## Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to H.R. 925 Offered by M 2.

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

## 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Data to Save Moms 2 Act". 3 4 SEC. 2. FUNDING FOR MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW 5 COMMITTEES TO PROMOTE REPRESENTA-6 TIVE COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT. 7 (a) PROMOTING REPRESENTATIVE COMMUNITY EN-8 GAGEMENT.---9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 317K(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b-12(d)) is 10 11 amended-12  $(\mathbf{A})$ by redesignating paragraphs (2)through (8) as paragraphs (3) through (9), re-13 14 spectively; and 15 (B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the

16 following:

"(2) PROMOTING REPRESENTATIVE COMMUNITY
 ENGAGEMENT IN MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW
 COMMITTEES.—

4 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In providing support 5 to States, Indian tribes, and tribal organiza-6 tions to participate in the program under sub-7 section (a)(2)(D), the Secretary may make 8 grants to entities that recruit for possible inclu-9 sion in the membership of such a committee, 10 community members who can increase the di-11 versity of the committee's membership with re-12 spect to race and ethnicity, location, and profes-13 sional background, including members with 14 nonclinical experience, by—

"(i) addressing barriers to maternal
mortality review committee participation
for community members, including required training, transportation barriers,
compensation, and other supports as may
be necessary; and

21 "(ii) establishing initiatives to conduct
22 outreach and community engagement ef23 forts within communities throughout the
24 State or Tribe to seek input from commu25 nity members on the work of such mater-

1	nal mortality review committee, with a par-
2	ticular focus on outreach to minority and
3	underserved women.
4	"(B) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Sec-
5	retary shall provide technical assistance to any
6	maternal mortality review committee receiving a
7	grant under this paragraph on best practices
8	for increasing the diversity of the maternal
9	mortality review committee's membership and
10	for conducting effective community engage-
11	ment.".
12	(2) Conforming Amendments.—Section
13	317 K(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42)
14	U.S.C. 247b $-12(d)$ ), as amended by paragraph (1),
15	is further amended—
16	(A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking
17	"paragraph (3)" and inserting "paragraph
18	(4)";
19	(B) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by
20	paragraph (1)), by striking "paragraph (2)(A)"
21	each place it appears in subparagraphs (B) and
22	(C); and
23	(C) in paragraph (9) (as redesignated by
24	paragraph $(1)$ ), by striking "paragraph $(5)$ "
25	and inserting "paragraph (6)".

1	(3) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Paragraph (7)
2	of section $317 \text{K}(d)$ of the Public Health Service Act
3	(42 U.S.C. 247b–12(d)), as redesignated by para-
4	graph (1), is amended by striking "this subpara-
5	graph" each place it appears and inserting "this
6	subsection".
7	(b) FUNDING.—Section 317K(f) of the Public Health
8	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b-12(f)) is amended to read
9	as follows:
10	"(f) Funding.—
11	"(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of
13	carrying out this section, there are authorized
14	to be appropriated \$58,000,000 for each of fis-
15	cal years 2019 through 2023.
16	"(B) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—Of the
17	amounts made available under subparagraph
18	(A) for a fiscal year, not less than $$1,500,000$
19	shall be reserved for Indian tribes, tribal orga-
20	nizations, or urban Indian organizations (as
21	those terms are defined in section 4 of the In-
22	dian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C.
23	1603)).
24	"(2) Community engagement funding.—In
25	addition to an annta mada anailabla an dau mananh

25 addition to amounts made available under paragraph

1	(1), for the purposes of carrying out subsection
2	(d)(2), there are authorized to be appropriated
3	\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
4	2026.".
5	SEC. 3. DATA COLLECTION AND REVIEW.
6	Section $317K(d)(3)$ of the Public Health Service Act
7	(42 U.S.C. 247b–12(d)(3)) is amended—
8	(1) in subparagraph $(A)(i)(II)$ , by inserting ",
9	including deaths attributed to suicide, overdose, or a
10	condition related to mental illness or a substance use
11	disorder" after "year";
12	(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at
13	the end;
14	(3) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period
15	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
16	(4) by adding at the end the following:
17	((F) consult with local community-based
18	organizations representing pregnant and
19	postpartum individuals from demographic
20	groups disproportionately impacted by poor ma-
21	ternal and infant health outcomes to ensure all
22	clinical and nonclinical factors that might have
23	contributed to a pregnancy-related death are
24	appropriately considered.".

