		(Original Signature of Member)
114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to enhance multi-directional sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks and strengthen privacy and civil liberties protections, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. McCaul (for himself and Mr. Ratcliffe) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to enhance multi-directional sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks and strengthen privacy and civil liberties protections, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Cybersecurity
- 5 Protection Advancement Act of 2015".

1	SEC. 2. NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY AND COMMUNICA-
2	TIONS INTEGRATION CENTER.
3	(a) Definitions.—
4	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) of the second
5	section 226 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
6	(6 U.S.C. 148; relating to the National Cybersecu-
7	rity and Communications Integration Center) is
8	amended—
9	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at
10	the end;
11	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
12	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraphs:
15	"(5) the term 'cyber threat indicator' means
16	technical information that is necessary to describe or
17	identify—
18	"(A) a method for probing, monitoring,
19	maintaining, or establishing network awareness
20	of an information system for the purpose of dis-
21	cerning technical vulnerabilities of such infor-
22	mation system, if such method is known or rea-
23	sonably suspected of being associated with a
24	known or suspected cybersecurity risk, includ-
25	ing communications that reasonably appear to
26	be transmitted for the purpose of gathering

1	technical information related to a cybersecurity
2	risk;
3	"(B) a method for defeating a technical or
4	security control of an information system;
5	"(C) a technical vulnerability, including
6	anomalous technical behavior that may become
7	a vulnerability;
8	"(D) a method of causing a user with le-
9	gitimate access to an information system or in-
10	formation that is stored on, processed by, or
11	transiting an information system to inadvert-
12	ently enable the defeat of a technical or oper-
13	ational control;
14	"(E) a method for unauthorized remote
15	identification of, access to, or use of an infor-
16	mation system or information that is stored on,
17	processed by, or transiting an information sys-
18	tem that is known or reasonably suspected of
19	being associated with a known or suspected cy-
20	bersecurity risk;
21	"(F) the actual or potential harm caused
22	by a cybersecurity risk, including a description
23	of the information exfiltrated as a result of a
24	particular cybersecurity risk;

1	"(G) any other attribute of a cybersecurity
2	risk that cannot be used to identify specific per-
3	sons reasonably believed to be unrelated to such
4	cybersecurity risk, if disclosure of such at-
5	tribute is not otherwise prohibited by law; or
6	"(H) any combination of subparagraphs
7	(A) through (G);
8	"(6) the term 'cybersecurity purpose' means the
9	purpose of protecting an information system or in-
10	formation that is stored on, processed by, or
11	transiting an information system from a cybersecu-
12	rity risk or incident;
13	"(7)(A) except as provided in subparagraph
14	(B), the term 'defensive measure' means an action,
15	device, procedure, signature, technique, or other
16	measure applied to an information system or infor-
17	mation that is stored on, processed by, or transiting
18	an information system that detects, prevents, or
19	mitigates a known or suspected cybersecurity risk or
20	incident, or any attribute of hardware, software,
21	process, or procedure that could enable or facilitate
22	the defeat of a security control;
23	"(B) such term does not include a measure that
24	destroys, renders unusable, or substantially harms

1	an information system or data on an information
2	system not belonging to—
3	"(i) the non-Federal entity, not including a
4	State, local, or tribal government, operating
5	such measure; or
6	"(ii) another Federal entity or non-Federal
7	entity that is authorized to provide consent and
8	has provided such consent to the non-Federal
9	entity referred to in clause (i);
10	"(8) the term 'network awareness' means to
11	scan, identify, acquire, monitor, log, or analyze in-
12	formation that is stored on, processed by, or
13	transiting an information system;
14	"(9)(A) the term 'private entity' means a non-
15	Federal entity that is an individual or private group,
16	organization, proprietorship, partnership, trust, co-
17	operative, corporation, or other commercial or non-
18	profit entity, including an officer, employee, or agent
19	thereof;
20	"(B) such term includes a component of a
21	State, local, or tribal government performing electric
22	utility services;
23	"(10) the term 'security control' means the
24	management, operational, and technical controls
25	used to protect against an unauthorized effort to ad-

1	versely affect the confidentially, integrity, or avail-
2	ability of an information system or information that
3	is stored on, processed by, or transiting an informa-
4	tion system; and
5	"(11) the term 'sharing' means providing, re-
6	ceiving, and disseminating.".
7	(b) Amendment.—Subparagraph (B) of subsection
8	(d)(1) of such second section 226 of the Homeland Secu-
9	rity Act of 2002 is amended—
10	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and local" and in-
11	serting ", local, and tribal";
12	(2) in clause (ii)—
13	(A) by inserting ", including information
14	sharing and analysis centers" before the semi-
15	colon; and
16	(B) by striking "and" at the end;
17	(3) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the
18	end and inserting "; and"; and
19	(4) by adding at the end the following new
20	clause:
21	"(iv) private entities.".
22	SEC. 3. INFORMATION SHARING STRUCTURE AND PROC-
23	ESSES.
24	The second section 226 of the Homeland Security Act
25	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 148; relating to the National Cyberse-

1	curity and Communications Integration Center) is amend-
2	ed—
3	(1) in subsection (e)—
4	(A) in paragraph (1)—
5	(i) by striking "a Federal civilian
6	interface" and inserting "the lead Federal
7	civilian interface"; and
8	(ii) by striking "cybersecurity risks,"
9	and inserting "cyber threat indicators, de-
10	fensive measures, cybersecurity risks,";
11	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "cyberse-
12	curity risks" and inserting "cyber threat indica-
13	tors, defensive measures, cybersecurity risks,";
14	(C) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking "cy-
15	bersecurity risks" and inserting "cyber threat
16	indicators, defensive measures, cybersecurity
17	risks,";
18	(D) in paragraph (6)—
19	(i) by striking "cybersecurity risks"
20	and inserting "cyber threat indicators, de-
21	fensive measures, cybersecurity risks,";
22	and
23	(ii) by striking "and" at the end;
24	(E) in paragraph (7)—

