(Original Signature of Member)

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To provide for a coordinated Federal research initiative to ensure continued United States leadership in engineering biology.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Engineering Biology
- 5 Research and Development Act of 2019".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress makes the following findings:

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(1) Cellular and molecular processes may be
 used, mimicked, or redesigned to develop new prod ucts, processes, and systems that improve societal
 well-being, strengthen national security, and con tribute to the economy.

6 (2) Engineering biology relies on a workforce
7 with a diverse and unique set of skills combining the
8 biological, physical, chemical, and information
9 sciences and engineering.

10 (3) Long-term research and development is nec11 essary to create breakthroughs in engineering biol12 ogy. Such research and development requires govern13 ment investment as many of the benefits are too dis14 tant or uncertain for industry to support alone.

(4) Research is necessary to inform evidencebased governance of engineering biology and to support the growth of the engineering biology industry.

18 (5) The Federal Government can play an im-19 portant role by facilitating the development of tools 20 and technologies to further advance engineering biol-21 ogy, including user facilities, by facilitating public-22 private partnerships, by supporting risk research, 23 and by facilitating the commercial application in the 24 United States of research funded by the Federal 25 Government.

1 (5) The United States led the development of 2 the science and engineering techniques that created 3 the field of engineering biology, but due to increas-4 ing international competition, the United States is 5 at risk of losing its competitive advantage if does not 6 invest the necessary resources and have a national 7 strategy.

8 (6) A National Engineering Biology Initiative 9 can serve to establish new research directions and 10 technology goals, improve interagency coordination 11 and planning processes, drive technology transfer to 12 the private sector, and help ensure optimal returns 13 on the Federal investment.

14 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

15 In this Act:

16 (1) BIOMANUFACTURING.—The term "bio17 manufacturing" means the utilization of biological
18 systems to develop new and advance existing prod19 ucts, tools, and processes at commercial scale.

20 (2) ENGINEERING BIOLOGY.—The term "engi21 neering biology" means the application of engineer22 ing design principles and practices to biological sys23 tems, including molecular and cellular systems, to
24 advance fundamental understanding of complex nat-

ural systems and to enable novel functions and capa bilities.

3 (3) INITIATIVE.—The term "Initiative" means
4 the National Engineering Biology Research and De5 velopment Initiative established under section 4.

6 (4) OMICS.—The term "omics" refers to the
7 collective technologies used to explore the roles, rela8 tionships, and actions of the various types of mol9 ecules that make up the cells of an organism.

10 SEC. 4. NATIONAL ENGINEERING BIOLOGY RESEARCH AND 11 DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President, acting through the
Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall implement
a National Engineering Biology Research and Development Initiative to advance societal well-being, national security, sustainability, and economic productivity and competitiveness through—

(1) advancing areas of research at the intersection of the biological, physical, chemical, and information sciences and engineering to accelerate scientific understanding and technological innovation in
engineering biology;

23 (2) advancing areas of biomanufacturing re24 search to optimize, standardize, scale, and deliver
25 new products and solutions;

(3) supporting social and behavioral sciences
 and economics research that advances the field of
 engineering biology and contributes to the develop ment and public understanding of new products,
 processes, and technologies;
 (4) supporting risk research, including under
 subsection (d);

8 (5) supporting the development of novel tools
9 and technologies to accelerate scientific under10 standing and technological innovation in engineering
11 biology;

(6) expanding the number of researchers, educators, and students with engineering biology training, including from traditionally underserved populations;

16 (7) accelerating the translation and commer17 cialization of engineering biology research and devel18 opment by the private sector; and

(8) improving the interagency planning and coordination of Federal Government activities related
to engineering biology.

(b) INITIATIVE ACTIVITIES.—The activities of theInitiative shall include—

24 (1) sustained support for engineering biology25 research and development through—

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1 (A) grants to individual investigators and 2 teams of investigators, including interdiscipli-3 nary teams;

(B) projects funded under joint solicitations by a collaboration of no fewer than two agencies participating in the Initiative; and

7 (C) interdisciplinary research centers that
8 are organized to investigate basic research
9 questions, carry out technology development
10 and demonstration activities, and increase un11 derstanding of how to scale up engineering biol12 ogy processes, including biomanufacturing;

13 (2) sustained support for databases and related
14 tools, including—

(A) support for curated genomics,
epigenomics, and all other relevant omics databases, including plant and microbial databases,
that are available to researchers to carry out
engineering biology research;

