AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 4503

OFFERED BY MR. WESTERMAN OF ARKANSAS

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "ePermit Act".
- 3 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 4 The Congress finds that—
- 5 (1) coordination between Federal, State, and local agencies and project sponsors is critical to en-6 7 suring the timely and effective completion of environmental reviews and authorizations, including 8 9 through the sharing of relevant information, align-10 ment of environmental review timelines, and integra-11 tion of authorizations, while maintaining compliance 12 with applicable statutory and regulatory require-13 ments;
 - (2) digital strategies for environmental reviews have proven to make the community engagement process more accessible, available, and transparent to all stakeholders, especially the communities in which new projects are built:

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1	(3) establishing robust data architectures will
2	ensure data integrity, improve transparency, reduce
3	costs, and enhance the ability of the Federal Govern-
4	ment to serve the public;
5	(4) Federal agency use of modern software that
6	can track the full lifecycle of environmental reviews
7	and authorizations is critical for—
8	(A) effective project management and
9	process improvement;
10	(B) enabling workflow automation, trans-
11	parency, and tracking; and
12	(C) simplifying reporting requirements;
13	(5) modern business process management sys-
14	tems that track Federal agency workflows and
15	produce vendor neutral, interoperable event, task,
16	and other milestone data that can be shared with
17	other Federal agency systems can reduce costs and
18	improve performance for Federal agencies respon-
19	sible for environmental reviews and authorizations;
20	(6) case and project management systems—
21	(A) are essential tools for managing the
22	tasks and activities associated with environ-
23	mental reviews and authorizations; and

1	(B) provide Federal agencies more data
2	and insight into such environmental reviews
3	and authorizations;
4	(7) well-defined business rules can enable proc-
5	ess automation that allows Federal agencies respon-
6	sible for environmental reviews or authorizations to
7	expedite routine tasks and workflows, and improve
8	transparency and accuracy of project timeline esti-
9	mates, which in turn can help project sponsors bet-
10	ter plan for application preparation and project de-
11	livery milestones;
12	(8) taking a standardized, digital-first perspec-
13	tive to environmental reviews and authorizations at
14	Federal agencies responsible for environmental re-
15	views or authorizations will improve document qual-
16	ity, lead to more concise reports, enable the reuse
17	and accessibility of the data underpinning Federa
18	agency analyses and decisions, and enable objective
19	technology-assisted evaluation of environmental im-
20	pacts, analysis, and documentation, and accelerate
21	future environmental reviews and authorizations;
22	(9) Federal agencies responsible for environ-
23	mental reviews or authorizations, project sponsors
24	and the public should have access to up-to-date in-

1	formation on accurate timelines and the status of
2	environmental reviews and authorizations; and
3	(10) allowing for seamless information exchange
4	among Federal agencies and between Federal agen-
5	cies and project sponsors will increase predictability
6	and efficiency of environmental review and author-
7	ization schedules for project sponsors.
8	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF DATA STANDARDS.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than 60 days after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Chair of the Council
11	on Environmental Quality, in consultation with the Fed-
12	eral Permitting Improvement Steering Council, the Chief
13	Information Officers Council, the Office of Management
14	and Budget, and other relevant stakeholders and Federal
15	agencies, shall develop, publish, and iteratively update
16	data standards for the collection and curation of author-
17	ization data by Federal agencies, which shall be used to—
18	(1) assist with environmental reviews and au-
19	thorizations;
20	(2) organize, define, and standardize various
21	concepts, formats, and protocols that are included in
22	environmental reviews and authorizations; and
23	(3) reduce the need for redundant environ-
24	mental reviews by creating a shared vocabulary and
25	software systems that will support vendor neutrality,

