Union Calendar No. ^{118TH CONGRESS} H.R. 7137

[Report No. 118-]

To provide for the vacating of certain convictions and expungement of certain arrests of victims of human trafficking.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 30, 2024

Mr. FRY (for himself, Mr. LIEU, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. TIMMONS, Ms. MACE, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. LATURNER, Mrs. HOUCHIN, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. ROUZER, and Ms. JACKSON LEE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

DECEMBER --, 2024

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on January 30, 2024]

A BILL

To provide for the vacating of certain convictions and expungement of certain arrests of victims of human trafficking.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-			
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,			
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.			
4	This Act may be cited as the "Trafficking Survivors			
5	Relief Act of 2024".			
6	SEC. 2. FEDERAL EXPUNGEMENT FOR VICTIMS OF TRAF-			
7	FICKING.			
8	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 237 of title 18, United			
9	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:			
10	"\$3771A. Motion to vacate; expungement; mitigating			
11	factors			
12	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—			
13	"(1) the term 'child' means an individual who			
14	has not attained 18 years of age;			
15	"(2) the term 'covered prisoner' means an indi-			
16	vidual who—			
17	"(A) was convicted of a level A offense or			
18	level B offense;			
19	``(B) was sentenced to a term of imprison-			
20	ment for the offense described in subparagraph			
21	(A); and			
22	(C) is imprisoned under such term of im-			
23	prisonment;			
24	"(3) the terms 'employee' and 'officer' have the			
25	meanings given the terms in section 2105 of title 5;			

1	"(4) the term 'Federal offense' means an offense
2	that is punishable under Federal law;
3	"(5) the term 'level A offense' means a Federal
4	offense that is not a violent crime;
5	"(6) the term 'level B offense'—
6	"(A) means a Federal offense that is a vio-
7	lent crime; and
8	((B) does not include a Federal offense that
9	is a violent crime of which a child was a victim;
10	"(7) the term 'level C offense' means any Federal
11	offense that is not a level A offense;
12	"(8) the term 'victim of trafficking' has the
13	meaning given that term in section 103 of the Traf-
14	ficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C.
15	7102); and
16	"(9) the term 'violent crime' has the meaning
17	given that term in section 103 of the Juvenile Justice
18	and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C.
19	11103).
20	"(b) Motions To Vacate Convictions or Expunge
21	Arrests.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
23	"(A) Convictions of Level A of-
24	FENSES.—A person convicted of any level A of-
25	fense (or an attorney representing such a person)

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may move the court that imposed the sentence for
 the level A offense to vacate the judgment of con viction if the level A offense was committed as a
 direct result of the person having been a victim
 of trafficking.

6 "(B) Arrests for level a offenses.—A 7 person arrested for any level A offense (or an at-8 torney representing such a person) may move the 9 district court of the United States for the district 10 and division embracing the place where the per-11 son was arrested to expunge all records of the ar-12 rest if the conduct or alleged conduct of the per-13 son that resulted in the arrest was directly re-14 lated to the person having been a victim of traf-15 ficking.

"(C) ARRESTS FOR LEVEL C OFFENSES.—A person arrested for any level C offense (or an attorney representing such a person) may move the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place where the person was arrested to expunge all records of the arrest if—

23 "(i) the conduct or alleged conduct of
24 the movant that resulted in the arrest was

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1	directly related to the movant having been
2	a victim of trafficking; and
3	((ii)(I) the movant was acquitted of
4	the level C offense;
5	"(II) the Government did not pursue
6	or dismissed criminal charges against the
7	movant for the level C offense; or
8	"(III)(aa) the charges against the mov-
9	ant for the level C offense were reduced to
10	an offense that is a level A offense; and
11	"(bb) the movant was acquitted of the
12	level A offense, the Government did not pur-
13	sue or dismissed criminal charges against
14	the movant for the level A offense, or any
15	subsequent conviction of the level A offense
16	was vacated.
17	"(2) Contents of motion.—A motion described
18	in paragraph (1) shall—
19	"(A) be in writing;
20	"(B) describe any supporting evidence;
21	"(C) state the offense; and
22	"(D) include copies of any documents show-
23	ing that the movant is entitled to relief under
24	this section.
25	"(3) Hearing.—

