and operations in USEPA's Pacific Southwest Region. Mr. Nastri had management oversight of nearly 1000 people and an annual budget exceeding \$700 million. As Regional Administrator, he worked closely with other federal agencies, state and local governments, and Indian tribes to develop and enforce regulations under existing environmental laws. Responsibilities also included issuance of permits, compliance monitoring, and enforcement. Mr. Nastri worked closely with the public, industry and all levels of government in a wide variety of voluntary pollution prevention programs and energy conservation efforts. Under Mr. Nastri's leadership, the region was instrumental in the development of diesel emission reduction efforts through development of the West Coast Diesel Collaborative. Mr. Nastri also focused the agency on developing strategies to address marine emissions associated with ocean-going vessels and ports.

President/co-founder, Environmental Mediation, Inc. 2/95-10/01: At EMI, Mr. Nastri was responsible for developing and implementing strategic solutions related to environmental issues including compliance audits, issue assessments, third party peer reviews, investigative/remedial project oversight, legislative monitoring and direct communications with the general media, as well as regulatory, legislative, and executive bodies. Mr. Nastri specialized in air and water quality issues as well as hazardous waste investigation and remediation issues. He was directly responsible for advising EMI clients on investigative techniques, data interpretation, identification and development of remedial options, and remedy acceptance and cost-effectiveness. Mr. Nastri also assists in the development and implementation of targeted communications strategies on behalf of EMI clients. In this capacity, he dealt extensively with media and community groups.

<u>Vice President</u>, *The Jefferson Group*, *Inc.* 12/91-10/94: Responsible for management of the California office of The Jefferson Group, a government and public affairs firm. Directed environmental negotiations with local, state and federal agencies as well as participating in regulatory and legislative monitoring. Provided technical advice and project oversight services for environmental projects involving air and water quality as well as site investigation and remediation.

Operations Manager, Program Manager, Branch Health & Safety Officer, RESNA, Inc. 2/88-11/91: Performed a wide variety of duties with RESNA including Phase I site assessments, regulatory compliance audits, negotiations with regulatory agencies related to site cleanup, development of preliminary endangerment assessments, oversight of all health and safety practices, and asbestos inspections. While at RESNA, Mr. Nastri worked on projects involving a wide range of contaminants including pesticides, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, chlorinated hydrocarbons, polynuclear aromatics and cyanides.

<u>Principal/Project Manager, Minirem Environmental Corporation</u>. 6/86-1/88: Performed numerous audits and inspections on various manufacturing, warehouse, and commercial facilities. Developed the company's 40 hour Health and Safety training program and directly

participated in several hazardous waste cleanup projects (e.g., mercury decontamination, pesticide cleanups, PCB decontamination, etc.).

<u>Principal and Co-founder, Frontline Technology.</u> 11/85-5/86 Primarily responsible for marketing research and development of automated biomedical instruments (e.g., nephelometric, fluorescence polarization, photometric, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays, etc.). Principal research and development role focused on optimization of chemical reactions for photometric analysis.

<u>Project Manager</u>, *Ocean Scientific*. 2/85-10/86: Managed company's largest research and development project for an automated clinical chemistry analyzer (\$6 million) consisting of eight engineers (mechanical, electrical, software) and three technicians. In addition to management responsibilities, Mr. Nastri also served as the project chemist and worked on optimizing photometric and nephlometric rates of reaction.

Laboratory Technologist, Research Associate, and Product Manager, ICL Scientific. 6/81-1/85: As a research and development chemist, Mr. Nastri was responsible for development of human protein isolation techniques, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays, and therapeutic drug control panels. Using human serum samples, Mr. Nastri isolated and purified specific proteins (e.g., alpha-2-macroglobulin) through affinity chromatography. Antibodies were developed for the proteins and then utilized in combination with markers and optimized for instrument automation. Mr. Nastri was also responsible for product training to end users (hospital and laboratory personnel), conducting marketing research and development of product budgets and forecasts.

#### **Publications:**

- Nastri, Wayne H., Megan L. Cambridge, "Putting the Environmental Project Together: From Non-Compliance to Revitalization", <u>Technical Papers of the 13th Annual Environmental Management and Technology Conference West</u>, Advanstar Expositions, Duluth, MN, 1997, pp 87-90
- Nastri, Wayne H., "The Importance of Mediation", <u>Technical Papers of the 12th Annual Environmental Management and Technology Conference West</u>, Advanstar Expositions, Duluth, MN, 1996, pp 157-161
- Poulsen, Dennis R., Wayne H. Nastri, "Negotiating with Environmental Regulatory Agencies", <u>Environmental News</u>, Environmental Engineers & Managers Institute of AEE, Atlanta, GA, 1996, pp 1-3
- Nastri, Wayne H., "Challenges Associated with Environmental Audits", <u>CEBC</u> Chronicle, San Jose, CA, 1996, pp 8-10

#### **Personal References**

Available on request

# MINING THE PEBBLE DEPOSIT: Issues of 404 compliance and unacceptable environmental impacts EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A number of groups have petitioned the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to initiate action under Section 404(c) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) to protect the fisheries of Bristol Bay from large-scale hardrock mining of the Pebble deposit in the headwaters of the Kvichak and Nushagak River drainages in southwestern Alaska. The Bristol Bay Native Corporation and Trout Unlimited have asked the authors of this report – both Clean Water Act experts with long and distinguished government careers – to prepare this report analyzing known information about mining the Pebble ore deposit and the potential impacts of doing so, and recommending potential 404(c) restrictions.

In order for EPA to consider 404(c) action, there must be a proposed discharge of dredged or fill material into the "waters of the United States," including wetlands, and there must be a probability that the discharge(s) would result in unacceptable adverse environmental impacts as these are defined in federal regulations. In determining whether the potential impacts are unacceptable, EPA considers whether the proposed discharges would comply with federal regulations governing the issuance of permits for such discharges.

# READ THE FULL REPORT www.savebristolbay.org/mining-the-deposit-report



BRISTOL BAY NATIVE CORPORATION

Tiel Smith - Land & Resources Manager
907.278.3602 | tsmith@bbnc.net



TROUT UNLIMITED

Shoren Brown - Bristol Bay Campaign Director
202.674.2380 | sbrown@tu.org

Nastri Testimony Enclosures Page 5 of 42.

"Mining the Pebble Deposit: Issues of 404 compliance and unacceptable environmental impacts" evaluates publicly available plans to mine the Pebble deposit, concluding that these plans would not comply with federal regulations. There appear to be less damaging alternatives available to the project sponsors to extract copper than mining the Pebble deposit. Even the smallest initial 25-year phase described by the project sponsors would result in the permanent destruction of well over 9200 acres of fish and wildlife habitat, including the loss of over 30 miles of stream habitats. The secondary and long-term downstream impacts may be far greater, as the mining operation would require the impoundment of billions of tons of waste rock and tailings, as well as the potential need for storage and perpetual treatment of very large quantities of waste water from seepage and runoff.

Compared to past projects where EPA determined impacts to fish and wildlife habitats were unacceptable pursuant to its 404(c) authority, the impacts of mining the Pebble deposit are unparalleled. The report concludes that from a regulatory standpoint, these impacts are environmentally unacceptable.

The report recommends restrictions that EPA could proactively impose on regulated discharges of dredged or fill material (i.e., mine waste) from mining the Pebble deposit. These restrictions include prohibitions on discharges of dredged or fill material:

- 1) into salmon spawning and rearing habitat;
- 2) that fails testing requirements to demonstrate that the material is not toxic to aquatic life; and
- 3) where its runoff or seepage would require treatment in perpetuity.

These restrictions are rooted in well-established precedents and long-standing practices and policies within the CWA 404 program.

Asserting these restrictions proactively could further the goals of the Clean Water Act by providing certainty and associated time and money savings to industry and the publicincluding the indigenous peoples of the region to whom the United States has a trust responsibility- as to what will be required of any proposed plan to mine that deposit.



Terry Gunn

# **ABOUT THE AUTHORS**

William M. Riley had a distinguished career with USEPA working for nearly 25 years in the Seattle Office (Region 10). He retired in 2007 as the Director of the Office of Environmental Assessment and previously served as National Environmental Policy Act Coordinator, Regional Minings Goordinatory Scientist and Aquatic Resources Unit Manager.

Thomas G. Yocom is a former National Wetlands Expert for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, retiring in 2005. He previously served as a fishery biologist for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Marine Fisheries for the Huffman-Broadway Group since 2006.

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-4705

COMMERCE SCIENCE AND TRANSPORTATION **ENERGY AND NATURAL** RESOURCES FINANCE

COMMITTEES.

