# SUBSTITUTE FOR THE AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 7187 OFFERED BY MS. JACKSON LEE OF TEXAS

Strike the text and insert the following:

# 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Chyna Gibson Stop
- 3 the Transgender Murder Epidemic Act of 2023" or the
- 4 "Chyna Gibson STME Act of 2023".

# 5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) One of the most underreported trends in 8 the LGBTIQA+ community is the alarming rate at
- 9 which members of the gender-nonconforming, gen-
- der-expansive community, and especially transgender
- 11 women of color, are murdered.
- 12 (2) Fatal violence disproportionately affects
- transgender women of color, and the intersections of
- 14 racism, sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia,
- and unchecked access to guns conspire to deprive
- them of employment, housing, health care, and other
- 17 necessities, making them more vulnerable to a cul-
- ture of violence.

1	(3) The Human Rights Campaign reports since
2	2013, over 200 transgender and gender-expansive
3	individuals have been killed in the United States.
4	(4) In 2016, it is estimated that, while the over-
5	all murder rate for the United States was 1 in
6	19,000 per year, the murder rate for Black
7	transgender women was 1 in 2,600, more than 7
8	times as high as that of the general population.
9	(5) In 2018, according to the Human Rights
10	Campaign, 26 transgender people suffered violent
11	deaths in the United States, a majority of them were
12	Black transgender women.
13	(6) In 2019, at least 25 transgender or gender
14	nonconforming people fatally shot or killed by other
15	violent means.
16	(7) In 2020, at least 37 trans and gender non-
17	conforming people were victims of fatal violence.
18	(8) This epidemic of targeted and pervasive
19	murder disproportionately impacts transgender
20	women of color, who comprise approximately 4 in 5
21	of all antitransgender homicides and those numbers
22	do not account for unreported and misreported mur-
23	ders or transgender people who have unexpectedly

died under suspicious circumstances, but whose

24

1	deaths have not been determined to be homicide, re-
2	ports the Human Rights Campaign.
3	(9) Transgender people are a demographic with
4	an elevated risk of becoming victims of violence and
5	discrimination, in fact, it is estimated that trans
6	women are 4.3 times more likely to become homicide
7	victims than all women, reports the Human Rights
8	Campaign.
9	(10) Many transgender women turn to the dan-
10	gerous underground economy of sex work because it
11	has historically been a place where transgender
12	women have been able to make a living and find ac-
13	ceptance in a community of peers.
14	(11) The National Center for Transgender
15	Equality reports that more than 1 in 4 transgender
16	people have faced a bias-driven assault, and rates
17	are higher for trans women and transgender people
18	of color.
19	(12) When transgender students are left unpro-
20	tected from discrimination at all levels of education,
21	it promotes a negative impact on their overall well-
22	being, future economic stability, and employment op-
23	portunities.
24	(13) Members of the Transgender community
25	face considerable financial burdens: common health

1	care practices for trans people, such as hormone re-
2	placement therapy and gender-affirming surgery, are
3	costly, and according to the American Journal of
4	Psychiatry, undergoing gender-affirming surgery
5	often leads to long term mental health benefits, but
6	procedures can cost up to \$75,000.
7	(14) When a transgender person dies, the police
8	reports of their deaths often are inaccurate
9	misgendering them or using incorrect pronouns
10	making it difficult for communities to be informed or
11	a trans woman's death and delay or impede the
12	gathering of accurate data on deaths.
13	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
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14	It is the sense of Congress that—
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14 15	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating
14 15 16	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating factors that lead to the murder of gender-noncon-
14 15 16 17	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating factors that lead to the murder of gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and transgender women
14 15 16 17	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating factors that lead to the murder of gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and transgender women of color in the United States;
114 115 116 117 118	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating factors that lead to the murder of gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and transgender women of color in the United States;  (2) there should be a dissemination of cul-
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) there should be a commitment to combating factors that lead to the murder of gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and transgender women of color in the United States;  (2) there should be a dissemination of culturally-relevant resources that support transgender people and their families and increase awareness of the unique myriad of issues the transgender communication.

1	200 gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and
2	transgender individuals in the United States since
3	2013; and
4	(4) there should be celebration that even in the
5	face of this physical danger, hatred, and discrimina-
6	tion, gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive, and
7	transgender Americans live courageously and over-
8	come unjust barriers in all corners of our country.
9	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT AND DUTIES.
10	(a) Establishment.—To establish a Commission to
11	study and develop proposals to combat the epidemic of the
12	murdering of gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive,
13	and transgender women of color.
14	(b) Duties.—The Commission's documentation and
15	examination shall include the facts related to the fol-
16	lowing:
17	(1) Researching issues gender-nonconforming,
18	gender-expansive, and transgender women of color
19	face, such as—
20	(A) limited access to and avoidance of
21	health care due to stigma and past negative ex-
22	periences with providers, prioritization of gen-
23	der-related health care, and concerns about ad-
24	verse interactions between antiretroviral medi-
25	cations and hormone therapy;

