116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2733

To direct the Attorney General to review, revise, and develop law enforcement and justice protocols appropriate to address missing and murdered Indians, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 14, 2019

Mrs. TORRES of California (for herself, Ms. HAALAND, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. GALLEGO, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. GIANFORTE, Mr. COLE, Mr. ARM-STRONG, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. YOUNG, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Ms. BASS, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. MOORE, Mr. RUIZ, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. STANTON, Mr. COOK, and Ms. SEWELL of Alabama) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To direct the Attorney General to review, revise, and develop law enforcement and justice protocols appropriate to address missing and murdered Indians, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as "Savanna's Act".

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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

3 (1) On some reservations, Indian women are
4 murdered at more than 10 times the national aver5 age.

6 (2) American Indians and Alaska Natives are 7 2.5 times as likely to experience violent crimes—and 8 at least 2 times more likely to experience rape or 9 sexual assault crimes—compared to all other races, 10 according to the National Congress of American In-11 dians.

(3) More than 4 in 5 American Indian and
Alaska Native women, or 84.3 percent, have experienced violence in their lifetime, according to the National Institute of Justice.

16 (4) More than 4 in 5 American Indian and
17 Alaska Native men, or 81.6 percent, have experi18 enced violence in their lifetime, according to the Na19 tional Institute of Justice.

20 (5) According to the Centers for Disease Con21 trol and Prevention, homicide is the third leading
22 cause of death among American Indian and Alaska
23 Native women and girls between 10 and 24 years of
24 age and the fifth leading cause of death for Amer25 ican Indian and Alaska Native women between 25
26 and 34 years of age.

1	(6) Investigation into cases of missing and mur-
2	dered Indian women is made difficult for Tribal law
3	enforcement agencies due to a lack of resources,
4	such as—
5	(A) necessary training, equipment, or
6	funding;
7	(B) a lack of interagency cooperation; and
8	(C) a lack of appropriate laws in place.
9	(7) The complicated jurisdictional scheme that
10	exists in Indian country—
11	(A) has a significant negative impact on
12	the ability to provide public safety to Indian
13	communities;
14	(B) has been increasingly exploited by
15	criminals; and
16	(C) requires a high degree of commitment
17	and cooperation among Tribal, Federal, and
18	State law enforcement officials.
19	(8) In states with restrictive land settlement
20	acts such as Maine and Alaska, "Indian country" is
21	limited, resources for local tribal responses either
22	nonexistent or insufficient to meet the needs, and ju-
23	risdiction is unnecessarily complicated and increases
24	the already high levels of victimization of American
25	Indian and Alaska Native women. According to the

1	Indian Law and Order Commission Report, Alaska
2	Native women are over-represented in the domestic
3	violence victim population by 250 percent; they com-
4	prise 19 percent of the state population, but are 47
5	percent of reported rape victims. These issues are
6	further complicated as the Indian Law and Order
7	Commission Report noted that at least 30 percent of
8	villages lack any law enforcement at all.
9	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—
10	(1) to clarify the responsibilities of Federal,
11	State, Tribal, and local governments and law en-
12	forcement agencies with respect to responding to
13	cases of missing and murdered Indians;
14	(2) to increase coordination and communication
15	among Federal, State, Tribal, and local law enforce-
16	ment agencies, including medical examiner and cor-
17	oner offices;
18	(3) to empower Tribal governments with the re-
19	sources and information necessary to effectively re-
20	spond to cases of missing and murdered Indians, in-
21	cluding Tribes located in any State known as a
22	"PL-280 State"; and
23	(4) to increase the collection of data related to
24	missing and murdered Indian men, women, and chil-
25	dren and the sharing of information among Federal,

State, and Tribal officials responsible for responding
 to and investigating cases of missing and murdered
 Indians by clarifying and correcting limitation in the
 Federal database.

5 SEC. 3. IMPROVING TRIBAL ACCESS TO DATABASES.

6 (a) TRIBAL ENROLLMENT INFORMATION.—The At-7 torney General shall provide training to law enforcement 8 agencies regarding how to record the Tribal enrollment in-9 formation or affiliation, as appropriate, of a victim in Fed-10 eral databases.

