```
1 Diversified Reporting Services, Inc.
```

```
2 RPTS CARR
```

```
3 HII135000
```

- 4
- 5

```
6 OVERSIGHT HEARING ON U.S. DEPARTMENT
```

- 7 OF THE INTERIOR BUDGET AND POLICY
- 8 PRIORITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020
- 9 Wednesday, May 15, 2019
- 10 House of Representatives,
- 11 Committee on Natural Resources,
- 12 Washington, D.C.

13

14

The Committee met, pursuant to notice, at 10:04 a.m., in Room 1324, Longworth House Office Building, Hon. Raúl M.

17 Grijalva [Chairman of the Committee] presiding.

Present: Representatives Grijalva, Napolitano, Costa,
Sablan, Huffman, Lowenthal, Gallego, Cox, Neguse, Levin,
Haaland, Van Drew, Cunningham, Velazquez, DeGette, Clay,
Brown, Soto, Case, Horsford, San Nicolas, Cartwright; Bishop,
Gohmert, Lamborn, McClintock, Gosar, Westerman, Graves,
Radewagen, Webster, Cheney, González-Colón, Curtis, Hern, and
Fulcher.

\*The Chairman. Thank you. The Committee on Natural 26 Resources will now come to order. The Committee is meeting 27 today to hear testimony in the U.S. Department of the 28 Interior's budget and policy priorities for fiscal year 2020. 29 Under Committee rule 4(f) any oral opening statements at 30 hearings are limited to the Chairman and the Ranking Minority 31 Therefore, I will ask unanimous consent that all 32 Member. other members' opening statements be made part of the record 33 of this hearing if they are submitted to the clerk by 5:00 34 35 p.m. today.

36 Hearing no objection, so ordered.

Thank you, Mr. Secretary, for being here today. Let me recognize myself, Mr. Secretary, for my opening statements. 40 STATEMENT OF THE HON. RAUL GRIJALVA, A REPRESENTATIVE IN41 CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF ARIZONA

42

43 \*The Chairman. Welcome again, and thank you for the 44 opportunity that we had to personally meet, as you did with 45 other individual members of the Committee. It is very much 46 appreciated. I think the need for civility and 47 professionalism in our communications and our interactions is 48 a shared attitude by members and yourself. And I appreciated 49 the conversation. It was necessary and frank, and I respect

50 that.

I think, Mr. Secretary, our differences are rooted in a 51 very proud, very profound concern that -- on the direction of 52 the Interior Department, a concern that is shared by the 53 majority on this Committee. And that concern, and the 54 direction, is rooted in the rationale and the motivation 55 behind this direction, and the decision-making that is at the 56 Department of the Interior. And, I might add, the 57 determination of this Committee to exercise its 58 59 constitutional prerogatives to find out.

60 [The prepared statement of The Chairman follows:]61

The Natural Resources Committee meets today to hear testimony from Interior Secretary David Bernhardt.

This is the Secretary's first appearance before this Committee as Secretary and we thank him for making time to join us today.

This hearing comes at a difficult time in the relationship between Congress and the Executive Branch. President Trump has repeatedly, and wrongly, asserted that his Administration is under no obligation to cooperate with Congressional oversight. The term "Constitutional Crisis" should not be used lightly, but if we are not in one, we are dangerously close.

Secretary Bernhardt testifies today as a cabinet 75 official representing a reckless, destructive, and unethical 76 administration. Policy, ethics, and legal requirements which 77 have guided every modern administration, have been discarded. 78 Secretary Bernhardt is not President Trump, nor is he 79 Ryan Zinke. He has sought personal meetings with me and many 80 members of this Committee and he is here today in response to 81 an invitation, and we very much appreciate his cooperation. 82

There are troubling signs, however, that Secretary Bernhardt is not as distinct from his predecessor, or the President, as he should be.

On the policy front, an Administration set on sacrificing federal lands and waters on the altar of corporate profits - as the Trump Administration proudly seeks to do - faces a significant challenge.

In passing the Wilderness Act, Endangered Species Act, NEPA, National Parks Organic Act, and dozens of other bedrock, environmental laws, previous Congresses and Presidents put in place a level of protection and conservation that is difficult for this Administration, and their corporate beneficiaries, to get around.

So, they try to cheat. They try to cut corners, suppress scientific data, silence experts, ignore local residents, and hope that the industry's political muscle can help the Administration get around the law.

Former-Secretary Zinke and President Trump were allies in that process. We are meeting today to discover if they have an ally in Secretary Bernhardt.

And there are troubling signs that the Secretary is not as distinct from President Trump as he should be in meeting ethical standards as well.

Like the President, Secretary Bernhardt had an extensive, private-sector career prior to his public service, during which the very same corporate interests paid him handsomely as a lobbyist.

And now we are witnessing a troubling lack of transparency regarding what role his *former* clients are playing in Secretary Bernhardt's *current* decision-making. Secrecy and influence-peddling are the hallmarks of the Trump Administration. We are here today to determine if they

are the hallmarks of the Interior Department as well.

Once again, let me extend my thanks to the Secretary for joining us today and let me express my sincere hope that the Interior Department will turn out to be the Bernhardt exception to the Trump rule.

120

121 \*The Chairman. And with that, let me submit for the 122 record the remainder of the opening statement, the content of 123 my opening statement, so that we can expedite the opportunity 124 for members to interact, ask questions of our -- of the 125 Secretary today.

With that, if there is no objection, with that let me turn to and recognize the Ranking Member Bishop for his opening statements.

129 Mr. Bishop?

131 STATEMENT OF THE HON. ROB BISHOP, A REPRESENTATIVE IN

132 CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF UTAH

133

\*Mr. Bishop. Thank you. We actually have to drag thisout, so you can get more members here.

Today I am happy to be here. I want you to know, Mr. Chairman, I have brought my own Dr. Pepper. So this time, when you spill coffee on me, I can come back. I have some place to respond.

```
140 [Laughter.]
```

\*Mr. Bishop. Mr. Secretary, thank you for being here. 141 I am very happy to have you here as the 53rd Secretary of the 142 143 Interior Department. Thank you also for being in Utah for the Golden Spike anniversary, 150th anniversary there. Your 144 words were most profound, I appreciate that. I appreciate 145 you actually being there. That was a significant 146 147 commemoration of a significant date that changed America. So I appreciate you doing that. 148

I realize that a lot of people in your position have been appointed there for political reasons, or to pay off some special interest group. I think you are a different Secretary of the Interior; you know what you are talking about, and that is extremely positive. You have been in -confirmed for 35 days. In those 35 days -- we have been in session only 18 of those, and this Committee has been doing 156 business for 9 of those 18. So I appreciate you having spent 157 as much time as you have up here in the House.

I realize you have already talked to the House appropriators, for which you have our deepest sympathy, and you will be going to the Senate soon, for which you have a whole lot of empathy going over there. But thank you for being here with us.

I also realize that you have been spending your time 163 talking to individual Members. I think that is a wise 164 approach to do this. That is very unprecedented. That is 165 very cool. I also realize that you have been talking to more 166 Democrats than Republicans, so I am going to castigate you 167 168 now and say I want equal time and equal treatment. Although, if you look at this Committee, there is only two of our 169 Committee members that are new to it. They need a lot more 170 help. So I appreciate that. But be with us. 171

I think, as we started this session, and we passed the 172 backlog -- the S.B. 47, whatever we called that thing, it 173 showed that we can actually be productive in a bipartisan and 174 175 bicameral manner. And I think, as we go forward, there are 176 lots of things in which we want to engage with you and the Department to continue that process. There is a backlog 177 issue that needs to be done in a bipartisan and bicameral 178 way. 179

There is a forest fire issue that needs to be done in a

180

bicameral and bipartisan way. And even though you don't have charge of the Forest Service, many of the things that we are talking about here that the Forest Service wants can apply to BLM to mitigate the wildfires in that particular area, as well.

I appreciate the amount of information that you have 186 187 sent up here. I want Mr. Grijalva to note that, even though he doesn't believe this, I have a great deal of empathy for 188 the situation he is in and some of the frustrations. 189 In the four years I was working with Doc Hastings, when he was 190 Chairman, and my first two years as Chairman, we had an 191 Administration -- an Interior Department that was of a 192 different political party. That was a frustrating situation. 193 I realized I asked for a lot of materials, and we didn't get 194 that. 195

What I am telling you right now is I think you have been unprecedented in the amount of information that you have been sharing and giving. And I want Mr. Grijalva to know that I understand what it was like in his position with this situation. I do have empathy for that. But I have appreciated the open approach that you have taken in that. And it is going to happen before (sic).

Let me just say that what we were getting from a prior Administration was not nearly as comprehensive as what you have been sharing with this Committee. But I also understand

206 the situation Mr. Grijalva is in. I can appreciate it,

207 because I felt the same way at different times. I just think208 I was more justified in it.

209 With that, I am happy to have you here. We are going to 210 be talking about a lot of -- this is tentatively to talk about budget issues, even though the Democrats say they are 211 not going to have a budget. But other than that, I am sure 212 there is going to be a wide variety of questions that are 213 going to be given to you. Thank you for your willingness in 214 215 this very short period time since your confirmation to be up here and to be with us. And I appreciate your efforts so 216 far. 217

And once again, I am very grateful for what you did at Golden Spike.

220 [The prepared statement of Mr. Bishop follows:]
221

222 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*COMMITTEE INSERT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

224 \*Mr. Bishop. With that, Mr. Chairman, let me yield back 225 and we can get on with this.

\*The Chairman. Thank you. Thank you very much, Mr.
Bishop. And we are gushing with a lot of empathy today.
That is good.

[Laughter.]

\*Mr. Bishop. It won't last long. Take it while you getit.

232 \*The Chairman. I want to thank -- and thank you

233 Our witness today is the Secretary of the Department of 234 the Interior, Mr. David Bernhardt.

I want to thank you very much for taking the time to be here and, as I stated earlier, for taking the time to meet with individual members, as well. That is appreciated.

238 Under our Committee rules our statements are limited to 239 five minutes. Your entire statement will appear in the 240 hearing record.

The lights in front will turn yellow when there is one minute left, and red when time is expired.

After Mr. Bernhardt testifies, members will be given the opportunity to ask questions.

And with that, Secretary Bernhardt, you are recognized for your testimony. Thank you.

248 STATEMENT OF DAVID L. BERNHARDT, SECRETARY, U.S. DEPARTMENT249 OF THE INTERIOR

250

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Chairman Grijalva, Ranking Member
 Bishop, and members of the Committee, good morning.

I do request that my written statement be inserted in the record at the appropriate place.

This is my first time appearing before the full Committee. I am appearing at the Chairman's request to discuss the Department's budget and policy priorities for fiscal year 2020.

I began my career 26 years ago in probably the lowest seat on this side of the bench, I believe. Maybe it was the other side of the bench, but it was basically over here. And when I came in here there was a big picture of Wayne Aspinall on my -- the person who had been chairman between, I think, 1959 and 1973. And I thought this was a magnificent room, and it is an honor to be here today.

The President's fiscal year 2020 budget was transmitted to Congress on March 11th. The -- on March 27 the Principal Deputy for Policy, Management, and Budget, Scott Cameron, appeared before the Committee and provided the Department's perspective on the budget. In addition, a number of the Department's bureaus have testified before their respective subcommittees on both the budget and policy. 273 On April 3rd, Dan Smith, the Deputy Director of the 274 National Park Service, testified on the National Park, 275 Forests, and Public Lands Subcommittee on the Park Service's 276 budget request.

And on April 10th, Brian Steed, the Deputy Director of the Bureau of Land Management, testified before that Subcommittee on BLM's request.

Other subcommittee hearings are -- on bureau budgets are scheduled in the near future. I think Mr. Huffman has a hearing with Reclamation, maybe tomorrow, even.

283 Several of our bureaus have also appeared before Energy 284 and Mineral Subcommittee in early March to discuss 285 departmental policies and priorities under their programs, 286 including, on March 6, Walter Cruickshank, our Acting 287 Director of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, and Doug 288 Morris, the Chief of Offshore Regulatory Programs for the 289 Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement.

And then Mike Nedd, our Deputy Director of BLM Management, testified on the 12th.

In these hearings the Committee has heard and discussed the specific details of the Department's fiscal year 2020 submission, and the Department's bureaus policy priorities. As part of my written statement I have included their testimonies so that it can refresh your recollection. The President has been clear in his direction to and 298 priorities for the Department. With the overreaching goal of 299 continued economic growth and prosperity, he has expressed 300 his vision to the Department through a series of executive 301 orders, which are detailed in my written statement. Those 302 documents have served as a foundation for the Department's 303 policy objectives.

As Secretary, I will work hard to meet the President's 304 vision and to strike a right balance of protection and 305 sustainable use of resources in a way that will provide 306 conservation stewardship, enhance the safety of our 307 communities, increase energy security, and allow America to 308 prosper. At the same time I will strive to meet the 309 310 Administration's broader economic objective of managing federal spending with restrain. 311

In terms of my specific areas of focus, we intend to proceed with the Department's reorganization, including efforts to relocate some operations out West, closer to where the assets and the acres are located, particularly for the Bureau of Land Management.

We are working hard to address workplace harassment across the Department. We have established the clear antiharassment policy, which was unprecedented in the Department. We directed each bureau to develop an action plan to address its harassment-related issues, and I am tracking the progress in their implementing those plans.

We launched an internal workplace culture transformation advisory council to look at common issues raised in the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey, ways to improve employee engagement. And we are trying to build career paths that cross bureau silos.

We have taken significant action to combat workplace misconduct, but there is more to be done, and more that must be done.

331 The Department has grappled -- has also grappled for 332 many years to address deteriorating infrastructure across our 333 bureaus, and the maintenance backlog in our national parks, 334 national wildlife refuges, the Bureau of Indian Education 335 schools, and even some of our water facilities.

Mr. Chairman, as we discussed when I am -- when we met, I am committed to working with Congress to develop a legislative solution to address these important infrastructure needs. We have put a proposal in our budget,

340 and I am sure there is other ways to address it. But I think 341 that is an area we can find some common ground.

It is also my hope that we can find some common ground to address range and hazardous fuels management to allow us to minimize the likelihood of catastrophic fire on the lands that we manage. We have proposed some ideas. I know that Representative Huffman has proposed a bill to address some ideas. I don't think these ideas are completely mutually

exclusive. I would like to find some common ground. We have proposed a six specific provisions in our budget, and I would like to use them as a point to talk forward, and go forward on.
With that I will conclude my testimony and prepare for your questions.

354 [The prepared statement of Secretary Bernhardt follows:] 355

356 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* INSERT 1\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

358 \*The Chairman. Let me -- thank you, Mr. Secretary. Let 359 me recognize myself for an initial question.

Mr. Secretary, I think it is important, you know, I would like to start by addressing one of the big elephants in the room. And that -- President Trump told the Washington Post last month that he opposes the current and former White House aides and personnel testifying to Congress. He said, "There is no reason to go any further, and especially in a Congress where it is very partisan.''

The lack of transparency and accountability concerns this Committee a great deal. Since the beginning of the year we have sent 17 documented requests to the Interior Department and only got substantive partial responses to two of them.

I want to be clear that answering congressional inquiries is not a matter of the President's -- or, for that matter, a Secretary's -- personal discretion. We have legal justification for that kind of request, and no legal justification for not responding to those requests.

It is also, I think, important to note that the Administration's lack of accountability has gone well beyond the Mueller Report. The White House has gone so far as to ignore legally unambiguous access to the President's tax returns. President Trump has made it clear he is not interested in cooperating with legitimate congressional

inquiries of any kind, for that matter. His attitude seems to be, Mr. Secretary, that Democrats are just out to get him, and so his Administration is not going to respond to our questions or our concerns.

387 I am concerned that this stonewalling will escalate to a constitutional collision, from crisis to collision. 388 It seems to be an inevitability, if the attitude continues. 389 If the President continues to ignore legitimate questions, whether 390 it suits him -- whenever it suits him, and tells his 391 appointees to do the same, Congress will have the duty to 392 defend and enforce their constitutional rights. 393

Since Secretary Zinke's abrupt departure, your 394 395 transition from acting secretary to confirmed head of the Department, we have been doing our due diligence on this 396 Committee to fulfill our oversight responsibility. And in 397 doing so we have made inquiries, from subcommittees to full 398 Committee. You have been very -- and I might add we have 399 been very judicious about compelling the agency to respond to 400 these questions. 401

But we need to know. I think the Committee needs to know, and I pose this question: We need to know what kind of relationship we are going to have with you, as an equal branch of government, from now on. I would like to hear from you whether you feel the same way the President does, in terms of his attitude toward Committee oversight, inquiry, 408 legitimate questions, and legal initiatives to try to acquire 409 and have that information. And can we expect a healthier 410 relationship with the Interior Department?

That is the question, because I really believe that, as I said earlier, as we try to deal with the rationale and the motivation behind a given Interior Department decision, a policy change, a regulatory move, essential to us being able to perform our job and be responsive to the American people is information, information that will deal with those two questions about rationale and motivation.

And so, with that, going -- the question is a general question, Mr. Secretary. But I think it is one that this cloud -- that the cloud that is being created right now by the Trump Administration, in terms of non-responsiveness to the majority in this House, I think is escalating.

And my question is what is the relationship between this Committee, its majority, and your office, and the Department of the Interior?

426 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I respect the role of Congress
427 to conduct oversight, and I believe that the Department needs
428 to be responsive.

At the same time, that interest is tempered by an interest that I have to also ensure that I am appropriately protective of the legitimate issue interests of the Department and the executive branch.

Now, my experience over the last 26 years has been that 433 434 almost every item that Congress has an interest in, the two branches of government in good faith can find a way to come 435 up with a reasonable accommodation that satisfies both 436 437 protecting the Department's interests and protecting yours. And when I look at -- I asked for a comparison of the 438 439 requests that had come in from you all and our responsiveness to them to -- the last time there was two -- or a House and a 440 different Administration. And when I run the numbers, we 441 442 have already provided over 66,000 pages of documentation and 10,000 documents. 443

And I do recognize that -- one of the things I was thinking as I came up here is, to the extent that there is frustration, maybe one of the ways to do it is to sit down and have a discussion about developing a production schedule that you find mutually agreeable.

There is some documentation -- when you ask for things 449 that are in deliberative process, there is some longstanding 450 interests there that we want to maintain, but there may be 451 452 ways to work with -- I am sorry to go over time, I --\*The Chairman. No, no, that -- I think yes, that is the 453 crux of the point. And I think that what -- there is 454 quantitative response to the request and then there is 455 qualitative response to the request. And a qualitative 456 response to the request is our point, that while we have 457

458 reams of paper, we don't have content that leads us to look 459 at rationale and motivation.

But with that, let me turn to the Ranking Member for his time.

462 Mr. Bishop?

\*Mr. Bishop. Thank you. I realize, Secretary, that you have had 17 requests for documents so far, you have responded to 16 of them with something. I walked into our office back there with what has -- actually, you have consumed our office right now with what you have sent up here, not only in substantive, and -- but also qualitative.

I will ask you later on about the relationship you actually have with the White House, simply because in past Administrations Interior Department was often times overruled or told what to do by the White House. I would like you -- I will give you a chance to think about that while I ask some other kinds of situations, though (sic).

There have been some vague and sometimes repeated accusations that your Department is censoring science in favor of certain industries. If you recall under the Obama Administration, there were several scandals that undermined the scientific integrity of the Department, including a longstanding problem with the USGS that went unaddressed by that Administration.

482 What is the current situation with science in the

483 Department? Are studies being tossed into the shredder as

484 soon as they are printed out, as some people have implied?
485 \*Secretary Bernhardt. No.

486 \*Mr. Bishop. All right. Your answer has to be at least 487 as long as the question that I gave you.

488 [Laughter.]

489 \*Mr. Bishop. But other than that --

490 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Now, let me say something about 491 that. First off, the answer is no. I actually think that 492 claims of scientific integrity misconduct are actually down 493 over the last two years, compared to the prior years. That 494 is according to our scientific integrity team.

495 Second, I -- as soon as -- one of the first things I did as acting was I asked Bill Werkheiser, who is a career 496 scientist who was the head of scientific integrity in the 497 Department to come into my office and serve as my science 498 advisor. I did that for a couple of reasons: I want to 499 ensure that the information and advice I get is good, but it 500 was also to ensure that we have a representative from my 501 502 office that is liaisoning with all of the other bureaus' science shops to ensure that they have a degree of comfort 503 that issues are being addressed. 504

505 My view is we take the science as we find it. 506 Generally, the science is one of -- or science or fact is one 507 of a couple of elements that go into a decision. Generally,

a decision -- at least from my perspective -- typically is 508 one that there is a legal framework for. There is a factual 509 basis that needs to be -- you need to have. And in certain 510 decisions -- not all, but in certain decisions there is also 511 512 an element of policy. Some decisions are pure science. Some decisions are pure law. But in general, there is some 513 intersection of all three of those. Generally, on more 514 significant decisions --515

\*Mr. Bishop. Okay, I appreciate you doing that. Let me tell you, like, three areas I would like to talk about. Obviously, we won't get to it in the minute and 50 seconds I have got remaining.

520 But there is a cumulative effect of the regulatory 521 reform that has been going on. What would that actually mean 522 to the American people?

You have done, in your Department, some creative things with fees, and what you want to do with fees in the future, as well as you talked about reorganization.