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1	"(A) Mandatory hearing.—
2	"(i) MOTION IN OPPOSITION.—Not
3	later than 30 days after the date on which
4	a motion is filed under paragraph (1), the
5	Government may file a motion in opposi-
6	tion of the motion filed under paragraph
7	(1).
8	"(ii) Mandatory hearing.—If the
9	Government files a motion described in
10	clause (i), not later than 15 days after the
11	date on which the motion is filed, the court
12	shall hold a hearing on the motion.
13	"(B) DISCRETIONARY HEARING.—If the
14	Government does not file a motion described in
15	subparagraph $(A)(i)$, the court may hold a hear-
16	ing on the motion not later than 45 days after
17	the date on which a motion is filed under para-
18	graph (1).
19	"(4) Factors.—
20	"(A) VACATING CONVICTIONS OF LEVEL A
21	OFFENSES.—The court may grant a motion
22	under paragraph $(1)(A)$ if, after notice to the
23	Government and an opportunity to be heard, the
24	court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence,
25	that—

1	((i) the movant was convicted of a
2	level A offense; and
3	"(ii) the participation in the level A
4	offense by the movant was a direct result of
5	the movant having been a victim of traf-
6	ficking.
7	"(B) EXPUNGING ARRESTS FOR LEVEL A
8	OFFENSES.—The court may grant a motion
9	under paragraph $(1)(B)$ if, after notice to the
10	Government and an opportunity to be heard, the
11	court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence,
12	that—
13	"(i) the movant was arrested for a level
14	A offense; and
15	"(ii) the conduct or alleged conduct
16	that resulted in the arrest was directly re-
17	lated to the movant having been a victim of
18	trafficking.
19	"(C) Expunging arrests for level c
20	OFFENSES.—The court may grant a motion
21	under paragraph $(1)(C)$ if, after notice to the
22	Government and an opportunity to be heard, the
23	court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence,
24	that—

1	"(i) the movant was arrested for a level
2	C offense and the conduct or alleged conduct
3	that resulted in the arrest was directly re-
4	lated to the movant having been a victim of
5	trafficking; and
6	((ii)(I) the movant was acquitted of
7	the level C offense;
8	"(II) the Government did not pursue
9	or dismissed criminal charges against the
10	movant for the level C offense; or
11	"(III)(aa) the charges against the mov-
12	ant for the level C offense were reduced to
13	a level A offense; and
14	"(bb) the movant was acquitted of the
15	level A offense, the Government did not pur-
16	sue or dismissed criminal charges against
17	the movant for the level A offense, or any
18	subsequent conviction of that level A offense
19	was vacated.
20	"(5) Other evidence.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this
22	section, in determining whether the movant is a
23	victim of trafficking, the court shall consider an
24	affidavit or sworn testimony of a licensed anti-
25	human trafficking service provider or clinician.

1	The court may consider any other evidence the
2	court determines is of sufficient credibility and
3	probative value, including sworn testimony from
4	a law enforcement officer detailing the role of the
5	movant in coercing other victims into commit-
6	ting Federal offenses.
7	"(B) Affidavit or sworn testimony suf-
8	FICIENT EVIDENCE.—The affidavit or sworn tes-
9	timony described in subparagraph (A) shall be
10	sufficient evidence to vacate a conviction or ex-
11	punge an arrest under this section if the court
12	determines that—
13	"(i) the affidavit or sworn testimony is
14	credible; and
15	"(ii) no other evidence is readily avail-
16	able.
17	"(6) Conviction or arrest of other per-
18	SONS NOT REQUIRED.—It shall not be necessary that
19	any person other than the movant be convicted of or
20	arrested for an offense before the movant may file a
21	motion under paragraph (1).
22	"(7) Denial of motion.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the court denies a
24	motion filed under paragraph (1), the denial
25	shall be without prejudice.

