Amendment to the Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to H.R. 1228 Offered by M_.

In section 2(b)—

(1) redesignate paragraphs (9) through (15) asparagraphs (10) through (16), respectively; and

(2) insert after paragraph (8) the following:

1 (9) to help protect Libya's civilian population 2 and implementing humanitarian and international 3 organizations from the risk of harm resulting from 4 explosive hazards such as landmines, improvised ex-5 plosive devices (IEDs), and unexploded ordnance 6 (UXO);

In section 301

(1) redesignate subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) insert after subsection (c) the following:

7 (d) INTEGRATION OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE-LED8 STABILIZATION EFFORTS.—

9 (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
10 Congress that the Secretary of State, working with
11 United States allies, international organizations, and

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implementing partners, including local implementing
 partners, to the extent practicable, should continue
 coordinated international stabilization efforts in
 Libya to—

(A) build up the capacity of implementers and national mine action authorities engaged in conventional weapons destruction efforts and mine risk education training and programs; and

9 (B) conduct operational clearance of explo-10 sive remnants of war resulting from the 2011 11 revolution and current military conflict in 12 Libya, including in territory previously occupied 13 by ISIS-Libya, and particularly in areas where 14 unexploded ordnance, booby traps, and anti-per-15 sonnel and anti-vehicle mines contaminate areas 16 of critical infrastructure and large housing dis-17 tricts posing a risk of civilian casualties.

18 (2) IN GENERAL.—To the maximum extent
19 practicable, humanitarian assistance authorized
20 under subsection (b) and the strategy required by
21 subsection (c) shall take into account and integrate
22 Department of State-led stabilization efforts—

(A) to address—

24 (i) contamination from landmines and25 other explosive remnants of war left from

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1	the 2011 revolution and current military
2	conflict in Libya, including in territory pre-
3	viously occupied by ISIS-Libya; and
4	(ii) proliferation of illicit small arms
5	and light weapons resulting from such con-
6	flict and the destabilizing impact the pro-
7	liferation of such weapons has in Libya
8	and neighboring countries; and
9	(B) to mitigate the threat that destruction
10	of conventional weapons poses to development,
11	the delivery of humanitarian assistance, and the
12	safe and secure return of internally displaced
13	persons.

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