	(Original Signature of Member)
118	TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.
Т	'o amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to further restrict contributions of foreign nationals, and for other purposes.
	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Mr.	Steil introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
То	amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to further restrict contributions of foreign nationals, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Preventing Foreign
5	Interference in American Elections Act".
6	SEC. 2. MODIFICATIONS TO FOREIGN MONEY BAN.
7	(a) Additional Restrictions.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 319(a)(1) of the
2	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.
3	30121(a)(1)) is amended—
4	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
5	graph (B); and
6	(B) by adding at the end the following new
7	subparagraph:
8	"(D) a donation for the purpose of—
9	"(i) voter registration activity;
10	"(ii) ballot collection;
11	"(iii) voter identification;
12	"(iv) get-out-the-vote activity;
13	"(v) any public communication that
14	refers to a clearly identified Federal, State,
15	or local political party; or
16	"(vi) the administration of a Federal,
17	State, or local election; or".
18	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section
19	319(a)(2) of such Act (52 U.S.C. $30121(a)(2)$) is
20	amended by striking "subparagraph (A) or (B) of
21	paragraph (1)" and inserting "subparagraph (A),
22	(B), or (D) of paragraph (1)".
23	(b) Prohibition on Aiding or Facilitating Vio-
24	LATIONS.—Section 319(a) of the Federal Election Cam-

1	paign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30121(a)), as amended by
2	subsection (a), is amended—
3	(1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
4	(1)(D);
5	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
6	graph (2) and inserting "; or"; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following new
8	paragraph:
9	"(3) a person to knowingly aid or facilitate a
10	violation of paragraph (1) or (2).".
11	(c) Indirect Contributions.—Section 319 of the
12	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.
13	30121) is amended by adding at the end the following new
14	subsection:
15	"(c) Indirect Contributions.—For purposes of
16	this section, a person shall be treated as having indirectly
17	made a contribution, donation, expenditure, or disburse-
18	ment described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), or (D) of
19	subsection $(a)(1)$ if such person has made a contribution
20	or donation to a person with a designation, instruction,
21	or encumbrance (whether direct or indirect, express or im-
22	plied, oral or written, or involving intermediaries or con-
23	duits) which results in any part of such contribution, do-
24	nation, expenditure, or disbursement being used for an ac-

1	tivity described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), or (D) of
2	subsection (a)(1).".
3	(d) Enforcement Provisions.—Section 319 of the
4	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.
5	30121), as amended by subsection (c), is amended by add-
6	ing at the end the following new subsection:
7	"(d) Enforcement.—
8	"(1) Use of certification as a defense.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any al-
10	legation that a person has violated subsection
11	(a), any person alleged in the complaint may, in
12	connection with a response to such allegation
13	under section 309(a)(1), submit, under penalty
14	of perjury, a certification that no such violation
15	has occurred.
16	"(B) Effect of submission.—The Com-
17	mission shall take into consideration any certifi-
18	cation submitted under subparagraph (A) in
19	making a determination under section
20	309(a)(2) whether there is reason to believe
21	such violation has occurred.
22	"(2) Limitation on investigations.—
23	"(A) In General.—If the Commission
24	makes a determination under section 309(a)(2)
25	that there is reason to believe a violation of

1	subsection (a) has occurred or is about to
2	occur, any investigation of such alleged viola-
3	tion shall be limited in scope to the factual mat-
4	ter necessary to determine whether such alleged
5	violation occurred.
6	"(B) Petition to quash subpoena or
7	ORDER ON BASIS NOT LIMITED IN SCOPE TO
8	NECESSARY FACTUAL MATTER.—
9	"(i) In general.—A person subject
10	to an investigation by the Commission fol-
11	lowing a determination of the Commission
12	that there is reason to believe a violation
13	of subsection (a) has occurred or is about
14	to occur may file a petition in any United
15	States district court with jurisdiction to
16	quash any subpoena or order of the Com-
17	mission issued under paragraph (3) or (4),
18	respectively, of section 307(a) on the basis
19	that the subpoena or order is not limited
20	in scope to the factual matter necessary to
21	determine whether such alleged violation
22	occurred as required under subparagraph
23	(A).
24	"(ii) Clarification.—Nothing in
25	clause (i) shall be construed to alter the

1	right of any person to otherwise challenge
2	the power of the Commission to issue a
3	subpoena under section 307(a)(3) or an
4	order under section 307(a)(4).".
5	(e) Reporting.—
6	(1) Contributions and expenditures of
7	POLITICAL COMMITTEES AND POLITICAL PARTIES.—
8	Section 304(b) of the Federal Election Campaign
9	Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104(b)) is amended—
10	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
11	graph (7);
12	(B) by striking the period at the end of
13	paragraph (8) and inserting "; and"; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following new
15	paragraph:
16	"(9) under penalty of perjury, a certification
17	that the committee has complied with the require-
18	ments of section 319(a).".
19	(2) Independent expenditures.—
20	(A) COMMITTEE REPORTS.—Section
21	304(b)(6)(B)(iii) of such Act (52 U.S.C.
22	30104(b)(6)(B)(iii)) is amended—
23	(i) by striking "and a certification"
24	and inserting "a certification"; and