526 There is still some areas we need to explore about why 527 that reorganization takes place.

And I would like to know about the relationship that you have with the White House and the Interior Department. Do you have really a free hand with the White House telling you what to do with Interior? That did not happen in the last Administration. 533 Which one of those do you want to hit first? You can 534 probably get one or two --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Let me take the White House one, 535 because, as somebody who -- I spent about 10 years in the 536 537 Department, in the Interior. And one thing I did not appreciate until I was made acting is the role a cabinet 538 Secretary plays in interacting with the President. I guess I 539 had not given that a lot of thought. But I can tell you that 540 the role is very direct, and I think that that is a great 541 542 thing for the Department.

The reality is the President is responsive when you call him, and he wants you to be responsive when you call -- when he calls you. And it is really a positive thing that I was a little taken aback by. My first meeting with the President as acting, he asked me for my card. And I said, "Why would you need my card?''

And he said, "Because I might need to call you.'' And I -- we talked about it, and he has. He has called me regularly. And I think he is very hands-on, he is very decisive when you give him pros and cons. He has been very good to work with, and I feel very comfortable that I can go into his office.

\*Mr. Bishop. Okay, we are out of time, but thank you.
Sorry. Hopefully we will get some of those other issues
later.

558

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I will get to them.

559 \*Mr. Bishop. Okay.

560 \*The Chairman. Mr. Sablan, sir?

561 \*Mr. Sablan. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. Mr. 562 Secretary, welcome and thank you very much for taking the 563 time to visit the congressional office.

In looking at your testimony and all the attachments, a paragraph was dedicated to the insular areas and the other compact nations, and I read that in 2020 the Office of Insular Affairs will implement activities to bolster health care quality.

569 Mr. Secretary, the Northern Marianas and other insular 570 areas all benefitted from the supplemental Medicaid funding 571 included in the ACA/BPA that expires on September 30 of this 572 year, sir. We expect to hold a hearing soon in this 573 Committee on the impending Medicaid funding crisis, and I 574 understand the federal family is also concerned about the 575 potential harm to our health systems.

576 Congress will surely have a role to play in addressing 577 the Medicaid cliff affecting dangerous areas. But you, sir, 578 can assist us greatly, Mr. Secretary. You know what the 579 federal family can do, and what proposals the Administration 580 will support. If you could, please tell us how Congress may 581 be able to really help address this truly critical health 582 issue.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So, Secretary -- Assistant Secretary Domenech I know is on top of that issue, and we would be happy to sit down with you and discuss a pathway forward.

587 Medicare is sort of something that is not in my -588 \*Mr. Sablan. I understand.

589 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- sweet spot of expertise. I 590 don't have a --

591 \*Mr. Sablan. Okay, but the federal family may be -- all 592 right, so --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. We are happy to be -- we are a pretty good voice, internally, for the insular areas. And I can tell you that if we get ourselves pointed in the right direction, we can help.

597 \*Mr. Sablan. Thank you, because this is really a issue 598 of life and death.

599 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I appreciate that.

\*Mr. Sablan. Thank you. So, Mr. Secretary, you
mentioned that you would probably get Assistant Secretary
Domenech to talk to us on this Medicaid crisis and see where
we could help each other address this issue for the -- our
mutual constituents in the insular areas.

So I am wondering maybe if this would do -- because we discussed this also in your visit. I want to ask you whether you have talked to Assistant Secretary Domenech about the

energy action plans required by federal law for each insular 608 609 area. In our meeting earlier we talked about the requirements of the 2014 law. Your Department is supposed to 610 create extra -- expert teams to help each insular area draw 611 612 up a plan. The plan is supposed to set goals for reducing foreign energy and increasing domestic energy, sir. 613 The 614 Secretary -- you, sir -- are supposed to approve the plan. And every year Congress is supposed to get a report from you 615 on the progress towards meeting specific benchmarks. 616

So all with an eye on reducing electricity rates for my 617 constituents, rates that are still four times higher in the 618 Marianas than the national average, and have not changed in 619 the years since the law was enacted, I did get a letter from 620 Mr. Domenech with information about energy strategies. Each 621 insular area has energy grants that Interior has awarded, and 622 we thank you for that. But it all seemed a bit unfocused. 623 And, as I say, despite millions of dollars spent, Mr. 624 Secretary, electricity cost has not changed, at least not in 625

626 the Northern Marianas.

527 So were you able to have that talk with Mr. Secretary 528 Domenech about implementing the law, Public Law 113-235? 529 What can you tell us, tell me about this, Mr. Secretary? 530 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Secretary Domenech is looking 531 very carefully to see if he is complying, and he will be. 532 \*Mr. Sablan. If he is complying with the law?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Absolutely. He will -- if we are 633 late on those reports, he is going to be working on those --634 Respectfully, Mr. Secretary, has the \*Mr. Sablan. 635 Department of the Interior sent at least one report to --636 637 \*Secretary Bernhardt. He -- I told him --\*Mr. Sablan. It is 2014 --638 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We are going to be in compliance. 639

\*Mr. Sablan. -- 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 -- 5 years.
\*Secretary Bernhardt. We are going to be in compliance.
\*Mr. Sablan. All right, okay. So, man, I don't have

643 too much time. I may have to submit.

But, yes, I appreciate, Mr. Secretary, that in that one 644 paragraph your Department has brought up the concern about 645 the waning influence of our -- the United States in the 646 Pacific, and the rise of Chinese interests. I appreciate 647 that, you know, the United States has been -- leadership is -648 - provided leadership that countries in the Pacific look to 649 for economic, political, and defense guidance. However, our 650 allies in the region are increasingly engaging with China, 651 652 that has been more than willing to fill the void caused by our Nation's increasing isolationist policy. 653

But I appreciate that your Department is going to look into that. I appreciate that -- going to be visiting soon. And thank you very much, Mr. Secretary, for today.

<sup>657</sup> \*Secretary Bernhardt. We are spending a significant

amount of time with other larger agencies, discussing the need for us to be very smart in the insular areas across the board. And I think you are getting -- I think that there is tremendous interest in making sure that we are represented in the United States.

663 \*Mr. Sablan. Thank you, thank you. What is -- let me 664 just --

665 \*The Chairman. Your time is way up, sir.

666 \*Mr. Sablan. -- ask people --

667 \*The Chairman. Mr. Sablan, I think we are done with the 668 time, thank you.

669 Mr. Lamborn?

\*Mr. Lamborn. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 670 And Mr. Bernhardt, I am glad that you are here. You are uniquely 671 qualified to be a Secretary of the Interior. You have been a 672 chief of staff to the Secretary, you have been a Director of 673 Congressional and Legislative Affairs in the Department, and 674 you were a Senate-confirmed solicitor under President Bush. 675 So you have background in the policy, managerial, 676 677 intergovernmental, and oversight roles that any Secretary needs to master. So I think the people of the country are 678 well served to have you in this position. I appreciate that. 679 And you are a native of Colorado, so you understand the 680 681 West, and Colorado in particular, and I appreciate that, also. 682

Let me ask you about reorganization of the Department. 683 There has been a push from some of the Colorado 684 representatives, and I think others in the West, to bring 685 some of the Washington D.C. offices west of the Mississippi 686 687 so they are closer to where the policies are actually enacted, and it is easier to get around and see firsthand 688 what the policies -- what -- the effect they are on the land 689 itself. 690

So I think it makes a lot of sense to reorganize and bring some offices to the West. And some of the places that we are pushing for and would suggest for your consideration are Grand Junction, which is in Scott Tipton's district; Colorado Springs, which is in my district; and the Denver Metro Area, which has five representatives, including Joe Neguse and Diana DeGette, who are on this Committee.

So what can you tell us about an upcoming timeline to
announce anything that might happen with reorganization?
\*Secretary Bernhardt. So Secretary Zinke had a very
ambitious reorganization proposal that really, from my
perspective, included three parts.

The first part was a unified regional boundary structure for our bureaus, an internal management device. And we worked with Congress, and in August of last year structured the boundaries to be the same for regional boundaries for all of the bureaus, except for the Bureau of Indian Affairs and

the Bureau of Indian Education. And that means that we came up here and asked for a reprogramming, and that is locked in. Those boundaries are made, and they just need to be implemented.

712 We now have the other two pieces of the Secretary's vision to deal with. The first -- or the second one was 713 714 moving some of the headquarters West, and we are -- I am very committed to working to achieve that. Certainly some of the 715 communities you mentioned are logical places. Other members 716 have slightly different views, but I would expect that, 717 certainly by this summer, we are setting up a reprogramming 718 request regarding a potential move of some of the folks at --719 720 - in the Bureau of Land Management, and potentially the U.S. Geological Survey. 721

So that is -- and that is something that has long -- I mean I have seen Committee transcripts back to 1936, where they were talking about the need for senior management to be farther West. So that is going to happen, I think.

726 \*Mr. Lamborn. Excellent, excellent.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. The third piece was a piece that Secretary Zinke had, which was to create a kind of a regional commander in each of these regions, and create a relatively large bureaucracy. And I am not sold on that piece of it, so we are tweaking that.

732 \*Mr. Lamborn. Okay, thank you.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So that is where we are.

734 \*Mr. Lamborn. Excellent.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So all of those communities you
 mentioned are in the running.

737 \*Mr. Lamborn. Okay, excellent. And, changing gears, I want to ask about the Department of Ethics Office, and what 738 are you doing to transform the ethics program to make it even 739 more robust? I know that you have some career federal ethics 740 officials that you consult with regularly, including Vice 741 742 President Joe Biden's senior ethics official, Scott de la Vega. So what are you doing in the ethics office there at 743 744 Interior?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So our ethics program, over a 745 long period of time, has been subject to significant 746 747 criticism. Both the Ethics Office and the Department -- the Inspector General's office at different times in the prior 748 Administration requested additional money for Ethics, and 749 that money didn't arrive. And I think, frankly, the state of 750 that office did not help Secretary Zinke when he arrived. 751 752 So the steps that we have taken so far, we have elevated the reporting structure of the designated agency ethics 753 official, who is the top person in Ethics. We brought in 754 additional people overall at the Department. I think we have 755 756 hired 42 additional ethics counselors. We are going through a second phase of modifying the reporting structure to ensure 757

that they are all reporting to the career ethics officials.

759 I think it is an unprecedented effort to ensure that we 760 have a culture of compliance within the Department. And so 761 we have done a lot there.

762 \*Mr. Lamborn. Mr. Chairman, I am going to yield back.763 Thank you for your answer.

I would like to -- for unanimous consent -- introduce a letter dated March 25th of this year from the Interior to Senators Warren and Blumenthal on an ethics issue that I think is of concern. I would just like to have it introduced to the record by unanimous consent.

\*The Chairman. Without objection, so ordered.
[The letter from the Department of the Interior
submitted by Mr. Lamborn for the record follows:]

773 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*COMMITTEE INSERT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

775 \*The Chairman. Mr. Huffman?

\*Mr. Huffman. Thank you. Mr. Secretary, I hope we agree that public service is a public trust, especially with an office like yours, which is entrusted with overseeing vast public resources for the American people. So let's start with a basic question.

Do you agree that our ethics rules exist not just to avoid actual conflicts of interests, but to avoid the appearance of a conflict so that the public can have trust and confidence in our government?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I would say that 2635 CFR
 502 --

787 \*Mr. Huffman. That is -- it is a yes-or-no question,

788 Mr. Secretary.

789 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes, it addresses --

790 \*Mr. Huffman. Thank you.

791 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- impartiality.

\*Mr. Huffman. Thank you. And I know that same standardis reflected in your own recusal letter.

Mr. Secretary, before you joined the Administration you were a lobbyist and a lawyer for the Westlands Water District, and your work for that client included lobbying on

797 the WIN Act signed into law in late 2016, correct?

798 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I worked on -- I certainly worked
799 at different times on provisions that were included within

800 the WIN Act, yes.

\*Mr. Huffman. Right. Now, Mr. Secretary, the WIN Act 801 was a huge water bill. It had lots of sections, it had WRDA, 802 all of these Corps of Engineers provisions, had some money 803 804 for Flint, Michigan water needs, recycling, desalination, some tribal water rights settlements. You didn't lobby on 805 any of those sections. You were lobbying for Westlands, 806 focused on efforts to increase Central Valley Project pumping 807 from the Delta. Specifically, sections 4001 and 4003 of 808 subtitle J of the WIN Act, correct? 809

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I think it was more focused on4002.

\*Mr. Huffman. Okay, the specific sessions involving 812 Delta operations that affected Westlands, correct? 813 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I certainly would say 4002 falls 814 into that category. And I am not sure I would say that it 815 affects Westlands, necessarily, but it is certainly that --816 \*Mr. Huffman. Well, Mr. Secretary, with all due 817 respect, those two specific sections involving Delta 818 819 operations were a giant thumb on the scale against endangered fish in the Delta and in favor of the Westlands Water 820 District. It was your thumb when you helped write those 821 sections. And, by the way, you had been advocating for these 822 things for several years on behalf of Westlands. And it is 823 your thumb now, as the person in charge of interpreting these 824

825 laws and implementing them.

But your lobbying work for Westlands on these things didn't count, you would argue, it didn't even count toward your two-year recusal under the Trump ethics pledge, correct? Secretary Bernhardt. When I was -- before I was even seriously considering coming into the Department as deputy I told Secretary Zinke that before --

\*Mr. Huffman. Mr. Secretary, I don't have time for a narrative. The question is did your lobbying for Westlands on these specific sections of the WIN Act count toward your two-year recusal under the Trump ethics pledge?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. The -- that specific -- those specific activities regarding Public Law 114322, which is the WIN Act, those activities were viewed to not constitute lobbying on a particular matter --

\*Mr. Huffman. Right, and that is significant --840 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- which is a specific --841 \*Mr. Huffman. Reclaiming my time, that is a specific 842 term of art -- this is my time, Mr. Secretary. It is 843 844 important that you use that specific term of art. Because even though there were specific sections benefitting your 845 client, if you can say that they didn't constitute a 846 particular matter, you have got a five-month head start 847 working on those things on behalf of Westlands as Secretary 848 of the Interior. You got five months in which your recusal 849
850 didn't apply. Correct?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. It is not if my -- it is not my
view. What I did is I went to the career ethics officials -\*Mr. Huffman. And you convinced him that didn't
constitute a particular matter, particular matter.

Do you think, Mr. Secretary, by parsing in that way, do you think you are upholding the standard of ethics we talked about at the beginning of my question?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I absolutely do, because 502, 858 impartiality, goes to particular matters involving specific 859 parties. And my action is completely consistent with OGE 860 guidance, from my ethics officials, and I have followed their 861 quidance to a T, and that has been reaffirmed in multiple --862 \*Mr. Huffman. Mr. Secretary, Westlands was by no means 863 your only client. You also represented the Independent 864 Petroleum Association of America. I am sure you are aware of 865 how your former clients in the oil and gas industry have 866 boasted about their special access to you at a 2017 meeting. 867 Dan Naatz, the Director of the IPAA, boasted about how 868 well he knew you, saying, "We have direct access to him, 869

870 conversations about issues ranging from federal land access 871 to the ESA.'' This was during your recusal. Was he just 872 confused about who he thought he was talking to during this 873 period?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I can say emphatically I

875 haven't talked to Dan Naatz since I walked into the
876 Department. Probably --

877 \*Mr. Huffman. So he was just wrong when he told a room 878 full of oil and gas executives that he was having these 879 conversations?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. He certainly didn't have any
conversations with me when I got to Interior a day after, or
any day after that.

883 \*Mr. Huffman. Okay.

\*The Chairman. Thank you, sir.

885 Mr. McClintock?

\*Mr. McClintock. Thank you, Mr. Secretary. Just a follow-up on this, just to be very clear. You have DOI career ethics officials, and they have determined that your recusal is not required? Am I correct?

890 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is right. That is exactly 891 right.

\*Mr. McClintock. And there is a memo to Scott de la 892 Vega, who is the Director of the Department of -- the Ethics 893 894 Office of the DOI from Heather Gottry and Edward McConnoll, a very lengthy document, but it concludes that both the draft 895 EISNOI and the 2009 BA are matters defined in the memorandum. 896 As such, DOI employees are not required to recuse from 897 participation in either the draft EISNOI or the 2019 BA. 898 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is correct. 899

\*Mr. McClintock. Great. In fact, Mr. Chairman, I would like unanimous consent to submit that for the record. \*The Chairman. [No response.] \*Mr. McClintock. Mr. Chairman? Unanimous consent? [The document submitted by Mr. McClintock for the record follows:] 

909 \*Mr. McClintock. Mr. Bernhardt, first and foremost --910 and I have mentioned this before, but -- I want to thank you 911 again for your exemplary leadership as acting Secretary 912 during the shutdown this past winter. It was a stark 913 contrast to how the Obama Administration administered the 914 shutdown in 2013.

915 As you know, I have Yosemite Valley and Yosemite National Park in my district, as well as Sequoia and Kings 916 Canyon, critically important to tourism and to the economies. 917 In 2013 during the shutdown the Obama Administration 918 deliberately closed and locked the gates. They forced every 919 business conducting business to shut down, just because they 920 were on a national park property. They went so far as to 921 barricade the turnouts on the highway overlooking the valley, 922 so people couldn't stop, get out of their cars, and even get 923 a glimpse of the valley. 924

When you took over as acting Secretary we had a shutdown. You went to extraordinary lengths to keep the park open. Businesses continued to operate, reservations continued to be honored, the park gates were open, and you did exemplary service in keeping the parks clean, safe, and open for business through the shutdown.

And again, on behalf of all of the visitors of Yosemite Valley and the gateway communities, I want to thank you again for your service in that regard. And again, the contrast

934 with the Obama Administration was just stunning.

935 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Thank you.

\*Mr. McClintock. You are familiar with the California State Water Resource Control Board unimpaired flow rule. We have had record rainfall. That unimpaired rule is going to require the early draining of our reservoirs. Central Valley farmers are only getting a fraction of the water that they are entitled to.

942 What can we do to mitigate this ridiculous rule from the 943 State Water Resources Control Board?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, we are -- Brenda Burman is 944 really on point at -- as the Commissioner of Reclamation. 945 We have, you know, obviously, participated in the Board 946 activities, and probably will end up participating in 947 litigation, depending on what they -- we actually have a very 948 good dialogue right now with the Governor's office. 949 I think his head of natural resources was in the Department yesterday 950 or the day before. 951

And so, you know, I am optimistic that we can find a good pathway forward that is not irresponsible for everyone. \*Mr. McClintock. The Shasta raise, the 18-1/2-foot addition to the Shasta Dam would add about 600,000 acre-feet of water yield to the water available to California. And yet it is not included in the appropriations bill for this year. Would you consider that a shovel-ready project?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, when Representative Calvert 959 asked us to look at those, look at all of our projects, it 960 was the one that Reclamation thought had the shortest window. 961 There is a variety of projects in California. People have a 962 963 variety of views on them. But obviously, it is up there. \*Mr. McClintock. Could you give us a quick assessment 964 of the risk of catastrophic wildfire on Interior lands, and 965 what needs to be done to give you the tools to address that 966 threat? 967

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, what we have asked for in 968 our budget -- well, first off, we are doing a lot. The 969 President issued an executive order late last winter. 970 Secretary Zinke issued a secretarial order to follow on that, 971 and we have had a little slowdown with the shutdown. But I 972 think we are really on top of things pretty well this year. 973 That said, we have asked for additional tools as part of 974 our budget. We have proposed six different categorical 975 exclusions we would like to see. And we would like to work 976 with Congress to try and get those codified. 977

Mr. McClintock. Great. Well, I would be very
interested in your elaborating on that in the future. Thank
you.

981 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

982 Mr. Lowenthal?

983 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

984 Secretary Bernhardt, I appreciate your having taken the 985 time this -- to meet with me just a few weeks ago. When you 986 were in my office we discussed a number of letters that 987 Chairman Grijalva and I have sent to the Department of the 988 Interior that we have not received a response on.

One of those letters I would like to go into greater detail is the one regarding the renewal of two mining leases right next to the Boundary Waters Wilderness in Minnesota. These were two leases that the Obama Administration had canceled, and it just so happens that are owned by a mining company run by Jared Kushner and Ivana Trump's landlord here in D.C.

In early February of 2017, Interior employees were circulating two documents through email. One was a briefing memo on this topic, and the other one was a document on withdrawal options.

Chairman and I on March 12th sent a very specific 1000 request for these documents, including their file names, with 1001 a March 15th response deadline. But as of today I have not 1002 1003 seen the briefing memo or the withdrawal options document. Will your Department fulfill this very specific request 1004 by the end of this week, these two specific documents? 1005 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not familiar with exactly 1006 the contents of those two documents, but I will promise you 1007 this. I will leave here today, I will go look at them, and 1008

1009 if I think that there is anything we can share I will do one 1010 of two things. I will either share them for -- share them 1011 with you, or I will tell you you are welcome to come over and 1012 look at them.

\*Dr. Lowenthal. Well, let's talk about what you will share -- what you have shared. You know, this past Friday -and thank you for that, and I -- we received our first response to another letter that we sent to you on the topic of the mining leases near the Boundary Waters Wilderness, received our first response on this topic.

We sent this letter on March 1st requesting all -information on the boundary -- on the mining leases. I think it will be on the -- this is the response that -- let me rephrase.

What we found -- we got thousands of documents. Well, thousands of files. Let me tell you. They -- we -- these files, as of Friday, which were received at 5:00 p.m. --\*Secretary Bernhardt. Is this still on the Boundary Waters, or is --

\*Dr. Lowenthal. Yes, this is on the Boundary Waters. We received 3,884 pages of documents. As you can see on this slide, 19 percent were duplicates. The vast majority of the others were already public documents, which we went through, 59 percent. There is total redaction of some pages, but -it included unredacted phone numbers next to it, but 1034 everything else was redacted. Several pages of code. Can we 1035 see the next slide?

