AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 1965

OFFERED BY MR. LAMBORN OF COLORADO

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Lands Jobs

3 and Energy Security Act".

4 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 5 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 3. Policies regarding buying, building, and working for America.

TITLE I—ONSHORE OIL AND GAS PERMIT STREAMLINING

Sec. 101. Short title.

Subtitle A—Application for Permits to Drill Process Reform

- Sec. 111. Permit to drill application timeline.
- Sec. 112. Solar and wind right-of-way rental reform.

Subtitle B—Administrative Protest Documentation Reform

Sec. 121. Administrative protest documentation reform.

Subtitle C—Permit Streamlining

- Sec. 131. Improve Federal energy permit coordination.
- Sec. 132. Administration of current law.

Subtitle D—Judicial Review

- Sec. 141. Definitions.
- Sec. 142. Exclusive venue for certain civil actions relating to covered energy projects.
- Sec. 143. Timely filing.
- Sec. 144. Expedition in hearing and determining the action.
- Sec. 145. Standard of review.

- Sec. 146. Limitation on injunction and prospective relief.
- Sec. 147. Limitation on attorneys' fees.
- Sec. 148. Legal standing.

Subtitle E—Knowing America's Oil and Gas Resources

Sec. 151. Funding oil and gas resource assessments.

TITLE II—OIL AND GAS LEASING CERTAINTY

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Minimum acreage requirement for onshore lease sales.
- Sec. 203. Leasing certainty.
- Sec. 204. Leasing consistency.
- Sec. 205. Reduce redundant policies.
- Sec. 206. Streamlined congressional notification.

TITLE III—OIL SHALE

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Effectiveness of oil shale regulations, amendments to resource management plans, and record of decision.
- Sec. 303. Oil shale leasing.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUIS PROVISIONS

Sec. 401. Rule of construction.

1 SEC. 3. POLICIES REGARDING BUYING, BUILDING, AND

2

WORKING FOR AMERICA.

- 3 (a) CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.—It is the intent of the
- 4 Congress that—
- 5 (1) this Act will support a healthy and growing
 6 United States domestic energy sector that, in turn,
 7 helps to reinvigorate American manufacturing,
 8 transportation, and service sectors by employing the
 9 vast talents of United States workers to assist in the
 10 development of energy from domestic sources;

(2) to ensure a robust onshore energy production industry and ensure that the benefits of development support local communities, under this Act,
the Secretary shall make every effort to promote the

development of onshore American energy, and shall
 take into consideration the socioeconomic impacts,
 infrastructure requirements, and fiscal stability for
 local communities located within areas containing
 onshore energy resources; and

6 (3) the Congress will monitor the deployment of 7 personnel and material onshore to encourage the de-8 velopment of American manufacturing to enable 9 United States workers to benefit from this Act 10 through good jobs and careers, as well as the estab-11 lishment of important industrial facilities to support 12 expanded access to American resources.

(b) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior
shall when possible, and practicable, encourage the use of
United States workers and equipment manufactured in
the United States in all construction related to mineral
resource development under this Act.

18 TITLE I—ONSHORE OIL AND GAS

19 **PERMIT STREAMLINING**

20 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

21 This title may be cited as the "Streamlining Permit-

22 ting of American Energy Act of 2013".

Subtitle A—Application for Permits to Drill Process Reform

3 SEC. 111. PERMIT TO DRILL APPLICATION TIMELINE.

4 Section 17(p)(2) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30
5 U.S.C. 226(p)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

6 "(2) APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS TO DRILL RE7 FORM AND PROCESS.—

8 "(A) TIMELINE.—The Secretary shall de-9 cide whether to issue a permit to drill within 30 10 days after receiving an application for the per-11 mit. The Secretary may extend such period for 12 up to 2 periods of 15 days each, if the Sec-13 retary has given written notice of the delay to 14 the applicant. The notice shall be in the form 15 of a letter from the Secretary or a designee of 16 the Secretary, and shall include the names and 17 titles of the persons processing the application. 18 the specific reasons for the delay, and a specific 19 date a final decision on the application is ex-20 pected.

