AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 3633

OFFERED BY MR. THOMPSON OF PENNSYLVANIA

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Digital Asset Market Clarity Act of 2025" or the
- 4 "CLARITY Act of 2025".
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

6 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULEMAKING; PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION

- Sec. 101. Definitions under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Sec. 102. Definitions under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Sec. 103. Definitions under the Commodity Exchange Act.
- Sec. 104. Definitions under this Act.
- Sec. 105. Rulemakings.
- Sec. 106. Registration for digital commodity exchanges, brokers, and dealers; provisional status.
- Sec. 107. Commodity Exchange Act and securities laws savings provisions.
- Sec. 108. Administrative requirements.
- Sec. 109. International cooperation.
- Sec. 110. Application of the Bank Secrecy Act.
- Sec. 111. Implementation.

TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES

- Sec. 201. Treatment of investment contract assets.
- Sec. 202. Exempted primary transactions in digital commodities.
- Sec. 203. Treatment of secondary transactions in digital commodities that originally involved investment contracts.

- Sec. 204. Requirements for offers and sales of digital commodities by digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons.
- Sec. 205. Mature blockchain system requirements.
- Sec. 206. Effective date.

TITLE III—REGISTRATION FOR INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

- Sec. 301. Treatment of digital commodities and permitted payment stablecoins.
- Sec. 302. Anti-fraud authority over permitted payment stablecoins and certain digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 303. Eligibility of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 304. Operation of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 305. Modernization of recordkeeping requirements.
- Sec. 306. Exemptive authority.
- Sec. 307. Additional registrations with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- Sec. 308. Exempting digital commodities from State securities laws.
- Sec. 309. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 310. Treatment of custody activities by banking institutions.
- Sec. 311. Digital commodity activities that are financial in nature.
- Sec. 312. Effective date; administration.
- Sec. 313. Studies on foreign adversary participation.

TITLE IV—REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY INTER-MEDIARIES AT THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMIS-SION

- Sec. 401. Commission jurisdiction over digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 402. Requiring futures commission merchants to use qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 403. Trading certification and approval for digital commodities.
- Sec. 404. Registration of digital commodity exchanges.
- Sec. 405. Qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 406. Registration and regulation of digital commodity brokers and dealers.
- Sec. 407. Registration of associated persons.
- Sec. 408. Registration of commodity pool operators and commodity trading advisors.
- Sec. 409. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 410. Resources for implementation and enforcement.
- Sec. 411. Digital commodity activities by SEC-registered entities.
- Sec. 412. Requirements related to control persons.
- Sec. 413. Other tradable assets.
- Sec. 414. Effective date.
- Sec. 415. Sense of Congress.

TITLE V—INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 501. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 502. Modernization of the Securities and Exchange Commission mission.
- Sec. 503. Strategic Hub for Innovation and Financial Technology.
- Sec. 504. Codification of LabCFTC.
- Sec. 505. Study on decentralized finance.
- Sec. 506. Study on non-fungible tokens.

Sec. 507. Study on expanding financial literacy amongst digital commodity holders.

Sec. 508. Study on financial market infrastructure improvements.

1 TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULE 2 MAKING; PROVISIONAL REG 3 ISTRATION

4 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF

1933.

5

6 Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
7 77b(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
8 "(20) BLOCKCHAIN.—The term 'blockchain'
9 means—
10 "(A) any technology—

11 "(i) where data is—

12 "(I) shared across a network to
13 create a distributed ledger of inde14 pendently verifiable transactions or in15 formation among network partici16 pants;

17 "(II) linked using cryptography
18 to maintain the integrity of the dis19 tributed ledger and to execute other
20 functions; and

21 "(III) propagated among network
22 participants to reach consensus on the
23 state of the distributed ledger and any
24 other functions; and

1	"(ii) composed of source code that is
2	publicly available; and
3	"(B) any similar technology to the tech-
4	nology described in subparagraph (A).
5	"(21) BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATION.—The term
6	'blockchain application' means any executable soft-
7	ware deployed to a blockchain composed of source
8	code that is publicly available, including a smart
9	contract or any network of smart contracts, or other
10	similar technology.
11	"(22) BLOCKCHAIN PROTOCOL.—The term
12	'blockchain protocol' means the freely and publicly
13	available source code of a blockchain that is executed
14	by the network participants of a blockchain to facili-
15	tate its functioning, or other similar technology.
16	"(23) BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—The term
17	'blockchain system' means any blockchain, together
18	with its blockchain protocol or any blockchain appli-
19	cation or network of blockchain applications.
20	"(24) DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYS-
21	TEM.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'decentral-
23	ized governance system' means, with respect to
24	a blockchain system, any transparent, rules-
25	based system permitting persons to form con-

sensus or reach agreement in the development,
 provision, publication, management, or adminis tration of such blockchain system, where par ticipation is not limited to, or under the effec tive control of, any person or group of persons
 under common control.

7 "(B) Relationship of persons to de-8 CENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYSTEMS.—With 9 respect to a decentralized governance system, 10 the decentralized governance system and any 11 persons participating in the decentralized gov-12 ernance system shall be treated as separate per-13 sons unless such persons are under common 14 control.

15 "(C) LEGAL ENTITIES FOR DECENTRAL-16 IZED GOVERNANCE SYSTEMS.—The term 'de-17 centralized governance system' shall include a 18 legal entity used to implement the rules-based 19 system described in subparagraph (A), provided 20 that the organizing and governing laws of such 21 legal entity do not create or require centralized 22 and hierarchical management of such legal enti-23 ty. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the 24 delegation of ministerial or administrative au-25 thority at the direction of the participants in a

1decentralized governance system shall not be2construed to be centralized and hierarchical3management.

4 "(25) DIGITAL ASSET.—The term 'digital asset'
5 means any digital representation of value which is
6 recorded on a cryptographically-secured distributed
7 ledger or other similar technology.

8 "(26) DIGITAL COMMODITY.—The term 'digital
9 commodity' has the meaning given that term under
10 section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
11 U.S.C. 1a).

"(27) DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED PERSON.—The term 'digital commodity affiliated person'
means a person (including a digital commodity related person) that, with respect to any digital commodity—

17 "(A) acquires 5 percent or more of the
18 total outstanding units of such digital com19 modity from a digital commodity issuer;

20 "(B) is a founder of the digital commodity21 issuer; or

"(C) is an executive director, director,
trustee, or general partner of the digital commodity issuer or held such role at any point in
the previous 12-month period.

1	"(28) DIGITAL COMMODITY ISSUER.—With re-
2	spect to a digital commodity, the term 'digital com-
3	modity issuer' means any person that—
4	"(A) proposes, issues, or causes to be
5	issued a unit of such digital commodity to a
6	person; or
7	"(B) offers or sells a right to a future
8	issuance of a unit of such digital commodity to
9	a person.
10	"(29) DIGITAL COMMODITY RELATED PER-
11	SON.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a dig-
13	ital commodity issuer, the term 'digital com-
14	modity related person' means—
15	"(i) a person that is or was in the
16	previous 6-month period a promoter, senior
17	employee, advisory board member, consult-
18	ant, advisor, or person serving in a similar
19	capacity; and
20	"(ii) a person that acquires 1 percent
21	or more of the total outstanding units of
22	such digital commodity from a digital com-
23	modity issuer.
24	"(B) Senior employee defined.—In
25	this paragraph and with respect to a digital

1	commodity issuer, the term 'senior employee'
2	means any employee materially involved in the
3	management or planning of the digital com-
4	modity issuer or the development of the
5	blockchain system to which the digital com-
6	modity relates.
7	"(30) END USER DISTRIBUTION.—The term
8	'end user distribution' means a distribution of a unit
9	of a digital commodity that—
10	"(A) does not involve an exchange of more
11	than a nominal value of cash, property, or other
12	assets; and
13	"(B) is distributed in a broad and equi-
14	table manner based on conditions capable of
15	being satisfied by any participant in the
16	blockchain system, including, as incentive-based
17	rewards—
18	"(i) to users of the digital commodity
19	or any blockchain system to which the dig-
20	ital commodity relates;
21	"(ii) for activities directly related to
22	the operation of the blockchain system,
23	such as mining, validating, staking, or
24	other activity directly tied to the operation
25	of the blockchain system; or

1	"(iii) to the existing holders of an-
2	other digital commodity, in proportion to
3	the total units of such other digital com-
4	modity as are held by each person.
5	"(31) MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—The
6	term 'mature blockchain system' means a blockchain
7	system, together with its related digital commodity,
8	that is not controlled by any person or group of per-
9	sons under common control.
10	"(32) Permitted payment stablecoin.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'permitted
12	payment stablecoin' means a digital asset—
13	"(i) that is or is designed to be used
14	as a means of payment or settlement;
15	"(ii) that is denominated in a national
16	currency;
17	"(iii) the issuer of which is subject to
18	the regulatory and supervisory authority of
19	a State or Federal agency;
20	"(iv) the issuer of which—
21	"(I) is obligated to convert, re-
22	deem, or repurchase for a fixed
23	amount of monetary value; or
24	"(II) represents that the digital
25	asset will maintain or creates the rea-

1	sonable expectation that the digital
2	asset will maintain a stable value rel-
3	ative to the value of a fixed amount of
4	monetary value; and
5	"(v) that is not—
6	"(I) a national currency;
7	"(II) a security issued by—
8	"(aa) an investment com-
9	pany registered under section
10	8(a) of the Investment Company
11	Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
12	8(a)); or
13	"(bb) a person that would
14	be an investment company under
15	the Investment Company Act of
16	1940 but for paragraphs (1) and
17	(7) of section $3(c)$ of that Act
18	(15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c));
19	"(III) a deposit (as defined under
20	section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
21	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)), re-
22	gardless of the technology used to
23	record such deposit; or
24	"(IV) an account (as defined in
25	section 101 of the Federal Credit

1	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)), regard-
2	less of the technology used to record
3	such account.
4	"(B) MONETARY VALUE DEFINED.—The
5	term 'monetary value'—
6	"(i) means—
7	"(I) a national currency;
8	"(II) a deposit (as defined in sec-
9	tion 3 of the Federal Deposit Insur-
10	ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) that is
11	denominated in a national currency;
12	OF
13	"(III) an account (as defined in
14	section 101 of the Federal Credit
15	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)); and
16	"(ii) does not include any agricultural
17	or other physical commodity (as defined in
18	section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act
19	(7 U.S.C. 1a)).
20	"(33) Securities laws.—The term 'securities
21	laws' has the meaning given that term under section
22	3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
23	U.S.C. 78c(a)).".

1	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES EX-					
2	CHANGE ACT OF 1934.					
3	Section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934					
4	(15 U.S.C. 78c(a)) is amended—					
5	(1) by redesignating the second paragraph (80)					
6	(relating to funding portals) as paragraph (81); and					
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:					
8	"(82) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term 'Bank					
9	Secrecy Act' means—					
10	"(A) section 21 of the Federal Deposit In-					
11	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);					
12	"(B) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–					
13	508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and					
14	"(C) subchapter II of chapter 53 of title					
15	31, United States Code.					
16	"(83) Additional digital commodity-re-					
17	LATED TERMS.—					
18	"(A) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—The					
19	terms 'blockchain system', 'decentralized gov-					
20	ernance system', 'digital asset', 'digital com-					
21	modity affiliated person', 'digital commodity					
22	issuer', 'digital commodity related person', 'end					
23	user distribution', 'mature blockchain system',					
24	and 'permitted payment stablecoin', have the					
25	• • • • • • • • • •					

meaning given those terms, respectively, under

1	section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
2	U.S.C. 77b(a)).
3	"(B) Commodity exchange act.—The
4	terms 'digital commodity', 'digital commodity
5	broker', 'digital commodity dealer', 'digital com-
6	modity exchange', 'decentralized finance mes-
7	saging system', and 'decentralized finance trad-
8	ing protocol' have the meaning given those
9	terms, respectively, under section 1a of the
10	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).".
11	SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE COMMODITY EX-
12	CHANGE ACT.
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1a of the Commodity Ex-
14	change Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amended—
14 15	change Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amended— (1) in paragraph (10)—
15	(1) in paragraph (10)—
15 16	(1) in paragraph (10)—(A) in subparagraph (A)—
15 16 17	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and
15 16 17 18	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively;
15 16 17 18 19	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively; and
15 16 17 18 19 20	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively; and (ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively; and (ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the following:
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (1) in paragraph (10)— (A) in subparagraph (A)— (i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively; and (ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the following: "(iii) digital commodity;"; and

1	"(B) EXCLUSION.—For purposes of this
2	paragraph, the term 'trading in commodity in-
3	terests' shall not include transacting in digital
4	commodities for the purpose of—
5	"(i) acting as a digital commodity
6	custodian;
7	"(ii) establishing, maintaining, or
8	managing inventory or payment instru-
9	ments for commercial purposes; or
10	"(iii) maintaining or supporting the
11	operation of, or validating transactions on,
12	a blockchain system.";
13	(2) in paragraph (11)—
14	(A) in subparagraph (A)(i)—
15	(i) by redesignating subclauses (III)
16	and (IV) as subclauses (IV) and (V), re-
17	spectively; and
18	(ii) by inserting after subclause (II)
19	the following:
20	"(III) digital commodity;"; and
21	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
22	subparagraph (C) and inserting after subpara-
23	graph (A) the following:
24	"(B) EXCLUSION.—For purposes of this
25	paragraph, the term 'trading in commodity in-

1	terests' shall not include transacting in digital
2	commodities for the purpose of—
3	"(i) acting as a digital commodity
4	custodian;
5	"(ii) establishing, maintaining, or
6	managing inventory or payment instru-
7	ments for commercial purposes; or
8	"(iii) maintaining or supporting the
9	operation of, or validating transactions on,
10	a blockchain system.";
11	(3) in paragraph $(12)(A)(i)$ —
12	(A) in subclause (II), by adding at the end
13	a semicolon;
14	(B) by redesignating subclauses (III) and
15	(IV) as subclauses (IV) and (V), respectively;
16	and
17	(C) by inserting after subclause (II) the
18	following:
19	"(III) a digital commodity;";
20	(4) by redesignating paragraphs (16) through
21	(51) as paragraphs (17) through (52) , respectively,
22	and inserting after paragraph (15) the following:
23	"(16) TERMS RELATED TO DIGITAL COMMOD-
24	ITIES.—

1	"(A) Associated person of a digit	ſAL
2	COMMODITY BROKER.—	

3 "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-4 vided in clause (ii), the term 'associated person of a digital commodity broker' 5 6 means a person who is associated with a 7 digital commodity broker as a partner, of-8 ficer, employee, or agent (or any person oc-9 cupying a similar status or performing similar functions) in any capacity that in-10 11 volves-12 "(I) the solicitation or acceptance

13 of an order for the purchase or sale of
14 a digital commodity; or

15 "(II) the supervision of any per16 son engaged in the solicitation or ac17 ceptance of an order for the purchase
18 or sale of a digital commodity.

19 "(ii) EXCLUSION.—The term 'associ20 ated person of a digital commodity broker'
21 does not include any person associated
22 with a digital commodity broker the func23 tions of which are solely clerical or ministe24 rial.

1	"(B) Associated	PERSON	OF	А	DIGITAL
2	COMMODITY DEALER.—				

3 "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-4 vided in clause (ii), the term 'associated person of a digital commodity dealer' 5 6 means a person who is associated with a 7 digital commodity dealer as a partner, offi-8 cer, employee, or agent (or any person oc-9 cupying a similar status or performing similar functions) in any capacity that in-10 11 volves-

12 "(I) the solicitation or acceptance
13 of a contract for the purchase or sale
14 of a digital commodity; or

15 "(II) the supervision of any per-16 son engaged in the solicitation or ac-17 ceptance of a contract for the pur-18 chase or sale of a digital commodity. 19 "(ii) EXCLUSION.—The term 'associ-20 ated person of a digital commodity dealer' does not include any person associated 21 22 with a digital commodity dealer the func-23 tions of which are solely clerical or ministerial. 24

1	"(C) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term
2	'Bank Secrecy Act' means—
3	"(i) section 21 of the Federal Deposit
4	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
5	"(ii) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law
6	91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and
7	"(iii) subchapter II of chapter 53 of
8	title 31, United States Code.
9	"(D) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE MES-
10	SAGING SYSTEM.—
11	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'decen-
12	tralized finance messaging system' means
13	a software application that provides a user
14	with the ability to create or submit an in-
15	struction, communication, or message to a
16	decentralized finance trading protocol for
17	the purpose of executing a transaction by
18	the user.
19	"(ii) Additional requirements.—
20	The term 'decentralized finance messaging
21	system' does not include any system that
22	provides any person other than the user
23	with control over—
24	"(I) the funds of the user; or

1	"(II) the execution of the trans-
2	action of the user.
3	"(E) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE TRADING
4	PROTOCOL.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'decen-
6	tralized finance trading protocol' means a
7	blockchain system through which multiple
8	participants can execute a financial trans-
9	action-
10	"(I) in accordance with an auto-
11	mated rule or algorithm that is pre-
12	determined and non-discretionary; and
13	"(II) without reliance on any
14	other person to maintain control of
15	the digital assets of the user during
16	any part of the financial transaction.
17	"(ii) Exclusions.—
18	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The term
19	'decentralized finance trading pro-
20	tocol' does not include a blockchain
21	system if—
22	"(aa) a person or group of
23	persons under common control or
24	acting pursuant to an agreement
25	to act in concert has the author-

1 ity, directly or indirectly, through 2 any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or oth-3 4 erwise, to control or materially 5 alter the functionality, operation, 6 or rules of consensus or agree-7 ment of the blockchain system; or 8 "(bb) the blockchain system 9 does not operate, execute and en-10 force its operations and trans-11 actions based solely on pre-estab-12 lished, transparent rules encoded 13 directly within the source code of 14 the blockchain system. 15 "(II) Special Rule.—For pur-16 poses of subclause (I), a decentralized 17 governance system shall not be consid-18 ered to be a person or a group of per-19 sons under common control or acting 20 pursuant to an agreement to act in 21 concert. 22 "(F) DIGITAL COMMODITY.— 23 "(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'digital 24 commodity' means a digital asset that is 25 intrinsically linked to a blockchain system,

and the value of which is derived from or
 is reasonably expected to be derived from
 the use of the blockchain system.

"(ii) 4 RELATIONSHIP TO Α 5 BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—For purposes of 6 this subparagraph, a digital asset is intrin-7 sically linked to a blockchain system if the 8 digital asset is directly related to the 9 functionality or operation of the blockchain system or to the activities or services for 10 11 which the blockchain system is created or utilized, including where the digital asset 12 13 is—

14 "(I) issued or generated by the
15 programmatic functioning of the
16 blockchain system;

17 "(II) used to transfer value be18 tween participants in the blockchain
19 system;

20 "(III) used to access the activi21 ties or services of the blockchain sys22 tem;

23 "(IV) used to participate in the
24 decentralized governance system of
25 the blockchain system;

1	"(V) used or removed from cir-
2	culation in whole or in part to pay
3	fees or otherwise verify or validate
4	transactions on the blockchain system;
5	"(VI) used as payment or incen-
6	tive to participants in the blockchain
7	system to engage in the activities of
8	the blockchain system, provide serv-
9	ices to other participants in the
10	blockchain system, or otherwise par-
11	ticipate in the functionality of the
12	blockchain system; or
13	"(VII) used as payment or incen-
14	tive to participants in the blockchain
15	system to validate transactions, secure
16	the blockchain system, provide com-
17	putational services, maintain or dis-
18	tribute information, or otherwise par-
19	ticipate in the operations of the
20	blockchain system.
21	"(iii) Exclusion.—The term 'digital
22	commodity' does not include any of the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(I) SECURITY.—

20
"(aa) Any security, other
than a note, an investment con-
tract, or a certificate of interest
or participation in any profit-
sharing agreement.
"(bb) A note, an investment
contract, or a certificate of inter-
est or participation in any profit-
sharing agreement that—
"(AA) represents or
gives the holder an owner-
ship interest or other inter-
est in the revenues, profits,
obligations, debts, assets, or
assets or debts to be ac-
quired of the issuer of the
digital asset or another per-
son (other than a decentral-
ized governance system);
"(BB) makes the hold-
er a creditor of the issuer of
the digital asset or another
person; or
"(CC) represents or

1	receive interest or the return
2	of principal from the issuer
3	of the digital asset or an-
4	other person.
5	"(II) Security derivative.—A
6	digital asset that, based on its terms
7	and other characteristics, is, rep-
8	resents, or is functionally equivalent
9	to an agreement, contract, or trans-
10	action that is—
11	"(aa) a security future, as
12	defined in section 2a of the Secu-
13	rities Act of 1933;
14	"(bb) a security-based swap,
15	as defined in section 2a of the
16	Securities Act of 1933;
17	"(cc) a put, call, straddle,
18	option, or privilege on any secu-
19	rity, certificate of deposit, or
20	group or index of securities (in-
21	cluding any interest therein or
22	based on the value thereof), as
23	defined in section 2a of the Secu-
24	rities Act of 1933; or

1	"(dd) a put, call, straddle,
2	option, or privilege on any secu-
3	rity, as defined in section 2a of
4	the Securities Act of 1933.
5	"(III) PERMITTED PAYMENT
6	STABLECOIN.—A digital asset that is
7	a permitted payment stablecoin.
8	"(IV) BANKING DEPOSIT.—
9	"(aa) A deposit (as defined
10	under section 3 of the Federal
11	Deposit Insurance Act (12
12	U.S.C. 1813)), regardless of the
13	technology used to record the de-
14	posit.
15	"(bb) An account (as de-
16	fined in section 101 of the Fed-
17	eral Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
18	1752)), regardless of the tech-
19	nology used to record the ac-
20	count.
21	"(V) Commodity.—A digital
22	asset that references, represents an
23	interest in, or is functionally equiva-
24	lent to—

1	"(aa) an agricultural com-
2	modity;
3	"(bb) an excluded com-
4	modity, other than a security; or
5	"(cc) an exempt commodity,
6	other than the digital commodity
7	itself, as shall be further defined
8	by the Commission.
9	"(VI) Commodity deriva-
10	TIVE.—A digital asset that, based on
11	its terms and other characteristics, is,
12	represents, or is functionally equiva-
13	lent to an agreement, contract, or
14	transaction that is—
15	"(aa) a contract of sale of a
16	commodity for future delivery or
17	an option thereon;
18	"(bb) a security futures
19	product;
20	"(cc) a swap;
21	"(dd) an agreement, con-
22	tract, or transaction described in
23	section $2(c)(2)(C)(i)$ or
24	2(c)(2)(D)(i);

1	"(ee) a commodity option
2	authorized under section 4c; or
3	"(ff) a leverage transaction
4	authorized under section 19.
5	"(VII) Pooled investment ve-
6	HICLE.—
7	"(aa) IN GENERAL.—A dig-
8	ital asset that, based on its terms
9	and other characteristics, is, rep-
10	resents, or is functionally equiva-
11	lent to—
12	"(AA) a commodity
13	pool, as defined in this Act;
14	or
15	"(BB) a pooled invest-
16	ment vehicle.
17	"(bb) Pooled investment
18	VEHICLE DEFINED.—In this sub-
19	clause, the term 'pooled invest-
20	ment vehicle' means—
21	"(AA) any investment
22	company as defined in sec-
23	tion 3(a) of the Investment
24	Company Act of 1940 (15
25	U.S.C. 80a–3(a));

1	"(BB) any company
2	that would be an investment
3	company under section 3(a)
4	of such Act but for the ex-
5	clusion provided from that
6	definition by paragraph (1) ,
7	(7), or (9) of section $3(c)$ of
8	such Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-
9	3(c)(1), (7), or (9)); or
10	"(CC) any entity or
11	person that is not an invest-
12	ment company but holds or
13	will hold assets other than
14	securities.
15	"(VIII) GOOD, COLLECTIBLE,
16	AND OTHER NON-COMMODITY
17	ASSET.—A digital asset that has
18	value, utility, or significance beyond
19	its mere existence as a digital asset,
20	including the digital equivalent of a
21	tangible or intangible good, such as—
22	"(aa) a work of art, a musi-
23	cal composition, a literary work,
24	or other intellectual property;

	23
1	"(bb) collectibles, merchan-
2	dise, virtual land, and video game
3	assets;
4	"(cc) affinity, rewards, or
5	loyalty points, including airline
6	miles or credit card points, that
7	are not primarily speculative in
8	nature; or
9	"(dd) rights, licenses, and
10	tickets.
11	"(iv) Rule of construction.—No
12	presumption shall exist that a digital asset
13	is a security, nor shall a digital asset be
14	excluded from being a digital commodity
15	pursuant to clause (iii)(I), solely due to—
16	"(I) the digital asset providing
17	voting or economic rights with respect
18	to the blockchain system to which the
19	digital asset relates or the decentral-
20	ized governance system of the
21	blockchain system to which the digital
22	asset relates;
23	"(II) the value of the digital
24	asset having the potential to appre-
25	ciate or depreciate in response to the

1	efforts, operations, or financial per-
2	formance of the blockchain system to
3	which the digital asset relates or the
4	decentralized governance system of
5	the blockchain system to which the
6	digital asset relates; or
7	"(III) the value of the digital
8	asset appreciating or depreciating due
9	to the use of the blockchain system to
10	which the digital asset relates or the
11	decentralized governance system of
12	the blockchain system to which the
13	digital asset relates.
14	"(G) DIGITAL COMMODITY BROKER.—
15	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'digital
16	commodity broker' means any person who,
17	as a regular business—
18	"(I) is engaged in—
19	"(aa) soliciting or accepting
20	an order from a customer for—
21	"(AA) the purchase or
22	sale of a digital commodity;
23	or
24	"(BB) an agreement,
25	contract, or transaction de-