1	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
2	"and" at the end;
3	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
4	the period at the end and inserting ";
5	and"; and
6	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing new subparagraph:
8	"(C) sharing cyber threat indicators and
9	defensive measures;"; and
10	(F) by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraphs
12	"(8) engaging with international partners, in
13	consultation with other appropriate agencies, to—
14	"(A) collaborate on cyber threat indicators,
15	defensive measures, and information related to
16	cybersecurity risks and incidents; and
17	"(B) enhance the security and resilience of
18	global cybersecurity;
19	"(9) sharing cyber threat indicators, defensive
20	measures, and other information related to cyberse-
21	curity risks and incidents with Federal and non-Fed-
22	eral entities, including across sectors of critical in-
23	frastructure;
24	"(10) promptly notifying the Secretary and the
25	Committee on Homeland Security of the House of

1	Representatives and the Committee on Homeland
2	Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate of
3	any significant violations of the policies and proce-
4	dures specified in subsection (i)(6)(A); and
5	"(11) promptly notifying non-Federal entities
6	that have shared cyber threat indicators or defensive
7	measures that are known or determined to be in
8	error or in contravention of the requirements of this
9	section.";
10	(2) in subsection (d)—
11	(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking
12	"and" at the end;
13	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as
14	subparagraph (I); and
15	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (D)
16	the following new subparagraphs:
17	"(E) an entity that collaborates with State
18	and local governments on cybersecurity risks
19	and incidents, and has entered into a voluntary
20	information sharing relationship with the Cen-
21	ter;
22	"(F) a United States Computer Emer-
23	gency Readiness Team that coordinates infor-
24	mation related to cybersecurity risks and inci-
25	dents, proactively and collaboratively addresses

1	cybersecurity risks and incidents to the United
2	States, collaboratively responds to cybersecurity
3	risks and incidents, provides technical assist-
4	ance, upon request, to information system own-
5	ers and operators, and shares cyber threat indi-
6	cators, defensive measures, or information re-
7	lated to cybersecurity risks and incidents in a
8	timely manner;
9	"(G) the Industrial Control System Cyber
10	Emergency Response Team that—
11	"(i) coordinates with industrial con-
12	trol systems owners and operators;
13	"(ii) provides training, upon request,
14	to Federal entities and non-Federal enti-
15	ties on industrial control systems cyberse-
16	curity;
17	"(iii) collaboratively addresses cyber-
18	security risks and incidents to industrial
19	control systems;
20	"(iv) provides technical assistance,
21	upon request, to Federal entities and non-
22	Federal entities relating to industrial con-
23	trol systems cybersecurity; and
24	"(v) shares cyber threat indicators,
25	defensive measures, or information related

1	to cybersecurity risks and incidents of in-
2	dustrial control systems in a timely fash-
3	ion;
4	"(H) a National Coordinating Center for
5	Communications that coordinates the protec-
6	tion, response, and recovery of emergency com-
7	munications; and";
8	(3) in subsection (e)—
9	(A) in paragraph (1)—
10	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
11	"cyber threat indicators, defensive meas-
12	ures, and" before "information";
13	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
14	"cyber threat indicators, defensive meas-
15	ures, and" before "information";
16	(iii) in subparagraph (F), by striking
17	"cybersecurity risks" and inserting "cyber
18	threat indicators, defensive measures, cy-
19	bersecurity risks,"; and
20	(iv) in subparagraph (G), by striking
21	"cybersecurity risks" and inserting "cyber
22	threat indicators, defensive measures, cy-
23	bersecurity risks,";
24	(B) in paragraph (2)—

1	(i) by striking "cybersecurity risks"
2	and inserting "cyber threat indicators, de-
3	fensive measures, cybersecurity risks,";
4	and
5	(ii) by inserting "or disclosure" before
6	the semicolon at the end; and
7	(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting before
8	the period at the end the following: ", including
9	by working with the Chief Privacy Officer ap-
10	pointed under section 222 to ensure that the
11	Center follows the policies and procedures speci-
12	fied in subsection (i)(6)(A)"; and
13	(4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
14	sections:
15	"(g) Rapid Automated Sharing.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for
17	Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Protection, in co-
18	ordination with industry and other stakeholders,
19	shall develop capabilities based on standards and
20	widely-used approaches in the information tech-
21	nology industry that support and rapidly advance
22	the development, adoption, and implementation of
23	automated mechanisms for the timely sharing of
24	cyber threat indicators and defensive measures to
25	and from the Center and with each Federal agency

1	designated as the 'Sector Specific Agency' for each
2	critical infrastructure sector in accordance with sub-
3	section (h).
4	"(2) BIANNUAL REPORT.—The Under Sec-
5	retary for Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Protec-
6	tion shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Se-
7	curity of the House of Representatives and the Com-
8	mittee on Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
9	fairs of the Senate a biannual report on the status
10	and progress of the development of the capability de-
11	scribed in paragraph (1). Such reports shall be re-
12	quired until such capability is fully implemented.
13	"(h) Sector Specific Agencies.—The Secretary,
14	in collaboration with the relevant critical infrastructure
15	sector and the heads of other appropriate Federal agen-
16	cies, shall recognize the Federal agency designated as of
17	March 25, 2015, as the 'Sector Specific Agency' for each
18	critical infrastructure sector designated in the Depart-
19	ment's National Infrastructure Protection Plan. If the
20	designated Sector Specific Agency for a particular critical
21	infrastructure sector is the Department, for purposes of
22	this section, the Secretary is deemed to be the head of
23	such Sector Specific Agency and shall carry out this sec-
24	tion. The Secretary, in coordination with the heads of each
25	such Sector Specific Agency, shall—