INDIAN AFFAIRS SMALL BUSINESS

March 18, 2013

The Honorable Elisse B. Walter Chairman U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F St., N.E. Washington, DC 20549-1090

Dear Chairman Elisse B. Walter,

I am writing to express concern about potential discrepancies in the filing materials provided to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) by Northern Dynasty Minerals, the Canadian company proposing to construct the Pebble Mine in the headwaters of Bristol Bay. Alaska. Specifically, Northern Dynasty may have provided inaccurate information regarding potential mine specifications and other aspects of their project to mislead investors, many of whom live in my state, and in their filing documents at the SEC.

Northern Dynasty Minerals submitted its "Wardrop Report" to meet filing requirements with the SEC on February 24<sup>th</sup>, 2011.<sup>[1]</sup> Northern Dynasty subsequently informed the SEC and investors that the proposed Pebble Mine design and specifications are feasible and permittable in a press release from 2011 that is also currently on file with your agency. [2] Concurrent with this filing, the EPA has been conducting a watershed assessment to determine potential long term impacts to the environment and its economic and cultural significance, as is required for this type of mining project. The Watershed Assessment is a science based document with an ongoing public process. According to EPA's Draft Watershed Assessment, the same Wardrop Report submitted to the SEC was used to inform potential future mining scenarios in its Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment.

<sup>[2]</sup> http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1164771/000106299311000722/exhibit99-1.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1164771/000106299311000722/0001062993-11-000722-index.htm

According to EPA's Draft Watershed Assessment released on May 18, 2012, "An Assessment of the Potential Mining Impacts on Salmon Ecosystems of Bristol Bay, Alaska" (EPA910-R-12-004d), the proposed Pebble Mine threatens Bristol Bay salmon and the thousands of jobs which rely on them. Bristol Bay salmon support a multi-million dollar commercial fishing industry that includes thousands of Washington state jobs. In total, Bristol Bay produces roughly half of the world's wild sockeye salmon with a total value of over \$480 million dollars, and supporting over 14,000 jobs. In addition to commercial fisheries, recreational salmon fisheries yield \$75 million for Washington state businesses alone. Bristol Bay salmon are integral to subsistence harvest as well. The annual estimated net economic value of subsistence harvest of salmon in Bristol Bay is between \$84.3 and \$193.7 million. [4]

Ecosystem degradation is of serious concern to many investors. Last year, nearly 30 investor organizations representing over \$170 billion in assets urged the EPA to complete a scientific assessment to determine the Pebble Mine's potential impact on salmon. These investor organizations hold over 13 million shares in Anglo American PLC, a UK-based mining company with a 50% stake in the proposed Pebble Mine.<sup>[5]</sup>

Recently, however, the Northern Dynasty Minerals referred to the very same Wardrop Report as a "fantasy proposal" when it delivered formal testimony to the EPA in August of 2012. <sup>[6]</sup> This contradictory use of the Wardrop Report is extremely concerning as it is unclear whether Northern Dynasty Minerals is misleading investors by attracting investment for a "fantasy proposal" or it is intentionally providing fraudulent testimony to the EPA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[3]</sup> EPA's Draft Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment, "An Assessment of the Potential Mining Impacts on Salmon Ecosystems of Bristol Bay, Alaska," May, 2012, available

at: http://www.epa.gov/ncea/pdfs/bristolbay/bristol\_bay\_assessment\_erd\_2012\_vol1.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[4]</sup> An Assessment of Potential Mining Impacts on Salmon Ecosystems of Bristol Bay, Alaska; Appendix E: Bristol Bay Wild Salmon Ecosystem Baseline Levels of Economic Activity and Values, available at:

http://cfpub.epa.gov/ncea/bristolbay/recordisplay.cfm?deid=241743

Trillium Asset Management, "Largest Open Pit Mine in North America Cause for Investor Concerns—Investors Representing \$170 Billion Urge EPA to Safeguard Alaska's Bristol Bay," April 12, 2011, available at: http://www.trilliuminvest.com/news-articles-category/advocacy-news-articles/largest-open-pit-mine-in-north-america-cause-for-investor-concerns-%e2%80%93-investors-representing-170-billion-urge-epa-to-safeguard-alaska%e2%80%99s-bristol-bay/

Dan Fiorucci, "Public Weighs In on Pebble Mine at EPA Hearing," August 7, 2012, available at: http://www.ktuu.com/news/ktuu-public-gets-one-more-chance-to-weighin-on-pebble-before-scientists-do-20120807,0,7102116.story

I urge you to investigate this matter immediately. Due to the importance of this issue to Washington State and the Pacific Northwest, I would greatly appreciate being informed about all developments on this matter.

Sincerely,

Sanator Maria Contwell

# The Economic Importance of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry



prepared for the

Bristol Bay Regional Seafood Development Association

by

Gunnar Knapp Mouhcine Guetttabi Scott Goldsmith



Institute of Social and Economic Research
University of Alaska Anchorage / 3211 Providence Drive / Anchorage, AK 99508
907-786-7710 / www.iser.uaa.alaska.edu/

April 2013

Nastri Testimony Enclosures Page 10 of 42.

#### THE ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE OF THE BRISTOL BAY SALMON INDUSTRY

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

By any measure, the Bristol Bay sockeye salmon fishery is very large and valuable. It is the world's most valuable wild salmon fishery, and typically supplies almost half of the world's wild sockeye salmon. In 2010, harvesting, processing, and retailing Bristol Bay salmon and the multiplier effects of these activities **created \$1.5 billion** in output or sales value across the United States.

In 2010, Bristol Bay salmon fishermen harvested 29 million sockeye salmon worth \$165 million in direct harvest value alone. That represented 31% of the total Alaska salmon harvest value, and was greater than the total value of fish harvests in 41 states. Salmon processing in Bristol Bay increased the value by \$225 million, for a total first wholesale value after processing of \$390 million. The total value of Bristol Bay salmon product exports in 2010 was about \$250 million, or about 6% of the total value of all U.S. seafood exports.

In 2010, the Bristol Bay sockeye salmon fishery supported 12,000 fishing and processing jobs during the summer salmon fishing season. Measuring these as year-round jobs, and adding jobs created in other industries, the Bristol Bay salmon fishery created the equivalent of almost 10,000 year-round American jobs across the country, and brought Americans \$500 million in income. For every dollar of direct output value created in Bristol Bay fishing and processing, more than two additional dollars of output value are created in other industries, as payments from the Bristol Bay fishery ripple through the economy. These payments create almost three jobs for every direct job in Bristol Bay fishing and processing.

United States domestic consumption of Bristol Bay frozen sockeye salmon products has been growing over time as a result of sustained and effective marketing by the industry, new product development and other factors. This growth is likely to continue over time, which will result in even greater output value figures for the industry's economic impacts across the U.S.

The economic importance of the Bristol Bay salmon industry extends far beyond Alaska, particularly to the West Coast states of Washington, Oregon and California.

# » About one-third of Bristol Bay fishermen and two-thirds of Bristol Bay processing workers live in West Coast states.

- » Almost all major Bristol Bay processing companies are based in Seattle.
- » Most of the supplies and services used in fishing and processing are purchased in Washington state.
- » Significant secondary processing of Bristol Bay salmon products occurs in Washington and Oregon.

The economic importance of the Bristol Bay salmon industry goes well beyond the value, jobs, and income created by the fishing and processing which happens in Bristol Bay. More value, jobs and income are created in *downstream industries* as

#### **Bristol Bay fishing boats**



Bristol Bay salmon are shipped to other states, undergo further processing, and are sold in stores and restaurants across the United States. Still more jobs, income and value are created in other industries through *multiplier impacts* as Bristol Bay fishermen and processors and downstream industries purchase supplies and services, and as their employees spend their income.

#### **Economic Impacts of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry in 2010**

Annual average employment: 9,800 jobs	Output value: \$1.5 billion	Income: \$500 million						
Fishing & processing in Bristol Bay								
12,000 seasonal jobs (=2,000 annual jobs)	\$390 million	\$140 million						
Shipping, secondary processing & retailing after Bristol Bay								
1,000 jobs	\$110 million	\$40 million						
Multiplier impacts in other industries								
6,800 jobs	\$970 million	\$320 million						

## Overview of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry

Bristol Bay is located in southwestern Alaska. Each year tens of millions of sockeye salmon return to spawn in the major river systems which flow into Bristol Bay. The large lakes of the Bristol Bay region provide habitat for juvenile sockeye salmon during their first year of life.

For well over a century, Bristol Bay salmon have supported a major salmon fishing and processing industry. Most of the harvest occurs between mid-June and mid-July. At the peak of the fishing season, millions of salmon may be harvested in a single day.

