

JOHN LENCZOWSKI

THE INSTITUTE OF WORLD POLITICS
1521—16th Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20036
(202) 462-2101 – www.iwp.edu

John Lenczowski is founder and president of The Institute of World Politics, an independent graduate school of national security and international affairs in Washington, D.C. Established in 1990, IWP is dedicated to developing leaders with a sound understanding of international realities and the ethical conduct of statecraft, based on knowledge and appreciation of American founding principles and the Western moral tradition. Offering five Master's degrees and 17 certificate programs, IWP is the only academic institution dedicated to teaching all the arts of statecraft, including: military strategy, the art of diplomacy, public diplomacy, strategic influence, political warfare; intelligence, counterintelligence, economic strategy, and moral leadership, and how these arts are integrated into national strategy.

From 1981 to 1983 Dr. Lenczowski served in the State Department in the Bureau of European Affairs and as Special Advisor to the Under Secretary for Political Affairs, Lawrence Eagleburger. From 1983 to 1987 he was Director of European and Soviet Affairs at the National Security Council. In that capacity, he served as principal Soviet affairs adviser to President Reagan.

He has been associated with several academic and research institutions in the Washington area, including Georgetown University, the University of Maryland, the American Enterprise Institute, the Ethics and Public Policy Center, the Council for Inter-American Security, and the International Freedom Foundation. He also served on the staff of Rep. James Courter in the House of Representatives.

Dr. Lenczowski attended the Thacher School, earned his B.A. at the University of California, Berkeley, and received his M.A. and Ph.D. from the Johns Hopkins University School of Advanced International Studies (SAIS).

He is the author of: *Full-Spectrum Diplomacy and Grand Strategy* (2011), *Cultural Diplomacy: A Multi-faceted Strategic Asset of Soviet Power* (1991), *The Sources of Soviet Perestroika* (1990), and *Soviet Perceptions of U.S. Foreign Policy* (1982), and numerous other writings and addresses on U.S. foreign policy, public diplomacy, information policy, strategic influence, political warfare, Soviet/Russian affairs, comparative ideologies, intelligence, strategic deception, counterintelligence, and integrated strategy.