1	"(1) support the security and resilience actives
2	of the relevant critical infrastructure sector in ac-
3	cordance with this section;
4	"(2) provide institutional knowledge, specialized
5	expertise, and technical assistance upon request to
6	the relevant critical infrastructure sector; and
7	"(3) support the timely sharing of cyber threat
8	indicators and defensive measures with the relevant
9	critical infrastructure sector with the Center in ac-
10	cordance with this section.
11	"(i) Voluntary Information Sharing Proce-
12	DURES.—
13	"(1) Procedures.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Center may enter
15	into a voluntary information sharing relation-
16	ship with any consenting non-Federal entity for
17	the sharing of cyber threat indicators and de-
18	fensive measures for cybersecurity purposes in
19	accordance with this section. Nothing in this
20	section may be construed to require any non-
21	Federal entity to enter into any such informa-
22	tion sharing relationship with the Center or any
23	other entity. The Center may terminate a vol-
24	untary information sharing relationship under
25	this subsection if the Center determines that

1	the non-Federal entity with which the Center
2	has entered into such a relationship has, after
3	repeated notice, repeatedly and intentionally
4	violated the terms of this subsection.
5	"(B) NATIONAL SECURITY.—The Sec-
6	retary may decline to enter into a voluntary in-
7	formation sharing relationship under this sub-
8	section if the Secretary determines that such is
9	appropriate for national security.
10	"(2) Voluntary information sharing rela-
11	TIONSHIPS.—A voluntary information sharing rela-
12	tionship under this subsection may be characterized
13	as an agreement described in this paragraph.
14	"(A) STANDARD AGREEMENT.—For the
15	use of a non-Federal entity, the Center shall
16	make available a standard agreement, con-
17	sistent with this section, on the Department's
18	website.
19	"(B) Negotiated agreement.—At the
20	request of a non-Federal entity, and if deter-
21	mined appropriate by the Center, the Depart-
22	ment shall negotiate a non-standard agreement,
23	consistent with this section.
24	"(C) Existing agreements.—An agree-
25	ment between the Center and a non-Federal en-

1	tity that is entered into before the date of the
2	enactment of this section, or such an agreement
3	that is in effect before such date, shall be
4	deemed in compliance with the requirements of
5	this subsection, notwithstanding any other pro-
6	vision or requirement of this subsection. An
7	agreement under this subsection shall include
8	the relevant privacy protections as in effect
9	under the Cooperative Research and Develop-
10	ment Agreement for Cybersecurity Information
11	Sharing and Collaboration, as of December 31,
12	2014. Nothing in this subsection may be con-
13	strued to require a non-Federal entity to enter
14	into either a standard or negotiated agreement
15	to be in compliance with this subsection.
16	"(3) Information sharing authoriza-
17	TION.—
18	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
19	subparagraph (B), and notwithstanding any
20	other provision of law, a non-Federal entity
21	may, for cybersecurity purposes, share cyber
22	threat indicators or defensive measures ob-
23	tained on its own information system, or on an
24	information system of another Federal entity or
25	non-Federal entity, upon written consent of

1	such other Federal entity or non-Federal entity
2	or an authorized representative of such other
3	Federal entity or non-Federal entity in accord-
4	ance with this section with—
5	"(i) another non-Federal entity; or
6	"(ii) the Center, as provided in this
7	section.
8	"(B) Lawful restriction.—A non-Fed-
9	eral entity receiving a cyber threat indicator or
10	defensive measure from another Federal entity
11	or non-Federal entity shall comply with other-
12	wise lawful restrictions placed on the sharing or
13	use of such cyber threat indicator or defensive
14	measure by the sharing Federal entity or non-
15	Federal entity.
16	"(C) Removal of Information Unre-
17	LATED TO CYBERSECURITY RISKS OR INCI-
18	DENTS.—Federal entities and non-Federal enti-
19	ties shall, prior to such sharing, take reasonable
20	efforts to remove information that can be used
21	to identify specific persons and is reasonably
22	believed at the time of sharing to be unrelated
23	to a cybersecurity risks or incident and to safe-
24	guard information that can be used to identify

1	specific persons from unintended disclosure or
2	unauthorized access or acquisition.
3	"(D) Rule of Construction.—Nothing
4	in this paragraph may be construed to—
5	"(i) limit or modify an existing infor-
6	mation sharing relationship;
7	"(ii) prohibit a new information shar-
8	ing relationship;
9	"(iii) require a new information shar-
10	ing relationship between any non-Federal
11	entity and a Federal entity;
12	"(iv) limit otherwise lawful activity; or
13	"(v) in any manner impact or modify
14	procedures in existence as of the date of
15	the enactment of this section for reporting
16	known or suspected criminal activity to ap-
17	propriate law enforcement authorities or
18	for participating voluntarily or under legal
19	requirement in an investigation.
20	"(4) Network awareness authorization.—
21	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision of law, a non-Federal entity, not
23	including a State, local, or tribal government,
24	may, for cybersecurity purposes, conduct net-
25	work awareness of—

