# **Committee Print**

(SHOWING THE TEXT OF H.R. 2706, AS FAVORABLY FORWARDED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON HEALTH ON MARCH 12, 2024)

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2706

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 19, 2023

Mrs. CAMMACK (for herself, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. SESSIONS, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, and Mr. ISSA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

# A BILL

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

**3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.** 

4 This Act may be cited as the "Charlotte Woodward

5 Organ Transplant Discrimination Prevention Act".

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

(1) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—The term
 "auxiliary aids and services" has the meaning given
 the term in section 4 of the Americans with Disabil ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12103).

(2) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-5 6 tity" means any licensed provider of health care 7 services (including licensed health care practitioners, nursing facilities, 8 hospitals. laboratories, inter-9 mediate care facilities, psychiatric residential treatment facilities, institutions for individuals with intel-10 11 lectual or developmental disabilities, and prison 12 health centers), and any transplant hospital (as de-13 fined in section 121.2 of title 42. Code of Federal 14 Regulations or a successor regulation), that— 15 (A) is in interstate commerce; or

16 (B) provides health care services in a man17 ner that—

(i) substantially affects or has a substantial relation to interstate commerce; or
(ii) includes use of an instrument (including an instrument of transportation or
communication) of interstate commerce.
(3) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the
meaning given the term in section 3 of the Ameri-

cans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
 12102).

3 (4) HUMAN ORGAN.—The term "human organ"
4 has the meaning given the term in section 301(c) of
5 the National Organ Transplant Act (42 U.S.C.
6 274e(c)).

7 (5) ORGAN TRANSPLANT.—The term "organ
8 transplant" means the transplantation or trans9 fusion of a donated human organ into the body of
10 another human for the purpose of treating a medical
11 condition.

(6) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "qualified individual" means an individual who, with or
without a support network, provision of auxiliary
aids and services, or reasonable modifications to
policies or practices, meets eligibility requirements
for the receipt of a human organ.

18 (7) REASONABLE MODIFICATIONS TO POLICIES
19 OR PRACTICES.—The term "reasonable modifications
20 to policies or practices" includes—

21 (A) communication with persons respon22 sible for supporting a qualified individual with
23 postsurgical or other care following an organ
24 transplant or related services, including support
25 with medication;

1 (B) consideration, in determining whether 2 a qualified individual will be able to comply 3 with health requirements following an organ 4 transplant or receipt of related services, of sup-5 port networks available to the qualified indi-6 vidual, including family, friends, and providers 7 of home and community-based services, includ-8 ing home and community-based services funded 9 through the Medicare or Medicaid program 10 under title XVIII or XIX, respectively, of the 11 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., 12 1396 et seq.), another health plan in which the 13 qualified individual is enrolled, or any program 14 or source of funding available to the qualified 15 individual; and 16 (C) the use of supported decision-making, 17 when needed, by a qualified individual. 18 (8) RELATED SERVICES.—The term "related 19 services" means services related to an organ trans-20 plant that consist of— 21 (A) evaluation; 22 (B) counseling; 23 (C) treatment, including postoperative 24 treatment, and care; 25 (D) provision of information; and

(E) any other service recommended or re quired by a physician.

(9) SUPPORTED DECISION-MAKING.—The term
"supported decision-making" means the use of a
support person to assist a qualified individual in
making health care decisions, communicate information to the qualified individual, or ascertain a qualified individual's wishes. Such term includes—

9 (A) the inclusion of the individual's attor10 ney-in-fact or health care proxy, or any person
11 of the individual's choice, in communications
12 about the individual's health care;

(B) permitting the individual to designate
a person of the individual's choice for the purposes of supporting that individual in communicating, processing information, or making
health care decisions;

18 (C) providing auxiliary aids and services to
19 facilitate the individual's ability to communicate
20 and process health-related information, includ21 ing providing use of assistive communication
22 technology;

23 (D) providing health information to per24 sons designated by the individual, consistent
25 with the regulations promulgated under section

1	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and
2	Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–
3	2 note) and other applicable laws and regula-
4	tions governing disclosure of health informa-
5	tion;
6	(E) providing health information in a for-
7	mat that is readily understandable by the indi-
8	vidual; and
9	(F) working with a court-appointed guard-
10	ian or other person responsible for making
11	health care decisions on behalf of the individual,
12	to ensure that the individual is included in deci-
13	sions involving the health care of the individual
14	and that health care decisions are in accordance
15	with the individual's own expressed interests.
16	(10) Support Network.—The term "support
17	network" means, with respect to a qualified indi-
18	vidual, one or more people who are—
19	(A) selected by the qualified individual or
20	by the qualified individual and the guardian of
21	the qualified individual, to provide assistance to
22	the qualified individual or guidance to that
23	qualified individual in understanding issues,
24	making plans for the future, or making complex
25	decisions; and

(B) who may include the family members,
 friends, unpaid supporters, members of the reli gious congregation, and appropriate personnel
 at a community center, of or serving the quali fied individual.

