

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 6814

To require the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere to assess certain offshore oil and gas platforms and pipelines for potential use as artificial reefs, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 14, 2023

Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana (for himself and Mr. VEASEY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

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## A BILL

To require the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere to assess certain offshore oil and gas platforms and pipelines for potential use as artificial reefs, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*

2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Marine Fisheries Habi-

5       tat Protection Act”.

1   **SEC. 2. USE OF CERTAIN OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS PLAT-**  
2                 **FORMS AND PIPELINES FOR ARTIFICIAL**  
3                 **REEFS.**

4         (a) NATIONAL FISHING ENHANCEMENT ACT OF  
5     1984.—The National Fishing Enhancement Act of 1984  
6     (33 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.) is amended—

7                     (1) by amending section 206 (33 U.S.C. 2105)  
8     to read as follows:

9     **“SEC. 206. DEFINITIONS.**

10    “In this title:

11                 “(1) ARTIFICIAL REEF.—The term ‘artificial  
12     reef’ means a structure which is constructed or  
13     placed in waters covered under this title for the pur-  
14     pose of enhancing fishery resources and commercial  
15     and recreational fishing opportunities.

16                 “(2) DECOMMISSIONING.—The term ‘decommis-  
17     sioning’ mean ending oil, gas, or sulphur operations  
18     on an offshore lease, right-of-way, or right-of-use  
19     and easement and returning the area subject to such  
20     lease, right-of-way, or right-of-use and easement to  
21     a condition that complies with applicable law, includ-  
22     ing by removing caissons and idle structures.

23                 “(3) ESTABLISHED REEF ECOSYSTEM.—The  
24     term ‘established reef ecosystem’ means an area  
25     with identified reef-associated species, including spe-

1       cies of corals, crustaceans, or fish that are managed  
2       under—

3               “(A) a fishery management plan of the  
4               National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-  
5               tion; or

6               “(B) a State management plan for reef-as-  
7               sociated species.

8               “(4) IDLE STRUCTURE.—The term ‘idle struc-  
9               ture’ means—

10               “(A) an oil or gas pipeline, and associated  
11               equipment and infrastructure, that the Sec-  
12               retary of the Interior has determined is no  
13               longer useful for operations; and

14               “(B) an offshore oil and gas platform or  
15               similar structure, and associated equipment and  
16               infrastructure, that is no longer useful for oper-  
17               ations, as determined by the Secretary of the  
18               Interior.

19               “(5) PARTIAL REMOVAL.—The term ‘partial re-  
20               moval’ means—

21               “(A) the severance of the top portion of a  
22               structure at a level appropriate to maintain  
23               navigational safety, as determined by the Sec-  
24               retary of the Interior in consultation with the  
25               Commandant of the Coast Guard; and

1                 “(B) optionally, the placement of the sev-  
2                 ered portion of the structure on the sea floor  
3                 adjacent to the base of the nonsevered portion  
4                 of the structure.

5                 “(6) REEF IN PLACE.—The term ‘reef in place’  
6                 means decommissioning through topple in place or  
7                 partial removal that—

8                 “(A) attempts to maximize habitat for  
9                 benthic and pelagic species throughout the en-  
10                 tirety of the water column; and

11                 “(B) is appropriate to maintain nava-  
12                 gational safety.

13                 “(7) STATE.—The term ‘State’ means a State  
14                 of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puer-  
15                 to Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, American  
16                 Samoa, Guam, Johnston Island, Midway Island, and  
17                 Wake Island.

18                 “(8) TOPPLE IN PLACE.—The term ‘topple in  
19                 place’ means detaching a structure from the seabed  
20                 and toppling the structure onto its side on the sea-  
21                 bed in the same area where the structure was origi-  
22                 nally attached.