1036 [Slide]

1037 \*Dr. Lowenthal. See this? I call this the gibberish 1038 slide. We have no idea what this is. But you sent it on. 1039 [Slide]

\*Dr. Lowenthal. Then, if we look at the next slide, it says "Briefing.'' That is what we asked for in the other one. The briefing memo, it is not really clear exactly what is in the briefing memo. Is this the briefing memo that you were supposed to send us? Is -- if you look at the slide, is this our briefing memo?

1046 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I will say this. I have spent 1047 years in civil litigation, and so I have seen a lot of 1048 documents that look like this. And the reality is that --1049 \*Dr. Lowenthal. I am sure you were as curious as we 1050 were about what this is.

1051 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And it is my experience in 1052 dealing with that, that if there is a particular document 1053 that you are worried about being over-redacted, we have a 1054 conversation on that and try and figure it out.

1055 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Okay.

1056 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think the --

1057 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Let's get back. You said -- let's go1058 on. You said that you would review and find out about the

1059 briefing memo and the withdrawal options of these slides, and 1060 you will get back to us.

1061 [Slide]

\*Dr. Lowenthal. You know, also -- we also haven't -the next slide if you look at the next slide -- yeah. You recently -- let's get -- let's go on -- sent on to us slides that labeled -- the FOIA exemption, stating that the FOIA exemption was pre-decisional.

As you understand, and I am sure you have -- that was on this slide -- Congress is not subject to the FOIA. So I expect you to provide the actual --

1070 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I do -- I learned that lesson 1071 very early in my career at Interior. I made the mistake of 1072 applying --

1073 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Okay, I am going to yield back, and I 1074 hope that we --

1075 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- I got in a lot of trouble. I 1076 have learned that one well.

1077 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Thank you.

1078 \*Mr. Westerman. Thank you, Chairman Grijalva.

1079 Secretary Bernhardt, thank you for coming today, for your 1080 testimony, and for the work that you are doing and that the 1081 Administration is getting done at the Department of the 1082 Interior.

1083 I would say welcome to the home of the big bun. Some

people may not understand the reference, but from my childhood days in the 1980s there was a famous TV commercial about hamburgers, and these ladies were at the home of the big bun, and they were looking for the beef, and they always ask, "Where is the beef?''

And as we look at the subject of the hearing today, 1089 1090 looking at the Administration's budget, I think that is a good question, is where is the beef? And that is not the 1091 question to the Administration, but that would be a question 1092 1093 to Congress. Because, as we know -- and we have talked about some constitutional issues in here -- article 1 says that 1094 1095 budgeting is the responsibility of the Congress, and the 1096 Congress has no budget. There is not a budget that has been passed out of the Budget Committee. There is not a budget 1097 that has been presented on the floor. And by the process 1098 that Congress is supposed to follow to write appropriation 1099 1100 bills, I am not sure how that process can ever work, since we 1101 don't even have a budget to start with.

So I commend the Administration for at least putting a budget suggestion together. And again, that is all it is, is a suggestion, because, again, it is Congress's role to provide a budget. And you have prepared the Administration's budget, saying this is our suggestion on how we could actually operate the department.

1108 So we talk a lot about things that I am not sure are

doing a lot of good for the country, and we fail to look at the good things that have been done, for the work that you all are getting done. And, you know, one issue that is very important to me -- and I think it is important to all members of this Committee, regardless of party -- is the devastating wildfires that we have seen.

1115 I know that the President signed executive order 13855 that was to promote active management of our Nation's forest, 1116 and to reduce wildfire risk, and he got criticized in the 1117 press for that executive order. But I would also like to 1118 note that this is a bipartisan issue. Governor Newsom in 1119 California also had an executive order. And I want to read a 1120 1121 quote from Governor Newsom when he issued the executive order, which was to accelerate forest management in 1122 California to reduce the risk of wildfire. He said, and I 1123 quote, "The increasing wildfire risk we face as a State means 1124 1125 simply -- means we simply can't wait until a fire starts in order to start deploying emergency resources. California 1126 needs sustained focus and immediate action in order to better 1127 1128 protect our communities.''

I wholeheartedly agree with that. I believe it is not just California, it is many States that need that. It is many States that the Department of the Interior operates in. So my first question to you is what is the Interior Department doing to implement the President's executive order

1134 on federal lands to make our communities safer?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So the first thing that we did is 1135 Secretary Zinke issued a secretarial order shortly after the 1136 President issued his. I think the President issued his 1137 1138 executive order on the 21st of December, or thereabouts. Ι think Secretary Zinke issued his secretarial order on --1139 1140 well, obviously, before January 2nd. And that order set out some clear direction to our bureaus. And then each of the 1141 bureaus have moved forward in executing on that. 1142

1143 We think we are going to meet the President's objectives. We have also in our budget asked for some 1144 1145 additional legislative language to potentially make things 1146 easier, in terms of categorical exclusions. And we would like to work with Congress on finding some clear legislative 1147 solutions. But in the interim we are moving forward. 1148 We have a number of plans that we are going to announce in terms 1149 1150 of vegetation management plans that will also be going through an EIS process. 1151

1152 So I think we are on top of things this year. But, you 1153 know, we hope that the fire season is not extraordinary.

1154 \*Mr. Westerman. Yes, and then I just want to go back to 1155 the Minnesota mine issue, just to address that issue.

I want to ask you would it be more accurate to say that the Obama-era withdrawal, which was officially noticed January 19th, 2017, the day before President Trump's

1159 inauguration, was that the unusual action, particularly

1160 considering the bipartisan support the leases enjoyed from 1161 Minnesota's congressional delegation?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I am not going to opine on last-minute decisions. I will say this, that I think by noon today there will be an announcement on Twin Metals, on the two leases that the congressman referenced regarding BLM's action on those two leases. So I would expect that would come sometime. Maybe now, maybe in an hour.

1168 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

1169 \*Mr. Westerman. Thank you.

1170 \*The Chairman. Mr. Gallego?

1171 \*Mr. Gallego. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Mr. Secretary, earlier this year Congress has passed a 1172 public lands bill by a huge bipartisan margin that 1173 permanently reauthorized the Land and Water Conservation 1174 1175 Fund. That is why I was so disturbed by the fact that your Department's budget plans to nearly eliminate the fund. 1176 Despite your Department's lack of interest, Congress is 1177 1178 strongly committed to funding this popular and effective program. Will you commit to dispersing LWCF funding in a 1179 timely manner when appropriated by Congress? 1180

1181 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes. If Congress gives us the 1182 money, I promise that we will appropriate it promptly. 1183 \*Mr. Gallego. Great. Mr. -- as I am sure you are away,

a week ago today the President tweeted out his opposition to 1184 1185 H.R. 312, the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe Reservation Reaffirmation Act, as it was about to come to the House 1186 floor. He wrote, "Republicans shouldn't vote for H.R. 312, a 1187 1188 special interest casino build backed by Elizabeth Pocahontas It is unfair and doesn't treat Native Americans 1189 Warren. 1190 equally.''

1191 So for now I will ignore the racist slur in his tweet, 1192 and, in general, the lies. I want to focus on the 1193 President's bizarre opposition to a small, bipartisan bill 1194 that is broadly supported by dozens of Tribes, tribal 1195 organizations, and State and local governments.

1196 Secretary Bernhardt, yes or no, are you familiar with 1197 the bill in question?

1198 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not familiar with the 1199 specific contents of the bill.

\*Mr. Gallego. Okay, this bill would reaffirm Mashpee's
Tribe's homeland and help save them from bankruptcy.

Did the President consult with you about this issue before sending out that tweet? Yes or no.

1204 \*Secretary Bernhardt. He may have consulted with the 1205 Department, but he didn't consult with me, specifically. 1206 \*Mr. Gallego. To your knowledge, did the President

1207 consult with the Mashpee Tribe before sending out that tweet? 1208 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no idea.

1209 \*Mr. Gallego. To your knowledge, did the President

1210 consult with the National Congress of American Indians before 1211 sending out that tweet?

1212 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no idea.

1213 \*Mr. Gallego. Do you know if the President talked to 1214 any Tribes or tribal organizations about this issue before he 1215 tweeted?

1216 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no idea.

\*Mr. Gallego. Okay. So the President did not confer
with you, his highest-ranking official at the Department of

1219 the Interior, or, to your knowledge, any Tribes or

1220 organizations before --

1221 \*Secretary Bernhardt. The President doesn't need to -1222 \*Mr. Gallego. Say again.

1223 \*Secretary Bernhardt. The President does not need to 1224 consult with me on any tweet he wants to send.

1225 \*Mr. Gallego. Okay, good to go. Good to know. We will 1226 continue.

1227 Any Tribes, he didn't talk to you, he didn't talk to you 1228 before making this decision, didn't talk to any of the tribal 1229 organizations, and clearly doesn't respect your Department.

1230 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think the President --

1231 \*Mr. Gallego. If the recommendation for this tweet 1232 didn't come from you, it makes me wonder where it did come 1233 from. 1234

\*Secretary Bernhardt. The President --

1235 \*Mr. Gallego. I am taking my time. This is my time. Mr. Secretary, do you know who Matt Schlapp of Cove 1236 Strategies is? 1237

1238 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Do I know who Matt Schlapp is? 1239 \*Mr. Gallego. Of Cove Strategies.

1240 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I know who Matt Schlapp is. I am not sure what -- the name of the company. I didn't hear 1241 that, but --1242

1243 \*Mr. Gallego. So for those who don't know -- I am glad you do know -- Matt Schlapp is the lobbyist for Twin River 1244 1245 Casino, which opposes granting Mashpee its ancestral homeland 1246 because they are worried about a potential tribal casino will hurt their business. 1247

Matt Schlapp is a Republican donor. He has close ties 1248 to the White House, CPAC, and the President has called him a 1249 1250 fantastic friend and supporter. He also happens to be married to the President's Director of Strategic 1251

Communications. 1252

1256

1253 Have you or, to the best of your knowledge, or anyone at Interior ever spoken to Matt Schlapp or Cove Strategies 1254 regarding the Mashpee bill or this issue in general? 1255 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Not to my knowledge.

\*Mr. Gallego. Not to your knowledge, okay. 1257 Mr. Secretary, are you aware of any communication that the 1258

1259 President has had with Matt Schlapp or Cove Strategies

1260 regarding the Mashpee bill?

1261 \*Secretary Bernhardt. No.

Mr. Gallego. I have a lobbying report right here from Cove Strategies that says that Matt Schlapp lobbied the executive office of the President earlier this year on behalf of Twin River Casino. Twin River has paid three separate lobbying firms so far this year. The other two have only lobbied the House and the Senate.

Matt Schlapp, with his close ties to the White House, is 1268 the only one who lobbied the executive office of the 1269 President. So the President may not have consulted with you, 1270 1271 Mashpee, or any other tribal organizations or any within your Department before sending out his tweet and influencing the 1272 outcome of the legislation, but it seems pretty clear to me 1273 that who he was listening to was a high-powered special 1274 1275 interest lobbyist with deep pockets and political

1276 connections.

1277 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't think that is 1278 necessarily --

1279 \*Mr. Gallego. Allowing lobbyists and special interests1280 to --

1281 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't think that is necessarily 1282 true. President --

1283 \*Mr. Gallego. Well, it has certainly been proven true

so far. Allowing lobbyists and special interests to drive this Administration's policy towards sovereign Tribes is disturbing. Despite the President's interference on this bill, which recognizes a homeland that the Mashpee have lived on for thousands of years before they were greeted by the pilgrims, we will be passing H.R. 312 out of the House on the floor today.

As the Secretary of the Interior I think you should let the President know that it is our federal trust responsibility to enter into government-to-government consultations with Tribes for making decisions that impact them, not to launch racist, unilateral attacks on a Tribe's sovereignty on Twitter.

1297 I yield back my time.

1298 \*The Chairman. Mrs. Radewagen?

\*Mrs. Radewagen. Thank you, Chairman Grijalva and
Ranking Member Bishop, for holding this hearing. And thank
you and welcome, Secretary Bernhardt, for coming today to
discuss DOI's priorities, policy priorities.

Now, Mr. Secretary, what is your opinion on former Secretary Zinke's monument review, specifically regarding his recommendations for the marine monuments?

And what is DOI's current status on the issue of fishing access in and around the Rose Atoll and Pacific Islands National Monuments? 1309 And will you be making your own recommendations to the 1310 President?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So the President directed
Secretary Zinke to review the monuments and create a report.
And Secretary Zinke did that, and that report was submitted
to the President. And the President will decide whether he
wants to act on any or -- he needs to, obviously, act on some
of the provisions. He may act on other recommendations. And
I would expect that he might.

He hasn't asked me for a second report. And, you know, so our position is they have the report, and it is in the President's hands right now, and he will make some decisions, I expect.

Obviously, in terms of access, you know, public access is a centerpiece of our interest at the Department. And so access is important to us.

\*Mrs. Radewagen. Okay. So the next question is -- and you may have partially answered it already, but -- you could spend all day responding to this question, but please instead only take a couple of sentences, if possible.

1329What is the Department doing to enhance public land1330access and recreational use for the average American?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So I actually think this is going
to end up being a major milestone of the President's tenure.
First off, we are committed to public access, we are

committed to increasing hunting, fishing, angling, and recreational opportunities. And I frankly think that the bill you all worked together to pass in such a bipartisan fashion gives us a number of things to even carry that farther forward.

My expectation is we will be announcing soon over one million acres of additional public access, just on refuge areas. So we are excited about it.

1342 \*Mrs. Radewagen. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I yield1343 back.

1344 \*The Chairman. Mr. Cox?

1345 \*Mr. Cox. Yes, thank you. And thanks for being here,1346 Secretary Bernhardt.

I do want to touch on the reauthorization of the Land 1347 and Water Conservation Fund. It passed 92 to 8 in the 1348 Senate, 363 to 62 in the House. And I think everybody on 1349 this Committee voted for that. And so it is certainly a 1350 victory for conservation, showing the strong bipartisan 1351 support of protecting access to our public lands. 1352 And 1353 certainly in my district it has helped fund Shafer Park in Selma, Hanford Sports Park, and the national parks Sequoia 1354 and Kings Canyon, just east of my district. 1355

And so, you know, this is one of the most successful conservation programs that we have. And so I think all of us here were very concerned when the Interior's budget -- when 1359 your budget included a 95 percent reduction in funding for 1360 the fund.

And as you testified earlier, your role is to "work 1361 hard, effectuate the President's vision, '' which is the 1362 1363 elimination of this fund. So can you explain why these cuts 1364 were proposed from the Interior Department? And, as you 1365 testified, if there are funding that you will -- if the funds are appropriated, you will expend those funds. But that 1366 would seem to be a direct contravention of the President's 1367 And so how do you reconcile that? 1368 vision.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, to your last question, it is my understanding the President proposes and the Congress disposes when it comes to appropriations, and that is the way our Constitution works.

In terms of LWCF, I would say this, that we are thrilled that you created the permanent authorization. It is my experience that, since LWCF has been enacted, there has been two years that it has been fully funded. And I actually think that the fact that it is reauthorized permanently gives me an opportunity in the next budget to push harder in our internal budget debates about it.

But if you look at our budget overall, and you compare our budget to EPA and DOE and other similarly situated agencies, I think we did pretty good in the internal process. But we will spend money that, if you -- if Congress gives us for LWCF, and we -- and the question was really, I think, can we get it out quickly, and the answer is yes. We appreciate that you reauthorized it.

Mr. Cox. No, the question was more -- the President's vision, as enacted by his budget request, which came from Interior, I am assuming, was to terminate the program, to reduce it by 95 percent.

1391 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It was to --

Mr. Cox. And although that money may be appropriated, it is still against the President's vision, which you said you are working to enact, and not spend the money.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't think that is the case. I think the President said this year this is what we would like. You all take that and you decide what you like, and then we implement whatever you like. And the President is not going to say, if you appropriate it, "We can't spend it.''

1401 \*Mr. Cox. What if the President would say, "I don't 1402 want you to spend it on parks, I want you to spend it on a 1403 border wall''?

1404 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't -- I probably don't want 1405 to get into a legal argument about the President's authority, 1406 but I don't know if that would be a --

1407 \*Mr. Cox. It was certainly a question that was raised 1408 earlier, and we know how everyone voted on that. But no,

thanks very much with regard to that, because I know you are a strong supporter of public lands, and access to public lands. But I do see that conflict between yourself, the Interior Department, and the Administration.

The other question I would like to ask is about climate change, and I am particularly interested in the threat that climate change poses to water infrastructure and water security in California, notwithstanding the other States. And we are expecting longer, more frequent droughts, higher temperatures, earlier spring runoffs.

1419 And I want to know more about how the Department is 1420 incorporating climate change into your infrastructure 1421 management.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think everybody 1422 recognizes that the climate is changing. The -- where we go 1423 in terms of thinking through these issues is a place that the 1424 fourth assessment and the USGS scientists all agree on, and 1425 that is that the largest uncertainty in projecting future 1426 climate conditions is the level of GHG, going forward. 1427 1428 And so, what our scientists tell us are the best practices to use in thinking through these issues is that we 1429 recognize that there is not one particular model that is 1430 going to be the probabilistic answer. You need to look at 1431 all of the models, and a full range of models, and then look 1432

at -- within that range. And they have said they use

1433

1434 multiple models, use multiple representative concentration 1435 pathways. And you know, that is what we are trying to do 1436 with our decisions, to ensure that we have the full range of 1437 modeling, and then utilize it as appropriate.

1438 And if you look at our written decisions, you see that 1439 that is the case.

1440 \*Mr. Cox. Great, thank you.

1441 \*The Chairman. Miss Gonzalez-Colon?

\*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Good
morning and congratulations on your recent confirmation, Mr.
Secretary. I do have many questions, but I will try to focus
just on one.

The first is that I do understand that the Administration held a significant offshore wind lease in December of last year for the -- Massachusetts totaling \$405 million in revenue. And I do understand this will mean significant growth for the industry, and Americans that are living on the mainland.

I don't know if you are aware, but we introduced with a group of members in this Committee a bill that will promote the same kind of opportunities of offshore wind for the territories, as well. It was passed unanimously for this Committee and is going to the floor.

1457 Is your Department supporting this kind of bill?1458 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not familiar with that

specific legislation, and whether we took a particular approach to it. But I would say that, as a concept, we would absolutely be supportive of providing opportunities for the insular areas to develop their resources in a responsible way, of course.

Miss Gonzalez-Colon. I do understand that the Royalty Policy Committee recommended pursuing the change, and the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management supported similar draft legislation that passed this House of Representatives last year and during the last Congress, so --

1469 \*Secretary Bernhardt. You are more familiar with it 1470 than I am.

1471 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. So I --

1472 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We are not going to change our1473 position, I can promise you that.

1474 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. That was what I wanted to hear.1475 Thank you for letting me know that.

As you may know, the Department of the Interior got important certifications from the island and jurisdiction of many sites like the San Juan National Historic Park, which includes important 16th century fortifications from the Spanish colonial era, among many other sites.

One of the questions that we did have during the last budget -- last year, it was about letters coming from the -of 40 masons for the Department of the Interior -- \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, let me tell you. I can answer that right now. I don't know if it will be 40, it may be less than that, but I am issuing an order today that will allow recreational fee dollars to be used for permanent employees for certain situations, and one of those would be, in my opinion, the masons or some of the masons in -- I think it is the fort at San Juan.

1491 So I think we are about to take care of that. And what 1492 I can do is have somebody call you this afternoon with the 1493 specific details.

1494 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. I really appreciate that. They 1495 submitted a --

1496 \*Secretary Bernhardt. But it is a problem, and I think1497 we have figured out a solution for you.

1498 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. I am glad to hear that. I do 1499 know that we got 88 employees, full-time employees, at that 1500 fort. But those 40 masons are doing a great job

1501 implementing --

1502 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have been there, I have seen 1503 their work. And it is really unprecedented.

Miss Gonzalez-Colon. And another -- this -- members of this Committee, we traveled to Puerto Rico a few months ago -- a few weeks ago, and we visited El Yunque, which is the only national rainforest in the U.S. And the visitor center was hit directly -- 1509 \*Secretary Bernhardt. With the hurricane?

\*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. With the hurricane. Although the 1510 funds are being allocated to the island, allocated to the 1511 Department of the Interior to do the repairs in that area, it 1512 1513 has been a year and a half and we haven't seen anything being done yet. Do you have any information on that? 1514 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So we have -- the Fish and 1515 Wildlife Service has actually done a pretty good job of 1516 trying to obligate money. One of the challenges in those 1517 situations is, like, there is such a demand for contractors 1518 that it is challenging. 1519

I will look into that specifically, but I know we are having some difficulties in that regard.

\*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. And I do know the Department of 1522 the Interior presence is also seen through the -- of course, 1523 the Fish and Wildlife, as you just mentioned. And we do have 1524 five national wildlife refuges in five islands: Desecheo, 1525 Cartagena, Culebra, Vieques. And I am pleased to hear that 1526 the President's budget request for a national wildlife system 1527 1528 is \$509 million, an increase of \$23 million from this last fiscal year. Where that money is going to be used? 1529 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not 100 percent sure about 1530 I will have to get back to you on that one, 1531 that. specifically. 1532

1533 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. So, in your view, that provision

of \$23 million will help strengthen the national wildlife refuges across the nation, including those in Puerto Rico? \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, that would be our hope, yes.