4the activities in item (aa), ac- cepts or maintains control over— 66"(AA) the funds of any rustomer; or7customer; or8"(BB) the execution of any transaction of a cus- tomer;10tomer;11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or12accepting orders from a customer for accepting orders or sale of a unit of a digital commodity on or subject to the rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com- mission as a digital commodity broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital 2020commodity broker' does not include a per- son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order 2324from a customer who is an eligible	1	scribed in section
4 the activities in item (aa), ac- 5 cepts or maintains control over— 6 "(AA) the funds of any 7 customer; or 8 "(BB) the execution of 9 any transaction of a cus- 10 tomer; 11 "(II) is engaged in soliciting or 12 accepting orders from a customer for 13 the purchase or sale of a unit of a 14 digital commodity on or subject to the 15 rules of a registered entity; or 16 "(III) is registered with the Com- 17 mission as a digital commodity 18 broker. 19 "(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital 20 commodity broker' does not include a per- 21 son solely because the person— 22 "(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible	2	2(c)(2)(D)(iv); and
5cepts or maintains control over (AA) the funds of any customer; or7customer; or8"(BB) the execution of any transaction of a cus- tomer;10tomer;11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or accepting orders from a customer for 1313the purchase or sale of a unit of a digital commodity on or subject to the rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com- mission as a digital commodity B broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONSThe term 'digital commodity broker' does not include a per- son solely because the person 2221solicits or accepts an order described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) from a customer who is an eligible	3	"(bb) in conjunction with
6 "(AA) the funds of any 7 customer; or 8 "(BB) the execution of 9 any transaction of a cus- 10 tomer; 11 "(II) is engaged in soliciting or 12 accepting orders from a customer for 13 the purchase or sale of a unit of a 14 digital commodity on or subject to the 15 rules of a registered entity; or 16 "(III) is registered with the Com- 17 mission as a digital commodity 18 broker. 19 "(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital 20 commodity broker' does not include a per- 21 son solely because the person— 22 "(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible	4	the activities in item (aa), ac-
7customer; or8"(BB) the execution of9any transaction of a cus-10tomer;11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or12accepting orders from a customer for13the purchase or sale of a unit of a14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	5	cepts or maintains control over—
 "(BB) the execution of any transaction of a cus- tomer; tomer; "(II) is engaged in soliciting or accepting orders from a customer for accepting orders from a customer for the purchase or sale of a unit of a digital commodity on or subject to the rules of a registered entity; or "(III) is registered with the Com- mission as a digital commodity broker. broker. "(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital commodity broker' does not include a per- son solely because the person— "(I) solicits or accepts an order described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) from a customer who is an eligible 	6	"(AA) the funds of any
9any transaction of a customer;10tomer;11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or12accepting orders from a customer for13the purchase or sale of a unit of a14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	7	customer; or
10tomer;11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or12accepting orders from a customer for13the purchase or sale of a unit of a14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	8	"(BB) the execution of
11"(II) is engaged in soliciting or12accepting orders from a customer for13the purchase or sale of a unit of a14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	9	any transaction of a cus-
12accepting orders from a customer for13the purchase or sale of a unit of a14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	10	tomer;
13the purchase or sale of a unit of a digital commodity on or subject to the rules of a registered entity; or15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com- mission as a digital commodity broker.18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital commodity broker' does not include a per- son solely because the person—21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) from a customer who is an eligible	11	"(II) is engaged in soliciting or
14digital commodity on or subject to the15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	12	accepting orders from a customer for
15rules of a registered entity; or16"(III) is registered with the Com-17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	13	the purchase or sale of a unit of a
 "(III) is registered with the Com- mission as a digital commodity broker. broker. "(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital commodity broker' does not include a per- son solely because the person— son solely because the person— "(I) solicits or accepts an order described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) from a customer who is an eligible 	14	digital commodity on or subject to the
17mission as a digital commodity18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	15	rules of a registered entity; or
18broker.19"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital20commodity broker' does not include a per-21son solely because the person—22"(I) solicits or accepts an order23described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)24from a customer who is an eligible	16	"(III) is registered with the Com-
 19 ''(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital 20 commodity broker' does not include a per- 21 son solely because the person— 22 ''(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible 	17	mission as a digital commodity
 20 commodity broker' does not include a per- 21 son solely because the person— 22 "(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible 	18	broker.
 21 son solely because the person— 22 "(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible 	19	"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'digital
 22 "(I) solicits or accepts an order 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible 	20	commodity broker' does not include a per-
 23 described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) 24 from a customer who is an eligible 	21	son solely because the person—
24 from a customer who is an eligible	22	"(I) solicits or accepts an order
0	23	described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA)
05	24	from a customer who is an eligible
25 contract participant;	25	contract participant;

1 "(II) enters into 1 or more dig-2 ital commodity transactions that are 3 attributable or solely incidental to making, sending, receiving, or facili-4 5 tating payments, whether involving a 6 payment service provider or on a peer-7 to-peer basis; or 8 "(III) is a bank (as defined 9 under section 3(a) of the Securities 10 Exchange Act of 1934) engaging in 11 certain banking activities with respect 12 to a digital commodity in the same or 13 a similar manner as a bank is ex-14 cluded from the definition of a broker 15 under such section, as determined by the Commission. 16 17 "(iii) FURTHER DEFINITION.—The 18 Commission, by rule or regulation, may exclude from the term 'digital commodity 19 20 broker' any person or class of persons if 21 the Commission determines that the rule 22 or regulation will effectuate the purposes 23 of this Act. 24 "(H) DIGITAL COMMODITY DEALER.—

33

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'digital

-	
2	commodity dealer' means any person who,
3	as a regular business—
4	"(I) is, or offers to be a
5	counterparty to a person for the pur-
6	chase or sale of a digital commodity
7	as a regular business, and in conjunc-
8	tion with the activities, accepts or
9	maintains control over the funds of
10	any counterparty; or
11	"(II) is registered with the Com-
12	mission as a digital commodity dealer.
13	"(ii) Exception.—The term 'digital
14	commodity dealer' does not include a per-
15	son solely because the person—
16	"(I) is or offers to be a
17	counterparty to a person who is an el-
18	igible contract participant;
19	"(II) enters into a digital com-
20	modity transaction with an eligible
21	contract participant;
22	"(III) enters into a digital com-
23	modity transaction on or through a
24	registered digital commodity ex-

	94
1	modity broker, or through a decentral-
2	ized finance trading protocol;
3	"(IV) enters into a digital com-
4	modity transaction for the person's
5	own account, either individually or in
6	a fiduciary capacity, but not as a part
7	of a regular business;
8	"(V) enters into 1 or more digital
9	commodity transactions that are at-
10	tributable or solely incidental to mak-
11	ing, sending, receiving, or facilitating
12	payments, whether involving a pay-
13	ment service provider or on a peer-to-
14	peer basis; or
15	"(VI) is a bank (as defined under
16	section 3(a) of the Securities Ex-
17	change Act of 1934) engaging in cer-
18	tain banking activities with respect to
19	a digital commodity in the same or a
20	similar manner as a bank is excluded
21	from the definition of a dealer under
22	section $3(a)(5)$ of such Act, as deter-
23	mined by the Commission.
24	"(iii) FURTHER DEFINITION.—The
25	Commission, by rule or regulation, may ex-

1	clude from the term 'digital commodity
2	dealer' any person or class of persons if
3	the Commission determines that the rule
4	or regulation will effectuate the purposes
5	of this Act.
6	"(I) DIGITAL COMMODITY EXCHANGE.—
7	The term 'digital commodity exchange' means a
8	trading facility that offers or seeks to offer a
9	cash or spot market in at least 1 digital com-
10	modity.
11	"(J) MIXED DIGITAL ASSET TRANS-
12	ACTION.—The term 'mixed digital asset trans-
13	action' means a transaction in which a digital
14	commodity is traded for a security.
15	"(K) TERMS DEFINED UNDER THE SECU-
16	RITIES ACT OF 1933.—The terms 'blockchain
17	system', 'decentralized governance system', 'dig-
18	ital asset', 'digital commodity issuer', 'digital
19	commodity affiliated person', 'digital commodity
20	related person', 'end user distribution', 'mature
21	blockchain system', and 'permitted payment
22	stablecoin' have the meaning given those terms,
23	respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities
24	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a))."; and

1	(5) in paragraph (41) (as so redesignated by
2	paragraph (4) of this subsection)—
3	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
4	paragraph (E);
5	(B) by striking the period at the end of
6	subparagraph (F) and inserting "; and"; and
7	(C) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(G) a digital commodity exchange reg-
9	istered under section 5i.".
10	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
11	(1) Each of the following provisions of law is
12	amended by striking "1a(18)" and inserting
13	"1a(19)":
14	(A) Section $4s(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the Com-
15	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. $6s(h)(5)(A)(i)$).
16	(B) Section 5(e) of the Securities Act of
17	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77e(e)).
18	(C) Section $6(g)(5)(B)$ of the Securities
19	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
20	78f(g)(5)(B)).
21	(D) Section $15F(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the Securi-
22	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–
23	10(h)(5)(A)(i)).
24	(2) Section 752 of the Wall Street Trans-
25	parency and Accountability Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C.

1	8325) is amended by striking "1a(39)" and insert-
2	ing ''1a(40)''.
3	(3) Section $4s(f)(1)(D)$ of the Commodity Ex-
4	change Act (7 U.S.C. $6s(f)(1)(D)$) is amended by
5	striking "1a(47)(A)" and inserting "1a(48)(A)".
6	(4) Each of the following provisions of the
7	Commodity Exchange Act is amended by striking
8	"1a(47)(A)(v)" and inserting "1a(48)(A)(v)":
9	(A) Section $4t(b)(1)(C)$ (7 U.S.C.
10	6t(b)(1)(C)).
11	(B) Section $5(d)(23)$ (7 U.S.C. $7(d)(23)$).
12	(C) Section 5b(k)(3) (7 U.S.C. 7a-
13	1(k)(3)).
14	(D) Section 5h(f)(10)(A)(iii) (7 U.S.C. 7b-
15	3(f)(10)(A)(iii)).
16	(5) Section $21(f)(4)(C)$ of the Commodity Ex-
17	change Act (7 U.S.C. $24a(f)(4)(C)$) is amended by
18	striking "1a(48)" and inserting "1a(49)".
19	(6) Section 403 of the Legal Certainty for
20	Bank Products Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 27a) is
21	amended—
22	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$, by striking
23	(1a(47)(A)(v))'' and inserting $(1a(48)(A)(v))'';$
24	and

1	(B) in each of subsections $(b)(1)$ and
2	(c)(2), by striking "1a(47)" and inserting
3	''1a(48)''.
4	(7) Section 712 of the Wall Street Trans-
5	parency and Accountability Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C.
6	8302) is amended—
7	(A) in subsection $(a)(8)$, by striking
8	" $1a(47)(D)$ " and inserting " $1a(48)(D)$ "; and
9	(B) in subsection $(d)(1)$, by striking
10	"1a(47)(A)(v)" each place it appears and in-
11	serting "1a(48)(A)(v)".
12	SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS UNDER THIS ACT.
13	In this Act:
14	(1) Definitions under the commodity ex-
15	CHANGE ACT.—The terms "decentralized finance
16	messaging system", "decentralized finance trading
17	protocol", "digital commodity", "digital commodity
18	
10	broker", "digital commodity dealer", "digital com-
19	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans-
19 20	
	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans-
20	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans- action" have the meaning given those terms, respec-
20 21	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans- action" have the meaning given those terms, respec- tively, under section 1a of the Commodity Exchange
20 21 22	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans- action" have the meaning given those terms, respec- tively, under section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).

ance system", "digital asset", "digital commodity
 issuer", "end user distribution", "mature blockchain
 system", "permitted payment stablecoin", and "se curities laws" have the meaning given those terms,
 respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
 of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).

7 (3) DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES EX8 CHANGE ACT OF 1934.—The terms "Bank Secrecy
9 Act", "securities laws", and "self-regulatory organi10 zation" have the meaning given those terms, respec11 tively, under section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
12 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).

13 SEC. 105. RULEMAKINGS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—The Commodity Futures Trading
Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
shall jointly issue rules to further define the following
terms:

18 (1) The terms—

(A) "blockchain", "blockchain application", "blockchain system", "blockchain protocol", "decentralized governance system",
"digital commodity affiliated person", "digital
commodity issuer", "digital commodity related
person", "end user distribution", and "mature

1	blockchain system", as defined under section
2	2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933;
3	(B) "unilateral authority", as such term is
4	used in section 42 of the Securities Exchange
5	Act of 1934 and section 1a of the Commodity
6	Exchange Act; and
7	(C) "programmatic functioning", as such
8	term is used in sections 4C of the Securities
9	Act of 1933, section 42 of the Securities Ex-
10	change Act of 1934, and section 1a of the Com-
11	modity Exchange Act.
12	(2) The terms "digital commodity", "decentral-
13	ized finance messaging system", and "decentralized
14	finance trading protocol" as defined under section
15	1a of the Commodity Exchange Act.
16	(b) JOINT RULEMAKING FOR MIXED DIGITAL ASSET
17	TRANSACTIONS.—The Securities and Exchange Commis-
18	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
19	shall jointly issue rules applicable to mixed digital asset
20	transactions under this Act and the amendments made by
21	this Act, including by further defining such term.
22	(c) PROTECTION OF SELF-CUSTODY.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—A United States individual
24	shall retain the right to—

1	(A) maintain a hardware wallet or software
2	wallet for the purpose of facilitating the individ-
3	ual's own lawful custody of digital assets; and
4	(B) engage in direct, peer-to-peer trans-
5	actions in digital assets with another individual
6	or entity for the individual's own lawful pur-
7	poses using a hardware wallet or software wal-
8	let, if—
9	(i) such other individual or entity is
10	not a financial institution (as defined in
11	section 5312 of title 31, United States
12	Code); and
13	(ii) the transactions do not involve
14	any property or interests in property that
15	are blocked pursuant to, or are otherwise
16	prohibited by, United States sanctions.
17	(2) APPLICATION.—This subsection—
18	(A) applies solely to personal use by indi-
19	viduals; and
20	(B) does not apply to individuals acting in
21	a custodial or fiduciary capacity for others.
22	(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
23	subsection shall be construed to limit the authority
24	of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Securities and
25	Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures

1	Trading Commission, the Board of Governors of the
2	Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Cur-
3	rency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
4	or the National Credit Union Administration to
5	carry out any enforcement action or special measure
6	authorized under applicable law, including—
7	(A) the Bank Secrecy Act, section 9714 of
8	the Combating Russian Money Laundering Act
9	(31 U.S.C. 5318A note), and section 7213A of
10	the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313a);
11	or
12	(B) any other law relating to illicit finance,
13	money laundering, terrorism financing, or
14	United States sanctions.
15	(d) Joint Rulemaking, Procedures, or Guid-
16	ANCE FOR DELISTING.—Not later than 180 days after the
17	
	date of the enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures
18	date of the enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange
18 19	
	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange
19	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, or guid-
19 20	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, or guid- ance (as determined appropriate by the Commissions) re-
19 20 21	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, or guid- ance (as determined appropriate by the Commissions) re- garding the process to delist an asset for trading under
19 20 21 22	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, or guid- ance (as determined appropriate by the Commissions) re- garding the process to delist an asset for trading under section 106 of this Act if the Commissions determine that

(e) JOINT RULES FOR PORTFOLIO MARGINING DE TERMINATIONS.—

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 360 days 4 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the 5 Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the 6 Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly 7 issue rules describing the process for persons reg-8 istered with either such Commission to seek a joint 9 order or determination with respect to margin, cus-10 tomer protection, segregation, or other requirements 11 as necessary to facilitate portfolio margining of secu-12 rities (including related extensions of credit), secu-13 rity-based swaps, contracts for future delivery, op-14 tions on a contract for future delivery, swaps, and 15 digital commodities, or any subset thereof, in—

16 (A) a securities account carried by a reg17 istered broker or dealer or a security-based
18 swap account carried by a registered security19 based swap dealer;

20 (B) a futures or cleared swap account car21 ried by a registered futures commission mer22 chant;

23 (C) a swap account carried by a swap deal24 er; or

1	(D) a digital commodity account carried by
2	a registered digital commodity broker or digital
3	commodity dealer that is also registered in such
4	other capacity as is necessary to also carry the
5	other customer or counterparty positions being
6	held in the account.
7	(2) PROCESS.—With respect to a joint order or
8	determination described in paragraph (1), the rules
9	required to be issued pursuant to paragraph (1)
10	shall require—
11	(A) the joint order or determination to be
12	issued only if the order or determination is in
13	the public interest and provides for the appro-
14	priate protection of customers;
15	(B) applicants to file a standard applica-
16	tion, in a form and manner determined by the
17	Securities and Exchange Commission and the
18	Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
19	which shall include the information necessary to
20	make the joint order or determination;
21	(C) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
23	mission to make a final determination not later
24	than 270 days after the filing of a completed
25	application;

1 (D) the Securities and Exchange Commis-2 sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-3 mission to consider the public interest of the 4 joint order or determination through the solici-5 tation of public comments; and

6 (E) the Securities and Exchange Commis-7 sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-8 mission to consult with other relevant foreign or 9 domestic regulators, including the Board of 10 Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the 11 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the 12 Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, as 13 appropriate.

14 (f) CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS TO ADDRESS NETTING 15 AGREEMENTS.—No later than 360 days following the date of enactment of this Act, the Board of Governors of the 16 Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, 17 18 and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall de-19 velop risk-based and leverage capital requirements for in-20 sured depository institutions, depository institution hold-21 ing companies, and nonbank financial companies super-22 vised by the Board of Governors that address netting 23 agreements that provide for termination and close-out net-24 ting across multiple types of financial transactions, consistent with subsection (e), in the event of a counterparty's
 default.

3 SEC. 106. REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY EX4 CHANGES, BROKERS, AND DEALERS; PROVI5 SIONAL STATUS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Unless exempted from registra-7 tion under section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, 8 a person shall not act as a digital commodity broker, dig-9 ital commodity dealer, or digital commodity exchange 10 within 270 days after the date of the enactment of this 11 Act, unless, as the case may be, the person is registered 12 as a—

13 (1) digital commodity broker pursuant to sec-14 tion 4u of the Commodity Exchange Act;

(2) digital commodity dealer pursuant to sec-tion 4u of the Commodity Exchange Act; or

17 (3) digital commodity exchange pursuant to sec-18 tion 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act.

19 (b) Provisional Status.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—A person who is registered
21 in accordance with subsection (a) of this section
22 shall be in provisional status until—

23 (A) in the case of a digital commodity
24 broker or dealer, 270 days after the final effec-

1	tive date of the rulemakings required under sec-
2	tion 4u of the Commodity Exchange Act; or
3	(B) in the case of a digital commodity ex-
4	change, 270 days after the final effective date
5	of the rulemakings required under section 5i of
6	such Act.
7	(2) PAYMENT OF FEES.—A person in provi-
8	sional status shall pay all fees required under section
9	410.
10	(c) Operations Prior to Regulations.—
11	(1) Requirements.—A person in provisional
12	status shall apply and be subject to the statutory re-
13	quirements of this Act and any rules or regulations
14	promulgated under this Act, as applicable.
15	(2) LISTINGS.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraph (B), a person in provisional sta-
18	tus may continue to offer, solicit, trade, facili-
19	tate, execute, clear, report, or otherwise deal in
20	any digital asset offered on or through the fa-
21	cilities of the person before the date of registra-
22	tion under this section, until such time as the
23	joint rulemaking on definitions required under
24	section 105(a) is effective.

1	(B) Delisting.—Before the effective date
2	of the joint rulemaking on definitions under
3	section 105(a), person in provisional status
4	shall cease offering, soliciting, trading, facili-
5	tating, executing, clearing, reporting, or other-
6	wise dealing in any digital asset required to be
7	delisted pursuant to a joint delisting process es-
8	tablished under section 105(d).
9	SEC. 107. COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT AND SECURITIES
10	LAWS SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act shall affect
12	or apply to, or be interpreted to affect or apply to—
13	(1) any agreement, contract, or transaction that
14	is subject to the Commodity Exchange Act as—
15	(A) a contract of sale of a commodity for
16	future delivery or an option on such a contract;
17	(B) a swap;
18	(C) a security futures product;
19	(D) an option authorized under section 4c
20	of such Act;
21	(E) an agreement, contract, or transaction
22	described in section $2(c)(2)(C)(i)$ of such Act;
23	or
24	(F) a leverage transaction authorized
25	under section 19 of such Act;

1	(2) any agreement, contract, or transaction that
2	is subject to the securities laws as—
3	(A) a security-based swap;
4	(B) a security futures product; or
5	(C) an option on or based on the value of
6	a security; or
7	(3) the activities of any person with respect to
8	any such agreement, contract, or transaction.
9	(b) Prohibitions on Spot Digital Commodity
10	ENTITIES.—Nothing in this Act authorizes, or shall be in-
11	terpreted to authorize, a digital commodity exchange, dig-
12	ital commodity broker, or digital commodity dealer to en-
13	gage in any activities involving any transaction, contract,
14	or agreement described in subsection $(a)(1)$, solely by vir-
15	tue of being registered as a digital commodity exchange,
16	digital commodity broker, or digital commodity dealer.
17	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, each term shall
18	have the meaning provided in the Commodity Exchange
19	Act or the regulations prescribed under such Act.
20	SEC. 108. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS.
21	Section $4c(a)$ of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
22	U.S.C. 6c(a)) is amended—
23	(1) in paragraph (3) —
24	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
25	at the end;

1	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
2	period and inserting "; or"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(D) a contract of sale of a digital com-
5	modity.";
6	(2) in paragraph (4) —
7	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
8	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
9	the end;
10	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the pe-
11	riod and inserting "; or"; and
12	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
15	commodity.";
16	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
17	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
18	the end;
19	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the pe-
20	riod and inserting "; or"; and
21	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
24	commodity."; and
25	

1	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
2	the end;
3	(ii) by striking "(iii) a swap, provided
4	however," and inserting the following:
5	"(iii) a swap; or
6	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
7	commodity,
8	provided, however,"; and
9	(iii) by striking "clauses (i), (ii), or
10	(iii)" and insert "any of clauses (i)
11	through (iv)".
12	SEC. 109. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.
13	In order to promote greater consistency in effective
14	and consistent global regulation of digital assets, the Com-
15	modity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities
16	and Exchange Commission, as appropriate—
17	(1) shall consult and coordinate with foreign
18	regulatory authorities on the application of con-
19	sistent international standards with respect to the
20	regulation of digital assets; and
21	(2) may enter into such information-sharing ar-
22	rangements as may be deemed to be necessary or
23	appropriate in the public interest or for the protec-
24	tion of investors, customers, and users of digital as-
25	sets.

	52
1	SEC. 110. APPLICATION OF THE BANK SECRECY ACT.
2	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5312(c)(1)(A) of title 31,
3	United States Code, is amended—
4	(1) by inserting "digital commodity broker, dig-
5	ital commodity dealer," after "futures commission
6	merchant,"; and
7	(2) by inserting before the period the following:
8	"and any digital commodity exchange registered, or
9	required to register, under the Commodity Exchange
10	Act which permits direct customer access".
11	(b) GAO STUDY.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of
13	the United States, in consultation with the Secretary
14	of the Treasury, shall conduct a study to—
15	(A) assess the risks posed by centralized
16	intermediaries that are primarily located in for-
17	eign jurisdictions that provide services to U.S.
18	persons without regulatory requirements that
19	are substantially similar to the requirements of
20	the Bank Secrecy Act; and
21	(B) provide any regulatory or legislative
22	recommendations to address these risks under
23	subparagraph (A).
24	(2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller Gen-
26	eral shall issue a report to Congress containing all

findings and determinations made in carrying out
 the study required under paragraph (1).

3 SEC. 111. IMPLEMENTATION.

4 (a) GLOBAL RULEMAKING TIMEFRAME.—Unless oth-5 erwise provided in this Act or an amendment made by this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the 6 7 Securities and Exchange Commission, or both, shall indi-8 vidually, and jointly where required, promulgate rules and 9 regulations required of each Commission under this Act or an amendment made by this Act not later than 360 10 days after the date of enactment of this Act. 11

12 (b) RULES AND REGISTRATION BEFORE FINAL EF-13 FECTIVE DATES.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—In order to prepare for the
15 implementation of this Act, the Commodity Futures
16 Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex17 change Commission may, before any effective date
18 provided in this Act—

19 (A) promulgate rules, regulations, or or20 ders permitted or required by this Act;
21 (B) conduct studies and prepare reports
22 and recommendations required by this Act;
23 (C) register persons under this Act; and

1	(D) exempt persons, agreements, contracts,
2	or transactions from provisions of this Act,
3	under the terms contained in this Act.
4	(2) Limitation on effectiveness.—An ac-
5	tion by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
6	or the Securities and Exchange Commission under
7	paragraph (1) shall not become effective before the
8	effective date otherwise applicable to the action
9	under this Act.
10	TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF
11	DIGITAL COMMODITIES
12	SEC. 201. TREATMENT OF INVESTMENT CONTRACT ASSETS.
13	(a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 2(a) of the
14	Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)), as amended
15	by section 101, is further amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the
17	following: "The term 'investment contract' does not
18	include an investment contract asset."; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(36) The term 'investment contract asset'
21	means a digital commodity—
22	"(A) that can be exclusively possessed and
23	transferred, person to person, without necessary
24	reliance on an intermediary, and is recorded on
25	a blockchain; and

"(B) sold or otherwise transferred, or in tended to be sold or otherwise transferred, pur suant to an investment contract.".

4 (b) INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940.—Section 5 202(a)(18) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15) U.S.C. 80b-2(a)(18) is amended by adding at the end 6 7 the following: "The term 'investment contract' does not 8 include an investment contract asset (as such term is de-9 fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933).". 10 (c) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—Section 2(a)(36) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15) 11 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(36)) is amended by adding at the end 12 the following: "The term 'investment contract' does not 13 include an investment contract asset (as such term is de-14 15 fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933).". 16 (d) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 17 18 U.S.C. 78c(a)(10) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The term 'investment contract' does not in-19 20clude an investment contract asset (as such term is de-21 fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933).". 22 (e) Securities Investor Protection Act of 23 1970.—Section 16(14) of the Securities Investor Protec-24 tion Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78lll(14)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The term 'investment con-25

tract' does not include an investment contract asset (as
 such term is defined under section 2(a) of the Securities
 Act of 1933).".