23                 “(9) WATERS COVERED UNDER THIS TITLE.—  
24                 The term ‘waters covered under this title’ means the  
25                 navigable waters of the United States and the

1       waters superjacent to the Outer Continental Shelf as  
2       defined in section 2 of the Outer Continental Shelf  
3       Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331), to the extent such  
4       waters exist in or are adjacent to any State.”; and  
5                     (2) by amending section 207 to read as follows:

6       **“SEC. 207. REEF IN PLACE.**

7       “(a) REEF IN PLACE.—

8                     “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years  
9       after the date on which a lessee, right-of-way holder,  
10      or owner of an idle structure files a notice of intent  
11      under section 5(k)(4) of the Outer Continental Shelf  
12      Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1334(k)(4)) with respect to  
13      the idle structure, such lessee, right-of-way holder,  
14      or owner may reef in place the idle structure if the  
15      Secretary of the Interior determines—

16                     “(A) the idle structure is sound and se-  
17      cure; and

18                     “(B) the lessee, right-of-way holder, or  
19      owner has, with respect to the idle structure—

20                     “(i) removed all hydrocarbons and  
21      other hazardous liquids;

22                     “(ii) if required by law or regulation,  
23      installed identifying markers to protect  
24      and aid navigation;

1                         “(iii) no outstanding responsibility or  
2                         liability; and

3                         “(iv) transferred, or has an agreement  
4                         to transfer, liability to a Federal or State  
5                         agency.

6                 “(2) DESIGNATION OF REEF PLANNING  
7                 AREAS.—The Administrator of the National Oceanic  
8                 and Atmospheric Administration—

9                         “(A) may designate the immediate vicinity  
10                         of an idle structure that is reefed in place under  
11                         paragraph (1) as a reef planning area pursuant  
12                         to the National Artificial Reef Plan published  
13                         under section 204; and

14                         “(B) upon the request of the head of a  
15                         State program to convert idle structures into  
16                         artificial reefs, may designate the immediate vi-  
17                         cinity of an idle structure that is reefed in place  
18                         under such program as a reef planning area  
19                         pursuant to the National Artificial Reef Plan  
20                         published under section 204.

21                 “(3) FAILURE TO REEF IN PLACE.—Notwith-  
22                         standing section 5(k)(4) of the Outer Continental  
23                         Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1334(k)(4)), if a lessee,  
24                         right-of-way holder, or owner of an idle structure  
25                         does not reef in place the idle structure within the

1 time period described in paragraph (1) for the idle  
2 structure, such lessee, right-of-way holder, or owner  
3 shall resume decommissioning the idle structure pur-  
4 suant to the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43  
5 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.) through means other than  
6 reefing in place.

7 “(b) STATE PROGRAMS.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that has a pro-  
9 gram to convert idle structures into artificial reefs  
10 may enter into an agreement with any appropriate  
11 entity to assume responsibility and liability for an  
12 idle structure located in waters covered under this  
13 title in exchange for an amount of funds that—

14 “(A) is determined by the State; and

15 “(B) does not exceed 50 percent of the  
16 amount required to remove the idle structure,  
17 as determined by the appropriate entity and ap-  
18 proved by the State, unless the appropriate en-  
19 tity consents to a greater amount.

20 “(2) LIABILITY.—Upon acceptance by a State  
21 of an idle structure into a State program described  
22 in paragraph (1)—

23 “(A) the appropriate entity shall have no  
24 responsibility or liability with respect to the idle  
25 structure; and

1                 “(B) the State shall be—

2                         “(i) responsible for the continued  
3                         maintenance of the idle structure, includ-  
4                         ing maintaining any identifying markers  
5                         installed to protect and aid navigation; and  
6                         “(ii) exclusively responsible and liable  
7                         for the idle structure.

8                 “(3) USE OF STATE FUNDS.—Funds received  
9                 by a State under paragraph (1) may be used by the  
10                 State for costs associated with—

11                 “(A) respect to the idle structure—

12                         “(i) liability coverage;  
13                         “(ii) maintenance and upkeep; and  
14                         “(iii) the installation and operation of  
15                         passive technologies on the idle structure  
16                         to monitor the health and size of the corals  
17                         and fish stocks that use the idle structure  
18                         as a habitat;

19                 “(B) coastal restoration projects; and

20                 “(C) coastal enhancement projects.