Miss Gonzalez-Colon. I mean why you answer --\*Secretary Bernhardt. We had better do better, right? \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. If you can later on provide a detail or the breakdown of the total cost of the deferred maintenance projects across the five national wildlife refuges in Puerto Rico, I will really --

1544 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Okay.

1545 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. And I will submit the rest of the 1546 questions for the record.

1547 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We will do that.

1548 \*Miss Gonzalez-Colon. I yield back.

1549 \*The Chairman. Mr. Neguse?

1550 \*Mr. Neguse. Good morning, Mr. Secretary. Thank you1551 for coming today, and for your testimony.

I want to start by just -- with reference and great respect to my colleague, Mr. Westerman, who posed the question of "Where is the beef'' -- and I think it is an appropriate question -- I would say the title of this hearing is the budget priorities of the Department of the Interior -the policy priorities of the Department of the Interior. And so certainly, that is where my questions will be focused.

And to that end, I think it can get lost in some of the 1559 1560 exchanges, just how much the Department's proposed budget, which I understand is a proposal, and that, obviously, 1561 Congress and our appropriators will be doing the bulk of the 1562 1563 work in preparing a final budget, but nonetheless, just how much the budget decimates some really important programs. 1564 A decrease of \$18.6 million for national park visitor 1565 services. As you know, Mr. Secretary, or as you may know, I 1566 represent the 2nd district in Colorado, which includes Rocky 1567

1568 Mountain National Park.

1569 \*Secretary Bernhardt. My wife and I were married in
1570 Estes, right outside of Rocky --

1571 \*Mr. Neguse. I proposed to my wife in Estes.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Oh, did you? Oh, that is great.
\*Mr. Neguse. I am glad that we have that in common.
But nonetheless, the \$18.6 million decrease in park services
for the millions of visitors that will be visiting my
district in the coming months is cause for great concern.

A decrease of 12.9 million for resource stewardship, \$11 million to implement the Endangered Species Act, and a \$11.6 million decrease for fish and aquatic conservation, the elimination of the national wildlife refuge fund, the elimination of science support programs, juxtaposed against a 66.4 percent increase in coal management programs, and a \$1.4 million increase to expedite permitting for oil and gas.

And so, Mr. Secretary, I would just say I agree with Mr. Cox and other colleagues of mine, that a budget fundamentally reflects our values. And I don't agree with the budget priorities as the Department of the Interior has laid them out.

1589 I want to focus in particular on the LWCF program. And 1590 if you could, kind of just help us, Mr. Secretary, understand the reasoning behind the Department's decision to really 1591 decimate that program and cut it by 105 percent. Because, I 1592 mean, I understand -- we looked back, and I have a tweet --1593 not my tweet, your tweet -- here that we can enter into the 1594 record from February 15th of this year that says, from 1595 Secretary David Bernhardt, @SecBernhardt, "There is a lot to 1596 agree on in the public lands package from the Senate. 1597 The Trump Administration fully supports reauthorizing LWCF, and 1598 we included it in our budget last year.'' 1599

And yet, one month later, we have a budget from the Department of the Interior that cuts by 105 percent that very same program.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So that tweet was in reference to reauthorization. But, you know, we -- in our budget, I think, is something that we can all agree on, and I would love, given your passion for the parks, to have us all work on, and that is creating a infrastructure fund to deal with our maintenance backlog issues, which are extreme. They are

1609 extreme in Rocky Mountain, they are extreme in Acadia, they

1610 are extreme everywhere. And that is not an insignificant

1611 thing to get through the budget. I mean I think it is about

1612 a \$6.5 billion proposal. And --

1613 \*Mr. Neguse. I appreciate that, Mr. Secretary.

1614 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And it is a major commitment to 1615 parks and infrastructure --

1616 \*Mr. Neguse. I appreciate that.

1617 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And I --

1618 \*Mr. Neguse. I am going to reclaim my time.

1619 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I do appreciate that --

1620 \*Mr. Neguse. Because I have limited time -- I

1621 appreciate that.

1622 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Okay.

1623 \*Mr. Neguse. I am certainly appreciative of that 1624 commitment. I would just say I would hope that it would be 1625 mirrored in the fundamental program around land acquisition 1626 for the LWCF. So -- but I think you understand my point.

I will move on to just one other topic. I believe you are probably aware of a woman by the name of Maria Caffrey, who was a researcher at CU Boulder in my district. Dr. Caffrey was contracted with the National Park Service to lead a report on the effects of sea level rise and storm surge on national parks.

1633 Before the final version of the report was published she

was repeatedly pressured to remove any references to the human causes of climate change from the report. Dr. Caffrey believed that the science of the report required a discussion on the human impact of climate change, and ultimately adamantly refused.

Fortunately, after the incident was publicized in an investigative report, major backlash ensued. The report was released with its original language.

My understanding -- this was before I came to Congress -- was, thanks to the Chairman's leadership and the leadership of several other members of this Committee, a request was made of the Department of the Interior's inspector general to look into this issue. The unfortunate aspect of this is that the IG subsequently, after the report was released without the edits, closed that investigation.

I would hope that you would support the inspector general taking another look, particularly given what I understand to be recent reports in the news around the fact that the doctor's contract was recently expired and not renewed in February of this year, and that there is some controversy around that aspect of it.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So I am not -- I will say this.
I am not sure that -- I haven't looked at what the inspector
general said specifically, but my understanding -- and I can
go back and check this when I get back to the office and give

you a call if this is wrong, but my understanding is what the inspector general actually did is said, "Hey, this looks like a matter of scientific integrity,'' and so it was sent to the scientific integrity team, and that they looked at it and decided there wasn't an issue.

But I will go back and double-check that for you. But that is my understanding. It is not that the IG just said, "We are not doing anything,'' it was -- they said, "Hey, this is probably better for this group,'' and they looked at it. But I will go back and double-check.

\*Mr. Neguse. I would just say, Mr. Chairman -- thank you, Mr. Secretary. And with respect to that particular issue, to the extent that the IG did not essentially hold their investigation in abeyance, or close it because the issue was rendered moot, if that is not the case, then I would appreciate your support --

1675 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I will double-check, I don't1676 know. I will ask Mary.

1677 \*Mr. Neguse. Thank you.

1678 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

1679 Mr. Curtis?

1680 \*Mr. Curtis. Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Mr. Ranking1681 Member.

1682 Secretary, congratulations on your confirmation. Thank 1683 you for being here with us today, and staying with us so

1684 long.

Due to a great bipartisan effort, we passed a major public lands package the beginning of this year. One of the largest bills in there was also due to some great bipartisan work, the Emery County Public Lands bill. Over a million acres in my district -- in rare form we were actually able to agree on what to do with public lands.

Inside that is some -- a lot of work. And in some cases, the work has just started: the SITLA exchange, the San Rafael Swell Recreation Area Management Plan, Jurassic National Monument Management Plan. Given your shortage of resources and the many things that you have to do, can you see a path forward to put the resources into these management plans and the SITLA exchanges?

1698 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So let me tell you what I have 1699 done there.

1700 Right after -- shortly after the bill was signed into 1701 law, I sent an order to all of our bureau directors, 1702 demanding the following: that we go through the statute, 1703 look at those provisions that were in it, identify those 1704 provisions that needed some sort of implementation. And they 1705 gave me the overall list a while ago.

And then I asked them to go back and develop an implementation plan for each of those priority items. I think that had a deadline of day 60, which would probably be 1709 the 22nd of this month.

What I can do is come talk to you or visit with you after I get that on the 22nd. Because I think we will have a plan, and we will get it done.

Mr. Curtis. Thank you, I appreciate that. SITLA alone represents millions of dollars in these exchanges for our schools in Utah, and just really critical. Thank you for your --

1717 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I know how important it is.
1718 \*Mr. Curtis. Yes, thank you for your special attention
1719 to that.

We have got kind of a really unique situation in Carbon 1720 County. The Bureau of Reclamation -- eight years ago there 1721 were some homes built on the wrong spot on their property, 1722 some private cabins. And the bureau has been doing quiet 1723 title to take these back. And we -- with the Ranking Member 1724 1725 and Senator Romney, we sent a letter to thank you for your response to that letter. This may be down too much into the 1726 weeds for you, but I would love your help and attention on 1727 1728 trying to resolve this in a way that doesn't destroy these cabins, if there is an answer in there that works both for 1729 the Federal Government and --1730

1731 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I will talk to Brenda about it.
1732 I --

1733 \*Mr. Curtis. Thank you, I appreciate that. And also, a
big thanks to you and Superintendent Kate Cannon and the Arches for a very, very difficult issue, the way that has been handled. I think it is very important that the residents of that town feel listened to. Thank you for that, and for the many people in your organization that made that possible.

Also, just kind of a plug to keep that forward-most in our mind, how this is resolved. The public buy-in will have a lot to do with how thorough they feel that we have vetted the different options. And so --

1744 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We respect that, and are very1745 sensitive to blow-ups on that.

1746 \*Mr. Curtis. Thank you. And finally, I am going to let 1747 this be at your discretion. The moment may have passed. 1748 There have been a couple of things that you would have liked 1749 to have responded to in this hearing, and you were not given 1750 that opportunity. If the moment has passed, that is fine, 1751 but I did want to give you that.

1752 Thank you, Mr. Chairman, I yield my time.

1753 \*The Chairman. Thank you very much.

1754 Mr. Levin?

1755 \*Mr. Levin. Thank you, Chair Grijalva.

Secretary Bernhardt, I appreciated the chance to meet you in my office earlier this month. I am pleased you joined the Committee for a public hearing.

During our meeting we discussed a number of issues, from 1759 1760 offshore drilling to renewable energy on public lands to climate science. We discussed the myriad of actions this 1761 Administration has taken that impact our land and water. 1762 Ι 1763 came into our meeting, as I think you know, troubled by some of your Department's handling of important environmental 1764 1765 issues. And our discussion, while it was productive, didn't fully alleviate those concerns. 1766

After our meeting I sent you a letter outlining several 1767 remaining questions that I had from our conversation, and 1768 again, urging you to remove California from future offshore 1769 1770 drilling plans. I requested a response to my inquiry by this 1771 past Monday. But unfortunately, you have not yet responded. Mr. Chairman, without objection, I would like to enter 1772 this letter, the letter that I sent Mr. Bernhardt, into the 1773 record, and request a written response from the Secretary. 1774 \*The Chairman. Without objection, so ordered. 1775 [The letter to Secretary Bernhardt submitted by Mr. 1776 Levin for the record follows:] 1777

1778

1779 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*COMMITTEE INSERT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1780

\*Mr. Levin. With that I will turn to my questions. 1781 1782 Mr. Secretary, in our meeting you seemed to indicate that you don't believe Congress has directed you to address 1783 the impacts of climate change. But federal courts have held 1784 1785 on numerous occasions that the Department must take consideration of future impacts into account, especially 1786 1787 those related to climate change under the National Environmental Policy Act and the Endangered Species Act, 1788 1789 among many others.

This means that courts interpreting and relying on existing law say that you must consider climate change, and decisions made on the basis of the very real threat of climate change are valid.

I would also argue that a plain reading of the existing laws enacted by Congress squarely require you to manage for climate change in the natural resource planning process.

1797 Mr. Secretary, I would appreciate a yes-or-no answer to 1798 the following questions.

First, does the Federal Land Policy and Management Act require you to take -- and I quote -- "into account the longterm needs of future generations'' and -- and I quote "take any action necessary to prevent unnecessary or undue degradation of those lands''?

1804 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think that is in the policy1805 statement of the Act.

1806 \*Mr. Levin. So that would be a yes?

1807 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Sure.

\*Mr. Levin. Again, yes or no, when it comes to the national wildlife refuge system, are you required by law to "ensure that the biological integrity, diversity, and environmental health'' of the refuge system "are maintained for the benefit of present and future generations of

1813 Americans''?

1814 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think that is pretty consistent1815 with the way it reads, without looking at it.

1816 \*Mr. Levin. So that is a yes.

1817 Third, yes or no, are you required by law to ensure that 1818 national parks are "unimpaired for the enjoyment of future 1819 generations''?

1820 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I believe that is what the1821 Organic Act says.

1822 \*Mr. Levin. Correct.

Fourth, yes or no, is it true that the SECURE Water Act 1823 of 2009 tasks the Secretary of the Interior with the 1824 responsibility "A, to take the lead role in assessing risks 1825 to the water resources of the United States, including risks 1826 posed by global climate change; and B, to develop strategies 1827 to mitigate the potential impacts of climate change''? 1828 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That Act is one of two acts I 1829 know that have affirmative obligations related to climate 1830

1831 change for the Secretary of the --

1832 \*Mr. Levin. So four for four, I believe.

And finally, given these statements and law, yes or no, is there any doubt that you have a legal obligation to take into account the needs of future generations and manage the public lands to prevent unnecessary or undue degradation now and in the future?

1838 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We certainly have a need to take 1839 them into account. We are taking them into account.

1840 \*Mr. Levin. Yet when we met you claimed that Congress
1841 hasn't given you enough direction to address climate change.
1842 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is not -- what I

specifically said is you haven't given me any direction to stop any particular activity. And if you want to stop it, you need to give us that direction.

1846 The reality is we are compliant with NEPA, we are -- our 1847 compliance --

1848 \*Mr. Levin. Mr. Bernhardt, Secretary, what type of 1849 direction would you want Congress to give you to make it any 1850 clearer?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Whatever you think you can do to stop it, if that is what you want to do. Go for it. But that should happen in this body. That is not a -- that is not something the Department of the Interior does with a magic wand. 1856 \*Mr. Levin. Well, Secretary, I have just given you a 1857 number of examples where you do have to take climate change 1858 into account to do your work.

1859 \*Secretary Bernhardt. You can --

\*Mr. Levin. And we are talking about real people in communities here that are impacted in my district and districts all across the country. And we know, when you talk about a range, we know the range is from very bad to extremely bad. We are talking about long-term economic consequences, environmental consequences. And you are at the forefront of that.

And we talk a lot about draining the swamp. It is the epitome of the swamp to have a handful of polluters dictate the environmental policies of this Administration. And you might wonder why there are people in swamp creature outfits behind you. The public has real concerns about your work, sir. And you have done very little to address those.

1873 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I am here voluntarily --

1874 \*Mr. Levin. And we are going to continue to hold you to1875 account, Secretary.

1876 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am here voluntarily --

1877 \*Mr. Levin. And with that I would be happy to yield1878 back my time.

1879 \*The Chairman. Mr. Fulcher?

1880 \*Mr. Fulcher. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And Mr. Secretary, thank you for being here. And I can tell by the comments that you have got a lot on your plate. And I just want to go on record to say, for those of us in Idaho, we appreciate you.

1885 We also want to take some of that stuff off of your 1886 plate. We would be happy to take care of a little bit more 1887 of the things in our own backyard. But --

1888 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, our plan is to keep our 1889 public land and manage it, so --

1890 \*Mr. Fulcher. Good, all right. Well, we would like to1891 help you with that.

And to that end, you had some personal involvement with the sage-grouse plan in our State, with stakeholders there, with the State, and officials there, and collaborated nicely to work out a plan where we could deal with local threats. I want to thank you for that.

I am disappointed that it is being litigated now. And that actually leads to the question that I had. This was originally for budget discussions. Do you have any insight, do you have any idea, in terms of cost and/or time, that litigation adds to your typical budget?

1902 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, litigation is a constant at 1903 Interior. And so it is a part of our world, and people are 1904 entitled to litigate.

1905 The -- you know, it is a significant amount of time to

deal with litigation, but it is part of our -- it is part of what we are responsible for, and we take it as it comes. \*Mr. Fulcher. Stakeholders in my State tell me that that is one of the number-one obstacles to making progress in how --

1911 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So --

1912 \*Mr. Fulcher. -- how lands are managed, and just a
1913 positive improvement there.

1914 \*Secretary Bernhardt. You know, it is -- I think the 1915 real issue at times is that it just adds uncertainty after a 1916 policy decision is made. And that uncertainty then, you 1917 know, affects planning.

1918 And I will say that, for sage-grouse, I think what has happened over the last 10 years has been really pretty 1919 amazing. When you look at -- all of these States have gotten 1920 together, they have come up with their own plans. 1921 The 1922 Federal Government is largely in alignment with their plans. And it doesn't matter whether it is Kate Brown in Oregon or 1923 your governor or others, the governors are all on board. 1924 1925 And then you have a group that doesn't like it, and they sue. And they are entitled to do that. But the particular 1926 group here in this case, they sued on the prior plan, which 1927 was done in the Obama Administration, and they just amended 1928 their complaint to the new one. And so -- you know, and they 1929 will have their day in court. 1930

But what it does do is maybe not give people a feeling 1931 1932 of momentum to get on with the important work. And we have collectively, as a society, invested a great deal in the 1933 sage-grouse. Ag Department, we spend about 73 million a year 1934 1935 within the Department of the Interior. And this has gone on for decades, and I think it has done some really good things 1936 1937 for the sage-grouse. And it is an amazing commitment by the State governors on trying to be responsible for a particular 1938 1939 species.

1940 So they have done a lot of work and then, you know, the 1941 bottle gets shook up. But that is just the nature of our 1942 world today.

\*Mr. Fulcher. Just to that end, I want to make a pitch 1943 for a piece of legislation that Mr. Westerman has had in the 1944 past, I am a sponsor of, as well, the Resilient Forests. 1945 Ιt has a pilot provision in there for an arbitration process. 1946 1947 And if someone does have a problem, then, okay, bring a solution to the table. And that is -- we just -- it is a 1948 fair request, I think. So I am making a pitch for that. 1949 1950 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is an interesting idea. Ι will look at the bill. 1951

1952 \*Mr. Fulcher. Making a pitch for that.

1953 So just to close things up, from my standpoint, thank 1954 you for a new director, John Roose, we are excited about 1955 that. And I appreciate anything else you can do to offer a

1956 little bit more flexibility within our State, and more

1957 collaborative efforts like that. That is much appreciated.
1958 I understand you are an outdoorsman, and we would love
1959 to invite you to our State and show you some of the best
1960 hunting and fishing in the world.

1961 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I would like to take you up 1962 on that.

1963 \*Mr. Fulcher. All right. Well, with that, I yield back 1964 my time.

1965 \*The Chairman. Ms. Haaland?

\*Ms. Haaland. Thank you, Chairman. And thank you, Mr.
Secretary, for spending time with us this morning.

During the five months I have been in office I have met 1968 with over 300 Indian Tribes and tribal organizations, and 90 1969 percent of the time the issue they raise the most is the lack 1970 of tribal consultation of the Department of the Interior's --1971 1972 tribal consultation prior to the Department of the Interior's reorganization, which caught many Tribes by surprise. 1973 In the time since you have been sworn in, I have continued to hear 1974 1975 about the lack of information provided to Tribes on the 1976 reorganization's opt out option.

1977 Secretary Bernhardt, you led the federal agency with --1978 you lead the federal agency with the most responsibility to 1979 Indian country. What happened during the reorganization was 1980 a clear breach of the Interior's policy to consult with

1981 Tribes.

I am a member of the Pueblo of Laguna, and I have worked with Tribes my entire career. And I am going to read you a definition of tribal consultation, and that is "to ensure Tribes have a strong voice in shaping federal policies that directly impact their ability to govern themselves.''

1987 Do you agree with this definition?

1988 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I agree that that is potentially 1989 a definition.

1990 \*Ms. Haaland. Well, I hope you agree with it, because 1991 that is your Department's definition.

So we are both -- so it seems like -- that we are both in agreement that if the Interior makes a unilateral decision on a policy that impacts Tribes in this country, then there has not been adequate tribal consultation.

1996 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think in reorganization 1997 in particular, Tribes had an incredibly strong voice. They 1998 had such a strong voice that we decided that we would not 1999 include either the Bureau of Indian Affairs or the Bureau of 2000 Indian Education in the reorganization. So that was exactly 2001 what they asked for.

2002 \*Ms. Haaland. That is interesting.

2003 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And that is exactly what they -2004 \*Ms. Haaland. That is very interesting. So perhaps the
2005 other 467 Tribes that I haven't actually spoken to are the

2006 ones who agreed. Because the 300 that I have talked to 2007 absolutely did not.

This reorganization redraws the boundaries of departmental regions across the country. So I think it is reasonable to conclude that it impacts their governance, and it doesn't sound like they have a strong voice to shape this policy, at least not from my vantage point.

I can confidently tell you that no tribal leader that I have talked to understands what the agency is doing. So perhaps it is a matter of communication that needs to be addressed.

2017 Due to this lack of clarity surrounding the details of 2018 the reorganization, and because you lead the federal agency 2019 with the most responsibility to Indian country, I would like 2020 to meet with you and your staff to discuss this issue to find 2021 some clarity for Tribes. And I hope that you will --

2022 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That would be great.

2023 \*Ms. Haaland. Thank you very much. Thank you.

In your role as Secretary you were charged to uphold the Department's trust responsibility to foster a government-togovernment relationship with Tribes for this Administration. As lead of the federal agency with the most responsibility to Indian country, what is your responsibility to carry out this duty when the head of the executive branch of government says -- and I quote -- and it seems like a day for tweets, so this is a tweet sent out by the President: "If Elizabeth Warren, often referred to by me as Pocahontas, did this commercial from Bighorn or Wounded Knee, instead of her kitchen with her husband, dressed in full Indian garb, it would have been a smash''?

And so I just -- essentially, I am curious as to what your duty is when the head of your Department seeks to not only alienate Tribes, but essentially discount our history, make mockery of mass graves in our country. Because we know that Indian -- this country is founded on genocide of Indians.