11 (b) CONSULTATION.—

(1) INITIAL CONSULTATION.—Not later than
13 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
14 Attorney General, in cooperation with the Secretary
15 of the Interior, shall complete a formal consultation
16 with Indian Tribes on how to further improve Tribal
17 data relevance and access to databases.

(2) ANNUAL CONSULTATION.—Section 903(b)
of the Violence Against Women and Department of
Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (34 U.S.C.
20126) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2) and insert-ing the following:

24 "(2) enhancing the safety of Indian women25 from domestic violence, dating violence, obstruction

1 of justice, sexual assault, homicide, stalking, and sex 2 trafficking;"; (B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-3 riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and 4 5 (C) by adding at the end the following: "(4) improving access to local, regional, State, 6 7 and Federal crime information databases and crimi-8 nal justice information systems.". 9 (c) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General 10 11 shall-12 (1) develop and implement a dissemination 13 strategy to notify the public of the National Missing 14 and Unidentified Persons System; and 15 (2) conduct specific outreach to Indian Tribes 16 regarding the ability to publicly enter information, 17 through the National Missing and Unidentified Per-18 sons System or other non-law enforcement sensitive 19 portal, regarding missing persons, which may in-20 clude family members and other known acquaint-21 ances. 22 SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR RESPONDING TO CASES OF MISS-23 ING AND MURDERED INDIANS. 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the

25 date on which the consultation described in section

902(c)(1) is completed, the Attorney General shall direct
 United States attorneys to develop regionally appropriate
 guidelines to respond to cases of missing and murdered
 Indians that shall include—

5 (1) guidelines on inter-jurisdictional cooperation
6 among law enforcement agencies at the Tribal, Fed7 eral, State, and local levels, including inter-jurisdic8 tional enforcement of protection orders and detailing
9 specific responsibilities of each law enforcement
10 agency;

(2) best practices in conducting searches formissing persons on Indian lands;

13 (3) standards on the collection, reporting, and 14 analysis of data and information on missing persons 15 and unidentified human remains, and information on 16 culturally appropriate identification and handling of 17 human remains identified as Indian, including guid-18 ance stating that all appropriate information related 19 to missing and murdered Indians be entered in a 20 timely manner into applicable databases;

(4) guidance on which law enforcement agency
is responsible for inputting information into appropriate databases under paragraph (3) if the Tribal
law enforcement agency does not have access to
those appropriate databases;

1	(5) guidelines on improving law enforcement
2	agency response rates and follow-up responses to
3	cases of missing and murdered Indians on and off
4	Indian lands;
5	(6) guidelines on ensuring access to culturally
6	appropriate victim services for victims and their
7	families; and
8	(7) guidelines on improving law enforcement
9	agency communication with families of victims to en-
10	sure timely notification and dissemination of appro-
11	priate information in the cases of missing and mur-
12	dered Indians on and off Tribal lands.
13	(b) CONSULTATION.—United States attorney shall
14	develop the guidelines required under subsection (a) in
15	consultation with Indian Tribes and other partners, in-
16	cluding—
17	(1) the Department of Justice;
18	(2) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
19	(3) the Department of the Interior;
20	(4) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
21	(5) Tribal, State, and local law enforcement
22	agencies;
23	(6) medical examiners;
24	(7) coroners;

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1	(8) Tribal, State, and local organizations that
2	provide victim services; and
3	(9) national or regional tribal organizations
4	with relevant expertise.
5	(c) COMPLIANCE.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the United States
8	attorneys shall incorporate the guidelines developed
9	under subsection (a) into existing policies and proce-
10	dures, and implement such guidelines.
11	(2) Modification.—Each Federal law enforce-
12	ment agency shall modify the guidelines, policies,
13	and protocols of the agency to incorporate the guide-
14	lines developed under subsection (a).
15	(3) DETERMINATION.—Not later than the end
16	of each fiscal year beginning after the date the
17	guidelines are established under this section and in-
18	corporated under this subsection, the Attorney Gen-
19	eral shall determine whether each Tribal, State, and
20	local law enforcement agency has incorporated
21	guidelines into their respective guidelines, policies,
22	and protocols, and any barriers the agency reported
23	in collecting and providing the information.
24	(4) Accountability.—Not later than 30 days