21 "(B) NOTICE OF REASONS FOR DENIAL.—
22 If the application is denied, the Secretary shall
23 provide the applicant—

24 "(i) in writing, clear and comprehen-25 sive reasons why the application was not

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1	accepted and detailed information con-
2	cerning any deficiencies; and
3	"(ii) an opportunity to remedy any de-
4	ficiencies.
5	"(C) Application deemed approved.—
6	If the Secretary has not made a decision on the
7	application by the end of the 60-day period be-
8	ginning on the date the application is received
9	by the Secretary, the application is deemed ap-
10	proved, except in cases in which existing reviews
11	under the National Environmental Policy Act of
12	$1969~(42~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~4321$ et seq.) or Endangered
13	Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.)
14	are incomplete.
15	"(D) DENIAL OF PERMIT.—If the Sec-
16	retary decides not to issue a permit to drill in
17	accordance with subparagraph (A), the Sec-
18	retary shall—
19	"(i) provide to the applicant a descrip-
20	tion of the reasons for the denial of the
21	permit;
22	"(ii) allow the applicant to resubmit
23	an application for a permit to drill during
24	the 10-day period beginning on the date

1	the applicant receives the description of
2	the denial from the Secretary; and
3	"(iii) issue or deny any resubmitted
4	application not later than 10 days after the
5	date the application is submitted to the
6	Secretary.
7	"(E) FEE.—
8	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
9	any other law, the Secretary shall collect a
10	single \$6,500 permit processing fee per ap-
11	plication from each applicant at the time
12	the final decision is made whether to issue
13	a permit under subparagraph (A). This fee
14	shall not apply to any resubmitted applica-
15	tion.
16	"(ii) TREATMENT OF PERMIT PROC-
17	ESSING FEE.—Of all fees collected under
18	this paragraph, 50 percent shall be trans-
19	ferred to the field office where they are col-
20	lected and used to process protests, leases,
21	and permits under this Act subject to ap-
22	propriation.".

1SEC. 112. SOLAR AND WIND RIGHT-OF-WAY RENTAL RE-2FORM.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), and 4 notwithstanding any other provision of law, of fees col-5 lected each fiscal year as annual wind energy and solar 6 energy right-of-way authorization fees required under sec-7 tion 504(g) of the Federal Land Policy and Management 8 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1764(g))—

9 (1) no less than 25 percent shall be available, 10 subject to appropriation, for use for solar and wind 11 permitting and management activities by Depart-12 ment of the Interior field offices responsible for the 13 land where the fees were collected;

14 (2) no less than 25 percent shall be available,
15 subject to appropriation, for Bureau of Land Man16 agement solar and wind permit approval activities;
17 and

(3) no less than 25 percent shall be available,
subject to appropriation, to the Secretary of the Interior for department-wide solar and wind permitting
activities.

(b) LIMITATION.—The amount used under subsection(a) each fiscal year shall not exceed \$10,000,000.

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Subtitle B—Administrative Protest Documentation Reform

3 SEC. 121. ADMINISTRATIVE PROTEST DOCUMENTATION RE-

FORM.

5 Section 17(p) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
6 226(p)) is further amended by adding at the end the fol7 lowing:

8 "(4) PROTEST FEE.—

9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 10 collect a \$5,000 documentation fee to accom-11 pany each protest for a lease, right of way, or 12 application for permit to drill.

13 "(B) TREATMENT OF FEES.—Of all fees
14 collected under this paragraph, 50 percent shall
15 remain in the field office where they are collected and used to process protests subject to
16 appropriation.".