4 SEC. 202. EXEMPTED PRIMARY TRANSACTIONS IN DIGITAL 5 COMMODITIES.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Securities Act of 1933 (15
7 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) is amended—

8 (1) in section 4(a), by adding at the end the9 following:

"(8) the offer or sale of an investment contract
involving units of a digital commodity by its digital
commodity issuer (including all entities controlled by
or under common control with the issuer), if—

14 "(A) the blockchain system to which the 15 digital commodity relates, together with the dig-16 ital commodity, is certified as a mature 17 blockchain system under section 42 of the Secu-18 rities Exchange Act of 1934 or the issuer in-19 tends for the blockchain system to which the 20 digital commodity relates to be a mature 21 blockchain system by the later of—

22 "(i) the date that is four years after
23 the first sale of the investment contract in24 volving such digital commodity; or

1	"(ii) the date that is four years after
2	the effective date of this paragraph;

3 "(B) the sum of all cash and other consid-4 eration to be received by the digital commodity 5 issuer in reliance on the exemption provided 6 under this paragraph, during the 12-month period preceding the date of such offering, includ-7 8 ing the amount received in such offering, is not 9 more than \$75,000,000 (as such amount is an-10 nually adjusted by the Commission to reflect 11 the change in the Consumer Price Index for All 12 Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of 13 Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor);

"(C) after the completion of the transaction, a purchaser does not own more than 10
percent of the total amount of the outstanding
units of the digital commodity;

18 "(D) the transaction does not involve the
19 offer or sale of an investment contract involving
20 units of a digital commodity by its digital com21 modity issuer that—

22 "(i) is not organized under the laws of
23 a State, a territory of the United States,
24 or the District of Columbia;

1	"(ii) is a development stage company
2	that either—
3	"(I) has no specific business plan
4	or purpose; or
5	"(II) has indicated that the busi-
6	ness plan of the company is to merge
7	with or acquire an unidentified com-
8	pany;
9	"(iii) is an investment company, as
10	defined in section 3 of the Investment
11	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3),
12	or is excluded from the definition of invest-
13	ment company by section 3(b) or section
14	3(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C. $80a-3(b)$ or
15	80a–3(c));
16	"(iv) is issuing fractional undivided
17	interests in oil or gas rights, or a similar
18	interest in other mineral rights;
19	"(v) is, or has been, subject to any
20	order of the Commission entered pursuant
21	to section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange
22	Act of 1934 during the 5-year period be-
23	fore the filing of the offering statement; or

1	"(vi) is disqualified pursuant to sec-
2	tion 230.262 of title 17, Code of Federal
3	Regulations; and
4	"(E) the issuer meets the requirements of
5	section 4B(b)."; and
6	(2) by inserting after section 4A the following:
7	"SEC. 4B. REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN DIG-
8	ITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.
9	"(a) Commission Jurisdiction.—For the purposes
10	of this section:
11	"(1) The Commission shall have jurisdiction
12	and enforcement authority with respect to disclo-
13	sures described in this section.
14	"(2) Section 17 shall apply to a statement
15	made in an offering statement, disclosure, or report
16	filed under this section to the same extent as such
17	section 17 applies to a statement made in any other
18	offering statement, disclosure, or report filed under
19	this Act.
20	"(b) Requirements for Digital Commodity
21	Issuers.—
22	"(1) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A digital com-
23	modity issuer offering or selling an investment con-
24	tract involving units of a digital commodity in reli-
25	ance on section $4(a)(8)$ shall file with the Commis-

1 sion an offering statement and any related docu-2 ments, in such form and with such content as pre-3 scribed by the Commission, including financial infor-4 mation, a description of the issuer and the oper-5 ations of the issuer, the financial condition of the 6 issuer, a description of the plan of distribution of 7 any unit of a digital commodity that is to be offered 8 as well as the intended use of the offering proceeds, 9 and a description of the development plan for the 10 blockchain system, and the related digital com-11 modity, to become a mature blockchain system, if 12 such blockchain system is not already certified as a 13 mature blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of 14 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a 15 et seq.).

(2)16 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR PUR-17 CHASERS.—A digital commodity issuer that has filed 18 a statement under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an 19 investment contract involving a unit of a digital 20 commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall in-21 clude in such statement the following information:

"(A) MATURITY STATUS.—Whether the
blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates has been certified as a mature
blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of the

1 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 2 78a et seq.) and, where such blockchain system 3 is not so certified, a statement of the digital 4 commodity issuer's intent for the blockchain 5 system to which the digital commodity relates 6 to be a mature blockchain system within the 7 time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A).

8 "(B) SOURCE CODE.—The source code, or 9 a publicly accessible webpage displaying such 10 source code, for any blockchain system to which 11 the digital commodity relates, and whether the 12 source code was sourced from an external third 13 party, whether there are any existing external 14 dependencies, and whether the code underwent 15 a third-party security audit.

16 "(C) TRANSACTION HISTORY.—A descrip-17 tion of the steps necessary to independently ac-18 cess, search, and verify the transaction history 19 of any blockchain system to which the digital 20 commodity relates, to the extent any such inde-21 pendent access, search, and verification activi-22 ties are technically feasible with respect to such 23 blockchain system.

24 "(D) DIGITAL COMMODITY ECONOMICS.—
25 A description of the purpose of any blockchain

2

3

62

system to which the digital commodity relates and the operation of any such blockchain system, including—

4 "(i) information explaining the launch and supply process, including the number 5 6 of units of the digital commodity to be 7 issued in an initial allocation, the total 8 number of units of the digital commodity 9 to be created, the release schedule for the units of the digital commodity, and the 10 11 total number of units of the digital com-12 modity outstanding;

13 "(ii) information explaining the tech14 nical requirements for holding, accessing,
15 and transferring the digital commodity;

"(iii) information on any applicable
consensus mechanism or process for validating transactions, method of generating
or mining digital commodities, and any
process for burning or destroying units of
the digital commodity on the blockchain
system;

23 "(iv) an explanation of any mecha24 nism for driving value to the digital com25 modity of such blockchain system; and

"(v) 1 an explanation of governance 2 mechanisms for implementing changes to the blockchain system or forming con-3 4 sensus among holders of units of such dig-5 ital commodity. 6 "(E) PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT.—The cur-7 rent state and timeline for the development of 8 any blockchain system to which the digital com-9 modity relates, detailing how and when the 10 blockchain system is intended to be a mature 11 blockchain system, if the blockchain system is 12 not yet certified as a mature blockchain system, 13 and the various roles that exist or are intended 14 to exist in connection with the blockchain sys-15 tem, such as users, service providers, devel-16 opers, transaction validators, and governance 17 participants, including a discussion of any 18 mechanisms by which control or authority are 19 exerted with respect to the blockchain system or 20 its related digital commodity, and any critical 21 operational dependencies of the blockchain sys-22 tem or its related digital commodity. 23 "(F) OWNERSHIP DISCLOSURES.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A list of all persons who are digital commodity related

24

1	persons or digital commodity affiliated per-
2	sons who have been issued a unit of the
3	digital commodity by the digital commodity
4	issuer or have a right to a unit of the dig-
5	ital commodity from the digital commodity
6	issuer.
7	"(ii) Confidentiality.—The Com-
8	mission shall keep each list described
9	under clause (i) confidential, consistent
10	with what is necessary or appropriate in
11	the public interest or for the protection of
12	investors.
13	"(G) RISK FACTOR DISCLOSURES.—A de-
14	scription of the material risks surrounding own-
15	ership of a unit of a digital commodity.
16	"(3) Ongoing disclosure requirements
17	FOR MATURING BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.—Subject to
18	paragraph (5), the issuer of a digital commodity re-
19	lated to a blockchain system that is not yet certified
20	as a mature blockchain system that has filed a state-
21	ment under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an in-
22	vestment contract involving a unit of a digital com-
23	modity in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$ shall file the
24	following with the Commission:

1	"(A) SEMIANNUAL REPORTS.—Every 6
2	months, a report containing—
3	"(i) an updated description of the cur-
4	rent state and timeline for the development
5	of the blockchain system to which the dig-
6	ital commodity relates, showing how and
7	when the blockchain is intended to be a
8	mature blockchain system;
9	"(ii) a description of the efforts of the
10	issuer and digital commodity related per-
11	sons in developing the blockchain system to
12	which the digital commodity relates; and
13	"(iii) the amount of money raised by
14	the digital commodity issuer in reliance on
15	section $4(a)(8)$, how much of that money
16	has been spent, and the general categories
17	of activities for which that money has been
18	spent and amounts spent per category.
19	"(B) CURRENT REPORTS.—A current re-
20	port reflecting any material changes relevant to
21	the information previously reported to the Com-
22	mission by the digital commodity issuer, which
23	shall be filed as soon as practicable after the
24	material change occurred, in accordance with
25	such rules as the Commission may prescribe as

necessary or appropriate in the public interest
 or for the protection of investors.
 "(4) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 360 days
 after the date of the enactment of this section, the

Commission shall prescribe rules on requirements
applicable to issuers of digital commodities in reliance on section 4(a)(8).

8 "(5) TERMINATION OF CERTAIN REPORTING
9 REQUIREMENTS; POST-MATURITY REPORTING RE10 QUIREMENTS.—

11 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The ongoing reporting 12 requirements under paragraph (3) shall not 13 apply to a digital commodity issuer 180 days 14 after the end of the covered fiscal year, if the 15 information with respect to the digital com-16 modity and the blockchain system to which it 17 relates described in subparagraphs (A) through 18 (C) of paragraph (2) is made publicly available 19 and the disclosure requirements under subpara-20 graph (C) of this paragraph are satisfied.

21 "(B) COVERED FISCAL YEAR DEFINED.—
22 In this paragraph, the term 'covered fiscal year'
23 means, with respect to a digital commodity, the
24 first fiscal year of a digital commodity issuer in
25 which the blockchain system to which such dig-

2

3

67

ital commodity relates is certified as a mature blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

"(C) **POST-MATURITY** 4 REPORTING RE-5 QUIREMENTS.—After the blockchain system to 6 which a digital commodity relates is certified as 7 a mature blockchain system under section 42 of 8 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, any dig-9 ital commodity issuer that has filed a statement 10 under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an invest-11 ment contract involving a unit of a digital com-12 modity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) and is en-13 gaged in material ongoing efforts related to the 14 mature blockchain system shall disclose, in a 15 manner reasonably calculated to inform the 16 public, and at such frequency as the Commis-17 sion may prescribe, by rule, a description of 18 such efforts, including—

19 "(i) any participation in a decentral20 ized governance system of such blockchain
21 system;

22 "(ii) any participation in alterations
23 or proposed alterations to the functionality
24 or operation of such blockchain system;

1	"(iii) the use or planned use of any
2	funds raised in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$
3	or any rulemaking pursuant to section
4	202(d) of the CLARITY Act of 2025 in
5	such efforts;
6	"(iv) the amount of units of the dig-
7	ital commodity, or rights thereto, owned
8	and controlled by such issuer and any use,
9	sale, trading, or other disposition thereof;
10	and
11	"(v) any affiliations of such issuer
12	material to the efforts of such issuer.
13	"(D) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
14	in subparagraph (C) may be construed to make
15	any digital commodity described in such sub-
16	paragraph a security.
17	"(c) Requirements for Intermediaries.—A per-
18	son acting as an intermediary in connection with the offer
19	or sale of an investment contract involving units of a dig-
20	ital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall—
21	"(1) register with the Commission as a broker
22	or dealer; and
23	"(2) be a member of a national securities asso-
24	ciation registered under section 15A of the Securi-
25	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–3).

"(d) DISQUALIFICATION PROVISIONS.—The Commis sion shall issue rules to apply the disqualification provi sions under section 230.262 of title 17, Code of Federal
 Regulations, to the exemption provided under section
 4(a)(8).

6 "(e) Failure To Mature.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days 7 after the date of the enactment of this section, the 8 9 Commission shall issue rules applying such addi-10 tional obligations and disclosures for the digital com-11 modity issuers, digital commodity related persons, 12 and digital commodity affiliated persons of a 13 blockchain system described under subsection (b)(1)14 that does not become a mature blockchain system 15 within the time period described in section 16 4(a)(8)(A) as are necessary or appropriate in the 17 public interest or for the protection of investors. 18 Such obligations and disclosures shall include the 19 following:

20 "(A) DISCLOSURES.—Disclosures regard21 ing the following:
22 "(i) FAILURE TO MATURE.—The ma23 terial reasons that the blockchain system
24 has not become a mature blockchain sys-

1	tem within the time period described in
2	section $4(a)(8)(A)$.
3	"(ii) Development plans.—The fu-
4	ture plans of development of the
5	blockchain system, including information
6	required under subsection $(b)(3)$.
7	"(iii) RISK FACTOR DISCLOSURES.—
8	The material risks surrounding ownership
9	of a unit of a digital commodity that re-
10	lates to a blockchain system described
11	under subsection $(b)(1)$ that has not be-
12	come a mature blockchain system within
13	the time period described in section
14	4(a)(8)(A).
15	"(B) Obligations.—Transaction report-
16	ing and beneficial ownership disclosure obliga-
17	tions applicable to digital commodity related
18	persons and digital commodity affiliated per-
19	sons of such blockchain system.
20	"(2) QUALIFICATION REQUIRED.—The Com-
21	mission may not permit any additional raising of
22	capital by the issuer of a digital commodity related
23	to a blockchain system described under subsection
24	(a)(1) that has not become a mature blockchain sys-
25	tem within the time period described in section

1	4(a)(8)(A) unless the Commission has qualified any
2	offering statement related to such additional raising
3	of capital.".
4	(b) Additional Exemptions.—
5	(1) Certain registration requirements.—
6	Section $12(g)(6)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of
7	1934 (15 U.S.C. $78l(g)(6)$) is amended by striking
8	"under section $4(6)$ " and inserting "under section
9	4(a)(6) or $4(a)(8)$ ".
10	(2) EXEMPTION FROM STATE REGULATION.—
11	Section $18(b)(4)$ of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
12	U.S.C. $77r(b)(4)$) is amended—
13	(A) in section (B), by striking "section
14	4(4)" and inserting "section $4(a)(4)$ ";
15	(B) in section (C), by striking "section
16	4(6)" and inserting "section $4(a)(6)$ ";
17	(C) in subparagraph (F)—
18	(i) by striking "section $4(2)$ " each
19	place such term appears and inserting
20	"section $4(a)(2)$ "; and
21	(ii) by striking "or" at the end;
22	(D) in subparagraph (G), by striking the
23	period and inserting "; or"; and
24	(E) by adding at the end the following:

2	(1) REPORTING EXCEPTION.—With respect to a
3	digital commodity, the digital commodity issuer shall
4	not be required to file the reports otherwise required
5	under section $4B(b)(3)$ of the Securities Act of 1933
6	(or, with respect to a digital commodity not issued
7	in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$ of the Securities Act
8	of 1933, a comparable set of reports specified by the
9	Securities and Exchange Commission), if the digital
10	commodity issuer—
11	(A) last offered or sold an investment con-
12	tract involving a unit of the digital commodity
13	prior to January 1, 2020; or
14	(B) both—
15	(i) last offered or sold an investment
16	contract involving a unit of the digital
17	commodity between January 1, 2020, and
18	June 1, 2025; and
19	(ii) is no longer engaged in material
20	ongoing efforts related to the blockchain
21	system to which the digital commodity re-
22	lates.
23	(2) Reporting application date for cer-
24	TAIN PRIOR ISSUERS.—With respect to a digital
25	commodity, if the digital commodity issuer is en-

1 gaged in material ongoing efforts related to the 2 blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates and last offered and sold an investment con-3 4 tract involving a unit of the digital commodity be-5 tween January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, the dig-6 ital commodity issuer shall file with the Commission 7 a comparable set of reports to the reports described 8 under, as applicable, section 4B(b)(3)or 9 4B(b)(5)(C) of the Securities Act of 1933, where re-10 quired by the Commission, not later than one year 11 after the effective date of this section.

12 (d) USE OF OTHER EXEMPTIONS.—

13 (1) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this 14 section or the amendments made by this section may 15 be construed as prohibiting the offer or sale of an 16 investment contract involving units of a digital com-17 modity in reliance on an exemption provided under 18 section 3, 4(a), or 19 of the Securities Act of 1933 19 other than that provided under section 4(a)(8) of the 20 Securities Act of 1933.

21 (2) RULEMAKING.—The Securities and Ex22 change Commission may issue rules—

23 (A) to permit the issuer of a digital com24 modity related to a blockchain system described
25 under section 4B(b)(1) of the Securities Act of

1	1933 that has not become a mature blockchain
2	system within the time period described in sec-
3	tion $4(a)(8)(A)$ of such Act to raise capital pur-
4	suant to an exempt offering, if the Commission
5	qualifies any offering statement related to such
6	raising of capital; and
7	(B) for the offer and sale of investment
8	contracts involving units of a digital commodity
9	by issuers that are not organized under the
10	laws of a State, a territory of the United
11	States, or the District of Columbia.
12	SEC. 203. TREATMENT OF SECONDARY TRANSACTIONS IN
13	DIGITAL COMMODITIES THAT ORIGINALLY
13 14	DIGITAL COMMODITIES THAT ORIGINALLY INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.
14	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.
14 15	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) Secondary Market Treatment.—Notwith-
14 15 16	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.(a)SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith-standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of
14 15 16 17	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith- standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a digital commodity that originally involved an investment
14 15 16 17 18	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith- standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a digital commodity that originally involved an investment contract by a person other than the issuer of such digital
14 15 16 17 18 19	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith- standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a digital commodity that originally involved an investment contract by a person other than the issuer of such digital commodity, or an agent or underwriter thereof, shall be
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith- standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a digital commodity that originally involved an investment contract by a person other than the issuer of such digital commodity, or an agent or underwriter thereof, shall be deemed not to be an offer or sale of the investment con-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS. (a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Notwith- standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a digital commodity that originally involved an investment contract by a person other than the issuer of such digital commodity, or an agent or underwriter thereof, shall be deemed not to be an offer or sale of the investment con- tract originally involving the digital commodity between

1	(1) the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a
2	et seq.);
3	(2) the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15)
4	U.S.C. 80b–1 et seq.);
5	(3) the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15)
6	U.S.C. 80a–1 et seq.);
7	(4) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15)
8	U.S.C. 78a et seq.);
9	(5) the Securities Investor Protection Act of
10	1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.); and
11	(6) any applicable provisions of State law.
12	(b) End User Distributions Not an Offer or
13	SALE OF A SECURITY.—An end user distribution does not
14	involve the offer or sale of a security.
15	(c) AGENT DEFINED.—In this section and with re-
16	spect to a digital commodity issuer, the term "agent"
17	means any person directly or indirectly controlled by the
18	issuer or under direct or indirect common control with the
19	issuer.

SEC. 204. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.

5 The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.),
6 as amended by section 202, is further amended by insert7 ing after section 4B the following:

8 "SEC. 4C. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG-

9 ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY
10 RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM11 MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.

12 "(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be a violation of this Act 13 for a digital commodity affiliated person or a digital com-14 modity related person to offer or sell a digital commodity 15 acquired directly from its issuer, or an agent or under-16 writer thereof, pursuant to an investment contract in reli-17 ance on section 4(a)(8) or another exemption under this 18 Act, other than as provided in this section.

19 "(b) Commission Jurisdiction.—

"(1) Where a digital commodity affiliated person or a digital commodity related person offers or
sells a digital commodity acquired directly from its
issuer, or an agent or underwriter thereof, pursuant
to an investment contract in reliance on section
4(a)(8), or another exemption under this Act, other
than as provided in this section, such digital com-

modity affiliated person or digital commodity related
 person shall be considered an issuer of such invest ment contract.

4 "(2) For the purposes of this section, the Com5 mission shall have jurisdiction and enforcement au6 thority with respect to an offer or sale of a digital
7 commodity described in subsection (a).

8 "(c) RESTRICTIONS ON DIGITAL COMMODITY RE9 LATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED
10 PERSONS.—

11 "(1) PRIOR TO BEING A MATURE BLOCKCHAIN 12 SYSTEM.—Prior to the blockchain system to which a 13 digital commodity relates being certified as a mature 14 blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities 15 Exchange Act of 1934, units of the digital com-16 modity acquired by a digital commodity related per-17 son or digital commodity affiliated person directly 18 from its issuer, or an agent or underwriter thereof, 19 pursuant to an investment contract in reliance on 20 section 4(a)(8), or another exemption under this 21 Act, may be offered or sold by such digital com-22 modity related person or digital commodity affiliated 23 person if—

24 "(A) reports with respect to such digital25 commodity, where required under section

1	4B(b)(3) (or, with respect to a digital com-
2	modity not issued in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$,
3	a comparable set of reports where required by
4	the Commission) have been filed with the Com-
5	mission;
6	"(B) the digital commodity related person
7	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
8	the units for not less than 12 months from the
9	date the units were delivered; and
10	"(C) the aggregate amount of the units of
11	the digital commodity offered or sold by the
12	digital commodity related person or digital com-
13	modity affiliated person is—
14	"(i) in any 12-month period, not
15	greater than 15 percent of the total units
16	of the digital commodity acquired directly
17	from its issuer by the digital commodity
18	related person or digital commodity affili-
19	ated person; and
20	"(ii) not greater than 50 percent of
21	the total units of the digital commodity ac-
21 22	the total units of the digital commodity ac- quired directly from its issuer by the dig-

1	"(2) AFTER BECOMING A MATURE BLOCKCHAIN
2	SYSTEM.—After the blockchain system to which a
3	digital commodity relates is certified as a mature
4	blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities
5	Exchange Act of 1934, units of the digital com-
6	modity acquired by a digital commodity related per-
7	son or digital commodity affiliated person directly
8	from its issuer, or the issuer's agent or underwriter,
9	pursuant to an investment contract in reliance on
10	section $4(a)(8)$ or another exemption under this Act,
11	may be—
12	"(A) offered or sold by a digital commodity
13	related person; or
14	"(B) offered or sold by a digital com-
15	modity affiliated person if—
16	"(i) information described in section
17	4B(b)(5)(C), where required (or, with re-
18	spect to a digital commodity not issued in
19	reliance on section $4(a)(8)$, a comparable
20	set of information, where required) is pub-
21	licly available;
22	"(ii) the digital commodity affiliated
23	person has held the units for not less than
24	the earlier of—

1	"(I) 12 months from the date the
2	units were delivered; or
3	"(II) 3 months following the date
4	on which the blockchain system is cer-
5	tified as a mature blockchain system
6	under section 42 of the Securities Ex-
7	change Act of 1934; and
8	"(iii) the aggregate amount of the
9	units of the digital commodity offered or
10	sold by the digital commodity affiliated
11	person in any 12-month period does not
12	exceed the greater of—
13	"(I) 8 percent of the total out-
14	standing amount of the digital com-
15	modity; or
16	((II) 25 percent of the total
17	units of the digital commodity ac-
18	quired directly from its issuer by the
19	digital commodity affiliated person.
20	"(d) Use of a Digital Commodity in the Pro-
21	GRAMMATIC FUNCTIONING OF THE BLOCKCHAIN SYS-
22	TEM.—For purposes of this section, the use of a digital
23	commodity in the programmatic functioning of the
24	blockchain system to which it relates is not an offer or
25	sale of a digital commodity.

"(e) MANIPULATIVE AND DECEPTIVE DEVICES; RE PORTING.—

3 "(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any 4 digital commodity issuer, digital commodity related 5 person, or digital commodity affiliated person, di-6 rectly or indirectly, by the use of any means or in-7 strumentality of interstate commerce or of the mails. 8 to use or employ, in connection with the purchase or 9 sale of any digital commodity, any manipulative or 10 deceptive device or contrivance in contravention of 11 such rules and regulations as the Commission may 12 prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public 13 interest or for the protection of investors.

14 "(2) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—Not later than 15 270 days after the date of the enactment of this sec-16 tion, the Commission shall issue rules to implement 17 paragraph (1), including by providing any affirma-18 tive defenses to an enforcement action thereunder as 19 the Commission may prescribe as necessary or ap-20 propriate in the public interest or for the protection 21 of investors.

"(3) REPORTING.—Not later than 270 days
after the date of the enactment of this section, the
Commission shall issue rules to prescribe such transaction reporting and beneficial ownership disclosure

obligations applicable to digital commodity related
 persons and digital commodity affiliated persons, as
 necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for
 the protection of investors.

5 "(4) DIFFERENTIATION BETWEEN PERSONS.— 6 In issuing rules required under paragraphs (2) and 7 (3), the Commission shall differentiate between dig-8 ital commodity related persons and digital com-9 modity affiliated persons as necessary or appropriate 10 in the public interest or for the protection of inves-11 tors.

12 "(f) RULES FOR PREVIOUSLY-ISSUED DIGITAL COM-13 MODITIES.—

"(1) UNITS RECEIVED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1,
2020.—If a unit of a digital commodity was received
by a digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person prior to January 1, 2020,
the unit of the digital commodity may be offered or
sold by the digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person without condition.

21 "(2) CERTAIN UNITS RELATED TO A NON-MA22 TURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—If a unit of a digital
23 commodity was received by a digital commodity re24 lated person or digital commodity affiliated person
25 between January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, and

1	the blockchain system to which the digital com-
2	modity relates is not certified as a mature
3	blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities
4	Exchange Act of 1934, the unit of the digital asset
5	may be offered or sold by a digital commodity re-
6	lated person or digital commodity affiliated person
7	if—
8	"(A) reports with respect to such digital
9	commodity comparable to the reports described
10	under section $4B(b)(3)$, where required by the
11	Commission, have been filed with the Commis-
12	sion;
13	"(B) the digital commodity related person
14	or digital commodity affiliated person meets
15	any requirements pursuant to subsection $(e)(3)$;
16	and
17	"(C) the digital commodity related person
18	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
19	the units for not less than 12 months from the
20	date the units were delivered.
21	((3) Certain units related to a mature
22	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—If a unit of a digital com-
23	modity was received by a digital commodity related
24	person or digital commodity affiliated person be-
25	tween January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, and the

1	blockchain system to which the digital commodity re-
2	lates is certified as a mature blockchain system
3	under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of
4	1934, it may be offered or sold by a digital com-
5	modity related person or digital commodity affiliated
6	person if—
7	"(A) information described in section
8	4B(b)(5)(C) or comparable thereto, where re-
9	quired by the Commission, is publicly available;
10	and
11	"(B) the digital commodity related person
12	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
13	the units for not less than 12 months from the
14	date the units were delivered.
15	"(g) Rulemaking on Further Usage of Digital
16	COMMODITIES.—Not later than 270 days after the date
17	of enactment of this section, the Commission may issue
18	rules to exempt, unconditionally or on stated terms or con-
19	ditions, a digital commodity related person or a digital
20	commodity affiliated person from the requirements of this
21	section for the offer or sale of a digital commodity in order
22	to foster the development of mature blockchain systems
23	and fair and orderly markets.".

1 SEC. 205. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.

2 Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
3 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
4 following:

5 "SEC. 42. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.

6 "(a) Certification of Blockchain Systems.—

7 "(1) CERTIFICATION.—For purposes of sections 8 4(a)(8), 4B, and 4C of the Securities Act of 1933 9 any digital commodity issuer, digital commodity re-10 lated person, digital commodity affiliated person, or 11 decentralized governance system of the blockchain 12 system may certify to the Securities and Exchange 13 Commission that the blockchain system to which a 14 digital commodity relates is a mature blockchain sys-15 tem.

16 "(2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.—A certification 17 described under paragraph (1) shall be filed with the 18 Commission, and include such information that is 19 reasonably necessary to establish that the blockchain 20 system is not controlled by any person or group of 21 persons under common control, which may include 22 information regarding—

23 "(A) the operation of the blockchain sys24 tem;

25 "(B) the functionality of the related digital26 commodity;

"(C) how the market value of the digital
 commodity is substantially derived from the
 programmatic functioning of such blockchain
 system;

5 "(D) any decentralized governance system
6 which relates to the blockchain system; and

7 "(E) the current roles, if any, of the digital
8 commodity issuer, digital commodity affiliated
9 persons, and digital commodity related persons
10 where such roles are material to the develop11 ment or operation of such blockchain system or
12 the decentralized governance system of such
13 blockchain system.

"(3) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—The Commission may rebut a certification described under
paragraph (1) with respect to a blockchain system if
the Commission, within 60 days of receiving such
certification, determines that the blockchain system
is not a mature blockchain system.