20 (B) development of standards for such
21 databases, including for curation, interoper22 ability, and protection of privacy and security;
23 and

24 (C) support for the development of com-25 putational tools, including artificial intelligence

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tools, that can accelerate research and innovation using such databases; and

3 (D) an inventory and assessment of all 4 Federal government omics databases to identify 5 opportunities for consolidation and inform in-6 vestment in such databases as critical infra-7 structure for the engineering biology research 8 enterprise;

9 (3) sustained support for the development, opti-10 mization, and validation of novel tools and tech-11 nologies to enable the dynamic study of molecular 12 processes in situ, including through grants to inves-13 tigators at institutions of higher education and other 14 nonprofit research institutions, and through the 15 Small Business Innovation Research Program and the Small Business Technology Transfer Program, 16 17 as described in section 9 of the Small Business Act 18 (15 U.S.C. 638);

(4) education and training of undergraduate
and graduate students in engineering biology, in biomanufacturing, in bioprocess engineering, and in
areas of computational science applied to engineering biology;

1	(5) activities to develop robust mechanisms for
2	tracking and quantifying the outputs and economic
3	benefits of engineering biology; and
4	(6) activities to accelerate the translation and
5	commercialization of new products, processes, and
6	technologies by—
7	(A) identifying precompetitive research op-
8	portunities;
9	(B) facilitating public-private partnerships
10	in engineering biology research and develop-
11	ment;
12	(C) connecting researchers, graduate stu-
13	dents, and postdoctoral fellows with entrepre-
14	neurship education and training opportunities;
15	and
16	(D) supporting proof of concept activities
17	and the formation of startup companies includ-
18	ing through programs such as the Small Busi-
19	ness Innovation Research Program and the
20	Small Business Technology Transfer Program.
21	(c) EXPANDING PARTICIPATION.—The Initiative
22	shall include, to the maximum extent practicable, outreach
23	to primarily undergraduate and minority-serving institu-
24	tions about Initiative opportunities, and shall encourage
25	the development of research collaborations between re-

search-intensive universities and primarily undergraduate
 and minority-serving institutions.

3 (d) ETHICAL, LEGAL, ENVIRONMENTAL, SAFETY,
4 SECURITY, AND SOCIETAL ISSUES.—Initiative activities
5 shall take into account ethical, legal, environmental, safe6 ty, security, and other appropriate societal issues by—

7 (1) supporting research, including in the social 8 sciences, and other activities addressing ethical, 9 legal, environmental, and other appropriate societal 10 issues related to engineering biology, including inte-11 grating research on such topics with the research 12 and development in engineering biology, and ensur-13 ing that the results of such research are widely dis-14 seminated, including through interdisciplinary engi-15 neering biology research centers described in sub-16 section (b)(1);

17 (2) supporting research and other activities re18 lated to the safety and security implications of engi19 neering biology, including outreach to increase
20 awareness among federally-funded researchers at in21 stitutions of higher education about potential safety
22 and security implications of engineering biology re23 search, as appropriate;

24 (3) ensuring that input from Federal and non-25 Federal experts on the ethical, legal, environmental,

security, and other appropriate societal issues re lated to engineering biology is integrated into the
 Initiative; and

4 (4) ensuring, through the agencies and depart-5 ments that participate in the Initiative, that public 6 input and outreach are integrated into the Initiative 7 by the convening of regular and ongoing public dis-8 cussions through mechanisms such as workshops, 9 consensus conferences, and educational events, as 10 appropriate.

11 SEC. 5. INITIATIVE COORDINATION.

12 (a) INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.—The President, act-13 ing through the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall designate an interagency committee to coordinate en-14 15 gineering biology, which shall be co-chaired by the Office of Science and Technology Policy, and include representa-16 tives from the National Science Foundation, the Depart-17 ment of Energy, the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-18 19 ministration, the National Institute of Standards and 20 Technology, the Environmental Protection Agency, the 21 Department of Agriculture, the National Institutes of 22 Health, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, and any other 23 agency that the President considers appropriate (in this section referred to as the "interagency committee"). The 24 Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy 25

shall select an additional co-chairperson from among the
 members of the Interagency Committee. The Interagency
 Committee shall oversee the planning, management, and
 coordination of the Initiative. The Interagency Committee
 shall—

