## [DISCUSSION DRAFT]

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.

To require the Comptroller General of the United States to carry out a study on trafficking, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. McAdams (for himself and Mr. Gonzalez of Ohio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

## A BILL

To require the Comptroller General of the United States to carry out a study on trafficking, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Stopping Trafficking,
- 5 Illicit Flows, Laundering, and Exploitation Act of 2020"
- 6 or the "STIFLE Act of 2020".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 8 The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) Trafficking is a national-security threat and
2	an economic drain of our resources.
3	(2) As the U.S. Department of the Treasury's
4	recently released "2020 National Strategy for Com-
5	bating Terrorist and Other Illicit Financing" con-
6	cludes, "While money laundering, terrorism financ-
7	ing, and WMD proliferation financing differ quali-
8	tatively and quantitatively, the illicit actors engaging
9	in these activities can exploit the same vulnerabilities
10	and financial channels.".
11	(3) Among those are bad actors engaged in
12	trafficking, whether they trade in drugs, arms, cul-
13	tural property, wildlife, natural resources, counter-
14	feit goods, organs, or, even, other humans.
15	(4) Their illegal (or "dark") markets use simi-
16	lar and sometimes related or overlapping methods
17	and means to acquire, move, and profit from their
18	crimes.
19	(5) In a March 2017, report from Global Fi-
20	nancial Integrity, "Transnational Crime and the De-
21	veloping World", the global business of transnational
22	crime was valued at \$1.6 trillion to \$2.2 trillion an-
23	nually, resulting in crime, violence, terrorism, insta-
24	bility, corruption, and lost tax revenues worldwide.

## 1 SEC. 3. GAO STUDY.

2	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General of the United
3	States shall carry out a study on—
4	(1) the major trafficking routes used by
5	transnational criminal organizations, terrorists, and
6	others, and to what extent the trafficking routes for
7	people (including children), drugs, weapons, cash,
8	child sexual exploitation materials, or other illicit
9	goods are similar, related, or cooperative;
10	(2) commonly used methods to launder and
11	move the proceeds of trafficking;
12	(3) the types of suspicious financial activity
13	that are associated with illicit trafficking networks,
14	and how financial institutions identify and report
15	such activity;
16	(4) the tools, guidance, training, partnerships,
17	supervision, or other mechanisms that Federal agen-
18	cies, including the Department of the Treasury's Fi-
19	nancial Crimes Enforcement Network, the Federal
20	financial regulators, and law enforcement, provide to
21	help financial institutions identify techniques and
22	patterns of transactions that may involve the pro-
23	ceeds of trafficking;
24	(5) what steps financial institutions are taking
25	to detect and prevent bad actors who are laundering
26	the proceeds of illicit trafficking, including data

1	analysis, policies, training procedures, rules, and
2	guidance;
3	(6) what role gatekeepers, such as lawyers, no-
4	taries, accountants, investment advisors, logistics
5	agents, and trust and company service providers,
6	play in facilitating trafficking networks and the
7	laundering of illicit proceeds; and
8	(7) the role that emerging technologies, includ-
9	ing artificial intelligence, digital identity tech-
10	nologies, blockchain technologies, virtual assets, and
11	related exchanges and online marketplaces, and
12	other innovative technologies, can play in both as-
13	sisting with and potentially enabling the laundering
14	of proceeds from trafficking.
15	(b) REPORT.—Not later than the end of the 12-
16	month period beginning on the date of the enactment of
17	this Act, the Comptroller General shall issue a report to
18	the Congress containing—
19	(1) all findings and determinations made in car-
20	rying out the study required under subsection (a);
21	and
22	(2) recommendations for any legislative or regu-
23	latory changes necessary to combat trafficking or
24	the laundering of proceeds from trafficking.