July 20, 2022

RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 117–57 TEXT OF H.R. 5118, THE WILDFIRE RESPONSE AND DROUGHT RESILIENCY ACT

[Showing the text of the Wildfire Response and Drought Resiliency Act.]

- 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Wildfire Response and
- 3 Drought Resiliency Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 5 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.

DIVISION A—WILDFIRE

TITLE I—FEDERAL LANDS WORKFORCE

Subtitle A—Federal Wildland Firefighters

- Sec. 101. Tim Hart Wildland Firefighter Pay Parity.
- Sec. 102. Waiver of premium pay limitations for certain employees engaged in emergency wildland fire suppression activities.
- Sec. 103. Direct hire authority.
- Subtitle B—Authorization of Appropriations for Forest Service Fire and Non-Fire Salaries and Expenses
- Sec. 111. In general.

Subtitle C—Other Personnel

- Sec. 121. National Environmental Policy Act strike teams.
- Sec. 122. Community mitigation assistance teams.
- Sec. 123. Filling Forest Service recreation management staff vacancies.
- Sec. 124. Filling vacancies and increasing number of positions available in the Forest Service to address public safety and protection concerns.

TITLE II—WILDFIRE, ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION, COMMUNITY PREPAREDNESS, AND RECOVERY

Subtitle A—10-Year National Wildfire Plan

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Implementation of 10-year National Wildfire Plan.
- Sec. 203. Selection and implementation of landscape-scale forest restoration projects.
- Sec. 204. Youth and conservation corps assistance with projects under the Plan.
- Sec. 205. Prescribed fire training exchanges.
- Sec. 206. Ecosystem restoration grant fund through National Fish and Wildlife Foundation.
- Sec. 207. National community capacity and land stewardship grant program.
- Sec. 208. Protection of inventoried roadless areas.
- Sec. 209. Strategic wildland fire management planning for prescribed fire.
- Sec. 210. Long-Term Burned Area Recovery account.
- Sec. 211. Report on 10-year National Wildfire Plan implementation.
- Sec. 212. Performance metrics tracking.

Subtitle B—Tribal Biochar Promotion

Sec. 221. Tribal and Alaska Native Biochar demonstration project.

TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 301. Requirements relating to certain fire suppression cost share agreements
- Sec. 302. Investment of certain funds into interest bearing obligations.

DIVISION B—DROUGHT

TITLE I—DROUGHT RESPONSE AND CLIMATE RESILIENCE

- Sec. 101. Advancing large-scale water recycling and reuse projects.
- Sec. 102. Salton Sea projects improvements.
- Sec. 103. Near-term actions to preserve Colorado River system.
- Sec. 104. WaterSMART access for Tribes.
- Sec. 105. Reclamation water settlements fund.
- Sec. 106. Bureau of Reclamation Tribal clean water assistance.
- Sec. 107. White Mountain Apache Tribe Rural Water System.
- Sec. 108. Desalination research authorization.
- Sec. 109. Water Resources Research Act amendments.
- Sec. 110. Saline Lake ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program.
- Sec. 111. Extension of authorizations related to fish recovery programs.
- Sec. 112. Reclamation climate change and water program.
- Sec. 113. Authorization of appropriations for the Las Vegas Wash program.
- Sec. 114. Terminal lakes assistance.
- Sec. 115. Expedited measures for drought response.
- Sec. 116. Water efficiency, conservation, and sustainability.

TITLE II—FUTURE WESTERN WATER AND DROUGHT RESILIENCY

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Definitions.

Subtitle A—Assistance for Projects With Fastest Construction Timelines

Sec. 211. Water recycling and reuse projects.

- Sec. 212. Desalination project development.
- Sec. 213. Assistance for disadvantaged communities without adequate drinking water.

Subtitle B—Improved Water Technology and Data

- Sec. 221. X-prize for water technology breakthroughs.
- Sec. 222. Water technology investment program established.
- Sec. 223. Federal priority streamgages.

Subtitle C—Drought Response and Preparedness for Ecosystems

- Sec. 231. Aquatic ecosystem restoration program.
- Sec. 232. Watershed health program.
- Sec. 233. Waterbird habitat creation program.
- Sec. 234. Support for refuge water deliveries.
- Sec. 235. Drought planning and preparedness for critically important fisheries.
- Sec. 236. Reauthorization of the Fisheries Restoration and Irrigation Mitigation Act of 2000.
- Sec. 237. Sustaining biodiversity during droughts.
- Sec. 238. Water resource education.

TITLE III—OPEN ACCESS EVAPOTRANSPIRATION DATA

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Definitions.
- Sec. 303. Findings.
- Sec. 304. Open Access Evapotranspiration (OpenET) Data Program.
- Sec. 305. Report.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE IV—COLORADO RIVER INDIAN TRIBES WATER RESILIENCY

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Findings.
- Sec. 403. Definitions.
- Sec. 404. Lease or exchange agreements.
- Sec. 405. Storage agreements.
- Sec. 406. Agreements for creation of water for the Colorado River System or for Storing Water in Lake Mead.
- Sec. 407. Secretarial approval; disapproval; agreements.
- Sec. 408. Responsibilities of the Secretary.
- Sec. 409. Agreement between the CRIT and the State.
- Sec. 410. Agreement between the CRIT, the State, and the Secretary.
- Sec. 411. No effect on the CRIT decreed allocation.
- Sec. 412. Allottee use of water.
- Sec. 413. Consideration paid to the CRIT.
- Sec. 414. Liability of the United States.
- Sec. 415. Application.
- Sec. 416. Rule of construction.

TITLE V— HUALAPAI TRIBE WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT

- Sec. 501. Short title.
- Sec. 502. Purposes.
- Sec. 503. Definitions.

- Sec. 504. Ratification and execution of Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement.
- Sec. 505. Water rights.
- Sec. 506. Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account; construction of Hualapai water project; funding.
- Sec. 507. Authorizations of appropriations.
- Sec. 508. Environmental compliance.
- Sec. 509. Waivers, releases, and retentions of claims.
- Sec. 510. Satisfaction of water rights and other benefits.
- Sec. 511. Land added to Hualapai Reservation.
- Sec. 512. Trust land.
- Sec. 513. Reallocation of CAP NIA Priority Water; Firming; Water Delivery Contract; Colorado River Accounting.
- Sec. 514. Enforceability date.
- Sec. 515. Administration.

TITLE VI—WATER DATA

- Sec. 601. Definitions.
- Sec. 602. National water data framework.
- Sec. 603. Water Data Council.
- Sec. 604. Advisory Committee on Water Information.
- Sec. 605. Water data grant program.
- Sec. 606. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE VII—NOGALES WASTEWATER IMPROVEMENT

- Sec. 701. Short title.
- Sec. 702. Amendments to the Act of July 27, 1953.
- Sec. 703. Nogales sanitation project.

TITLE VIII—RIO GRANDE WATER SECURITY

Sec. 801. Short title.

Subtitle A-Rio Grande Water Security

- Sec. 811. Definitions.
- Sec. 812. Integrated water resources management plan for the Rio Grande Basin.
- Sec. 813. Rio Grande Basin Working Group.
- Sec. 814. Effect of subtitle.

Subtitle B—Pueblo Irrigation

Sec. 821. Reauthorization of Pueblo irrigation infrastructure grants.

DIVISION C—OTHER FIRE, DROUGHT, AND EXTREME WEATHER PROGRAMS

TITLE I—INFRASTRUCTURE, ENERGY, AND ASSISTANCE

- Sec. 101. Natural Disaster Grid Mitigation Map.
- Sec. 102. Interregional minimum transfer capability requirements.
- Sec. 103. Critical document fee waiver.
- Sec. 104. Hermit's Peak/Calf Canvon Fire Assistance.
- Sec. 105. Fire management assistance cost share.
- Sec. 106. Transitional sheltering assistance.

- Sec. 107. Grid resilience study.
- Sec. 108. Nonnative plant species removal grant program.
- Sec. 109. Centers of excellence for research on wildfire smoke.
- Sec. 110. Community smoke planning.
- Sec. 111. Disaster equity and fairness.
- Sec. 112. FEMA improvement, reform, and efficiency.
- Sec. 113. Fire investigations.
- Sec. 114. Critical infrastructure and microgrid program.

TITLE II—NATIONAL DISASTER SAFETY BOARD ACT

- Sec. 201. Establishment and purpose.
- Sec. 202. General authority.
- Sec. 203. Recommendations and responses.
- Sec. 204. Reports and studies.
- Sec. 205. Appointment and organization.
- Sec. 206. Methodology.
- Sec. 207. Administrative.
- Sec. 208. Disclosure, availability, and use of information.
- Sec. 209. Training.
- Sec. 210. Funding.
- Sec. 211. Authority of the Inspector General.
- Sec. 212. Evaluation and audit of National Disaster Safety Board.
- Sec. 213. Definitions.

TITLE III—NATIONAL WILDLAND FIRE RISK REDUCTION PROGRAM

- Sec. 301. Establishment of National Wildland Fire Risk Reduction Program.
- Sec. 302. Program activities.
- Sec. 303. Interagency Coordinating Committee on Wildland Fire Risk Reduction
- Sec. 304. National Advisory Committee on Wildland Fire Risk Reduction.
- Sec. 305. Government Accountability Office review.
- Sec. 306. Responsibilities of Program agencies.
- Sec. 307. Budget activities.
- Sec. 308. Definitions.
- Sec. 309. Authorization of appropriations.

DIVISION D—ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Environmental justice community technical assistance grants.
- Sec. 103. White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council.
- Sec. 104. Federal agency actions to address environmental justice.
- Sec. 105. Training of employees of Federal agencies.
- Sec. 106. Environmental justice basic training program.
- Sec. 107. Environmental justice clearinghouse.
- Sec. 108. Public meetings.
- Sec. 109. National Environmental Justice Advisory Council.
- Sec. 110. Environmental justice grant programs.
- Sec. 111. Environmental justice community solid waste disposal technical assistance grants.
- Sec. 112. Environmental justice community, State, and Tribal grant programs.
- Sec. 113. Protections for environmental justice communities against harmful Federal actions.

	 Sec. 114. Prohibited discrimination. Sec. 115. Right of action. Sec. 116. Rights of recovery. Sec. 117. Public health risks associated with cumulative environmental stressors.
	Sec. 118. Climate justice grant program. Sec. 119. Environmental justice for communities overburdened by environmental violations.
1	DIVISION A—WILDFIRE
2	TITLE I—FEDERAL LANDS
3	WORKFORCE
4	Subtitle A—Federal Wildland
5	Firefighters
6	SEC. 101. TIM HART WILDLAND FIREFIGHTER PAY PARITY.
7	(a) Federal Wildland Firefighter Pay.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
9	the date of enactment of this Act—
10	(A) the minimum rate of basic pay for any
11	Federal wildland firefighter position shall be
12	not less than the rate of pay for step 3 of GS-
13	6 of the General Schedule; and
14	(B) any such position shall receive locality
15	pay under section 5304 of title 5, United States
16	Code, at the rate of "Rest of U.S.".
17	(2) Annual adjustments.—Notwithstanding
18	any other provision of law, beginning in the first pay
19	period beginning on or after the date that the min-
20	imum rates of pay under paragraph (1) begin to
21	apply, and annually thereafter, the basic rate of pay

1	for each Federal wildland firefighter shall be in-
2	creased by not less than the percentage equal to the
3	percent change in the Consumer Price Index (all
4	items—United States city average), published
5	monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, for De-
6	cember of the preceding year over such Consumer
7	Price Index for the December of the year prior to
8	the preceding year, adjusted to the nearest one-tenth
9	of 1 percent.

