..... (Original Signature of Member)

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To authorize the Secretary of State to pursue public-private partnerships, innovative financing mechanisms, research partnerships, and coordination with international and multilateral organizations to address childhood cancer globally, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. McCAUL introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To authorize the Secretary of State to pursue public-private partnerships, innovative financing mechanisms, research partnerships, and coordination with international and multilateral organizations to address childhood cancer globally, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Global Hope Act of 5 2019".

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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) Cancer is a leading cause of death for chil4 dren and adolescents around the world, and approxi5 mately 300,000 children aged 0 to 19 years old are
6 diagnosed with cancer each year.

7 (2) The most common categories of childhood
8 cancers include leukemia, brain cancer, lymphoma,
9 and solid tumors, such as neuroblastoma and Wilms
10 tumor.

(3) Most childhood cancers can be cured with
generic medicines and can be cost-effective for all income levels.

(4) In the United States, the survival rate for
children diagnosed with cancer is over 80 percent. In
many developing countries, the mortality rate of
children diagnosed with cancer is around 80 percent.
In some parts of Africa, the mortality rate reaches
90 percent.

(5) In September 2018, the World Health Organization announced a new effort – the Global Initiative for Childhood Cancer – with the aim of
reaching at least a 60 percent survival rate for children with cancer by 2030, thereby saving an additional 1,000,000 lives.

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1 SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2 It is the sense of Congress as follows:

3 (1) The work of the United States on infectious
4 disease remains the core tenet of United States work
5 on global health.

6 (2) As the United States and international 7 partners continue to succeed in lowering incidences 8 of infectious diseases, global mortality rates of non-9 communicable diseases will become an increasing 10 burden that must be addressed.

(3) The United States should work to support
the goals of the World Health Organization Initiative for Childhood Cancer, helping increase survival
rates for children with cancer.

15 SEC. 4. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

16 The United States shall seek to—

17 (1) increase political commitment for childhood18 cancer diagnosis, treatment, and care globally;

19 (2) support efforts to increase the survival rate20 of children with cancer globally;

(3) support efforts to train medical personnel
and develop the capabilities of other existing
healthcare infrastructure to diagnose, treat, and care
for childhood cancer;

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(4) improve access to affordable and essential
 medicines and technologies that treat childhood can cer;

4 (5) elevate and prioritize efforts to reduce the
5 mortality rate of childhood cancer in international
6 organizations such as the United Nations;

7 (6) pursue research and research partnerships
8 with international institutions to identify low-cost
9 interventions and best practices to diagnose, treat,
10 and care for childhood cancer globally; and

(7) improve partnerships with international
health ministries and pharmaceutical companies to
facilitate efforts for broader, global clinical trials for
medicines to treat or care for childhood cancer.

15 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION.

16 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the
17 heads of relevant Federal departments and agencies, is au18 thorized and encouraged to—

(1) pursue public-private partnerships, other research partnerships, and innovative financing mechanisms to address childhood cancer globally; and

(2) coordinate with appropriate agencies of the
United Nations and other relevant multilateral organizations to address childhood cancer globally

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1 SEC. 6. REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the
Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report that includes the following:

7 (1) An assessment of opportunities for United
8 States engagement in global efforts to increase the
9 worldwide survival rate of children with cancer.

10 (2) An assessment of efforts taken by the
11 United States to support efforts to increase the
12 worldwide survival rate of children with cancer.

(3) An assessment of existing programs funded
by the United States that could be expanded to support efforts to increase the worldwide survival rate
of children with cancer.

17 (4) An assessment of how such increased inter-18 national engagement could positively affect—

19 (A) survival rates of individuals with child-20 hood cancer in the United States; and

21 (B) reductions in the rates of infant and22 pediatric morbidity and mortality.

23 SEC. 7. COST LIMITATION.

No additional funds are authorized to be appro-priated to carry out the provisions of this Act.

1 SEC. 8. CHILDHOOD CANCER DEFINED.

2 In this Act, the term "childhood cancer" means can-3 cers formed or diagnosed in individuals under the age of4 20.