1	(B) the extensive degrading, debasing, and
2	denial of humanity;
3	(C) forms of discrimination in the public
4	and private sectors against gender-noncon-
5	forming, gender-expansive, and transgender
6	women of color that underlie many of the HIV,
7	and poverty-related risk factors frequently re-
8	ported in this population;
9	(D) the Federal and State laws that dis-
10	criminate against the rights of transgender peo-
11	ple;
12	(E) stigma surrounding early trans-iden-
13	tity, which is often rooted in inaccurate beliefs
14	and politically-motivated attacks on transgender
15	identities, this stigma erects barriers in vir-
16	tually every facet of life, denying transgender
17	people the equal opportunity to succeed and be
18	accepted;
19	(F) the treatment of gender-noncon-
20	forming, gender-expansive, and transgender
21	women of color in the United States, including
22	the deprivation of their freedom, exploitation of
23	their labor, and destruction of their culture;
24	(G) exorbitant levels of familial rejection,
25	often from an early age, this rejection takes a

1	devastating toll on individuals often causing iso-
2	lation from physical and emotional resources
3	that are essential to their well-being, in con-
4	trast, research shows that familial acceptance is
5	a protective factor for transgender young people
6	and can contribute to lower rates of depression,
7	anxiety, substance use, HIV acquisition, and
8	suicide attempts;
9	(H) elevated rates of unemployment four
10	times that of the United States general popu-
11	lation, which is due, in part, to limited access
12	to workplaces that are affirming and inclusive,
13	transgender and gender-expansive people are
14	put at greater risk for poverty, homelessness,
15	and involvement with criminalized work;
16	(I) sex-segregated prisons where many
17	transwomen do not have access to trans-com-
18	petent health care, and are usually housed with
19	male inmates, which can lead to violence, sexual
20	assault, and harassment while incarcerated, di-
21	rectly increasing their HIV risk;
22	(J) employment and housing discrimina-
23	tion that leads directly to the need to engage in
24	survival sex work for many who are denied op-
25	portunities for education, job training, and

1	basic social services because of their
2	transgender status, which correlates with in-
3	creased exposure to fatal violence;
4	(K) the intersections of racism, sexism,
5	homophobia, biphobia, transphobia and un-
6	checked access to firearms compound to create
7	a culture of violence that disproportionately im-
8	pacts communities of color;
9	(L) immigration detainees and aid workers
10	have given disturbing reports of individuals
11	being held under inhumane conditions that
12	threaten their physical safety; and
13	(M) misgendering by local police state-
14	ments and media reports, which can delay
15	awareness of deadly incidents.
16	(2) Recommending appropriate ways to educate
17	the public of the Commission's findings.
18	(3) Recommending appropriate remedies in con-
19	sideration of the Commission's findings on the mat-
20	ters described in paragraph (1). In making such rec-
21	ommendations, the Commission shall address among
22	other issues, the following questions:
23	(A) How such recommendations comport
24	with international standards of remedy for
25	wrongs and injuries caused by the State, that

1	include special measures, as understood by var-
2	ious relevant international protocols, laws, and
3	findings.
4	(B) How Federal laws and policies that
5	continue to disproportionately and negatively
6	affect gender-nonconforming, gender-expansive,
7	and transgender women of color as a group,
8	and those that perpetuate the lingering effects,
9	materially and psychosocial, can be eliminated.
10	(C) How the injuries resulting from mat-
11	ters described in paragraph (1) can be reversed
12	and provide appropriate policies, programs,
13	projects, and recommendations for the purpose
14	of reversing the injuries.
15	(D) How, in consideration of the Commis-
16	sion's findings, any other forms of rehabilita-
17	tion or restitution to gender-nonconforming,
18	gender-expansive, and transgender women of
19	color are warranted and what the form and
20	scope of those measures should take.
21	SEC. 5. MEMBERSHIP.
22	(a) Number and Appointment.—The Commission
23	shall be composed of 13 members, who shall be appointed,
24	within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Actt,
25	as follows:

1	(1) All members shall be appointed by the
2	President.
3	(2) 10 members shall be appointed from an
4	LGBTIQA+ community advisory board, of which 5
5	shall be reserved for representatives from African
6	American trans-community and predominantly Afri-
7	can American transgender service organizations that
8	have historically championed the cause of
9	transgender human rights.
10	(b) Organization.—
11	(1) QUALIFICATIONS.—All members of the
12	Commission shall be persons who are specially quali-
13	fied to serve on the Commission by virtue of their
14	education, training, activism, or experience, particu-
15	larly in the field of Transgender studies and human
16	rights.
17	(2) Terms.—The term of office for members
18	shall be for 2.5 years or half of the life of each Com-
19	mission. A vacancy in the Commission shall not af-
20	fect the powers of the Commission and shall be filled
21	in the same manner in which the original appoint-
22	ment was made.
23	(3) First meeting.—The President shall call
24	the first meeting of the Commission within 120 days
25	after the date of the enactment of this Act or within