20 "(4) CERTIFICATION REVIEW.—

21 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any blockchain sys22 tem that relates to a digital commodity for
23 which a certification has been made under para24 graph (1) shall be considered a mature
25 blockchain system 60 days after the date on

1	which the Commission receives a certification
2	under paragraph (1), unless the Commission
3	notifies the person who made the certification
4	within such time that the Commission is stay-
5	ing the certification due to—
6	"(i) an inadequate explanation by the
7	person making the certification; or
8	"(ii) any novel or complex issues
9	which require additional time to consider.
10	"(B) PUBLIC NOTICE.—The Commission
11	shall make the following available to the public
12	and provide a copy to the Commodity Futures
13	Trading Commission:
14	"(i) Each certification received under
15	paragraph (1).
16	"(ii) Each stay of the Commission
17	under this subsection, and the reasons
18	therefor.
19	"(iii) Any response from a person
20	making a certification under paragraph (1)
21	to a stay of the certification by the Com-
22	mission.
23	"(C) CONSOLIDATION.—The Commission
24	may consolidate and treat as one submission
25	multiple certifications made under paragraph

1	(1) for the same blockchain system which re-
2	lates to a digital commodity which are received
3	during the review period provided under this
4	paragraph.
5	"(5) STAY OF CERTIFICATION.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A notification by the
7	Commission pursuant to paragraph (4)(A) shall
8	stay the certification once for up to an addi-
9	tional 120 days from the date of the notifica-
10	tion.
11	"(B) Public comment period.—Before
12	the end of the 60-day period described under
13	paragraph (4)(A), the Commission may begin a
14	public comment period of at least 30 days in
15	conjunction with a stay under this subsection.
16	"(6) DISPOSITION OF CERTIFICATION.—A cer-
17	tification made under paragraph (1) shall—
18	"(A) become effective—
19	"(i) upon the publication of a notifica-
20	tion from the Commission to the person
21	who made the certification that the Com-
22	mission does not object to the certification;
23	or
24	"(ii) at the expiration of the certifi-
25	cation review period; and

1	"(B) not become effective upon the publi-
2	cation of a notification from the Commission to
3	the person who made the certification that the
4	Commission has rebutted the certification.
5	"(7) RECERTIFICATION.—With respect to a
6	blockchain system for which a certification has been
7	rebutted under this subsection, no person may make
8	a certification under paragraph (1) with respect to
9	such blockchain system during the 90-day period be-
10	ginning on the date of such rebuttal.
11	"(8) Appeal of Rebuttal.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a certification is re-
13	butted under this section, the person making
14	such certification may appeal the decision to
15	the United States Court of Appeals for the Dis-
16	trict of Columbia, not later than 60 days after
17	the notice of rebuttal is made.
18	"(B) REVIEW.—In an appeal under sub-
19	paragraph (A), the court shall have de novo re-
20	view of the determination to rebut the certifi-
21	cation.
22	"(b) MATURITY CRITERIA.—
23	"(1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
24	the Congress that protecting investors, maintaining
25	fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and facilitating

1	capital formation necessitates establishing clear cri-
2	teria for blockchain systems to be deemed mature,
3	as well as enabling the Commission to develop, with-
4	out prejudice to any such criteria codified in statute,
5	alternative criteria by which blockchain systems may
6	be considered not to be controlled by any person or
7	group of persons under common control in order to
8	accommodate changes in markets and technology.
9	"(2) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may issue
10	rules identifying conditions by which a blockchain
11	system, together with its related digital commodity,
12	shall be considered a mature blockchain system, con-
13	sistent with the protection of investors, maintenance
14	of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and the facili-
15	tation of capital formation.
16	"(3) Rules of construction.—
17	"(A) Nothing in this subsection may be
18	construed to permit the Commission to impose
19	additional criteria to the criteria in subsection
20	(c) for certifying that a blockchain system is a
21	mature blockchain system pursuant to sub-
22	section (c).
23	"(B) Nothing in this subsection or sub-
24	section (c) may be construed to limit the Com-
25	mission's ability to identify alternative condi-

1	tions and criteria by which a blockchain system
2	may be considered a mature blockchain system.
3	"(c) DEEMED MATURE.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection
~	

(b), for the purposes of subsection (a), a digital com-5 6 modity issuer, digital commodity related person, dig-7 ital commodity affiliated person, or decentralized 8 governance system of the blockchain system may es-9 tablish that a blockchain system, together with its 10 related digital commodity, is not controlled by any 11 person or group of persons under common control, 12 if the blockchain system, together with its related 13 digital asset, meets the requirements described in 14 paragraph (2) or (3).

15 "(2) CRITERIA FOR ANY BLOCKCHAIN SYS16 TEM.—The requirements described in this paragraph
17 are the following:

18 "(A) System value.—

19 "(i) MARKET VALUE.—The digital
20 commodity has a value that is substantially
21 derived from the adoption, use, and func22 tioning of the blockchain system.
23 "(ii) DEVELOPMENT OF VALUE MECH24 ANISM SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETED.—

25 Where the digital commodity issuer has

1	made public a development plan describing
2	how the digital commodity's value is rea-
3	sonably expected to be derived from the
4	programmatic functioning of the
5	blockchain system, the development of such
6	mechanisms has been substantially com-
7	pleted.
8	"(B) FUNCTIONAL SYSTEM.—The
9	blockchain system allows network participants
10	to engage in the activities the blockchain system
11	is intended to provide, including—
12	"(i) using, transmitting, or storing
13	value, or otherwise executing transactions,
14	on the blockchain system;
15	"(ii) deploying, executing, or accessing
16	software or services, or otherwise offering
17	or participating in services, deployed on or
18	integrated with the blockchain system;
19	"(iii) participating in the consensus
20	mechanism, transaction validation process,
21	or decentralized governance system of the
22	blockchain system; or
23	"(iv) operating any client, node,
24	validator, sequencer, or other form of com-

1	putational infrastructure with respect to
2	the blockchain system.
3	"(C) OPEN AND INTEROPERABLE SYS-
4	TEM.—The blockchain system—
5	"(i) is composed of source code that is
6	open source; and
7	"(ii) does not restrict or prohibit
8	based on the exercise of unilateral author-
9	ity any person, other than a digital com-
10	modity issuer, digital commodity related
11	person, or a digital commodity affiliated
12	person from engaging in the activities the
13	blockchain system is intended to provide,
14	including the activities described in sub-
15	paragraph (B).
16	"(D) PROGRAMMATIC SYSTEM.—The
17	blockchain system operates, executes, and en-
18	forces its operations and transactions based
19	solely on pre-established, transparent rules en-
20	coded directly within the source code of the
21	blockchain system.
22	"(E) System governance.—No person
23	or group of persons under common control—
24	"(i) has the unilateral authority, di-
25	rectly or indirectly, through any contract,

1	arrangement, understanding, relationship,
2	or otherwise, to control or materially alter
3	the functionality, operation, or rules of
4	consensus or agreement of the blockchain
5	system or its related digital commodity; or
6	"(ii) has the unilateral authority to di-
7	rect the voting, in the aggregate, of 20
8	percent or more of the outstanding voting
9	power of such blockchain system by means
10	of a related digital commodity, nodes or
11	validators, a decentralized governance sys-
12	tem, or otherwise, in a blockchain system
13	which can be altered by a voting system.
14	"(F) IMPARTIAL SYSTEM.—No person or
15	group of persons under common control pos-
16	sesses a unique permission or privilege to alter
17	the functionality, operation, or rules of con-
18	sensus or agreement of the blockchain system
19	or its related digital commodity, unless such al-
20	teration—
21	"(i) addresses errors, regular mainte-
22	nance, or cybersecurity risks of the
23	blockchain system that affect the pro-
24	grammatic functioning of the blockchain
25	system; and

"(ii) is adopted through the consensus
or agreement of a decentralized governance
system.
"(G) DISTRIBUTED OWNERSHIPNo dig-
ital commodity issuer, digital commodity related
person, or digital commodity affiliated person
beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20 percent
or more of the total amount of units of the dig-
ital commodity.
"(3) Optional criteria for preexisting
BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.—The requirements described
in this paragraph are that the blockchain system—
"(A) was created prior to the date of en-
actment of this section;
"(B) met the requirements of subpara-
graphs (A) through (F) of paragraph (2) prior
to January 1, 2020; and
"(C) at least 50 percent of the units of the
digital commodity related to the blockchain sys-
tem are held by persons other than the digital
commodity issuer, a digital commodity related

person, or a digital commodity affiliated person. "(d) Decentralized Governance System.— 23

"(1) For the purposes of this section, a decen tralized governance system is not a 'person' or a
 "group of persons under common control'.

4 "(2) A blockchain system, together with its dig-5 ital commodity, shall not be precluded from being 6 considered a mature blockchain system solely based 7 on a functional, administrative, clerical, or ministe-8 rial action of a decentralized governance system, in-9 cluding any such action taken by a person acting on 10 behalf of and at the direction of the decentralized 11 governance system, as determined by the Commis-12 sion and consistent with the protection of investors, 13 maintenance of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, 14 and the facilitation of capital formation.

15 "(e) RULEMAKING.—Not more than 270 days after
16 the date of enactment of this section, the Commission
17 shall issue rules to carry out this section.".

18 SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Unless otherwise provided in this title, this title and
the amendments made by this title shall take effect 360
days after the date of enactment of this Act, except that,
to the extent a provision of this title requires a rulemaking, the provision shall take effect on the later of—
(1) 360 days after the date of enactment of this

1 (2) 60 days after the publication in the Federal 2 Register of the final rule implementing the provision. TITLE **III—REGISTRATION** FOR 3 **INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SE-**4 **CURITIES EXCHANGE** AND 5 COMMISSION 6

7 SEC. 301. TREATMENT OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES AND PER-

MITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.

9 (a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 2(a)(1) of 10 the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)) is 11 amended by adding at the end the following: "The term 12 does not include a digital commodity or permitted pay-13 ment stablecoin.".

(b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—Section
3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
U.S.C. 78c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The term does not include a digital commodity
or permitted payment stablecoin."

(c) INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940.—Section
20 202(a) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
21 80b-2(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (18), by adding at the end the
following: "The term does not include a digital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin.";

98

(2) by redesignating the second paragraph (29)
 (relating to commodity pools) as paragraph (31);
 and

(3) by adding at the end, the following:

5 "(32) DIGITAL COMMODITY-RELATED TERMS.—
6 The terms 'digital commodity' and 'permitted pay7 ment stablecoin' have the meaning given those
8 terms, respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securi9 ties Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".

10 (d) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—Section
11 2(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
12 80a-2) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (36), by adding at the end the
following: "The term does not include a digital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin."; and

16 (2) by adding at the end, the following:

17 "(55) DIGITAL COMMODITY-RELATED TERMS.—
18 The terms 'digital commodity' and 'permitted pay19 ment stablecoin' have the meaning given those
20 terms, respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securi21 ties Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".

(e) SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION ACT OF
1970.—Section 16(14) of the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78lll(14)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The term does not include

a digital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin, as 1 2 such terms are defined, respectively, under section 2(a)of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a))". 3 4 SEC. 302. ANTI-FRAUD AUTHORITY OVER PERMITTED PAY-5 MENT STABLECOINS AND CERTAIN DIGITAL 6 COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS. 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 10 of the Securities Ex-8 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78j) is amended— 9 (1) by moving subsection (c) so as to appear 10 after subsection (b); 11 (2) by designating the undesignated matter at 12 the end of that section as subsection (d); and 13 (3) by adding at the end the following: 14 "(e)(1) Rules promulgated under subsection (b) that 15 prohibit fraud, manipulation, or insider trading (but not rules imposing or specifying reporting or recordkeeping re-16 17 quirements, procedures, or standards as prophylactic 18 measures against fraud, manipulation, or insider trading), 19 and judicial precedents decided under subsection (b) and rules promulgated thereunder that prohibit fraud, manip-20 21 ulation, or insider trading, shall apply with respect to per-22 mitted payment stablecoin and digital commodity trans-

24 alternative trading system or, as applicable, a national se-

actions engaged in by a broker or dealer or through an

curities exchange to the same extent as they apply to secu rities transactions.

3 "(2) Judicial precedents decided under section 17(a) 4 of the Securities Act of 1933 and sections 9, 15, 16, 20, 5 and 21A of this title, and judicial precedents decided 6 under applicable rules promulgated under such sections, 7 shall apply to permitted payment stablecoins and digital 8 commodities with respect to those circumstances in which 9 the permitted payment stablecoins and digital commodities are brokered, traded, or custodied by a broker or dealer 10 or through an alternative trading system or, as applicable, 11 12 a national securities exchange to the same extent as they apply to securities.". 13

14 (b) TREATMENT OF PERMITTED PAYMENT
15 STABLECOINS.—Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of
16 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by inserting after
17 section 6 the following:

18 "SEC. 6A. TREATMENT OF TRANSACTIONS IN PERMITTED 19 PAYMENT STABLECOINS.

20 "(a) AUTHORITY TO BROKER, TRADE, AND CUSTODY
21 PERMITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.—Permitted pay22 ment stablecoins may be brokered, traded, or custodied by
23 a broker, dealer or through an alternative trading system
24 or national securities exchange.

1 "(b) COMMISSION JURISDICTION.—The Commission 2 shall only have jurisdiction over a transaction in a per-3 mitted payment stablecoin with respect to those cir-4 cumstances in which a permitted payment stablecoin is 5 brokered, traded, or custodied—

6 "(1) by a broker or dealer;

7 "(2) through a national securities exchange; or
8 "(3) through an alternative trading system.

9 "(c) LIMITATION.—Subsection (b) shall only apply to 10 a transaction described in subsection (b) for the purposes 11 of regulating the offer, execution, solicitation, or accept-12 ance of a permitted payment stablecoin in those cir-13 cumstances in which the permitted payment stablecoin is 14 brokered, traded, or custodied—

15 "(1) by a broker or dealer;

16 "(2) through a national securities exchange; or
17 "(3) through an alternative trading system.

18 "(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-19 tion may be construed to prohibit permitted payment 20 stablecoins from being custodied by any person or entity 21 that is not a broker, dealer, alternative trading system, 22 or national securities exchange.".

1021 SEC. 303. ELIGIBILITY OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYS-2 TEMS. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5 of the Securities Ex-4 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78e) is amended— 5 (1) by striking "It" and inserting the following: 6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—It"; 7 (2) by adding at the end the following: 8 "(b) DIGITAL COMMODITY PROTECTIONS.— 9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may not 10 preclude a trading platform from operating pursuant 11 to a covered exemption on the basis that the assets 12 traded or to be traded on such platform include-13 "(A) digital commodities or permitted pay-14 ment stablecoins; and "(B) securities. 15 16 "(2) COVERED EXEMPTION.—In this sub-17 section, the term 'covered exemption' means an ex-18 emption-19 "(A) described in subsection (a)(2); or 20 "(B) with respect to any other rule of the 21 Commission relating to the definition of 'ex-22 change'.". 23 (b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—Section 24 3(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(2) is amended by adding at the end the following: 25

trading of digital commodities, permitted payment
 stablecoins, or both, is not a 'facility' of an exchange.".
 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec tion, the amendments made by this section, or section 304
 may be construed to—

6 (1) prohibit a national securities exchange from
7 owning or operating any other type of alternative
8 trading system; or

9 (2) create a presumption that any other type of 10 alternative trading system owned or operated by a 11 national securities exchange is a facility of that ex-12 change.

13 SEC. 304. OPERATION OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYSTEMS.

(a) COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—The Securities and
15 Exchange Commission shall have jurisdiction over digital
16 commodity activities and transactions engaged in by—

(1) a registered broker or registered dealer exempt from registration with the Commodity Futures
Trading Commission pursuant to section 5k of the
Commodity Exchange Act; and

21 (2) a national securities exchange.

(b) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The Securities and
Exchange Commission shall have authority to issue rules
governing any digital commodity activities and transactions engaged in by a broker, dealer, or national securi-

ties exchange registered with the Securities and Exchange
 Commission and exempt from registration with the Com modity Futures Trading Commission pursuant to section
 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, consistent with this
 section and what is necessary or appropriate in the public
 interest or for the protection of investors.

7 (c) NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES.—Not later 8 than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, 9 the Securities and Exchange Commission shall revise the 10 covered regulations to permit a national securities exchange or affiliate thereof to operate an alternative trad-11 ing system that permits the trading of digital commod-12 13 ities, permitted payment stablecoins, or both by registered brokers or registered dealers that are exempt from reg-14 15 istration with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission pursuant section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, 16 consistent with this section and what is necessary or ap-17 propriate in the public interest or for the protection of 18 19 investors.

(d) REGISTERED BROKERS AND REGISTERED DEAL21 ERS.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enact22 ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission
23 shall revise the covered regulations to permit a registered
24 broker or registered dealer that is exempt from registra25 tion with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission

pursuant to section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act
 to operate an alternative trading system that permits the
 trading of digital commodities, permitted payment
 stablecoins, or both, consistent with this section and what
 is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for
 the protection of investors.

7 (e) PERMITTED TRADING.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—An alternative trading sys-9 tem operated pursuant to this section and the regu-10 lations promulgated hereunder shall be permitted to 11 trade upon notice to the Securities and Exchange 12 Commission in a manner prescribed by the Securi-13 ties and Exchange Commission any digital com-14 modity that has been listed by a digital commodity 15 exchange in compliance with section 5i(c)(3) of the 16 Commodity Exchange Act.

17 COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—Digital com-(2)18 modity transactions offered on an alternative trading 19 system operating pursuant to this section shall be 20 subject to the jurisdiction of the Securities and Ex-21 change Commission. The Securities and Exchange 22 Commission shall have authority to promulgate rules 23 governing such digital commodity transactions of al-24 ternative trading systems, consistent with this sec-

tion and what is necessary or appropriate in the
 public interest or for the protection of investors.

3 (3) SUSPENSION OF TRADING.—The Securities
4 and Exchange Commission may suspend the trading
5 of a digital commodity by an alternative trading sys6 tem operating pursuant to this section as is nec7 essary or appropriate in the public interest and is
8 consistent with the protection of investors.

9 (f) Order Display and Execution Reporting.— 10 Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall 11 issue and revise rules, as necessary or appropriate in the 12 13 public interest or for the protection of investors, regarding whether alternative trading systems operating pursuant to 14 15 subsections (c) and (d) have an obligation to provide the prices and sizes of orders displayed to more than one per-16 17 son in such alternative trading system of digital commodities to self-regulatory organizations with members who 18 trade in digital commodities or permitted payment 19 20 stablecoins.

(g) PRINCIPLES OF TRADE.—Not later than 270
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue and revise
rules, as necessary or appropriate in the public interest
or for the protection of investors, to—

1	(1) apply the rules and standards promulgated
2	pursuant to paragraph (2) to the appropriate mar-
3	ket participants, including—
4	(A) national securities exchanges operating
5	an alternative trading system described in sub-
6	section (c); and
7	(B) registered brokers and registered deal-
8	ers operating or subscribing to an alternative
9	trading system described in subsection (d); and
10	(2) apply, as appropriate to the market partici-
11	pants described in subparagraph (1) and customers
12	thereof rules and standards to—
13	(A) prevent fraudulent and manipulative
14	acts and practices;
15	(B) foster cooperation and coordination
16	with persons engaged in regulating, settling,
17	processing information with respect to, and fa-
18	cilitating transactions in digital commodities or
19	permitted payment stablecoins traded, as appli-
20	cable, on or by any alternative trading system
21	operating pursuant to subsection (c) or (d), or
22	any registered broker or registered dealer;
23	(C) remove impediments to and perfect the
24	mechanism of a free and open market in digital
25	commodities or permitted payment stablecoins

1	traded, as applicable, on or by any alternative
2	trading system operating pursuant to sub-
3	section (c) or (d), or any registered broker or
4	registered dealer;
5	(D) in general, protect investors and the
6	public interest; and
7	(E) prohibit any unfair discrimination be-
8	tween—
9	(i) customers;
10	(ii) any market participants described
11	in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of para-
12	graph (1) ; or
13	(iii) issuers of digital commodities.
14	(h) Implementing Organizations.—The Securi-
15	ties and Exchange Commission shall require any reg-
16	istered national securities association that has as a mem-
17	ber a registered broker or registered dealer that operates
18	an alternative trading system pursuant to subsection (d)
19	or otherwise transacts in digital commodities or permitted
20	payment stablecoins to adopt such rules as may be nec-
21	essary to further compliance with this section, including
22	subsection $(g)(2)$, protect investors, maintain fair, orderly,
23	and efficient markets, and facilitate capital formation.
24	(i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The enumeration of
25	any category of rules or regulations in this section shall

not be construed to limit the authority of the Securities
 and Exchange Commission to promulgate such rules as
 may be necessary or appropriate to implement this section
 and the purposes of this Act, including over—

- 5 (1) system capacity, integrity, and security;
- 6 (2) examinations, inspections, and investiga-7 tions;
- 8 (3) trade reporting; or
- 9 (4) written procedures for the confidential10 treatment of trading information.

(j) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—Consistent
with section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act and to
carry out this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with
the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to ensure—

(1) requirements imposed on registered brokers
or registered dealers operating an alternative trading
system pursuant to subsection (c) or otherwise
transacting in digital commodities or permitted payment stablecoins are consistent with the substantive
requirements under section 4u of the Commodity
Exchange Act;

(2) requirements imposed on alternative trading
systems operating pursuant to subsection (c) or (d)
are not inconsistent with core principles of and are

consistent with the other substantive requirements
 under section 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act;
 and

4 (3) non-duplicative supervision and enforcement
5 with respect to registrants of the Securities and Ex6 change Commission notice registered with the Com7 modity Futures Trading Commission.

8 (k) COVERED REGULATIONS DEFINED.—In this sec-9 tion, the term "covered regulations" means sections 10 242.300, 242.301, 242.302, 242.303, 242.304, and 11 242.1000 through 242.1007 of title 17, Code of Federal 12 Regulations.

(1) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the anti-fraud, anti-manipulation, or false reporting enforcement authorities of the
Commodity Futures Trading Commission with respect to
a contract of sale of a commodity and persons effecting
such contracts.

19 SEC. 305. MODERNIZATION OF RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-

20

MENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of books and
records requirements for brokers, dealers, and exchanges
under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (15)
U.S.C. 78a et seq.), a person may consider records from
a blockchain system.

(b) REVISION OF RULES.—Not later than 180 days
 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and
 Exchange Commission shall issue and revise such rules as
 may be necessary to implement this section.

5 SEC. 306. EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.

6 Section 28 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
7 77z–3) is amended by striking "by rule or regulation" and
8 inserting "by rule, regulation, or order".

9 SEC. 307. ADDITIONAL REGISTRATIONS WITH THE COM-10 MODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.

Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(15 U.S.C. 780) is amended by adding at the end the following:

14 "(p) ADDITIONAL REGISTRATIONS WITH THE COM-15 MODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.—A registered 16 broker or registered dealer shall be permitted to maintain 17 a registration with the Commodity Futures Trading Com-18 mission as a digital commodity broker or digital com-19 modity dealer, to list or trade contracts of sale for digital 20 commodities.".

21 SEC. 308. EXEMPTING DIGITAL COMMODITIES FROM STATE 22 SECURITIES LAWS.

23 Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
24 U.S.C. 77r(b)) is amended by adding at the end the fol25 lowing:

"(5) EXEMPTION IN CONNECTION WITH DIG ITAL COMMODITIES.—A digital commodity shall be
 treated as a covered security.".

4 SEC. 309. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC-5 TIVITIES.

6 The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
7 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 15G the fol8 lowing:

9 "SEC. 15H. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB10 JECT TO THIS ACT.

11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other pro-12 vision of this Act, a person shall not be subject to this 13 Act and the regulations promulgated under this Act based 14 on the person directly or indirectly engaging in any of the 15 following activities, whether singly or in combination, in 16 relation to the operation of a blockchain system or in rela-17 tion to a decentralized finance trading protocol:

18 "(1) Compiling network transactions or relay19 ing, searching, sequencing, validating, or acting in a
20 similar capacity.

21 "(2) Providing computational work, operating a
22 node or oracle service, or procuring, offering, or uti23 lizing network bandwidth, or providing other similar
24 incidental services.

"(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a
 user to read and access data about a blockchain sys tem.

4 "(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad5 ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a
6 blockchain system or a decentralized finance trading
7 protocol.

8 "(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad-9 ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a 10 decentralized finance messaging system, or operating 11 or participating in a liquidity pool, for the purpose 12 of executing a contract of sale of a digital com-13 modity.

14 "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad15 ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing
16 software or systems that create or deploy hardware
17 or software, including wallets or other systems, fa18 cilitating an individual user's own personal ability to
19 keep, safeguard, or custody the user's digital assets
20 or related private keys.

21 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
22 the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation authorities of the
23 Commission.".

1SEC. 310. TREATMENT OF CUSTODY ACTIVITIES BY BANK-2ING INSTITUTIONS.

114

3 (a) TREATMENT OF CUSTODY ACTIVITIES.—The ap4 propriate Federal banking agency, the National Credit
5 Union Administration (in the case of a credit union), and
6 the Securities and Exchange Commission may not require
7 a depository institution, national bank, Federal credit
8 union, State credit union, trust company, broker, or deal9 er, or any affiliate thereof (the "entity")—

10 (1) to include assets held in custody that are
11 not owned by the entity as a liability on the financial
12 statement or balance sheet of the entity, including
13 digital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin
14 custody or safekeeping services;

(2) to hold regulatory capital against assets, including reserves backing such assets, in custody or
safekeeping, except as necessary to mitigate against
operational risks inherent with the custody or safekeeping services, as determined by—

20 (A) the appropriate Federal banking agen21 cy;
22 (B) the National Credit Union Administra23 tion (in the case of a credit union);
24 (C) a State bank supervisor;

1	(D) a State credit union supervisor (as de-
2	fined in section 6003 of the Anti-Money Laun-
3	dering Act of 2020 (31 U.S.C. 5311 note)); or
4	(E) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
5	sion (in the case of a broker or dealer); and
6	(3) to recognize a liability for any obligations
7	related to activities or services performed with re-
8	spect to digital commodities that the entity does not
9	own if that liability would exceed the expense recog-
10	nized in the income statement as a result of the cor-
11	responding obligation.
12	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
13	(1) BANKING TERMS.—The terms "appropriate
14	Federal banking agency", "depository institution",
15	"national bank", and "State bank supervisor" have
16	the meaning given those terms, respectively, under
17	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 $$
18	U.S.C. 1813).
19	(2) CREDIT UNION TERMS.—The terms "Fed-
20	eral credit union" and "State credit union" have the
21	meaning given those terms, respectively, under sec-
22	tion 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
23	1752).