1	"(i) an information system of such
2	non-Federal entity to protect the rights or
3	property of such non-Federal entity;
4	"(ii) an information system of another
5	non-Federal entity, upon written consent
6	of such other non-Federal entity for con-
7	ducting such network awareness to protect
8	the rights or property of such other non-
9	Federal entity;
10	"(iii) an information system of a Fed-
11	eral entity, upon written consent of an au-
12	thorized representative of such Federal en-
13	tity for conducting such network awareness
14	to protect the rights or property of such
15	Federal entity; or
16	"(iv) information that is stored on,
17	processed by, or transiting an information
18	system described in this subparagraph.
19	"(B) Rule of Construction.—Nothing
20	in this paragraph may be construed to—
21	"(i) authorize conducting network
22	awareness of an information system, or the
23	use of any information obtained through
24	such conducting of network awareness,
25	other than as provided in this section; or

1	"(ii) limit otherwise lawful activity.
2	"(5) Defensive measure authorization.—
3	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
4	subparagraph (B) and notwithstanding any
5	other provision of law, a non-Federal entity, not
6	including a State, local, or tribal government,
7	may, for cybersecurity purposes, operate a de-
8	fensive measure that is applied to—
9	"(i) an information system of such
10	non-Federal entity to protect the rights or
11	property of such non-Federal entity;
12	"(ii) an information system of another
13	non-Federal entity upon written consent of
14	such other non-Federal entity for operation
15	of such defensive measure to protect the
16	rights or property of such other non-Fed-
17	eral entity;
18	"(iii) an information system of a Fed-
19	eral entity upon written consent of an au-
20	thorized representative of such Federal en-
21	tity for operation of such defensive meas-
22	ure to protect the rights or property of
23	such Federal entity; or

1	"(iv) information that is stored on,
2	processed by, or transiting an information
3	system described in this subparagraph.
4	"(B) Rule of Construction.—Nothing
5	in this paragraph may be construed to—
6	"(i) authorize the use of a defensive
7	measure other than as provided in this sec-
8	tion; or
9	"(ii) limit otherwise lawful activity.
10	"(6) Privacy and civil liberties protec-
11	TIONS.—
12	"(A) Policies and procedures.—
13	"(i) In General.—The Under Sec-
14	retary for Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
15	Protection shall, in coordination with the
16	Chief Privacy Officer and the Chief Civil
17	Rights and Civil Liberties Officer of the
18	Department, establish and annually review
19	policies and procedures governing the re-
20	ceipt, retention, use, and disclosure of
21	cyber threat indicators, defensive meas-
22	ures, and information related to cybersecu-
23	rity risks and incidents shared with the
24	Center in accordance with this section.
25	Such policies and procedures shall apply

1	only to the Department, consistent with
2	the need to protect information systems
3	from cybersecurity risks and incidents and
4	mitigate cybersecurity risks and incidents
5	in a timely manner, and shall—
6	"(I) be consistent with the De-
7	partment's Fair Information Practice
8	Principles developed pursuant to sec-
9	tion 552a of title 5, United States
10	Code (commonly referred to as the
11	'Privacy Act of 1974' or the 'Privacy
12	Act'), and subject to the Secretary's
13	authority under subsection $(a)(2)$ of
14	section 222 of this Act;
15	"(II) reasonably limit, to the
16	greatest extent practicable, the re-
17	ceipt, retention, use, and disclosure of
18	cyber threat indicators and defensive
19	measures associated with specific per-
20	sons that is not necessary, for cyber-
21	security purposes, to protect a net-
22	work or information system from cy-
23	bersecurity risks or mitigate cyberse-
24	curity risks and incidents in a timely
25	manner;

1	"(III) minimize any impact on
2	privacy and civil liberties;
3	"(IV) provide data integrity
4	through the prompt removal and de-
5	struction of obsolete or erroneous
6	names and personal information that
7	is unrelated to the cybersecurity risk
8	or incident information shared and re-
9	tained by the Center in accordance
10	with this section;
11	"(V) include requirements to
12	safeguard cyber threat indicators and
13	defensive measures retained by the
14	Center, including information that is
15	proprietary or business-sensitive that
16	may be used to identify specific per-
17	sons from unauthorized access or ac-
18	quisition;
19	"(VI) protect the confidentiality
20	of cyber threat indicators and defen-
21	sive measures associated with specific
22	persons to the greatest extent prac-
23	ticable; and

1	"(VII) ensure all relevant con-
2	stitutional, legal, and privacy protec-
3	tions are observed.
4	"(ii) Submission to congress.—
5	Not later than 180 days after the date of
6	the enactment of this section and annually
7	thereafter, the Chief Privacy Officer and
8	the Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Lib-
9	erties of the Department, in consultation
10	with the Privacy and Civil Liberties Over-
11	sight Board (established pursuant to sec-
12	tion 1061 of the Intelligence Reform and
13	Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (42
14	U.S.C. 2000ee)), shall submit to the Com-
15	mittee on Homeland Security of the House
16	of Representatives and the Committee on
17	Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
18	fairs of the Senate the policies and proce-
19	dures governing the sharing of cyber threat
20	indicators, defensive measures, and infor-
21	mation related to cybsersecurity risks and
22	incidents described in clause (i) of sub-
23	paragraph (A).
24	"(iii) Public notice and access.—
25	The Under Secretary for Cybersecurity

1	and Infrastructure Protection, in consulta-
2	tion with the Chief Privacy Officer and the
3	Chief Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Offi-
4	cer of the Department, and the Privacy
5	and Civil Liberties Oversight Board (estab-
6	lished pursuant to section 1061 of the In-
7	telligence Reform and Terrorism Preven-
8	tion Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 2000ee)),
9	shall ensure there is public notice of, and
10	access to, the policies and procedures gov-
11	erning the sharing of cyber threat indica-
12	tors, defensive measures, and information
13	related to cybersecurity risks and inci-
14	dents.
15	"(B) Implementation.—The Chief Pri-
16	vacy Officer of the Department, on an ongoing
17	basis, shall—
18	"(i) monitor the implementation of
19	the policies and procedures governing the
20	sharing of cyber threat indicators and de-
21	fensive measures established pursuant to
22	clause (i) of subparagraph (A);
23	"(ii) regularly review and update pri-
24	vacy impact assessments, as appropriate,