1	"(B) REASONS FOR DENIAL.—If the court
2	denies a motion filed under paragraph (1), the
3	court shall state the reasons for the denial in
4	writing.
5	"(C) Reasonable time to cure defi-
6	CIENCIES IN MOTION.—If the motion was denied
7	due to a curable deficiency in the motion, the
8	court shall allow the movant sufficient time to
9	cure the deficiency.
10	"(8) APPEAL.—An order granting or denying a
11	motion under this section may be appealed in accord-
12	ance with section 1291 of title 28.
13	"(c) VACATUR OF CONVICTIONS.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the court grants a motion
15	to vacate a conviction of a level A offense under sub-
16	section (b), the court shall immediately—
17	"(A) vacate the conviction for cause;
18	(B) set aside the verdict and enter a judg-
19	ment of acquittal;
20	(C) enter an expungement order that di-
21	rects that there be expunged from all official
22	records all references to—
23	((i) the arrest of the movant for the
24	level A offense;

1	"(ii) the institution of criminal pro-
2	ceedings against the movant relating to the
3	level A offense; and
4	"(iii) the results of the proceedings;
5	and
6	"(D) return to the movant any fine, fee,
7	cost, or restitution associated with the conviction
8	and paid by the movant.
9	"(2) EFFECT.—If a conviction is vacated under
10	an order entered under paragraph (1) the conviction
11	shall not be regarded as a conviction under Federal
12	law and the movant for whom the conviction was va-
13	cated shall be considered to have the status occupied
14	by the movant before the arrest or the institution of
15	the criminal proceedings related to such conviction.
16	"(d) Expungement of Arrests.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the court grants a motion
18	to expunge all records of an arrest for an offense
19	under subsection (b), the court shall immediately
20	enter an expungement order that directs that there be
21	expunged from all official records all references to—
22	"(A) the arrest of the movant for the offense;
23	``(B) the institution of any criminal pro-
24	ceedings against the movant relating to the of-
25	fense; and

1	"(C) the results of the proceedings, if any.
2	"(2) EFFECT.—If an arrest is expunged under
3	an order entered under paragraph (1) the arrest shall
4	not be regarded as an arrest under Federal law and
5	the movant for whom the arrest is expunged shall be
6	considered to have the status occupied by the movant
7	before the arrest or the institution of the criminal
8	proceedings related to such arrest, if any.
9	"(e) Mitigating Factors.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The court that imposed sen-
11	tence for a level A offense or level B offense upon a
12	covered prisoner may reduce the term of imprison-
13	ment for the offense—
14	"(A) upon—
15	"(i) motion by the covered prisoner or
16	the Director of the Bureau of Prisons; or
17	"(ii) the court's own motion;
18	"(B) after notice to the Government;
19	"(C) after considering—
20	((i) the factors set forth in section
21	3553(a);
22	"(ii) the nature and seriousness of the
23	danger to any person, if applicable; and
24	"(iii) the community, or any crime
25	victims; and

1	"(D) if the court finds, by a preponderance			
2	of the evidence, that the covered prisoner com-			
3	mitted the offense as a direct result of the covered			
4	prisoner having been a victim of trafficking.			
5	"(2) REQUIREMENT.—Any proceeding under this			
6	subsection shall be subject to section 3771.			
7	"(3) PARTICULARIZED INQUIRY.—For any mo-			
8	tion under paragraph (1), the Government shall con-			
9	duct a particularized inquiry of the facts and cir-			
10	cumstances of the original sentencing of the covered			
11	prisoner in order to assess whether a reduction in			
12	sentence would be consistent with this section.			
13	"(f) Additional Actions by Court.—The court			
14	shall, upon granting a motion under this section, take any			
15	additional action necessary to grant the movant full relief.			
16	"(g) NO FEES.—A person may not be required to pay			
17	a filing fee, service charge, copay fee, processing fee, or any			
18	other charge for filing a motion under this section.			
19	"(h) Confidentiality of Movant.—			
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A motion under this section			
21	and any documents, pleadings, or orders relating to			
22	the motion shall be filed under seal.			
23	"(2) INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC			
24	INSPECTION.—An officer or employee may not make			
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25 available for public inspection any report, paper, pic-

ture, photograph, court file, or other document, in the
 custody or possession of the officer or employee, that
 identifies the movant.

