



*Approximate Chiricahua Apache Reservation Boundaries: est. 1872.*

Chiricahua Reservation established by United States in 1872 under Chief Cochise - included what is now Chiricahua National Monument - and then canceled by President Grant in 1876 for mining purposes.

Credit: Jim Gressinger, Southern Arizona Guide



Picture of Naiche, the final hereditary chief of the Chiricahua Apache, and his wife Ha-o-Zinne. Chief Naiche was Chief Cochise's youngest son. His home was the land where Chiricahua National Monument is currently located.

Credit: Chiricahua National Monument, National Park Service



Picture of Chiricahua Apaches imprisoned at Fort Bowie, established to fight Chief Cochise and the Chiricahuas.

Credit: National Archives, Department of Defense