(Original Signature of Member)

117th CONGRESS 1st Session



To establish in the Department of State the United States Energy Resource Governance Initiative to promote sound mining sector governance and resilient energy mineral supply chains by bringing countries together to engage on advancing governance principles, sharing best practices, and encouraging a level playing field for investment, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. KINZINGER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To establish in the Department of State the United States Energy Resource Governance Initiative to promote sound mining sector governance and resilient energy mineral supply chains by bringing countries together to engage on advancing governance principles, sharing best practices, and encouraging a level playing field for investment, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

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1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Energy Resource Gov-3 ernance Initiative Act of 2021".

4 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

5 It is the sense of Congress that—

6 (1) diverse and resilient energy and mineral
7 supply chains are vital for the United States, our
8 partners and allies, and for global economic stability;

9 (2) many green and renewable energy tech-10 nologies, including electric vehicles, wind turbines, 11 and battery storage technology, require high inputs 12 of specific energy minerals, which may cause the 13 global demand for these products to skyrocket over 14 the coming decades;

(3) United States and international efforts to
drive global emission reductions and net zero goals
rely on these critical minerals to deploy clean energy
technologies;

(4) vulnerable critical mineral supply chains
present a significant risk to United States national
security interests, including—

22 (A) overreliance on a single or limited sup-23 ply source for critical mineral inputs; and

(B) poor mineral sector governance, including weak labor standards, limited environmental
protections, failure to develop a social license to

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operate, which deters responsible investment
 and limits the long-term sustainability of min ing operations;

4 (5) the People's Republic of China (PRC) leads
5 the world in the mining and production of rare earth
6 metals, comprising nearly 90 percent of the global
7 market, and it is in the national security interest of
8 the United States to provide an alternative to PRC
9 domination of these supply chains; and

10 (6) the United States should build upon the ef11 forts made with the Governments of Australia, Bot12 swana, Canada, and Peru in creating the Energy
13 Resource Governance Initiative (ERGI) to advance
14 governance principles and best practices for mineral
15 extraction.

16 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

17 It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) promote sound mining sector governance
and resilient energy mineral supply chains by bringing countries together to engage on advancing governance principles, sharing best practices, and encouraging a level playing field for investment;

(2) encourage governments to incorporate re-sponsible mineral supply chain sourcing principles

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1	into their national climate strategies and clean en-
2	ergy technology procurement plans; and
3	(3) encourage companies, including green and
4	renewable energy, to source 100 percent of their
5	critical mineral supply from responsible and environ-
6	mentally sound supply chains by 2030.
7	SEC. 4. ENERGY RESOURCE GOVERNANCE INITIATIVE.
8	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the
9	Department of State an entity to be known as the "En-
10	ergy Resource Governance Initiative" (ERGI).
11	(b) Objectives.—The objectives of the Energy Re-
12	source Governance Initiative established under subsection
13	(a) are to carry out the following:
14	(1) Promote responsible and sustainable mining
15	practices globally by enabling sharing of best prac-
16	tices for mineral extraction management and govern-
17	ance.
18	(2) Foster integrated and resilient supply

chains and help identify options to diversify and 19 strengthen supply chains. 20

21 (3) Facilitate trade and industry connections to promote responsible critical mineral sourcing and 22 23 advance mineral sector good governance.

(4) Facilitate mineral sector technical assist-24 25 ance to partner countries to identify new supply

1 chain opportunities, sustainably and responsibly 2 commercialize critical mineral sector resources, and 3 mitigate supply chain vulnerabilities. 4 (5) Encourage the international community to 5 incorporate responsible mineral supply chain 6 sourcing principles, including resource surveys, into their national climate strategies and clean energy 7 8 technology procurement plans. 9 (6) Seek to minimize the adverse impact that 10 increasing renewable energy demand could have on 11 mineral-rich countries. 12 (c) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Activities carried out under the Energy Resource Governance Initiative shall— 13 14 (1) be carried out in countries in which the Sec-

retary of State determines there is an adequate level
of partner country commitment, partner country
needs, absorptive capacity, sustainment capacity,
and efforts of private sector donors;

19 (2) be closely coordinated among diplomatic
20 and development missions, and relevant participating
21 Federal departments and agencies; and

(3) complement and enhance efforts to promote
democratic governance, the rule of law, human
rights, and economic growth.

1 (d) DIPLOMATIC AND POLITICAL SUPPORT.—The 2 Secretary of State, in coordination with other relevant 3 Federal departments and agencies, shall provide diplo-4 matic and political support to partner countries, including 5 by using the diplomatic and political influence and expertise of the Department of State to build the capacity of 6 7 such countries to resolve any impediments to the imple-8 mentation of activities pursuant to subsection (c).

9 (e) COORDINATION WITH PRIVATE SECTOR.—The 10 Secretary of State, through the Bureau of Energy Resources of the Department of State, shall coordinate with 11 12 the United States International Development Finance 13 Corporation to mobilize private sector engagement and partnership to facilitate the objectives described in sub-14 15 section (b), including by supporting investment frameworks that attract top tier private sector investment fo-16 cused on responsible mineral extraction. 17

(f) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for
the following ten years, the Secretary of State shall provide a report to the appropriate congressional committees
that includes assessments of—

23 (1) progress towards achievement of the objec-24 tives described in subsection (b);

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1	(2) success of coordination with the private sec-
2	tor pursuant to subsection (e);
3	(3) efforts by the Chinese Communist Party or
4	related entities to influence the policies of ERGI
5	partner countries with regard to their mining sectors
6	or supply chains; and
7	(4) how ERGI is furthering the national secu-
8	rity interests of the United States.
9	(g) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "appro-
10	priate congressional committees" means—
11	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
12	House of Representatives; and
13	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
14	Senate.