Only holders of limited entry permits (issued by Alaska's state government) and their crew are allowed to fish in Bristol Bay. There are permits for two kinds of fishing gear: drift gillnets (operated from fishing boats) and set gillnets (operated from shore). There are

#### A Bristol Bay salmon fisherman



approximately 1,860 drift gillnet permits and approximately 1,000 set net permits. Drift gillnet permits average much higher catches and account for most of the total catch. About one-third of the permit holders are from West Coast states.

Bristol Bay Salmon Industry Permit Holders, by State of Residence, 2010									
Permit Type	Alaska	Washington	Oregon	California	Other States & Countries	Total			
Drift Gillnet	845	642	98	109	156	1,850			
Set Gillnet	629	127	38	34	99	927			
Total	1,474	769	136	143	255	2,777			

For each permit holder, who is usually a captain, there are typically two to three additional crew members. About 7,000 fishermen fished in Bristol Bay in 2010.

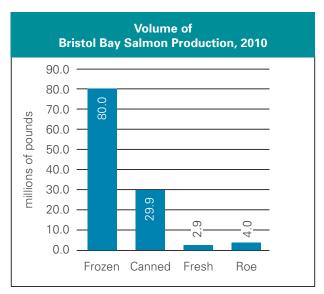
The Bristol Bay salmon harvest is processed by about 10 large processing companies and 20 smaller companies employing about 5,000 processing workers at the peak of the season in both land-based and floating processing operations. Most of the workers are from other states and live in bunkhouse facilities at the processing plants.

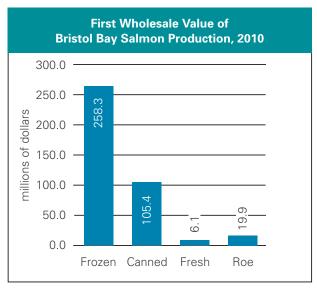
Bristol Bay salmon are processed into four major primary products: frozen salmon, canned salmon, fresh salmon, and salmon roe. Frozen salmon includes both headed and gutted (H&G) salmon as well as salmon fillets.





Frozen and canned salmon account for most of the volume and value of Bristol Bay salmon production.

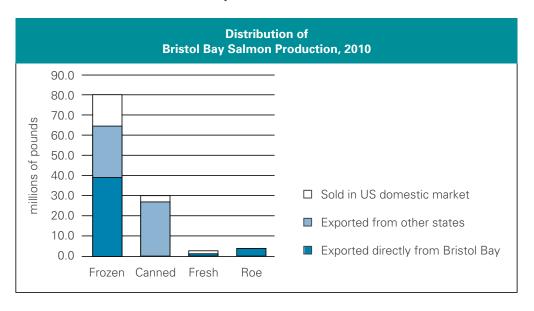




About half of Bristol Bay frozen salmon is exported directly from Bristol Bay, primarily to Japan and China. Most of the remaining frozen salmon is shipped to Washington state where much of it is repackaged and/or reprocessed into secondary products such as fillets, portions and smoked salmon. Some of these products are exported while the rest are sold in the US domestic market.

Bristol Bay canned salmon is shipped to warehouses in Washington and Oregon where it is stored, labeled, and sold by processors over the course of the year, mostly to the United Kingdom and other export markets.

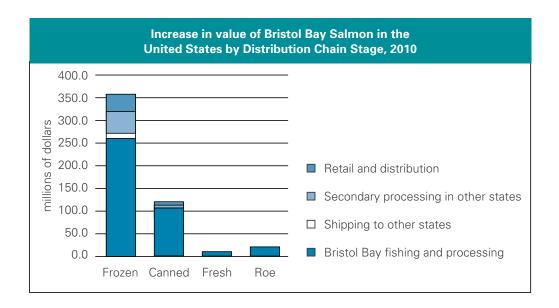
The total value of Bristol Bay salmon product exports in 2010 was about \$252 million, or about **6% of the total value of all U.S. seafood exports.** 



The value of Bristol Bay salmon increases at each stage in the distribution chain. Because a large share is exported, most of the increase in value in the United States occurs in Bristol Bay fishing and processing. About one-fifth of the total increase in value occurs in later stages of the distribution chain.

#### **Containers for shipping Bristol Bay salmon products**





## Economic Impacts of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry

Economic impacts of the Bristol Bay salmon industry are the jobs, income and output value created by the fishery—or the jobs, income and output value that would not exist if the industry did not exist. Economic impacts include:

- » *Direct economic impacts:* Jobs, income and output value in businesses directly involved in harvesting, processing, and retailing Bristol Bay salmon.
- » *Multiplier economic impacts:* Jobs, income and output value created in other industries as Bristol Bay fishermen, processors and downstream industries purchase supplies and services, and as their employees spend their income.

We estimated both direct and indirect economic impacts for three stages of the distribution or value chain for Bristol Bay salmon in the United States:

- » Fishing and primary processing in Bristol Bay
- » Shipping to other states and secondary processing
- » Distribution and retailing (nationwide transportation, wholesaling and retailing of Bristol Bay salmon products in stores and restaurants throughout the United States)<sup>1</sup>

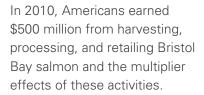
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The economic effects of distribution and retailing of Bristol Bay salmon are technically economic contributions rather than economic impacts, because if Bristol Bay salmon did not exist stores would sell other products instead, which would still create jobs, income and output value. Because no data are available for Bristol Bay salmon retail volumes and prices, our estimates of economic contributions for this stage are based on the simple assumption that distribution and retailing increases the value of Bristol Bay salmon products by an average of 50%.

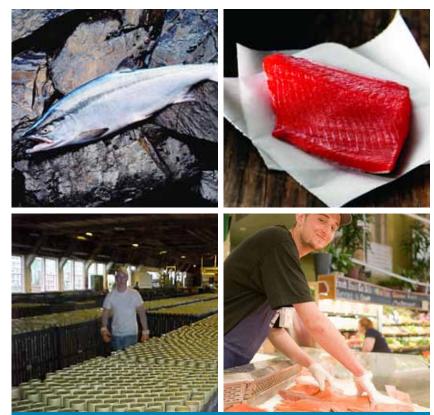
We estimated economic impacts for the United States as well as for Alaska, Washington, Oregon and California in 2010. To estimate economic impacts, we used IMPLAN input-output modeling software which tracks the ripple effects of payments between industries at both the national level as well as within individual states.

Our economic impact estimates do not account for the fact that Bristol Bay salmon fishing and processing helps to cover a significant share of the fixed costs of many Alaska and Pacific Northwest fishermen and processors, or for the economic benefits of Bristol Bay salmon exports in helping to offset the large United States seafood trade deficit. Thus our estimates of the economic importance of the Bristol Bay seafood industry are conservative.

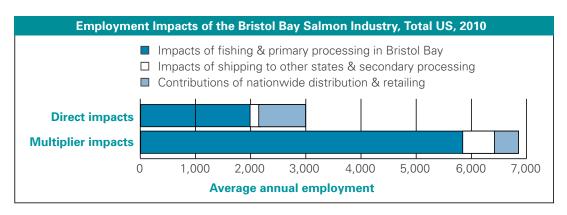
In 2010, almost 12,000 people worked in the Bristol Bay salmon industry during the fishing season, which occurs primarily in June and July. Of these, about 4,400 were Alaska residents, while most of the others were residents of West Coast states.

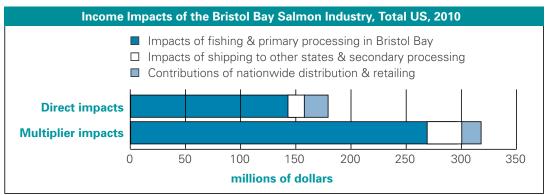
To compare Bristol Bay seasonal jobs lasting about two months with other year-round employment impacts, we converted them to annual average employment by dividing seasonal employment by six. Expressed as annual average employment, in 2010, almost 10,000 American jobs were created in harvesting, processing, and retailing Bristol Bay salmon and through the multiplier effects of these activities.

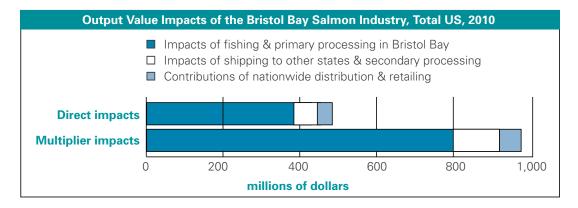




Seasonal Jobs in the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry, by State of Residence, 2010									
	Total US Alaska Washington Oregon					Other States			
Fishing	7,035	3,734	1,948	362	345	646			
Processing	4,886	635	1,279	1,781	208	983			
Total	11,921	4,369	3,227	2,143	553	1,629			









In 2010, \$1.5 billion in output value was created in the United States in harvesting, processing, and retailing Bristol Bay salmon and the multiplier effects of these activities.