- (3) Compensation comparable to non-federal wildland firefighters are based.
- (4) HAZARDOUS DUTY PAY.—Each Federal wildland firefighter who is carrying out work completed during prescribed fire, parachuting, tree climbing over 20 feet, hazard tree removal, and other hazardous work as identified by the Secretary of Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall be

1	considered an employee in an occupational series
2	covering positions for which the primary duties in-
3	volve the prevention, control, suppression, or man-
4	agement of wildland fires under section 5545(d) of
5	title 5, United States Code. The Director of the Of-
6	fice of Personnel Management may prescribe regula-
7	tions to carry out this paragraph.
8	(5) Mental Health Leave.—Each Federal
9	wildland firefighter shall be entitled to 7 consecutive
10	days of leave, without loss or reduction in pay, dur-
11	ing any calendar year. Leave provided under this
12	paragraph shall not—
13	(A) accumulate for use in succeeding
14	years; and
15	(B) be considered to be annual or vacation
16	leave for purposes of section 5551 or 5552 of
17	title 5, United States Code, or for any other
18	purpose.
19	(b) Pay Parity for Federal Structural Fire-
20	FIGHTERS.—
21	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
22	the date of enactment of this Act, any pay, benefits,
23	and bonuses provided to any Federal structural fire-
24	fighter shall be comparable with the pay, benefits,

1	and bonuses provided for Federal wildland fire-
2	fighters.
3	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
4	date the minimum rates of pay under subsection
5	(a)(1) begin to apply, the Director of the Office of
6	Personnel Management shall submit a report to
7	Congress on whether pay for such Federal structural
8	firefighters is competitive with Federal wildland fire-
9	fighters
10	(c) Definitions.—In this section—
11	(1) the term "Federal structural firefighter"—
12	(A) has the meaning given the term "fire-
13	fighter" in section 8401 of chapter 84 of title
14	5, United States Code; and
15	(B) does not include any Federal wildland
16	firefighter; and
17	(2) the term "Federal wildland firefighter"
18	means any individual occupying a position within the
19	Wildland Fire Management Series, 0456 established
20	by the Office of Personnel Management pursuant to
21	section 40803(d) of the Infrastructure Investment
22	and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58), or any subse-
23	quent series.

1	SEC. 102. WAIVER OF PREMIUM PAY LIMITATIONS FOR
2	CERTAIN EMPLOYEES ENGAGED IN EMER-
3	GENCY WILDLAND FIRE SUPPRESSION AC-
4	TIVITIES.
5	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
6	"Wildland Firefighter Fair Pay Act".
7	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
8	(1) COVERED EMPLOYEE.—The term "covered
9	employee" means an employee of the Department of
10	Agriculture, the Department of the Interior, or the
11	Department of Commerce.
12	(2) COVERED SERVICES.—The term "covered
13	services" means services performed by a covered em-
14	ployee that are determined by the Secretary con-
15	cerned to be primarily relating to emergency
16	wildland fire suppression activities.
17	(3) Premium Pay.—The term "premium pay"
18	means the premium pay paid under the provisions of
19	law described in section 5547(a) of title 5, United
20	States Code.
21	(4) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
22	retary concerned" means—
23	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with re-
24	spect to an employee of the Department of Ag-
25	riculture;

1	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with re-
2	spect to an employee of the Department of the
3	Interior; and
4	(C) the Secretary of Commerce, with re-
5	spect to an employee of the Department of
6	Commerce.
7	(c) Waiver of Premium Pay Period Limita-
8	TION.—Any premium pay for covered services shall be dis-
9	regarded in calculating the aggregate of the basic pay and
10	premium pay for the applicable covered employee for pur-
11	poses of a pay period limitation under section 5547(a) of
12	title 5, United States Code, or under any other provision
13	of law.
14	(d) Waiver of Annual Premium Pay Limita-
15	TION.—Any premium pay for covered services shall be dis-
16	regarded in calculating any annual limitation on the
17	amount of overtime pay payable in a calendar year or fis-
18	cal year under section 5547(b) of title 5, United States
19	Code.
20	(e) PAY LIMITATION.—A covered employee may not
21	be paid premium pay if, or to the extent that, the aggre-
22	gate amount of the basic pay and premium pay (including
23	premium pay for covered services) of the covered employee
24	for a calendar year would exceed the rate of basic pay pay-
25	able for a position at level II of the Executive Schedule

- 1 under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, as in
- 2 effect at the end of that calendar year.
- 3 (f) Treatment of Additional Premium Pay.—If
- 4 the application of this section results in the payment of
- 5 additional premium pay to a covered employee of a type
- 6 that is normally creditable as basic pay for retirement or
- 7 any other purpose, that additional premium pay shall not
- 8 be—
- 9 (1) considered to be basic pay of the covered
- 10 employee for any purpose; or
- 11 (2) used in computing a lump-sum payment to
- the covered employee for accumulated and accrued
- annual leave under section 5551 or 5552 of title 5,
- 14 United States Code.
- 15 (g) Overtime Rates.—Section 5542(a)(5) of title 5,
- 16 United States Code, is amended by striking "the United
- 17 States Forest Service in".
- 18 SEC. 103. DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY.
- 19 (a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
- 20 "Conservation Jobs Act of 2022".
- 21 (b) DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY.—Section 147(d) of
- 22 the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C.
- 23 3197(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 24 "(4) Direct hire authority.—

1	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
2	graph (B), the Secretary of Agriculture may ap-
3	point, without regard to the provisions of sub-
4	chapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United States
5	Code (other than sections 3303 and 3328 of
6	such title), covered graduates directly to any
7	position with the Forest Service for which the
8	candidate meets Office of Personnel Manage-
9	ment qualification standards.
10	"(B) Limitations.—The Secretary may
11	not appoint under subparagraph (A)—
12	"(i) during fiscal year 2023, more
13	than 10 covered job corps graduates;
14	"(ii) during fiscal year 2024, more
15	than 20 covered job corps graduates;
16	"(iii) during fiscal year 2025, more
17	than 30 covered job corps graduates; and
18	"(iv) during fiscal year 2026 and each
19	fiscal year thereafter, more than 50 cov-
20	ered job corps graduates.
21	"(C) Covered Job Corps graduate de-
22	FINED.—In this paragraph, the term 'covered
23	graduate' means a graduate of a Civilian Con-
24	servation Center who successfully completed a
25	training program, including in administration,

1	human resources, business, or quality assur-
2	ance, that was focused on forestry, wildland
3	firefighting, or another topic relating to the
4	mission of the Forest Service.".
5	Subtitle B-Authorization of Ap-
6	propriations for Forest Service
7	Fire and Non-Fire Salaries and
8	Expenses
9	SEC. 111. IN GENERAL.
10	There is authorized to be appropriated—
11	(1) for salaries and expenses of fire-related em-
12	ployees of the Forest Service to carry out wildfire
13	preparedness under the wildland fire management
14	program authorized pursuant to the Organic Admin-
15	istration Act of 1897 (16 U.S.C. 551),
16	\$1,615,600,000 for fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal
17	year thereafter; and
18	(2) for salaries and expenses of National Forest
19	System employees not described in paragraph (1) to
20	carry out activities for the stewardship and manage-
21	ment of the National Forest System,
22	\$2,353,400,000 for fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal
23	year thereafter.

Subtitle C—Other Personnel

2	SEC. 121. NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT STRIKE
3	TEAMS.
4	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
6	Agriculture shall, for each region of the Forest Service,
7	establish and maintain at least one NEPA strike team per
8	region.
9	(b) Priority Assignments.—The Secretary of Ag-
10	riculture shall give priority assignments to NEPA strike
11	teams established under subsection (a) that serve—
12	(1) areas of the National Forest System with a
13	high or very high risk of wildfire; and
14	(2) at-risk communities with a significant num-
15	ber or percentage of homes exposed to wildfire.
16	(c) Composition of Strike Teams.—Strike teams
17	established under subsection (a) shall, to the maximum
18	extent practicable, consist of interdisciplinary members
19	who have demonstrated success in the efficient and effec-
20	tive completion of all stages of compliance with the Na-
21	tional Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
22	SEC. 122. COMMUNITY MITIGATION ASSISTANCE TEAMS.
23	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
24	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agri-
25	culture shall, for each region of the Forest Service, estab-

	10
1	lish and maintain at least one community mitigation as-
2	sistance team.
3	(b) Priority Assignments.—The Secretary of Ag-
4	riculture shall give priority assignments to community
5	mitigation assistance teams established under subsection
6	(a) that serve at-risk communities with a significant num-
7	ber or percentage of homes exposed to a high or very high
8	risk of wildfire.
9	(c) Assessments.—With respect to a community
10	mitigation assistance team established under subsection
11	(a), the Secretary of Agriculture may—
12	(1) at the request of a State or political subdivi-
13	sion, assign such a team to provide pre-fire assess-
14	ments; and
15	(2) assign such a team to an area or commu-
16	nity to provide post-fire assessments.
17	SEC. 123. FILLING FOREST SERVICE RECREATION MANAGE-
18	MENT STAFF VACANCIES.
19	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, act-
20	ing through the Chief of the Forest Service, shall fill va-
21	cancies in Forest Service recreation management and

22 planning staff, including recreation technicians, recreation

23 officers, and natural resource managers.

1	(b) Priority.—The Secretary shall prioritize filling
2	vacancies under subsection (a) in units of the National
3	Forest System that—
4	(1) are at high or very high risk of wildfires;
5	and
6	(2) are located in areas of substantial public
7	use.
8	(c) Training and Certification as a Forest
9	PROTECTION OFFICER.—The Secretary may provide the
10	opportunity for any individual who fills a vacancy pursu-
11	ant to subsection (a) to receive training and certification
12	as a Forest Protection Officer.
13	SEC. 124. FILLING VACANCIES AND INCREASING NUMBER
14	OF POSITIONS AVAILABLE IN THE FOREST
15	SERVICE TO ADDRESS PUBLIC SAFETY AND
16	PROTECTION CONCERNS.
17	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, act-
18	ing through the Chief of the Forest Service, shall—
19	(1) fill vacancies in the Forest Service in roles
20	that primarily address public safety and protection;
21	(2) assess the number of positions necessary to
22	promote public safety and protect resources from
23	unauthorized use; and

1	(3) seek to increase the number of positions
2	available, as described in paragraph (2), as appro-
3	priate.
4	(b) Priority.—The Secretary shall prioritize filling
5	vacancies and increasing the number of positions under
6	subsection (a) in units of the National Forest System
7	that—
8	(1) are at high or very high risk of wildfires;
9	and
10	(2) are located in areas of substantial public
11	use.
12	TITLE II—WILDFIRE, ECO-
13	SYSTEM PROTECTION, COM-
14	MUNITY PREPAREDNESS, AND
15	RECOVERY
16	Subtitle A—10-Year National
17	
	Wildfire Plan
	Wildfire Plan SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
18	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
18 19	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle:
18 19 20	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) Plan.—The term "Plan" means the plan
18 19 20 21	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) Plan.—The term "Plan" means the plan required under section 202(a).