1	data interoperability, workflow automation, and
2	automatic data exchange between Federal agencies.
3	(b) Inclusions.—The data standards developed,
4	published, and iteratively updated under subsection (a)
5	shall include the following:
6	(1) A standardized taxonomy that allows Fed-
7	eral agencies to identify and track data types, rela-
8	tionships, and values.
9	(2) Comprehensive categories for data, such
10	as—
11	(A) projects;
12	(B) processes;
13	(C) environmental documents;
14	(D) public comments;
15	(E) geospatial information;
16	(F) public engagement events, as applica-
17	ble by process or Federal agency;
18	(G) case events; and
19	(H) milestones to ensure clarity and uni-
20	formity.
21	SEC. 4. DEVELOPMENT OF PROTOTYPE TOOLS.
22	The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality,
23	in consultation with the Administrator of General Serv-
24	ices, the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Coun-
25	cil, the Chief Information Officers Council, the Director

1	of the Office of Management and Budget, and other rel-
2	evant stakeholders and Federal agencies, shall design
3	test, and build prototype tools for environmental reviews
4	and authorizations that will assist Federal agencies in im-
5	plementing the minimum functional requirements de-
6	scribed in section 5. The Chair of the Council on Environ-
7	mental Quality shall prioritize designing, testing, and
8	building tools under this section that—
9	(1) support authorization case or project man-
10	agement systems that manage tasks, milestones, and
11	activities associated with environmental reviews and
12	authorizations, and provide Federal agencies more
13	data and insight into such reviews and authoriza-
14	tions;
15	(2) enable—
16	(A) application submission and tracking
17	portals used by project sponsors, enabling
18	greater transparency; and
19	(B) public comment opportunity tracking
20	portals to increase transparency;
21	(3) facilitate automated applications, environ-
22	mental reviews. and authorizations;
23	(4) allow data exchange between Federal agen-
24	cy systems; and
25	(5) accelerate complex environmental reviews.

1	SEC. 5. PUBLICATION OF GUIDANCE FOR IMPLEMENTA-
2	TION OF DATA STANDARDS AND MINIMUM
3	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
4	(a) Publication.—Not later than 120 days after the
5	date of enactment of this Act, the Chair of the Council
6	on Environmental Quality shall publish guidance for how
7	each Federal agency responsible for environmental reviews
8	or authorizations implements—
9	(1) the data standards published under section
10	3; and
11	(2) the following minimum functional require-
12	ments:
13	(A) Application data sharing that enables
14	automated transfer of relevant environmental
15	review and authorization data among Federal
16	agencies.
17	(B) Automated project screening to assist
18	frontline staff with reviewing project sponsor
19	provided information for completeness and ac-
20	curacy and determining if a categorical exclu-
21	sion or other general authorization applies to an
22	action. Automated project screening may not be
23	used by the Council on Environmental Quality
24	or a Federal agency to unlawfully restrict any
25	activities on Federal lands.

1	(C) Public availability of screening criteria
2	and related decision models.
3	(D) Automated case or project manage-
4	ment tools which include a repository of rel-
5	evant data and metadata that enable advanced
6	tracking, reporting, and optimization to aid
7	workflows.
8	(E) Integrated geographic information sys-
9	tem analysis tools which incorporate geospatial
10	data layers and models for each resource ana-
11	lyzed as part of an environmental review or au-
12	thorization for a given study area.
13	(F) Document management tools that pre-
14	serve metadata associated with geospatial anal-
15	ysis, modeling, and other analytic processes
16	conducted during an environmental review or
17	authorization, to support future reviews and en-
18	able Artificial Intelligence-assisted analysis of
19	past decisions.
20	(G) Automated comment compilation and
21	analysis tools, including services for comment
22	categorization and response that handle the
23	lifecycle of comment submission, analysis, cat-
24	egorization and response with Artificial Intel-
25	ligence support where appropriate.

1	(H) Administrative record management
2	tools that maintain both portable document for-
3	mats and data-rich repositories accessible to
4	both machine and human users.
5	(I) Common or interoperable Federal agen-
6	cy services that integrate shared services,
7	shared applications, and common user experi-
8	ences for Federal agency staff, project sponsors,
9	and the public.
10	(b) Inclusions.—The guidance published under this
11	section shall include the following:
12	(1) Guidelines for cloud-based storage, data
13	sharing protocols, and application programming
14	interfaces to enable the Council on Environmental
15	Quality to work with Federal agencies to use author-
16	ization data to aid Federal agencies in modernizing
17	their environmental reviews and authorizations and
18	for iterative development of the authorization portal.
19	(2) Provisions that support scalability and
20	adaptability of the minimum requirements to emerg-
21	ing technologies.