The tables below provide additional details of our economic impact estimates. A large share of the impacts occur in West Coast states—reflecting the fact that about one-third of Bristol Bay fishermen and two-thirds of Bristol Bay processing workers live in West Coast states; almost all major Bristol Bay processing companies are based in Seattle; most of the supplies and services used in fishing and processing are purchased from Washington; and significant secondary processing of Bristol Bay salmon products occurs in Washington and Oregon.

Employment Impacts of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry, 2010 (annual average employment)									
Impact Driver		Total US	AK	WA	OR	CA	Other States		
Fishing and primary	Direct impacts*	1,987	728	538	92	357	271		
processing in	Multiplier impacts	5,852	1,338	2,237	163	249	1,865		
Bristol Bay	Total impacts	7,839	2,066	2,775	255	606	2,137		
Shipping to other	Direct impacts	191		156	15				
states and second-	Multiplier impacts	563		229	24				
ary processing	Total impacts	754		385	39				
Total in	npacts	8,592		3,160	294				
Niediessidele	Direct contributions	787	Note: Total US may exceed sum of estimates shown for						
Nationwide distribution and retailing**	Multiplier contributions	425	individual states; see report for technical explanation. *Direct employment impacts of fishing and processing in Bristol Bay were calculated by dividing seasonal employment by 6. **Based on conservative assumption that						
	Total contributions	1,212							
Total impacts 8		and retailing							

Income Impacts of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry, 2010 (millions of dollars)									
Impact Driver		Total US	AK	WA	OR	CA	Other States		
Fishing and primary	Direct impacts	144	50	48	8	19	18		
processing in	Multiplier impacts	268	62	98	7	12	90		
Bristol Bay	Total impacts	412	112	146	15	31	108		
Shipping to other	Direct impacts	13		11	1				
states and second-	Multiplier impacts	30		12	1				
ary processing	Total impacts	43		23	2				
Total in	npacts	455		169	17				
	Direct contributions	23							
Nationwide distribution and retailing*	Multiplier contributions	20	Note: Total US may exceed sum of estimates shown for individual states; see report for technical explanation.						
	Total contributions	42	*Based on conservative assumption that distribution a retailing increases value by 50%.						
Total impacts & contributions 49									

Output Value Impacts of the Bristol Bay Salmon Industry, 2010 (millions of dollars)									
Impact Driver		Total US	AK	WA	OR	CA	Other States		
Fishing and primary	Direct impacts	390	127	198	13	19	32		
processing in	Multiplier impacts	801	161	288	19	37	297		
Bristol Bay	Total impacts	1,191	288	486	32	56	329		
Shipping to other	Direct impacts	68		56	4				
states and second-	Multiplier impacts	111		37	3				
ary processing in WA & OR	Total impacts	179		93	6				
Total in	npacts	1,370		580	38				
	Direct contributions	46	Note: Total US may exceed sum of estimates shown for individual states; see report for technical explanation. Or put value allocated among states based on the residence of fishing and processing workers and business location. * Based on conservative assumption that distribution a						
Nationwide distribution and retailing*	Multiplier contributions	61							
	Total contributions	106							
Total impacts & contributions 1,4				reases value					

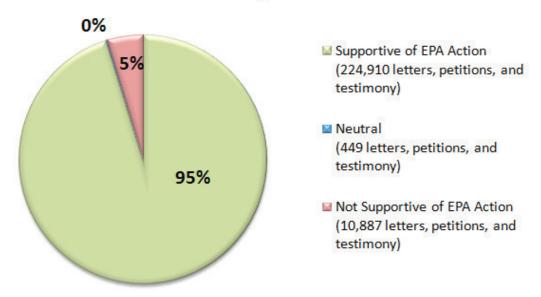


# Conclusions

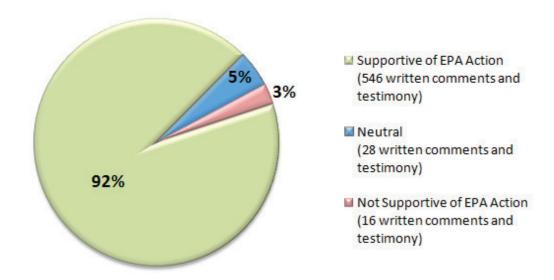
The Bristol Bay salmon fishery is the world's most valuable wild salmon fishery. It contributes well over \$1 billion in value and about 10,000 jobs to the United States economy every year, across multiple industries and states. It has operated continuously for more than 120 years and can continue to provide significant and widespread economic benefits across multiple industries and states for the foreseeable future.

# Overwhelming Public Support for EPA Action to Protect Bristol Bay<sup>i</sup>

# All Public Comments & Public Hearing Testimony on the EPA Draft Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment



### Bristol Bay Region Public Comments and Testimony



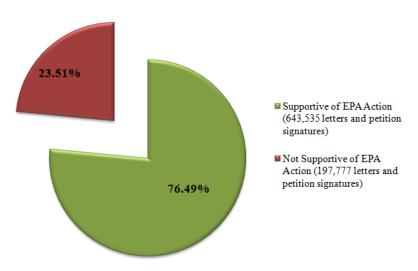
For additional information: Daniel Cheyette, Bristol Bay Native Corporation, (907) 278-3602

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Numbers compiled from all individual written public comments, mass mailings, and public hearing testimony found in the EPA Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment docket at <a href="www.regulations.gov">www.regulations.gov</a>. Charts exclude late comments. Bristol Bay regional chart excludes all comments submitted via national organizations. "Neutral" refers to comments that do not take a position on EPA involvement or 404c action, i.e. some science reports and comments, neutral requests for extension of time, etc.

# Overwhelming Public Support for EPA Action to Protect Bristol Bay<sup>1</sup>

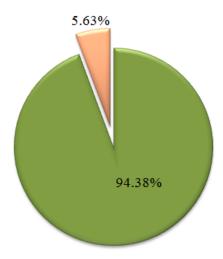
## An Analysis of the Second Public Comment Period of the EPA Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment

#### All Public Comments on EPA Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment, Second External Review Draft



#### Comments from Bristol Bay Region on EPA Watershed Assessment, Second External Review Draft

- Bristol Bay Comments Supportive of EPA Action (151 individual letters)
- Bristol Bay Comments Not Supportive of EPA Action (9 individual letters)



For additional information: Daniel Cheyette, Bristol Bay Native Corporation, (907) 278-3602

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Numbers compiled from an analysis of all individual written public comments, mass mailings, and petitions available for review as of July 29, 2013 on the EPA Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment Revised External Review Draft docket at <a href="www.regulations.gov">www.regulations.gov</a>. Bristol Bay regional chart excludes all mass mailings and petition signatures submitted via national organizations.

President Barack Obama The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20500

#### Dear Mr. President:

As scientists with backgrounds in ecology and other natural resource-related disciplines, we are writing to express our deep concerns with the prospect of large-scale mining in the unique and biologically rich Bristol Bay watershed of Southwest Alaska.

We also write to thank the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for preparing a comprehensive assessment of the potential impacts to fisheries, wildlife and native cultures from large-scale gold and copper mining, such as may be proposed at the Pebble Mine. This approach of reviewing the assets and vulnerabilities of a valuable and high-functioning ecosystem and considering up front a range of possible mining scenarios should help the agency make sound policy recommendations.

The watershed assessment is particularly important for protecting a region in which a healthy and diverse fish population is central to the wellbeing of people, other wildlife, the economy and a subsistence way of life that dates back thousands of years. The agency is to be commended for initiating this effort rather than waiting to rely on the narrow scope of review that might be taken when a single permit application is filed.

In our view, EPA's draft *Bristol Bay Watershed Assessment* aptly identifies the outstanding ecological and cultural values at risk from a mine on the scale of the Pebble discovery or from other mine operations that would likely follow an initial mine opening in the region. The Bristol Bay area, comprised of the Nushagak and Kvichak river watersheds, the headwaters of three other pristine rivers, and the largest undeveloped lake on Earth, is one of the most productive, beautiful, and bountiful landscapes on the continent. Undeveloped watersheds are a rarity throughout the world and Bristol Bay's pristine watersheds support a world-class salmon fishery, which includes all five salmon species native to Alaska and the largest sockeye salmon runs in the world. Annual salmon returns, fully unsupported by hatcheries, typically average in the millions. The Bristol Bay Sport Management Area also supports abundant sport and subsistence fisheries. Together, this keystone fishery and the diverse habitats of the region are home to abundant populations of brown bears, gray wolves, and bald eagles. Caribou and moose frequent the areas' wetlands.