25 after compliance determinations are made each fiscal

year in accordance with paragraph (3), the Attorney
General shall—
(A) disclose and publish, including on the
website of the Department of Justice, the name
of each Tribal, State, or local law enforcement
agency that the Attorney General has deter-
mined has incorporated guidelines in accord-
ance with paragraph (3);
(B) if a law enforcement agency described
in subparagraph (A) subsequently receives a de-

ceives a determination of compliance in accordance with paragraph (3), the Attorney General shall—

(i) immediately correct the applicable 13 record; and 14

15 (ii) not later than 3 days after the determination, add the record to the website 16 17 of the Department of Justice and any 18 other location where the record was pub-19 lished; and

20 (C) collect guidelines of each agency into a resource of examples and best practices that 21 22 can be used by other law enforcement agencies 23 seeking to create and implement such guide-24 lines.

25 (d) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—

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1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
2	use the National Indian Country Training Initiative
3	to provide training and technical assistance to In-
4	dian Tribes and law enforcement agencies on—
5	(A) implementing the guidelines developed
6	under subsection (a) or developing and imple-
7	menting locally specific guidelines or protocols
8	for responding to cases of missing and mur-
9	dered Indians; and
10	(B) using the National Missing and Un-
11	identified Persons System and accessing pro-
12	gram services that will assist Indian Tribes
13	with responding to cases of missing and mur-
14	dered Indians.
15	(2) EXCEPTION.—the Attorney General may
16	provide the training described in paragraph (1)
17	through local state law enforcement academies if—
18	(A) the Attorney General determines that
19	the such academies will provide trainings that
20	meet the same standards and utilize the cur-
21	riculum as trainings provided by the National
22	Indian Country Training Initiative; and
23	(B) that relevant state, tribal, and local
24	law enforcement agencies have consented to the
25	training being provided by such academies,

1	rather than the National Indian Country Train-
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	ing Initiative.
3	SEC. 5. IMPLEMENTATION AND INCENTIVES.
4	(a) Implementation.—
5	(1) GRANTS TO IMPROVE THE CRIMINAL JUS-
6	TICE RESPONSE.—Section 2101(b) of part U of title
7	I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
8	Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. $10461(b)$), as amended by
9	this Act, is further amended by adding at the end
10	the following:
11	((26) To develop, strengthen, and implement
12	policies, protocols, and training for law enforcement
13	regarding cases of missing and murdered Indians, as
14	described in section 4 of Savanna's Act.
15	((27) To compile and annually report data to
16	the Attorney General related to missing and mur-
17	dered Indians, as described in section 6 of Savanna's
18	Act.".
19	(2) GRANTS TO INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERN-
20	MENTS.—Section 2015(a) of part T of title I of the
21	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
22	1968 (34 U.S.C. 10452(a)) is amended—
23	(A) in paragraph (9), by striking "and" at
24	the end;

1	(B) in paragraph (10), by striking the pe-
2	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(11) to develop, strengthen, and implement
5	policies, protocols, and training for law enforcement
6	regarding cases of missing and murdered Indians, as
7	described in section 4 of Savanna's Act; and
8	"(12) to compile and annually report data to
9	the Attorney General related to missing and mur-
10	dered Indians, as described in section 6 of Savanna's
11	Act.".
12	(b) Incentives.—
13	(1) Guidelines.—For law enforcement agen-
14	cies that the Attorney General determines to have
15	incorporated guidelines in accordance with section 4,
16	the Attorney General shall increase the amount pro-
17	vided to that government through the grants under
18	parts T and U of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
19	trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 and by no more
20	than five percent for two years following the finding
21	of compliance.
22	(2) Data reporting.—For law enforcement
23	agencies that the Attorney General has determined
24	submitted the information requested under para-
25	graph (1) for the fiscal year in which the report was

published, the Attorney General shall increase the
amount provided to that government through grants
under parts T and U of title I of the Omnibus
Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 by no
more than five percent over the previous year for not
more than 2 fiscal years after the determination
under this paragraph.