1	to ensure all relevant constitutional, legal,
2	and privacy protections are being followed;
3	"(iii) work with the Under Secretary
4	for Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Pro-
5	tection to carry out paragraphs (10) and
6	(11) of subsection (c);
7	"(iv) annually submit to the Com-
8	mittee on Homeland Security of the House
9	of Representatives and the Committee on
10	Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
11	fairs of the Senate a report that contains
12	a review of the effectiveness of such poli-
13	cies and procedures to protect privacy and
14	civil liberties; and
15	"(v) ensure there are appropriate
16	sanctions in place for officers, employees,
17	or agents of the Department who inten-
18	tionally or willfully conduct activities under
19	this section in an unauthorized manner.
20	"(C) INSPECTOR GENERAL REPORT.—The
21	Inspector General of the Department, in con-
22	sultation with the Privacy and Civil Liberties
23	Oversight Board and the Inspector General of
24	each Federal agency that receives cyber threat
25	indicators or defensive measures shared with

1	the Center under this section, shall, not later
2	than two years after the date of the enactment
3	of this subsection and periodically thereafter
4	submit to the Committee on Homeland Security
5	of the House of Representatives and the Com-
6	mittee on Homeland Security and Govern-
7	mental Affairs of the Senate a report con-
8	taining a review of the use of cybersecurity risk
9	information shared with the Center, including
10	the following:
11	"(i) A report on the receipt, use, and
12	dissemination of cyber threat indicators
13	and defensive measures that have been
14	shared with Federal entities under this
15	section.
16	"(ii) Information on the use by the
17	Center of such information for a purpose
18	other than a cybersecurity purpose.
19	"(iii) A review of the type of informa-
20	tion shared with the Center under this sec-
21	tion.
22	"(iv) A review of the actions taken by
23	the Center based on such information.
24	"(v) The appropriate metrics that
25	exist to determine the impact, if any, on

1	privacy and civil liberties as a result of the
2	sharing of such information with the Cen-
3	ter.
4	"(vi) A list of other Federal agencies
5	receiving such information.
6	"(vii) A review of the sharing of such
7	information within the Federal Govern-
8	ment to identify inappropriate stove piping
9	of such information.
10	"(viii) Any recommendations of the
11	Inspector General of the Department for
12	improvements or modifications to informa-
13	tion sharing under this section.
14	"(D) PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OFFI-
15	CERS REPORT.—The Chief Privacy Officer and
16	the Chief Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Offi-
17	cer of the Department, in consultation with the
18	Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board,
19	the Inspector General of the Department, and
20	the senior privacy and civil liberties officer of
21	each Federal agency that receives cyber threat
22	indicators and defensive measures shared with
23	the Center under this section, shall biennially
24	submit to the appropriate congressional com-
25	mittees a report assessing the privacy and civil

1	liberties impact of the activities under this
2	paragraph. Each such report shall include any
3	recommendations the Chief Privacy Officer and
4	the Chief Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Offi-
5	cer of the Department consider appropriate to
6	minimize or mitigate the privacy and civil lib-
7	erties impact of the sharing of cyber threat in-
8	dicators and defensive measures under this sec-
9	tion.
10	"(E) FORM.—Each report required under
11	paragraphs (C) and (D) shall be submitted in
12	unclassified form, but may include a classified
13	annex.
14	"(7) Uses and protection of informa-
15	TION.—
16	"(A) Non-federal entities.—A non-
17	Federal entity, not including a State, local, or
18	tribal government, that shares cyber threat in-
19	dicators or defensive measures through the Cen-
20	ter or otherwise under this section—
21	"(i) may use, retain, or further dis-
22	close such cyber threat indicators or defen-
23	sive measures solely for cybersecurity pur-
24	poses;

1	"(ii) shall, prior to such sharing, take
2	reasonable efforts to remove information
3	that can be used to identify specific per-
4	sons and is reasonably believed at the time
5	of sharing to be unrelated to a cybersecu-
6	rity risk or incident, and to safeguard in-
7	formation that can be used to identify spe-
8	cific persons from unintended disclosure or
9	unauthorized access or acquisition;
10	"(iii) shall comply with appropriate
11	restrictions that a Federal entity or non-
12	Federal entity places on the subsequent
13	disclosure or retention of cyber threat indi-
14	cators and defensive measures that it dis-
15	closes to other Federal entities or non-Fed-
16	eral entities;
17	"(iv) shall be deemed to have volun-
18	tarily shared such cyber threat indicators
19	or defensive measures;
20	"(v) shall implement and utilize a se-
21	curity control to protect against unauthor-
22	ized access to or acquisition of such cyber
23	threat indicators or defensive measures;
24	and

1	"(vi) may not use such information to
2	gain an unfair competitive advantage to
3	the detriment of any non-Federal entity.
4	"(B) Federal entities.—
5	"(i) Uses of information.—A Fed-
6	eral entity that receives cyber threat indi-
7	cators or defensive measures shared
8	through the Center or otherwise under this
9	section from another Federal entity or a
10	non-Federal entity—
11	"(I) may use, retain, or further
12	disclose such cyber threat indicators
13	or defensive measures solely for cyber-
14	security purposes;
15	"(II) shall, prior to such sharing,
16	take reasonable efforts to remove in-
17	formation that can be used to identify
18	specific persons and is reasonably be-
19	lieved at the time of sharing to be un-
20	related to a cybersecurity risk or inci-
21	dent, and to safeguard information
22	that can be used to identify specific
23	persons from unintended disclosure or
24	unauthorized access or acquisition;