- 6 (1) provide for interagency coordination of Fed7 eral engineering biology research, development, and
 8 other activities undertaken pursuant to the Initia9 tive;
- 10 (2) establish and periodically update goals and11 priorities for the Initiative;
- (3) develop, not later than 12 months after the
 date of enactment of this Act, and update every 3
 years, a strategic plan that—
- 15 (A) guides the activities of the Initiative
 16 for purposes of meeting the goals and priorities
 17 established under (and updated pursuant to)
 18 paragraph (2); and
- 19 (B) describes—
- 20 (i) the Initiative's support for long21 term funding for interdisciplinary engineer22 ing biology research and development;
 23 (ii) the Initiative's support for edu
 - cation and public outreach activities;

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1	(iii) the Initiative's support for re-
2	search and other activities on ethical, legal,
3	environmental, safety, security, and other
4	appropriate societal issues related to engi-
5	neering biology;
6	(iv) how the Initiative will move re-
7	sults out of the laboratory and into appli-
8	cation for the benefit of society and United
9	States competitiveness; and
10	(v) how the Initiative will measure
11	and track the contributions of engineering
12	biology to United States economic growth
13	and other societal indicators;
14	(4) develop a national genomic sequencing
15	strategy to ensure engineering biology research fully
16	leverages plant, animal, and microbe biodiversity to
17	enhance long-term innovation and competitiveness in
18	engineering biology in the United States;
19	(5) propose an annually coordinated interagency
20	budget for the Initiative that is intended to ensure—
21	(A) the maintenance of a robust engineer-
22	ing biology research and development portfolio;
23	and

(B) that the balance of funding across the
 Initiative is sufficient to meet the goals and pri orities established for the Program;

4 (6) develop a plan to utilize Federal programs,
5 such as the Small Business Innovation Research
6 Program and the Small Business Technology Trans7 fer Program as described in section 9 of the Small
8 Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638), in support of the ac9 tivities described in section 4(b)(3); and

(7) in carrying out this section, take into consideration the recommendations of the advisory committee established under section 6, the results of the
workshop convened under section 7, existing reports
on related topics, and the views of academic, State,
industry, and other appropriate groups.

16 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Beginning with fiscal year 17 2020, not later than 90 days after submission of the Presi-18 dent's annual budget request and each fiscal year there-19 after, the interagency committee shall prepare and submit 20 to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of 21 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-22 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report 23 that includes—

(1) a summarized agency budget in support ofthe Initiative for the fiscal year to which such budg-

et request applies, and for the then current fiscal
 year, including a breakout of spending for each
 agency participating in the Program and for the de velopment and acquisition of any research facilities
 and instrumentation; and

6 (2) an assessment of how Federal agencies are 7 implementing the plan described in subsection 8 (a)(3), and a description of the amount and number of awards made under the Small Business Innova-9 10 tion Research Program and the Small Business 11 Technology Transfer Program (as described in sec-12 tion 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638)) 13 in support of the Initiative.

(c) INITIATIVE STAFFING.—The President shall ensure adequate staffing for the Initiative, including fulltime staff within the Office of Science and Technology
Policy, who shall—

18 (1) provide technical and administrative support
19 to the interagency committee and the advisory com20 mittee established under section 6;

(2) serve as the point of contact on Federal engineering biology activities for government organizations, academia, industry, professional societies,
State governments, interested citizen groups, and

others to exchange technical and programmatic in formation;

3 (3) oversee interagency coordination of the Ini4 tiative, including by encouraging and supporting
5 joint agency solicitation and selection of applications
6 for funding of activities under the Initiative;

7 (4) conduct public outreach, including dissemi8 nation of findings and recommendations of the advi9 sory committee established under section 6, as ap10 propriate; and

(5) promote access to, and early application of,
the technologies, innovations, and expertise derived
from Initiative activities to agency missions and systems across the Federal Government, and to United
States industry, including startup companies.

16 SEC. 6. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President, acting through the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall designate 18 19 or establish an advisory committee on engineering biology research and development (in this section referred to as 20 21 the "advisory committee") to be composed of not fewer 22 than 12 members, including representatives of research 23 and academic institutions, industry, and nongovernmental 24 entities, who are qualified to provide advice on the Initia-25 tive.