18 Subtitle C—Permit Streamlining

19 SEC. 131. IMPROVE FEDERAL ENERGY PERMIT COORDINA-

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TION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior
(referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall establish a Federal Permit Streamlining Project (referred to
in this section as the "Project") in every Bureau of Land

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Management field office with responsibility for permitting 2 energy projects on Federal land. 3 (b) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.— 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 5 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into a memorandum of understanding for 6 7 purposes of this section with— 8 (A) the Secretary of Agriculture; 9 (B) the Administrator of the Environ-10 mental Protection Agency; and 11 (C) the Chief of the Army Corps of Engi-12 neers. 13 (2)STATE PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary 14 may request that the Governor of any State with en-15 ergy projects on Federal lands to be a signatory to 16 the memorandum of understanding. 17 (c) DESIGNATION OF QUALIFIED STAFF.— 18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after 19 the date of the signing of the memorandum of un-20 derstanding under subsection (b), all Federal signa-21 tory parties shall, if appropriate, assign to each of

the Bureau of Land Management field offices an

employee who has expertise in the regulatory issues

relating to the office in which the employee is em-

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1	ployed, including, as applicable, particular expertise
2	in—
3	(A) the consultations and the preparation
4	of biological opinions under section 7 of the En-
5	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
6	1536);
7	(B) permits under section 404 of Federal
8	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1344);
9	(C) regulatory matters under the Clean Air
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
11	(D) planning under the National Forest
12	Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a et
13	seq.); and
14	(E) the preparation of analyses under the
15	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
16	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
17	(2) DUTIES.—Each employee assigned under
18	paragraph (1) shall—
19	(A) not later than 90 days after the date
20	of assignment, report to the Bureau of Land
21	Management Field Managers in the office to
22	which the employee is assigned;
23	(B) be responsible for all issues relating to
24	the energy projects that arise under the au-
25	thorities of the employee's home agency; and

(C) participate as part of the team of per sonnel working on proposed energy projects,
 planning, and environmental analyses on Fed eral lands.

5 (d) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—The Secretary shall assign to each Bureau of Land Management field office 6 7 identified in subsection (a) any additional personnel that 8 are necessary to ensure the effective approval and imple-9 mentation of energy projects administered by the Bureau 10 of Land Management field offices, including inspection 11 and enforcement relating to energy development on Fed-12 eral land, in accordance with the multiple use mandate of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 13 14 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(e) FUNDING.—Funding for the additional personnel
shall come from the Department of the Interior reforms
identified in sections 101, 102, and 201.

18 (f) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section af-19 fects—

20 (1) the operation of any Federal or State law;
21 or

(2) any delegation of authority made by the
head of a Federal agency whose employees are participating in the Project.

(g) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section the
 term "energy projects" includes oil, natural gas, coal, and
 other energy projects as defined by the Secretary.

4 SEC. 132. ADMINISTRATION OF CURRENT LAW.

Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary of the
Interior shall not require a finding of extraordinary circumstances in administering section 390 of the Energy
Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15942).

9 Subtitle D—Judicial Review

10 SEC. 141. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this subtitle—

(1) the term "covered civil action" means a civil
action containing a claim under section 702 of title
5, United States Code, regarding agency action (as
defined for the purposes of that section) affecting a
covered energy project on Federal lands of the
United States; and

(2) the term "covered energy project" means
the leasing of Federal lands of the United States for
the exploration, development, production, processing,
or transmission of oil, natural gas, wind, or any
other source of energy, and any action under such
a lease, except that the term does not include any
disputes between the parties to a lease regarding the

obligations under such lease, including regarding
 any alleged breach of the lease.

3 SEC. 142. EXCLUSIVE VENUE FOR CERTAIN CIVIL ACTIONS

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RELATING TO COVERED ENERGY PROJECTS.

5 Venue for any covered civil action shall lie in the dis6 trict court where the project or leases exist or are pro7 posed.

8 SEC. 143. TIMELY FILING.

9 To ensure timely redress by the courts, a covered civil 10 action must be filed no later than the end of the 90-day 11 period beginning on the date of the final Federal agency 12 action to which it relates.

13 SEC. 144. EXPEDITION IN HEARING AND DETERMINING THE

14 ACTION.

15 The court shall endeavor to hear and determine any16 covered civil action as expeditiously as possible.

17 SEC. 145. STANDARD OF REVIEW.

In any judicial review of a covered civil action, administrative findings and conclusions relating to the challenged Federal action or decision shall be presumed to be correct, and the presumption may be rebutted only by the preponderance of the evidence contained in the administrative record.

1SEC. 146. LIMITATION ON INJUNCTION AND PROSPECTIVE2RELIEF.