1	"(III) shall be deemed to have
2	voluntarily shared such cyber threat
3	indicators or defensive measures; and
4	"(IV) shall implement and utilize
5	a security control to protect against
6	unauthorized access to or acquisition
7	of such cyber threat indicators or de-
8	fensive measures.
9	"(ii) Protections for informa-
10	TION.—The cyber threat indicators and de-
11	fensive measures referred to in clause (i)—
12	"(I) are exempt from disclosure
13	under section 552 of title 5, United
14	States Code, and withheld, without
15	discretion, from the public under sub-
16	section (b)(3)(B) of such section;
17	"(II) may not be used by the
18	Federal Government for regulatory
19	purposes;
20	"(III) may not constitute a waiv-
21	er of any applicable privilege or pro-
22	tection provided by law, including
23	trade secret protection;
24	"(IV) shall be considered the
25	commercial, financial, and proprietary

1	information of the non-Federal entity
2	referred to in clause (i) when so des-
3	ignated by such non-Federal entity;
4	and
5	"(V) may not be subject to a rule
6	of any Federal entity or any judicial
7	doctrine regarding ex parte commu-
8	nications with a decisionmaking offi-
9	cial.
10	"(C) STATE, LOCAL, OR TRIBAL GOVERN-
11	MENT.—
12	"(i) Uses of information.—A
13	State, local, or tribal government that re-
14	ceives cyber threat indicators or defensive
15	measures from the Center from a Federal
16	entity or a non-Federal entity—
17	"(I) may use, retain, or further
18	disclose such cyber threat indicators
19	or defensive measures solely for cyber-
20	security purposes;
21	"(II) shall, prior to such sharing,
22	take reasonable efforts to remove in-
23	formation that can be used to identify
24	specific persons and is reasonably be-
25	lieved at the time of sharing to be un-

1	related to a cybersecurity risk or inci-
2	dent, and to safeguard information
3	that can be used to identify specific
4	persons from unintended disclosure or
5	unauthorized access or acquisition;
6	"(III) shall consider such infor-
7	mation the commercial, financial, and
8	proprietary information of such Fed-
9	eral entity or non-Federal entity if so
10	designated by such Federal entity or
11	non-Federal entity;
12	"(IV) shall be deemed to have
13	voluntarily shared such cyber threat
14	indicators or defensive measures; and
15	"(V) shall implement and utilize
16	a security control to protect against
17	unauthorized access to or acquisition
18	of such cyber threat indicators or de-
19	fensive measures.
20	"(ii) Protections for informa-
21	TION.—The cyber threat indicators and de-
22	fensive measures referred to in clause (i)—
23	"(I) shall be exempt from disclo-
24	sure under any State, local, or tribal
25	law or regulation that requires public

1	disclosure of information or records
2	by a public or quasi-public entity; and
3	"(II) may not be used by any
4	State, local, or tribal government to
5	regulate a lawful activity of a non-
6	Federal entity.
7	"(8) Liability exemptions.—
8	"(A) Network awareness.—No cause of
9	action shall lie or be maintained in any court,
10	and such action shall be promptly dismissed,
11	against any non-Federal entity that, for cyber-
12	security purposes, conducts network awareness
13	under paragraph (4), if such network awareness
14	is conducted in good faith in accordance with
15	such paragraph and this section.
16	"(B) Information sharing.—No cause
17	of action shall lie or be maintained in any
18	court, and such action shall be promptly dis-
19	missed, against any non-Federal entity that, for
20	cybersecurity purposes, shares cyber threat in-
21	dicators or defensive measures under paragraph
22	(3), or in good faith fails to act based on such
23	sharing, if such sharing is conducted in good
24	faith in accordance with such paragraph and
25	this section.

1	"(C) WILLFUL MISCONDUCT.—
2	"(i) Rule of construction.—Noth-
3	ing in this section may be construed to—
4	"(I) require dismissal of a cause
5	of action against a non-Federal entity
6	that has engaged in willful misconduct
7	in the course of conducting activities
8	authorized by this section; or
9	"(II) undermine or limit the
10	availability of otherwise applicable
11	common law or statutory defenses.
12	"(ii) Proof of Willful Mis-
13	CONDUCT.—In any action claiming that
14	subparagraph (A) or (B) does not apply
15	due to willful misconduct described in
16	clause (i), the plaintiff shall have the bur-
17	den of proving by clear and convincing evi-
18	dence the willful misconduct by each non-
19	Federal entity subject to such claim and
20	that such willful misconduct proximately
21	caused injury to the plaintiff.
22	"(iii) Willful misconduct de-
23	FINED.—In this subsection, the term 'will-
24	ful misconduct' means an act or omission
25	that is taken—

1	"(I) intentionally to achieve a
2	wrongful purpose;
3	"(II) knowingly without legal or
4	factual justification; and
5	"(III) in disregard of a known or
6	obvious risk that is so great as to
7	make it highly probable that the harm
8	will outweigh the benefit.
9	"(D) Exclusion.—The term 'non-Federal
10	entity' as used in this paragraph shall not in-
11	clude a State, local, or tribal government.
12	"(9) Federal Government liability for
13	VIOLATIONS OF RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE AND
14	PROTECTION OF VOLUNTARILY SHARED INFORMA-
15	TION.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a department or
17	agency of the Federal Government intentionally
18	or willfully violates the restrictions specified in
19	paragraph (3), (6), or (7)(B) on the use and
20	protection of voluntarily shared cyber threat in-
21	dicators or defensive measures, or any other
22	provision of this section, the Federal Govern-
23	ment shall be liable to a person injured by such
24	violation in an amount equal to the sum of—