2042 So what is your duty with respect to all of that? 2043 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have a great regard for the culture and history of Native Americans and Alaskans 2044 throughout our country. I applaud their service in our 2045 services. And I have spent many years working on issues with 2046 Indian country in various capacities. And even during my 2047 Senate confirmation people -- Tribes submitted letters of 2048 support. I will carry out my duties faithfully. 2049

2050 \*Ms. Haaland. Thank you. It looks as though I am out 2051 of time and I yield back, Chairman.

2052 \*The Chairman. Mr. Gosar?

2053 \*Dr. Gosar. Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman. And first of 2054 all I would like to commend Mr. Secretary for doing a 2055 wonderful job.

During your tenure at DOI you have worked diligently to increase hunting and fishing access to ensure clean water for future generations, and to empower local decision-makers. That is a remarkable accomplishment so far.

2060 Now, I have often told people I wish other agencies were 2061 running as smoothly as yours. Now, just imagine what we 2062 could have gotten done if the -- my colleagues on the other 2063 side would have cooperated, instead of degrading?

I would also like to apologize for what you are being put under, instead of looking at the budget. So -- with that.

Now, once again, the Democrats on the Committee, as well as my other Committee, aren't being transparent about their real agenda today. Once again, the Democrats on the Committee failed to produce a public hearing notice memo, in violation of their own Committee rules, so the media and the American people know what is supposed to be on -- and -- to be -- occur today.

Once again, Democrats want to talk about anything other than the point of the hearing, which is supposed to be about the excellent budget that you have proposed. I have always said -- and I have been very consistent about this, whether it has been this Administration or -- my side of the aisle, their side of the aisle, good process builds good policy, builds good politics. It is that simple.

2081 This hearing should really be called the "See How We Can 2082 Tear Down a Good Man.'' So with that, I start my questions. 2083 Myself and numerous members of the Committee support the 2084 Administration's proposed reorganization in moving some 2085 operations out West. I have an appropriations submission 2086 letter here, signed by 16 members, my colleagues, that 2087 supports the DOI's reorganization.

2088 Mr. Chairman, I ask permission for this to be submitted 2089 to the record.

2090 \*The Chairman. With no objection.

2091 [The letter submitted for the record by Dr. Gosar

2092 follows:]

2093

2094 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*COMMITTEE INSERT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*Dr. Gosar. The only thing I would actually say is that, with the reorganization of Arizona with California, let's make the center Arizona. Make California come to Arizona. That would be a nice -- maybe even Prescott. Mr. Secretary, government closest to the people works

2101 best. So can you quickly elaborate and why the Department's 2102 organization is so important?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think the restructuring of the regional boundaries was a very significant thing because it will facilitate the Department's senior executive service level regional managers, collaborating and working together in a much more coordinated fashion.

2108 I think the fact that we had 49 different regional parameters for folks made things -- made the senior 2109 executives working together a little less jointed. And I am 2110 very -- I really fundamentally believe that, with -- we have 2111 2112 great senior managers. And with them working together with kind of a collective understanding of priorities, we will 2113 really minimize cross-jurisdictional conflict. And, you 2114 2115 know, the folks that deal with Interior, when they come in, they -- the last thing they need is one agency wanting to go 2116 one way and one agency wanting to go the other, and no one 2117 really understanding where things are going to go. And so I 2118 think the reorganization will really help with that, from a 2119 boundary adjustment. 2120

I do believe, fundamentally, that moving some more of our folks West has a very big benefit.

First off, I think it is great for them, for the -- how far a dollar goes in the West, versus how far a dollar goes here.

Second, I think it will save us substantial time and money, in terms of travel costs. It will also save us substantial time and money in terms of real estate costs. And, more importantly, in my opinion, having them near the lands that they manage has a meaningful benefit. If you are able to see what is going on, and have a sense of it, I think that that, overall -- that is a good perspective.

And this isn't a new thought. In 1936, in the hearing where the Secretary was begging for the creation of a deputy secretary, the Committee said, "Well, we will think about giving you an undersecretary,'' which is what they called the deputy at that time, "but we want to know whether you guys are going to spend over half of your time in the West.''

And so there needs to be a core component here in D.C., but there is no reason why folks can't be moved West.

2141 So I am excited about both of those things occurring. I 2142 am excited about us implementing the regional boundaries that 2143 have been delineated in a way that creates kind of a one 2144 decision at Interior. And I am interested in the transfer of 2145 authority to the West.

\*Dr. Gosar. I thank the gentleman. And for a letter in support of the -- that forestry package, I ask for submission. \*The Chairman. Without objection, so ordered. [The letter submitted for the record by Dr. Gosar follows:] 

\*Dr. Gosar. By the way, a real quick question. More
holdings are in the East or in the West for the Department?
\*Secretary Bernhardt. Oh, far, far more in the West.
\*Dr. Gosar. It makes more sense. Thank you.

2159 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

2160 Mrs. Napolitano?

Mrs. Napolitano. Thank you, Mr. Chair. Mr. --Secretary, thank you for meeting with me a couple weeks ago, where we discussed several of the issues. And of -- most important to me was the proposed budget, the overall MaterSMART project cut by 30 percentile, 16 by 95 percent (sic).

As you are well aware, the West is facing a lot of drought, still not over in California. But while these cuts impact farms and cities in vulnerable communities, there is 464 million authorized projects and 513 backlog for when eligible recycling projects (sic). How can the

2172 Administration justify?

I am asking for 500 million to be able to help the West prepare for drought.

Then the title 16 program limits federal funding of a project to 20 percent. The program is then aligned with the 2177 2018 Trump infrastructure plan, as it incentivizes 2178 overwhelming State and local participation. But why is the 2179 Administration infrastructure plan advocating for expanding 2180 federal incentive program, while drastically cutting

2181 incentive programs of title 16?

2182 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't have a -- I couldn't hear 2183 the question, and I apologize for that.

\*Mrs. Napolitano. Well, why is the Administration cutting 95 percent of my budget on title 16, when we know we have a problem?

2187 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So we have to make tough choices
2188 with the budget. And we certainly --

2189 \*Mrs. Napolitano. But this is --

2190 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- recognize there is a value to 2191 title 16 funding.

I think there are -- the Reclamation was primarily focused on its operational side of the house, and so they did make some tough choices.

Mrs. Napolitano. Well, it is surprising that they don't understand this is also economic choices. And I would like to be sure that we voice a very strong opposition to the budget cuts.

I yield the further of my time to --

2200 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think they are doing energy and 2201 water today, so --

\*Mr. Huffman. I thank the gentlelady for yielding.
 Mr. Secretary, have you directed the re-initiation of
 consultation for CVP operations to include old and middle

2205 river storm flexibility provisions, like those in the WIN
2206 Act?

2207 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not sure that is part of the 2208 long-term operations or not. I honestly --

2209 \*Mr. Huffman. Have you given any direction --

2210 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I would have to go back and look.2211 \*Mr. Huffman. All right.

2212 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Honestly, I am happy to answer
2213 it, I just don't --

Mr. Huffman. Well, please do provide us with whatever you have on any direction you have given in that regard. And I am hearing you commit to do that, is that correct? \*Secretary Bernhardt. I certainly will get back to you with an answer --

2219 \*Mr. Huffman. Thank you, thank you. Mr. Secretary, 2220 there was some unusual accounting that the IG criticized, 2221 where the Federal Government picked up the tab for studies 2222 that benefitted the Westlands Water District, cost federal 2223 taxpayers improperly, and the GAO is now investigating this 2224 accounting scheme. I am sure you are familiar with it.

2225 Chairman Grijalva and I wrote with -- wrote to you a 2226 couple of months ago, because we were told you were not 2227 providing information that GAO requested. Can you commit to 2228 directing Interior staff to cooperate with the GAO on this 2229 matter that would appear to redound to the benefit of your 2230 former client?

2231 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well --

2232 \*Mr. Huffman. That is a yes or no. Will you commit 2233 to --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Actually, Congressman, it is not
a yes or no. I will check with ethics, and I will decide if
I can make that direction, give that direction or not.

2237 \*Mr. Huffman. All right, very good.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I honestly don't know that --2238 \*Mr. Huffman. Mr. Secretary, I wish I had more time to 2239 go into your calendars. We know your public calendars are 2240 either missing information about meetings, or they refer 2241 2242 generically to internal meetings or briefings where, when we piece the details together from emails we receive, we see 2243 they actually involved parties and subjects that directly 2244 implicate former clients of yours, some --2245

2246 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't think that is accurate at 2247 all.

\*Mr. Huffman. It is absolutely accurate. But here is the point. I want to give you a chance in the remaining time we have to assure the American people that you are not just doing the bidding of your former clients.

2252 So give us some examples where one of your former 2253 clients from the oil and gas industry, or Westlands, or 2254 another former client has asked for something specific and you have had to say no, because it just wasn't in the public interest. This is your chance to show the public that you are not just doing the bidding of your public -- of your former clients. You have the balance of my time.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So let me be very, very clear.
We -- I don't -- my clients don't -- my former clients aren't
meeting with me. I haven't met with my former clients,
except potentially in a very large group --

2263 \*Mr. Huffman. Can you give us any examples where you
2264 have said no --

2265 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We have said no significantly to 2266 requests from energy entities, we have said no to --

2267 \*Mr. Huffman. Specific examples?

2268 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- requests for water

2269 allocations. We have said no to numerous, numerous --

\*Mr. Huffman. Water allocations are formula-driven. I would like to know a specific policy request of a former client where you said no because it wasn't in the public interest. And I am not hearing any examples.

2274 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is completely inflammatory 2275 and wrong.

2276 \*Mr. Huffman. It is a pretty important subject.

2277 \*Secretary Bernhardt. There is a -- significant
2278 requests were made in the well control rule. There are
2279 numerous places where we didn't agree with the industry's

2280 recommendation.

2281 \*Mr. Huffman. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

2282 [Pause.]

\*Mr. Huffman. [Presiding] In the absence of the Chairman
I am told that I should recognize Mr. Gohmert for the next
round of questioning. So --

2286 \*Mr. Gohmert. Well, thank you, Mr. Acting Chairman.2287 [Laughter.]

2288 \*Mr. Gohmert. Secretary, you reacted with respect to 2289 the characterization of your calendar. Is there something 2290 else you would like to say about your calendar?

2291 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes. The reality is, if you go
2292 on to our DOI website, you can see every single pocket card I
2293 have ever had, you can see my calendar, you can see my
2294 private calendar. It is all available.

2295 And on top of that, since I have been -- at least for 2296 the last several months I have published every single meeting 2297 I have had with an external third party. So those are 2298 published on a regular basis, separately. So you can see my 2299 calendar, you can see my pocket cards, you can request my 2300 briefing book, you can request my -- the meeting requests 2301 that people send.

There is -- you have 26,000 pages of material related to my calendar in this Committee.

2304 \*Mr. Gohmert. Thank you. And I know you didn't start

2305 out two years ago in the position you are currently acting, 2306 but experiences I have had here in Washington, different 2307 groups that got permits for the mall and other areas, let me 2308 just tell you. If it is a Christian group, they have met 2309 with a great deal of hostility, last-minute changes, charges 2310 anywhere from 10,000 to \$50,000 at the last moment.

2311 And on one occasion it was a huge crowd, probably 200,000 or so, the last minute -- well, they made them put 2312 fencing around that area of the mall. They, at the last 2313 minute, restricted them to one entrance, which meant people 2314 were going to stand in a line in the summer for hours. 2315 So the Park Service officials -- and I spent a great deal of 2316 time talking to them, and in the command module -- the people 2317 I was dealing with had not made the decisions, but it was 2318 clear that -- to me, that there was a great deal of 2319 harassment in setting up events for -- actions by the 2320 officials of the National Park Service which caused 2321 frustration that didn't need to be, forced them to line up in 2322 areas where there were no -- was no shade. 2323

So anyway, I just alert you to that, and ask you to keep a watch on it. I know you have already had discussions about -- and we do appreciate that you didn't spend government money to shut down open-air, private -- or public sidewalks, like World War II. I was brokenhearted for the people at Martin Luther King Memorial. I mean that is a really moving

2330 memorial, the way his statue is there, coming out of the 2331 rock. And yet people were around the barricades wondering --2332 this is our trip, and the Park Service decided to make it 2333 difficult.

On one good note, though, after I cut the tape and moved the barricade at the World War II Memorial -- got the help of Steve Palazzo -- and we got the veterans in there -- because they weren't supposed to spend money to close a facility that didn't cost anything to keep open -- three of us decided to go check the Iwo Jima Memorial. That is under the Park Service, isn't it?

2341 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes.

2342 \*Mr. Gohmert. And when we got up there, sure enough 2343 there had been a barricade put up there, but there was, like, three buses up at the memorial. One of them had a bus of 2344 mainly people that fought at Iwo Jima. And when I went up 2345 there and I said, "I was impressed, you guys just ran over 2346 the barricade, ' and these elderly gentlemen said, "We told 2347 the bus driver we didn't let the enemy keep us from the top 2348 2349 of Suribachi, and we wasn't going to let some little wooden stick keep us from getting up here to our memorial.'' 2350

2351 So there are people out there that appreciate that you 2352 keep those things accessible.

But one of my big concerns -- we have -- there are stories here, 4,000 percent up for illegal immigration arrests on federal property. And I know Brian Terry was killed on Organ Pipe Park. Are you able to do anything? I know your budget is limited, but at least you have a budget, unlike Congress. So what are you able to do with what you got?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So this week is Police Week, and 2360 2361 one of the things that we do during Police Week is we have a memorial service for fallen officers of the Department of the 2362 Interior. And yesterday one of the parents that I met with 2363 -- son was killed on -- down on the boundary. He was a park 2364 ranger. He was killed in 2002. And their request to me was 2365 to make sure that we do not for a minute let up on our 2366 2367 investment in training, survival training, and preparing the folks that we put down there. 2368

And I think that that is -- we certainly will not let up, but that is a real thing, that when we put people down there, we have got to make sure they are well trained.

2372 \*Mr. Gohmert. Thank you, Secretary. And it was Chris
2373 Eagle, was --

2374 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes, that was Chris Eagle. That 2375 is right.

2376 \*Mr. Gohmert. Okay, thank you, Mr. --

2377 \*Mr. Huffman. I thank the gentleman. And the Chair now2378 recognizes Mr. Brown for five minutes.

2379 \*Mr. Brown. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And Mr.

2380 Secretary, thank you for being here today, and your 2381 testimony.

The National Park Service owns and maintains a number of 2382 parkways that are part of the National Register of Historic 2383 2384 Places, four of them in the National Capital Region. You are probably familiar with Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway, George 2385 Washington Memorial Parkway. There are two in my district. 2386 One is Suitland Parkway and the other is the Baltimore-2387 Washington Parkway. Many of them -- and certainly the B-W 2388 Parkway -- serves as a very important regional artery, 2389 120,000 commuters a day -- many from my district, others from 2390 2391 around the region -- rely on it to commute back and forth to 2392 work, school, et cetera.

2393 Unfortunately, years of the Department's neglect has 2394 made the B-W Parkway one of the most dangerous and congested 2395 parkways in the region. In fact, according to the Volpe 2396 Center at the U.S. Department of Transportation, no capacity 2397 improvements have been made to the B-W Parkway since its 2398 construction in 1954.

At the beginning of March of this year, in lieu of a meaningful maintenance work and rehabilitation, the National Park Service simply lowered the speed limit by 15 miles per hour, which doesn't address the maintenance issues, but certainly raises the aggravation level for commuters. And only after sustained pressure from the Maryland congressional 2405 delegation did some patchwork maintenance get done, about 60 2406 tons of asphalt.

So my question, Mr. Secretary, does the Park Service have sufficient funds to maintain the B-W Parkway and the other parkways on this National Register of Historic Places? \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think if you look at our maintenance backlog budget, almost half of it is road maintenance. And you know, we have challenges on B-W Parkway, and we have challenges on Suitland.

I mean, to be very honest, those areas have been -- you know, that maintenance has been deferred a very long time, and it creates --

Mr. Brown. Do you know whether it is in the President's budget to increase funding for those parkways? Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think we are trying to work on that through the infrastructure -- we have an infrastructure improvement plan as part of our budget to deal with that. So that was the way we tried to deal with that.

\*Mr. Brown. And let me just suggest this. I don't think it is a question of ownership. I know there has been conversations with the Governor of Maryland whether to convey that to the State of Maryland. I don't think it is a question of ownership. I think it is a question of whoever does own it should fulfill the responsibility to maintain it, particularly in a safe condition.

And I would suggest that if ownership transfer is contemplated, then certainly address issues like, you know, the impact on the environment, whether tolling that road makes sense for commuters on that roadway. And I would hope that the National Park Service retain that property.

2435 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I would think that it would2436 largely have to come back to your Committee here.

2437 \*Mr. Brown. Yes.

2438 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So you would get to weigh in on 2439 all those things.

2440 \*Mr. Brown. Well, let me ask you, though, what is your
2441 -- what are your thoughts, though, about transferring these
2442 difficult and expensive parkways?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. You know, we generally take the 2443 position, as in restoration, that we are not terribly 2444 interested in transferring public lands out of the public 2445 2446 estate. Those -- so that would be a big discussion for us. \*Mr. Brown. And as you probably also know, Oxon Cove, 2447 400-plus-acre land in the shadows of the national -- the 2448 2449 Nation's Capital in Maryland, in my district, your predecessor had signed an MOU with Governor Hogan to transfer 2450 that. 2451

2452 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think they are looking at 2453 exploring -- I think it is more of, like, a letter of intent, 2454 looking at exploring different ideas. Mr. Brown. And now that you are the Secretary, and given what you just said, would that be your intent, to --\*Secretary Bernhardt. I would have to look at it and make a decision. I would have to get back to you on that. \*Mr. Brown. Has your office had recently -- since your predecessor left, has your office had conversations with Governor Hogan's team?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Not to my knowledge, but --2462 \*Mr. Brown. Okay. And again, there I would suggest 2463 there is very few acres -- I have -- I envy my colleagues in 2464 this Committee that talks about -- that talk about tens of 2465 thousands of acres of undeveloped land that is used for the 2466 public use and enjoyment. We don't have a whole lot in 2467 Maryland, but we do have about 400, 500 at Oxon Cove. It is 2468 the home to bald eagles, there is a lot of environmentally 2469 sensitive areas. 2470

So I would hope that your comment here today, that you are not a fan -- and I am paraphrasing -- of transferring public lands for private-sector development -- I just added that piece -- I hope that holds true for Oxon Cove, as well.

2475 I yield back, Mr. Chairman.

2476 \*The Chairman. [Presiding] Thank you very much.

2477 [Pause.]

2478 \*The Chairman. A stop-certain time of 1:30, if I am not 2479 mistaken, Mr. Secretary? 2480 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Whatever we agreed to.

2481 \*The Chairman. Okay. And votes are going to be called 2482 at 1:15. So my urgentness for -- to get to the questions, 2483 and we will go from there and try to make sure that everybody 2484 that is present has an opportunity to ask.

2485 Mr. San Nicolas?

2486 \*Mr. San Nicolas. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Good afternoon, Mr. Secretary. Thank you so much for 2487 being here with us. And thank you also for making time to 2488 visit me in my office and have a dialogue about some of the 2489 concerns we are facing on Guam. I thought it was very 2490 constructive, and I think that we shared some good ideas. 2491 2492 And I wanted to speak specifically about a budgetary concern that I think is something that relates to the conversation 2493 that we had when you met with me in my office, and this is in 2494 respect to the compacts of free association, and more 2495 2496 specifically the compact-impact funding that is provided as a result of the compact of free association. 2497

Recently the Department of the Interior published the recent counts of compact migrants, and I am going to reference those numbers with respect to Guam's count and with respect to Hawaii's counts. And I am going to reference the amount provided relative to those counts, and have a discussion about how those figures correlate. But more specifically, how there are certain elements that I think are

2505 not being properly accounted for.

On Guam the most recent count of compact migrants was about 18,874, based on the report. The funding levels that were provided as a result of the compact impact was \$16,835,958, for an average per-migrant amount of \$892 per migrant.

For Hawaii the compact migrant count was 16,680. The dollar figure provided was \$14,880,034, and that was also for an average migrant amount of \$892.

And so Guam and Hawaii are both receiving the same amount of compact impact in order to assist the local governments in handling the costs associated with hosting compact migrants as a result of the treaty -- the Compact of Free Association.

However, there is one very distinct difference between 2519 Hawaii and Guam with respect to compact migrant costs, and 2520 that is the earned income tax credit. The earned income tax 2521 credit in Hawaii is actually funded by the U.S. treasury. 2522 And so any compact migrant who qualifies for the earned 2523 2524 income tax credit in their income tax filing, that is actually money that comes into Hawaii from the U.S. treasury. 2525 On Guam, Guam has been absorbing their earned income tax 2526 credit liability since 2008. And so any migrant worker as a 2527 result of the treaty that is receiving the earned income tax 2528 credit is actually drawing those funds down from the Guam 2529

2530 coffers.

2531 And so, the \$892 that is provided per migrant for Guam and for Hawaii, I am assuming, is formulaically based, as 2532 determined by the Department. But if that formula is also 2533 2534 factoring in the economic contribution of the migrant worker, then the earned income tax credit liability of those migrant 2535 2536 workers also needs to be factored in. And I don't think that that is something that this government has really paid 2537 attention to. 2538

When I brought this issue to the attention of your colleague, Mr. Mnuchin during some questions I was asking him in my role in the Financial Services Committee, he was also taken by surprise with respect to that.

And so the question that I have for you, Mr. Secretary, is are you aware of whether or not the earned income tax credit liabilities are being factored into the formula for the determination of compact impact?