21                 “(c) ASSESSMENT.—

22                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the  
23                 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration  
24                 shall conduct an assessment of each idle structure,  
25                 which shall, with respect to each idle structure—

1               “(A) include an assessment of—

2                     “(i) the localized corals and fish spe-  
3                     cies that use the idle structure as a habi-  
4                     tat; and

5                     “(ii) the economic impacts of reefing  
6                     in place, including a comparison of the  
7                     benefits afforded by reef-associated species  
8                     if the idle structure is reefed in place with  
9                     the costs of lost fishing opportunity if the  
10                   idle structure is removed; and

11               “(B) determine whether there is an estab-  
12               lished reef ecosystem on, under, or in the imme-  
13               diate vicinity of the idle structure.

14               “(2) DETERMINATION CONDUCTED BY OTHER  
15               PARTY.—

16               “(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the request of a  
17               lessee, right-of-way holder, or owner of an idle  
18               structure, the Administrator of the National  
19               Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall  
20               enter into an agreement with such lessee, right-  
21               of-way holder, or owner under which, subject to  
22               the approval of the Administrator under sub-  
23               paragraph (B), such lessee, right-of-way holder,  
24               or owner—

1                         “(i) makes, or enters into an agree-  
2                         ment with another party (including a  
3                         State) for that party to make, the deter-  
4                         mination described in paragraph (1)(B) for  
5                         the idle structure; and

6                         “(ii) submits such determination to  
7                         the Administrator.

8                         “(B) REVIEW OF DETERMINATION.—Not  
9                         later than 90 days after receipt of a determina-  
10                         tion under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Adminis-  
11                         trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric  
12                         Administration shall review and—

13                         “(i) approve the determination; or

14                         “(ii) reject the determination and pro-  
15                         vide the party that submitted the deter-  
16                         mination with a description of the changes,  
17                         including specific action items, to the re-  
18                         jected determination that are necessary for  
19                         the Administrator to approve the rejected  
20                         determination.

21                         “(C) DEFAULT TREATMENT.—If the Ad-  
22                         ministrator of the National Oceanic and Atmos-  
23                         pheric Administration does not approve or re-  
24                         ject a determination received under subpara-  
25                         graph (A)(ii) within the period described in sub-

1           paragraph (B), such determination shall be  
2           treated as if it was approved by the Adminis-  
3           trator under subparagraph (B)(i).

4           “(3) OFFSHORE INFRASTRUCTURE DASHBOARD  
5           INFORMATION.—Upon the request of the Adminis-  
6           trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-  
7           ministration or a lessee, right-of-way holder, or  
8           owner of an idle structure, the Secretary of the Inter-  
9           ior shall submit to the requesting party information  
10          from the Offshore Infrastructure Dashboard estab-  
11          lished under section 2(c) of the Marine Fisheries  
12          Habitat Protection Act that is relevant to the com-  
13          pletion of an assessment or determination for an idle  
14          structure under paragraph (1) or (2), respectively.

15           “(4) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the  
16          date of the enactment of this subsection, and annu-  
17          ally thereafter, the Administrator of the National  
18          Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall sub-  
19          mit to the Secretary of the Interior a report regard-  
20          ing each assessment conducted and determination  
21          approved under paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively,  
22          which shall include an identification of and map  
23          each idle structure that supports an established reef  
24          ecosystem, as determined under paragraph (1)(B) or  
25          subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (2).”.

1       (b) OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LANDS ACT.—Sec-  
2 tion 5 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43  
3 U.S.C. 1334) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
4 lowing:

5       “(k) ARTIFICIAL REEFS.—

6       “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

7           “(A) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term ‘Admin-  
8 istrator’ means the Under Secretary of Com-  
9 merce for Oceans and Atmosphere in the Under  
10 Secretary’s capacity as Administrator of the  
11 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-  
12 tion.

13           “(B) DECOMMISSIONING.—The term ‘de-  
14 commissioning’ means ending oil, gas, or sul-  
15 phur operations on an offshore lease, right-of-  
16 way, or right-of-use and easement and return-  
17 ing the area subject to such lease, right-of-way,  
18 or right-of-use and easement to a condition that  
19 complies with applicable law, including by re-  
20 moving caissons and idle structures.