1	(3) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
2	retary concerned" means—
3	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with re-
4	spect to National Forest System lands; and
5	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with re-
6	spect to public lands.
7	SEC. 202. IMPLEMENTATION OF 10-YEAR NATIONAL WILD-
8	FIRE PLAN.
9	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture
10	shall, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior,
11	implement a 10-year National Wildfire Plan that—
12	(1) includes—
13	(A) hazardous fuels and prescribed fire ac-
14	tivities to address wildfire risk;
15	(B) vegetation, watershed, wildlife and
16	fisheries habitat management to maintain habi-
17	tat and improve ecological conditions, includ-
18	ing—
19	(i) protecting mature and old-growth
20	trees and forests;
21	(ii) maintaining habitat in a way that
22	advances at-risk species recovery and con-
23	servation; and

1	(iii) completing consultations required
2	under the Endangered Species Act of 1973
3	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
4	(C) management of recreation, heritage,
5	and wilderness programs;
6	(D) activities under the Joint Fire Science
7	Program to address wildfire risk;
8	(E) the activities required under this sub-
9	title;
10	(F) the activities included in—
11	(i) the National Cohesive Wildland
12	Fire Management Strategy (and successor
13	documents);
14	(ii) the Wildfire Crisis Strategy enti-
15	tled "Confronting the Wildfire Crisis: A
16	Strategy for Protecting Communities and
17	Improving Resilience in America's For-
18	ests" and dated January 2022 (and suc-
19	cessor documents);
20	(iii) the Wildfire Crisis Strategy Im-
21	plementation Plan entitled "Wildfire Crisis
22	Implementation Plan' and dated January
23	2022 (and successor documents); and
24	(iv) the Wildfire Crisis Landscape In-
25	vestments plan entitled "Confronting the

1	Wildfire Crisis: Initial Landscape Invest-
2	ments to Protect Communities and Im-
3	prove Resilience in America's Forests"
4	dated April 2022 (and successor docu-
5	ments); and
6	(G) such other wildfire-related activities as
7	determined appropriate by the Secretary of Ag-
8	riculture or the Secretary of the Interior, in ac-
9	cordance with existing law and regulations; and
10	(2) in accordance with section 203, prioritizes
11	carrying out landscape-scale restoration projects.
12	(b) Coordination.—In carrying out subsection (a),
13	to the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary of Agri-
14	culture, in coordination with the Secretary of Interior,
15	shall—
16	(1) utilize cooperative forestry authorities and
17	agreements, including but not limited to the Cooper-
18	ative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
19	2101 et seq.);
20	(2) solicit proposals from States, counties, and
21	Tribes to address water quantity and quality con-
22	cerns;
23	(3) solicit proposals from States, counties, and
24	Tribes for hazardous fuels treatments;

1	(4) consider the long-term State-wide assess-
2	ments and forest resource strategies established in
3	section 2A the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act
4	of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2101a); and
5	(5) provide priority to collaboratively developed
6	projects.
7	(c) Funding.—
8	(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
9	(A) Hazardous fuels and prescribed
10	FIRE.—There is authorized to be appropriated
11	to the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out
12	hazardous fuels and prescribed fire activities
13	under subsection $(a)(1)(A)$, \$500,000,000 for
14	each of fiscal years 2023 through 2032.
15	(B) Vegetation, watershed, wildlife,
16	AND FISHERIES MANAGEMENT.—There is au-
17	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
18	Agriculture to carry out vegetation, watershed,
19	wildlife and fisheries management activities
20	under subsection $(a)(1)(B)$, \$500,000,000 for
21	each of fiscal years 2023 through 2032.
22	(C) Recreation, Heritage, Wilder-
23	NESS.—There is authorized to be appropriated
24	to the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out
25	recreation, heritage, and wilderness programs

1	under subsection $(a)(1)(C)$, \$500,000,000 for
2	each of fiscal years 2023 through 2032.
3	(D) Joint fire science program.—
4	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry
5	out wildfire risk reduction and research activi-
6	ties of the Joint Fire Science Program pursu-
7	ant to the Plan, \$20,000,000, for each of fiscal
8	years 2023 through 2032, of which—
9	(i) \$10,000,000 shall be made avail-
10	able to the Secretary of Agriculture; and
11	(ii) \$10,000,000 shall be made avail-
12	able to the Secretary of the Interior.
13	(2) Hazardous fuels.—
14	(A) Permissive use.—Of the amounts
15	made available pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)
16	for a fiscal year, up to 10 percent may be used
17	to cover a portion of wildland firefighter sala-
18	ries, so long as the positions to which such sala-
19	ries apply are full-time and cover projects and
20	activities to reduce wildfire risk.
21	(B) Limitation.—The amounts made
22	available pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) may not
23	be used to cover any portion of wildland fire-
24	fighter salaries if the activities to reduce wild-

1	fire risk are considered wildfire suppression ac-
2	tivities.
3	SEC. 203. SELECTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF LAND-
4	SCAPE-SCALE FOREST RESTORATION
5	PROJECTS.
6	(a) In General.—In carrying out the Plan, the Sec-
7	retary of Agriculture shall select, in accordance with this
8	section, landscape-scale forest restoration projects—
9	(1) to implement on National Forest System
10	land; and
11	(2) if applicable, to implement on land adjoin-
12	ing National Forest System land, in coordination
13	with other Federal and non-Federal entities.
14	(b) Initial Phase.—During the 5-year period begin-
15	ning on the date of enactment of this Act, subject to the
16	availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Agriculture
17	shall select not more than 20 landscape-scale forest res-
18	toration projects under subsection (a).
19	(c) Eligibility Requirements.—
20	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), to
21	be eligible for selection and implementation under
22	subsection (a), a landscape-scale forest restoration
23	project shall satisfy the following requirements:
24	(A) The purposes and needs for the project
25	shall be—

1	(i) to restore the ecological integrity
2	and ecological resilience of terrestrial and
3	aquatic areas that have departed from ref-
4	erence conditions within the forest land-
5	scape;
6	(ii) to restore appropriate natural fire
7	regimes, including by reducing fuel loads
8	in areas that have departed from reference
9	conditions, taking into account the current
10	and projected impacts of climate change;
11	and
12	(iii) to conduct wildfire risk reduction
13	activities within the wildland-urban inter-
14	face to the extent that the project includes
15	lands within the wildland-urban interface.
16	(B) The project shall be developed and
17	supported by a collaborative group that—
18	(i) includes multiple interested per-
19	sons representing diverse interests;
20	(ii) is transparent and inclusive; and
21	(iii) has sufficient expertise, capacity,
22	and scientific support to effectively plan,
23	implement, and monitor landscape-level,
24	ecologically based forest restoration activi-
25	ties.

1	(C) The project shall be based on a land-
2	scape assessment that shall—
3	(i) cover a landscape of—
4	(I) except as provided in sub-
5	clauses (II) and (III), not less than
6	100,000 acres;
7	(II) in such limited cases as the
8	Secretary of Agriculture determines to
9	be appropriate, not less than 80,000
10	acres if—
11	(aa) the assessment is com-
12	pleted or substantially completed
13	as of the date of enactment of
14	this Act; and
15	(bb) in the determination of
16	the Secretary of Agriculture, as-
17	sessing a larger area is not nec-
18	essary to restore the integrity, re-
19	silience, and fire regimes of the
20	landscape; or
21	(III) not less than 50,000 acres
22	in the case of a project that is carried
23	out east of the 100th meridian;

1	(ii) evaluate ecological integrity and
2	determine reference conditions for the
3	landscape;
4	(iii) identify terrestrial and aquatic
5	areas within the landscape that have de-
6	parted from reference conditions;
7	(iv) identify criteria to determine ap-
8	propriate restoration treatments within de-
9	graded areas of the landscape to achieve
10	reference conditions, including manage-
11	ment prescriptions and necessary mitiga-
12	tion measures to protect at-risk species;
13	(v) be based on the best available sci-
14	entific information and data, including,
15	where applicable, high-resolution imagery,
16	LiDAR, and similar technologies and infor-
17	mation, and involve direct engagement by
18	scientists; and
19	(vi) identify priority restoration strat-
20	egies for terrestrial and aquatic areas, in-
21	cluding prescribed fire and wildfires man-
22	aged for multiple resource benefits, which
23	shall focus on—
24	(I) areas that are the most de-
25	parted from reference conditions; and

1	(II) areas that would benefit the
2	most from reducing the risk of
3	uncharacteristic wildfire, especially
4	with respect to nearby communities,
5	taking into account other completed,
6	ongoing, planned fuels-reduction
7	projects, and the effects of recent
8	wildfires.
9	(D) Restoration treatments under the
10	project—
11	(i) shall emphasize the reintroduction
12	of characteristic fire, based on forest ecol-
13	ogy and reference conditions, through the
14	use of prescribed fire, wildfire, or both;
15	(ii) that involve any proposed mechan-
16	ical treatments shall be designed to pro-
17	mote—
18	(I) the restoration of reference
19	conditions in areas that lack ecological
20	integrity, with a focus on the reduc-
21	tion of surface and ladder fuels; and
22	(II) the establishment of condi-
23	tions that will facilitate prescribed fire
24	or managed wildfire;
25	(iii) shall—

1	(I) fully maintain or contribute
2	to the restoration of reference old for-
3	est conditions, taking into account the
4	current and projected impacts of cli-
5	mate change; and
6	(II) protect or increase the num-
7	ber and distribution of large old trees,
8	consistent with reference conditions,
9	excepting any de minimis losses of
10	large old trees from prescribed fire or
11	hazardous tree removal; and
12	(iv) that involve prescribed fire shall
13	provide advance notification, in accordance
14	with notification procedures developed by
15	the Secretary of Agriculture, to the owner
16	or operator of critical infrastructure, such
17	as a power line right-of-way, of any pre-
18	scribed fire treatments within close prox-
19	imity to the infrastructure.
20	(E) The project shall be consistent with all
21	applicable environmental laws, including—
22	(i) the National Environmental Policy
23	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
24	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of
25	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); and

1	(iii) the Forest and Rangeland Renew-
2	able Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
3	U.S.C. 1600 et seq.).
4	(F) The project shall be consistent with
5	section 208.
6	(G) The project shall require multiparty
7	monitoring, including opportunities for public
8	engagement, and an adaptive management ap-
9	proach that—
10	(i) conditions the future implementa-
11	tion of the project on the satisfactory com-
12	pletion of—
13	(I) priority restoration actions;
14	and
15	(II) required monitoring after im-
16	plementation;
17	(ii) validates conditions projected to
18	occur in the environmental analysis for the
19	project; and
20	(iii) requires modifications to the
21	project if monitoring reveals impacts be-
22	yond the anticipated impacts of the
23	project.
24	(H)(i) No new permanent road may be
25	built as part of the project.