1	(ii) by inserting ", and a certification,
2	under penalty of perjury that the inde-
3	pendent expenditure does not violate sec-
4	tion 319(a)" before the semicolon at the
5	end.
6	(B) Other Persons.—Section 304(c)(2)
7	of such Act (52 U.S.C. 30104(c)(2)) is amend-
8	ed —
9	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
10	subparagraph (B);
11	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph
12	(C) as subparagraph (D); and
13	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
14	(B) the following new subparagraph:
15	"(C) under penalty of perjury, a certifi-
16	cation that the independent expenditure does
17	not violate section 319(a); and".
18	(3) Electioneering communications.—Sec-
19	tion $304(f)(2)$ of such Act (52 U.S.C. $30104(f)(2)$)
20	is amended by adding at the end the following new
21	subparagraph:
22	"(G) A certification, under penalty of per-
23	jury, that the disbursement does not violate sec-
24	tion 319(a).".

1	SEC. 3. PROTECTING PRIVACY OF DONORS TO TAX-EXEMPT
2	ORGANIZATIONS.
3	(a) Restrictions on Collection of Donor In-
4	FORMATION.—
5	(1) Restrictions.—An entity of the Federal
6	government may not collect or require the submis-
7	sion of information on the identification of any
8	donor to a tax-exempt organization.
9	(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) does not
10	apply to the following:
11	(A) The Internal Revenue Service, acting
12	lawfully pursuant to section 6033 of the Inter-
13	nal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor pro-
14	vision.
15	(B) The Secretary of the Senate and the
16	Clerk of the House of Representatives, acting
17	lawfully pursuant to section 3 of the Lobbying
18	Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1604).
19	(C) The Federal Election Commission, act-
20	ing lawfully pursuant to—
21	(i) section 510 of title 36, United
22	States Code; or
23	(ii) any provision of title III of the
24	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971
25	(52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.).

1	(D) An entity acting pursuant to a lawful
2	order of a court or administrative body which
3	has the authority under law to direct the entity
4	to collect or require the submission of the infor-
5	mation, but only to the extent permitted by the
6	lawful order of such court or administrative
7	body.
8	(b) RESTRICTIONS ON RELEASE OF DONOR INFOR-
9	MATION.—
10	(1) Restrictions.—An entity of the Federal
11	government may not disclose to the public informa-
12	tion revealing the identification of any donor to a
13	tax-exempt organization.
14	(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) does not
15	apply to the following:
16	(A) The Internal Revenue Service, acting
17	lawfully pursuant to section 6104 of the Inter-
18	nal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor pro-
19	vision.
20	(B) The Secretary of the Senate and the
21	Clerk of the House of Representatives, acting
22	lawfully pursuant to section 3 of the Lobbying
23	Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1604).
24	(C) The Federal Election Commission, act-
25	ing lawfully pursuant to—

1	(i) section 510 of title 36, United
2	States Code; or
3	(ii) any provision of title III of the
4	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971
5	(52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.).
6	(D) An entity acting pursuant to a lawful
7	order of a court or administrative body which
8	has the authority under law to direct the entity
9	to disclose the information, but only to the ex-
10	tent permitted by the lawful order of such court
11	or administrative body.
12	(E) An entity which discloses the informa-
13	tion as authorized by the organization.
14	(c) Tax-Exempt Organization Defined.—In this
15	section, a "tax-exempt organization" means an organiza-
16	tion which is described in section 501(c) of the Internal
17	Revenue Code of 1986 and is exempt from taxation under
18	section 501(a) of such Code. Nothing in this subsection
19	may be construed to treat a political organization under
20	section 527 of such Code as a tax-exempt organization for
21	purposes of this section.
22	(d) Penalties.—It shall be unlawful for any officer
23	or employee of the United States, or any former officer
24	or employee, willfully to disclose to any person, except as
25	authorized in this section, any information revealing the

- 1 identification of any donor to a tax-exempt organization.
- 2 Any violation of this section shall be a felony punishable
- 3 upon conviction by a fine in any amount not exceeding
- 4 \$250,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or
- 5 both, together with the costs of prosecution, and if such
- 6 offense is committed by any officer or employee of the
- 7 United States, he shall, in addition to any other punish-
- 8 ment, be dismissed from office or discharged from employ-
- 9 ment upon conviction for such offense.