We believe that the geographic scope of the assessment is appropriate not only because the Kvichak and Nushagak basins include roughly half of the total land area that drains to the Bay, but also because there are currently mine leases on more than half a million acres in these highly productive basins. In addition, the metal-bearing waste produced by a single mine could, as EPA notes, run upwards of seven billion tons, or as other scientists have estimated, even

exceed ten billion tons<sup>1</sup>. The need to manage and permanently contain a volume of mine tailings even close to these numbers in a harsh yet vulnerable environment would be an enormous challenge.

We would also note that the mine impact scenarios used to estimate risks to fisheries, though based on an industry report for the Pebble prospect, may actually be overly optimistic about such challenges and about the overall management of a large mine. This is particularly important given the sensitivity of aquatic life to very low levels of metals and the potential for effects that could result in a long-term decline of fish populations. In addition, it appears that true cumulative impacts were underestimated, as the project scope was limited and did not include full impacts related to power, port, transportation, and additional human infrastructure development that would likely occur.

We understand that no specific mining proposal has yet been put forward for approval and that the agency has been criticized for utilizing hypothetical mine scenarios for assessment of impacts. We disagree strongly with these criticisms and believe that the use of credible mining scenarios is appropriate for this sort of forward-looking analysis. We would also note that the nature of metal mining, with its high potential for encountering unanticipated conditions, means that nearly any major mine plan is subject to change. Indeed, the footprints of many mines that have operated over decades are far larger than initially planned.

Again, we applaud EPA for its effort to establish a solid science-based summary from which to evaluate likely impacts to Bristol Bay from large-scale mine development. We believe that the preponderance of evidence shows clearly that gold and copper mining in the Bristol Bay watershed threatens a world-class fishery and uniquely rich ecosystem, and we urge the Administration to act quickly to protect the area.

Sincerely, (\*affiliations provided for identification purposes only)

Dominick A. DellaSala, Ph.D. Chief Scientist Geos Institute Ashland, Oregon Jack Williams, Ph.D. Chief Scientist Trout Unlimited Medford, Oregon

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ghaffari, H., R. S. Morrison, M. A. Deruijeter, A. Živković, T. Hantelmann, D. Ramsey, and S. Cowie. 2011. Preliminary assessment of the Pebble Project, Southwest Alaska. Wardrop, Vancouver, BC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

Kristine Abolina, Ph.D. Assistant Professor University of Latvia Riga, Latvia

David Ackerly, Ph.D.

Peter Abrams, Ph.D.
Professor
Department of Ecology & Evolutionary
Biology
University of Toronto
Toronto, Canada

Professor
Department of Integrative Biology
University of California Berkeley
Berkeley, California

Josef Daniel Ackerman, Ph.D. Professor University of Guelph Guelph, Canada

John Alcock, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
Arizona State University
Tempe, Arizona

Todd Anderson, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology
San Diego State University
San Diego, California

William D. Anderson, Jr., Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Grice Marine Biological Laboratory Charleston, South Carolina

Robert G. Anthony, Ph.D. Professor of Wildlife Ecology Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon Scott Armbruster, Ph.D. Senior Research Scientist University of Alaska Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska

Richard G. Baker, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa

Bruce G. Baldwin, Ph.D.
Professor of Integrative Biology
University of California, Berkeley
Berkeley, California

Christopher R. Barnes, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
School of Earth and Ocean Sciences
University of Victoria
Victoria, Canada

Franklin H. Barnwell, Ph.D.
Professor of Ecology, Evolution,
and Behavior
University of Minnesota-Twin Cities
St. Paul, Minnesota

Paul Beier, Ph.D.
President, Society for Conservation Biology
Regents' Professor, School of Forestry
Northern Arizona University
Flagstaff, Arizona

Javier Benayas del Alamo, Ph.D.
Universidad Autónoma de Madrid
Facultad de Ciencias
Edificio Biológicas
Madrid, Spain

Craig W. Benkman, Ph.D.
Professor of Zoology & Physiology
University of Wyoming
Laramie, Wyoming

Robert L. Beschta, Ph.D. Emeritus Professor

Forest Ecosystems and Society
Oregon State University

Corvallis, Oregon

David Bird, Ph.D. Professor of Wildlife Biology

McGill University Montreal, Canada

Sharon M. Birks, Ph.D.
Genetic Resources Manager
Burke Museum of Natural History
and Culture
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington

Harvey Blankespoor, Ph.D. Emeritus Professor of Biology American Society of Parasitology Holland, Michigan

Wladimir Bleuten, Ph.D.
Department of Physical Geography, Soil
and Water Systems Analyses
Utrecht University
Utrecht, Netherlands

Bazartseren Boldgiv, Ph.D. Professor

National University of Mongolia

Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

Stephen Born, Ph.D.
Emeritus Professor of Planning and
Environmental Studies
University of Wisconsin
Madison, Wisconsin

Dr. Kimberly Bostwick, Ph.D. Research Associate Cornell University Ithaca, New York Arthur J. Boucot, Ph.D.

Professor

Oregon State University

Corvallis, Oregon

Jonathan Mark Bowler, Ph.D. Royal Society for the Protection of Isle of Tiree Argyll, United Kingdom

Richard Bradley, Ph.D. Associate Professor Ohio State University Delaware, Ohio

Dennis M. Bramble, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus of Biology University of Utah Escalante, Utah

James H. Brown, Ph.D.
Distinguished Professor of Biology Emeritus
University of New Mexico
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Peter F. Brussard, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus University of Nevada, Reno Reno, Nevada

Fred Bunnell, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
University of British Columbia
Surrey, British Columbia

Alan Eckard Burger, Ph.D. Associate Professor (Adjunct) University of Victoria Victoria, Canada

Jonathan Callahan, Ph.D. President Mazama Science Seattle, Washington Antonio Camacho, Ph.D. Professor on Ecology University of Valencia Burjassot, Spain

Philip Cantino, Ph.D. Emeritus Professor Ohio University Athens, Ohio

Steven A. Carlson, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Humboldt State University Missoula, Montana

Gary Carnefix, M.Sc. Aquatic Ecologist Helena, Montana

Gerardo Ceballos, Ph.D. Visiting Professor Stanford University Stanford, California

Nanette Elizabeth Chadwick, Ph.D. Associate Professor Department of Biological Sciences Auburn University Auburn, Alabama

Kai Chan, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Canada Research Chair
University of British Columbia
Vancouver, Canada

Sudeep Chandra, Ph.D. Associate Professor of Limnology University of Nevada, Reno Reno, Nevada F. Stuart Chapin III, Ph.D. Professor University of Alaska, Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska

Norman L. Christensen, Jr., Ph.D.
Research Professor and Founding Dean
Nicholas School of the Environment
Duke University
Durham, North Carolina

John A. Cigliano, Ph.D.
Associate Professor of Biology
Director of Biodiversity and
Conservation Biology
Cedar Crest College
Allentown, Pennsylvania

Edward E. C. Clebsch, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus of Ecology and
Evolutionary Biology
University of Tennessee
Knoxville, Tennessee

Gershon Cohen, Ph.D.
Director
Campaign to Safeguard America's Waters
Earth Island Institute
Haines, Alaska

Philippe S. Cohen, Ph.D. Executive Director Jasper Ridge Biological Preserve Stanford University Woodside, California

David C. Coleman, Ph.D. Emeritus Professor of Ecology University of Georgia Athens, Georgia Mark A. Colwell, Ph.D.

Professor

**Humboldt State University** 

Arcata, California

Joseph A. Cook, Ph.D.

Professor

University of New Mexico Albuquerque, New Mexico

Ian M. Cooke, Ph.D.

**Professor of Zoology Emeritus** 

University of Hawaii Honolulu, Hawai

Rosie Cooney, Ph.D.

Chair

**IUCN Sustainable Use and Livelihoods** 

Specialist Group Sydney, Australia

Leslie A. Cornick, Ph.D.

Department Chair, Environmental Science

Associate Professor, Marine Biology

Alaska Pacific University

Anchorage, Alaska

James M. Corven, Ph.D.

Professor of Biology

Bristol Community College

Fall River, Massachussets

Robert Costanza, Ph.D.

Crawford School of Public Policy, Australian

**National University** 

Senior Fellow, National Council on Science

and the Environment

Washington, District of Columbia

Isabelle Cote, Ph.D.

Professor of Marine Ecology

Simon Fraser University,

Burnaby, Canada

George W. Cox, Ph.D.

**Professor Emeritus** 

San Diego State University

San Diego, California

Patrick J. Crist, Ph.D.

Director of Conservation Planning and

**Ecosystem Management** 

NatureServe

Broomfield, Colorado

Daniel A. Cristol, Ph.D.

Professor of Biology

College of William & Mary

Williamsburg, Virginia

David A. Culver, Ph.D.