1	(ii) Any new temporary roads needed to
2	implement the project shall be decommissioned
3	not later than 3 years after completion of the
4	project.
5	(I) The project shall use an efficient ap-
6	proach to landscape-scale analysis and decision-
7	making that is consistent with the National En-
8	vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
9	4321 et seq.), which may include—
10	(i) the preparation of a single environ-
11	mental impact statement or environmental
12	assessment, as applicable, for the entire
13	project, incorporating the landscape assess-
14	ment described in subparagraph (C);
15	(ii) the use of, as applicable—
16	(I) multiple records of decision to
17	implement a single environmental im-
18	pact statement; or
19	(II) multiple decision notices to
20	implement a single environmental as-
21	sessment;
22	(iii) the preparation of a pro-
23	grammatic environmental impact state-
24	ment or environmental assessment, as ap-
25	plicable, for the entire project, incor-

1 porating the landscape assessment de-
2 scribed in subparagraph (C), followed by
focused, concise, and site-specific—
4 (I) environmental assessments; or
5 (II) categorical exclusions con-
6 sistent with the National Environ-
7 mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
8 4321 et seq.); or
9 (iv) the use of the landscape assess-
ment described in subparagraph (C)
through incorporation by reference and
similar approaches, to support focused
concise, and site-specific—
(I) environmental assessments; or
15 (II) categorical exclusions con-
sistent with the National Environ-
mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
18 4321 et seq.).
19 (2) Exception.—If the Secretary of Agri-
culture determines that there are an insufficient
number of projects that fully comply with the re-
quirements described in paragraph (1) to implement
based on all available funding, then the Secretary of
24 Agriculture may, during the 2-year period beginning
on the date of enactment of this Act, select under

1	subsection (a) not more than a total of 5 landscape-
2	scale forest restoration projects to implement that
3	do not fully comply with those requirements if the
4	projects—
5	(A) fully comply with the requirements de-
6	scribed in subparagraphs (B), (D), (E), (F),
7	(G), (H), and (I) of that paragraph;
8	(B) in the determination of the Secretary
9	of Agriculture, have purposes and needs that
10	are consistent with the purposes and needs de-
11	scribed in subparagraph (A) of that paragraph;
12	and
13	(C) are supported by landscape assess-
14	ments that are substantially (if not completely)
15	consistent with the requirements described in
16	subparagraph (C) of that paragraph, subject to
17	the condition that the applicable landscape as-
18	sessments fully comply with the requirements
19	described in clauses (i) and (v) of that subpara-
20	graph.
21	(d) Evaluation of Eligible Projects.—
22	(1) In General.—In determining which land-
23	scape-scale forest restoration projects to select under
24	subsection (a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall
25	consider—

1	(A) the criteria described in paragraph (2);
2	(B) the extent to which the project utilizes
3	the approaches to project implementation de-
4	scribed in paragraph (3); and
5	(C) the recommendations of the advisory
6	panel established under subsection (e).
7	(2) Criteria.—The criteria referred to in
8	paragraph (1)(A) are—
9	(A) the demonstrated need, based on the
10	best available science, to restore ecological in-
11	tegrity to degraded or departed areas within the
12	landscape covered by the project, taking into
13	account the current and projected impacts of
14	climate change;
15	(B)(i) the importance of watersheds in the
16	area covered by the project for downstream
17	waters supply; and
18	(ii) the opportunity to improve the ec-
19	ological integrity and ecological conditions
20	of those watersheds and reduce risks to
21	water resources through landscape-scale
22	forest restoration;
23	(C)(i) the potential extent of cost sharing
24	for the development and implementation of the
25	project from diverse sources, such as State or

1	local governments, water or electric utilities,
2	carbon credits, or private entities; and
3	(ii) the proportion of the non-Federal
4	cost share that is in the form of cash con-
5	tributions;
6	(D) whether the area covered by the
7	project has high-resolution, remote-sensing data
8	and other information available that enables a
9	landscape assessment and a robust analysis and
10	disclosure of the effects and outcomes of imple-
11	menting restoration activities;
12	(E) whether the project is using, or will
13	use, innovative approaches to completing re-
14	source surveys that are less costly and less
15	time-consuming than usual practices while pro-
16	viding the information necessary for project de-
17	sign and analysis;
18	(F) whether the project will reduce the
19	number of miles of permanent roads on Na-
20	tional Forest System land that are not nec-
21	essary for resource management or recreational
22	access;
23	(G) whether the project will assess or
24	quantify the ecosystem service benefits of forest
25	restoration within the landscape covered by the

1	project, such as water, carbon, biodiversity, fire
2	risk reduction, public health, and community
3	safety;
4	(H) whether the project has the potential
5	to support new or existing wood processing in-
6	frastructure that can make economic use of the
7	byproducts of forest restoration;
8	(I) whether the project has the potential to
9	support local employment and investment op-
10	portunities, particularly in economically dis-
11	advantaged communities;
12	(J) the scale of the landscape assessment
13	for the project, with a preference for projects
14	for which the landscape assessment covers a
15	larger area; and
16	(K) whether the project—
17	(i) strives to restore ecological integ-
18	rity and ecological conditions within areas
19	across land ownerships, including State
20	and private land; and
21	(ii) will reduce the risk of
22	uncharacteristic wildfire, and, to the extent
23	practicable, restore ecological integrity,
24	within the wildland-urban interface.

1	(3) Collaboration.—The Secretary of Agri-
2	culture may coordinate with Federal, State, local,
3	and Tribal agencies with respect to selection and im-
4	plementation under subsection (a), a landscape-scale
5	forest restoration project.
6	(e) Advisory Panel.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture
8	shall establish and maintain an advisory panel com-
9	posed of not more than 15 members to evaluate, and
10	provide recommendations on—
11	(A) each landscape-scale forest restoration
12	project that the Secretary of Agriculture is re-
13	viewing for potential selection under subsection
14	(a); and
15	(B) proposals for planning and developing
16	landscape-scale forest restoration projects.
17	(2) Representation.—The Secretary of Agri-
18	culture shall ensure that the membership of the ad-
19	visory panel established under paragraph (1) is fair-
20	ly balanced in terms of the points of view rep-
21	resented and the functions to be performed by the
22	advisory panel.
23	(3) Inclusion.—The advisory panel estab-
24	lished under paragraph (1) shall include experts in
25	ecological forest restoration, fire ecology, fire man-

1	agement, rural economic and workforce development,
2	strategies for ecological adaptation to climate
3	change, fish and wildlife ecology, and woody biomass
4	and small-diameter tree utilization.
5	(4) Exemption.—The advisory panel estab-
6	lished under paragraph (1) shall be exempt from the
7	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
8	SEC. 204. YOUTH AND CONSERVATION CORPS ASSISTANCE
9	WITH PROJECTS UNDER THE PLAN.
10	In carrying out projects under the Plan, the Secre-
11	taries shall, to the maximum extent practicable—
12	(1) identify appropriate projects to be carried
13	out by, and enter into cooperative agreements to
14	carry out such projects with—
15	(A) qualified youth or conservation corps
16	(as defined in section 203 of the Public Lands
17	Corps Act of 1993 (16 U.S.C. 1722)); or
18	(B) nonprofit wilderness and trails stew-
19	ardship organizations, including—
20	(i) the Corps Network;
21	(ii) the National Wilderness Steward-
22	ship Alliance;
23	(iii) American Trails; and
24	(iv) other public lands stewardship or-
25	ganizations, as appropriate; and

1	(2) waive any matching funds requirements, in-
2	cluding under section 212(a)(1) of the Public Lands
3	Corps Act of 1993 (16 U.S.C. 1729(a)(1)).
4	SEC. 205. PRESCRIBED FIRE TRAINING EXCHANGES.
5	(a) Western Prescribed Fire Centers.—
6	(1) In general.—In carrying out the Plan,
7	the Secretaries shall establish 1 or more centers to
8	train individuals in prescribed fire methods and
9	other methods relevant to the mitigation of wildfire
10	risk (referred to in this subsection as a "center").
11	(2) Host institutions.—The 1 or more cen-
12	ters shall be—
13	(A) located at 1 or more institutions of
14	higher education; or
15	(B) developed in collaboration with 1 or
16	more institutions of higher education.
17	(3) Goals.—The 1 or more centers shall ad-
18	vance the following goals:
19	(A) Training individuals and conducting
20	research on prescribed fire methods and other
21	restoration methods relevant to the mitigation
22	of wildfire risk.
23	(B) Developing and advancing interdiscipli-
24	nary science relating to wildfire, including social
25	science and human dimensions of wildfire

1	(C) Conducting ongoing and forward-look-
2	ing needs assessments among stakeholders, in-
3	cluding Federal and State agencies and Indian
4	Tribes, to determine common need require-
5	ments and emerging challenges to reduce wild-
6	fire risk and adapt communities to increased
7	risk from wildfire, including the following haz-
8	ard-related focus areas:
9	(i) Increasing disaster resilience.
10	(ii) Mitigation and management meth-
11	ods.
12	(iii) Air quality.
13	(iv) Firestorm weather forecasting
14	and burn-area debris flow forecasting, in-
15	cluding empirical and modeling research.
16	(D) Collaborating with Federal wildfire sci-
17	entists at the Forest Service, the Department of
18	the Interior, and other related Federal agencies.
19	(E) Identifying, through a detailed engage-
20	ment process targeting defined end-users, the
21	requirements and delivery mechanisms for prod-
22	ucts and services that are practical and will
23	have an impact on mitigating wildfire risk.
24	(F) Promoting technology transfer with
25	pathways for dissemination, implementation,

1	and application of research results on the
2	ground, using and enhancing previous research.
3	(G) Ensuring the connectivity and inter-
4	operability of distributed services to maximize
5	synergies and benefits across services.
6	(H) Developing open digital infrastructure
7	to make research data, science, and models
8	open for all sectors to use.
9	(I) Collaborating with prescribed fire and
10	wildfire science programs, including the Joint
11	Fire Science Program, Fire Science Exchange
12	Networks, and State and Regional Prescribed
13	Fire Associations.
14	(4) Location.—
15	(A) In general.—The 1 or more centers
16	shall be located in any State the entirety of
17	which is located west of the 100th meridian.
18	(B) Consultation.—The Secretaries
19	shall consult with the Joint Fire Science Pro-
20	gram to solicit and evaluate proposals for the
21	location of the 1 or more centers.
22	(C) Selection.—Not later than 1 year
23	after the date of enactment of this Act, based
24	on the consultation under subparagraph (B),