1	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTIONS TO
2	STUDY MATERNAL MORTALITY, SEVERE MA-
3	TERNAL MORBIDITY, AND OTHER ADVERSE
4	MATERNAL HEALTH OUTCOMES.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 736(b)(5) of the Public
6	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293(b)(5)) is amended by
7	striking "groups, including research" and all that follows
8	through "health care;" and inserting the following:
9	"groups, including—
10	"(1) research on issues relating to the de-
11	livery of health care; and
12	((2) in the case of designated health pro-
13	fessions schools referred to in subsection (a)
14	that meet each of the conditions specified in
15	paragraph $(2)(A)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$ of subsection (c),
16	research that involves—
17	"(i) soliciting feedback from pregnant
18	and postpartum individuals from racial
19	and ethnic minority groups, and perinatal
20	health workers supporting such individuals,
21	to fully understand the causes of, and in-
22	form potential solutions to address mater-
23	nal mortality and severe maternal mor-
24	bidity;
25	"(ii) assessing potential racial

misclassification and other data collection

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1	and reporting issues that could misrepre-
2	sent maternal mortality rates in certain
3	communities; and
4	"(iii) assessing differences in rates of
5	adverse maternal health outcomes among
6	certain racial and ethnic subgroups;".
7	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
8	736(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293(i))
9	is amended—
10	(1) by striking "To carry out this section" and
11	inserting the following:
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—To carry out this section";
13	and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(2) Additional funds for maternal mor-
16	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made
17	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made
17 18	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph (1), for the purposes of
16 17 18 19 20	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph $(1)$ , for the purposes of carrying out subsection $(b)(5)$ , there are authorized
17 18 19	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph $(1)$ , for the purposes of carrying out subsection $(b)(5)$ , there are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal
17 18 19 20	TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph (1), for the purposes of carrying out subsection (b)(5), there are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".
17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>TALITY RESEARCH.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph (1), for the purposes of carrying out subsection (b)(5), there are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".</li> <li>SEC. 5. REVIEW OF MATERNAL HEALTH DATA COLLECTION</li> </ul>

1	(1) to review existing maternal health data col-
2	lection processes and quality measures; and
3	(2) to make recommendations to Congress to
4	improve such processes and measures.
5	(b) Collaboration.—In carrying out this section,
6	the Secretary shall consult with a diverse group of mater-
7	nal health stakeholders, which may include—
8	(1) pregnant and postpartum individuals and
9	their family members, and non-profit organizations
10	representing such individuals, with a particular focus
11	on patients from racial and ethnic minority groups;
12	(2) community-based organizations that provide
13	support for pregnant and postpartum individuals,
14	with a particular focus on patients from racial and
15	ethnic minority groups; and
16	(3) maternity care providers and membership
17	organizations for maternity care providers.
18	(c) TOPICS.—The review of maternal health data col-
19	lection processes and recommendations to improve such
20	processes and measures required under subsection (a)
21	shall assess all available relevant information, including
22	information from State-level sources, and shall consider at
23	least the following:
24	(1) Current State and Tribal practices for ma-
25	ternal health, maternal mortality, and severe mater-

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1	nal morbidity data collection and dissemination, in-
2	cluding consideration of—
3	(A) relevant data collected with electronic
4	health records, including data on race, eth-
5	nicity, socioeconomic status, insurance type,

7 (B) whether maternal mortality review
8 committees include multidisciplinary and di9 verse membership (as described in section
10 317K(d)(1)(A) of the Public Health Service Act

and other relevant demographic information;

(42 U.S.C. 247b-12(d)(1)(A)));