**Professor Emeritus** 

Ohio State University

Columbus, Ohio

Stephen L. Cumbaa, Ph.D.

Research Associate, Paleobiology

Canadian Museum of Nature

Ottawa, Canada

Michael A. Cunningham, Ph.D.

Associate Professor, retired

Ohio State University

Lima, Ohio

Herbert C. Curl, Jr, Ph.D.

Chief, Marine Assessment Research Division

PMEL, NOAA - retired

Seattle, Washington

Dan Dauwalter, Ph.D.

**Fisheries Scientist** 

**Trout Unlimited** 

Boise, Idaho

Luise K. Davis, Ph.D.

Certified Wetland Scientist, retired

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

James E. Deacon, Ph.D.

Distinguished Professor Emeritus University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Henderson, Nevada

Stacey DeAmicis, Ph.D.

Marine & Environmental Sciences

Plymouth University

Plymouth, United Kingdom

Frederick Dean, Ph.D.

Chair

**IBA Research and Conservation Grants** 

Committee

Fairbanks, Alaska

Terry Derting, Ph.D.

Professor, Biological Sciences

Murray State University

Murray, Kentucky

Antony W. Diamond, Ph.D.

Research Professor

University of New Brunswick

Fredericton, Canada

Thomas Dietz, Ph.D.

**Professor Emeritus of Zoology** 

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Kim C. Diver, Ph.D.

Middletown, Connecticut

Julian J. Dodson, Ph.D.

**Full Professor** 

Department of Biology

Pavillon Vachon

Université Laval

Québec, Canada

Michael Dombeck, Ph.D.

Director of U.S. Bureau of Land

Management (1993-96)

Chief of U.S. Forest Service (1996-2001)

Carmen Domingo, Ph.D. Professor and Biologist San Francisco, California

David Cameron Duffy Ph.D.

Professor

Pacific Cooperative Studies Unit

Department of Botany

University of Hawaii

Honolulu, Hawaii

Lawrence K. Duffy, Ph.D.

Professor of Chemistry & Biochemistry

University of Alaska Fairbanks

Fairbanks, Alaska

Anthony Echelle, Ph.D.

**Emeritus Regents Professor of Zoology** 

Oklahoma State University

Stillwater, Oklahoma

Ginny L. Eckert, Ph.D.

Associate Professor

University of Alaska

Juneau, Alaska

Evan Nathanial Edinger, Ph.D.

McMaster University Associate Professor

Memorial University

St. John's, Canada

Peter Eklöv, Ph.D.

Professor

**Evolutionary Biology Center** 

**Uppsala University** 

Norbyvagen, Sweden

Gidon Eshel, Ph.D.

Professor

**Bard College** 

Rhinebeck, New York

Timothy Essington, Ph.D. Associate Professor University of Washington Seattle, Washington

Suzanne Estes, Ph.D.
Professor
Portland State University
Portland, Oregon

Eugenie Euskirchen, Ph.D. Research Assistant Professor University of Alaska Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska

Tracy R. Evans, M.S.
Resource Review Coordinator
Illinois Department of Natural Resources
Springfield, Illinois

Frank L. Farmer, Ph.D. Professor University of Arkansas Fayetteville, Arkansas

Howard Feder, Ph.D.
Retirement Professor of Marine Biology
University of Alaska Fairbanks
Fairbanks, Alaska

C. Scott Findlay, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Department of Biology
University of Ottawa
Ottawa, Canada

Daniel C. Fisher, Ph.D. Professor University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan Thomas L. Fleischner, Ph.D. Professor of Environmental Studies Prescott College Prescott, Arizona

Andy Foggo, Ph.D.
University of Plymouth
Plymouth, United Kingdom

Jesse Ford, Ph.D. Associate Professor Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon

Jeff Fore, Ph.D.
West Tennessee Program Director
The Nature Conservancy
Jackson, Tennessee

Nikolai A. Formozov, Ph.D. Senior researcher Moscow State University Moscow, Russia

Johannes Foufopoulos, Ph.D. Associate Professor University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan

Gail Fraser, Ph.D. Associate Professor York University Toronto, Canada

William R. Fraser, Ph.D.
President and Lead Investigator
Polar Oceans Research Group
Sheridan, Montana

Douglas J. Frederick, Ph.D.
Professor of Forestry
North Carolina State University
Raleigh, North Carolina

Lee E. Frelich, Ph.D.
Director, Center for Forest Ecology
University of Minnesota
St. Paul, Minnesota

Jed Fuhrman, Ph.D.
McCulloch-Crosby Chair of Marine Biology
University of Southern California
Los Angeles, California

Stephen W. Fuller, Ph.D. Professor of Biological Sciences University of Mary Washington Fredericksburg, Virginia

Eli Geffen, Ph.D.
Department of Zoology
Tel Aviv University
Tel Aviv, Israel

T. Luke George, Ph.D. Emeritus Professor & Biological Consultant Humboldt State University Fort Collins, Colorado

James A. Gessaman, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus
Utah State University
Tucson, Arizona

James D. Gilardi, Ph.D. Executive Director The World Parrot Trust Lake Alfred, Florida

Michale Glennon, Ph.D. Wildlife Conservation Society Adirondack Program Saranac Lake, New York

Scott Goetz, Ph.D. Senior Scientist Woods Hole Research Center Falmouth, Massachusetts Steven Green, Ph.D. Professor University of Miami Coral Gables, Florida

Richard D. Gregory, Ph.D.
Head of Species Monitoring & Research
Department of Conservation Science
The Royal Society for the Protection of Birds
United Kingdom

Gregory F. Grether, Ph.D.
Professor
University of California, Los Angeles
Topanga, California

Gary D. Grossman, Ph.D. Professor University of Georgia Athens, Georgia

John Guinotte, Ph.D.
Marine Biogeographer
Marine Conservation Institute
Seattle, Washington

Britt D. Hall, Ph.D. Associate Professor University of Regina Regina, Canada

David H. Hall, Ph.D. Professor Albert Einstein College of Medicine Bronx, New York

John E. Hall, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
West Virginia University
Morgantown, West Virginia

James Hanken, Ph.D.
Alexander Agassiz Professor of Zoology
Museum of Comparative Zoology
Harvard University
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Heather Hardcastle, M.E.M. Trout Unlimited Alaska Program Juneau, Alaska

Stephen C. Hart, Ph.D.
Professor of Ecology
University of California, Merced
Merced, California

David George Haskell, Ph.D. Professor of Biology University of the South Sewanee, Tennessee

Susanna B. Hecht, Ph.D. Professor University of California, Los Angeles Los Angeles, California

Ken R. Helms, Ph.D. Research Assistant Professor University of Vermont Burlington, Vermont

Kringen Henein, Ph.D. Lecturer in Environmental Science Carleton University Ottawa, Ontario

Luise Hermanutz, Ph.D.
Professor
Department of Biology
Memorial University
St. John's, Canada

Scott M. Herron, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology
Ferris State University, University of
Michigan Biological Station
Big Rapids, Michigan

Bretwood Higman, Ph.D. Executive Director and Geologist Ground Truth Trekking Seldovia, Alaska

Mark Hixon, Ph.D.
Professor, Department of Zoology
Oregon State University
Corvallis, Oregon

Keith Alan Hobson, Ph.D. Adjunct Professor Department of Biology University of Saskatchewan Saskatoon, Canada

Paul Holden, Ph.D.
Company Principal and Senior
Fisheries Biologist
Bio-West
Logan, Utah

Richard T. Holmes, Ph.D.
Harris Professor of Environmental
Biology Emeritus
Dartmouth College
Hanover, New Hampshire

Roger LeB. Hooke, Ph.D. Research Professor University of Maine Orono, Maine

Robert House Anadromous Fish Program Manager, retired U.S. Bureau of Land Management BioHouse, LLC Eagle, Idaho Wayne Hubert, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
University of Wyoming
USGS Wyoming Cooperative Fish
and Wildlife Research Unit
Laramie, Wyoming

Karen W. Hughes, Ph.D. Professor University of Tennessee Knoxville, Tennessee

Robert M. Hughes, Ph.D. Senior Research Professor Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon

Charles Huntington, Ph.D. AAAS, Sigma Xi Harpswell, Maine

David W. Inouye, Ph.D. Professor University of Maryland College Park, Maryland

Mats Jansson, Ph.D. Professor of Physical Geography Umeå University Umeå, Sweden

Mitchell M. Johns, Ph.D. Professor California State University Chico, California

Dr. Anders Jonsson, Ph.D.
Department Ecology and Environmental
Science
Umeå University
Umeå, Sweden

Anne R. Kapuscinski, Ph.D.
Distinguished Prof. of Sustainability Science
Dartmouth College
Hanover, New Hampshire

James R. Karr, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus
University of Washington
Sequim, Washington

Vassiliki Kati, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor of Biodiversity
Conservation
Department of Environmental & Natural
Resources Management
University of Ioannina
Agrinio, Greece

Hubert Keckeis, Ph.D. Ausserordentlicher Professor University of Vienna Department of Limnology Vienna, Austria

Chris Kellner, Ph.D.
Professor of Fish and Wildlife Biology
Arkansas Tech University
Russellville, Arkansas

Bryce Kendrick, Ph.D.
Distinguished Professor Emeritus
University of Waterloo
Waterloo, Canada

Jeremy Kerr, Ph.D. Full Professor Biology, University of Ottawa Ottawa, Canada

Peter Kerr, Ph.D.
Senior Insect Biosystematist
Davis, California

Jeff Kershner, Ph.D.