2547 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So you raised this issue with me 2548 last week, or the week before. And I don't have a good 2549 answer for you. But I am more than willing to either figure 2550 out if it should appropriately be factored in, or if we need 2551 to work with Treasury on it.

2552 So I don't want to get into a question about the 2553 allocation of funds between two representatives, but it seems 2554 like an anomaly that maybe has just not been thought of. 2555 \*Mr. San Nicolas. Right.

2556 \*Secretary Bernhardt. But we will look into it and get 2557 to the bottom of that.

2558 \*Mr. San Nicolas. Thank you, Mr. Secretary. Formula 2559 notwithstanding, I think that my colleague from Hawaii will 2560 also agree with me that those formulas need to be 2561 reconsidered. Even just the cost of educating an individual, 2562 at least in my district, is \$6,500 per pupil, and the \$892 2563 per migrant is just very grossly insufficient.

As a matter of fact, based on a per capita basis, 18,874 migrants represents over 10 percent of the population of Guam, and yet the compact impact that is provided is less than 2 percent. And so there is a gross disparity with respect to that, and I think those formulas need to be revisited.

But formulas notwithstanding, I would like to specifically request for your assistance in setting up meetings with Secretary Mnuchin, so that we can get to the bottom of this EITC question, because it is a serious liability for the people of Guam, and we really need to resolve that.

2576 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I will promise that we will 2577 work with you and work with Treasury. And I can't promise 2578 that we will get the Secretary of the Treasury, but we will 2579 get somebody.

2580 \*Mr. San Nicolas. All right.

2581 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is a commitment I will make 2582 you.

2583 \*Mr. San Nicolas. Thank you, Mr. Secretary.

2584 I yield back.

2585 \*The Chairman. Mr. Graves.

2586 \*Mr. Graves. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for acknowledging 2587 my existence.

Mr. Bernhardt, you may -- thank you for being here, and I appreciate your testimony. I apologize, I was in another hearing and I missed some of the opening here. But you may be surprised I am actually going to heap on to what Mr. Huffman has largely been doing for this whole hearing. I am also very frustrated by the lack of responsiveness from the Department of the Interior.

I have contacted the Secretary. I asked directly for 2595 2596 our office to be provided the analysis from the Government Performance Results Modernization Act in regard to offshore 2597 energy revenue sharing so we can restore our coasts and our 2598 2599 wetlands in Louisiana. Because in the budget justification documents it explicitly said that that was why those funds 2600 were cut or rescinded. I asked for that, got nothing back. 2601 I asked for a phone call, I got nothing back. I asked for a 2602 meeting with the Director of BSEE. The entire Louisiana 2603 delegation asked for a meeting with the Director of BSEE, and 2604
we got nothing back. Nothing. And it is really frustrating, because it is very difficult for us to do our job when that happens.

Oh, but wait, let me make note that all happened during the Obama Administration. During the Obama Administration. Those requests were made nearly four years ago, or four years ago for the Government Performance Results Modernization Act. We still got nothing back.

2613 Mr. Secretary and everybody here, we -- everybody knows 2614 what this is. This is the silliness that goes on with the 2615 parties, where people make unreasonable requests and then 2616 they bang desks and gavels and other things to -- when they 2617 don't get answers back.

Except for in our case, I actually think we asked for 2618 pretty reasonable stuff. They specifically cited in budget 2619 justification documents why they were cutting a program that 2620 2621 they had rated -- they supposedly had rated it -- rated, r-at-e-d -- rated it, and it -- and found that it had poor 2622 outcomes. The only problem is that the program hadn't 2623 2624 actually started yet, so I am not real sure what they were rating. And I think that is why we never got anything back. 2625 In regard to Director Salerno, we asked for a meeting to 2626 talk about the well control rule. He refused to have a 2627 meeting, he refused to meet with the entire delegation. 2628 Ιt was ridiculous, the lack of accessibility. 2629

Let me ask you a question about well control rule. Being from the State that represents more offshore energy production than any other State -- in fact, more than all of the other States combined -- and in my old job of helping to restore our coasts and sustain our wetlands, I care very much about that. Let me ask you a question.

In regard to the revisions for a well control rule, is there a single change in there that is now out of compliance with the recommendations that were made by the various independent boards that informed the changes?

2640 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Not a single one.

2641 \*Mr. Graves. Thank you. Mr. Secretary, let me ask you 2642 another questions. Variances or alternative compliance is an 2643 issue that has come up here, meaning a company requesting 2644 alternative compliance with the regulations. Has this 2645 Administration or has the previous Administration granted 2646 more variances or alternative compliance? Are you aware of 2647 those numbers?

2648 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So it is my understanding that 2649 the numbers would be -- that the prior Administration was 2650 actually higher.

2651 \*Mr. Graves. I believe that is my understanding, as2652 well. Thank you.

In regard to the number of -- the seismic testing in the offshore, do you know if it is this Administration or the 2655 Obama Administration that granted more permits or approvals 2656 to do the 3D seismic?

2657 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I suspect it is the prior2658 Administration.

2659 \*Mr. Graves. And I believe that, based on my 2660 evaluation, it was, as well.

Mr. Secretary, I am not sure if you are aware, there was an inspector general report from the Department of the Interior that found that an Interior official had effectively awarded about \$325,000 to a wildlife program that a family member was the independent contractor on that program. Really, really looks awful, and that type of behavior cannot be tolerated.

Are you aware of anyone on the other side of the aisle that has expressed concern to you about that?

2670 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Not with that specific issue, no.
 2671 \*Mr. Graves. And that happened during your -- this
 2672 Administration or the previous one?

2673 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Both. We have things happening
2674 every day. We had a --

2675 \*Mr. Graves. So this one specifically in the inspector 2676 general report was --

2677 \*Secretary Bernhardt. The prior Administration.
 2678 \*Mr. Graves. -- was an Obama Administration official,

2679

yes.

111

And so, Mr. Secretary, I am just making note of the silliness of what happens in this Committee sometimes.

The last thing is, sitting behind you -- I am sure no one has noticed yet, but there is actually someone wearing a mask. Actually, a couple of you all. Hey, look at that. Welcome.

2686 You know, it is ironic, because they are saying fund LWCF, Land and Water Conservation Fund, when the reality is 2687 you are swamp creatures and Land and Water Conservation Fund 2688 can't be used for swamps. We have actually been working to 2689 restore our swamps in Louisiana, because that is where the 2690 2691 money comes from. Every penny of it comes from the coast of 2692 Louisiana and the other producing States, but we are prohibited from using it for that purpose. So there is some 2693 irony in the friends back there behind you. But thank you 2694 all very much for being here. 2695

2696 Mr. Secretary, thank you for your testimony.

2697 \*The Chairman. Just for the record, I think --

2698 \*Mr. Graves. They are not swamps?

2699 \*The Chairman. I think the -- you guys are speaking
2700 about two entirely different swamps. And --

2701 [Laughter.]

2702 \*The Chairman. And with -- Ms. Velazquez?

2703 \*Ms. Velazquez. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

2704 Secretary Bernhardt, I would like to discuss some recent

decisions the Interior made regarding dangerous pesticides, including Chlorpyrifos. The Fish and Wildlife Service has been working on a risk assessment of Chlorpyrifos, along with other toxic pesticides and their adverse impacts on endangered species for several years.

Before your appointment, this biological opinion was 2710 2711 nearly completed, and would have been released for public comment in 2017. According to Interior Department documents, 2712 however, you personally convened a series of meetings that 2713 changed the opinion. The New York Times reported that, as a 2714 result of your intervention, the opinion will be delayed for 2715 2716 two years, and will use a new standard that benefits the 2717 chemical industry.

2718 So I have three questions, sir. Were you aware of 2719 industry opposition to the release of the biological opinion 2720 when you made your decision?

2721 \*Secretary Bernhardt. The industry views did not factor 2722 in at all to the decision I made. The decision I made is I 2723 read the document and I said who --

2724 \*Ms. Velazquez. No, just tell me --

2725 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Who started --

2726 \*Ms. Velazquez. You answer my question. Did you or 2727 your staff discuss your decision with anyone in the White 2728 House?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't recall doing that.

2730 \*Ms. Velazquez. You don't recall.

2731 Will you release the draft biological opinions that the 2732 Committee has requested?

2733 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We will work with the Committee 2734 to see what kind of reasonable accommodation we can find.

2735 \*Ms. Velazquez. So you are open to release?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, we -- deliberative

2737 documents, there is a long history between these Committees2738 and deliberative documents.

2739 \*Ms. Velazquez. So, sir, do you understand how cynical 2740 people are about decisions made under your leadership, given 2741 your previous lobbying work with -- for Dow, the maker of 2742 these pesticides, and who opposed the ban that Interior 2743 reversed?

2744 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I never represented Dow in any
2745 way, shape, or form. That is --

2746 \*Ms. Velazquez. You did not? So I guess the New York
2747 Times and other people are wrong.

But also there is this cynicism because President Trump received a \$1 million contribution from the Dow Agriscience, a company that opposed this pesticide -- that is who -- that was against the ban.

2752 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I can assure you that I2753 read the documents and no one else did.

2754 \*Ms. Velazquez. So there is a lot of skepticism and

2755 cynicism regarding decisions that are made because of your 2756 lobbying work. And so I encourage you to release the 2757 documents so the Committee can fulfill our constitutional 2758 responsibility of determining whether or not it was a 2759 rational decision that was made without any type of 2760 motivation.

2761 Mr. Bernhardt, in August of 2018 the Trump Administration reversed a 2014 ban on the use of 2762 neonicotinoids on national wildlife refuges. This decision 2763 2764 contradicts scientific research that has linked this class of pesticides to harmful effects on migratory birds, bees, and 2765 2766 other pollinators. Over the duration of your tenure at the 2767 Interior, your agency has consistently made decision after decision that benefits your former clients, while showing 2768 little to no transparency. 2769

Is it realistic for the American people to believe the decisions you make in the dark with no oversight -- because you are not providing the information and the documents that we are requesting -- that benefits corporations you previously worked for is coincidental?

2775 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think we have provided 66,0002776 pages.

\*Ms. Velazquez. Well, we saw the kind of documents that you provided. Some were duplicates, and other papers were -didn't have any type of information. I just would like to share with you that I introduced legislation to ban Chlorpyrifos, and it has -- is H.R. 230, it has 105 cosponsors, and more than 10 committee chairmen are supporting my legislation and -- over 130 organizations nationwide are in support of such legislation.

And by the way, next week I will be introducing 2785 2786 legislation to reinstate this ban on neonicotinoid pesticides on national wildlife refuges. And I am pleased that Chairman 2787 Grijalva and Subcommittee Chairman Huffman are cosponsors of 2788 2789 my bill. And it is a bipartisan -- it will be a bipartisan bill, because Republican member Radewagen is in support of 2790 2791 such legislation. We have seen actions in New York, Hawaii, 2792 and California State legislatures to reinstate the ban in 2793 those States. I guess that they have something -- they know something that you don't, in terms of how harmful it is. 2794

2795 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

2796 Mr. Van Drew?

Mr. Van Drew. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And welcome to our hearing. Sorry we couldn't -- I know we kept trying to get together, and you had a meeting and then I had a meeting, and then we were -- you know, but I would still look forward to doing that, and having a --

2802 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That would be great.

2803 \*Mr. Van Drew. -- a good conversation with you. And I
2804 appreciate you being here today.

And let me just say I represent southern New Jersey, and specifically the 2nd congressional district. It encompasses more than --

2808 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Do you have Cape May?

2809 \*Mr. Van Drew. Yes, I do.

2810 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I love Cape May.

2811 \*Mr. Van Drew. Cape May is a beautiful place. I spend a good amount of my time here trying to convince people to go 2812 there. People have a preconceived notion of New Jersey, and 2813 I don't think they have any idea what it really is about. It 2814 is a beautiful, beautiful area. And I am glad you have been 2815 2816 there. It encompasses my district, because it is rural, and 2817 shore. Forty percent of the State, more than sixty percent, actually, of the coastline. And I am going to keep my 2818 questions focused on one topic, which is the Coastal Barrier 2819 Resource Act, also known as COBRA. 2820

And before I begin I just want to ask unanimous consent to enter a letter that I wrote to the Fish and Wildlife Service Acting Director into the record, if that is --\*The Chairman. So ordered.

2825 [The letter submitted for the record by Mr. Van Drew 2826 follows:]

2827

2828 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*COMMITTEE INSERT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

2829

2830

\*Mr. Van Drew. Okay. Thank you, Chairman.

I also want to note -- and maybe you could just check up on that -- that I haven't received a response yet, and that was about two months ago. So maybe it got lost. If you could, look. And it was purely based on a factual issue that we are really having in Stone Harbor, North Wildwood, in that area.

2837 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We will find out.

2838 \*Mr. Van Drew. Thank you very much.

As you know, COBRA was enacted in the early 1980s to prohibit federal financial assistance for development on coastal barriers. The goals of COBRA are to minimize the loss of life and property, reduce wasteful expenditures, and protect our natural resources. And I think we all agree that these are worthy goals.

In my district we have a flood and coastal storm damage 2845 2846 reduction project that was authorized by the Water Resources Development Act of 1999, called Townsend's Inlet to Cape May 2847 Inlet Shore Protection Project, which includes beach 2848 2849 nourishment and the boroughs Avalon and Stone Harbor in Cape May County. And the project was known as the Stone Harbor 2850 Project, has used sand from a Hereford Inlet borrow area 2851 south of Stone Harbor that falls inside coastal barrier 2852 resources system unit number New Jersey nine. And if you 2853 want any of this information again, we --2854

2855 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think I had better --

2856 \*Mr. Van Drew. We will certainly -- I know, it is very 2857 technical.

On three separate occasions, because of an exception, it was granted from Fish and Wildlife, so we were able to borrow from that area, use that sand for beach replenishment.

In 2016, however, the Service, under the previous

2862 Administration -- this, again, was the previous

Administration, actually -- inexplicably reversed this exception and concluded that sand from Hereford Inlet could no longer be used for beach nourishment at Stone Harbor.

The Service's objection to the use of the Hereford Inlet borrow site resulted in the sediment being taken from a more remote inlet called Townsend's Inlet, and transported at an additional price tag of \$6.5 million, which the

2870 municipalities had to bear.

2871 Sediment surveys have all shown that there is simply not 2872 enough sand from Townsend's Inlet to nourish both the Avalon 2873 and the Stone Harbor portions of the project. In a perverse 2874 way, COBRA has the potential to have the opposite effect of 2875 its goal in this case.

2876 Secretary, do you agree that Fish and Wildlife granted 2877 an exception for the Stone Harbor project to use the Hereford 2878 Inlet borrow area with unit New Jersey number nine for beach 2879 nourishment outside of the unit? 2880 The answer is yes. You know --

2881 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I honestly don't know. \*Mr. Van Drew. Okay. I know. This -- it is technical. 2882 But they have. And it is a very big, important issue down by 2883 2884 COBRA prohibits all federal expenditures on units of the us. coastal barrier resource system, except for a few clearly 2885 2886 defined exceptions, which are found in section 6 of the 2887 statute.

I have a letter dated December 24th, 1996, from the Fish and Wildlife Service Regional Director, named Ronald Lambertson, to Lieutenant Colonel Robert Kaiser of the U.S. Army Corps, which states that it is the Service's conclusion that this proposed action does constitute an exception under section 6 of COBRA, provided that the following conditions are incorporated into the project design.

During the planning phase of this project, the U.S. Army Corps coordinated with the Service and received additional approval. The project met those conditions. And without this project, Stone Harbor Point may not have existed today because it was experiencing severe erosion and habitat loss, due to the lack of littoral drift, which essentially recycles sand back to the unit.

The Army Corps never placed sand directly on Stone Harbor Point. That habitat grew through natural processes of sand renourishing Stone Harbor's beach down south through the

120

2905 area.

2906 So I have another letter that I ask unanimous consent to 2907 put into the record. And that was that last record, Mr. 2908 Chairman.

And I will ask you the previous question. Do you agree that Fish and Wildlife Service granted an exception? And when you do research you will find that they did.

And so I guess the whole point of this is that they had 2912 granted research and -- I mean an exception in the past to do 2913 2914 this. We are doing no environmental harm. In fact, it is environmental good. But we seem to be hitting a stone 2915 because Fish and Wildlife Service -- and we really need your 2916 2917 help, and would like our office directly to interact with 2918 yours, because we are causing more harm by what we are doing 2919 now.

2920 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So we will work with you on that.2921 We will absolutely work with you on it.

2922 \*Mr. Van Drew. Thank you very much.

2923 \*The Chairman. Mr. Cunningham?

Mr. Cunningham. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And thank you, Mr. Secretary, for being here today and for meeting with our office a few weeks ago. Thanks for putting some time aside.

2928 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think we got you some follow-up 2929 information on that. 2930 \*Mr. Cunningham. We got that yesterday. We still have 2931 a few more questions, though.

2932 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Sure.

2933 \*Mr. Cunningham. And before I begin I would like to 2934 submit a letter for the record, I ask for unanimous consent. 2935 This is a letter from Governor Henry McMaster essentially 2936 stating his opposition to seismic airgun blasting and 2937 offshore drilling off the coast of South Carolina. And I 2938 submit that for the record.

2939 \*The Chairman. Without objection, so ordered.

2940 [The letter submitted by Mr. Cunningham for the record 2941 follows:]

2942

2944

2945 \*Mr. Cunningham. I assume, Mr. Secretary, that your 2946 office would take that into consideration when producing the 2947 next leasing plan, correct?

2948 \*Secretary Bernhardt. The letter?

2953

2949 \*Mr. Cunningham. The governor's support of banning 2950 offshore drilling --

2951 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Absolutely. It is a factor.
2952 \*Mr. Cunningham. All right. And you all would take

2954 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We have talked about that, 2955 absolutely.

into consideration local mayors, as well?

2956 \*Mr. Cunningham. Okay, that is good to know, then.
2957 And in late March a district court found that President
2958 Trump's attempt to undo offshore drilling protections in the
2959 Arctic and portions of the Atlantic was illegal.

And then recently you said -- you put the new 2019 to 2961 2024 leasing plan, the one that included the entire Atlantic 2962 Coast, on hold.

Last week I believe you said you were weighing your options, that you could proceed as if the case was decided incorrectly, or as if it didn't exist.

2966 So I just want to be clear here today. There is no 2967 legal impediment to stop your office from developing the 2968 leasing plan. Correct?

2969 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think there is no legal

impediment to developing a leasing plan. There is a question about what the scope of that particular plan could be, and what it could contain when you got to the point of finalization. So that is really the answer.

2974 \*Mr. Cunningham. So there is no legal impediment to 2975 developing that plan. Is there a political one?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, there is not a political 2976 one from a politics point of view. The -- where we are with 2977 this plan is -- the draft proposed program was developed. 2978 Ιt 2979 went out for public comment, as you know. It got a lot of comment. BOEM had been working on it. We have this 2980 decision. And my looking at the decision is asking the 2981 2982 following things: one, does it make sense to move forward now, or wait and see how --2983

2984 \*Mr. Cunningham. Okay, I don't mean to -- Mr.
2985 Secretary, I apologize, I don't mean to interrupt you. I
2986 don't have a lot of time.

2987 So, my understanding, there is not a legal impediment to 2988 moving forward right now is what you --

2989 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, there is a legal --

2990 \*Mr. Cunningham. -- you testified to.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. -- impediment to moving forward
in a particular way that leads to a particular outcome.
There is. I mean the district court has laid out a paradigm
that I fully suspect the Department of Justice will want to

2995 challenge. And I will be trying to develop a plan while that 2996 is going on. And then the court will ultimately rule, and 2997 then I would have to deal with that. And if I guessed wrong 2998 -- so I am not sure what I am going to do --

2999 \*Mr. Cunningham. So you don't want to have to go back 3000 and re-correct the leasing plan if the court finds it --

3001 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So --

3002 \*Mr. Cunningham. -- in violation. Is that correct?
3003 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think that that might be not

3004 a wise use of resources.

3005 \*Mr. Cunningham. Right, okay. All right. And you were 3006 solicitor of the Department of the Interior at the end of the 3007 Bush Administration, correct?

3008 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Correct.

Mr. Cunningham. And just before leaving office the Department put out a proposed 2010 to 2015 plan that includes sales in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, even though that area was blocked off by statute. Correct?

3013 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That was a proposed plan, a draft3014 proposed program.

3015 \*Mr. Cunningham. Okay, so that was a proposed plan in 3016 violation of that statute. But in this case it is different, 3017 correct?

3018 \*Secretary Bernhardt. What is different is I have until 3019 2022 to get a new plan in place. I have some time. And so I 3020 am going to figure out what I am going to do, and then I will 3021 do it.

3022 \*Mr. Cunningham. And you have had direct communications 3023 with the President and the White House about this, whether or 3024 not to move forward with the leasing plan or wait?

3025 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I certainly have informed 3026 the White House that I am in pause. And I am consulting with 3027 the Department of Justice.

3028 \*Mr. Cunningham. And what has been the President's 3029 response to that?

3030 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I have not been told that I 3031 had to go in a different direction.

3032 \*Mr. Cunningham. Okay. And moving to seismic, you 3033 mentioned when we spoke that there is no connection legally 3034 between the leasing plan and the seismic airgun blasting.

3035 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think that is right, as a 3036 matter of law.

3037 \*Mr. Cunningham. Okay. And your office is still
3038 processing seismic permits for the Atlantic Ocean right now,
3039 correct?

3040 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, actually, I think BOEM is
3041 processing --

3042 \*Mr. Cunningham. Right.