12 (C) whether members of maternal mor13 tality review committees participate in trainings
14 on implicit and explicit bias and the quality of
15 such trainings;

16 (D) the extent to which States have imple-17 mented systematic processes of soliciting feed-18 back from pregnant and postpartum individuals 19 and their family members, with a particular 20 focus on pregnant and postpartum individuals 21 from racial and ethnic minority groups (as such 22 term is defined in section 1707(g)(1) of the 23 Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u-24 6(g)(1)) and their family members, to fully un-25 derstand the causes of, and inform potential so-

1	lutions to addressing maternal mortality and se-
2	vere maternal morbidity;
3	(E) the extent to which maternal mortality
4	review committees are considering social deter-
5	minants of maternal health when examining the
6	causes of pregnancy-associated and pregnancy-
7	related deaths;
8	(F) the extent to which maternal mortality
9	review committees are making actionable rec-
10	ommendations based on their reviews of adverse
11	maternal health outcomes and the extent to
12	which such recommendations are being imple-
13	mented by appropriate stakeholders;
14	(G) the legal and administrative barriers
15	preventing the collection, collation, and dissemi-
16	nation of State maternity care data; and
17	(H) the current Federal, State, local, and
18	Tribal funding support for the activities re-
19	ferred to in subparagraphs (A) through (G).
20	(2) Current quality measures for maternity
21	care, including prenatal measures, labor and delivery
22	measures, and postpartum measures, including top-
23	ics such as—
24	(A) effective quality measures for mater-
25	nity care used by hospitals, health systems,

1	midwifery practices, birth centers, health plans,
2	and other relevant entities;

3 (B) the sufficiency of current outcome
4 measures used to evaluate maternity care for
5 driving improved care, experiences, and out6 comes in maternity care payment and delivery
7 system models;

8 (C) validated measures that have been 9 used for research purposes that could be tested, 10 refined, and submitted for national endorse-11 ment;

(D) barriers preventing maternity care
providers and insurers from implementing quality measures that are aligned with best practices;

16 (E) the extent to which maternity care
17 quality measures are informed by patient expe18 riences that include measures of patient-re19 ported experience of care;

20 (F) the extent to which maternity care
21 quality measures account for the unique experi22 ences of pregnant and postpartum individuals
23 from racial and ethnic minority groups (as such
24 term is defined in section 1707(g)(1) of the

1Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u-26(g)(1)); and

3 (G) the extent to which hospitals, health
4 systems, midwifery practices, maternity care
5 providers, and birth centers are implementing
6 existing maternity care quality measures.

7 (3) Recommendations on the provision of addi8 tional resources such as technical assistance and
9 funding to improve maternal mortality review com10 mittees and State and Tribal maternal health data
11 collection and reporting processes.

12 (4) Recommendations for new authorities that 13 may be granted to maternal mortality review com-14 mittees to be able to access records from other Fed-15 eral and State agencies and departments that may 16 be necessary to identify causes of pregnancy-associ-17 ated and pregnancy-related deaths that are unique 18 to pregnant and postpartum individuals from spe-19 cific populations, such as veterans and individuals 20 who are incarcerated.

(5) Recommendations to improve and standardize current quality measures for maternity care,
with a particular focus on improving disparities
among racial and ethnic minorities in maternal
health outcomes.

(6) Recommendations to improve the coordina tion by the Department of Health and Human Serv ices of the efforts undertaken by the agencies and
 organizations within the Department related to ma ternal health data and quality measures.

6 (d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the enact-7 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Con-8 gress and make publicly available a report on the results 9 of the review of maternal health data collection processes 10 and quality measures and recommendations to improve 11 such processes and measures required under subsection 12 (a).

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$2,000,000, to remain available until expended.