	116
1	SEC. 311. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES THAT ARE FI-
2	NANCIAL IN NATURE.
3	Section 4(k)(4) of the Bank Holding Company Act
4	of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(k)(4)) is amended—
5	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or securi-
6	ties" and inserting ", securities, or digital commod-
7	ities"; and
8	(2) in subparagraph (E), by inserting "or dig-
9	ital commodities" before the period at the end.
10	SEC. 312. EFFECTIVE DATE; ADMINISTRATION.
11	Except as otherwise provided under this title, this
12	title and the amendments made by this title shall take ef-
13	fect 360 days after the date of enactment of this Act, ex-
14	cept that, to the extent a provision of this title requires
15	a rulemaking, the provision shall take effect on the later
16	of—
17	(1) 360 days after the date of enactment of this
18	Act; or
19	(2) 60 days after the publication in the Federal
20	Register of the final rule implementing the provision.
21	SEC. 313. STUDIES ON FOREIGN ADVERSARY PARTICIPA-
22	TION.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in
24	consultation with the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
25	mission and the Securities and Exchange Commission,

26 shall, not later than 1 year after date of the enactment

of this section, conduct a study and submit a report to
 the relevant congressional committees that—

- 3 (1) identifies any digital commodity registrants
 4 which are owned by governments of foreign adver5 saries;
- 6 (2) determines whether any governments of for7 eign adversaries are collecting personal data or trad8 ing data about United States persons in the digital
 9 commodity markets; and
- 10 (3) evaluates whether any proprietary intellec11 tual property of digital commodity registrants is
 12 being misused or stolen by any governments of for13 eign adversaries.

14 (b) GAO STUDY AND REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General
shall, not later than 1 year after date of the enactment of this section, conduct a study and submit a
report to the relevant congressional committees
that—

20 (A) identifies any digital commodity reg21 istrants which are owned by governments of
22 foreign adversaries;

23 (B) determines whether any governments
24 of foreign adversaries are collecting personal

1	data or trading data about United States per-
2	sons in the digital commodity markets; and
3	(C) evaluates whether any proprietary in-
4	tellectual property of digital commodity reg-
5	istrants is being misused or stolen by any gov-
6	ernments of foreign adversaries.
7	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
8	(1) DIGITAL COMMODITY REGISTRANT.—The
9	term "digital commodity registrant" means any per-
10	son required to register as a digital commodity ex-
11	change, digital commodity broker, or digital com-
12	modity dealer under the Commodity Exchange Act.
13	(2) FOREIGN ADVERSARIES.—The term "for-
14	eign adversaries" means the foreign governments
15	and foreign non-government persons determined by
16	the Secretary of Commerce to be foreign adversaries
17	under section 7.4(a) of title 15, Code of Federal
18	Regulations.
19	(3) Relevant congressional commit-
20	TEES.—The term "relevant congressional commit-
21	tees" means—
22	(A) the Committees on Financial Services
23	and Agriculture of the House of Representa-
24	tives; and

(B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
 and Urban Affairs and Agriculture, Nutrition,
 and Forestry of the Senate.

IV—**REGISTRATION** TITLE FOR 4 **DIGITAL COMMODITY INTER-**5 **MEDIARIES** AT THE COM-6 **MODITY FUTURES** TRADING 7 COMMISSION 8

9 SEC. 401. COMMISSION JURISDICTION OVER DIGITAL COM-

10

MODITY TRANSACTIONS.

(a) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Section 2(a)(1) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)) is amended by
adding at the end the following:

14 "(J) Except as expressly provided in this
15 Act, nothing in the CLARITY Act of 2025 shall
16 affect or apply to, or be interpreted to affect or
17 apply to—

18 "(i) any agreement, contract, or 19 transaction that is subject to this Act as— 20 "(I) a contract of sale of a com-21 modity for future delivery or an op-22 tion on such a contract; 23 "(II) a swap; 24 "(III) a security futures product;

1	"(IV) an option authorized under
2	section 4c of this Act;
3	"(V) an agreement, contract, or
4	transaction described in subparagraph
5	(C)(i) or $(D)(i)$ of subsection $(c)(2)$ of
6	this section; or
7	"(VI) a leverage transaction au-
8	thorized under section 19; or
9	"(ii) the activities of any person with
10	respect to any such an agreement, con-
11	tract, or transaction.".
12	(b) Limitation on Authority Over Permitted
13	PAYMENT STABLECOINS.—Section 2(c)(1) of the Com-
14	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(1)) is amended—
14 15	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(1)) is amended—(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at
15	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at
15 16	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end;
15 16 17	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end;(2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period
15 16 17 18	 (1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and
15 16 17 18 19	 (1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and (3) by adding at the end the following:
 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(H) permitted payment stablecoins.".
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the end; (2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: "(H) permitted payment stablecoins.". (c) COMMISSION JURISDICTION OVER FINANCING

1	(A) in clause (ii)(I), by inserting after
2	"paragraph (1)" the following: "(other than an
3	agreement, contract, or transaction in a per-
4	mitted payment stablecoin)"; and
5	(B) by redesignating clause (iv) as clause
6	(v) and inserting after clause (iii) the following:
7	"(iv) Notwithstanding clause (iii), a
8	digital commodity broker may, subject to
9	the requirements of section $4u(c)(2)$, offer
10	to or enter into an agreement for margin
11	financing with a customer for the purchase
12	or sale of a digital commodity, provided
13	any purchase or sale made pursuant to the
14	agreement shall result in the delivery of
15	the digital commodity into or from an ac-
16	count carried for the customer, as deter-
17	mined by the Commission by rule or regu-
18	lation, based on commercial spot market
19	practices."; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(F) Commission Jurisdiction With Respect to
22	DIGITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.—
23	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to sections 6d and
23 24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to sections 6d and 12(e), the Commission shall have exclusive jurisdic-

1	tract, or transaction involving a contract of sale of
2	a digital commodity in interstate commerce, includ-
3	ing in a digital commodity cash or spot market, that
4	is offered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed,
5	cleared, reported, or otherwise dealt in—
6	"(I) on or subject to the rules of a reg-
7	istered entity or an entity that is required to be
8	registered as a registered entity; or
9	"(II) by any other entity registered, or re-
10	quired to be registered, with the Commission.
11	"(ii) LIMITATIONS.—Clause (i) shall not apply
12	with respect to—
13	"(I) custodial or depository activities for a
14	digital commodity of an entity regulated by an
15	appropriate Federal banking agency or a State
16	bank supervisor (within the meaning of section
17	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act); or
18	"(II) an offer or sale of an investment con-
19	tract involving a digital commodity or of a secu-
20	rities offer or sale involving a digital com-
21	modity.
22	"(iii) Mixed digital asset transactions.—
23	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) shall not
24	apply to a mixed digital asset transaction.

1 "(II) REPORTS ON MIXED DIGITAL ASSET 2 TRANSACTIONS.—A digital commodity issuer, 3 digital commodity related person, digital com-4 modity affiliated person, or other person reg-5 istered with the Securities and Exchange Com-6 mission that engages in a mixed digital asset transaction, shall, on request of the Commis-7 8 sion, open to inspection and examination by the 9 Commission all books and records relating to 10 the mixed digital asset transaction, subject to 11 the confidentiality and disclosure requirements 12 of section 8. 13 "(G) AGREEMENTS, CONTRACTS, TRANS-AND

14 ACTIONS IN STABLECOINS.—

15 "(i) TREATMENT OF PERMITTED PAYMENT 16 STABLECOINS ON COMMISSION-REGISTERED ENTI-17 TIES.—Subject to clauses (ii) and (iii), the Commis-18 sion shall have jurisdiction over a cash or spot 19 agreement, contract, or transaction in a permitted 20 payment stablecoin that is offered, offered to enter 21 into, entered into, executed, confirmed the execution 22 of, solicited, or accepted—

23 "(I) on or subject to the rules of a reg24 istered entity; or

"(II) by any other entity registered with
 the Commission.

3 "(ii) Permitted PAYMENT STABLECOIN 4 TRANSACTION RULES.—This Act shall apply to a 5 transaction described in clause (i) only for the pur-6 pose of regulating the offer, execution, solicitation, 7 or acceptance of a cash or spot permitted payment 8 stablecoin transaction on a registered entity or by 9 any other entity registered with the Commission, as 10 if the permitted payment stablecoin were a digital 11 commodity.

12 "(iii) NO AUTHORITY OVER PERMITTED PAY-13 MENT STABLECOINS.—Notwithstanding clauses (i) 14 and (ii), the Commission shall not make a rule or 15 regulation, impose a requirement or obligation on a 16 registered entity or other entity registered with the 17 Commission, or impose a requirement or obligation 18 on a permitted payment stablecoin issuer, regarding 19 the operation of a permitted payment stablecoin 20 issuer or a permitted payment stablecoin.".

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2(a)(1)(A)
of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)(A)) is amended in the 1st
sentence by inserting "subparagraphs (F) and (G) of subsection (c)(2) of this section or" before "section 19".

	125
1	SEC. 402. REQUIRING FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANTS
2	TO USE QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET
3	CUSTODIANS.
4	Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
5	6d) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
7	(A) in the 1st proviso, by striking "any
8	bank or trust company" and inserting "any
9	bank, trust company, or qualified digital asset
10	custodian, as applicable,"; and
11	(B) by inserting ": Provided further, That
12	any such property that is a digital asset shall
13	be held in a qualified digital asset custodian"
14	before the period at the end; and
15	(2) in subsection $(f)(3)(A)(i)$, by striking "any
16	bank or trust company" and inserting "any bank,
17	trust company, or qualified digital asset custodian".
18	SEC. 403. TRADING CERTIFICATION AND APPROVAL FOR
19	DIGITAL COMMODITIES.
20	Section 5c of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
21	7a–2) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a), by striking " $5(d)$ and
23	5b(c)(2)" and inserting " $5(d)$, $5b(c)(2)$, and $5i(c)$ ";
24	(2) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by
2	inserting "digital commodity exchange," before
3	"derivatives"; and
4	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "digital
5	commodity exchange," before "derivatives" each
6	place it appears;
7	(3) in subsection (c)—
8	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or par-
9	ticipants" before "(in";
10	(B) in paragraph (4)(B), by striking
11	"1a(10)" and inserting "1a(9)"; and
12	(C) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
13	the following:
14	"(D) Special rules for digital com-
15	MODITY CONTRACTS.—In certifying any new
16	rule or rule amendment, or listing any new con-
17	tract or instrument, in connection with a con-
18	tract of sale of a commodity for future delivery,
19	option, swap, or other agreement, contract, or
20	transaction, that is based on or references a
21	digital commodity, a registered entity shall
22	make or rely on a certification under subsection
23	(d) for the digital commodity."; and
24	(4) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
25	lowing:

"(d) CERTIFICATIONS FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY
 2 TRADING.—

3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection
4	(c), for the purposes of listing or offering a digital
5	commodity for trading in a digital commodity cash
6	or spot market, an eligible entity shall submit a
7	written certification to the Commission that the dig-
8	ital commodity meets the requirements of this Act
9	(including the regulations prescribed under this
10	Act).
11	"(2) Contents of the certification.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In making a written
13	certification under this paragraph, the eligible
14	entity shall furnish to the Commission an anal-
15	ysis of how the digital commodity meets the re-
16	quirements of section $5i(c)(3)$.
17	"(B) RELIANCE ON PRIOR DISCLO-
18	SURES.—In making a certification under this
19	subsection, an eligible entity may rely on the
20	records and disclosures of any relevant person
21	registered with the Securities and Exchange
22	Commission or other State or Federal agency.
23	"(3) Modifications.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall
2	modify a certification made under paragraph
3	(1) to—
4	"(i) account for significant changes in
5	any information provided to the Commis-
6	sion under paragraph (2)(A)(ii); or
7	"(ii) permit or restrict trading in
8	units of a digital commodity held by a dig-
9	ital commodity related person or a digital
10	commodity affiliated person.
11	"(B) RECERTIFICATION.—Modifications
12	required by this subsection shall be subject to
13	the same disapproval and review process as a
14	new certification under paragraphs (4) and (5) .
15	"(4) DISAPPROVAL.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The written certifi-
17	cation described in paragraph (1) shall become
18	effective unless the Commission finds that the
19	listing of the digital commodity is inconsistent
20	with the requirements of this Act or the rules
21	and regulations prescribed under this Act.
22	"(B) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The Commis-
23	sion shall include, with any findings referred to
24	in subparagraph (A), a detailed analysis of the
25	factors on which the decision was based.

"(C) PUBLIC FINDINGS.—The Commission 1 2 shall make public any disapproval decision, and any related findings and analysis, made under 3 4 this paragraph. "(5) REVIEW.— 5 6 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Unless the Commission makes a disapproval decision under para-7 8 graph (4), the written certification described in 9 paragraph (1) shall become effective, pursuant to the certification by the eligible entity and no-10 11 tice of the certification to the public (in a man-12 ner determined by the Commission) on the date 13 that is— 14 "(i) 20 business days after the date 15 the Commission receives the certification 16 (or such shorter period as determined by 17 the Commission by rule or regulation), in 18 the case of a digital commodity that has 19 not been certified under this section or for

which a certification is being modified
under paragraph (3); or
"(ii) 1 business day after the date the
Commission receives the certification (or

such shorter period as determined by theCommission by rule or regulation) for any

1	digital commodity that has been certified
2	under this section.
3	"(B) EXTENSIONS.—The time for consid-
4	eration under subparagraph (A) may be ex-
5	tended through notice to the eligible entity that
6	there are novel or complex issues that require
7	additional time to analyze, that the explanation
8	by the submitting eligible entity is inadequate,
9	or of a potential inconsistency with this Act—
10	"(i) once, for 30 business days,
11	through written notice to the eligible entity
12	by the Commission; and
13	"(ii) once, for an additional 30 busi-
14	ness days, through written notice to the el-
15	igible entity from the Commission that in-
16	cludes a description of any deficiencies
17	with the certification, including any—
18	"(I) novel or complex issues
19	which require additional time to ana-
20	lyze;
21	"(II) missing information or in-
22	adequate explanations; or
23	"(III) potential inconsistencies
24	with this Act.

1 "(6) PRIOR APPROVAL BEFORE REGISTRA-2 TION.—

3 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A person applying for 4 registration with the Commission for the pur-5 poses of listing or offering a digital commodity 6 for trading in a digital commodity cash or spot 7 market may request that the Commission grant 8 prior approval for the person to list or offer the 9 digital commodity on being registered with the 10 Commission.

11 "(B) REQUEST FOR PRIOR APPROVAL.—A 12 person seeking prior approval under subpara-13 graph (A) shall furnish the Commission with a 14 written certification that the digital commodity 15 meets the requirements of this Act (including 16 the regulations prescribed under this Act) and 17 the information described in paragraph (2).

"(C) DEADLINE.—The Commission shall
take final action on a request for prior approval
not later than 90 business days after submission of the request, unless the person submitting the request agrees to an extension of the
time limitation established under this subparagraph.

25 "(D) DISAPPROVAL.—

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission
2	shall approve the listing of the digital com-
3	modity unless the Commission finds that
4	the listing is inconsistent with this Act (in-
5	cluding any regulation prescribed under
6	this Act).
7	"(ii) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The
8	Commission shall include, with any find-
9	ings made under clause (i), a detailed anal-
10	ysis of the factors on which the decision is
11	based.
12	"(iii) PUBLIC FINDINGS.—The Com-
13	mission shall make public any disapproval
14	decision, and any related findings and
15	analysis, made under this paragraph.
16	"(7) ELIGIBLE ENTITY DEFINED.—In this sub-
17	section, the term 'eligible entity' means a registered
18	entity or group of registered entities acting jointly.".
19	SEC. 404. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
20	CHANGES.
21	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.)
22	is amended by inserting after section 5h the following:
23	"SEC. 5i. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
24	CHANGES.
25	"(a) IN GENERAL.—

1 "(1) REGISTRATION.—

2 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A trading facility that
3 offers or seeks to offer a cash or spot market
4 in at least 1 digital commodity shall register
5 with the Commission as a digital commodity exchange.

"(B) APPLICATION.—A person desiring to
register as a digital commodity exchange shall
submit to the Commission an application in
such form and containing such information as
the Commission may require for the purpose of
making the determinations required for approval.

14 "(C) EXEMPTIONS.—A trading facility
15 that offers or seeks to offer a cash or spot mar16 ket in at least 1 digital commodity shall not be
17 required to register under this section if the
18 trading facility—

19 "(i) permits no more than a de mini20 mis amount of trading activity, as the
21 Commission may determine by rule or reg22 ulation, in a digital commodity; or

23 "(ii) serves only customers in a single
24 State, territory, or possession of the
25 United States.

1	"(2) Additional registrations.—
2	"(A) WITH THE COMMISSION.—In order to
3	foster the development of fair and orderly mar-
4	kets, protect customers, and promote respon-
5	sible innovation, the Commission—
6	"(i) shall prescribe rules to exempt an
7	entity registered with the Commission
8	under more than 1 section of this Act from
9	duplicative, conflicting, or unduly burden-
10	some provisions of this Act and the rules
11	under this Act;
12	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to address
13	conflicts of interests and activities of the
14	entity; and
15	"(iii) may, after an analysis of the
16	risks and benefits, prescribe rules to pro-
17	vide for portfolio margining.
18	"(B) WITH A REGISTERED FUTURES ASSO-
19	CIATION.—
20	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A registered dig-
21	ital commodity exchange shall become and
22	remain a member of a registered futures
23	association and comply with rules related
24	to such activity, if the registered digital
25	commodity exchange accepts customer

funds required to be segregated under sub section (d).

"(ii) RULEMAKING REQUIRED.—The 3 4 Commission shall require any registered futures association with a digital com-5 6 modity exchange as a member to provide 7 such rules as may be necessary to further 8 compliance with subsection (d), protect 9 customers, and promote the public interest. 10 "(C) REGISTRATION REQUIRED.—A person 11 required to be registered as a digital commodity 12 exchange under this section shall register with 13 the Commission as such regardless of whether 14 the person is registered with another State or 15 Federal regulator.

16 "(b) Trading.—

17 "(1) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TRADING PRAC18 TICES.—

"(A) Section 4b shall apply to any agreement, contract, or transaction in a digital commodity as if the agreement, contract, or transaction were a contract of sale of a commodity for future delivery.

24 "(B) Section 4c shall apply to any agree-25 ment, contract, or transaction in a digital com-

1	modity as if the agreement, contract, or trans-
2	action were a transaction involving the purchase
3	or sale of a commodity for future delivery.
4	"(C) Section 4b-1 shall apply to any
5	agreement, contract, or transaction in a digital
6	commodity as if the agreement, contract, or
7	transaction were a contract of sale of a com-
8	modity for future delivery.
9	"(2) PROHIBITION ON ACTING AS A
10	COUNTERPARTY.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
12	exchange or any affiliate of such an exchange
13	shall not trade on or subject to the rules of the
14	digital commodity exchange for its own account.
15	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—Subject to any condi-
16	tions, requirements, or limitations imposed by
17	the Commission pursuant to subparagraph (C),
18	a digital commodity exchange may engage in
19	trading on the exchange so long as the trading
20	is not solely for the purpose of the profit of the
21	exchange, including the following:
22	"(i) CUSTOMER DIRECTION.—A trans-
23	action for, or entered into at the direction
24	of, or for the benefit of, an unaffiliated
25	customer.

1	"(ii) RISK MANAGEMENT.—A trans-
2	action to manage the credit, market, and
3	liquidity risks associated with the digital
4	commodity business of the exchange.
5	"(iii) Operational needs.—A
6	transaction related to the operational
7	needs of the business of the digital com-
8	modity exchange or its affiliate.
9	"(iv) Functional use.—A trans-
10	action related to the functional operation
11	of a blockchain system.
12	"(C) RULEMAKING.—The Commission
13	may, by rule, establish conditions, requirements,
14	or other limitations on the activities of a digital
15	commodity exchange and its affiliate permitted
16	pursuant to subparagraph (B) that are nec-
17	essary for the protection of customers, the pro-
18	motion of innovation, or the maintenance of
19	fair, orderly, and efficient markets.
20	"(D) NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—In order
21	for a digital commodity exchange or any affil-
22	iate of a digital commodity exchange to engage
23	in trading on the affiliated exchange pursuant
24	to subsection (B), notice must be given to the
25	Commission that shall enumerate how any pro-

1	posed activity is consistent with the exceptions
2	in subsection (B) and the purposes of this Act.
3	"(c) Core Principles for Digital Commodity
4	EXCHANGES.—
5	"(1) Compliance with core principles.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—To be registered, and
7	maintain registration, as a digital commodity
8	exchange, a digital commodity exchange shall
9	comply with—
10	"(i) the core principles described in
11	this subsection; and
12	"(ii) any requirement that the Com-
13	mission may impose by rule or regulation
14	pursuant to section $8a(5)$.
15	"(B) REASONABLE DISCRETION OF A DIG-
16	ITAL COMMODITY EXCHANGE.—Unless other-
17	wise determined by the Commission by rule or
18	regulation, a digital commodity exchange de-
19	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall have reason-
20	able discretion in establishing the manner in
21	which the digital commodity exchange complies
22	with the core principles described in this sub-
23	section.
24	"(2) Compliance with Rules.—A digital
25	commodity exchange shall—

1	"(A) establish and enforce compliance with
2	any rule of the digital commodity exchange, in-
3	cluding—
4	"(i) the terms and conditions of the
5	trades traded or processed on or through
6	the digital commodity exchange; and
7	"(ii) any limitation on access to the
8	digital commodity exchange;
9	"(B) establish and enforce trading, trade
10	processing, and participation rules that will
11	deter abuses and have the capacity to detect,
12	investigate, and enforce those rules, including
13	means—
14	"(i) to provide market participants
15	with impartial access to the market; and
16	"(ii) to capture information that may
17	be used in establishing whether rule viola-
18	tions have occurred; and
19	"(C) establish rules governing the oper-
20	ation of the exchange, including rules specifying
21	trading procedures to be used in entering and
22	executing orders traded or posted on the facil-
23	ity.
24	"(3) LISTING STANDARDS FOR DIGITAL COM-
25	MODITIES.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
2	exchange shall establish policies and procedures
3	to permit trading in a digital commodity only
4	if—
5	"(i) reports with respect to the digital
6	commodity required under, as applicable,
7	section $4B(b)(3)$ or $4B(b)(5)(C)$ of the Se-
8	curities Act of 1933 (or, with respect to a
9	digital commodity not issued in reliance on
10	section $4(a)(8)$ of the Securities Act of
11	1933, a comparable set of reports, where
12	required by the Securities and Exchange
13	Commission) have been filed with the Se-
14	curities and Exchange Commission;
15	"(ii) such other similar information as
16	the Commission may, by rule or regulation
17	require, that is related to the ongoing de-
18	velopment plan of the blockchain system
19	and is able to be publicly ascertained, has
20	been provided to the public; or
21	"(iii) the blockchain system to which
22	the digital commodity relates, together
23	with the digital commodity, is certified as
24	a mature blockchain system under section
25	42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

1	"(B) PUBLIC INFORMATION REQUIRE-
2	MENTS.—
3	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
4	modity exchange shall—
5	"(I) permit trading in a digital
6	commodity only if the digital com-
7	modity exchange reasonably deter-
8	mines that the information required
9	by clause (ii) is correct, current, and
10	available to the public; and
11	"(II) establish policies and proce-
12	dures to determine that the informa-
13	tion provided pursuant to clause (ii) is
14	correct, current, and available to the
15	public.
16	"(ii) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—With
17	respect to a digital commodity and each
18	blockchain system to which the digital
19	commodity relates for which the digital
20	commodity exchange will make the digital
21	commodity available to the customers of
22	the digital commodity exchange, the fol-
23	lowing information:

	142
1	"(I) Source code.—The source
2	code for any blockchain system to
3	which the digital commodity relates.
4	"(II) TRANSACTION HISTORY.—A
5	description of the steps necessary to
6	independently access, search, and
7	verify the transaction history of any
8	blockchain system to which the digital
9	commodity relates, to the extent any
10	such independent access, search, and
11	verification activities are technically
12	feasible with respect to the blockchain
13	system.
14	"(III) DIGITAL COMMODITY ECO-
15	NOMICS.—A narrative description of
16	the purpose of any blockchain system
17	to which the digital commodity relates
18	and the operation of any such
19	blockchain system, including—
20	"(aa) information explaining
21	the launch and supply process,
22	including the number of digital
23	assets to be issued in an initial
24	allocation, the total number of
25	digital commodities to be created,

2

3

4

143

the release schedule for the digital commodities, and the total number of digital commodities then outstanding;

"(bb) information detailing 5 6 any applicable consensus mecha-7 nism or process for validating 8 transactions, method of gener-9 ating or mining digital commod-10 ities, and any process for burning 11 or destroying digital commodities 12 on the blockchain system;

13 "(cc) an explanation of gov14 ernance mechanisms for imple15 menting changes to the
16 blockchain system or forming
17 consensus among holders of the
18 digital commodities; and

19 "(dd) sufficient information
20 for a third party to create a tool
21 for verifying the transaction his22 tory of the digital asset.
23 "(IV) TRADING VOLUME AND

24 VOLATILITY.—The trading volume

1and volatility of the digital commodity2on the exchange.

3	"(V) Additional informa-
4	TION.—Such additional information
5	as the Commission may determine by
6	rule to be necessary for a customer to
7	understand the financial and oper-
8	ational risks of a digital commodity,
9	and to be practically feasible to pro-
10	vide.

11 "(iii) FORMAT.—The Commission
12 shall prescribe rules and regulations for
13 the standardization and simplification of
14 disclosures under clause (ii), including re15 quiring that disclosures—

"(I) be conspicuous;

17 "(II) use plain language com-18 prehensible to customers; and

19"(III) succinctly explain the in-20formation that is required to be com-21municated to the customer.

"(iv) RELIANCE ON PREVIOUS DIS-CLOSURES.—In complying with this subparagraph, a digital commodity exchange may rely on and make available to the pub-

16

22

23

24

lic relevant information publicly disclosed
 to the Commission, the Securities and Ex change Commission, or an appropriate
 Federal banking agency.

5 "(C) DIGITAL COMMODITIES HELD BY RE-6 LATED AND DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED 7 PERSONS.—A digital commodity exchange shall 8 establish policies and procedures designed to 9 permit the trading of a unit of a digital com-10 modity acquired from the issuer and held by a 11 digital commodity affiliated person or a digital 12 commodity related person, only in accordance 13 with the requirements of section 4C of the Se-14 curities Act of 1933.

15 "(4) TREATMENT OF CUSTOMER ASSETS.—A
16 digital commodity exchange shall establish policies
17 and procedures that are designed to protect and en18 sure the safety of customer money, assets, and prop19 erty.