8 SEC. 6. ADDITIONAL ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

9 (a) ANNUAL REPORTING.—Beginning in the first fis-10 cal year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attor-11 ney General shall include in its annual Indian Country In-12 vestigations and Prosecutions report to Congress informa-13 tion that—

14 (1) includes known statistics on missing Indians
15 in the United States, available to the Department of
16 Justice, including—

- 17 (A) age;
- 18 (B) gender;

19 (C) Tribal enrollment information or affili-20 ation, if available;

21 (D) the current number of open cases per22 State;

23 (E) the total number of closed cases per
24 State each calendar year, from the most recent
25 10 calendar years; and

1	(F) other relevant information the Attor-
2	ney General determines is appropriate;
3	(2) includes known statistics on murdered Indi-
4	ans in the United States, available to the Depart-
5	ment of Justice, including—
6	(A) age;
7	(B) gender;
8	(C) Tribal enrollment information or affili-
9	ation, if available;
10	(D) the current number of open cases per
11	State;
12	(E) the total number of closed cases per
13	State each calendar year, from the most recent
14	10 calendar years; and
15	(F) other relevant information the Attor-
16	ney General determines is appropriate;
17	(3) maintains victim privacy to the greatest ex-
18	tent possible by excluding information that can be
19	used on its own or with other information to iden-
20	tify, contact, or locate a single person, or to identify
21	an individual in context; and
22	(4) includes—
23	(A) an explanation of why the statistics de-
24	scribed in paragraph (1) may not be com-
25	prehensive; and

1 (B) recommendations on how data collec-2 tion on missing and murdered Indians may be 3 improved, including by addressing cross-juris-4 dictional barriers at the State, local, and tribal 5 law enforcement level.

6 (b) COMPLIANCE.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning in the first fiscal 8 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and an-9 nually thereafter, for the purpose of compiling accu-10 rate data for the annual report required under sub-11 section (a), the Attorney General shall request all 12 Tribal, State, and local law enforcement agencies to 13 submit to the Department of Justice, to the fullest 14 extent possible, all relevant information collected by 15 the agency, as determined by the Attorney General 16 in consultation with Indian Tribes.

17 (2) DISCLOSURE.—The Attorney General shall 18 disclose and publish annually, including on the 19 website of the Department of Justice, the name of 20 each Tribal, State, or local law enforcement agency 21 that the Attorney General has determined has sub-22 mitted the information requested under paragraph 23 (1) for the fiscal year in which the report was pub-24 lished.

1	(c) Inclusion of Gender in Missing and Un-
2	IDENTIFIED PERSONS STATISTICS.—Beginning in the
3	first calendar year after the date of enactment of this Act,
4	and annually thereafter, the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
5	tion shall include gender in its annual statistics on missing
6	and unidentified persons published on its public website.
7	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this Act:
9	(1) DATABASES.—The term "databases"
10	means—
11	(A) the National Crime Information Center
12	database;
13	(B) the Combined DNA Index System;
14	(C) the Next Generation Identification
15	System; and
16	(D) any other database relevant to re-
17	sponding to cases of missing and murdered In-
18	dians, including that under the Violent Criminal
19	Apprehension Program and the National Miss-
20	ing and Unidentified Persons System.
21	(2) INDIAN.—The term "Indian" means a
22	member of an Indian Tribe.
23	(3) INDIAN COUNTRY.—The term "Indian coun-
24	try" has the meaning given the term in section 1151
25	of title 18, United States Code.

(4) INDIAN LAND.—The term "Indian land" 1 2 means Indian lands, as defined in section 3 of the 3 Native American Business Development, Trade Promotion, and Tourism Act of 2000 (25 U.S.C. 4302). 4 (5) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe" 5 has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in 6 section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-7 8 cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304). 9 (6) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.—The term "law enforcement agency" means a Tribal, Federal, 10

11 State, or local law enforcement agency.

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