1	SEC. 6. IMPLEMENTATION OF DATA STANDARDS AND MIN-
2	IMUM FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
3	(a) Implementation.—The head of each Federal
4	agency responsible for environmental reviews or authoriza-
5	tions shall—
6	(1) not later than 90 days after the date of en-
7	actment of this Act—
8	(A) compare existing Federal agency sys-
9	tems for environmental reviews and authoriza-
10	tions under their authority with the data stand-
11	ards published under section 3 and the min-
12	imum functional requirements described in sec-
13	tion 5(a)(2) and report findings from such com-
14	parison to the Council on Environmental Qual-
15	ity;
16	(B) assess whether existing Federal agency
17	technological capabilities are consistent with the
18	data standards published under section 3 and
19	the minimum functional requirements described
20	in section $5(a)(2)$;
21	(C) submit to the Council on Environ-
22	mental Quality a report that estimates the com-
23	pletion dates for implementing the data stand-
24	ards published under section 3 and the min-
25	imum functional requirements described in sec-
26	tion $5(a)(2)$; and

1	(D) submit to the Council on Environ-
2	mental Quality, in consultation with the Council
3	on Environmental Quality, an implementation
4	plan that—
5	(i) describes how the Federal agency
6	will implement the data standards pub-
7	lished under section 3 and the minimum
8	functional requirements described in sec-
9	tion $5(a)(2)$; and
10	(ii) describes how, to the extent the
11	Federal agency determines necessary to
12	meet relevant statutory requirements, the
13	Federal agency will adopt or implement
14	the prototype tools tested, designed, and
15	built under section 4; and
16	(2) not later than 180 days after the date of
17	enactment of this Act, begin implementing the data
18	standards published under section 3 and the min-
19	imum functional requirements described in section
20	5(a)(2).
21	(b) Report.—Not less frequently than twice each
22	year, the Chief Information Officer of each Federal agen-
23	cy, in consultation with the Chief Environmental Review
24	and Permitting Officer of each Federal agency, shall sub-
25	mit to the Council on Environmental Quality and the Di-

1	rector of the Office of Management and Budget a report
2	on the progress of the Federal agency towards meeting
3	the requirements of subsection (a).
4	SEC. 7. UNIFIED INTERAGENCY DATA SYSTEM.
5	(a) In General.—
6	(1) Unified interagency data system.—To
7	the maximum extent practicable, the Chair of the
8	Council of Environmental Quality and the head of
9	each Federal agency responsible for environmental
10	reviews or authorizations shall iteratively develop
11	and maintain a unified interagency data system con-
12	sisting of interconnected Federal agency systems
13	and shared services for environmental reviews and
14	authorizations.
15	(2) Authorization Portal.—
16	(A) In general.—The shared services de-
17	veloped and maintained under paragraph (1)
18	shall include a common interactive, digital,
19	cloud-based authorization portal, which shall—
20	(i) be designed in a manner consistent
21	with—
22	(I) the recommendations of the
23	Council on Environmental Quality in-
24	cluded in the study submitted pursu-
25	ant to section 110 of the National En-

1	vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
2	U.S.C. 4336d) titled "Council on En-
3	vironmental Quality Report to Con-
4	gress on the Potential for Online and
5	Digital Technologies to Address
6	Delays in Reviews and Improve Public
7	Accessibility and Transparency under
8	42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)"; and
9	(II) the minimum functional re-
10	quirements described in section
11	5(a)(2);
12	(ii) serve as a platform for tracking
13	and displaying real-time data on environ-
14	mental reviews and authorizations made
15	available through application programming
16	interfaces or other reporting mechanisms
17	from Federal agency systems that are com-
18	pliant with the data standards and data
19	architecture described in this Act;
20	(iii) be supported by a decentralized,
21	cross-network digital infrastructure soft-
22	ware that ensures vendor neutrality and
23	interoperability of data and models across
24	Federal agencies;