(b) ASSESSMENT.—The advisory committee shall as sess—

3 (1) the current state of United States competi4 tiveness in engineering biology, including the scope
5 and scale of United States investments in engineer6 ing biology research and development in the inter7 national context;

8 (2) current market barriers to commercializa9 tion of engineering biology products, processes, and
10 tools in the United States;

11 (3) progress made in implementing the Initia-12 tive;

13 (4) the need to revise the Initiative;

14 (5) the balance of activities and funding across15 the Initiative;

16 (6) whether the strategic plan developed or up17 dated by the interagency committee established
18 under section 5 is helping to maintain United States
19 leadership in engineering biology;

20 (7) the management, coordination, implementa-21 tion, and activities of the Initiative; and

(8) whether ethical, legal, environmental, safety,
security, and other appropriate societal issues are
adequately addressed by the Initiative.

(c) REPORTS.—Beginning not later than 2 years
 after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less fre quently than once every 3 years thereafter, the advisory
 committee shall submit to the President, the Committee
 on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep resentatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
 and Transportation of the Senate, a report on—

8 (1) the findings of the advisory committee's as-9 sessment under subsection (b); and

10 (2) the advisory committee's recommendations11 for ways to improve the Initiative.

(d) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—Section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Advisory
Committee.

16 SEC. 7. EXTERNAL REVIEW OF ETHICAL, LEGAL, ENVIRON-

MENTAL, AND SOCIETAL ISSUES.

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(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Na-

20 tional Science Foundation shall enter into an agreement 21 with the National Academies to convene a workshop to 22 review the ethical, legal, environmental, and other appro-23 priate societal issues related to engineering biology re-24 search and development. The goals of the workshop shall 25 be to(1) assess the current research on such issues;
 (2) evaluate the research gaps relating to such
 issues; and

4 (3) provide recommendations on how the Initia5 tive can address the research needs identified.

6 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2 years 7 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of 8 the National Science Foundation shall transmit to the 9 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-10 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a sum-11 12 mary report containing the findings of the workshop convened under this section. 13

14 SEC. 8. AGENCY ACTIVITIES.

(a) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—As part ofthe Initiative, the National Science Foundation shall—

17 (1) support basic research in engineering biol18 ogy through individual grants and through inter19 disciplinary research centers;

20 (2) support research on the environmental,
21 legal, and social implications of engineering biology;

(3) provide support for research instrumentation for engineering biology disciplines, including
support for research, development, optimization and

1	validation of novel technologies to enable the dy-
2	namic study of molecular processes in situ; and
3	(4) award grants, on a competitive basis, to en-
4	able institutions to support graduate students and
5	postdoctoral fellows who perform some of their engi-
6	neering biology research in an industry setting.
7	(b) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—As part of the
8	Initiative, the Director of the National Institute of Stand-
9	ards and Technology shall—
10	(1) establish a bioscience research program to
11	advance the development of standard reference ma-
12	terials and measurements and to create new data
13	tools, techniques, and processes necessary to advance
14	engineering biology and biomanufacturing;
15	(2) provide access to user facilities with ad-
16	vanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and
17	other resources to industry, institutions of higher
18	education, nonprofit organizations, and government
19	agencies to perform research and testing; and
20	(3) provide technical expertise to inform the po-
21	tential development of guidelines or safeguards for
22	new products, processes, and systems of engineering
23	biology.
24	(c) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.—As part of the Ini-
25	tiative, the Secretary of Energy shall—

1 (1) conduct and support basic research, devel-2 opment, demonstration, and commercial application 3 activities in engineering biology, including in the 4 areas of synthetic biology, advanced biofuel develop-5 ment, biobased materials, and environmental remedi-6 ation;

7 (2) support the development, optimization and
8 validation of novel, scalable tools and technologies to
9 enable the dynamic study of molecular processes in
10 situ; and

(3) provide access to user facilities with advanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and
other resources, as appropriate, to industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations,
and government agencies to perform research and
testing.

17 (d) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINIS18 TRATION.—As part of the Initiative, the National Aero19 nautics and Space Administration shall—

(1) conduct and support basic and applied research in engineering biology, including in synthetic
biology, and related to Earth and space sciences,
aeronautics, space technology, and space exploration
and experimentation, consistent with the priorities

established in the National Academies' decadal sur veys; and

3 (2) award grants, on a competitive basis, that
4 enable institutions to support graduate students and
5 postdoctoral fellows who perform some of their engi6 neering biology research in an industry setting.

7 (e) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.—As
8 part of the Initiative, the Environmental Protection Agen9 cy shall support research on how products, processes, and
10 systems of engineering biology will affect or can protect
11 the environment.