Fisheries Research Scientist Bozeman, Montana

James Kirchner, Ph.D.

Professor Emeritus, Department of Earth

and Planetary Science

Director, Central Sierra Field Research

Stations

University of California, Berkeley

Berkeley, California

David R. Klein, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus

University of Alaska, Fairbanks

Fairbanks, Alaska

Walter D. Koenig, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist Cornell University Ithaca, New York

J. Anthony Koslow, Ph.D.

Director, Scripps CalCOFI Program Scripps Institution of Oceanography University of California, San Diego La Jolla, California

Casey Krause, Ph.D. Frostburg State University Frostburg, Maryland

Marcel Lambrechts, Ph.D.

Center for Functional Ecology & Evolution French National Center for Scientific

Research

Montpellier, France

Rick Landenberger, Ph.D. Assistant Professor West Virginia University Morgantown, West Virginia Jeri M. Langham, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus

California State University Sacramento, California

James P. Lassoie, Ph.D.

International Professor of Conservation

**Department of Natural Resources** 

Cornell University Ithaca, New York

Dennis V. Lavrov, Ph.D.

Associate Professor,

Department of Ecology, Evolution,

and Organismal Biology

**Iowa State University** 

Ames, Iowa

Beverly Law, Ph.D.

**Professor** 

**Oregon State University** 

Corvallis, Oregon

Hans Petter Leinaas, Ph.D.

Philos, Professor, University of Oslo

Oslo, Norway

Luc Lens, Ph.D.

Full Professor in Terrestrial Ecology

Director of the Terrestrial Ecology Unit

**Ghent University** 

Ghent, Belgium

Jack Lentfer

Wildlife Biologist, retired

US Fish and Wildlife Service, retired Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Maska Department of Fish

Homer, Alaska

Simon Levin, Ph.D.
Professor
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey

Philip A. Loring, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor, Water and
Environmental Research Center
University of Alaska, Fairbanks
Fairbanks, Alaska

Heike K. Lotze, Ph.D. Associate Professor Canada Research Chair Dalhousie University Halifax, Nova Scotia

Thomas Lovejoy, Ph.D.
University Professor of Environmental
Science and Public Policy
George Mason University
Fairfax, Virginia

Gary Luck, Ph.D.
Professor, Institute for Land, Water and Society
Charles Sturt University
Albury, Australia

Sheila M. Macfie, Ph.D. Associate professor University of Western Ontario London, Canada

James H. Marden, Ph.D. Professor, Penn State University University Park, Pennsylvania

Travis D. Marsico, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor of Botany
Arkansas State University
Jonesboro, Arkansas

Patrick Martin, Ph.D. Associate Professor Colorado State University Fort Collins, Colorado

Jérôme Marty, Ph.D.
Research Scientist, St Lawrence
River Institute
Adjunct associate Professor, Department of
Biology, University of Waterloo
Vice-President, International Association of
Great Lakes Research
Ontario, Canada

John M. Marzluff, Ph.D.
Professor of Wildlife Science
School of Environmental and
Forest Sciences
College of the Environment
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington

Joy Nystrom Mast, Ph.D. Professor Carthage College Kenosha, Wisconsin

Kevin McCann, Ph.D. Canadian Research Chair in Biodiversity University of Guelph Guelph, Canada

Lee McDavid, MALS Program Manager Dartmouth College Norwich, Vermont

Marla S. McIntosh, Ph.D. Professor of Plant Sciences University of Maryland College Park, Maryland Duane D. McKenna, Ph.D. Assistant Professor Memphis, Tennessee

John McLaughlin, Ph.D. Associate Professor Western Washington University Bellingham, Washington

Gary K. Meffe, Ph.D. Adjunct Professor University of Florida Gainesville, Florida

Brian T. Miller, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology
Middle Tennessee State University
Murfreesboro, Tennessee

Edward H. Miller, Ph.D.
Professor
Biology Department
Memorial University of Newfoundland
St. John's, Canada

Glenn C. Miller, Ph.D.
Professor of Natural Resources and
Environmental Science
Director, Graduate Program in
Environmental Sciences
University of Nevada
Reno, Nevada

Faisal Moola, Ph.D.
Director General, Ontario and N. Canada
David Suzuki Foundation
Toronto, Canada

John C. Morse, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Pendleton, South Carolina Franz Mueter, Ph.D. Assistant Professor School of Fisheries and Ocean Science University of Alaska, Fairbanks Juneau, Alaska

Clint Mulfeld, Ph.D. Research Assistant Professor University of Montana Polson, Montana

John F. Mull, Ph.D. Professor of Zoology Weber State University Ogden, Utah

Katherine W. Myers, Ph.D.
Fishery Research Scientist, retired
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington

Ken Nagy, Ph.D.
Research Professor and Professor Emeritus
Department of Ecology and Evolutionary
Biology
University of California
Los Angeles, California

Helen Neville, Ph.D. Scientist Trout Unlimited Boise, Idaho

Daniel L. Nickrent, Ph.D. Professor Department of Plant Biology Southern Illinois University Carbondale, IL

Barry R. Noon, Ph.D.
Professor of Wildlife Ecology
Colorado State University
Fort Collins, Colorado

Elliott A. Norse, Ph.D.

President

Marine Conservation Institute

Bellvue, Washington

Gretchen B. North, Ph.D. Professor of Biology Occidental College Los Angeles, California

Reed F. Noss, Ph.D.

Provost's Distinguished Research Professor

**Department of Biology** 

University of Central Florida

Orlando, Florida

Dennis Odion, Ph.D. Research Ecologist

Southern Oregon University

Ashland, Oregon

John C. Ogden, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Integrative Biology

University of South Florida St. Petersburg, Florida

Julian Olden, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington

Sarah O'Neal

Fisheries Research Consultant

Anchorage, Alaska

John F. Pagels, Ph.D.

Professor Emeritus of Biology Virginia Commonwealth University

Richmond, Virginia

Wendy J. Palen, Ph.D. Assistant Professor

Tier 2 Canada Research Chair Simon Fraser University

Burnaby, Canada

Rosana Paredes, Ph.D.

Post-doctoral Research Associate Department of Fisheries and Wildlife

**Oregon State University** 

Corvallis, Oregon

Judith Patterson, Ph.D. Associate Professor Concordia University Montreal, Canada

Gustav Paulay, Ph.D.

Professor

University of Florida Gainesville, Florida

Daniel Pauly, Ph.D.

Professor

University of British Columbia Fisheries

Centre

Vancouver, Canada

David A. Perry, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Oregon State University

Corvallis, Oregon

Esther C. Peters, Ph.D. Assistant Professor

George Mason University

Fairfax, Virginia

Christopher Pincetich, Ph.D.