1	the Secretaries shall select a location for the 1
2	or more centers.
3	(b) Additional Training Centers.—Subject to
4	the availability of appropriations, not later than Sep-
5	tember 30, 2023, the Secretary of the Interior, in coopera-
6	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall—
7	(1) establish and operate a prescribed fire
8	training center in a western State;
9	(2) continue to operate a prescribed fire train-
10	ing center in an eastern State;
11	(3) establish a virtual prescribed fire training
12	center; and
13	(4) establish and maintain a Strategic Wildfire
14	Management Training Center.
15	SEC. 206. ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION GRANT FUND
16	
	THROUGH NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE
	THROUGH NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE FOUNDATION.
17 18	
17	FOUNDATION.
17 18	FOUNDATION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after
17 18 19	FOUNDATION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
17 18 19 20	FOUNDATION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Foundation
17 18 19 20 21	FOUNDATION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Foundation to establish the Community Resilience and Restoration
117 118 119 220 221	FOUNDATION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Foundation to establish the Community Resilience and Restoration Fund at the Foundation to—

1	(2) to protect, conserve, and restore restoration
2	and resilience lands in order to help communities re-
3	spond and adapt to natural threats, including wild-
4	fire, drought, extreme heat, and other threats posed
5	or exacerbated by the impacts of global climate;
6	(3) to build the resilience of restoration and re-
7	silience lands to adapt to, recover from, and with-
8	stand natural threats, including wildfire, drought,
9	extreme heat, and other threats posed or exacer-
10	bated by the impacts of global climate change;
11	(4) to protect and enhance the biodiversity of
12	wildlife populations, with special consideration to the
13	recovery and conservation of at-risk species, across
14	restoration and resilience lands;
15	(5) to support the health of restoration and re-
16	silience lands for the benefit of present and future
17	generations;
18	(6) to foster innovative, nature-based solutions
19	that help meet the goals of this section; and
20	(7) to enhance the nation's natural carbon se-
21	questration capabilities and help communities
22	strengthen natural carbon sequestration capacity
23	where applicable.
24	(b) Management of the Fund.—The Foundation
25	shall manage the Fund—

1	(1) pursuant to the National Fish and Wildlife
2	Foundation Establishment Act (16 U.S.C. 3701 et
3	seq.); and
4	(2) in such a manner that, to the greatest ex-
5	tent practicable and consistent with the purposes for
6	which the Fund is established—
7	(A) ensures that amounts made available
8	through the Fund are accessible to historically
9	underserved communities, including Tribal com-
10	munities, communities of color, and rural com-
11	munities; and
12	(B) avoids project selection and funding
13	overlap with those projects and activities that
14	could otherwise receive funding under—
15	(i) the National Oceans and Coastal
16	Security Fund, established under the Na-
17	tional Oceans and Coastal Security Act (16
18	U.S.C. 7501); or
19	(ii) other coastal management focused
20	programs.
21	(c) Competitive Grants.—
22	(1) In general.—To the extent amounts are
23	available in the Fund, the Foundation shall award
24	grants to eligible entities through a competitive
25	grant process in accordance with procedures estab-

1	lished pursuant to the National Fish and Wildlife
2	Foundation Establishment Act (16 U.S.C. 3701 et
3	seq.) to carry out eligible projects and activities, in-
4	cluding planning eligible projects and activities.
5	(2) Proposals.—The Foundation, in coordina-
6	tion with the Secretary, shall establish requirements
7	for proposals for competitive grants under this sec-
8	tion.
9	(d) Use of Amounts in the Fund.—
10	(1) Planning.—Not less than 8 percent of
11	amounts appropriated annually to the Fund may be
12	used to plan eligible projects and activities, including
13	capacity building.
14	(2) Administrative costs.—Not more than 4
15	percent of amounts appropriated annually to the
16	Fund may be used by the Foundation for adminis-
17	trative expenses of the Fund or administration of
18	competitive grants offered under the Fund.
19	(3) Priority.—Not less than \$10,000,000 of
20	the amounts appropriated annually to the Fund
21	shall be awarded annually to support eligible
22	projects and activities for Indian Tribes.
23	(4) COORDINATION.—The Secretary and Foun-
24	dation shall ensure, to the greatest extent prac-
25	ticable and through meaningful consultation, that

1	input from Indian Tribes, including traditional eco-
2	logical knowledge, is incorporated in the planning
3	and execution of eligible projects and activities.
4	(e) Reports.—
5	(1) Annual reports.—Beginning at the end
6	the first full fiscal year after the date of enactment
7	of this section, and not later than 60 days after the
8	end of each fiscal year in which amounts are depos-
9	ited into the Fund, the Foundation shall submit to
10	the Secretary a report on the operation of the Fund
11	including—
12	(A) an accounting of expenditures made
13	under the Fund, including leverage and match
14	as applicable;
15	(B) an accounting of any grants made
16	under the Fund, including a list of recipients
17	and a brief description of each project and its
18	purposes and goals; and
19	(C) measures and metrics to track benefits
20	created by grants administered under the Fund,
21	including enhanced biodiversity, water quality,
22	natural carbon sequestration, and resilience.
23	(2) 5-Year reports.—Not later than 90 days
24	after the end of the fifth full fiscal year after the
25	date of enactment of this section, and not later than

1	90 days after the end every fifth fiscal year there-
2	after, the Foundation shall submit to the Secretary
3	a report containing—
4	(A) a description of any socioeconomic,
5	biodiversity, community resilience, or climate
6	resilience or mitigation (including natural car-
7	bon sequestration), impacts generated by
8	projects funded by grants awarded by the
9	Fund, including measures and metrics illus-
10	trating these impacts;
11	(B) a description of land health benefits
12	derived from projects funded by grants awarded
13	by the Fund, including an accounting of—
14	(i) lands treated for invasive species;
15	(ii) lands treated for wildfire threat
16	reduction, including those treated with
17	controlled burning or other natural fire-
18	management techniques; and
19	(iii) lands restored either from wildfire
20	or other forms or degradation, including
21	over-grazing and sedimentation;
22	(C) key findings for Congress, including
23	any recommended changes to the authorization
24	or purposes of the Fund;

1	(D) best practices for other Federal agen-
2	cies in the administration of funds intended for
3	land and habitat restoration;
4	(E) information on the use and outcome of
5	funds specifically set aside for planning and ca-
6	pacity building pursuant to subsection $(d)(1)$;
7	and
8	(F) any other information that the Foun-
9	dation considers relevant.
10	(3) Submission of reports to congress.—
11	Not later than 10 days after receiving a report
12	under this section, the Secretary shall submit the re-
13	port to the Committee on Natural Resources of the
14	House of Representatives and the Committee on En-
15	vironment and Public Works of the Senate.
16	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
17	hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Fund
18	100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2032
19	to carry out this section.
20	(g) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
21	(1) The term "eligible entity" means a Federal
22	agency, State, the District of Columbia, a territory
23	of the United States, a unit of local government, an
24	Indian Tribe, a non-profit organization, or an ac-
25	credited institution of higher education.

1	(2) The term "eligible projects and activities"
2	means projects and activities carried out by an eligi-
3	ble entity on public lands, Tribal lands, or private
4	land, or any combination thereof, to further the pur-
5	poses for which the Fund is established, including
6	planning and capacity building and projects and ac-
7	tivities carried out in coordination with Federal,
8	State, or Tribal departments or agencies, or any de-
9	partment or agency of a subdivision of a State.
10	(3) The term "Foundation" means the National
11	Fish and Wildlife Foundation established under the
12	National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establish-
13	ment Act (16 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.).
14	(4) The term "Fund" means the Community
15	Resilience and Restoration Fund established under
16	subsection (a).
17	(5) The term "Indian Tribe" means the gov-
18	erning body of any Indian or Alaska Native tribe,
19	band, nation, pueblo, village, community, component
20	band, or component reservation individually identi-
21	fied (including parenthetically) on the list published
22	by the Secretary under section 104 of the Federally
23	Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25
24	U.S.C. 5131).

1	(6) The term "restoration and resilience lands"
2	means fish, wildlife, and plant habitats, and other
3	important natural areas in the United States, on
4	public lands, private land (after obtaining proper
5	consent from the landowner), or land of Indian
6	Tribes, including grasslands, shrublands, prairies,
7	chapparral lands, forest lands, deserts, and riparian
8	or wetland areas within or adjacent to these eco-
9	systems.
10	(7) The term "public lands" means lands
11	owned or controlled by the United States.
12	(8) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
13	of the Interior, acting through the Director of the
14	United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
15	(9) The term "State" means a State of the
16	United States, the District of Columbia, any Indian
17	Tribe, and any commonwealth, territory, or posses-
18	sion of the United States.
19	SEC. 207. NATIONAL COMMUNITY CAPACITY AND LAND
20	STEWARDSHIP GRANT PROGRAM.
21	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) COMMUNITY CAPACITY.—The term "com-
23	munity capacity" means the ability of an eligible en-
24	tity to carry out or assist in a land stewardship ac-
25	tivity.

1	(2) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term
2	"disadvantaged community" means—
3	(A) a low-income community (as defined in
4	section 45D(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of
5	1986); and
6	(B) a community that includes a signifi-
7	cant population that has been systematically de-
8	nied a full opportunity to participate in aspects
9	of economic, social, and civic life based on a
10	particular characteristic, such as Black, Latino,
11	Indigenous, and Native American persons,
12	Asian Americans, Pacific Islanders, and other
13	persons of color.
14	(3) Eligible enti-The term "eligible enti-
15	ty" means any the following entities that is located
16	in or represents a disadvantaged community:
17	(A) An organization described in section
18	501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
19	and exempt from taxation under section 501(a)
20	of that Code.
21	(B) A collaborative group fiscally spon-
22	sored by an organization described in subpara-
23	graph (A).
24	(C) A unit of local government.
25	(D) An Indian Tribe.

1	(E) A special district government, as de-
2	fined by the Director of the Bureau of the Cen-
3	sus.
4	(4) Ecological integrity.—The term "eco-
5	logical integrity" has the meaning given the term in
6	section 219.19 of title 36, Code of Federal Regula-
7	tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this
8	Act).
9	(5) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
10	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
11	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
12	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
13	(6) Land Stewardship activity.—The term
14	"land stewardship activity" means any of the fol-
15	lowing activities, as applied to a qualifying project:
16	(A) Planning.
17	(B) Collaboration and building community
18	support.
19	(C) Implementation on land other than
20	National Forest System land.
21	(D) Monitoring, including multiparty moni-
22	toring, and adaptive management.
23	(7) QUALIFYING PROJECT.—The term "quali-
24	fying project" means any of the following activities

1	that takes place at least in substantial part on Na-
2	tional Forest System land or national grasslands:
3	(A) Restoration of the ecological integrity
4	of a forest, meadow, grassland, prairie, or other
5	habitat.
6	(B) Tribal management for aligned cul-
7	tural and ecological values.
8	(C) Enhancing community wildfire resil-
9	ience in the wildland-urban interface.
10	(D) Increasing equitable access to environ-
11	mental education and volunteerism opportuni-
12	ties.
13	(8) Restoration.—The term "restoration"
14	has the meaning given the term in section 219.19 of
15	title 36, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
16	the date of enactment of this Act).
17	(9) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the
19	Chief of the Forest Service.
20	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to sup-
21	port increasing community capacity, partnerships, and col-
22	laborations within and involving disadvantaged commu-
23	nities for land stewardship activities and restoration of ec-
24	ological integrity on—
25	(1) National Forest System land;

1	(2) national grasslands; and
2	(3) adjacent private, State, and trust land asso-
3	ciated with the health and resilience of land de-
4	scribed in paragraphs (1) and (2).
5	(c) Administration.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary may issue
7	grants to eligible entities for increasing community
8	capacity for land stewardship activities and related
9	activities based on the criteria described in sub-
10	section (d).
11	(2) Federal Cost-Share.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may
13	fund up to 100 percent of the cost of land stew-
14	ardship activities and related activities carried
15	out using a grant issued under paragraph (1).
16	(B) MATCHING ELIGIBILITY.—A grant
17	issued under this section may be considered a
18	non-Federal matching contribution from the eli-
19	gible entity that received the grant towards
20	other sources of Federal funding.
21	(3) Duration.—The Secretary may issue a
22	grant under paragraph (1) for a period of 1 or more
23	years.