4 "(i) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to any
5 conviction or arrest occurring before, on, or after the date
6 of enactment of this section.".

7 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The
8 table of sections of chapter 237 of title 18, United States
9 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"3771A. Motion to vacate; expungement; mitigating factors.".

10 SEC. 3. REPORTS.

(a) UNITED STATES ATTORNEY MOTIONS FOR
VACATUR OR EXPUNGEMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this Act, each United States attorney shall submit to the Attorney General a report that details—

16 (1) the number of motions for vacatur or
17 expungement filed under section 3771A of title 18,
18 United States Code, as added by section 2, in the dis19 trict of the United States attorney; and

20 (2) for each motion described in paragraph 21 (1)—

- 22 (A) the underlying offense;
- 23 (B) the response of the United States attor-
- 24 *ney to the motion; and*

1	(C) the final determination	of th	he court
2	with respect to the motion.		

3 (b) United States Attorney Training on Human 4 TRAFFICKING INDICATORS.—Not later than 1 year after the 5 date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress a report that details all professional 6 7 training received by United States attorneys on indicators 8 of human trafficking during the preceding 12-month period. 9 (c) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE.—Not 10 later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit 11 to Congress a report that— 12

(1) assesses the impact of the enactment of section 3771A of title 18, United States Code, as added
by section 2; and

16 (2) includes—

17 (A) the number of human trafficking sur18 vivors who have filed motions for vacatur or
19 expungement under such section 3771A;

20 (B) the final determination of each court
21 that adjudicated a motion described in subpara22 graph (A);

23 (C) recommendations to increase access to
24 post-conviction relief for human trafficking sur25 vivors with Federal criminal records; and

(D) recommendations for improving the im plementation and tracking of professional train ing of United States attorneys on indicators of
 human trafficking.

5 SEC. 4. USE OF GRANTS FOR POST-CONVICTION RELIEF
6 REPRESENTATION.

7 The Office of Justice Programs or the Office on Vio-8 lence Against Women, in awarding a grant that may be 9 used for legal representation, may not prohibit a recipient 10 from using the grant for legal representation for post-con-11 viction relief.

12 SEC. 5. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

13 It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) this Act is a first step to address the changing tactics of human traffickers, who are using forced
criminality as a form of force, fraud, and coercion in
their human trafficking enterprises; and

(2) Congress is committed to continuing to find
solutions as needed to thwart human traffickers and
protect survivors of human trafficking.

21 SEC. 6. HUMAN TRAFFICKING DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 1 of title 18, United States
Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "§28. Human trafficking defense

2 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'covered
3 Federal offense' means a level A offense or level B offense,
4 as those terms are defined in section 3771A.

5 "(b) PRESUMPTION OF DURESS.—In a prosecution for
6 a covered Federal offense, a defendant who establishes by
7 clear and convincing evidence that the defendant was a vic8 tim of trafficking at the time at which the defendant com9 mitted the offense shall create a rebuttable presumption that
10 the offense was induced by duress.

"(c) RECORD OR PROCEEDING UNDER SEAL.—In any
proceeding in which a defense under subsection (b) is raised,
any record or part of the proceeding related to the defense
shall, on motion, be placed under seal until such time as
a conviction is entered for the offense.

16 "(d) POST-CONVICTION RELIEF.—A failure to assert, or failed assertion of, a defense under subsection (b) by an 17 18 individual who is convicted of a covered Federal offense may not preclude the individual from asserting as a miti-19 20gating factor, at sentencing or in a proceeding for any post-21 conviction relief, that at the time of the commission of the 22 offense, the defendant was a victim of trafficking and com-23 mitted the offense under duress.

24 "(e) FEDERAL AID.—A failure to assert, or failed as25 sertion of, a defense under subsection (b) by an individual
26 who is convicted of a covered Federal offense may not be

used for the purpose of disqualifying the individual from
 participating in any federally funded program that aids
 victims of human trafficking.".

- 4 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The
- 5 table of sections for chapter 1 of title 18, United States
- 6 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:"28. Human trafficking defense.".