1	(iv) include a mechanism for the dis-
2	semination of relevant information (such
3	as a notice of intent for public comment,
4	public meetings, project statuses, or a no-
5	tice of intent to begin an environmental re-
6	view) to local communities, as applicable;
7	(v) allow a project sponsor to submit
8	all necessary documentation for environ-
9	mental reviews and authorizations in one
10	unified and secure portal;
11	(vi) support interactive, digital, and
12	cloud-based tools enabling applicants to
13	edit documents and collaborate with rel-
14	evant Federal agencies in real time;
15	(vii) support visual features, including
16	video, animation, geographic information
17	system displays, interactive maps, and
18	three-dimensional renderings;
19	(viii) provide for the exchange of in-
20	formation to and from Federal agency data
21	systems via an application programming
22	interface or another reporting mechanisms;
23	(ix) allow for the submission of
24	geospatial data associated with project lo-
25	cation, footprint, and impact;

1	(x) support automatic documentation
2	of submission and process timelines; and
3	(xi) allow the following metrics to be
4	tracked over time—
5	(I) estimates of achieved effi-
6	ciencies, such as reductions in the
7	time between receipt of applications
8	and final authorization decisions;
9	(II) comparisons of authorization
10	timelines before and after the imple-
11	mentation of this Act;
12	(III) usage of the authorization
13	portal and other statistics from the
14	Digital Analytics Program;
15	(IV) metrics on the number of
16	public comments received, responses
17	provided, and community meetings
18	held;
19	(V) the number of projects sub-
20	ject to litigation based on authoriza-
21	tion deficiencies or inefficiencies;
22	(VI) a list of Federal agencies
23	that are not yet fully compliant with
24	the data standards published under
25	section 3 and the minimum functional

1	requirements described in section
2	5(a)(2), along with their progress to-
3	ward compliance; and
4	(VII) examples or repositories of
5	Federal agency-developed digital
6	workflows enabled by the implementa-
7	tion of this Act, including visualiza-
8	tions of data sharing, authorizations
9	and decision logic, and environmental
10	reviews.
11	(B) Administrative support.—The Ad-
12	ministrator of General Services shall host the
13	authorization portal as a shared service for
14	Congress, Federal agencies, and the public.
15	(C) Accessability.—The authorization
16	portal shall be accessible to Congress, Federal
17	agencies, and the public, with appropriate safe-
18	guards to protect sensitive or classified informa-
19	tion and information restricted by user type as
20	appropriate.
21	(D) Public accessibility.—To the ex-
22	tent practicable and consistent with other law,
23	the authorization portal shall provide public ac-
24	cess to non-sensitive data, including authoriza-

1	tion timelines, location, project type, environ-
2	mental reviews, and mitigation measures.
3	(E) Congressional access and over-
4	SIGHT.—
5	(i) IN GENERAL.—The authorization
6	portal shall provide Congress with direct
7	access to aggregated performance data and
8	other analytics to enable real-time over-
9	sight of Federal agencies.
10	(ii) Artificial intelligence sup-
11	PORT SYSTEMS AND TRAINING MATE-
12	RIALS.—Congress shall have access to the
13	data, fine-tuning procedures, and prompt
14	configurations specifically created or
15	adapted for Artificial Intelligence systems
16	used to support environmental review or
17	authorization activities, excluding propri-
18	etary or general pretraining materials un-
19	related to such agency-specific
20	customization.
21	(iii) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
22	Council on Environmental Quality shall
23	provide to Congress technical assistance
24	upon request to ensure effective use of the