Aquatic Toxicologist

Turtle Island Restoration Network Point Reyes Station, California Jay Pitocchelli, Ph.D.
Biology Department
Saint Anselm College
Manchester, New Hampshire

J. Dan Pittillo, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology, retired
Western Carolina University
Sylva, North Carolina

Eric Post, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology
Penn State University
University Park, Pennsylvania

Mary E. Power, Ph.D. Professor University of California Berkeley Berkeley, California

Thomas Michael Power, Ph.D. Research Professor University of Montana Missoula, Montana

David Punter, Ph.D.
Senior Scholar
Department of Biological Sciences
University of Manitoba
Winnipeg, Canada

Robert Michael Pyle, Ph.D.
Founder
Xerces Society for Invertebrate
Conservation
Gray's River, Washington

James S. Quinn, Ph.D.
Professor
350.org
Biology Department
McMaster University
Hamilton, Canada

Thomas P. Quinn, Ph.D. Professor
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington

G. S. Rahi, Ph.D. Associate Professor Fayetteville State University Fayetteville, North Carolina

Peter H. Raven, Ph.D. President Emeritus Missouri Botanical Garden St. Louis, Missouri

Ginger A. Rebstock, Ph.D. Research Scientist Department of Biology University of Washington Seattle, Washington

Fred M. Rhoades, Ph.D. Mycological Association of America Bellingham, Washington

George Robinson, Ph.D. Associate Professor State University at Albany, SUNY Albany, New York

Gordon G.C.Robinson, Ph.D. Professor Department of Biological Sciences University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Canada

Diana Bizecki Robson, Ph.D. Curator of Botany Winnipeg, Canada

Daniel D. Roby, Ph.D.
Professor of Wildlife Ecology
Oregon State University
Corvallis, Oregon

Rémy Rochette, PhD Professor and Chair, Biology Department University of New Brunswick Saint John, Canada

Javier A. Rodriguez, Ph.D. Associate Professor University of Nevada, Las Vegas Las Vegas, Nevada

Christopher M. Rogers Ph.D.
Professor
Avian Biology Laboratory
Research Director, WSU Field Station
Department of Biological Sciences
Wichita State University
Wichita, Kansas

Tom Rooney, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Department of Biological Sciences
Wright State University
Dayton, Ohio

Terry L. Root, Ph.D.
Senior Fellow and University Professor
Stanford University
Stanford, California

Jon Rosales, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
St. Lawrence University
Canton, New York

John L. Rosenfeld, Ph.D. Professor of Geology, Emeritus University of California, Los Angeles Los Angeles, California

Martha Ruben, M.D., Ph.D. Biomedical Consultant, Biomedical Writer, Editor, and Translator Ottawa, Canada Shawn Rummel, Ph.D.
Field and Research Coordinator
Trout Unlimited
Abandoned Mine Program
Lock Haven, Pennsylvania

Daniel Ruzzante, Ph.D. Professor, Department of Biology Dalhousie University Halifax, Canada

John Phillip Ryan, Ph.D.
Senior Research Specialist
Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute
Moss Landing, California

Koen Sabbe, Ph.D.
Lab Protistology & Aquatic Ecology
Department of Biology
Ghent University
Ghent, Belgium

Carl Safina, Ph.D.
Founding President, Blue Ocean Institute,
School of Marine and Atmospheric Sciences
and Center for Communicating Science
Stony Brook University
Stony Brook, New York

Eric Sager, Ph.D. Ecological Restoration Program Fleming College/Trent University

Anne Salomon, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor
Hakai Network for Coastal People,
Ecosystems and Management
Burnaby, Canada

Robin S. Salter, Ph.D. Associate Professor Oberlin College Oberlin, Ohio James Saracco, Ph.D. Research Ecologist
The Institute for Bird Populations
Point Reyes Station, California

Paul Schaeffer, Ph.D. Assistant Professor Miami University Oxford, Ohio

Joseph R. Schiller, Ph.D. Professor Clarksville, Tennessee

Daniel Schindler, Ph.D. Professor University of Washington Seattle, Washington

David Schindler, Ph.D.
Professor of Ecology, Department of
Biological Sciences
University of Alberta
Edmonton, Alberta

James A. Schmid, Ph.D.
President
Schmid & Co. Consulting Ecologists
Media, Pennsylvania

Fiona K. A. Schmiegelow, Ph.D.
Professor
Director of Northern Environmental
and Conservation Sciences
University of Alberta
Whitehorse, Canada

Karl B. Schneider Research and Management Coordinator Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game, retired Fritz Creek, Alaska Stephan Schoech, Ph.D. Professor of Biology University of Memphis Memphis, Tennessee

John W. Schoen, Ph.D. Wildlife Ecologist, retired Anchorage, Alaska

Stanley Senner, M.S.
Director of Conservation Science
Ocean Conservancy
Portland, Oregon

Maria Servedio, Ph.D. Associate Professor The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

William M. Shields, Ph.D.
Professor of Biology
Director of the Honors Program
College of Environmental Science
and Forestry
State University of New York
Syracuse, New York

Professor Dave Shutler, Ph.D. Biology, Acadia University Wolfville, Canada

Melanie A. Smith Landscape Ecologist Audubon Alaska Anchorage, Alaska

Winston P. Smith, Ph.D. Principal Research Scientist University of Alaska-Fairbanks Fairbanks, Alaska Michael Sorenson, Ph.D. Professor of Biology Boston University Boston, Massachusetts

Wayne D. Spencer, Ph.D.
Director of Conservation Assessment
Conservation Biology Institute
San Diego, California

Robert B. Spies, Ph.D. Little River, California

Stephen Spotte, Ph.D. Mote Marine Laboratory Sarasota, Florida

Jack A. Stanford, Ph.D.
Bierman Professor of Ecology
Flathead Lake Biological Station
University of Montana
Polson, Montana

Peter Stettenheim, Ph.D. Retired Lebanon, New Hampshire

Glenn R. Stewart, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus of Biological Sciences
California State Poly University, Pomona
La Verne, California

Christopher Still, Ph.D. Associate Professor Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon

Allan M. Strong, Ph.D. Associate Dean University of Vermont Burlington, Vermont Thomas T. Struhsaker, Ph.D. Duke University Durham, North Carolina

Roger Suffling, Ph.D. Adjunct Professor The School of Planning University of Waterloo Waterloo, Canada

Iain Suthers,Ph.D.
Professor, School of Biological, Earth and
Environmental Sciences,
and Sydney Institute of Marine Science
University of New South Wales
Sydney, Australia

Michael C. Swift, Ph.D. Assistant Professor St. Olaf College Northfield, Minnesota

Dennis D. Takahashi Kelso, Ph.D. Santa Cruz, California

Eric J. Taylor, Ph.D Supervisory Wildlife Biologist Anchorage, Alaska

Michael Tedengren, Ph.D. Associate Professor, Systems Ecology Stockholm University, Sweden

Stanley A. Temple, Ph.D.
Beers-Bascom Professor Emeritus in
Conservation
University of Wisconsin
Madison, Wisconsin

John W. Terborgh, Ph.D.
Research Professor
Nicholas School of the Environment
and Earth Sciences
Duke University
Durham, North Carolina

Paul F. Torrence, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Northern Arizona University Williams, Oregon

Gene R. Trapp, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus of Biological Sciences
California State University
Sacramento, California

Charles Trick, Ph.D.
Professor
Beryl Ivey Chair for Ecosystem Health
Western University
London, Canada

Vicki Tripoli, Ph.D. Ashland, Oregon

James W. Valentine, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus of Integrative Biology
University of California
Berkeley, California

Henk van der Werff, Ph.D. Deputy Director of Research Missouri Botanical Garden St. Louis, Missouri

Sandra Vehrencamp, Ph.D.
Professor Emerita
Department of Neurobiology and Behavior
and Lab of Ornithology
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York

Elie Verleyen, Ph.D. Ghent University Ghent, Belgium

Ross A. Virginia, Ph.D.

Myers Family Professor of Environmental
Science
Director, Institute of Arctic Studies
Dartmouth College
Hanover, New Hampshire

Frank von Hippel, Ph.D. Professor of Biological Sciences University of Alaska Anchorage, Alaska

Donald M. Waller, Ph.D. Professor of Botany and Chair University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin

Stuart Warter, Ph.D.
Professor Emeritus of Biology
California State University. Long Beach
Long Beach, California

Gerald J. Wasserburg, Ph.D. MacArthur Professor Emeritus Florence, Oregon

Vicki Watson, Ph.D.
Professor of Environmental Studies
University of Montana
Missoula, Montana

Bryan D. Watts, Ph.D.
Mitchell A. Byrd Professor of Conservation
Biology
Director, Center for Conservation Biology
College of William and Mary
Virginia Commonwealth University
Williamsburg, Virginia

Marcelo Weksler, Ph.D. Professor Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Hartwell H. Welsh, Jr., Ph.D. Research Wildlife Biologist USDA /USFS Pacific SW Research Station Arcata, California

Kenneth R. Whitten, M.Sc. Fairbanks, Alaska

Sue Wick, Ph.D.
Professor of Plant Biology
University of Minnesota
St. Paul, Minnesota

Ryan Wilson, Ph.D. Wildlife Ecologist The Wilderness Society Anchorage, Alaska

Shaye Wolf, Ph.D. Ecologist Kensington, California George M. Woodwell, Ph.D. Woods Hole, Massachusetts

Boris Worm, Ph.D. Professor Dalhousie University Halifax, Nova Scotia

Yoram Yom-Tov, Ph.D. Professor Emeritus Tel Aviv University Tel Aviv Israel

Anna Milena Zivian, Ph.D. Senior Manager, MSP Ocean Conservancy Washington, DC

Roman Zurek, Ph.D.
Assoc. Professor, Institute of Nature
Conservation
Polish Academy of Science
Kraków, Poland