16 SEC. 6. INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE STUDY ON MATERNAL

17MORTALITY AND SEVERE MATERNAL MOR-18BIDITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination
with the Director of the Indian Health Service (referred
to in this section as the "Director") shall—

(1) not later than 180 days after the enactment
of this Act, enter into a contract with an independent research organization to conduct a comprehensive study on maternal mortality and severe

maternal morbidity in the populations of American
 Indian and Alaska Native individuals; and

3 (2) not later than 3 years after the date of the
4 enactment of this Act, submit to Congress a report
5 on such study that contains recommendations for
6 policies and practices that can be adopted to im7 prove maternal and infant health outcomes for
8 American Indian and Alaska Native individuals.

9 (b) TRIBAL CONSULTATION.—In conducting such
10 study, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director,
11 shall—

(1) consult with Indian tribes and tribal organizations (as such terms are defined in section 4 of
the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)), and urban Indian organizations (as such term is defined in section 4 of the
Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C.
1603)); and

(2) ensure that feedback from each of the 12
service areas of the Indian Health Service is represented.

22 (c) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study conducted23 pursuant to subsection (a) shall—

1	(1) examine the causes of maternal mortality
2	and severe maternal morbidity that are unique to
3	American Indian and Alaska Native individuals;
4	(2) solicit feedback from American Indian and
5	Alaska Native pregnant and postpartum individuals
6	to fully understand the causes of, and provide rec-
7	ommendations to inform potential solutions to ad-
8	dress, maternal mortality and severe maternal mor-
9	bidity among such individuals;
10	(3) distinguish between the causes of, landscape
11	of maternity care at, and recommendations to im-
12	prove maternal and infant health outcomes within,
13	the different settings in which American Indian and
14	Alaska Native pregnant and postpartum individuals
15	receive maternity care, such as—
16	(A) facilities operated by the Indian
17	Health Service;
18	(B) an Indian health program operated by
19	an Indian tribe or tribal organization pursuant
20	to a contract, grant, cooperative agreement, or
21	compact with the Indian Health Service pursu-
22	ant to the Indian Self-Determination Act; and
23	(C) an urban Indian health program oper-
24	ated by an urban Indian organization pursuant
25	to a grant or contract with the Indian Health

Service pursuant to title V of the Indian Health
 Care Improvement Act;

3 (4) review processes for coordinating programs 4 of the Indian Health Service with social services pro-5 vided through other programs administered by the 6 Secretary of Health and Human Services (other 7 than the Medicare program under title XVIII of the 8 Social Security Act, the Medicaid program under 9 title XIX of such Act, and the Children's Health In-10 surance Program under title XXI of such Act);

(5) review current data collection and quality
measurement processes and practices and make recommendations to reduce misclassification of American Indian and Alaska Native pregnant and
postpartum individuals;

16 (6) assess causes and frequency of maternal
17 mental health conditions and substance use dis18 orders;

(7) consider social determinants of health, including poverty, unemployment, sexual violence, and
infrastructure conditions in Tribal areas;

(8) consider how current funding of the Indian
Health Service impacts the delivery of quality maternity care; and

(9) consider the extent to which the delivery of
 maternity care services is culturally appropriate for
 American Indian and Alaska Native pregnant and
 postpartum individuals.

5 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
6 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
7 \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended.

## 8 SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.

9 In this Act:

10 (1) MATERNITY CARE PROVIDER.—The term
11 "maternity care provider" means a health care pro12 vider who—

(A) is a physician, physician assistant,
midwife who meets at a minimum the international definition of the midwife and global
standards for midwifery education as established by the International Confederation of
Midwives, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse
specialist; and

20 (B) has a focus on maternal or perinatal21 health.

(2) MATERNAL MORTALITY.—The term "maternal mortality" means a pregnancy-related death or
pregnancy-associated death, as those terms are de-

- 1 fined in section 317K(e) of the Public Health Serv-
- 2 ice Act (42 U.S.C. 247b–13(e)).
- 3 (3) POSTPARTUM AND POSTPARTUM PERIOD.—
  4 The terms "postpartum" and "postpartum period"
  5 refer to the 1-year period beginning on the last day
- 5 Telef to the 1-year period beginning on the last
- 6 of the pregnancy of an individual.

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