

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM

2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6143

MAJORITY (202) 225-5051

MINORITY (202) 225-5074

<http://oversight.house.gov>

January 6, 2019

Ms. Renee P. Wynn
Chief Information Officer
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
300 E. Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20546

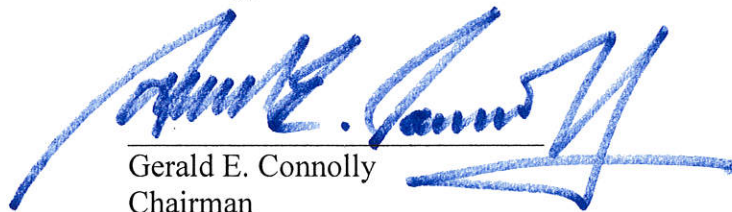
Dear Ms. Wynn:

Enclosed are questions that have been directed to you and submitted for the official record for the hearing on Wednesday, December 11, 2019, titled "FITARA 9.0."

Please return your written responses to these questions by Wednesday, January 22, including each question in full as well as the name of the Member. Your response should be addressed to the Committee office at 2157 Rayburn House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515. Please also send an electronic version of your response by email to Amy Stratton, Clerk, at Amy.Stratton@mail.house.gov.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this request. If you need additional information or have other questions, please contact Elisa LaNier, Chief Clerk, at (202) 225-5051.

Sincerely,



Gerald E. Connolly
Chairman
Subcommittee on Government Operations

Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Mark Meadows, Ranking Member

**Questions for Ms. Renee P. Wynn
Chief Information Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration**

Questions from Chairman Gerald E. Connolly

December 11, 2019, Hearing: "FITARA 9.0"

1. How does data center consolidation and optimization fit into the cloud migration plans for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration?
2. NASA scored its worst grade, an "F," on the risk transparency metric. According to the Government Accountability Office's review, NASA was the only agency to not rate any of its IT investments as a moderate or high risk. Why does NASA not identify any risk associated with more than \$400 million in IT spending? Is NASA considering a change to its risk calculation policies?
3. What is the best policy or practice that NASA has implemented to achieve the requirements of the Federal IT Acquisition Reform Act? What improvements to the agency's IT posture did that policy or practice achieve?