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ONE HUNDRED THIRTEENTH CONGRESS  
**Congress of the United States**  
**House of Representatives**  
COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE  
2125 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING  
WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6115  
Majority (202) 225-2927  
Minority (202) 225-3641

November 19, 2013

Mr. Daniel J. Weiss  
Senior Fellow and Director  
of Climate Strategy  
Center for American Progress  
1333 H Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Mr. Weiss:

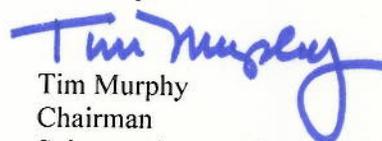
Thank you for appearing before the Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations on Tuesday, October 29, 2013, to testify at the hearing entitled "EPA's Regulatory Threat to Affordable, Reliable Energy: The Perspective of Coal Communities."

Pursuant to the Rules of the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the hearing record remains open for ten business days to permit Members to submit additional questions for the record, which are attached. The format of your responses to these questions should be as follows: (1) the name of the Member whose question you are addressing, (2) the complete text of the question you are addressing in bold, and (3) your answer to that question in plain text.

To facilitate the printing of the hearing record, please respond to these questions by the close of business on Tuesday, December 3, 2013. Your responses should be mailed to Brittany Havens, Legislative Clerk, Committee on Energy and Commerce, 2125 Rayburn House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515 and e-mailed in Word format to [brittany.havens@mail.house.gov](mailto:brittany.havens@mail.house.gov).

Thank you again for your time and effort preparing and delivering testimony before the Subcommittee.

Sincerely,



Tim Murphy  
Chairman  
Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations

cc: Diana DeGette, Ranking Member, Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations

Attachment

## Attachment—Additional Questions for the Record

### The Honorable Rene Ellmers

1. While the ash from coal combustion is a waste by-product, I know that it provides great benefit with concrete mix designs – supporting the development of higher strengths and better performance. My understanding is that despite the efforts of EPA to attempt to continue to permit such beneficial use of fly ash in their new ruling, the concrete industry remains concerned about liability risks associated with the handling and use of what will now be declared a hazardous material. Could you address these liability concerns and your personal perspective on the impact of this ruling on beneficial use of fly ash?
2. Many believe the impact of EPA regulation of CO<sub>2</sub> through the CAA will have a more significant negative impact on rural communities. Rural consumers use more coal fired generation (in many cases natural gas pipelines are not nearby) and coal reserves are close, readily available, thus more economical to use. Rural utilities including electric cooperatives built those plants for the right reasons. Rural communities produce coal so jobs will be impacted, a previously cheaper source of fuel will be more difficult to use and more expensive. It's a double whammy. Can you explain the residual effect this will have on agriculture, small business and the tax base (schools, local government services) of these local rural communities?