1	(4) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—The amount of
2	a grant issued under paragraph (1) shall be not
3	more than \$50,000 per year.
4	(5) APPLICABLE LAWS.—The Secretary shall
5	administer grants under paragraph (1) in accord-
6	ance with all applicable Federal and State laws.
7	(d) Criteria for Awarding Grants.—
8	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
9	the Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities
10	under subsection (c)(1) on a competitive basis in ac-
11	cordance with the following criteria:
12	(A) The extent to which the proposed land
13	stewardship activities benefit units of the Na-
14	tional Forest System and national grasslands
15	over the short and long term.
16	(B) The extent to which valuable ecologi-
17	cal, economic, and social benefits to disadvan-
18	taged communities, including job creation and
19	business development or retention, are likely to
20	result from the scope of the land stewardship
21	activities.
22	(C) The extent to which the grant would
23	benefit disadvantaged communities that have
24	historically received less investment in collabo-
25	rative capacity.

1	(D) The extent to which the proposal
2	brings together diverse interests through plan-
3	ning, collaboration, implementation, or moni-
4	toring of land stewardship activities to benefit
5	units of the National Forest System or national
6	grasslands.
7	(E) The extent to which the grant funds
8	appear to be critical for the success of the eligi-
9	ble entity and the identified land stewardship
10	activities.
11	(F) The extent to which the budget for the
12	land stewardship activities is reasonable given
13	the anticipated outcomes.
14	(2) Set-aside for indian tribes.—The Sec-
15	retary shall allocate not less than 10 percent of the
16	funding awarded under this section to Indian Tribes
17	or eligible entities representing Indian Tribes.
18	(e) Annual Reviews.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
20	and maintain an advisory panel composed of not
21	more than 15 members to provide feedback each
22	year to the Chief of the Forest Service on the extent
23	to which the implementation of this section is ful-
24	filling the purpose described in subsection (b).

1	(2) Inclusions.—The advisory panel estab-
2	lished under paragraph (1) shall include representa-
3	tion from a diversity of public land stakeholders
4	from across interest groups, including—
5	(A) not fewer than 8 members rep-
6	resenting the interests of a diversity of dis-
7	advantaged communities; and
8	(B) not fewer than 2 members rep-
9	resenting not fewer than 2 Indian Tribes.
10	(3) Exemption.—The advisory panel estab-
11	lished under paragraph (1) shall be exempt from the
12	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
13	(f) Report Evaluating Program Implementa-
14	TION.—
15	(1) In general.—Not later than 4 years after
16	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
17	shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture, the
18	Committee on Natural Resources, and the Com-
19	mittee on Appropriations of the House of Represent-
20	atives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
21	and Forestry, the Committee on Energy and Nat-
22	ural Resources, and the Committee on Appropria-
23	tions of the Senate a report evaluating the imple-
24	mentation of this section, including—

1	(A) a list of the eligible entities and land
2	stewardship activities selected for funding under
3	this section and the accomplishments of those
4	activities; and
5	(B) an evaluation of the extent to which
6	the implementation of this section is fulfilling
7	the purpose described in subsection (b).
8	(2) Consultation; contracting.—In pre-
9	paring the report under paragraph (1), the Sec-
10	retary—
11	(A) shall consult with the advisory panel
12	established under subsection (e)(1); and
13	(B) may contract with a third party to
14	complete an evaluation of the implementation of
15	this section to inform the report.
16	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
17	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
18	appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this sec-
19	tion \$50,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2023
20	through 2032.
21	(2) DISTRIBUTION.—The Secretary shall, to the
22	maximum extent practicable, distribute amounts
23	made available under paragraph (1) in a geographi-
24	cally equitable manner.

1	(3) Administrative costs.—Not more than
2	10 percent of any amounts made available to carry
3	out this section may be used for administrative man-
4	agement and program oversight.
5	SEC. 208. PROTECTION OF INVENTORIED ROADLESS
6	AREAS.
7	The Secretary of Agriculture shall not authorize road
8	construction, road reconstruction, or the cutting, sale, or
9	removal of timber on National Forest System lands sub-
10	ject to the Roadless Area Conservation Rule as published
11	on January 12, 2001 (66 Fed. Reg. 3243) except as pro-
12	vided in—
13	(1) subpart B of part 294 of title 36, Code of
14	Federal Regulations (as in effect on January 12,
15	2001);
16	(2) subpart C of part 294 of title 36, Code of
17	Federal Regulations (as in effect on October 16,
18	2008 for Idaho); and
19	(3) subpart D of part 294 of title 36, Code of
20	Federal Regulations (as provided for Colorado on
21	July 3, 2012 and December 19, 2016).
22	SEC. 209. STRATEGIC WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT PLAN-
23	NING FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than September 30,
25	2024, the Secretary concerned shall, in accordance with

1	this section, establish a spatial fire management plan for
2	any prescribed fire.
3	(b) Use of Existing Information.—To comply
4	with this section, the Secretary concerned may use a fire
5	management plan in existence on the date of enactment
6	of this Act, and information from the Wildland Fire Deci-
7	sion Support System and the Interagency Fuels Treat-
8	ment Decision Support System.
9	(c) UPDATES.—To be valid, a spatial fire manage-
10	ment plan established under this section shall not be in
11	use for longer than the 10-year period beginning on the
12	date on which the plan is established.
13	(d) Contents.—For each spatial fire management
14	plan established under this section, the Secretary con-
15	cerned shall—
16	(1) base the plans on a landscape-scale risk as-
17	sessment that includes—
18	(A) risks to firefighters;
19	(B) risks to communities;
20	(C) risks to highly valuable resources; and
21	(D) other relevant considerations deter-
22	mined by the Secretary concerned;
23	(2) include direction, represented in spatial
24	form, from land management plans and resource
25	management plans;

1	(3) in coordination with States, delineate poten-
2	tial operational delineations that—
3	(A) identify potential prescribed fire or
4	wildfire control locations; and
5	(B) specify the places in which firefighters
6	will not be sent because of the presence of un-
7	acceptable risk, including areas determined by
8	the Secretary concerned as—
9	(i) exceeding a certain slope;
10	(ii) containing too high of a volume of
11	hazardous fuels, under certain weather
12	conditions; or
13	(iii) containing other known hazards;
14	(4) include a determination of average severe
15	fire weather for the plan area;
16	(5) include prefire planning provisions;
17	(6) include a plan for emergency wildfire sup-
18	pression activities; and
19	(7) include, at a minimum, any other require-
20	ment determined to be necessary by the Secretary
21	concerned.
22	(e) Consistency With Management Plans.—The
23	spatial fire management plans established under this sec-
24	tion shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be con-
25	sistent with the fire management objectives and land man-

- 1 agement objectives in the applicable land management
- 2 plan or resource management plan.
- 3 (f) Revisions to Land Management Plans and
- 4 Resource Management Plans.—A revision to a land
- 5 management plan or resource management plan shall con-
- 6 sider fire ecology and fire management in a manner that
- 7 facilitates the issuance of direction for an incident re-
- 8 sponse.

9 SEC. 210. LONG-TERM BURNED AREA RECOVERY ACCOUNT.

- 10 (a) Establishment of Account.—There is estab-
- 11 lished in the Treasury of the United States the Long-
- 12 Term Burned Area Recovery account for the Department
- 13 of Agriculture.
- 14 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 15 are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2023 and
- 16 each fiscal year thereafter for the account established by
- 17 subsection (a) such sums as are necessary to carry out
- 18 the activities described in subsection (d), not to exceed
- 19 \$100,000,000.
- 20 (c) Annual Requests.—For fiscal year 2023 and
- 21 each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture
- 22 shall submit to Congress and in accordance with sub-
- 23 section (b), a request for amounts necessary to carry out
- 24 the activities described in subsection (d).

1	(d) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Ag-
2	riculture shall use amounts in the account established by
3	subsection (a) for recovery projects—
4	(1) that begin not earlier than 1 year after the
5	date on which the wildfire was contained;
6	(2) that are—
7	(A) scheduled to be completed not later
8	than 3 years after the date on which the wild-
9	fire was contained; and
10	(B) located at sites impacted by wildfire on
11	non-Federal or Federal land; and
12	(3) that restore the functions of an ecosystem
13	or protect life or property.
14	(e) Prioritization of Funding.—The Secretary of
15	Agriculture shall prioritize, on a nationwide basis, projects
16	for which funding requests are submitted under this sec-
17	tion, based on—
18	(1) downstream effects on water resources; and
19	(2) public safety.
20	SEC. 211. REPORT ON 10-YEAR NATIONAL WILDFIRE PLAN
21	IMPLEMENTATION.
22	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
23	of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Inspector General
24	of the Department of Agriculture shall submit to Congress
25	a report on the progress made in the prior year towards

1	completing the goals established under the Plan that in-
2	cludes—
3	(1) the amount of funding appropriated to
4	carry out the Plan pursuant to the provisions of this
5	subtitle with respect to the prior fiscal year; and
6	(2) recommendations to improve implementa-
7	tion of the Plan.
8	SEC. 212. PERFORMANCE METRICS TRACKING.
9	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
10	of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Agri-
11	culture shall submit to Congress an assessment with re-
12	spect to the prior year of the following:
13	(1) The acres effectively treated by the Depart-
14	ment of Agriculture on National Forest System
15	lands to reduce wildfire risk or improve habitat con-
16	dition—
17	(A) within the wildland urban interface;
18	(B) within backcountry areas (including
19	roadless and wilderness);
20	(C) within a priority watershed area;
21	(D) within an identified wildlife corridor;
22	and
23	(E) for which prescribed fire or wildfire
24	achieved an ecosystem management goal.