1 30 days after the date on which legislation is en-2 acted making appropriations to carry out this Act, whichever date is later. 3 4 (4) Quorum.—Seven members of the Commis-5 sion shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number 6 may hold hearings. 7 (5) CHAIR AND VICE CHAIR.—The Commission 8 shall elect a Chair and Vice-Chair from among its 9 members. The term of office of each shall be for the 10 life of the Commission. 11 (6) Compensation.—Except as provided in 12 paragraph (7), each member of the Commission 13 shall receive compensation at the daily equivalent of 14 the annual rate of basic pay payable for GS-18 of 15 the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, 16 United States Code, for each day, including travel 17 time, during which he or she is engaged in the ac-18 tual performance of duties vested in the Commis-19 sion. 20 (7) NO ADDITIONAL PAY.—A member of the Commission who is a full-time officer or employee of 21 22 the United States or a Member of Congress shall re-23 ceive no additional pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of his or her service to the Commission. 24

1	(8) Reimbursement.—All members of the
2	Commission shall be reimbursed for travel, subsist-
3	ence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them
4	in the performance of their duties to the extent au-
5	thorized by chapter 57 of title 5, United States
6	Code.
7	SEC. 6. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.
8	(a) Hearings and Sessions.—The Commission
9	may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this
10	Act, hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and
11	at such places in the United States, and request the at-
12	tendance and testimony of such witnesses and the produc-
13	tion of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda,
14	papers, and documents, as the Commission considers ap-
15	propriate. The Commission may invoke the aid of an ap-
16	propriate United States district court to require, by sub-
17	poena or otherwise, such attendance, testimony, or pro-
18	duction.
19	(b) Powers of Subcommittees and Members.—
20	Any subcommittee or member of the Commission may, if
21	authorized by the Commission, take any action which the
22	Commission is authorized to take by this section.
23	(c) Obtaining Official Data.—The Commission
24	may acquire directly from the head of any department,
25	agency, or instrumentality of the executive branch of the

- 1 Government, available information which the Commission
- 2 considers useful in the discharge of its duties. All depart-
- 3 ments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the executive
- 4 branch of the Government shall cooperate with the Com-
- 5 mission with respect to such information and shall furnish
- 6 all information requested by the Commission to the extent
- 7 permitted by law.

# 8 SEC. 7. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- 9 (a) STAFF.—The Commission may appoint and fix
- 10 the compensation of such personnel as the Commission
- 11 considers appropriate.
- 12 (b) Applicability of Certain Civil Service
- 13 Laws.—The staff of the Commission may be appointed
- 14 without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States
- 15 Code, governing appointments in the competitive service,
- 16 and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and
- 17 subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classi-
- 18 fication and General Schedule pay rates, except that the
- 19 compensation of any employee of the Commission may not
- 20 exceed a rate equal to the annual rate of basic pay payable
- 21 for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332
- 22 of title 5, United States Code.
- 23 (c) Experts and Consultants.—The Commission
- 24 may procure the services of experts and consultants in ac-
- 25 cordance with the provisions of section 3109(b) of title 5,

United States Code, but at rates for individuals not to 2 exceed the daily equivalent of the highest rate payable under section 5332 of such title. 3 4 ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT Services.—The Commission may enter into agreements with the Administrator of General Services for procurement of financial 6 and administrative services necessary for the discharge of 8 the duties of the Commission. Payment for such services shall be made by reimbursement from funds of the Commission in such amounts as may be agreed upon by the 10 11 Chairman of the Commission and the Administrator. 12 (e) Contracts.—The Commission may— 13 (1) procure supplies, services, and property by 14 contract in accordance with applicable laws and reg-15 ulations and to the extent or in such amounts as are 16 provided in appropriation acts; and 17 enter into contracts with departments, 18 agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Gov-19 ernment, State agencies, and private firms, institu-20 tions, and agencies, for the conduct of research or 21 surveys, the preparation of reports, and other activi-22 ties necessary for the discharge of the duties of the 23 Commission, to the extent or in such amounts as are 24 provided in appropriation acts.

# 1 SEC. 8. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- 2 The Commission shall submit a written report of its
- 3 findings and recommendations to the Congress not later
- 4 than the date which is 18 months after the date of the
- 5 first meeting of the Commission held pursuant to section
- 6 3.

# 7 SEC. 9. TERMINATION.

- 8 The Commission shall submit a written report of its
- 9 findings and recommendations to the Congress not later
- 10 than the date which is one year after the date of the first
- 11 meeting of the Commission held pursuant to section 3 and
- 12 terminate 90 days after the date on which the Commission
- 13 submits its report to the Congress under section 3.

# 14 SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- To carry out the provisions of this Act, there are au-
- 16 thorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 per year, for a
- 17 period not to exceed 5 years.