1	"(i) the actual damages sustained by
2	such person as a result of such violation or
3	\$1,000, whichever is greater; and
4	"(ii) reasonable attorney fees as deter-
5	mined by the court and other litigation
6	costs reasonably occurred in any case
7	under this subsection in which the com-
8	plainant has substantially prevailed.
9	"(B) Venue.—An action to enforce liabil-
10	ity under this subsection may be brought in the
11	district court of the United States in—
12	"(i) the district in which the com-
13	plainant resides;
14	"(ii) the district in which the principal
15	place of business of the complainant is lo-
16	$\operatorname{cated};$
17	"(iii) the district in which the depart-
18	ment or agency of the Federal Government
19	that disclosed the information is located; or
20	"(iv) the District of Columbia.
21	"(C) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—No ac-
22	tion shall lie under this subsection unless such
23	action is commenced not later than two years
24	after the date of the violation of any restriction
25	specified in paragraph (3), (6), or 7(B), or any

1	other provision of this section, that is the basis
2	for such action.
3	"(D) Exclusive cause of action.—A
4	cause of action under this subsection shall be
5	the exclusive means available to a complainant
6	seeking a remedy for a violation of any restric-
7	tion specified in paragraph (3), (6), or 7(B) or
8	any other provision of this section.
9	"(10) Anti-trust exemption.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (C), it shall not be considered a
12	violation of any provision of antitrust laws for
13	two or more non-Federal entities to share a
14	cyber threat indicator or defensive measure, or
15	assistance relating to the prevention, investiga-
16	tion, or mitigation of a cybersecurity risk or in-
17	cident, for cybersecurity purposes under this
18	Act.
19	"(B) Applicability.—Subparagraph (A)
20	shall apply only to information that is shared or
21	assistance that is provided in order to assist
22	with—
23	"(i) facilitating the prevention, inves-
24	tigation, or mitigation of a cybersecurity
25	risk or incident to an information system

1	or information that is stored on, processed
2	by, or transiting an information system; or
3	"(ii) communicating or disclosing a
4	cyber threat indicator or defensive measure
5	to help prevent, investigate, or mitigate the
6	effect of a cybersecurity risk or incident to
7	an information system or information that
8	is stored on, processed by, or transiting an
9	information system.
10	"(C) Prohibited Conduct.—Nothing in
11	this section may be construed to permit price-
12	fixing, allocating a market between competitors,
13	monopolizing or attempting to monopolize a
14	market, or exchanges of price or cost informa-
15	tion, customer lists, or information regarding
16	future competitive planning.
17	"(11) Construction and preemption.—
18	"(A) OTHERWISE LAWFUL DISCLO-
19	SURES.—Nothing in this section may be con-
20	strued to limit or prohibit otherwise lawful dis-
21	closures of communications, records, or other
22	information, including reporting of known or
23	suspected criminal activity or participating vol-
24	untarily or under legal requirement in an inves-
25	tigation, by a non-Federal to any other non-

1	Federal entity or Federal entity under this sec-
2	tion.
3	"(B) Whistle blower protections.—
4	Nothing in this section may be construed to
5	prohibit or limit the disclosure of information
6	protected under section 2302(b)(8) of title 5,
7	United States Code (governing disclosures of il-
8	legality, waste, fraud, abuse, or public health or
9	safety threats), section 7211 of title 5, United
10	States Code (governing disclosures to Con-
11	gress), section 1034 of title 10, United States
12	Code (governing disclosure to Congress by
13	members of the military), section 1104 of the
14	National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
15	3234) (governing disclosure by employees of
16	elements of the intelligence community), or any
17	similar provision of Federal or State law.
18	"(C) Relationship to other laws.—
19	Nothing in this section may be construed to af-
20	fect any requirement under any other provision
21	of law for a non-Federal entity to provide infor-
22	mation to a Federal entity.
23	"(D) Preservation of contractual
24	OBLIGATIONS AND RIGHTS.—Nothing in this
25	section may be construed to—

1	"(i) amend, repeal, or supersede any
2	current or future contractual agreement,
3	terms of service agreement, or other con-
4	tractual relationship between any non-Fed-
5	eral entities, or between any non-Federal
6	entity and a Federal entity; or
7	"(ii) abrogate trade secret or intellec-
8	tual property rights of any non-Federal en-
9	tity or Federal entity.
10	"(E) Anti-tasking restriction.—Noth-
11	ing in this section may be construed to permit
12	a Federal entity to—
13	"(i) require a non-Federal entity to
14	provide information to a Federal entity;
15	"(ii) condition the sharing of cyber
16	threat indicators or defensive measures
17	with a non-Federal entity on such non-
18	Federal entity's provision of cyber threat
19	indicators or defensive measures to a Fed-
20	eral entity; or
21	"(iii) condition the award of any Fed-
22	eral grant, contract, or purchase on the
23	sharing of cyber threat indicators or defen-
24	sive measures with a Federal entity.