1	(2) Watershed assessment of the National For-
2	est System, including if watershed conditions have
3	degraded, improved, or been maintained.
4	(3) Carbon emissions and sequestration from
5	National Forest System lands.
6	Subtitle B—Tribal Biochar
7	Promotion
8	SEC. 221. TRIBAL AND ALASKA NATIVE BIOCHAR DEM-
9	ONSTRATION PROJECT.
10	The Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004 (25 U.S.C.
11	3115a et seq.) is amended as follows:
12	(1) In section 2—
13	(A) by striking subsection (a);
14	(B) by redesignating subsections (b)
15	through (g) as subsections (a) through (f), re-
16	spectively,
17	(C) by striking "subsection (b)" each place
18	it appears and inserting "subsection (a)"; and
19	(D) by striking "subsection (c)" each place
20	it appears and inserting "subsection (b)".
21	(2) By adding at the end the following:
22	"SEC. 3. TRIBAL AND ALASKA NATIVE BIOCHAR DEM-
23	ONSTRATION PROJECT.
24	"(a) Stewardship Contracts or Similar Agree-
25	MENTS.—For each of fiscal years 2021 through 2030, the

1	Secretary shall enter into stewardship contracts or similar
2	agreements (excluding direct service contracts) with In-
3	dian Tribes or Tribal organizations to carry out dem-
4	onstration projects to support the development and com-
5	mercialization of biochar on Indian forest land or range-
6	land and in nearby communities by providing reliable sup-
7	plies of feedstock from Federal land.
8	"(b) Demonstration Projects.—In each fiscal
9	year for which demonstration projects are authorized
10	under this section, not less than 4 new demonstration
11	projects that meet the eligibility criteria described in sub-
12	section (c) shall be carried out under contracts or agree-
13	ments described in subsection (a).
14	"(c) Eligibility Criteria.—To be eligible to enter
15	into a contract or agreement under this section, an Indian
16	Tribe shall submit to the Secretary an application that
17	includes—
18	"(1) a description of—
19	"(A) the Indian forest land or rangeland
20	under the jurisdiction of the Indian Tribe; and
21	"(B) the demonstration project proposed
22	to be carried out by the Indian Tribe; and
23	"(2) such other information as the Secretary
24	may require.

1	"(d) Selection.—In evaluating the applications
2	submitted under subsection (c), the Secretary shall—
3	"(1) take into consideration whether a proposed
4	project—
5	"(A) creates new jobs and enhances the
6	economic development of the Indian Tribe;
7	"(B) demonstrates new and innovative
8	uses of biochar, viable markets for cost effective
9	biochar-based products, or ecosystem services of
10	biochar;
11	"(C) improves the forest health or water-
12	sheds of Federal land or Indian forest land or
13	rangeland;
14	"(D) demonstrates new investments in
15	biochar infrastructure or otherwise promotes
16	the development and commercialization of
17	biochar;
18	"(E) is located in an area with—
19	"(i) nearby lands identified as having
20	a high, very high, or extreme risk of wild-
21	fire;
22	"(ii) availability of sufficient quan-
23	tities of feedstock; or

1	"(iii) a high level of demand for
2	biochar or other commercial byproducts of
3	biochar; or
4	"(F) any combination of purposes specified
5	in subparagraphs (A) through (E); and
6	"(2) exclude from consideration any merchant-
7	able logs that have been identified by the Secretary
8	for commercial sale.
9	"(e) Implementation.—The Secretary shall—
10	"(1) ensure that the criteria described in sub-
11	section (c) are publicly available by not later than
12	120 days after the date of the enactment of this sec-
13	tion; and
14	"(2) to the maximum extent practicable, consult
15	with Indian Tribes and appropriate intertribal orga-
16	nizations likely to be affected in developing the ap-
17	plication and otherwise carrying out this section.
18	"(f) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
19	of the enactment of this section and every year thereafter,
20	the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that de-
21	scribes, with respect to the reporting period—
22	"(1) each individual Tribal application received
23	under this section; and
24	"(2) each contract and agreement entered into
25	pursuant to this section.

1	"(g) Incorporation of Management Plans.—To
2	the maximum extent practicable, on receipt of a request
3	from an Indian Tribe, the Secretary shall incorporate into
4	a contract or agreement with that Indian Tribe entered
5	into pursuant to this section, management plans (includ-
6	ing forest management and integrated resource manage-
7	ment plans and Indian Trust Asset Management Plans)
8	in effect on the Indian forest land or rangeland of that
9	Indian Tribe.
10	"(h) Term.—A contract or agreement entered into
11	under this section—
12	"(1) shall be for a term of not more than 10
13	years; and
14	"(2) may be renewed in accordance with this
15	section for not more than an additional 10 years.
16	"SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
17	"In this Act:
18	"(1) BIOCHAR.—The term 'biochar' means car-
19	bonized biomass produced by converting feedstock
20	through reductive thermal processing for non-fuel
21	uses.
22	"(2) Federal Land.—The term 'Federal land'
23	means—
24	"(A) land of the National Forest System
25	(as defined in section 11(a) of the Forest and

1	Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
2	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)) administered by
3	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the
4	Chief of the Forest Service; and
5	"(B) public lands (as defined in section
6	103 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
7	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)), the sur-
8	face of which is administered by the Secretary
9	of the Interior, acting through the Director of
10	the Bureau of Land Management.
11	"(3) FEEDSTOCK.—The term 'feedstock' means
12	excess biomass in the form of plant matter or mate-
13	rials that serves as the raw material for the produc-
14	tion of biochar.
15	"(4) Indian forest land or rangeland—
16	The term 'Indian forest land or rangeland' means
17	land that—
18	"(A) is held in trust by, or with a restric-
19	tion against alienation by, the United States for
20	an Indian Tribe or a member of an Indian
21	Tribe; and
22	"(B)(i)(I) is Indian forest land (as defined
23	in section 304 of the National Indian Forest
24	Resources Management Act (25 U.S.C. 3103));
25	or

1	"(II) has a cover of grasses, brush, or any
2	similar vegetation; or
3	"(ii) formerly had a forest cover or vegeta-
4	tive cover that is capable of restoration.
5	"(5) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe'
6	has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the
7	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
8	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
9	"(6) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary'
10	means—
11	"(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with re-
12	spect to land under the jurisdiction of the For-
13	est Service; and
14	"(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with re-
15	spect to land under the jurisdiction of the Bu-
16	reau of Land Management.
17	"(7) Tribal Organization.—The term 'Tribal
18	organization' has the meaning given that term in
19	section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
20	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).".
21	TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS
22	SEC. 301. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CERTAIN FIRE
23	SUPPRESSION COST SHARE AGREEMENTS.
24	(a) Establishment of Standard Operating
25	PROCEDURES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of

1	the enactment of this section, the covered Secretaries
2	shall—
3	(1) establish standard operating procedures re-
4	lating to fire suppression cost share agreements es-
5	tablished under the Act of May 27, 1955 (42 U.S.C.
6	1856a) (commonly known as the "Reciprocal Fire
7	Protection Act"); and
8	(2) with respect to each fire suppression cost
9	share agreement in operation on such date—
10	(A) review each such agreement; and
11	(B) modify each agreement as necessary to
12	comply with the standard operating procedures
13	required under paragraph (1).
14	(b) Alignment of Fire Suppression Cost Share
15	AGREEMENTS WITH COOPERATIVE FIRE PROTECTION
16	AGREEMENTS.—The standard operating procedures re-
17	quired under subsection (a)(1) shall include a requirement
18	that each fire suppression cost share agreement be aligned
19	with each of the cooperative fire protection agreements ap-
20	plicable to the entity subject to such fire suppression cost
21	share agreement.
22	(c) Second-Level Review.—The standard oper-
23	ating procedures required under subsection (a)(1) shall in-
24	clude—

1	(1) a requirement that the covered Secretaries,
2	to the maximum extent practicable, complete re-
3	views, including second-level reviews of a fire sup-
4	pression cost share agreement, as soon as prac-
5	ticable after a wildfire relating to the area covered
6	by such fire suppression cost share agreement is
7	contained; and
8	(2) a requirement that in completing such re-
9	views, the covered Secretaries consults with State
10	and local fire suppression organizations.
11	(d) Covered Secretaries Defined.—In this sec-
12	tion, the term "covered Secretaries" means—
13	(1) the Secretary of Agriculture;
14	(2) the Secretary of the Interior;
15	(3) the Secretary of Homeland Security; and
16	(4) the Secretary of Defense.
17	SEC. 302. INVESTMENT OF CERTAIN FUNDS INTO INTEREST
18	BEARING OBLIGATIONS.
19	Section 7 of the Act of June 20, 1958 (16 U.S.C.
20	579c), is amended—
21	(1) by striking "of any improvement, protec-
22	tion, or rehabilitation" and inserting "of any assess-
23	ment, improvement, protection, restoration, or reha-
24	bilitation"; and

1	(2) by striking "Provided, That" and all that
2	follows through the period at the end and inserting:
3	"Provided, That any monies covered into the Treas-
4	ury under this section, including all monies that
5	were previously collected by the United States in a
6	forfeiture, judgment, compromise, or settlement,
7	shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury in
8	interest bearing obligations of the United States to
9	the extent the amounts are not, in the judgment of
10	the Secretary of the Treasury, required to meet cur-
11	rent withdrawals: Provided further, That any inter-
12	est earned on the amounts, including any interest
13	earned by investment, is hereby appropriated and
14	made available until expended to cover the costs to
15	the United States specified in this section: Provided
16	further, That, for fiscal year 2021 and thereafter,
17	the Secretary shall include in the budget materials
18	submitted to Congress in support of the President's
19	annual budget request (submitted to Congress pur-
20	suant to section 1105 of title 31, United States
21	Code) for each fiscal year the proposed use of such
22	amounts with respect to the Forest Service: Pro-
23	vided further, That any portion of the monies re-
24	ceived or earned under this section in excess of the
25	amount expended in performing the work neces-

1	sitated by the action which led to their receipt may
2	be used to cover the other work specified in this sec-
3	tion.".
4	DIVISION B—DROUGHT
5	TITLE I—DROUGHT RESPONSE
6	AND CLIMATE RESILIENCE
7	SEC. 101. ADVANCING LARGE-SCALE WATER RECYCLING
8	AND REUSE PROJECTS.
9	(a) Eligible Project.—Section 40905(c)(4) of the
10	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (43 U.S.C.
11	3205(c)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
12	"(4) is—
13	"(A) constructed, operated, and main-
14	tained by an eligible entity; or
15	"(B) owned by an eligible entity; and".
16	(b) Removal of Termination of Authority; Ad-
17	DITIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Sec-
18	tion 40905(k) of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs
19	Act (43 U.S.C. 3205(k)) is amended to read as follows:
20	"(k) Authorization of Appropriations.—In ad-
21	dition to the amounts made available under section
22	40901(4)(B) to carry out this section, there is authorized
23	to be appropriated to the Secretary \$700,000,000 to carry
24	out this section, to remain available until expended.".