20 "(5) MONITORING OF TRADING AND TRADE
21 PROCESSING.—

22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
23 exchange shall provide a competitive, open, and
24 efficient market and mechanism for executing

1	transactions that protects the price discovery
2	process of trading on the exchange.
3	"(B) PROTECTION OF MARKETS AND MAR-
4	KET PARTICIPANTS.—A digital commodity ex-
5	change shall establish and enforce rules—
6	"(i) to protect markets and market
7	participants from abusive practices com-
8	mitted by any party, including abusive
9	practices committed by a party acting as
10	an agent for a participant; and
11	"(ii) to promote fair and equitable
12	trading on the exchange.
13	"(C) TRADING PROCEDURES.—A digital
14	commodity exchange shall—
15	"(i) establish and enforce rules or
16	terms and conditions defining, or specifica-
17	tions detailing—
18	"(I) trading procedures to be
19	used in entering and executing orders
20	traded on or through the facilities of
21	the digital commodity exchange; and
22	"(II) procedures for trade proc-
23	essing of digital commodities on or
24	through the facilities of the digital
25	commodity exchange; and

1	"(ii) monitor trading in digital com-
2	modities to prevent manipulation, price
3	distortion, and disruptions, through sur-
4	veillance, compliance, and disciplinary
5	practices and procedures, including meth-
6	ods for conducting real-time monitoring of
7	trading and comprehensive and accurate
8	trade reconstructions.
9	"(6) ABILITY TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.—A
10	digital commodity exchange shall—
11	"(A) establish and enforce rules that will
12	allow the facility to obtain any necessary infor-
13	mation to perform any of the functions de-
14	scribed in this section;
15	"(B) provide the information to the Com-
16	mission on request; and
17	"(C) have the capacity to carry out such
18	international information-sharing agreements as
19	the Commission may require.
20	"(7) EMERGENCY AUTHORITY.—A digital com-
21	modity exchange shall adopt rules to provide for the
22	exercise of emergency authority, in consultation or
23	cooperation with the Commission or a registered en-
24	tity, as is necessary and appropriate, including the
25	authority to facilitate the liquidation or transfer of

1	open positions in any digital commodity or to sus-
2	pend or curtail trading in a digital commodity.
3	"(8) TIMELY PUBLICATION OF TRADING INFOR-
4	MATION.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
6	exchange shall make public timely information
7	on price, trading volume, and other trading
8	data on digital commodities to the extent pre-
9	scribed by the Commission.
10	"(B) CAPACITY OF DIGITAL COMMODITY
11	EXCHANGE.—A digital commodity exchange
12	shall have the capacity to electronically capture
13	and transmit trade information with respect to
14	transactions executed on the exchange.
15	"(9) Record Keeping and Reporting.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
17	exchange shall—
18	"(i) maintain records relating to the
19	business of the exchange, including a com-
20	plete audit trail, in a form and manner ac-
21	ceptable to the Commission for a period of
22	5 years;
23	"(ii) report to the Commission, in a
24	form and manner acceptable to the Com-
25	mission, such information as the Commis-

1	sion determines to be necessary or appro-
2	priate for the Commission to perform the
3	duties of the Commission under this Act;
4	and
5	"(iii) keep any such records of digital
6	commodities which relate to a security
7	open to inspection and examination by the
8	Securities and Exchange Commission.
9	"(B) INFORMATION-SHARING.—Subject to
10	section 8, and on request, the Commission shall
11	share information collected under subparagraph
12	(A) with—
13	"(i) the Board;
14	"(ii) the Securities and Exchange
15	Commission;
16	"(iii) each appropriate Federal bank-
17	ing agency;
18	"(iv) each appropriate State bank su-
19	pervisor (within the meaning of section 3
20	of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act);
21	"(v) the Financial Stability Oversight
22	Council;
23	"(vi) the Department of Justice; and

1	"(vii) any other person that the Com-
2	mission determines to be appropriate, in-
3	cluding-
4	"(I) foreign financial supervisors
5	(including foreign futures authorities);
6	"(II) foreign central banks; and
7	"(III) foreign ministries.
8	"(C) Confidentiality agreement.—Be-
9	fore the Commission may share information
10	with any entity described in subparagraph (B),
11	the Commission shall receive a written agree-
12	ment from the entity stating that the entity
13	shall abide by the confidentiality requirements
14	described in section 8 relating to the informa-
15	tion on digital commodities that is provided.
16	"(D) PROVIDING INFORMATION.—A digital
17	commodity exchange shall provide to the Com-
18	mission (including any designee of the Commis-
19	sion) information under subparagraph (A) in
20	such form and at such frequency as is required
21	by the Commission.
22	"(10) ANTITRUST CONSIDERATIONS.—Unless
23	necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of
24	this Act, a digital commodity exchange shall not—

1	"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions
2	that result in any unreasonable restraint of
3	trade; or
4	"(B) impose any material anticompetitive
5	burden on trading.
6	"(11) Conflicts of interest.—The digital
7	commodity exchange shall establish and enforce
8	rules—
9	"(A) to minimize conflicts of interest in
10	the decision making processes of the contract
11	market; and
12	"(B) to establish a process for resolving
13	conflicts of interest referred to in subparagraph
14	(A).
15	"(12) FINANCIAL RESOURCES.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
17	exchange shall have adequate financial, oper-
18	ational, and managerial resources, as deter-
19	mined by the Commission, to discharge each re-
20	sponsibility of the digital commodity exchange.
21	"(B) MINIMUM AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL RE-
22	SOURCES.—A digital commodity exchange shall
23	possess financial resources that, at a minimum,
24	exceed the sum of—

1	"(i) the total amount that would en-
2	able the digital commodity exchange to
3	cover the operating costs of the digital
4	commodity exchange for a 1-year period,
5	as calculated on a rolling basis; and
6	"(ii) the total amount necessary to
7	meet the financial obligations of the digital
8	commodity exchange to all customers of
9	the digital commodity exchange.
10	"(13) DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES.—A digital
11	commodity exchange shall establish and enforce dis-
12	ciplinary procedures that authorize the digital com-
13	modity exchange to discipline, suspend, or expel
14	members or market participants that violate the
15	rules of the digital commodity exchange, or similar
16	methods for performing the same functions, includ-
17	ing delegation of the functions to third parties.
18	"(14) Governance fitness standards.—
19	"(A) GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS.—A
20	digital commodity exchange shall establish gov-
21	ernance arrangements that are transparent and
22	designed to permit consideration of the views of
23	market participants.

1	"(B) FITNESS STANDARDS.—A digital
2	commodity exchange shall establish and enforce
3	appropriate fitness standards for—
4	"(i) officers and directors; and
5	"(ii) any individual or entity with di-
6	rect access to, or control of, customer as-
7	sets.
8	"(15) System safeguards.—A digital com-
9	modity exchange shall—
10	"(A) establish and maintain a program of
11	risk analysis and oversight to identify and mini-
12	mize sources of operational and security risks,
13	through the development of appropriate controls
14	and procedures, and automated systems in ac-
15	cordance with industry standards, that—
16	"(i) are reliable and secure; and
17	"(ii) have adequate scalable capacity;
18	"(B) establish and maintain emergency
19	procedures, backup resources, and a plan for
20	disaster recovery that allow for—
21	"(i) the timely recovery and resump-
22	tion of operations; and
23	"(ii) the fulfillment of the responsibil-
24	ities and obligations of the digital com-
25	modity exchange; and

1	"(C) periodically conduct tests to verify
2	that the backup resources of the digital com-
3	modity exchange are sufficient to ensure contin-
4	ued—
5	"(i) order processing and trade
6	matching;
7	"(ii) price reporting;
8	"(iii) market surveillance; and
9	"(iv) maintenance of a comprehensive
10	and accurate audit trail.
11	"(d) Holding of Customer Assets.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity ex-
13	change shall hold customer money, assets, and prop-
14	erty in a manner to minimize the risk of loss to the
15	customer or unreasonable delay in customer access
16	to the money, assets, and property of the customer.
17	"(2) Segregation of funds.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
19	exchange shall treat and deal with all money,
20	assets, and property that is received by the dig-
21	ital commodity exchange, or accrues to a cus-
22	tomer as the result of trading in digital com-
23	modities, as belonging to the customer.
24	"(B) Commingling prohibited.—Money,
25	assets, and property described in subparagraph

(A) shall be separately accounted for and shall
not be commingled with the funds of the digital
commodity exchange or be used to margin, se-
cure, or guarantee any trades or accounts of
any customer or person other than the person
for whom the same are held.
"(C) EXCEPTIONS.—
"(i) USE OF FUNDS.—
"(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwith-
standing subparagraph (A), money,
assets, and property described in sub-
paragraph (A) may, for convenience,
be commingled and deposited in the
same account or accounts with any
bank, trust company, derivatives
clearing organization, or qualified dig-
ital asset custodian.
"(II) WITHDRAWAL.—Notwith-
standing subparagraph (A), such
share of the money, assets, and prop-
erty described in subparagraph (A) as
in the normal course of business shall
be necessary to margin, guarantee, se-
cure, transfer, adjust, or settle a con-
tract of sale of a digital commodity

1	with a registered entity may be with-
2	drawn and applied to such purposes,
3	including the payment of commis-
4	sions, brokerage, interest, taxes, stor-
5	age, and other charges, lawfully ac-
6	cruing in connection with the con-
7	tract.
8	"(ii) Commission Action.—Notwith-
9	standing subparagraph (A), in accordance
10	with such terms and conditions as the
11	Commission may prescribe by rule, regula-
12	tion, or order, any money, assets, or prop-
13	erty of the customers of a digital com-
14	modity exchange may be commingled and
15	deposited in customer accounts with any
16	other money, assets, or property received
17	by the digital commodity exchange and re-
18	quired by the Commission to be separately
19	accounted for and treated and dealt with
20	as belonging to the customer of the digital
21	commodity exchange.
22	"(3) Permitted investments.—Money de-
23	scribed in paragraph (2) may be invested in obliga-
24	tions of the United States, in general obligations of
25	any State or of any political subdivision of a State,

and in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal
 and interest by the United States, or in any other
 investment that the Commission may by rule or reg ulation prescribe, and such investments shall be
 made in accordance with such rules and regulations
 and subject to such conditions as the Commission
 may prescribe.

8 "(4) CUSTOMER PROTECTION DURING BANK9 RUPTCY.—

"(A) CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—All assets 10 11 held on behalf of a customer by a digital com-12 modity exchange, and all money, assets, and 13 property of any customer received by a digital 14 commodity exchange for trading or custody, or 15 to facilitate, margin, guarantee, or secure con-16 tracts of sale of a digital commodity (including 17 money, assets, or property accruing to the cus-18 tomer as the result of the transactions), shall 19 be considered customer property for purposes of 20 section 761 of title 11, United States Code.

21 "(B) TRANSACTIONS.—A transaction in22 volving the sale of a unit of a digital commodity
23 occurring on or subject to the rules of a digital
24 commodity exchange shall be considered a con25 tract for the purchase or sale of a commodity

1	for future delivery, on or subject to the rules of,
2	a contract market or board of trade for pur-
3	poses of the definition of 'commodity contract'
4	in section 761 of title 11, United States Code.
5	"(C) EXCHANGES.—A digital commodity
6	exchange shall be considered a futures commis-
7	sion merchant for purposes of section 761 of
8	title 11, United States Code.
9	"(D) Assets removed from segrega-
10	TION.—Assets removed from segregation due to
11	a customer election under paragraph (6) shall
12	not be considered customer property for pur-
13	poses of section 761 of title 11, United States
14	Code.
15	"(5) MISUSE OF CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful—
17	"(i) for any digital commodity ex-
18	change that has received any customer
19	money, assets, or property for custody to
20	dispose of, or use any such money, assets,
21	or property as belonging to the digital
22	commodity exchange or any person other
23	than a customer of the digital commodity
24	exchange; or

1	"(ii) for any other person, including
2	any depository, other digital commodity ex-
3	change, or digital asset custodian that has
4	received any customer money, assets, or
5	property for deposit, to hold, dispose of, or
6	use any such money, assets, or property, or
7	property, as belonging to the depositing
8	digital commodity exchange or any person
9	other than the customers of the digital
10	commodity exchange.
11	"(B) Use further defined.—For pur-
12	poses of this section, 'use' of a digital com-
13	modity includes utilizing any unit of a digital
14	asset to participate in a blockchain service de-
15	fined in paragraph (6) or a decentralized gov-
16	ernance system associated with the digital com-
17	modity or the blockchain system to which the
18	digital commodity relates in any manner other
19	than that expressly directed by the customer
20	from whom the unit of a digital commodity was
21	received.
22	"(6) PARTICIPATION IN BLOCKCHAIN SERV-
23	ICES.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer shall have
25	the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph

(2) for any unit of a digital commodity to be
 used under subparagraph (B) of this para graph, by affirmatively electing, in writing to
 the digital commodity exchange, to waive the
 restrictions.

6 "(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital 7 commodities removed from segregation under 8 subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by 9 the digital commodity exchange or its designee 10 to provide a blockchain service for a blockchain 11 system to which the unit of the digital asset re-12 moved from segregation in subparagraph (A) 13 relates.

14 "(C) LIMITATIONS.—

15 "(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission 16 shall, by rule, establish notice and disclo-17 sure requirements, and may, by rule, es-18 tablish any other limitations and rules re-19 lated to the waiving of any restrictions 20 under this paragraph that are reasonably 21 necessary to protect customers, including 22 eligible contract participants, non-eligible 23 contract participants, or any other class of 24 customers.

	101
1	"(ii) CUSTOMER CHOICE.—A digital
2	commodity exchange may not require a
3	waiver from a customer described in sub-
4	paragraph (A) as a condition of doing
5	business on the exchange.
6	"(D) Blockchain service defined.—In
7	this paragraph, the term 'blockchain service'
8	means any activity relating to validating trans-
9	actions on a blockchain system, providing secu-
10	rity for a blockchain system, or other similar
11	activity required for the ongoing operation of a
12	blockchain system.
13	"(e) Market Access Requirements.—The Com-
14	mission may, by rule, impose any additional requirements
15	related to the operations and activities of the digital com-
16	modity exchange and an affiliated digital commodity
17	broker necessary to protect market participants, promote
18	fair and equitable trading on the digital commodity ex-

19 change, and promote responsible innovation.

20 "(f) DESIGNATION OF CHIEF COMPLIANCE OFFI-21 CER.—

22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity ex23 change shall designate an individual to serve as a
24 chief compliance officer.

1	"(2) DUTIES.—The chief compliance officer
2	shall—
3	"(A) report directly to the board or to the
4	senior officer of the exchange;
5	"(B) review compliance with the core prin-
6	ciples in this subsection;
7	"(C) in consultation with the board of the
8	exchange, a body performing a function similar
9	to that of a board, or the senior officer of the
10	exchange, resolve any conflicts of interest that
11	may arise;
12	"(D) establish and administer the policies
13	and procedures required to be established pur-
14	suant to this section;
15	"(E) ensure compliance with this Act and
16	the rules and regulations issued under this Act,
17	including rules prescribed by the Commission
18	pursuant to this section; and
19	((F) establish procedures for the remedi-
20	ation of noncompliance issues found during
21	compliance office reviews, look backs, internal
22	or external audit findings, self-reported errors,
23	or through validated complaints.
24	"(3) Requirements for procedures.—In
25	establishing procedures under paragraph (2)(F), the

1	chief compliance officer shall design the procedures
2	to establish the handling, management response, re-
3	mediation, retesting, and closing of noncompliance
4	issues.
5	"(4) ANNUAL REPORTS.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with
7	rules prescribed by the Commission, the chief
8	compliance officer shall annually prepare and
9	sign a report that contains a description of—
10	"(i) the compliance of the digital com-
11	modity exchange with this Act; and
12	"(ii) the policies and procedures, in-
13	cluding the code of ethics and conflicts of
14	interest policies, of the digital commodity
15	exchange.
16	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The chief compli-
17	ance officer shall—
18	"(i) submit each report described in
19	subparagraph (A) with the appropriate fi-
20	nancial report of the digital commodity ex-
21	change that is required to be submitted to
22	the Commission pursuant to this section;
23	and

1	"(ii) include in the report a certifi-
2	cation that, under penalty of law, the re-
3	port is accurate and complete.
4	"(g) Appointment of Trustee.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a proceeding under sec-
6	tion 5e results in the suspension or revocation of the
7	registration of a digital commodity exchange, or if a
8	digital commodity exchange withdraws from registra-
9	tion, the Commission, on notice to the digital com-
10	modity exchange, may apply to the appropriate
11	United States district court where the digital com-
12	modity exchange is located for the appointment of a
13	trustee.
14	"(2) Assumption of Jurisdiction.—If the
15	Commission applies for appointment of a trustee
16	under paragraph (1)—
17	"(A) the court may take exclusive jurisdic-
18	tion over the digital commodity exchange and
19	the records and assets of the digital commodity
20	exchange, wherever located; and
21	"(B) if the court takes jurisdiction under
22	subparagraph (A), the court shall appoint the
23	Commission, or a person designated by the
24	Commission, as trustee with power to take pos-

session and continue to operate or terminate

1	the operations of the digital commodity ex-
2	change in an orderly manner for the protection
3	of customers subject to such terms and condi-
4	tions as the court may prescribe.
5	"(h) Qualified Digital Asset Custodian.—A
6	digital commodity exchange shall hold in a qualified digital
7	asset custodian each unit of a digital asset that is—
8	"(1) the property of a customer of the digital
9	commodity exchange;
10	((2)) required to be held by the digital com-
11	modity exchange under subsection $(c)(12)$ of this
12	section; or
13	"(3) otherwise so required by the Commission
14	to reasonably protect customers.
15	"(i) Exemptions.—
16	"(1) In order to promote responsible innovation
17	and fair competition, or protect customers, the Com-
18	mission may (on its own initiative or on application
19	of the registered digital commodity exchange) ex-
20	empt, either unconditionally or on stated terms or
21	conditions or for stated periods and either retro-
22	actively or prospectively, or both, a registered digital
23	commodity exchange from the requirements of this
24	section, if the Commission determines that—

2

3

166

"(A) the exemption would be consistent with the public interest and the purposes of this Act; and

4 "(B) the exemption will not have a mate5 rial adverse effect on the ability of the Commis6 sion or the digital commodity exchange to dis7 charge regulatory or self-regulatory duties
8 under this Act.

9 "(2) The Commission may exempt, condi-10 tionally or unconditionally, a digital commodity ex-11 change from registration under this section if the 12 Commission finds that the digital commodity ex-13 change is subject to comparable, comprehensive su-14 pervision and regulation on a consolidated basis by 15 the appropriate governmental authorities in the 16 home country of the facility.

17 "(j) CUSTOMER DEFINED.—In this section, the term 18 'customer' means any person that maintains an account 19 for the trading of digital commodities directly with a dig-20 ital commodity exchange (other than a person that is 21 owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the digital 22 commodity exchange) for its own behalf or on behalf of 23 any other person.

24 "(k) FEDERAL PREEMPTION.—Notwithstanding any25 other provision of law, the Commission shall have exclusive

jurisdiction over any digital commodity exchange reg istered under this section with respect to activities and
 transactions subject to this Act.".

4 SEC. 405. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.

5 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.),
6 as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is
7 amended by inserting after section 5i the following:

8 "SEC. 5j. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.

9 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A person is a qualified digital
10 asset custodian for purposes of this Act if the person—
11 "(1) holds digital assets on behalf of a person
12 registered under this Act or a customer of a person
13 registered under this Act; and

14 "(2) is in compliance with subsections (b) and15 (c).

16 "(b) SUPERVISION REQUIREMENT.—A person is in
17 compliance with this subsection if the person is subject
18 to—

"(1) supervision and examination for custody
and safekeeping of digital assets by an appropriate
Federal banking agency, the National Credit Union
Administration, the Commission, or the Securities
and Exchange Commission; or

1	((2) adequate supervision and appropriate reg-
2	ulation for custody and safekeeping of digital assets
3	by—
4	"(A) a State bank supervisor (within the
5	meaning of section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
6	surance Act);
7	"(B) a State credit union supervisor, as
8	defined under section 6003 of the Anti-Money
9	Laundering Act of 2020; or
10	"(C) an appropriate foreign governmental
11	authority in the home country of the digital
12	commodity custodian.
13	"(c) Other Requirements.—A person shall be in
14	compliance with this subsection if:
15	"(1) Not otherwise prohibited.—The per-
16	son has not been prohibited by its supervisor from
17	engaging in an activity with respect to the custody
18	and safekeeping of digital assets.
19	"(2) Information sharing.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The person shares in-
21	formation with the Commission on request and
22	complies with such requirements for periodic
23	sharing of information regarding customer ac-
24	counts that the person holds on behalf of an en-
25	tity registered with the Commission as the

1	Commission determines by rule are reasonably
2	necessary to effectuate any of the provisions, or
3	to accomplish any of the purposes, of this Act.
4	"(B) PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—If the
5	person is subject to regulation and examination
6	by an appropriate Federal banking agency, the
7	person may satisfy any information request de-
8	scribed in subparagraph (A) by providing the
9	Commission with a detailed listing, in writing,
10	of the digital assets of a customer in the cus-
11	tody of, or use by, the person.
12	"(C) RULEMAKING FOR CFTC ENTITIES.—
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission
14	shall prescribe rules to permit a person
15	registered with the Commission to be a
16	qualified digital asset custodian in compli-
17	ance with this section.
18	"(ii) CONTENT.—In prescribing the
19	rules under subparagraph (A), the Com-
20	mission shall require a person registered
21	with the Commission to—
22	"(I) implement requirement con-
23	sistent with the requirements in sub-
24	section $(d)(1)$;

1701 "(II) establish sufficient system 2 safeguards; 3 "(III) prevent or mitigate con-4 flicts of interest, as appropriate; and 5 "(IV) establish separate govern-6 ance arrangements for the custodial 7 function of the entity. "(d) ADEQUATE SUPERVISION AND APPROPRIATE 8 9 REGULATION.— 10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection

11 (b), the terms 'adequate supervision' and 'appro-12 priate regulation' mean such minimum standards for 13 supervision and regulation as are reasonably nec-14 essary to protect the digital assets held by a person 15 registered under this Act, including standards relat-16 ing to the licensing, examination, and supervisory 17 processes that require the person to, at a min-18 imum—

"(A) receive a review and evaluation of
ownership, character and fitness, conflicts of interest, business model, financial statements,
funding resources, and policies and procedures
of the person;

24 "(B) hold capital sufficient for the finan-25 cial integrity of the person;

1	"(C) protect customer assets;
2	"(D) establish and maintain books and
3	records regarding the business of the person;
4	"(E) submit financial statements and au-
5	dited financial statements to the applicable su-
6	pervisor described in subsection (b);
7	"(F) provide disclosures to the applicable
8	supervisor described in subsection (b) regarding
9	actions, proceedings, and other items as deter-
10	mined by the supervisor;
11	"(G) maintain and enforce policies and
12	procedures for compliance with applicable State
13	and Federal laws, including those related to
14	anti-money laundering and cybersecurity;
15	"(H) establish a business continuity plan
16	to ensure functionality in cases of disruption;
17	and
18	"(I) establish policies and procedures to re-
19	solve complaints.
20	"(2) Rulemaking with respect to defini-
21	TIONS.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this
23	section, the Commission may, by rule, further
24	define the terms 'adequate supervision' and 'ap-
25	propriate regulation' as necessary and appro-

1	priate for the protection of customers, and con-
2	sistent with the purposes of this Act.
3	"(B) CONDITIONAL TREATMENT OF CER-
4	TAIN CUSTODIANS BEFORE RULEMAKING.—Be-
5	fore the effective date of a rulemaking under
6	subparagraph (A), a trust company is deemed
7	subject to adequate supervision and appropriate
8	regulation if—
9	"(i) the trust company is expressly
10	permitted by a State bank supervisor to
11	engage in the custody and safekeeping of
12	digital assets;
13	"(ii) the State bank supervisor has es-
14	tablished licensing, examination, and su-
15	pervisory processes that require the trust
16	company to, at a minimum, meet the con-
17	ditions described in subparagraphs (A)
18	through (I) of paragraph (1); and
19	"(iii) the trust company is in good
20	standing with its State bank supervisor.
21	"(C) TRANSITION PERIOD FOR CERTAIN
22	CUSTODIANS.—In implementing the rulemaking
23	under subparagraph (A), the Commission shall
24	provide a transition period of not less than 2
25	years for any trust company that is deemed

subject to adequate supervision and appropriate
 regulation under subparagraph (B) on the ef fective date of the rulemaking.

"(e) 4 AUTHORITY TO TEMPORARILY SUSPEND STANDARDS.—The Commission may, by rule or order, 5 temporarily suspend, in whole or in part, any requirement 6 7 imposed under, or any standard referred to in, this sec-8 tion, or any requirement to utilize a qualified digital asset 9 custodian, if the Commission determines that the suspension would be consistent with the public interest and the 10 11 purposes of this Act.".

12 SEC. 406. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL 13 COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.

14 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.)15 is amended by inserting after section 4t the following:

16 "SEC. 4u. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL

- 17 COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.
- 18 "(a) REGISTRATION.—

"(1) REQUIREMENT.—It shall be unlawful for
any person to act as a digital commodity broker or
digital commodity dealer unless the person is registered as such with the Commission.

23 "(2) ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION.—
24 "(A) RULES.—In order to foster the devel25 opment of fair and orderly markets, protect

1	customers, and promote responsible innovation,
2	the Commission—
3	"(i) shall prescribe rules to exempt an
4	entity registered with the Commission
5	under more than 1 section of this Act from
6	duplicative, conflicting, or unduly burden-
7	some provisions of this Act and the rules
8	under this Act;
9	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to address
10	conflicts of interests and the activities of
11	the entity; and
12	"(iii) may after an analysis of the
13	risks and benefits, prescribe rules to pro-
14	vide for portfolio margining.
15	"(B) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN A REG-
16	ISTERED FUTURES ASSOCIATION.—Any person
17	required to be registered as a digital commodity
18	broker or digital commodity dealer under this
19	section shall become and remain a member of
20	a registered futures association.
21	"(b) Requirements.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person shall register as
23	a digital commodity broker or digital commodity
24	dealer by filing a registration application with the
25	Commission.

175

"(2) Contents.—

2 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The application shall
3 be made in such form and manner as is pre4 scribed by the Commission, and shall contain
5 such information as the Commission considers
6 necessary concerning the business in which the
7 applicant is or will be engaged.

8 "(B) CONTINUAL REPORTING.—A person 9 that is registered as a digital commodity broker 10 or digital commodity dealer shall continue to 11 submit to the Commission reports that contain 12 such information pertaining to the business of 13 the person as the Commission may require.

14 "(3) STATUTORY DISQUALIFICATION.—Except 15 to the extent otherwise specifically provided by rule, 16 regulation, or order, it shall be unlawful for a digital 17 commodity broker or digital commodity dealer to 18 permit any person who is associated with a digital 19 commodity broker or a digital commodity dealer and 20 who is subject to a statutory disqualification to ef-21 fect or be involved in effecting a contract of sale of 22 a digital commodity on behalf of the digital com-23 modity broker or the digital commodity dealer, re-24 spectively, if the digital commodity broker or digital 25 commodity dealer, respectively, knew, or in the exer-

- cise of reasonable care should have known, of the
 statutory disqualification.
- 3 "(c) RULEMAKING.—

4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall pre-5 scribe such rules applicable to registered digital com-6 modity brokers and registered digital commodity 7 dealers as are appropriate to carry out this section, 8 including rules in the public interest that limit the 9 activities of digital commodity brokers and digital 10 commodity dealers.