3043 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And so I think we gave you some 3044 documentation that shows that I think we have up to nine 3045 permits in various stages of processing.

| 3046 | *Mr. Cunningham. And while you are saying they are            |
|------|---|
| 3047 | independent of each other, I believe your Assistant           |
| 3048 | Secretary, Joe Balash, said to an industry gathering, "I will |
| 3049 | tell you we wouldn't work really hard to get the seismic      |
| 3050 | permits out if it was an area that wasn't going to be         |
| 3051 | available.'' So it sounds to me like they are directly        |
| 3052 | involved. And   |

3053 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Let me be very clear about that.
3054 I have a lot of respect for Joe Balash, but this is my
3055 decision.

3056 \*Mr. Cunningham. All right. So you disagree with him 3057 there. That is good to know.

And here is what I am worried about. You know, you have the next step of the plan, which has South Carolina and Florida directly in its crosshairs. And I think that this Administration and your office recognizes it is electoral poison to put those on the map before the 2020 election.

And this -- the court case in the Arctic is a convenient excuse to wait until that election passes, but the people of South Carolina aren't going to be fooled by this. It is clear you have your marching orders. I have mine from the constituents in South Carolina, and that is why we have introduced H.R. 1941 to ban offshore drilling off the Atlantic and off the Pacific Coasts, to make sure there are

127

3070 never any oil spills off our coastline. And that is what -3071 our intention to do.

3072 I would yield back.

3073 \*The Chairman. Mr. Cartwright?

3074 \*Mr. Cartwright. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And welcome,
 3075 Secretary Bernhardt.

I wanted to ask you off the bat about working with my office to maximize the potential for increasing permits for renewables on public lands, and seeing how we can facilitate more renewable energy projects. Will you work with my office on that?

3081 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Sure. I think for BLM the last 2 3082 years we had 15 applications for renewable projects.

3083 \*Mr. Cartwright. I can't hear you.

3084 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes, sir. I am happy to work 3085 with you.

Mr. Cartwright. All right, good. So I was reading the newspaper this week and it hit the headlines that two days ago -- that carbon dioxide levels hit 415 parts per million, which is the highest in human history, the highest in 800,000 years. Did you happen to see that, Secretary?

3091 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I didn't see that particular3092 factor --

3093 \*Mr. Cartwright. That was on the front page of USA 3094 Today. And I will ask unanimous consent that the article titled, "Carbon Dioxide Levels Hit Landmark at 415 Parts Per Million, Highest in Human History, '' be made part of the record. \*The Chairman. So ordered. [The USA Today article submitted by Mr. Cartwright for the record follows:] 

\*Mr. Cartwright. So -- and that was, of course, when there were no humans the last time it hit that kind of level. And so my question for you is, on a scale -- and this is a number question. I am looking for a number, Secretary. On a scale of 1 to 10, how concerned are you about that? \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, what I will say is I believe that the United States has the number-one --

3111 \*Mr. Cartwright. Ten being the most concerned and one 3112 being the least concerned --

3113 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I believe that --

3114 \*Mr. Cartwright. -- what is your number, Secretary?
3115 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I believe the United States is
3116 number one, in terms of decreasing CO2 --

\*Mr. Cartwright. Did you hear me all right, Secretary? 3117 I am asking you. What is your number of your level of 3118 concern about that, on a scale of 1 to 10, 10 being the most 3119 3120 concerned? What is your number for how concerned you are about us hitting 415 parts per million of carbon dioxide? 3121 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I haven't lost any sleep over it. 3122 3123 \*Mr. Cartwright. Okay, so you are a zero or a one, is that it? 3124

3125 Well, let me ask you this. One of your clients --3126 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We are number one in terms of 3127 reductions amongst developing countries in CO2 emissions. 3128 \*Mr. Cartwright. Well, one of your clients used to be 3129 the Independent Petroleum Association of America. Am I 3130 correct in that?

3131 \*Secretary Bernhardt. They were a client at one time.
3132 \*Mr. Cartwright. Okay, and one of your clients used to
3133 be Halliburton Company, which is a very significant player in
3134 oil and gas, correct?

3135 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have represented Halliburton.

3136 \*Mr. Cartwright. Do you know what their level of 3137 concern, on a scale of 1 to 10, would be about the carbon

3138 dioxide levels hitting the highest in human history?

3139 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no idea.

3140 \*Mr. Cartwright. No idea? Okay. Well, I want to talk 3141 about coal for a second.

3142 Secretary Bernhardt, the Administration claims to 3143 support an all-of-the-above energy strategy, but there really 3144 seems to be a preference for coal over renewables.

In Southern Nevada the BLM terminated its resource management plan revision, which was supposed to be a way to designate more solar leasing areas.

In Utah the BLM has yet to hold an auction in a designated solar leasing area that was originally planned for September.

At the national level the agency dissolved the Renewable Energy Coordination Office. As a result, progress on wind and solar on public lands has nearly come to a halt. The 3154 proposed budget for renewable energy at the BLM is

3155 essentially flat. But despite decreasing demand for coal-

3156 fired power generation, you are requesting a 66 percent

3157 increase in funding for the coal program.

3158 Why is the Administration proposing to spend more of our 3159 scarce taxpayer resources on an energy source for which 3160 demand is declining?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think that when I look at our budget and renewable numbers, here is what I see. Right now BLM has about 127 renewable projects ongoing. Over the last two years we have gotten 15 applicants, applications. Two of those, two solar projects, have been approved. We are using about 122 staff on those various projects and applications.

And in our oil and gas operations we get about 4,000 APDs a year. We have 96,000 wells. We have about 850 --\*Mr. Cartwright. I don't mean to interrupt you, but on that train of thought, we learned in an April 30 hearing held by this Committee that investors are reluctant to apply for new renewable projects on public lands, due to the lengthy and complicated permitting processes.

3175 So the question there is what are you doing to address 3176 the barriers to siting new renewable projects on public 3177 lands? For example, what are you doing to facilitate 3178 programmatic reviews of renewable projects, instead of time3179 consuming, one-by-one permitting currently used?

3180 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So we have actually reduced our 3181 review time in D.C. from, on average, 199 days for BLM 3182 projects to 29.

3183 \*Mr. Cartwright. I yield back.

3184 \*The Chairman. Mr. Costa?

3185 \*Mr. Costa. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman and
3186 Ranking Member, for this important hearing.

3187 Mr. Secretary, I want to talk about three areas. I 3188 would like to get to wildfires. I probably won't have time 3189 to.

But the topic dealing with Central Valley Project water 3190 3191 allocations, methods of predicting water availability, and reasons for the challenges of meeting contractual 3192 obligations, to the importance of water infrastructure and 3193 using all the water tools in our water toolbox, to include 3194 storage, conveyance, conservation, and innovation, and our 3195 national parks and the deferred maintenance, which is a real 3196 problem, I think, and all of this in light of climate change 3197

and sea level rising and a very complex water system in the West, especially in California, as you know, between the partnership of the State and federal water projects.

Let's begin on the water allocations here. We have 176 percent snowpack this year. I mean it is either feast or famine. We have been blessed with a good snowpack and rainfall. As a matter of fact, they are even talking about snow this weekend in the high country. Yet, while large portions of the federal contractors have 100 percent allocation, the San Luis water unit is still stuck at 65 percent.

In a year like this, if we can't increase -- you know, I mean, I -- we understand on average or below and all the constraints on the system, but with the existing biological opinions do you have any thoughts on this?

3213 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I know that Ernest, Brenda, and 3214 Tim are working hard on those issues.

3215 \*Mr. Costa. So tomorrow you think I should focus my 3216 question -- that question to her?

3217 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, actually, it would be a 3218 better question focused to her. She is the one directly 3219 involved.

3220 \*Mr. Costa. Okay.

3221 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not.

Mr. Costa. Well, let me ask a broader question as it relates to storage and infrastructure. You and I have been involved in trying to solve water problems in the West and in California, particularly, for more years than I care to count. But for me, it is 39 years. What do you think is achievable in the next two years?

3228 I think -- I had a good conversation with folks in

3229 Sacramento last week. You talked about your meeting with the 3230 governor. Where -- what do you think is possible?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So, to be candid, I think we have had very, very good conversations with the governor and his team. And, you know, we -- at some point we all have to make measurable progress here. And some folks --

Mr. Costa. And get past the politics of water, and the finger-pointing and the blame game, which just frustrates the hell out of me.

3238 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I know --

3239 \*Mr. Costa. To be frank --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I know it does. And, you know,
look, we are prepared to engage with the State. We are
prepared to engage with you all and move the ball forward.

And you know, it is not always the case that you have interests line up across administrations, and I would like to see if we can get something done here.

Mr. Costa. Well, I want to urge you to continue to work with the folks in California, because I think there are efforts that Senator Feinstein and I and others have been engaged in. I think there are bipartisan opportunities here, if we get past the politics and the finger-pointing, and trying to paint people as villains.

Whether it be the San Joaquin Valley and agriculture, or whether it be environmentalists, the fact of the matter is the climate is changing, sea levels are rising, and we have got to determine how much agricultural land we want to keep in production in California, and how much we can deal with species that are being threatened from numerous sources. And that is the reality.

Let's shift over -- my time is quickly going. National -- yes, I can see the clock.

3261 National parks, deferred maintenance. How,

3262 realistically, are we going to provide -- not just Yosemite 3263 and Kings Canyon, but throughout the country?

3264 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, you know, our view, really, 3265 is to work with you all, collectively, to get behind some 3266 sort of maintenance backlog infrastructure fund. And we have 3267 proposed a proposal. We would like to work with you on that, 3268 or something like that.

3269 \*Mr. Costa. What do you think the primary source of 3270 funding mechanism should be?

3271 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, you know, we had -- our 3272 proposal is based on energy revenue. Not only oil and gas 3273 revenue, but alternative energy revenue and its prospective 3274 growth.

There is probably a variety of ways to do it, but the reality is if we don't get something done -- the maintenance backlog today is much worse than it was when we thought it was out of control when I left Interior the first time.

\*Mr. Costa. Mr. Chairman, I know my time has expired. But I would like you to provide a list for the 3280 Committee's purposes of what Interior is doing to prioritize 3281 on how you tackle that deferred maintenance --3282

3283 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Oh, I -- we can do that, 3284 Congressman.

3285 \*Mr. Costa. Thank you.

3279

\*Mr. Bishop. He did say it was a dam good bill, right? 3286

\*Secretary Bernhardt. A dam good bill, d-a-m. 3287

\*Mr. Costa. There you go. 3288

\*The Chairman. Mr. Case? 3289

3290 \*Mr. Case. Good afternoon, Mr. Secretary. I join my colleagues on the Committee in thanking you for appearing 3291 here personally. I thank you for the time you spent in my 3292 office. 3293

We discussed a number of issues in my office to include 3294 3295 tour helicopters overflying our national parks and destroying their ambience, and full implementation of the national parks 3296 air tour management plan. 3297

3298 We talked about the USS Arizona, a sacred site in Pearl Harbor, which has been closed for repairs, and we talked 3299 about accelerating those repairs. 3300

We talked about the Japanese-American confinement site 3301 program in general, and Honouliuli confinement site, national 3302 memorial now -- monument, I should say, in Hawaii that needs 3303

advancing.

We talked about endangered species funding and disproportionate funding that does not fully recognize Hawaii's status as the endangered species capital of the world.

3309 So we appreciate all of those.

I do want to follow up on one issue we discussed, and which my colleague from Guam, Mr. San Nicolas, talked about, which is the compact of free association and compact impact aid.

3314 The first thing I would say is I completely agree and 3315 sympathize with his plight, in terms of the earned income tax 3316 credit and the insufficiency of compact impact aid to 3317 compensate Guam fully for the actual economic consequence of 3318 the compact country residents.

I certainly have a similar concern, where, essentially, the health care funding goes out of the -- goes through the roof because many, many of the compact country folks come to Hawaii. They are -- their health care needs are taken care of through our State Medicare program. These include folks from Guam, because Hawaii is really the health care capital of the Pacific.

And you know, just as he views the compact aid as completely insufficient, so do I. We have calculated our health care costs alone at somewhere in the range of 100 3329 million. And then, if I follow his formula in terms of the 3330 cost of education, if you take the distribution per capita 3331 that he had mentioned and apply it to our own cost of 3332 education per pupil, which is roughly double that of Guam, 3333 you come up with another 200 million.

3334 So pretty soon you are talking about some real money 3335 that is paid for by Hawaii, 300 million plus, for which we 3336 get somewhere in the range of \$14 million of compact impact 3337 aid.

Now, we welcome the folks from the compact countries coming to Hawaii. They have been an incredible contribution to our community, to our ohana, as we say, to our economy. And we look forward to that continuing. But we cannot absorb that level of economic consequence and continue to support the compact, overall.

The compact is a very, very strong initiative by our country, fulfilling, you know, historical trust obligations from the trust territories. And increasingly, as you and I discussed, it is a critical part of our overall national defense strategy, because certainly many other countries would like to basically get more involved with those countries, primarily China.

Let me ask you this. It seems to me that fitting the compact issues into the Department of the Interior -- to include compact impact aid -- and to treat it as a continuing obligation, from a trust perspective, is trying to fit the shoes into the wrong box. And it seems to me that, as we take a look at the big picture -- and we are starting the renegotiations on the compact right now with two of those three countries -- we should be looking increasingly to our defense obligations, as opposed to the Department of the Interior.

And I just wanted to ask for your thoughts on that. Do you think that is a productive approach for us to start to take? I just see no way that Interior can be responsible, or that the Interior budget, for that matter, can support a consequence on compact impact aid which has, you know, really been good for our country, but not so good for Guam and Hawaii.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. I appreciate that question a lot. I don't have the authority to say whether -- where it should be in the budget, but I will tell you this, that those areas mean a lot to our country in a variety of ways, including our national security interests.

And I do think that we are paying more and more attention than maybe was paid to those issues historically, because of that. I mean certainly we paid a lot of attention after World War II. But I think there may have been, you know, some variation of the intensity. And I think we have a better perspective.

140

3379 So I think it merits thinking about this outside of the 3380 box, compared to a small office within the Department of the 3381 Interior.

Mr. Case. Thank you very much, Mr. Secretary. I just think that, as we go into this next round of negotiations and the related discussions on compact impact aid, Guam and Hawaii simply cannot afford to continue down the status quo.

3386 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I appreciate that.

3387 \*The Chairman. Mr. Soto?

\*Mr. Soto. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and thank you, Mr. Secretary, for being here. It was great to see a GW Colonial like myself. And thanks for visiting me at my office. We talked a little bit about the national offshore drilling plan. And, as you know, there is unanimous bipartisan opposition to that happening in Florida.

3394 Can we expect to see offshore drilling off of Florida 3395 any time soon?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think it is a while before we figure out our plan. And even in the most active scenario, the soonest for a development plan would be, you know, years from now.

3400 \*Mr. Soto. And would -- is the Administration going to 3401 consider the fact that we have united bipartisan opposition 3402 in determining whether we would be in the plan?

3403 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have been very clear with every

Member I have met with that it is my view that the States' input is a very important component of any final plan.

3406 \*Mr. Soto. Now, as you know, the Department of the 3407 Interior has primary oversight over Everglades restoration. 3408 We had the Herbert Hoover dike around Lake Okeechobee where 3409 we were restoring the southern reservoir. Again, these are 3410 major bipartisan-supported issues.

Last year we got 139 million into the budget. In the 2020 budget we saw an initial 31 percent cut, but now we are seeing there may be support for the 200 million we are requesting.

3415 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think the President actually 3416 submitted a budget amendment the night before last on that. 3417 And obviously, the Appropriations Committee is meeting today. 3418 \*Mr. Soto. So you could expect we have a much better 3419 shot at that now?

3420 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I know that they made the 3421 request, so --

3422 \*Mr. Soto. Okay. And then --

3423 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It is in the Corps' budget, I 3424 believe.

3425 \*Mr. Soto. Sure. So a lot of this is really important,
3426 as you know, because red tide could be exacerbated by -3427 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Absolutely.

3428 \*Mr. Soto. -- coming out of Lake Okeechobee through St.

Lucie and the Caloosahatchee River. So I just -- it is important for me that we have a commitment that, you know, the Department of the Interior understands that that load could exacerbate red tide, and that we need to continue to work --

3434 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I can assure you that that 3435 fishery in the south is phenomenal, and we have done a lot 3436 collectively, as a society, on the Everglades. And you know, 3437 there shouldn't be backsliding in any way, shape, or form. 3438 We do have significant issues with invasives, as you 3439 know. And so we have to be aggressive with --

3440 \*Mr. Soto. And we are going to get into that in a 3441 moment.

3442 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Okay.

\*Mr. Soto. A bill that I am working on in the past --3443 in a bipartisan manner last year was to make the Kissimee 3444 River a wild and scenic river. Restoring the rest of that 3445 river is already in the new budget that President Trump put 3446 forward. Can we expect support from the Department of the 3447 3448 Interior on -- to do a good faith study, should the bill pass, and potentially make it a wild and scenic river, since 3449 we spent a billion dollars restoring it? 3450

3451 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So, you know, you gave me a draft 3452 of that language, and we will work with you on that.

3453 \*Mr. Soto. The other issue we are working on developing

143

is with -- in a bipartisan way with Senator Rubio on reinstituting a Reef Protection Act. The Florida Reef has been devastated over the years. We have a lot of pollution and population, and this would go at that and re-propagation. If we could get a bipartisan bill together, would this be something that the Department of the Interior would work with us on?

3461 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes, I think that is something 3462 that -- we would be very interested in working with you on 3463 that.

\*Mr. Soto. With regard to species, obviously -- first, the ones that are endangered, we saw a downlisting of the manatee, which is iconic in Florida, from endangered to threatened. With 804 deaths last year, this -- that was a record. The population wildly shifts. We won't see any reduction from threatened any time soon, would we, with regard to the manatee's status?

3471 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no knowledge of a petition 3472 or something floating around. I would think that is 3473 incredibly unlikely.

Mr. Soto. Okay. And then, with the Florida panther, that is an endangered species that -- we have seen people try to say it is not entitled to protection because it is not a subspecies, even though there has been overwhelming studies on it. There is no attempts right now to downgrade the
3479 Florida panther, would there be?

3480 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am not aware of any.

3481 \*Mr. Soto. Okay.

3482 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I think we just did a recovery 3483 program.

3484 \*Mr. Soto. Yes. And lastly, what are some of the 3485 things that you all are working on to address the invasive 3486 species in Florida?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I think we have been very 3487 aggressive on pythons, and I think there is some interest in 3488 being more aggressive on that. We are working very closely 3489 with the State wildlife agency, and I think the governor is 3490 interested in that, as well. So I know that those -- and we 3491 have had some novel techniques that have made news, in terms 3492 of attracting larger female pythons to particular areas. 3493 So that is certainly a big issue for us. 3494

3495 \*Mr. Soto. Thanks, I yield back.

3496 \*The Chairman. Mr. Horsford?

3497 \*Mr. Horsford. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for organizing
3498 today's hearing on the Department of the Interior and its
3499 policy priorities for fiscal year 2020.

I also want to thank Secretary Bernhardt for taking the time to testify. It is good to see you again.

Today's oversight hearing is the -- is of the utmost importance. Prior to voting on the Interior environment appropriations bill, Members of Congress must have assurance that federal funding will be spent in the best possible way, according to the intentions of Congress.

Currently, the Department of the Interior is 3507 3508 reorganizing its structure in an effort to streamline the efficiency and effectiveness of its respective agencies. 3509 3510 While the Trump Administration has often claimed it wants to streamline efficiency and increase effectiveness, these 3511 statements have, in several cases, translated to decreases in 3512 consultation, elimination of important programs, streamlining 3513 of environmental reviews, and federal employee hiring 3514 3515 freezes.

3516 I hope, however, that under the Department of the Interior's new leadership we can work with you, Secretary 3517 Bernhardt, and ensure that the DOI keeps its promise to the 3518 American people, and works to improve its services. 3519 As I 3520 shared with you when we met, my home State of Nevada, where we have more than 85 percent of land that is managed by the 3521 Federal Government, our dependence is really on our federal 3522 3523 partnership.

Mr. Bernhardt, as the threats from climate change increase in number and severity, Nevadans need assurance from the Department that our State will continue to get the resource it needs, something the prior Secretary failed to provide.

3529 As park visitation increases in our State, the

3530 Administration has continued to propose full-time employee 3531 staff reductions.

Deferred maintenance backlogs for the National Park Service now exceed \$250 million in Nevada, and more than \$11 billion, nationwide.

The Tule Springs National Monument, while I helped designate in Congress more than five years ago, with the support of the Ranking Member, still lacks a visitor center. I hope we can work collaboratively to find solutions to these shortcomings, and that the DOI will make a promise to the American people that it will manage our lands according to the best interests of all Americans.

3542 So, Secretary, can you assure Nevadans and all Americans 3543 that you will respond to the needs of our constituents and 3544 promote scientifically-backed management efforts?

3545 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Yes. I don't believe there is a 3546 hiring freeze at all. I will have to go back and look at 3547 that.

In addition to that, I am signing an order today that will allow superintendents to use FLREA dollars for permanent staff under certain conditions. So if we have a real hiring problem out there, we will get to the bottom of that. I am just not aware of it.

3553 \*Mr. Horsford. Thank you for looking into that. The

3554 national park visitation increased by 14 percent, while 3555 staffing, according to our --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. And, you know, that is a very legitimate point, and that is -- it is my perspective that the Park Service spent a lot of time planning for a centennial, which was great, and they got folks to really show up, which was great. But they didn't spend a lot of time thinking operationally about that, and so we have seen -- we certainly have seen some challenges about that.

