[~117H1074]

(Original Signature of Member)
118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.
To provide that the deployment of a small personal wireless service facility is not subject to requirements to prepare certain environmental or historical preservation reviews, and for other purposes.
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
M introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
A BILL
To provide that the deployment of a small personal wireless service facility is not subject to requirements to prepare certain environmental or historical preservation reviews and for other purposes.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Reducing Antiquated
5 Permitting for Infrastructure Deployment Act" or the
6 "RAPID Act".

1	SEC. 2. EXEMPTIONS FOR SMALL PERSONAL WIRELESS
2	SERVICE FACILITIES.
3	(a) NEPA Exemption.—A Federal authorization
4	with respect to a project to deploy a small personal wire-
5	less service facility may not be considered a major Federal
6	action under section 102(2)(C) of the National Environ-
7	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)).
8	(b) National Historic Preservation Act Ex-
9	EMPTION.—A project to deploy a small personal wireless
10	service facility may not be considered an undertaking
11	under section 300320 of title 54, United States Code.
12	SEC. 3. PRESUMPTION WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN COM-
13	PLETE FCC FORMS.
14	(a) Presumption.—If an Indian Tribe is shown to
14 15	(a) Presumption.—If an Indian Tribe is shown to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form
15 16	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form
15 16 17	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably ex-
15 16 17	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC
15 16 17 18	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on
15 16 17 18 19	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on a request contained in such complete form by the date that
15 16 17 18 19 20	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on a request contained in such complete form by the date that is 45 days after the date of such receipt or reasonably
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on a request contained in such complete form by the date that is 45 days after the date of such receipt or reasonably expected receipt—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on a request contained in such complete form by the date that is 45 days after the date of such receipt or reasonably expected receipt—  (1) the Commission and a court of competent
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), or can be reasonably expected to have received a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621 (or any successor form), and has not acted on a request contained in such complete form by the date that is 45 days after the date of such receipt or reasonably expected receipt—  (1) the Commission and a court of competent jurisdiction (as the case may be) shall presume the

1	tain whether historic properties of religious or cul-
2	tural significance to such Indian Tribe may be af-
3	fected by the undertaking related to such complete
4	form; and
5	(2) such Indian Tribe shall be presumed to
6	have disclaimed interest in such undertaking.
7	(b) Overcoming Presumption.—
8	(1) In General.—An Indian Tribe may over-
9	come a presumption under subsection (a) upon mak-
10	ing, to the Commission or a court of competent ju-
11	risdiction, a favorable demonstration with respect to
12	1 or more of the factors described in paragraph (2).
13	(2) Factors considered.—In making a de-
14	termination regarding a presumption under sub-
15	section (a), the Commission or court of competent
16	jurisdiction shall give substantial weight to—
17	(A) whether the applicant with respect to
18	the relevant complete form failed to make a
19	reasonable attempt to follow up with the appli-
20	cable Indian Tribe not earlier than 30 days,
21	and not later than 50 days, after the applicant
22	submitted a complete FCC Form 620 or FCC
23	Form 621 (as the case may be) to such Indian
24	Tribe; and

1	(B) whether the rules of the Commission,
2	or FCC Form 620 or FCC Form 621, are
3	found to be in violation of a Nationwide Pro-
4	grammatic Agreement of the Commission.
5	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this Act:
7	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
8	means the Federal Communications Commission.
9	(2) Federal authorization.—The term
10	"Federal authorization"—
11	(A) means any authorization required
12	under Federal law with respect to a project;
13	and
14	(B) includes any permits, special use au-
15	thorizations, certifications, opinions, or other
16	approvals as may be required under Federal law
17	with respect to a project.
18	(3) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
19	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
20	section 102 of the Federally Recognized Indian
21	Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 5130).
22	(4) Personal wireless service.—The term
23	"personal wireless service"—

1	(A) means any service described in section
2	332(c)(7)(C)(i) of the Communications Act of
3	1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(e)(7)(C)(i)); and
4	(B) includes commercial mobile data serv-
5	ice (as defined in section 6001 of the Middle
6	Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012
7	(47 U.S.C. 1401)).
8	(5) Personal wireless service facility.—
9	The term "personal wireless service facility" means
10	a facility for the provision of personal wireless serv-
11	ice.
12	(6) Small personal wireless service fa-
13	CILITY.—The term "small personal wireless service
14	facility"—
15	(A) means a personal wireless service facil-
16	ity with respect to which each antenna is not
17	more than 3 cubic feet in volume; and
18	(B) does not include a wireline backhaul
19	facility.
20	(7) WIRELINE BACKHAUL FACILITY.—The term
21	"wireline backhaul facility" means an above-ground
22	or underground wireline facility used to transport
23	communications service or other electronic commu-
24	nications from a small personal wireless service facil-

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- 1 ity or its adjacent network interface device to a com-
- 2 munications network.