11 "(2) FINANCING AGREEMENTS.—

12 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall 13 prescribe rules and regulations applicable to 14 digital commodity brokers or digital commodity 15 dealers which shall set forth minimum require-16 ments related to disclosure, recordkeeping, mar-17 gin financing arrangements, rehypothecation, 18 capital, reporting, business conduct, documenta-19 tion, and supervision of employees and agents, in connection with— 20 21

21 "(i) an agreement described in section
22 2(c)(2)(D)(iv); or

23 "(ii) any other margined, leveraged,
24 or financing arrangement for the purchase

or sale of a digital commodity with an eli gible contract participant.

"(B) SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.—Except as 3 4 prohibited in section 2(c)(2)(G)(iii), the Com-5 mission may also make, promulgate, and en-6 force such rules and regulations as, in the judg-7 ment of the Commission, are reasonably nec-8 essary to effectuate any of the provisions of, or 9 to accomplish any of the purposes of, this Act 10 in connection with an agreement referred to in 11 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

12 "(d) CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital commodity 14 broker and digital commodity dealer shall meet such 15 minimum capital requirements as the Commission 16 may prescribe to address the risks associated with 17 digital commodity trading and to ensure that the 18 digital commodity broker or digital commodity deal-19 er, respectively, is able, at all times, to—

20 "(A) meet, and continue to meet the obli-21 gations of such a registrant; and

22 "(B) fulfill obligations to customers or
23 counterparties for any margined, leveraged, or
24 financed transactions.

1 "(2) FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND 2 OTHER DEALERS.—Each futures commission mer-3 chant, introducing broker, digital commodity broker, 4 digital commodity dealer, broker, and dealer shall 5 maintain sufficient capital to comply with the strict-6 er of any applicable capital requirements to which 7 the futures commission merchant. introducing 8 broker, digital commodity broker, digital commodity 9 dealer, broker, or dealer, respectively, is subject 10 under this Act or the Securities Exchange Act of 11 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.).

12 "(e) REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING.—Each dig-13 ital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer—

"(1) shall make such reports as are required by
the Commission by rule or regulation regarding the
transactions, positions, and financial condition of the
digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively;

"(2) shall keep books and records in such form
and manner and for such period as may be prescribed by the Commission by rule or regulation; and
"(3) shall keep the books and records open to
inspection and examination by any representative of
the Commission.

25 "(f) Daily Trading Records.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital commodity 1 2 broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain 3 daily trading records of the transactions of the dig-4 ital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, 5 respectively, and all related records (including re-6 lated forward or derivatives transactions) and re-7 corded communications, including electronic mail, in-8 stant messages, and recordings of telephone calls, 9 for such period as the Commission may require by 10 rule or regulation.

11 "(2) INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.—The daily
12 trading records shall include such information as the
13 Commission shall require by rule or regulation.

14 "(3) COUNTERPARTY RECORDS.—Each digital
15 commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall
16 maintain daily trading records for each customer or
17 counterparty in a manner and form that is identifi18 able with each digital commodity transaction.

19 "(4) AUDIT TRAIL.—Each digital commodity
20 broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain
21 a complete audit trail for conducting comprehensive
22 and accurate trade reconstructions.

23 "(g) BUSINESS CONDUCT STANDARDS.—

24 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital commodity25 broker and digital commodity dealer shall conform

1	with such business conduct standards as the Com-
2	mission, by rule or regulation, prescribes related
3	to—
4	"(A) fraud, manipulation, and other abu-
5	sive practices involving spot or margined, lever-
6	aged, or financed digital commodity trans-
7	actions (including transactions that are offered
8	but not entered into);
9	"(B) diligent supervision of the business of
10	the registered digital commodity broker or dig-
11	ital commodity dealer, respectively; and
12	"(C) such other matters as the Commis-
13	sion deems appropriate.
14	"(2) BUSINESS CONDUCT REQUIREMENTS.—
15	The Commission shall, by rule, prescribe business
16	conduct requirements which—
17	"(A) require disclosure by a registered dig-
18	ital commodity broker and registered digital
19	commodity dealer to any counterparty to the
20	transaction (other than an eligible contract par-
21	ticipant) of—
22	"(i) information about the material
23	risks and characteristics of the digital com-
24	modity;

1	"(ii) information about the material
2	risks and characteristics of the transaction;
3	"(B) establish a duty for such a digital
4	commodity broker and such a digital commodity
5	dealer to communicate in a fair and balanced
6	manner based on principles of fair dealing and
7	good faith;
8	"(C) establish standards governing digital
9	commodity broker and digital commodity dealer
10	marketing and advertising, including
11	testimonials and endorsements; and
12	"(D) establish such other standards and
13	requirements as the Commission may determine
14	are appropriate for the protection of customers.
15	"(3) PROHIBITION ON FRAUDULENT PRAC-
16	TICES.—It shall be unlawful for a digital commodity
17	broker or digital commodity dealer to—
18	"(A) employ any device, scheme, or artifice
19	to defraud any customer or counterparty;
20	"(B) engage in any transaction, practice,
21	or course of business that operates as a fraud
22	or deceit on any customer or counterparty; or
23	"(C) engage in any act, practice, or course
24	of business that is fraudulent, deceptive, or ma-
25	nipulative.

1 "(h) DUTIES.—

2	"(1) RISK MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES.—Each
3	digital commodity broker and digital commodity
4	dealer shall establish robust and professional risk
5	management systems adequate for managing the
6	day-to-day business of the digital commodity broker
7	or digital commodity dealer, respectively.
8	"(2) DISCLOSURE OF GENERAL INFORMA-

9 TION.—Each digital commodity broker and digital 10 commodity dealer shall disclose to the Commission 11 information concerning—

12 "(A) the terms and conditions of the trans13 actions of the digital commodity broker or dig14 ital commodity dealer, respectively;

15 "(B) the trading operations, mechanisms,
16 and practices of the digital commodity broker
17 or digital commodity dealer, respectively;

"(C) financial integrity protections relating to the activities of the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively; and

21 "(D) other information relevant to trading
22 in digital commodities by the digital commodity
23 broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively.

18

19

183

"(3) ABILITY TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.—Each
 digital commodity broker and digital commodity
 dealer shall—
 "(A) establish and enforce internal systems
 and procedures to obtain any necessary infor mation to perform any of the functions de-

scribed in this section; and

8 "(B) provide the information to the Com-9 mission, on request.

10 "(4) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—Each digital 11 commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall 12 establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and 13 procedures reasonably designed, taking into consid-14 eration the nature of the business of the person, to 15 mitigate any conflicts of interest in transactions or 16 arrangements with affiliates.

17 "(5) ANTITRUST CONSIDERATIONS.—Unless
18 necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of
19 this Act, a digital commodity broker or digital com20 modity dealer shall not—

21 "(A) adopt any process or take any action
22 that results in any unreasonable restraint of
23 trade; or

24 "(B) impose any material anticompetitive25 burden on trading or clearing.

1 "(i) DESIGNATION OF CHIEF COMPLIANCE OFFI-2 CER.—

3 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital commodity
4 broker and digital commodity dealer shall designate
5 an individual to serve as a chief compliance officer.
6 "(2) DUTIES.—The chief compliance officer
7 shall—

8 "(A) report directly to the board or to the 9 senior officer of the registered digital com-10 modity broker or registered digital commodity 11 dealer;

"(B) review the compliance of the registered digital commodity broker or registered
digital commodity dealer with respect to the
registered digital commodity broker and registered digital commodity dealer requirements
described in this section;

"(C) in consultation with the board of directors, a body performing a function similar to
the board, or the senior officer of the organization, resolve any conflicts of interest that may
arise;

23 "(D) be responsible for administering each
24 policy and procedure that is required to be es25 tablished pursuant to this section;

1	"(E) ensure compliance with this Act (in-
2	cluding regulations), including each rule pre-
3	scribed by the Commission under this section;
4	"(F) establish procedures for the remedi-
5	ation of noncompliance issues identified by the
6	chief compliance officer through any—
7	"(i) compliance office review;
8	"(ii) look-back;
9	"(iii) internal or external audit find-
10	ing;
11	"(iv) self-reported error; or
12	"(v) validated complaint; and
13	"(G) establish and follow appropriate pro-
14	cedures for the handling, management response,
15	remediation, retesting, and closing of non-
16	compliance issues.
17	"(3) ANNUAL REPORTS.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with
19	rules prescribed by the Commission, the chief
20	compliance officer shall annually prepare and
21	sign a report that contains a description of—
22	"(i) the compliance of the registered
23	digital commodity broker or registered dig-
24	ital commodity dealer with this Act (in-
25	cluding regulations); and

1	"(ii) each policy and procedure of the
2	registered digital commodity broker or reg-
3	istered digital commodity dealer followed
4	by the chief compliance officer (including
5	the code of ethics and conflict of interest
6	policies).
7	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The chief compli-
8	ance officer shall ensure that a compliance re-
9	port under subparagraph (A)—
10	"(i) accompanies each appropriate fi-
11	nancial report of the registered digital
12	commodity broker or registered digital
13	commodity dealer that is required to be
14	furnished to the Commission pursuant to
15	this section; and
16	"(ii) includes a certification that,
17	under penalty of law, the compliance re-
18	port is accurate and complete.
19	"(j) Segregation of Digital Commodities.—
20	"(1) Holding of customer assets.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each digital com-
22	modity broker and digital commodity dealer
23	shall hold customer money, assets, and property
24	in a manner to minimize the risk of loss to the
25	customer or unreasonable delay in customer ac-

1	cess to the money, assets, and property of the
2	customer.
3	"(B) QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTO-
4	DIAN.—Each digital commodity broker and dig-
5	ital commodity dealer shall hold in a qualified
6	digital asset custodian each unit of a digital
7	asset that is—
8	"(i) the property of a customer or
9	counterparty of the digital commodity
10	broker or digital commodity dealer, respec-
11	tively;
12	"(ii) required to be held by the digital
13	commodity broker or digital commodity
14	dealer under subsection (e); or
15	"(iii) otherwise so required by the
16	Commission to reasonably protect cus-
17	tomers or promote the public interest.
18	"(2) Segregation of funds.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each digital com-
20	modity broker and digital commodity dealer
21	shall treat and deal with all money, assets, and
22	property that is received by the digital com-
23	modity broker or digital commodity dealer, or
24	accrues to a customer as the result of trading

in digital commodities, as belonging to the cus tomer.

3	"(B) Commingling prohibited.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-
5	vided in clause (ii), each digital commodity
6	broker and digital commodity dealer shall
7	separately account for money, assets, and
8	property of a digital commodity customer,
9	and shall not commingle any such money,
10	assets, or property with the funds of the
11	digital commodity broker or digital com-
12	modity dealer, respectively, or use any such
13	money, assets, or property to margin, se-
14	cure, or guarantee any trades or accounts
15	of any customer or person other than the
16	person for whom the money, assets, or
17	property are held.
18	"(ii) Exceptions.—
19	"(I) USE OF FUNDS.—
20	"(aa) IN GENERAL.—A dig-
21	ital commodity broker or digital
22	commodity dealer may, for con-
23	venience, commingle and deposit
24	in the same account or accounts
25	with any bank, trust company,

2

3

4

189

derivatives clearing organization, or qualified digital asset custodian money, assets, and property of customers.

"(bb) WITHDRAWAL.—The 5 6 share of the money, assets, and 7 property described in item (aa) 8 as in the normal course of busi-9 ness shall be necessary to mar-10 gin, guarantee, secure, transfer, 11 adjust, or settle a contract of sale of a digital commodity with a 12 13 registered entity may be with-14 drawn and applied to such pur-15 poses, including the payment of commissions, brokerage, interest, 16 17 taxes, storage, and other charges, 18 lawfully accruing in connection 19 with the contract. 20

20 "(II) COMMISSION ACTION.—In
21 accordance with such terms and con22 ditions as the Commission may pre23 scribe by rule, regulation, or order,
24 any money, assets, or property of the
25 customers of a digital commodity

1	broker or digital commodity dealer
2	may be commingled and deposited in
3	customer accounts with any other
4	money, assets, or property received by
5	the digital commodity broker or dig-
6	ital commodity dealer, respectively,
7	and required by the Commission to be
8	separately accounted for and treated
9	and dealt with as belonging to the
10	customer of the digital commodity
11	broker or digital commodity dealer,
12	respectively.
13	"(3) Permitted investments.—Money de-
14	scribed in paragraph (2) may be invested in obliga-
15	tions of the United States, in general obligations of
16	any State or of any political subdivision of a State,
17	in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and
18	interest by the United States, or in any other invest-
19	ment that the Commission may by rule or regulation
20	allow.
21	"(4) CUSTOMER PROTECTION DURING BANK-
22	RUPTCY.—
23	"(A) CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—All money,
24	assets, or property described in paragraph (2)
25	shall be considered customer property for pur-

2

poses of section 761 of title 11, United States Code.

3 "(B) TRANSACTIONS.—A transaction in-4 volving a unit of a digital commodity occurring 5 with a digital commodity broker or digital com-6 modity dealer shall be considered a contract for 7 the purchase or sale of a commodity for future 8 delivery, on or subject to the rules of, a con-9 tract market or board of trade for purposes of 10 the definition of a 'commodity contract' in sec-11 tion 761 of title 11, United States Code.

"(C) BROKERS AND DEALERS.—A digital
commodity broker and a digital commodity
dealer shall be considered a futures commission
merchant for purposes of section 761 of title
11, United States Code.

17 "(D) ASSETS REMOVED FROM SEGREGA18 TION.—Assets removed from segregation due to
19 a customer election under paragraph (6) shall
20 not be considered customer property for pur21 poses of section 761 of title 11, United States
22 Code.

23 "(5) MISUSE OF CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—
24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful—

1	"(i) for any digital commodity broker
2	or digital commodity dealer that has re-
3	ceived any customer money, assets, or
4	property for custody to dispose of, or use
5	any such money, assets, or property as be-
6	longing to the digital commodity broker or
7	digital commodity dealer, respectively, or
8	any person other than a customer of the
9	digital commodity broker or digital com-
10	modity dealer, respectively; or
11	"(ii) for any other person, including
12	any depository, digital commodity ex-
13	change, other digital commodity broker,
14	other digital commodity dealer, or digital
15	commodity custodian that has received any
16	customer money, assets, or property for
17	deposit, to hold, dispose of, or use any
18	such money, assets, or property, as belong-
19	ing to the depositing digital commodity
20	broker or digital commodity dealer or any
21	person other than the customers of the
22	digital commodity broker or digital com-
23	modity dealer, respectively.
24	"(B) Use further defined.—For pur-

25 poses of this section, 'use' of a digital com-

1	modity includes utilizing any unit of a digital
2	asset to participate in a blockchain service de-
3	fined in paragraph (6) or a decentralized gov-
4	ernance system associated with the digital com-
5	modity or the blockchain system to which the
6	digital commodity relates in any manner other
7	than that expressly directed by the customer
8	from whom the unit of a digital commodity was
9	received.
10	"(6) Participation in blockchain serv-
11	ICES.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer shall have
13	the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph
14	(2) for any unit of a digital commodity to be
15	used under subparagraph (B) of this para-
16	graph, by affirmatively electing, in writing to
17	the digital commodity broker or digital com-
18	modity dealer, to waive the restrictions.
19	"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital
20	commodities removed from segregation under
21	subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by
22	the digital commodity broker or digital com-
23	modity dealer, or one of their designees, to pro-
24	vide a blockchain service for a blockchain sys-
25	tem to which the unit of the digital asset re-

194

moved from segregation in subparagraph (A) 2 relates.

3 "(C) LIMITATIONS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission 4 shall, by rule, establish notice and disclo-5 6 sure requirements, and may, by rule, es-7 tablish any other limitations and rules re-8 lated to the waiving of any restrictions 9 under this paragraph that are reasonably 10 necessary to protect customers, including 11 eligible contract participants, non-eligible 12 contract participants, or any other class of 13 customers.

14 "(ii) CUSTOMER CHOICE.—A digital 15 commodity broker or digital commodity dealer may not require a waiver from a 16 17 customer described in subparagraph (A) as 18 a condition of doing business with the 19 broker or dealer.

20 "(D) BLOCKCHAIN SERVICE DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term 'blockchain service' 21 22 means any activity relating to validating trans-23 actions on a blockchain system, providing secu-24 rity for a blockchain system, or other similar

2

195

activity required for the ongoing operation of a blockchain system.

3 "(k) FEDERAL PREEMPTION.—Notwithstanding any
4 other provision of law, the Commission shall have exclusive
5 jurisdiction over any digital commodity broker or digital
6 commodity dealer registered under this section with re7 spect to activities subject to this Act.

8 "(1) EXEMPTIONS.—In order to promote responsible 9 innovation and fair competition, or protect customers, the Commission may (on its own initiative or on application 10 of the registered digital commodity broker or registered 11 12 digital commodity dealer) exempt, unconditionally or on 13 stated terms or conditions, or for stated periods, and retroactively or prospectively, or both, a registered digital 14 15 commodity broker or registered digital commodity dealer from the requirements of this section, if the Commission 16 17 determines that—

"(1)(A) the exemption would be consistent with
the public interest and the purposes of this Act; and
"(B) the exemption will not have a material adverse effect on the ability of the Commission to discharge regulatory duties under this Act; or

23 "(2) the registered digital commodity broker or
24 registered digital commodity dealer is subject to
25 comparable, comprehensive supervision and regula-

tion by the appropriate government authorities in
 the home country of the registered digital commodity
 broker or registered digital commodity dealer, re spectively.".

5 SEC. 407. REGISTRATION OF ASSOCIATED PERSONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4k of the Commodity Ex7 change Act (7 U.S.C. 6k) is amended—

8 (1) by redesignating subsections (4) through
9 (6) as subsections (5) through (7), respectively;

10 (2) by inserting after subsection (3) the fol-11 lowing:

12 "(4) It shall be unlawful for any person to act as an 13 associated person of a digital commodity broker or an as-14 sociated person of a digital commodity dealer unless the 15 person is registered with the Commission under this Act and such registration shall not have expired, been sus-16 pended (and the period of suspension has not expired), 17 18 or been revoked. It shall be unlawful for a digital com-19 modity broker or a digital commodity dealer to permit 20 such a person to become or remain associated with the 21 digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer if 22 the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer 23 knew or should have known that the person was not so 24 registered or that the registration had expired, been suspended (and the period of suspension has not expired),
 or been revoked."; and

3 (3) in subsection (5) (as so redesignated), by striking "or of a commodity trading advisor" and in-4 5 serting "of a commodity trading advisor, of a digital 6 commodity broker, or of a digital commodity deal-7 er". 8 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Commodity 9 Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a et seq.) is amended by striking "section 4k(6)" each place it appears and inserting "sec-10 11 tion 4k(7)". 12 SEC. 408. REGISTRATION OF COMMODITY POOL OPERA-13 TORS AND COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS. 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4m(3) of the Commodity 15 Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6m(3)) is amended— 16 (1) in subparagraph (A)— 17 (A) by striking "any commodity trading 18 advisor" and inserting "a commodity pool oper-19 ator or commodity trading advisor"; and (B) by striking "acting as a commodity 20 21 trading advisor" and inserting "acting as a 22 commodity pool operator or commodity trading 23 advisor"; and 24 (2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "digital commodities," after "physical commodities,". 25

(b) EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.—Section 4m of such
 Act (7 U.S.C. 6m) is amended by adding at the end the
 following:

4 (4)EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.—The Commission shall promulgate rules to provide appropriate exemptions 5 for commodity pool operators and commodity trading advi-6 7 sors, to provide relief from duplicative, conflicting, or un-8 duly burdensome requirements or to promote responsible 9 innovation, to the extent the exemptions foster the development of fair and orderly cash or spot digital commodity 10 markets, are necessary or appropriate in the public inter-11 12 est, and are consistent with the protection of customers.". 13 SEC. 409. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC-

14 TIVITIES.

15 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.),
16 as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is
17 amended by inserting after section 4u the following:

18 "SEC. 4v. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB-

19 JECT TO THIS ACT.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a person shall not be subject to this
Act and the regulations promulgated under this Act based
on the person directly or indirectly engaging in any of the
following activities, whether singly or in combination, in

relation to the operation of a blockchain system or in rela tion to decentralized finance trading protocol:

3 "(1) Compiling network transactions or relay4 ing, searching, sequencing, validating, or acting in a
5 similar capacity.

6 "(2) Providing computational work, operating a
7 node or oracle service, or procuring, offering, or uti8 lizing network bandwidth, or other similar incidental
9 services.

10 "(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a
11 user to read, and access data about a blockchain
12 system.

13 "(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad14 ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a
15 blockchain system or a decentralized finance trading
16 protocol.

"(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a
decentralized finance messaging system, or operating
or participating in a liquidity pool, for the purpose
of executing a spot contract for the purchase or sale
of a digital commodity in relation to a decentralized
finance trading protocol.

24 "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad-25 ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing

software or systems that create or deploy hardware
 or software, including wallets or other systems, fa cilitating an individual user's own personal ability to
 keep, safeguard, or custody the user's digital assets
 or related private keys.

6 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not be inter7 preted to apply to the anti-fraud, anti-manipulation, or
8 false reporting enforcement authorities of the Commis9 sion.".

10 sec. 410. Resources for implementation and en-11Forcement.

12 (a) COLLECTION OF FEES.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures 14 Trading Commission (in this section referred to as 15 the "Commission") shall charge and collect a filing 16 fee from each person who files with the Commission 17 an application for registration and is in provisional 18 status as a digital commodity exchange, digital com-19 modity broker, or digital commodity dealer pursuant 20 to section 106.

(2) AMOUNT.—The fees authorized under paragraph (1) may be collected and available for obligation only in the amounts provided in advance in an
appropriation Act.

1	(3) AUTHORITY TO ADJUST FEES.—Notwith-
2	standing the preceding provisions of this subsection,
3	to promote fair competition or innovation, the Com-
4	mission, in its sole discretion, may reduce or elimi-
5	nate any fee otherwise required to be paid by a small
6	or medium filer under this subsection.
7	(b) FEE SCHEDULE.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall pub-
9	lish in the Federal Register a schedule of the fees
10	to be charged and collected under this section.
11	(2) CONTENT.—The fee schedule for a fiscal
12	year shall include a written analysis of the estimate
13	of the Commission of the total costs of carrying out
14	the functions of the Commission under this Act dur-
15	ing the fiscal year.
16	(3) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Before pub-
17	lishing the fee schedule for a fiscal year, the Com-
18	mission shall submit a copy of the fee schedule to
19	the Committees on Agriculture and on Appropria-
20	tions of the House of Representatives and the Com-
21	mittees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and
22	on Appropriations of the Senate.
23	(4) TIMING.—
24	(A) 1st fiscal year.—The Commission
25	shall publish the fee schedule for the fiscal year

1	in which this Act is enacted, within 30 days
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
3	(B) SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEARS.—The
4	Commission shall publish the fee schedule for
5	each subsequent fiscal year, not less than 90
6	days before the due date prescribed by the
7	Commission for payment of the annual fee for
8	the fiscal year.
9	(c) LATE PAYMENT PENALTY.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may im-
11	pose a penalty against a person that fails to pay an
12	annual fee charged under this section, within 30
13	days after the due date prescribed by the Commis-
14	sion for payment of the fee.
15	(2) Amount.—The amount of the penalty shall
16	be—
17	(A) 5 percent of the amount of the fee due,
18	multiplied by
19	(B) the whole number of consecutive 30-
20	day periods that have elapsed since the due
21	date.
22	(d) Reimbursement of Excess Fees.—To the ex-
23	tent that the total amount of fees collected under this sec-
24	tion during a fiscal year that begins after the date of the
25	enactment of this Act exceeds the amount provided under

subsection (a)(2) with respect to the fiscal year, the Com mission shall reimburse the excess amount to the persons
 who have timely paid their annual fees, on a pro-rata basis
 that excludes penalties, and shall do so within 60 days
 after the end of the fiscal year.

6 (e) DEPOSIT OF FEES INTO THE TREASURY.—All 7 amounts collected under this section shall be credited to 8 the currently applicable appropriation, account, or fund of 9 the Commission as discretionary offsetting collections, and 10 shall be available for the purposes authorized in subsection 11 (f) only to the extent and in the amounts provided in ad-12 vance in appropriations Acts.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated
to the Commission, there is authorized to be appropriated
to the Commission amounts collected under this section
to cover the costs the costs of carrying out the functions
of the Commission under this Act.

19 (g) EXPEDITED HIRING AUTHORITY.—

20 (1) APPOINTMENT AUTHORITY.—The Chair21 man, pursuant to section 6(a), may appoint individ22 uals to a position described in paragraph (2) of this
23 subsection—

24 (A) in accordance with the statutes, rules,25 and regulations governing appointments to posi-

1	tions in the excepted service (as defined in sec-
2	tion 2103 of title 5, United States Code); and
3	(B) without regard to any statute, rule, or
4	regulation governing appointments to positions
5	in the competitive service (as defined in section
6	2102 of such title).
7	(2) Position described.—A position referred
8	to in subparagraph (1) is a position at the Commis-
9	sion that—
10	(A) is in the competitive service (as defined
11	in section 2102 of such title); and
12	(B) requires specialized knowledge of dig-
13	ital commodities markets, financial and capital
14	market formation or regulation, financial mar-
15	ket structures or surveillance, data collection or
16	analysis, or information technology, cybersecu-
17	rity, or system safeguards.
18	(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The appoint-
19	ment of a candidate to a position under this sub-
20	section shall not be considered to cause the position
21	to be converted from the competitive service to the
22	excepted service.
23	(h) SUNSET.—The authorities provided by this sec-
24	tion shall expire at the end of the 4th fiscal year that be-
25	gins after the date of the enactment of this Act.