3 In a covered civil action, the court shall not grant or approve any prospective relief unless the court finds 4 5 that such relief is narrowly drawn, extends no further than necessary to correct the violation of a legal requirement, 6 7 and is the least intrusive means necessary to correct that violation. In addition, courts shall limit the duration of 8 9 preliminary injunctions to halt covered energy projects to no more than 60 days, unless the court finds clear reasons 10 to extend the injunction. In such cases of extensions, such 11 extensions shall only be in 30-day increments and shall 12 13 require action by the court to renew the injunction.

14 SEC. 147. LIMITATION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES.

15 Sections 504 of title 5, United States Code, and 2412 16 of title 28, United States Code, (together commonly called 17 the Equal Access to Justice Act) do not apply to a covered 18 civil action, nor shall any party in such a covered civil ac-19 tion receive payment from the Federal Government for 20 their attorneys' fees, expenses, and other court costs.

21 SEC. 148. LEGAL STANDING.

Challengers filing appeals with the Department of the
Interior Board of Land Appeals shall meet the same
standing requirements as challengers before a United
States district court.

Subtitle E—Knowing America's Oil and Gas Resources

3 SEC. 151. FUNDING OIL AND GAS RESOURCE ASSESSMENTS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior shall
5 provide matching funding for joint projects with States to
6 conduct oil and gas resource assessments on Federal lands
7 with significant oil and gas potential.

8 (b) COST SHARING.—The Federal share of the cost9 of activities under this section shall not exceed 50 percent.

(c) RESOURCE ASSESSMENT.—Any resource assessment under this section shall be conducted by a State, in
consultation with the United States Geological Survey.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
out this section a total of \$50,000,000 for fiscal years
2014 through 2017.

17 TITLE II—OIL AND GAS LEASING 18 CERTAINTY

19 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

20 This title may be cited as the "Providing Leasing21 Certainty for American Energy Act of 2013".

1SEC. 202. MINIMUM ACREAGE REQUIREMENT FOR ON-2SHORE LEASE SALES.

3 In conducting lease sales as required by section 17(a)of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226(a)), each year 4 5 the Secretary of the Interior shall perform the following: 6 (1) The Secretary shall offer for sale no less 7 than 25 percent of the annual nominated acreage 8 not previously made available for lease. Acreage of-9 fered for lease pursuant to this paragraph shall not 10 be subject to protest and shall be eligible for cat-11 egorical exclusions under section 390 of the Energy 12 Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15942), except that 13 it shall not be subject to the test of extraordinary 14 circumstances.

(2) In administering this section, the Secretary
shall only consider leasing of Federal lands that are
available for leasing at the time the lease sale occurs.

19 SEC. 203. LEASING CERTAINTY.

Section 17(a) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
226(a)) is amended by inserting "(1)" before "All lands",
and by adding at the end the following:

23 "(2)(A) The Secretary shall not withdraw any cov24 ered energy project issued under this Act without finding
25 a violation of the terms of the lease by the lessee.

"(B) The Secretary shall not infringe upon lease
 rights under leases issued under this Act by indefinitely
 delaying issuance of project approvals, drilling and seismic
 permits, and rights of way for activities under such a
 lease.

6 "(C) No later than 18 months after an area is des-7 ignated as open under the current land use plan the Sec-8 retary shall make available nominated areas for lease 9 under the criteria in section 2.

10 "(D) Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary
11 shall issue all leases sold no later than 60 days after the
12 last payment is made.

"(E) The Secretary shall not cancel or withdraw any
lease parcel after a competitive lease sale has occurred and
a winning bidder has submitted the last payment for the
parcel.

"(F) Not later than 60 days after a lease sale held
under this Act, the Secretary shall adjudicate any lease
protests filed following a lease sale. If after 60 days any
protest is left unsettled, said protest is automatically denied and appeal rights of the protestor begin.

"(G) No additional lease stipulations may be added
after the parcel is sold without consultation and agreement of the lessee, unless the Secretary deems such stipu-

1 lations as emergency actions to conserve the resources of

2 the United States.".