I have a new Director of Operations, David Vela, who is working on that, but I think it is a legitimate point.

3565 \*Mr. Horsford. So the recreation economy on Nevada's 3566 land alone supports \$4 billion in wages and salaries, and 3567 87,000 direct jobs.

In the 2019 Conservation In the West poll, 81 percent of 3568 Nevadans surveyed believe that the recreation economy is 3569 important for the future of Nevada, and half of all 3570 respondents said that the ability to live and recreate on 3571 public lands is significant reason we live in the West. 3572 3573 So again, Secretary, what can you say to our constituents in Nevada's 4th to give us the confidence that 3574 you and the Department, under your leadership, recognize 3575 climate impacts on public lands, and have a plan to account 3576 for these changes to protect our recreational economy. 3577 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, we certainly feel strongly 3578

about the recreational opportunities on public land. I have
issued an order that says that no land can be transferred,
exchanged, or acquired without thinking through its benefits
or loss of recreational access.

3583 We are committed to managing to ensure that 3584 recreationists have plentiful access to public land.

3585 \*Mr. Horsford. Thank you. And finally, what steps are 3586 you taking to help create additional clean, green jobs, and 3587 reduce carbon pollution by expanding renewable energy 3588 development?

3589 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So, despite the comments today, 3590 my view is that we are processing renewable applications when 3591 they come in, and I think that my data would support that 3592 understanding.

There is no interest at all of prioritizing one -prioritizing traditional energy over renewable. That is simply not something I am proposing.

3596 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

3597 \*Mr. Horsford. Thank you, Mr. Secretary, I yield back.
3598 \*The Chairman. Ms. DeGette?

3599 \*Ms. DeGette. Thank you so much, Mr. Chairman.

3600 Welcome, Mr. Secretary. I am sorry I have been in and 3601 out, but we, as you know --

3602 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I know you are busy.

3603 \*Ms. DeGette. -- have multiple hearings going on at

3604 once.

Now, your Department makes land management decisions every day on -- over the land that you supervise. Is that correct?

3608 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Certainly.

3609 \*Ms. DeGette. Yes. And, in fact, you have the 3610 discretion to issue oil and gas leases on federal lands. Is 3611 that correct? When people apply for oil and gas leases, you 3612 can decide whether to grant them or not.

3613 \*Secretary Bernhardt. They go through a process -3614 \*Ms. DeGette. Right, and you get to decide whether -3615 what -- and you also decide the appropriate circumstances
3616 under which those leases should be granted, and you have the
3617 ability to decide how the drilling is going to proceed. Is
3618 that right?

3619 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Within the parameters of the law.
3620 \*Ms. DeGette. Right. So that answer is yes?
3621 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, the answer is --

3622 \*Ms. DeGette. Yes, you don't have -- it is a pretty
3623 easy question. I am not tricking you with that one.

3624 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Okay.

3625\*Ms. DeGette. Okay. So, as Mr. Levin took -- discussed3626with you -- many hours ago, it seems now -- the laws --

3627 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It certainly feels --

3628 \*Ms. DeGette. There are certain laws that require the

3629 Department to take climate change into account when it is 3630 managing its land. Correct?

3631 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Certainly. NEPA would be one of 3632 those laws.

3633 \*Ms. DeGette. Right, NEPA would be one of them. And 3634 so, Interior would have the ability to make choices that 3635 would be consistent with those goals. Is that correct? 3636 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, not to the exclusion of 3637 other --

3638 \*Ms. DeGette. Well, no. But when you are deciding land 3639 management, that is one of the criteria you take into 3640 account. Is that right?

3641 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Of course.

3642 \*Ms. DeGette. So I was a little bit perplexed when you 3643 said that to make land management decisions with that -- with 3644 climate change taken into account, that you needed direction 3645 from Congress. What direction, exactly, is this you think 3646 you need from Congress?

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So what I -- the direction, I think, is if you all have a view on climate change that says don't develop energy on federal lands, that is fine. You have to go through a process of codifying --

3651 \*Ms. DeGette. Well, I -- you know, I --

3652 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- and providing that direction.
 3653 And if you provide it, we will certainly faithfully execute

3654 it.

\*Ms. DeGette. I understand that. But when you --3655 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And in the --3656 \*Ms. DeGette. But when you are --3657 3658 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And the consequence of that --\*Ms. DeGette. Are you saying you don't have the 3659 3660 authority --\*Secretary Bernhardt. To just say --3661 \*Ms. DeGette. -- to take that into account? 3662 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Just to say -- today? From today 3663 forward, David Bernhardt says no development on federal 3664 lands? I absolutely do not have that authority. 3665 3666 \*Ms. DeGette. Mr. Secretary --\*Secretary Bernhardt. You have that authority. 3667 \*Ms. DeGette. Mr. Secretary, nobody is asking you to do 3668 that. We are asking you --3669 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, that is exactly what we are 3670 talking about. 3671 \*Ms. DeGette. No, it is not. What we are asking you to 3672 3673 do is to take climate change into effect (sic) when deciding these leases. 3674 Let me just give you a specific --3675 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We already do. 3676 \*Ms. DeGette. Excuse me. Let me just give you a 3677 specific example, and that is methane gas. Now, you have the 3678

3679 ability to determine what kind of methane gas should be

3680 allowed from these oil and gas developments on federal lands.

3681 Is that correct?

3682 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Within certain boundaries --

3683 \*Ms. DeGette. Okay.

3684 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- that is correct.

Ms. DeGette. And would you agree that when methane gas is released into the atmosphere it is a powerful global warming pollutant, which is 80 times more potent than carbon dioxide in the short run?

3689 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have heard that statistic.

3690 \*Ms. DeGette. Okay. And are you aware this is 3691 scientifically settled, that statistic?

3692 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't know, but I am not

3693 disputing the fact.

3694 \*Ms. DeGette. Oh, okay, you are not disputing it. And 3695 so the -- one of the reasons why your Department repealed the 3696 BLM methane waste prevention rule was you said that States 3697 are doing enough to reduce methane waste. Is that right? 3698 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, certainly in your State.

3699 Your State is a leader in --

3700 \*Ms. DeGette. Our State?

3701 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- methane. My State. Colorado
3702 has been a leader, and --

3703 \*Ms. DeGette. But are the other States --

3704 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I am familiar with that, and --

3705 \*Ms. DeGette. -- doing that, too?

3706 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well --

3707 \*Ms. DeGette. Sir, are the other States doing that, 3708 too?

3709 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Certainly the top 10 energy-3710 producing States are.

3711 \*Ms. DeGette. Okay.

3712 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I would say that --

3713 \*Ms. DeGette. Now, are the State methane waste3714 regulations as strong or stronger than the requirements of3715 the 2016 BLM rule?

3716 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't know that for sure.
3717 \*Ms. DeGette. You don't know. And, in fact, not all
3718 States, where oil and gas development occurs on public land,
3719 are as protective. It might be news to you most States have
3720 much weaker rules that allow companies to vent and flare a
3721 higher percentage of gas, and require less frequent leak
3722 detections and repairs.

3723 So do you think a billion cubic feet per day is a large 3724 amount of natural gas?

3725 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I honestly don't know.

3726 \*Ms. DeGette. You don't know. Well, a billion cubic3727 feet --

3728 \*Secretary Bernhardt. A billion cubic feet a day of

3729 natural gas?

3730 \*Ms. DeGette. Mm-hmm.

3731 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It is significant, yes.

3732 \*Ms. DeGette. Yes, okay. Because it is enough to power 3733 over 24,000 homes. So that seems like a lot.

Now, if we would regulate that, if we would tax that, we could get a lot of money back into our coffers, wouldn't you agree?

3737 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It certainly would have a3738 financial component.

3739\*Ms. DeGette. Thank you. I yield back, Mr. Chairman.3740\*The Chairman. If any member wishes to ask additional

3741 questions -- Mr. Huffman?

3742 \*Mr. Huffman. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

3743 Mr. Secretary, a moment ago I believe I heard you

3744 testify that there was no effort to give preference to

3745 traditional or fossil fuel energy development over

3746 renewables. Did I hear you correctly?

3747 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is certainly my view, that 3748 the effort should be to do both.

3749 \*Mr. Huffman. I was confused by that, because during 3750 the government shutdown we are told that work on renewable 3751 projects ground to a halt. We have the evidence of at least 3752 one specific project, where BOEM basically shut it down, 3753 canceled public meetings, announced that it would not reschedule them until the shutdown ended. But we know that, for fossil fuel projects, you designated essential personnel and mandated that that work continue without interruption. Do you not regard that as a double standard?

3758 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I can tell you specifically 3759 that we also directed folks to report for renewable projects. 3760 Certainly for one particular solar project I am aware of, we 3761 put people back to work right away.

3762 My view with the --

3763 \*Mr. Huffman. It certainly didn't appear to be with 3764 that wind project. There didn't appear to be essential 3765 personnel.

\*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think the issue is -- I asked BOEM about that, because when -- it came up in some of my interviews. And I was surprised by that. And their view was the dollar amount associated there, in terms of putting people back to work, was low. My view at the time --

3771 \*Mr. Huffman. I also -- if I could reclaim my time, Mr.
 3772 Secretary --

3773 \*Secretary Bernhardt. With all due respect, I would3774 like to finish.

3775 \*Mr. Huffman. I would love more information on that,3776 but I have two more questions and very little time.

I also note that BLM's budget request for renewable energy for 2020 is essentially flat, while the budget 3779 proposal for the BLM coal program is an increase of 60 3780 percent. That does not exactly look like even-handed 3781 preference for these different energy sources.

But back to a conversation we were having, where I asked you for some examples where some of your former clients in the oil and gas industry had made specific policy requests, and you had to tell them no because it wasn't in the public interest. And you brought up the well control rule as an example.

I am confused by that, because that wasn't telling industry no by any stretch. The --

\*Secretary Bernhardt. Actually, that is not accurate.
\*Mr. Huffman. The petroleum industry, if you will
pardon the pun, was gushing with praise for your
administration when you released this rule.

3794 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is not --

3795 \*Mr. Huffman. It is going to save big oil, \$980 million
3796 over 10 years.

3797 \*Secretary Bernhardt. They wanted -- I believe -3798 \*Mr. Huffman. It references private copyrighted
3799 standards of the oil industry that, for the public to even
3800 see the standards referenced in your rule, they have to sign
3801 up with the API website and pay a fee of \$70.

Really? Is that an example of you pushing back on big oil? \*Secretary Bernhardt. I want to be clear here. I think they -- I think, if you look at the comments fairly, I think you will see that they wanted more than what that rule gave. We rejected a number of --

Mr. Huffman. You didn't give them everything they wanted, but you saved them \$980 million over 10 years, and they were lavishing you with praise in their characterization of the rule.

I want to give you the rest of my time, though. Let's find a real example where one of your former clients --\*Secretary Bernhardt. That is the real example.

3815 \*Mr. Huffman. -- asked a specific policy request, and 3816 you had to say no.

3817 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is a real example. I -3818 \*Mr. Huffman. Because the other one you mentioned, the
3819 water allocations, we know that is formula-driven. And
3820 earlier in your testimony you said Brenda Burman makes that
3821 call anyway. So I am still waiting.

And I will give you the balance of my time to reassure the American people that you are capable of even-handed policy --

3825 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I have no problem telling people3826 no.

3827 \*Mr. Huffman. -- making, and pushing back on your
3828 former clients.

3829 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Congressman, I have absolutely no 3830 problem telling people no.

3831 \*Mr. Huffman. Let's hear some examples.

3832 \*Secretary Bernhardt. And I have done it. I just 3833 provided them to you -- one to you.

3834 \*Mr. Huffman. The \$980 million windfall to your 3835 former --

3836 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is not a --

3837 \*Mr. Huffman. Really?

3838 \*Secretary Bernhardt. That is an unfair

3839 characterization. They asked for more; they got less.

3840 \*Mr. Huffman. Clearly, we are not going to get any3841 examples.

So you testified when you were asked about your level of concern that this planet has hit 415 parts per million on carbon dioxide concentrations, the highest level since humans evolved. And you said you are not losing any sleep over that. Well, an overwhelming consensus of the world's climate scientists are losing sleep. It is a hair-on-fire crisis for them --

3849 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Let me be very clear. We have
3850 the number-one --

3851 \*Mr. Huffman. And I want to give you a chance to revise 3852 your statement --

3853 \*Secretary Bernhardt. We have --

3854 \*Mr. Huffman. -- because a lot of people are watching, 3855 and I think it is one of those clips of testimony that will 3856 reverberate. People will look back on what you said.

3857 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I --

3858 \*Mr. Huffman. So I want to just give you this chance to 3859 assure people that you actually get it on climate change.

3860 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I appreciate that gracious

3861 gesture. The reality is that the American -- America has the 3862 number-one reduction in CO2 amongst developing countries. We 3863 are number one --

3864 \*Mr. Huffman. You keep bringing it back to our 3865 reduction.

3866 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Number two --

3867 \*Mr. Huffman. The question was about do you care about 3868 the concentration --

3869 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I absolutely care. I absolutely
 3870 care that our climate is changing --

3871 \*Mr. Huffman. You are just not losing any sleep.

3872 \*Secretary Bernhardt. -- and that we need to factor

3873 that into our thinking. I absolutely believe that, and I

3874 have said that over and over and over. That is the reality.

3875 \*Mr. Huffman. Thank you, I yield back.

3876 \*The Chairman. Thank you.

3877 Mr. Bishop?

3878 \*Mr. Bishop. Yes, thank you. We are calling for votes

now, so this may be the last chance we have to abuse you for this morning. But I am certain we will have other opportunities in the near future, as well.

This is supposed to be about Interior budget policy priorities. Can you just briefly go through some of the lines that you have increased in your budget lines that you have put priorities on for an increase?

3886 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So our biggest priority right 3887 now, sir, is trying to address the maintenance backlog. We 3888 would love help in doing that.

\*Mr. Bishop. I appreciate that one. Let's go into that. I mean you have talked -- we have talked about LWCF. Now, for someone like me, who is concerned about increasing our maintenance responsibilities by adding to it, how would you respond to me as to what we can do to look at that maintenance backlog best?

3895 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, my thinking is that, you3896 know, we really need to start with our facilities and trying3897 to get them up to snuff.

3898 \*Mr. Bishop. How is LWCF funded?

3899 \*Secretary Bernhardt. It is funded, in theory, by 3900 Congress appropriating money to it. And that funding comes 3901 from offshore oil and gas revenue, actually.

3902 \*Mr. Bishop. And if we were doing a maintenance
3903 backlog, it would be -- as we have proposed it so far in both

3904 the House and the Senate -- it would be all forms of energy 3905 development --

3906 \*Secretary Bernhardt. All forms of energy. And there
3907 is a great growth, we think -- for example, we had an
3908 offshore lease sale of \$400 million.

3909 \*Mr. Bishop. So what amount of revenue does solar and 3910 wind proposals generate in relationship to oil and gas for 3911 both funding LWCF and potential for maintenance?

3912 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Oh, it could be very significant.
3913 \*Mr. Bishop. Okay. If -- what are you doing to
3914 implement S.B. 47? That is one of the last things we
3915 actually did in a bipartisan, bicameral way.

3916 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I feel great about that. We
3917 have put a team together. We gave the Assistant Secretary 60
3918 days to come to us with an implementation plan. And I think
3919 that, by the end of this month, we will be implementing
3920 pretty much all the major provisions of that Act in a very
3921 aggressive way.

3922 And one of those events was the one we went to last 3923 week.

3924 \*Mr. Bishop. And once again, I appreciate that. And3925 your presence was there, as well.

Let me -- last thing, and we will get through this very quickly, so people can get to vote. Fees are something I care about. FLREA I care about. Everyone else's eyes glaze

3929 over, but I care about it.

3930 You were very creative and legal in how you used fees during the shutdown, or how the Department used fees during 3931 the shutdown. What kind of standards do you have in looking 3932 3933 at how fees can be implemented, how we handle, how we deal with the maintenance, how we deal with the backlog, as well. 3934 3935 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think we have, really, areas where we can think through and improve the utilization of 3936 fees. 3937

For me, the reality is that using those fees to enhance 3938 the visitor's experience, ensuring that we have safe areas 3939 3940 and amenities is really important, because that is where I 3941 think the future of funding for enhanced services comes from, and that is -- I think the reality is Congress is only going 3942 to give us so much money, and so we really need to think 3943 about appropriate partnerships, we need to think about 3944 3945 appropriate fee structures. And that is the future of the Park Service, and maybe even BLM. 3946

3947 \*Mr. Bishop. Are you still looking to Interior's 3948 commitment, though, to have the fees going back to the areas 3949 in which the fee --

3950 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Absolutely. One -- that is 3951 right, that the majority -- the vast majority of that money 3952 stays in the park, where that fee was collected.

3953 We have some superparks, but it -- if it doesn't stay

3954 there, it completely undermines the purpose.

3955 \*Mr. Bishop. And I will still lobby you for a 90/10

3956 split, rather than --

3957 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Fair enough.

3958 \*Mr. Bishop. -- 8/2, if we can do that.

3959 \*The Chairman. Mr. Lowenthal?

3960 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Thank you. And I want to thank you,
3961 Mr. Secretary, for spending all this time. I will try to
3962 really be brief.

I just got your news release that said that the Department of the Interior has renewed the two Twin Metals projects in Minnesota.

3966 \*Secretary Bernhardt. I don't think it is my news 3967 release, but it is a BLM release, probably.

3968 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Yes, under the Department of the 3969 Interior, though, BLM, so it is -- I assume that you are --3970 you okayed this.

In it, it says, "To prevent public lands from being 3971 indefinitely encumbered by these leases with no benefit to 3972 3973 the public, the terms placed upon the renewed leases include 3974 new diligent development requirements whereby the lessee is obligated to submit a complete proposed mine plan of 3975 operation, obtain all necessary permits, and meet certain 3976 3977 project milestones for mine construction within a 10-year -the 10-year period, or these leases will be terminated.'' 3978

3979 Pretty clear that you are -- they got 10 years, and that 3980 is your -- and that is really where you are.

The reason we got into this was that the solicitor general, in 2017, the -- Mr. Jorjani, said the Obama Administration had no right to cancel the Boundary Water leases. He said the historical record of the 1966 lease implications shows that production was not made a condition of renewal. That was real. They are 50 years old, those leases, but never entered into production.

You know, this thing -- the thing that is so strange is -- and I would like to enter into the record the last news release that I have from Interior from 1966, which says that if this property is not brought into production within the initial 20-year term, it is terminated.

So I feel like this is a bait and switch. This is a con 3993 job. You are saying, hey, we are not going to follow what 3994 happened before. Those leases should have been terminated. 3995 But we are going to put the same conditions in the new 3996 leases. This is very confusing. I do not understand this. 3997 Maybe you can kind of clarify how the leases weren't 3998 terminated after waiting 50 years, and yet now you put into 3999 it if they are not done in 10 years they will be terminated, 4000 when they are both conditions of the lease. 4001

4002 \*Secretary Bernhardt. So I think this is the --4003 obviously, the third version of this lease. And I think that 4004 what you will see -- and I am happy to make sure they are 4005 appropriately provided -- what you will see is that they have 4006 real diligence provisions.

We are not in the business of saying you can just sit on it and do nothing. And so we came up with some appropriate terms, I believe, that will ensure that they --

4010 \*Dr. Lowenthal. So I understand that, I am just -- I 4011 just have no time left. So you stand by Jorjani's -- the 4012 solicitor's opinion that production was never part of the 4013 earlier lease?

4014 \*Secretary Bernhardt. Well, I certainly stand by the 4015 legality of the solicitor's opinion. And I think I will -- I 4016 think you will find that this lease is legal, as well.

\*Dr. Lowenthal. Well, I think the decisions were made, 4017 you just wanted to do it there. You put this into it, that 4018 it is going to be done in 10 years, by ignoring what had 4019 4020 happened before. I think -- and so I am just going to end. Was -- now that you have begun this process of turning 4021 out a news release and putting forth -- was the White House 4022 4023 -- and putting forth that the leases will be renewed, was the White House part of this decision-making? 4024

4025 \*Secretary Bernhardt. You mean in terms of the decision 4026 itself?

4027 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Yes. Now you have just started this.
4028 You are renewing leases.

4029 \*Secretary Bernhardt. This is a department in the 4030 Interior --

4031 \*Dr. Lowenthal. So the White House was not involved.
4032 \*Secretary Bernhardt. No.

4033 \*Dr. Lowenthal. Thank you, and I yield back.

4034 \*The Chairman. Thank you very much.

4035 And Mr. Secretary, thank you for your indulgence, thank 4036 you for being here, and part of the meeting.

There are consequential issues that this Committee has in its jurisdiction, consequential. And as I said earlier in my comments, the differences that we have have to do with direction and policy that you are carrying out within that Department. I think that was obvious in some particular areas.

We have a responsibility to do our due diligence to try to convince you or the American public that we should be going in a different direction. And there are areas that are special in this country that should be left alone and not extracted from. And that is just one example.

And as we go forward, I hope that the candor and the frankness that we had at our meeting and that you shared with this Committee today continues, because difficult choices also -- differences in direction require this Committee and the majority to seek as assertively as we can the motivation behind policy changes and direction and, more importantly, 4054 for the oversight function and, our constitutional

4055 responsibility, the rationale.

4056 So, going forward, thank you again. The meeting is 4057 adjourned.

4058 [Whereupon, at 1:24 p.m., the Committee was adjourned.]