	205
1	SEC. 411. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES BY SEC-REG-
2	ISTERED ENTITIES.
3	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.),
4	as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is
5	amended by inserting after section 5j the following:
6	"SEC. 5k. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN REGISTERED ENTITIES
7	ENGAGED IN DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVI-
8	TIES.
9	"(a) By Alternative Trading Systems.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—On receipt by the Commis-
11	sion from an alternative trading system of a written
12	or electronic notice that contains such information
13	as the Commission, by rule, may prescribe as nec-
14	essary or appropriate in the public interest or for
15	the protection of investors, the alternative trading
16	system shall be exempt from registration as a digital
17	commodity exchange pursuant to section 5i if—
18	"(A) the alternative trading system does
19	not list any retail commodity transactions pur-
20	suant to section $2(c)(2)(D)$;
21	"(B) the provider, or an affiliated person
22	of the provider, of the alternative trading sys-
23	tem is not otherwise registered under this Act;
24	"(C) the alternative trading system lists or
25	trades no other contracts of sale of commod-

	200
1	ities, except for digital commodities, currencies,
2	and securities; and
3	"(D) the registration of the alternative
4	trading system is not suspended pursuant to an
5	order by the Securities and Exchange Commis-
6	sion.
7	"(2) Further requirements.—An alter-
8	native trading system that provides notice to the
9	Commission pursuant to paragraph (1) of this sub-
10	section shall be exempt from the requirements of
11	section 5i to the extent that the alternative trading
12	system—
13	"(A) is in compliance with requirements
14	consistent with the requirements of section 5i
15	and imposed on the alternative trading system
16	by the Securities and Exchange Commission;
17	"(B) annually files with the Commission,
18	in a form and manner acceptable to the Com-
19	mission, a notice that demonstrates compliance
20	with this paragraph and contains any other in-
21	formation the Commission determines to be
22	necessary or appropriate to perform the duties
23	of the Commission under this Act; and
24	"(C) has total trading volume in digital

commodities during any calendar quarter in ei-

1	ther of its 2 most recently completed fiscal
2	years that does not exceed the lesser of—
3	"(i) 25 percent of the total trading
4	volume for all transactions over the same
5	period; or
6	''(ii) \$50,000,000,000.
7	"(3) ENFORCEMENT.—This subsection shall not
8	be construed to limit any jurisdiction that the Com-
9	mission may otherwise have under any other provi-
10	sion of this Act with respect to a contract of sale of
11	a digital commodity or persons effecting contracts of
12	sale of digital commodities.
13	"(b) By Registered Intermediaries.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—On receipt by the Commis-
15	sion, from a broker or dealer that is registered with
16	the Securities and Exchange Commission, of a writ-
17	ten or electronic notice that contains such informa-
18	tion as the Commission, by rule, may prescribe as
19	necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for
20	the protection of investors, the broker or dealer shall
21	be exempt from registration as a digital commodity
22	broker or digital commodity dealer pursuant to sec-
23	tion 4u of this Act if—

1	"(A) the broker or dealer does not offer or
2	engage in any retail commodity transactions
3	pursuant to section $2(c)(2)(D)$ of this Act;
4	"(B) the broker or dealer, or an affiliated
5	person of the broker or dealer, is not otherwise
6	registered under this Act;
7	"(C) the broker or dealer does not offer or
8	engage in any other contracts of sale of com-
9	modities, except for digital commodities, cur-
10	rencies, and securities;
11	"(D) the broker or dealer is not subject to
12	a statutory disqualification, as defined under
13	section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of
14	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)); and
15	"(E) the broker or dealer is a member of
16	a national securities association registered pur-
17	suant to section 15A of the Securities Exchange
18	Act of 1934.
19	"(2) Further requirements.—A broker or
20	dealer that provides notice to the Commission pursu-
21	ant to paragraph (1) shall be exempt from the re-
22	quirements of section 4u to the extent that the
23	broker or dealer—
24	"(A) is in compliance with requirements
25	consistent with the requirements of section 4u

1	and imposed on the broker or dealer by the Se-
2	curities and Exchange Commission;
3	"(B) annually files with the Commission,
4	in a form and manner acceptable to the Com-
5	mission, a notice that demonstrates compliance
6	with this subsection and contains any other in-
7	formation the Commission determines to be
8	necessary or appropriate to perform the duties
9	of the Commission under this Act; and
10	"(C) has consolidated annual gross finan-
11	cial revenues in either of its 2 most recently
12	completed fiscal years from sales, commissions
13	or other activities in digital commodities that do
14	not exceed the lesser of—
15	"(i) 10 percent of the total annual
16	gross revenues during the same period; or
17	''(ii) \$100,000,000.
18	"(3) Enforcement.—This subsection shall not
19	be construed to limit any jurisdiction that the Com-
20	mission may otherwise have under any other provi-
21	sion of this Act with respect to a contract of sale of
22	a digital commodity and persons effecting contracts
23	of sale of digital commodities.".

1SEC. 412. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO CONTROL PER-2SONS.

3 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.),
4 as amended the preceding provisions of this Act, is amend5 ed by inserting after section 4v the following:

6 "SEC. 4w. LIMITATION ON TRANSACTIONS BY BLOCKCHAIN 7 CONTROL PERSONS.

8 "(a) LIMITATION.—It shall be unlawful for a 9 blockchain control person with respect to a blockchain system certified as a mature blockchain system in accordance 10 with section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 11 to sell a unit of a digital commodity related to the 12 13 blockchain system unless the person files notice with the 14 Commission, in a form and manner determined by the Commission, that the person has or intends to obtain an 15 authority described in subsection (b)(1) with respect to the 16 17 blockchain system, and complies with rules adopted by the Commission that require— 18

"(1) disclosure of information to the Commission and the public about the material activities, as
determined by the Commission, of the blockchain
control person; and

23 "(2)(A) the use of a digital commodity broker
24 to effect the sale; or

25 "(B) such other sales restrictions applicable to
26 the blockchain control person, or any affiliated

1	blockchain control person, to prevent manipulation
2	and distortion of the value of the digital commodity
3	and promote further maturity of the blockchain sys-
4	tem to which the digital commodity relates.
5	"(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
6	"(1) BLOCKCHAIN CONTROL PERSON.—The
7	term 'blockchain control person' means, with respect
8	to a blockchain system, any person or group of per-
9	sons under common control, other than a decentral-
10	ized governance system, who—
11	"(A) has the unilateral authority, directly
12	or indirectly, through any contract, arrange-
13	ment, understanding, relationship, or otherwise,
14	to control or materially alter the functionality,
15	operation, or rules of consensus or agreement of
16	the blockchain system or its related digital com-
17	modity; or
18	"(B) has the unilateral authority to direct
19	the voting, in the aggregate, of 20 percent or
20	more of the outstanding voting power of the
21	blockchain system by means of a related digital
22	commodity, nodes or validators, a decentralized
23	governance system, or otherwise, in a
24	blockchain system which can be altered by a
25	voting system.

"(2) AFFILIATED BLOCKCHAIN CONTROL PER SON.—The term 'affiliated blockchain control per son' means any person directly or indirectly control ling, controlled by, or under common control with a
 blockchain control person, as the Commission by
 rule or regulation, may determine will effectuate the
 purposes of this section.".

8 SEC. 413. OTHER TRADABLE ASSETS.

9 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.),
10 as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is
11 amended by inserting after section 4w the following:

12 "SEC. 4x. TRADING REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER TRADABLE 13 ASSETS.

14 "(a) LIMITATION.—A tradable asset shall not be of-15 fered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed, cleared, re-16 ported, or otherwise dealt in, on or subject to the rules 17 of a registered entity, or by any other entity registered 18 with the Commission, except in accordance with subsection 19 (b).

20 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) A tradable digital asset that is offered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed, cleared, reported, or otherwise dealt in on or subject to the
rules of a registered entity, or by any other entity

registered with the Commission, shall be treated as
 a digital commodity for purposes of this Act.

3 "(2) In addition to the other requirements of 4 this Act, the Commission may, by rule or regulation, 5 impose additional obligations on any person reg-6 istered under this Act offering, soliciting, trading, 7 facilitating, executing, clearing, reporting, or other-8 wise dealing in a tradable asset, or class thereof, 9 pursuant to paragraph (1) as are necessary for the 10 protection of customers, the promotion of innova-11 tion, and the maintenance of fair, orderly, and effi-12 cient markets, including additional obligations re-13 lated to—

- 15 "(B) recordkeeping;
- 16 "(C) capital;
- 17 "(D) reporting;
- 18 "(E) business conduct;
- 19 "(F) documentation;
- 20 "(G) supervision of employees; and
- 21 "(H) segregation.

"(3) PROHIBITION ON TRADING.—A tradable
asset, the primary purpose of which is to be used to
commit fraud or market manipulation, or engage in
any other conduct that would result in abusive prac-

1	tices or be disruptive to market integrity, shall not
2	be offered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed,
3	cleared, reported, or otherwise dealt in on or subject
4	to the rules of a registered entity, or by any other
5	entity registered with the Commission.
6	"(c) TRADABLE ASSET DEFINED.—In this section,
7	the term 'tradable asset' means a digital asset other
8	than—
9	((1) a digital commodity that is treated as such
10	other than by reason of subsection $(b)(1)$ of this sec-
11	tion; or
12	((2) a digital asset excluded from the definition
13	of digital commodity pursuant to subclause (I)
14	through (VII) of section $1a(16)(F)(iii)$.
15	"(d) Guidance on Fraudulent, Manipulative,
16	OR DISRUPTIVE TRADABLE ASSETS.—The Commission
17	may, after public notice and comment, issue guidance es-
18	tablishing criteria for determining if the primary purpose
19	of a tradable asset is to be used to commit fraud or market
20	manipulation, or engage in any other conduct that would
21	result in abusive practices or be disruptive to market in-
22	tegrity.".

1 SEC. 414. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 Unless otherwise provided in this title, this title and
3 the amendments made by this title shall take effect 270
4 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

5 SEC. 415. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

6 It is the sense of Congress that nothing in this Act
7 or any amendment made by this Act should be interpreted
8 to authorize any entity to regulate any commodity, other
9 than a digital commodity, on any spot market.

10 TITLE V—INNOVATION AND

11 **TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS**

12 SEC. 501. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

13 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

14 (1) Entrepreneurs and innovators are building15 and deploying this next generation of the internet.

16 (2) Digital commodity networks represent a
17 new way for people to join together and cooperate
18 with one another to undertake certain activities.

19 (3) Digital commodities have the potential to be
20 the foundational building blocks of these systems,
21 aligning the economic incentive for individuals to co22 operate with one another to achieve a common pur23 pose.

24 (4) The digital commodity ecosystem has the
25 potential to grow our economy and improve everyday
26 lives of Americans by facilitating collaboration

through the use of technology to manage activities,
 allocate resources, and facilitate decision making.

(5) Blockchain systems and the digital commodities they empower provide control, enhance transparency, reduce transaction costs, and increase efficiency if proper protections are put in place for investors, consumers, our financial system, and our
national security.

9 (6) Blockchain technology facilitates new types
10 of network participation which businesses in the
11 United States may utilize in innovative ways.

(7) Other digital commodity companies are setting up their operations outside of the United
States, where countries are establishing frameworks
to embrace the potential of blockchain technology
and digital commodities and provide safeguards for
consumers.

18 (8) Digital commodities, despite the purported
19 anonymity, provide law enforcement with an excep20 tional tracing tool to identify illicit activity and bring
21 criminals to justice.

(9) The Financial Services Committee of the
House of Representatives has held multiple hearings
highlighting various risks that digital commodities
can pose to the financial markets, consumers, and

1 investors that must be addressed as we seek to har-2 ness the benefits of these innovations. 3 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-4 gress that— 5 (1) the United States should seek to prioritize 6 understanding the potential opportunities of the next 7 generation of the internet; 8 (2) the United States should seek to foster ad-9 vances in technology that have robust evidence indi-10 cating they can improve our financial system and 11 create more fair and equitable access to financial 12 services for everyday Americans while protecting our 13 financial system, investors, and consumers; 14 (3) the United States must support the respon-15 sible development of digital commodities and the un-16 derlying technology in the United States or risk the 17 shifting of the development of such assets and tech-18 nology outside of the United States, to less regulated 19 countries; 20 (4) Congress should consult with public and 21 private sector stakeholders to understand how to 22 enact a functional framework tailored to the specific

24 modity-related activities, distributed ledger tech-

risks and unique benefits of different digital com-

nology, distributed networks, and mature blockchain
 systems;

3 (5) Congress should enact a functional frame4 work tailored to the specific risks of different digital
5 commodity-related activities and unique benefits of
6 distributed ledger technology, distributed networks,
7 and mature blockchain systems; and

8 (6) consumers and market participants will ben-9 efit from a framework for digital commodities con-10 sistent with longstanding investor protections in se-11 curities and commodities markets, yet tailored to the 12 unique benefits and risks of the digital commodity 13 ecosystem.

14SEC. 502. MODERNIZATION OF THE SECURITIES AND EX-15CHANGE COMMISSION MISSION.

(a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 2(b) of the
Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77(b)) is amended—
(1) in the heading, by inserting "INNOVATION,"
after "EFFICIENCY,"; and

20 (2) by inserting "innovation," after "effi-21 ciency,".

(b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—Section
3(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
78(c)) is amended—

1 (1) in the heading, by inserting "INNOVATION," 2 after "EFFICIENCY,"; and 3 (2) by inserting "innovation," after "effi-4 ciency,". 5 (c) INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940.—Section 6 202(c) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 7 80b-2) is amended— (1) in the heading, by inserting "INNOVATION," 8 9 after "EFFICIENCY,"; and (2) by inserting "innovation," after "effi-10 ciency,". 11 12 (d) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—Section 2(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 13 80a–2) is amended— 14 (1) in the heading, by inserting "INNOVATION," 15 after "EFFICIENCY,"; and 16 17 (2) by inserting "innovation," after "effi-18 ciency,". 19 SEC. 503. STRATEGIC HUB FOR INNOVATION AND FINAN-20 CIAL TECHNOLOGY. 21 Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 22 U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding at the end the fol-23 lowing: 24 "(k) STRATEGIC HUB FOR INNOVATION AND FINAN-CIAL TECHNOLOGY.— 25

1 "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 2 days after the date of the enactment of this sub-3 section, the Securities and Exchange Commission 4 shall establish a committee to be known as the Stra-5 tegic Hub for Innovation and Financial Technology 6 (referred to in this subsection as the 'FinHub') to support engagement on emerging technologies in the 7 8 financial sector. 9 "(2) MEMBERS.—The composition of FinHub 10 shall be determined by the Commission, drawing 11 from relevant divisions as appropriate, including the 12 Division of Trading and Markets, Division of Cor-13 porate Finance, and Division of Investment Manage-14 ment. 15 "(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—FinHub shall— "(A) serve as a resource for the Commis-16 17 sion on emerging financial technology advance-18 ments; 19 "(B) engage with market participants 20 working on emerging financial technologies; and "(C) facilitate communication between the 21 22 Commission and businesses working in emerg-23 ing financial technology fields with information 24 on the Commission, its rules, and regulations. "(4) Report to the commission.— 25

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Octo-
2	ber 31 of each year after 2025, FinHub shall
3	provide an annual summary of its engagement
4	activities to the Commission, which shall be in-
5	cluded in the Commission's annual report to
6	Congress.
7	"(B) Confidentiality.—Each report
8	submitted under this paragraph shall not con-
9	tain confidential information.".
10	SEC. 504. CODIFICATION OF LABCFTC.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 18 of the Commodity Ex-
12	change Act (7 U.S.C. 22) is amended by adding at the
13	end the following:
14	"(c) LABCFTC.—
15	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in
16	the Commission LabCFTC.
17	"(2) PURPOSE.—The purposes of LabCFTC
18	are to—
19	"(A) promote responsible financial tech-
20	nology innovation and fair competition for the
21	benefit of the American public;
22	"(B) serve as an information platform to
23	inform the Commission about new financial
24	technology innovation; and

1	"(C) provide outreach to financial tech-
2	nology innovators to discuss their innovations
3	and the regulatory framework established by
4	this Act and the regulations promulgated there-
5	under.
6	"(3) DIRECTOR.—LabCFTC shall have a Direc-
7	tor, who shall be appointed by the Commission and
8	serve at the pleasure of the Commission. Notwith-
9	standing section $2(a)(6)(A)$, the Director shall re-
10	port directly to the Commission and perform such
11	functions and duties as the Commission may pre-
12	scribe.
13	"(4) DUTIES.—LabCFTC shall—
13 14	"(4) DUTIES.—LabCFTC shall— "(A) advise the Commission with respect
14	"(A) advise the Commission with respect
14 15	"(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action
14 15 16	"(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology;
14 15 16 17	"(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology;"(B) provide internal education and train-
14 15 16 17 18	 "(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology; "(B) provide internal education and train- ing to the Commission regarding financial tech-
14 15 16 17 18 19	 "(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology; "(B) provide internal education and train- ing to the Commission regarding financial tech- nology;
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 "(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology; "(B) provide internal education and train- ing to the Commission regarding financial tech- nology; "(C) advise the Commission regarding fi-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 "(A) advise the Commission with respect to rulemakings or other agency or staff action regarding financial technology; "(B) provide internal education and training to the Commission regarding financial technology; "(C) advise the Commission regarding financial financial technology that would bolster the Com-

1	ideas, and technology relevant to activities
2	under this Act;
3	"(E) provide persons working in emerging
4	technology fields with information on the Com-
5	mission, its rules and regulations, and the role
6	of a registered futures association; and
7	"(F) encourage persons working in emerg-
8	ing technology fields to engage with the Com-
9	mission and obtain feedback from the Commis-
10	sion on potential regulatory issues.
11	"(5) Report to congress.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Octo-
13	ber 31 of each year after 2025, LabCFTC shall
14	submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the
15	House of Representatives and the Committee
16	on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the
17	Senate a report on its activities.
18	"(B) CONTENTS.—Each report required
19	under paragraph (1) shall include—
20	"(i) the total number of persons that
21	met with LabCFTC;
22	"(ii) a summary of general issues dis-
23	cussed during meetings with the person;
24	"(iii) information on steps LabCFTC
25	has taken to improve Commission services,

1	including responsiveness to the concerns of
2	persons;
3	"(iv) recommendations made to the
4	Commission with respect to the regula-
5	tions, guidance, and orders of the Commis-
6	sion and such legislative actions as may be
7	appropriate; and
8	"(v) any other information determined
9	appropriate by the Director of LabCFTC.
10	"(C) Confidentiality.—A report under
11	paragraph (A) shall abide by the confidentiality
12	requirements in section 8.
13	"(6) Records and engagement.—The Com-
14	mission shall—
15	"(A) maintain systems of records to track
16	engagements with the public through
17	LabCFTC;
18	"(B) store communications and materials
19	received in connection with any such engage-
20	ment in accordance with Commission policies
21	and procedures on data retention and confiden-
22	tiality; and
23	"(C) take reasonable steps to protect any
24	confidential or proprietary information received
25	through LabCFTC engagement.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section
 2(a)(6)(A) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(6)(A)) is amend 3 ed—

4 (1) by striking "paragraph and in" and insert-5 ing "paragraph,"; and

6 (2) by inserting "and section 18(c)(3)," before
7 "the executive".

8 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The Commodity Futures 9 Trading Commission shall implement the amendments 10 made by this section (including complying with section 11 18(c)(7) of the Commodity Exchange Act) within 180 12 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

13 SEC. 505. STUDY ON DECENTRALIZED FINANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading
Commission, the Securities and Exchange Commission,
and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly carry out
a study on decentralized finance that analyzes—

- 18 (1) the nature, size, role, and use of decentral-19 ized finance blockchain applications;
- 20 (2) the operation of blockchain applications that21 comprise decentralized finance;
- (3) the interoperability of blockchain applica-tions and other blockchain systems;

1	(4) the interoperability of blockchain applica-
2	tions and software-based systems, including websites
3	and wallets;
4	(5) the decentralized governance systems
5	through which blockchain applications may be devel-
6	oped, published, constituted, administered, main-
7	tained, or otherwise distributed, including—
8	(A) whether the systems enhance or de-
9	tract from—
10	(i) the decentralization of the decen-
11	tralized finance; and
12	(ii) the inherent benefits and risks of
13	the decentralized governance system; and
14	(B) any procedures, requirements, or best
15	practices that would mitigate the risks identi-
16	fied in subparagraph (A)(ii);
17	(6) the benefits of decentralized finance, includ-
18	ing—
19	(A) operational resilience and availability
20	of blockchain systems;
21	(B) interoperability of blockchain systems;
22	(C) market competition and innovation;
23	(D) transaction efficiency;
24	(E) transparency and traceability of trans-
25	actions; and

1	(F) disintermediation;
2	(7) the risks of decentralized finance, includ-
3	ing—
4	(A) pseudonymity of users and trans-
5	actions;
6	(B) disintermediation; and
7	(C) cybersecurity vulnerabilities;
8	(8) the extent to which decentralized finance
9	has integrated with the traditional financial markets
10	and any potential risks or improvements to the sta-
11	bility of the markets;
12	(9) how the levels of illicit activity in decentral-
13	ized finance compare with the levels of illicit activity
14	in traditional financial markets;
15	(10) methods for addressing illicit activity in
16	decentralized finance and traditional markets that
17	are tailored to the unique attributes of each;
18	(11) how decentralized finance may increase the
19	accessibility of cross-border transactions; and
20	(12) the feasibility of embedding self-executing
21	compliance and risk controls into decentralized fi-
22	nance.
23	(b) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the study re-
24	quired under subsection (a), the Commodity Futures
25	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange

Commission shall consult with the Secretary of the Treas ury on the factors described under paragraphs (7) through
 (10) of subsection (a).

4 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
5 of enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading
6 Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
7 shall jointly submit to the relevant congressional commit8 tees a report that includes the results of the study re9 quired by subsection (a).

10 (d) GAO STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the11 United States shall—

(1) carry out a study on decentralized finance
that analyzes the information described under paragraphs (1) through (12) of subsection (a); and

(2) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the relevant congressional committees a report that includes the results
of the study required by paragraph (1).

19 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

20 (1) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "decentral22 ized finance" means blockchain applications (in23 cluding decentralized finance trading protocols
24 and related decentralized finance messaging
25 systems) that allow users to engage in financial

1	transactions in a self-directed manner so that a
2	third-party intermediary does not effectuate the
3	transactions or take custody of digital commod-
4	ities of a user during any part of the trans-
5	actions.
6	(B) Relationship to excluded activi-
7	TIES.—The term "decentralized finance" shall
8	not be interpreted to limit or exclude any activ-
9	ity from the activities described in section
10	15I(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
11	or section 4v(a) of the Commodity Exchange
12	Act.
13	(2) Relevant congressional commit-
14	TEES.—The term "relevant congressional commit-
15	tees" means—
16	(A) the Committees on Financial Services
17	and Agriculture of the House of Representa-
18	tives; and
19	(B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
20	and Urban Affairs and Agriculture, Nutrition,
21	and Forestry of the Senate.
22	SEC. 506. STUDY ON NON-FUNGIBLE TOKENS.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the
24	United States shall carry out a study of non-fungible to-
25	kens that analyzes—

	200
1	(1) the nature, size, role, purpose, and use of
2	non-fungible tokens;
3	(2) the similarities and differences between non-
4	fungible tokens and other digital commodities, in-
5	cluding digital commodities and permitted payment
6	stablecoins, and how the markets for those digital
7	commodities intersect with each other;
8	(3) how non-fungible tokens are minted by
9	issuers and subsequently administered to purchasers;
10	(4) how non-fungible tokens are stored after
11	being purchased by a consumer;
12	(5) the interoperability of non-fungible tokens
13	between different blockchain systems;

14 (6) the scalability of different non-fungible to-15 kens marketplaces;

16 (7) the benefits of non-fungible tokens, includ-17 ing verifiable digital ownership;

18 (8) the risks of non-fungible tokens, including—

19 (A) intellectual property rights;

20 (B) cybersecurity risks; and

21 (C) market risks;

(9) whether and how non-fungible tokens have
integrated with traditional marketplaces, including
those for music, real estate, gaming, events, and
travel;

1	(10) whether and how non-fungible tokens can
2	be used to facilitate commerce or other activities
3	through the representation of documents, identifica-
4	tion, contracts, licenses, and other commercial, gov-
5	ernment, or personal records;
6	(11) any potential risks to traditional markets
7	from such integration; and
8	(12) the levels and types of illicit activity in
9	non-fungible tokens markets.
10	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
11	of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General,
12	shall make publicly available a report that includes the re-
12	milta of the study required by subsection (a)
13	sults of the study required by subsection (a).
13 14	suits of the study required by subsection (a).SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY
14	SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY
14 15	SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS.
14 15 16	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading
14 15 16 17	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commis-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commis- sion shall jointly conduct a study to identify—
14 15 16 17 18 19	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commis- sion shall jointly conduct a study to identify— (1) the existing level of financial literacy among
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commis- sion shall jointly conduct a study to identify— (1) the existing level of financial literacy among retail digital commodity holders, including subgroups
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commis- sion shall jointly conduct a study to identify— (1) the existing level of financial literacy among retail digital commodity holders, including subgroups of investors identified by the Commodity Futures
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly conduct a study to identify— (1) the existing level of financial literacy among retail digital commodity holders, including subgroups of investors identified by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Ex-

ital commodities provided by the Commodity Fu tures Trading Commission and the Securities and
 Exchange Commission;

4 (3) methods to improve coordination between 5 the Securities and Exchange Commission and the 6 Commodity Futures Trading Commission with other 7 agencies, including the Financial Literacy and Edu-8 cation Commission as well as nonprofit organizations 9 and State and local jurisdictions, to better dissemi-10 nate financial literacy materials;

(4) the efficacy of current financial literacy efforts with a focus on rural communities and communities with majority minority populations;

(5) the most useful and understandable relevant
information, including clear disclosures, that retail
digital commodity holders need to make informed financial decisions before engaging with or purchasing
a digital commodity or service that is typically sold
to retail investors of digital commodities;

20 (6) the most effective public-private partner21 ships in providing financial literacy regarding digital
22 commodities to consumers;

(7) the most relevant metrics to measure successful improvement of the financial literacy of an

individual after engaging with financial literacy ef forts; and

3 (8) in consultation with the Financial Literacy
4 and Education Commission, a strategy (including to
5 the extent practicable, measurable goals and objec6 tives) to increase financial literacy of investors re7 garding digital commodities.

8 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 9 of the enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange 10 Commission shall jointly submit a written report on the 11 12 study required by subsection (a) to the Committees on Financial Services and on Agriculture of the House of Rep-13 resentatives and the Committees on Banking, Housing, 14 15 and Urban Affairs and on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate. 16

17 SEC. 508. STUDY ON FINANCIAL MARKET INFRASTRUCTURE 18 IMPROVEMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures Trading
Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
shall jointly conduct a study to assess whether additional
guidance or rules are necessary to facilitate the development of tokenized securities and derivatives products, and
to the extent such guidance or rules would foster the development of fair and orderly financial markets, be necessary

or appropriate in the public interest, and be consistent
 with the protection of investors and customers.

- 3 (b) Report.—
- 4 (1) TIME LIMIT.—Not later than 1 year after 5 the date of enactment of this Act, the Commodity 6 Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and 7 Exchange Commission shall jointly submit to the rel-8 evant congressional committees a report that in-9 cludes the results of the study required by sub-10 section (a).
- (2) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
 DEFINED.—In this section, the term "relevant congressional committees" means—
- 14 (A) the Committees on Financial Services
 15 and on Agriculture of the House of Representa16 tives; and
- 17 (B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
 18 and Urban Affairs and on Agriculture, Nutri19 tion, and Forestry of the Senate.

\times