117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4052

AN ACT

To reauthorize a program for early detection, diagnosis, and treatment regarding deaf and hard-of-hearing newborns, infants, and young children, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Early Hearing Detec-				
3	tion and Intervention Act of 2022".				
4	SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM FOR EARLY DE-				
5	TECTION, DIAGNOSIS, AND TREATMENT RE-				
6	GARDING DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING				
7	NEWBORNS, INFANTS, AND YOUNG CHIL-				
8	DREN.				
9	Section 399M of the Public Health Service Act (42				
10	U.S.C. 280g-1) is amended—				
11	(1) in subsection (e), by inserting "(3)" before				
12	"The term 'medical evaluation'"; and				
13	(2) in subsection (f)—				
14	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking				
15	" $\$17,818,000$ for fiscal year 2018, $\$18,173,800$				
16	for fiscal year 2019, \$18,628,145 for fiscal year				
17	2020, $$19,056,592$ for fiscal year 2021 , and				
18	\$19,522,758 for fiscal year 2022 " and inserting				
19	" $$17,818,000$ for each of fiscal years 2023				
20	through 2027"; and				
21	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking				
22	" $$10,800,000$ for fiscal year 2018, $$11,026,800$				
23	for fiscal year 2019, \$11,302,470 for fiscal year				
24	2020, $$11,562,427$ for fiscal year 2021 , and				
25	\$11,851,488 for fiscal year 2022" and inserting				

1	"\$10,760,000 for each of fiscal years 2023				
2	through 2027".				
3	SEC. 3. GAO STUDY ON STATE EARLY HEARING DETECTION				
4	AND INTERVENTION PROGRAMS.				
5	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the				
6	United States shall conduct a study reviewing State early				
7	hearing detection and intervention (in this section referred				
8	to as "EHDI") programs. Such study shall—				
9	(1) analyze how information collected through				
10	such programs informs what is known about EHDI				
11	activities to ensure that newborns, infants, and				
12	young children have access to timely hearing				
13	screenings and early interventions, including infor-				
14	mation on any disparities in such access;				
15	(2) analyze what is known about how parents				
16	use State EHDI websites to seek health and pro-				
17	grammatic guidance related to their child's hearing				
18	loss diagnosis; and				
19	(3) identify efforts and any promising practices				
20	of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,				
21	the Health Resources and Services Administration,				
22	the National Institute on Deafness and Other Com-				
23	munication Disorders, and State EHDI programs—				

1	(A) to address disparities in outreach for,					
2	or access to, timely hearing screenings and					
3	early interventions; and					
4	(B) to ensure that EHDI follow-up serv					
5	ices are communicated and made available t					
6	medically underserved populations, including ra-					
7	cial and ethnic minorities.					
8	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date					
9	of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General					
10	shall—					
11	(1) complete the study under subsection (a) and					
12	submit a report on the results of the study to—					
13	(A) the Committee on Energy and Com-					
14	merce of the House of Representatives; and					
15	(B) the Committee on Health, Education,					
16	Labor, and Pensions of the Senate; and					
17	(2) make such report publicly available.					
	Passed the Senate December 1, 2022.					
	Attest:					

Secretary.

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