21           “(C) ESTABLISHED REEF ECOSYSTEM.—  
22 The term ‘established reef ecosystem’ means an  
23 area with identified reef-associated species, in-  
24 cluding species of corals, crustaceans, or fish  
25 that are managed under—

1                 “(i) a fishery management plan of the  
2                 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-  
3                 istration; or

4                 “(ii) a State management plan for  
5                 reef-associated species.

6                 “(D) IDLE STRUCTURE.—The term ‘idle  
7                 structure’ means—

8                 “(i) an oil or gas pipeline, and associ-  
9                 ated equipment and infrastructure, that  
10                 the Secretary of the Interior has deter-  
11                 mined is no longer useful for operations;  
12                 and

13                 “(ii) an offshore oil and gas platform  
14                 or similar structure, and associated equip-  
15                 ment and infrastructure, that is no longer  
16                 useful for operations, as determined by the  
17                 Secretary of the Interior.

18                 “(E) PARTIAL REMOVAL.—The term ‘par-  
19                 tial removal’ means—

20                 “(i) the severance of the top portion  
21                 of a structure at a level appropriate to  
22                 maintain navigational safety, as deter-  
23                 mined by the Secretary of the Interior in  
24                 consultation with the Commandant of the  
25                 Coast Guard; and

1                     “(ii) optionally, the placement of the  
2                     severed portion of the structure on the sea  
3                     floor adjacent to the base of the nonsev-  
4                     ered portion of the structure.

5                     “(F) PROGRAM.—The term ‘Program’  
6                     means the artificial reef program authorized  
7                     under the National Fishing Enhancement Act  
8                     of 1984 (33 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.).

9                     “(G) REEF IN PLACE.—The term ‘reef in  
10                     place’ means decommissioning through topple in  
11                     place or partial removal that—

12                     “(i) attempts to maximize habitat for  
13                     benthic and pelagic species throughout the  
14                     entirety of the water column; and

15                     “(ii) is appropriate to maintain navi-  
16                     gational safety.

17                     “(H) TOPPLE IN PLACE.—The term ‘top-  
18                     ple in place’ means detaching a structure from  
19                     the seabed and toppling the structure onto its  
20                     side on the seabed in the same area where the  
21                     structure was originally attached.

22                     “(2) PROHIBITION ON REMOVAL.—

23                     “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the  
24                     Interior may not require a lessee, right-of-way  
25                     holder, or owner of an idle structure to remove

1           the idle structure until the date on which the  
2           Administrator submits a report under section  
3           207(c)(4) of the National Fishing Enhancement  
4           Act of 1984 with respect to such idle structure.

5           “(B)   EXCEPTION.—Subparagraph   (A)  
6           does not apply with respect to an idle structure  
7           that the Secretary of the Interior determines  
8           poses a substantial threat to—

9                 “(i) navigational safety; or  
10                 “(ii) the marine environment.

11           “(3) SUSPENSION OF REMOVAL.—If, during or  
12           as the result of an assessment conducted or deter-  
13           mination approved under paragraph (1) or (2) of  
14           section 207(c) of the National Fishing Enhancement  
15           Act of 1984, respectively, the Administrator deter-  
16           mines that there is an established reef ecosystem on,  
17           under, or in the immediate vicinity of an idle struc-  
18           ture, the removal of the idle structure shall be sus-  
19           pended until the date on which the Secretary of the  
20           Interior, in consultation with the Administrator, de-  
21           termines whether—

22                 “(A) the continued presence of the idle  
23                 structure would benefit the marine environment  
24                 on, under, or in the immediate vicinity of the

1           idle structure as a habitat for fish, mollusks, or  
2           corals or other marine life;

3           “(B) the removal of the idle structure  
4           would harm—

5                 “(i) the established reef ecosystem; or  
6                 “(ii) be otherwise detrimental to the  
7                 biodiversity of the marine environment on,  
8                 under, or in the immediate vicinity of the  
9                 idle structure;

10           “(C) each oil and gas well associated with  
11           the idle structure has been temporarily aban-  
12           doned through zonal isolation, permanently  
13           plugged and abandoned, or otherwise secured  
14           and each involved pipeline has been flushed of  
15           all hydrocarbons and filled with seawater; and

16           “(D) the idle structure poses no risk to the  
17           marine environment on, under, or in the imme-  
18           diate vicinity of the idle structure.