1	authorization portal and Artificial Intel-
2	ligence systems for oversight purposes.
3	(3) Cybersecurity and compliance consid-
4	ERATIONS.—The authorization portal shall be de-
5	signed to promote vendor neutral interoperability,
6	reduce redundancy, and ensure compliance and co-
7	ordination with other laws, including—
8	(A) section 552a of title 5, United States
9	Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act
10	of 1974), and subchapter II of chapter 35 of
11	title 44, United States Code;
12	(B) the Federal Risk and Authorization
13	Management Program established under section
14	3608 of title 44, United States Code; and
15	(C) the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
16	Security Agency of the Department of Home-
17	land Security, for a case in which the project is
18	in coordination with a Federal agency with
19	stringent security requirements.
20	(b) Deadlines.—
21	(1) Shared services pilot.—Not later than
22	one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
23	Council on Environmental Quality shall oversee pi-
24	loting of shared services for environmental reviews

1 and authorizations, including the authorization por-2 tal under subsection (a)(2). 3 (2) Unified system development and im-4 PLEMENTATION.—To the maximum extent practicable, not later than December 1, 2027, the Chair 5 6 of the Council on Environmental Quality shall de-7 velop and implement the unified interagency data 8 system required under subsection (a)(1). 9 (c) Report.—Not less frequently than annually, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, in con-10 sultation with the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council, the Chief Information Officers Council, and 12 other relevant stakeholders and Federal agencies, shall submit to the Committee on Natural Resources of the 14 15 House of Representatives and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate a report on the 16 Council on Environmental Quality's progress on devel-18 oping a unified interagency data system under subsection 19 (a). SEC. 8. AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS. 21 The Council on Environmental Quality may enter into contracts and other arrangements for analyses, serv-23 ices, and products with Federal agencies, private organiza-

tions, and businesses, and make such payments as deter-

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- 1 mined necessary by the Council on Environmental Quality
- 2 to carry out the provisions of this Act.

3 SEC. 9. CLARIFYING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.

- 4 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize
- 5 the Council on Environmental Quality or a Federal agency
- 6 to impose additional regulatory processes or requirements
- 7 beyond those expressly stipulated under the National En-
- 8 vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.)
- 9 or any other law.

10 SEC. 10. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

- To the extent that a data system, technology, or tool
- 12 developed or incorporated into a unified interagency data
- 13 system under this Act is not limited by project type, the
- 14 data system, technology, or tool shall not have its use be
- 15 restricted by project type.

16 SEC. 11. DEFINITIONS.

- 17 In this Act:
- 18 (1) AUTHORIZATION.—The term "authoriza-
- 19 tion" means any license, permit, approval, finding,
- determination, or other administrative decision
- 21 issued by an agency and any interagency consulta-
- 22 tion that is required or authorized under Federal
- law in order to site, construct, reconstruct, or com-
- 24 mence operations of a project administered by a
- 25 Federal agency.

1	(2) AUTHORIZATION DATA.—The term "author-
2	ization data" means—
3	(A) any data relevant for a Federal agency
4	to—
5	(i) determine the effect on the envi-
6	ronment of an action for which an author-
7	ization is required by the Federal agency;
8	and
9	(ii) determine whether to issue such
10	authorization; and
11	(B) any community input or public com-
12	ment on such determinations.
13	(3) Data architecture.—The term "data ar-
14	chitecture" means the design and organization of
15	data systems, including frameworks for data storage,
16	processing, and exchange.
17	(4) Data standards.—The term "data stand-
18	ards" means agreed-upon specifications for data for-
19	mats, structures, and definitions to ensure consist-
20	ency and vendor neutral interoperability.
21	(5) Environmental review.—The term "en-
22	vironmental review" means any Federal agency pro-
23	cedures or processes for—
24	(A) applying a categorical exclusion; or

1	(B) preparing an environmental assess-
2	ment, an environmental impact statement, or
3	another document required under the National
4	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
5	4321 et seq.).
6	(6) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
7	agency" has the meaning given the term "agency"
8	in section 551 of title 5, United States Code.
9	(7) Federal Permitting Improvement
10	STEERING COUNCIL.—The term "Federal Permitting
11	Improvement Steering Council" has the meaning
12	given the term "Council" in section 41001 of the
13	FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m).