3 SEC. 204. LEASING CONSISTENCY.

Federal land managers must follow existing resource
management plans and continue to actively lease in areas
designated as open when resource management plans are
being amended or revised, until such time as a new record
of decision is signed.

9 SEC. 205. REDUCE REDUNDANT POLICIES.

10 Bureau of Land Management Instruction Memo-11 randum 2010–117 shall have no force or effect.

12 SEC. 206. STREAMLINED CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.

13 Section 31(e) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
14 188(e)) is amended in the matter following paragraph (4)
15 by striking "at least thirty days in advance of the rein16 statement" and inserting "in an annual report".

17 **TITLE III—OIL SHALE**

18 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Protecting Investment
in Oil Shale the Next Generation of Environmental, Energy, and Resource Security Act" or the "PIONEERS
Act".

SEC. 302. EFFECTIVENESS OF OIL SHALE REGULATIONS, AMENDMENTS TO RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLANS, AND RECORD OF DECISION.

4 (a) REGULATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other law 5 or regulation to the contrary, the final regulations regarding oil shale management published by the Bureau of 6 7 Land Management on November 18, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 8 69,414) are deemed to satisfy all legal and procedural re-9 quirements under any law, including the Federal Land 10 Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et 11 seq.), the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), and the National Environmental Policy Act 12 13 of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and the Secretary of the Interior shall implement those regulations, including 14 the oil shale leasing program authorized by the regula-15 16 tions, without any other administrative action necessary. 17 (b) Amendments to Resource Management PLANS AND RECORD OF DECISION.—Notwithstanding 18

19 any other law or regulation to the contrary, the November 20 17, 2008 U.S. Bureau of Land Management Approved Resource Management Plan Amendments/Record of Decision 21 22 for Oil Shale and Tar Sands Resources to Address Land 23 Use Allocations in Colorado, Utah, and Wyoming and 24 Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement are deemed to satisfy all legal and procedural requirements 25 under any law, including the Federal Land Policy and 26

Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), the 1 Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), 2 3 and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42) 4 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and the Secretary of the Interior 5 shall implement the oil shale leasing program authorized by the regulations referred to in subsection (a) in those 6 7 areas covered by the resource management plans amended 8 by such amendments, and covered by such record of deci-9 sion, without any other administrative action necessary.

10 SEC. 303. OIL SHALE LEASING.

11 (a) Additional Research and Development 12 LEASE SALES.—The Secretary of the Interior shall hold a lease sale within 180 days after the date of enactment 13 of this Act offering an additional 10 parcels for lease for 14 15 research, development, and demonstration of oil shale resources, under the terms offered in the solicitation of bids 16 for such leases published on January 15, 2009 (74 Fed. 17 18 Reg. 10).

(b) COMMERCIAL LEASE SALES.—No later than January 1, 2016, the Secretary of the Interior shall hold no
less than 5 separate commercial lease sales in areas considered to have the most potential for oil shale development, as determined by the Secretary, in areas nominated
through public comment. Each lease sale shall be for an

area of not less than 25,000 acres, and in multiple lease
 blocs.

3 TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUIS 4 PROVISIONS

5 SEC. 401. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize
the issuance of a lease under the Mineral Leasing Act (30
U.S.C. 181 et seq.) to any person designated for the imposition of sanctions pursuant to—

(1) the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (50 U.S.C. 10 11 1701 note), the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Ac-12 countability and Divestiture Act of 2010 (22 U.S.C. 13 8501 et seq.), the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria 14 Human Rights Act of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8701 et 15 seq.), section 1245 of the National Defense Author-16 ization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8513a), 17 or the Iran Freedom and Counter-Proliferation Act 18 of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8801 et seq.);

19 (2) Executive Order 13622 (July 30, 2012),
20 Executive Order 13628 (October 9, 2012), or Execu21 tive Order 13645 (June 3, 2013);

22 (3) Executive Order 13224 (September 23,
23 2001) or Executive Order 13338 (May 11, 2004); or

- (4) the Syria Accountability and Lebanese Sov ereignty Restoration Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 2151
- 3 note).

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