19           “(4) EXEMPTION FROM REMOVAL.—If the Sec-  
20           retary of the Interior, in consultation with the Ad-  
21           ministrator, makes an affirmative determination  
22           under paragraph (3), the Secretary of the Interior  
23           may not require a lessee, right-of-way holder, or  
24           owner of an idle structure to remove the idle struc-

1       ture associated with such determination if the lessee,  
2       right-of-way holder, or owner—

3               “(A) files a notice of intent with the Bu-  
4       reau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement  
5       and the United States Army Corps of Engi-  
6       neers in which the lessee, right-of-way holder,  
7       or owner commits to entering the idle structure  
8       in the Program;

9               “(B) initiates discussions with a wildlife  
10      and fisheries agency or other regulatory author-  
11      ity of the State of which the extended seaward  
12      boundary through the exclusive economic zone  
13      includes the idle structure regarding potential  
14      sites for the artificial reef, pursuant to the no-  
15      tice of intent filed by the lessee, right-of-way  
16      holder, or owner under subparagraph (A);

17               “(C) not later than 2 years after the date  
18      the lessee, right-of-way holder, or owner files a  
19      notice of intent under subparagraph (A)—

20                       “(i) permanently plugs, abandons, se-  
21      cures, and seals each well associated with  
22      the idle structure; and

23                       “(ii) flushes each involved pipeline of  
24      all hydrocarbons and fills each such pipe-  
25      line with seawater; and

1                 “(D) agrees to accept all liability with re-  
2                 spect to the idle structure until—

3                     “(i) the idle structure is reefed in  
4                 place under section 207(a) of the National  
5                 Fishing Enhancement Act of 1984; and

6                     “(ii) the lessee, right-of-way holder, or  
7                 owner has transferred liability for the idle  
8                 structure to a Federal or State agency.”.

9                 (c) OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS PLATFORMS AND PIPE-  
10 LINES DATABASE.—The Secretary of the Interior, acting  
11 through the Director of the Bureau of Safety and Envi-  
12 ronmental Enforcement, shall create and maintain an Off-  
13 shore Infrastructure Dashboard for the Gulf of Mexico re-  
14 gion that shall—

15                     (1) be updated not less frequently than every 6  
16 months;

17                     (2) be made available to the public; and

18                     (3) contain information regarding the decom-  
19 missioning of oil and gas platforms and pipelines  
20 and the potential of such oil and gas platforms and  
21 pipelines for reef in place (as defined in section  
22 5(k)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act  
23 (43 U.S.C. 1334(k)(1)), as added by this section) in-  
24 cluding—

- 1                             (A) the number of oil and gas platforms in  
2                             the Gulf of Mexico region;
- 3                             (B) the number and approximate location  
4                             of each oil and gas platform that—  
5                                 (i) is eligible for decommissioning pur-  
6                             suant to the Outer Continental Shelf  
7                             Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.); and  
8                                 (ii) has an approved decommissioning  
9                             plan and a planned disposition pursuant to  
10                            such Act, including—  
11                                 (I) if the oil and gas platform  
12                             will be entered into the artificial reef  
13                             program authorized under the Na-  
14                             tional Fishing Enhancement Act of  
15                             1984 (33 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.) (re-  
16                             ferred to in this section as the “Pro-  
17                             gram”);  
18                                 (II) if the oil and gas platform  
19                             will not be entered into the Program,  
20                             a reason for not doing so; and  
21                                 (III) each oil and gas platform  
22                             granted an exemption from removal  
23                             under section 5(k)(4) of the Outer  
24                             Continental Shelf Lands Act (43

1                   U.S.C. 1334(k)(4)), as added by this  
2                   section; and

3                   (C) the length in miles and approximate lo-  
4                   cation of each—

5                         (i) section of oil and gas pipeline that  
6                         is eligible for decommissioning pursuant to  
7                         the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43  
8                         U.S.C. 1301 et seq.); and

9                         (ii) oil and gas pipeline with an ap-  
10                         proved decommissioning plan pursuant to  
11                         such Act.

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