1	"(F) No liability for non-participa-
2	TION.—Nothing in this section may be con-
3	strued to subject any non-Federal entity to li-
4	ability for choosing to not engage in the vol-
5	untary activities authorized under this section.
6	"(G) USE AND RETENTION OF INFORMA-
7	TION.—Nothing in this section may be con-
8	strued to authorize, or to modify any existing
9	authority of, a department or agency of the
10	Federal Government to retain or use any infor-
11	mation shared under this section for any use
12	other than permitted in this section.
13	"(H) Voluntary sharing.—Nothing in
14	this section may be construed to restrict or con-
15	dition a non-Federal entity from sharing, for
16	cybersecurity purposes, cyber threat indicators,
17	defensive measures, or information related to
18	cybersecurity risks or incidents with any other
19	non-Federal entity, and nothing in this section
20	may be construed as requiring any non-Federal
21	entity to share cyber threat indicators, defen-
22	sive measures, or information related to cyber-
23	security risks or incidents with the Center.
24	"(I) Federal preemption.—This section
25	supersedes any statute or other provision of law

1	of a State or political subdivision of a State
2	that restricts or otherwise expressly regulates
3	an activity authorized under this section.".
4	SEC. 4. INFORMATION SHARING AND ANALYSIS ORGANIZA-
5	TIONS.
6	Section 212 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
7	(6 U.S.C. 131) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (5)—
9	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
10	(i) by inserting "information related
11	to cybersecurity risks and incidents and"
12	after "critical infrastructure information";
13	and
14	(ii) by striking "related to critical in-
15	frastructure" and inserting "related to cy-
16	bersecurity risks, incidents, critical infra-
17	structure, and";
18	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
19	(i) by striking "disclosing critical in-
20	frastructure information" and inserting
21	"disclosing cybersecurity risks, incidents,
22	and critical infrastructure information";
23	and
24	(ii) by striking "related to critical in-
25	frastructure or" and inserting "related to

1	cybersecurity risks, incidents, critical infra-
2	structure, or' and
3	(C) in subparagraph (C), by striking "dis-
4	seminating critical infrastructure information"
5	and inserting "disseminating cybersecurity
6	risks, incidents, and critical infrastructure in-
7	formation"; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following new
9	paragraph:
10	"(8) Cybersecurity risk; incident.—The
11	terms 'cybersecurity risk' and 'incident' have the
12	meanings given such terms in the second section 226
13	(relating to the National Cybersecurity and Commu-
14	nications Integration Center).".
15	SEC. 5. PROHIBITION ON NEW REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
16	Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this
17	Act may be construed to grant the Secretary of Homeland
18	Security any authority to promulgate regulations or set
19	standards relating to the cybersecurity of non-Federal en-
20	tities, not including State, local, and tribal governments,
21	that was not in effect on the day before the date of the
22	enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 6. STREAMLINING OF DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND
2	SECURITY CYBERSECURITY AND INFRA-
3	STRUCTURE PROTECTION ORGANIZATION.
4	(a) Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Pro-
5	TECTION.—The National Protection and Programs Direc-
6	torate of the Department of Homeland Security shall,
7	after the date of the enactment of this Act, be known and
8	designated as the "Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Pro-
9	tection". Any reference to the National Protection and
10	Programs Directorate of the Department in any law, regu-
11	lation, map, document, record, or other paper of the
12	United States shall be deemed to be a reference to the
13	Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Protection of the De-
14	partment.
15	(b) Senior Leadership of Cybersecurity and
16	Infrastructure Protection.—
17	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) of section
18	103 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
19	U.S.C. 113) is amended—
20	(A) in paragraph (1)—
21	(i) by amending subparagraph (H) to
22	read as follows:
23	"(H) An Under Secretary for Cybersecu-
24	rity and Infrastructure Protection."; and
25	(ii) by adding at the end the following
26	new subparagraphs:

1	"(K) A Deputy Under Secretary for Cyber-
2	security.
3	"(L) A Deputy Under Secretary for Infra-
4	structure Protection."; and
5	(B) by adding at the end the following new
6	paragraph:
7	"(3) Deputy under secretaries.—The Dep-
8	uty Under Secretaries referred to in subparagraphs
9	(K) and (L) of paragraph (1) shall be appointed by
10	the President without the advice and consent of the
11	Senate.".
12	(2) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—The individ-
13	uals who hold the positions referred in subpara-
14	graphs (H), (K), and (L) of paragraph (1) of section
15	103(a) the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as
16	amended and added by paragraph (1) of this sub-
17	section) as of the date of the enactment of this Act
18	may continue to hold such positions.
19	(c) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date
20	of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary for Cy-
21	bersecurity and Infrastructure Protection of the Depart-
22	ment of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee
23	on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives
24	and the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-
25	mental Affairs of the Senate a report on the feasibility

- 1 of becoming an operational component, including an anal-
- 2 ysis of alternatives, and if a determination is rendered that
- 3 becoming an operational component is the best option for
- 4 achieving the mission of Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
- 5 Protection, a legislative proposal and implementation plan
- 6 for becoming such an operational component. Such report
- 7 shall also include plans to more effectively carry out the
- 8 cybersecurity mission of Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
- 9 Protection, including expediting information sharing
- 10 agreements.

11 SEC. 7. REPORT ON REDUCING CYBERSECURITY RISKS IN

- 12 DHS DATA CENTERS.
- Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
- 14 ment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall
- 15 submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the
- 16 House of Representatives and the Committee on Home-
- 17 land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a
- 18 report on the feasibility of the Department of Homeland
- 19 Security creating an environment for the reduction in cy-
- 20 bersecurity risks in Department data centers, including by
- 21 increasing compartmentalization between systems, and
- 22 providing a mix of security controls between such compart-
- 23 ments.

1 SEC. 8. PROHIBITION ON NEW FUNDING.

- 2 No funds are authorized to be appropriated to carry
- 3 out this Act and the amendments made by this Act. This
- 4 Act and such amendments shall be carried out using
- 5 amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for
- 6 such purposes.