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Amendment to the Amendment in the Nature of A Substitute to the Committee Print Offered by Mr. Bentz of Oregon

Strike subtitle B and insert the following:

Subtitle B—Resilient Federal Forests and Wildfire Prevention

3 SEC. 70201. PROTECTING COMMUNITIES AND ECOSYSTEMS

FROM WILDFIRE, INSECTS, AND DISEASE AND CREATING RESILIENT FORESTS.

6 (a) PROTECTING COMMUNITIES AND ECOSYSTEMS FROM WILDFIRE, INSECTS, AND DISEASE AND CREATING 7 **RESILIENT FORESTS.**—In addition to amounts otherwise 8 9 available, there is appropriated to the Department of the Interior for fiscal year 2022, out of any money in the 10 11 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,500,000,000, to 12 remain available until September 30, 2031, except that no 13 amounts may be expended after September 30, 2031, to 14 improve forest health or reduce wildfire risk on landscapes 15 and communities through—

- 16 (1) thinning, including mechanical thinning;
- 17 (2) prescribed burning;
- 18 (3) timber harvesting;

1	(4) creating new markets for hazardous fuels,
2	including biochar;
3	(5) the creation of fuel and fire breaks;
4	(6) improved fireshed risk mapping, data collec-
5	tion and coordination, and management;
6	(7) the removal of hazard trees or the salvage
7	of timber for the protection of public health or safe-
8	ty, water supply, or public infrastructure;
9	(8) the removal of hazardous fuels through tar-
10	geted grazing; or
11	(9) any combination of purposes described in
12	paragraphs (1) through (8).
13	(b) TRIBAL WILDFIRE PREVENTION.—In addition to
14	amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the
15	Bureau of Indian Affairs for fiscal year 2022, out of any
16	money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,
17	\$2,500,000,000, except that no amounts may be expended
18	after September 30, 2031, to improve forest health or re-
19	duce wildfire risk on landscapes and communities
20	through—
21	(1) thinning, including mechanical thinning;
22	(2) prescribed burning;
23	(3) timber harvesting;
24	(4) creating new markets for hazardous fuels,
25	including biochar;

1	(5) the creation of fuel and fire breaks;
2	(6) improved fireshed risk mapping, data collec-
3	tion and coordination, and management;
4	(7) the removal of hazard trees or the salvage
5	of timber for the protection of public health or safe-
6	ty, water supply, or public infrastructure;
7	(8) the removal of hazardous fuels through tar-
8	geted grazing;
9	(9) cooperative agreements to improve the man-
10	agement of adjacent federal land using Tribal man-
11	agement practices; or
12	(10) any combination of purposes described in
13	paragraphs (1) through (9).
14	(c) Forest Technology Improvements.—In ad-
15	dition to amounts otherwise available, there is appro-
16	priated to the Office of Wildland Fire Management for
17	fiscal year 2022, out of any money in the Treasury not
18	otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000, to remain available
19	until September 30, 2031, except that no amounts may
20	be expended after September 30, 2031, for carrying out
21	a research, development, and testing pilot program to—
22	(1) assess new technologies, including un-
23	manned aircraft system, geospatial, or remote sens-
24	ing technologies, across all reforestation activities;

1 (2) accelerate the deployment and integration of 2 such technologies into the operations of the Secretary of the Interior; 3 4 (3) enhance detection of unauthorized drones 5 near forest fires; and 6 (4) collaborate and cooperate with State, Trib-7 al, and private geospatial information system organi-8 zations with respect to such technologies.

Strike section 70401 and insert the following:

9 SEC. 70401. EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE NEPA IMPLEMEN-10 TATION.

11 In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is 12 appropriated to the Department of the Interior for fiscal 13 year 2022, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise 14 appropriated, \$150,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2031, except that no amounts may be ex-15 16 pended after September 30, 2031, to provide for more efficient and more effective environmental reviews under the 17 National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 through the— 18

19 (1) the hiring and training of additional per-20 sonnel;

21 (2) the development of programmatic assess-22 ments or templates;

23 (3) the procurement of technical or scientific24 services;

(4) the development of data or technology sys-1 2 tems; 3 (5) stakeholder and community engagement; (6) the purchase of new equipment; 4 (7) the streamlining of environmental reviews 5 for forest management projects that protect or re-6 store wildland urban-interfaces, watersheds, wildlife 7 8 habitat, and critical infrastructure; and (8) the streamlining of environmental reviews 9 for forest management projects in locations experi-10 11 encing severe, extreme, or exceptional drought.

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