#### 6 SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATORY POLICY.

7 The board of directors described in section 8 372(b)(1)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 9 274(b)(1)(B)) shall not issue policies, recommendations, 10 or other memoranda that would prohibit, or otherwise 11 hinder, a qualified individual's access to an organ trans-12 plant solely on the basis of that individual's disability.

#### 13 SEC. 4. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), a covered entity may not, solely on the basis of a qualified individual's disability—

17 (1) determine that the individual is ineligible to18 receive an organ transplant or related services;

19 (2) deny the individual an organ transplant or20 related services;

(3) refuse to refer the individual to an organ
transplant center or other related specialist for the
purpose of receipt of an organ transplant or other
related services; or

(4) refuse to place the individual on an organ
 transplant waiting list.

- 3 (b) EXCEPTION.—
- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—

5 MEDICALLY  $(\mathbf{A})$ SIGNIFICANT DISABIL-6 ITIES.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a cov-7 ered entity may take a qualified individual's 8 disability into account when making a health 9 care treatment or coverage recommendation or 10 decision, solely to the extent that the disability 11 has been found by a physician, following an in-12 dividualized evaluation of the potential recipi-13 ent, to be medically significant to the receipt of 14 the organ transplant or related services, as the 15 case may be.

16 (B) CONSTRUCTION.—Subparagraph (A)
17 shall not be construed to require a referral or
18 recommendation for, or the performance of, a
19 medically inappropriate organ transplant or
20 medically inappropriate related services.

(2) CLARIFICATION.—If a qualified individual
has the necessary support network to provide a reasonable assurance that the qualified individual will
be able to comply with health requirements following
an organ transplant or receipt of related services, as

the case may be, the qualified individual's inability
 to independently comply with those requirements
 may not be construed to be medically significant for
 purposes of paragraph (1).

5 (c) REASONABLE MODIFICATIONS.—A covered entity shall make reasonable modifications to policies or practices 6 7 (including procedures) of such entity if such modifications 8 are necessary to make an organ transplant or related serv-9 ices available to qualified individuals with disabilities, un-10 less the entity can demonstrate that making such modi-11 fications would fundamentally alter the nature of such 12 policies or practices.

13 (d) CLARIFICATIONS.—

14 (1) NO DENIAL OF SERVICES BECAUSE OF AB-15 SENCE OF AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—For 16 purposes of this section, a covered entity shall take 17 such steps as may be necessary to ensure that a 18 qualified individual with a disability is not denied a 19 procedure associated with the receipt of an organ 20 transplant or related services, because of the absence 21 of auxiliary aids and services, unless the covered en-22 tity can demonstrate that taking such steps would 23 fundamentally alter the nature of the procedure 24 being offered or would result in an undue burden on 25 the entity.

1	(2) COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAW.—Nothing
2	in this section shall be construed—
3	(A) to prevent a covered entity from pro-
4	viding organ transplants or related services at
5	a level that is greater than the level that is re-
6	quired by this section; or
7	(B) to limit the rights of an individual with
8	a disability under, or to replace or limit the
9	scope of obligations imposed by, the Americans
10	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101
11	et seq.) including the provisions added to such
12	Act by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008, sec-
13	tion 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 $$
14	U.S.C. 794), section 1557 of the Patient Pro-
15	tection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
16	18116), or any other applicable law.
17	(e) Enforcement.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any individual who alleges
19	that a qualified individual was subject to a violation
20	of this section by a covered entity may bring a claim
21	regarding the allegation to the Office for Civil
22	Rights of the Department of Health and Human
23	Services, for expedited resolution.
24	(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
25	subsection is intended to limit or replace available

remedies under the Americans with Disabilities Act
 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) or any other ap plicable law.

#### 4 SEC. 5. APPLICATION TO EACH PART OF PROCESS.

5 The provisions of this Act—

6 (1) that apply to an organ transplant, also 7 apply to the evaluation and listing of a qualified in-8 dividual, and to the organ transplant and post-9 organ-transplant treatment of such an individual; 10 and

(2) that apply to related services, also apply to
the process for receipt of related services by such an
individual.

### 14 SEC. 6. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to supersede
any provision of any State or local law that provides greater rights to qualified individuals with respect to organ
transplants than the rights established under this Act.