1	SEC. 102. SALTON SEA PROJECTS IMPROVEMENTS.
2	Section 1101 of the Reclamation Projects Authoriza-
3	tion and Adjustment Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–575)
4	is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d)
6	as subsections (c) through (e), respectively;
7	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(b) Additional Project Authorities.—
10	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
11	through the Bureau of Reclamation, may provide
12	grants and enter into contracts and cooperative
13	agreements to carry out projects located in the area
14	of the Salton Sea in Southern California to improve
15	air quality, fish and wildlife habitat, recreational op-
16	portunities, and water quality, in partnership with—
17	"(A) State, Tribal, and local governments;
18	"(B) water districts;
19	"(C) joint powers authorities, including the
20	Salton Sea Authority;
21	"(D) nonprofit organizations; and
22	"(E) institutions of higher education.
23	"(2) Included activities.—The projects de-
24	scribed in paragraph (1) may include—

1	"(A) construction, operation, maintenance,
2	permitting, and design activities required for
3	such projects; and
4	"(B) dust suppression projects."; and
5	(3) in subsection (e), as so redesignated, by
6	striking "\$13,000,000" and inserting
7	"\$250,000,000".
8	SEC. 103. NEAR-TERM ACTIONS TO PRESERVE COLORADO
9	RIVER SYSTEM.
10	In addition to the amounts otherwise available and
11	consistent with contractual arrangements and applicable
12	State and Federal law, there is authorized to be appro-
13	priated to the Secretary of the Interior \$500,000,000, for
14	the period of fiscal years 2023 through 2026, to use avail-
15	able legal authorities to reduce the near-term likelihood
16	of Lake Mead and Lake Powell declining to critically low
17	water elevations.
18	SEC. 104. WATERSMART ACCESS FOR TRIBES.
19	Section 9504(a)(3)(E)(i) of the Omnibus Public
20	Land Management Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C.
21	10364(a)(3)(E)(i)) is amended—
22	(1) in subclause (I), by striking "subclause
23	(II)" and inserting "subclauses (II) and (III)"; and
24	(2) after subclause (II), by inserting the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(III) WAIVER; REDUCTION.—
2	With respect to a grant or other
3	agreement entered into under para-
4	graph (1) between the Secretary and
5	an Indian tribe, the Secretary may re-
6	duce or waive the non-Federal share
7	(and increase the Federal share ac-
8	cordingly) of the cost of any infra-
9	structure improvement or activity that
10	is the subject of that grant or other
11	agreement if the Secretary determines
12	that meeting the cost-share require-
13	ment presents a financial hardship for
14	the Indian tribe.".
15	SEC. 105. RECLAMATION WATER SETTLEMENTS FUND.
16	Section 10501 of the Omnibus Public Land Manage-
17	ment Act of 2009 (43 U.S.C. 407) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by inserting "and for
19	fiscal year 2033 and each fiscal year thereafter"
20	after "For each of fiscal years 2020 through 2029";
21	(2) in subsection (c)—
22	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "for
23	each of fiscal years 2020 through 2034" and
24	inserting "for fiscal year 2020 and each fiscal
25	vear thereafter"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (3)(C), by striking "for
2	any authorized use" and all that follows
3	through the period at the end and inserting
4	"for any use authorized under paragraph (2).";
5	and
6	(3) by striking subsection (f).
7	SEC. 106. BUREAU OF RECLAMATION TRIBAL CLEAN
8	WATER ASSISTANCE.
9	(a) Rural Water Supply Program Reauthor-
10	IZATION.—
11	(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
12	Section 109(a) of the Rural Water Supply Act of
13	2006 (43 U.S.C. 2408(a)) is amended by striking
14	"2016" and inserting "2032".
15	(2) Termination of Authority.—Section
16	110 of the Rural Water Supply Act of 2006 (43
17	U.S.C. 2409) is amended by striking "2016" and in-
18	serting "2032".
19	(b) Bureau of Reclamation Rural Water Sup-
20	PLY PROGRAM.—
21	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
22	(A) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian
23	Tribe" has the meaning given the term in sec-
24	tion 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and
25	Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

1	(B) RECLAMATION STATE.—The term
2	"Reclamation State" means a State described
3	in the first section of the Act of June 17, 1902
4	(43 U.S.C. 391; 32 Stat. 388, ch. 1093).
5	(C) Report.—The term "Report" means
6	the most recent annual report required to be
7	submitted by the Secretary of Health and
8	Human Services to the President under section
9	302(g) of the Indian Health Care Improvement
10	Act (25 U.S.C. 1632(g)).
11	(D) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
12	means the Secretary of the Interior, acting
13	through the Commissioner of Reclamation.
14	(E) Tribal Land.—The term "Tribal
15	land" means—
16	(i) land located within the boundaries
17	of—
18	(I) an Indian reservation, pueblo,
19	or rancheria; or
20	(II) a former reservation within
21	Oklahoma;
22	(ii) land not located within the bound-
23	aries of an Indian reservation, pueblo, or
24	rancheria, title to which is held—

1	(I) in trust by the United States
2	for the benefit of an Indian Tribe or
3	an individual Indian;
4	(II) by an Indian Tribe or an in-
5	dividual Indian, subject to restriction
6	against alienation under laws of the
7	United States; or
8	(III) by a dependent Indian com-
9	munity;
10	(iii) land located within a region es-
11	tablished pursuant to section 7(a) of the
12	Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
13	U.S.C. 1606(a));
14	(iv) Hawaiian Home Lands (as de-
15	fined in section 801 of the Native Amer-
16	ican Housing Assistance and Self-Deter-
17	mination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4221));
18	or
19	(v) an area or community designated
20	by the Assistant Secretary of Indian Af-
21	fairs of the Department of the Interior
22	that is near, adjacent, or contiguous to an
23	Indian reservation where financial assist-
24	ance and social service programs are pro-

1	vided to Indians because of their status as
2	Indians.
3	(2) Competitive grant program for tribal
4	CLEAN WATER ACCESS PROJECTS.—
5	(A) Establishment.—In accordance with
6	section 103 of the Rural Water Supply Act of
7	2006 (43 U.S.C. 2402), the Secretary shall es-
8	tablish a competitive grant program under
9	which an Indian Tribe shall be eligible to apply
10	for a grant from the Secretary in an amount
11	not to exceed 100 percent of the cost of plan-
12	ning, design, and construction of a project de-
13	termined by the Secretary to be eligible for
14	funding under subparagraph (B).
15	(B) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a
16	grant under subparagraph (A), a project
17	shall—
18	(i) be carried out in a Reclamation
19	State; and
20	(ii) as determined by the Secretary—
21	(I) provide, increase, or enhance
22	access to safe drinking water for com-
23	munities and households on Tribal
24	land; or

1	(II) address public health and
2	safety concerns associated with access
3	to safe drinking water.
4	(C) Priority.—
5	(i) In general.—In awarding grants
6	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary, in
7	consultation with the Director of the In-
8	dian Health Service, shall give priority to
9	projects that meet one or more of the fol-
10	lowing criteria:
11	(I) Provides potable water sup-
12	plies to communities or households on
13	Tribal land that do not have access to
14	running water as of the date of the
15	project application.
16	(II) Addresses an urgent and
17	compelling public health or safety con-
18	cern relating to access to safe drink-
19	ing water for residents on Tribal land.
20	(III) Addresses needs identified
21	in the Report.
22	(IV) Closer to being completed,
23	or farther along in planning, design,
24	or construction, as compared to other
25	projects being considered for funding.

1	(V) Takes advantage of the expe-
2	rience and technical expertise of the
3	Bureau of Reclamation in the plan-
4	ning, design, and construction of rural
5	water projects, particularly with re-
6	spect to a project that takes advan-
7	tage of economies of scale.
8	(VI) Takes advantage of local or
9	regional partnerships that complement
10	related efforts by Tribal, State, or
11	Federal agencies to enhance access to
12	drinking water or water sanitation
13	services on Tribal land.
14	(VII) Leverages the resources or
15	capabilities of other Tribal, State, or
16	Federal agencies to accelerate plan-
17	ning, design, and construction.
18	(VIII) Provides multiple benefits,
19	including—
20	(aa) improved water supply
21	reliability;
22	(bb) public health improve-
23	ments;
24	(cc) ecosystem benefits;

1	(dd) groundwater manage-
2	ment and enhancements; and
3	(ee) water quality improve-
4	ments.
5	(ii) Consultation.—In prioritizing
6	projects for funding under clause (i), the
7	Secretary—
8	(I) shall consult with the Direc-
9	tor of the Indian Health Service; and
10	(II) may coordinate funding of
11	projects under this paragraph with
12	the Director of the Indian Health
13	Service, the Administrator of the En-
14	vironmental Protection Agency, the
15	Secretary of Agriculture, and the head
16	of any other Federal agency in any
17	manner that the Secretary determines
18	would—
19	(aa) accelerate project plan-
20	ning, design, or construction; or
21	(bb) otherwise take advan-
22	tage of the capabilities of, and
23	resources potentially available
24	from, other Federal sources.
25	(3) Funding.—

1	(A) In General.—In addition to amounts
2	otherwise available, there is authorized to be
3	appropriated to the Secretary \$1,000,000,000
4	to carry out this subsection, to remain available
5	until expended.
6	(B) Administrative expenses; use of
7	FUNDS.—Of the amounts made available under
8	subparagraph (A), the Secretary may use up to
9	2 percent for—
10	(i) the administration of the rural
11	water supply program established under
12	section 103 of the Rural Water Supply Act
13	of 2006 (43 U.S.C. 2402); and
14	(ii) related management and staffing
15	expenses.
16	(c) Funding for Native American Affairs
17	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE BUREAU OF
18	Reclamation.—In addition to amounts otherwise avail-
19	able, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
20	retary \$90,000,000 for use, in accordance with section
21	201 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations
22	Act, 2003 (43 U.S.C. 373d), for the Native American Af-
23	fairs Technical Assistance Program of the Bureau of Rec-
24	lamation, to remain available until expended.

1	SEC. 107. WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE RURAL WATER
2	SYSTEM.
3	(a) Conveyance of Title to Tribe.—Section
4	307(d)(2)(E) of the White Mountain Apache Tribe Water
5	Rights Quantification Act of 2010 (title III of Public Law
6	111–291; 124 Stat. 3082; 132 Stat. 1626) is amended,
7	in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "water sys-
8	tem—" and all that follows through the period at the end
9	of clause (ii)(II), and inserting "water system is substan-
10	tially complete, as determined by the Secretary in accord-
11	ance with subsection (k).".
12	(b) Requirements for Determination of Sub-
13	STANTIAL COMPLETION OF THE WMAT RURAL WATER
14	System.—Section 307 of the White Mountain Apache
15	Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2010 (title III
16	of Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3080; 132 Stat. 1626)
17	is amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(k) Requirements for Determination of Sub-
19	STANTIAL COMPLETION OF THE WMAT RURAL WATER
20	System.—The WMAT rural water system shall be deter-
21	mined to be substantially complete if—
22	(1) the infrastructure constructed is capable of
23	storing, diverting, treating, transmitting, and dis-
24	tributing a supply of water as set forth in the final
25	project design described in subsection (c); or
26	"(2) the Secretary—

1	"(A) expended all of the available funding
2	provided to construct the WMAT rural water
3	system; and
4	"(B) despite diligent efforts, cannot com-
5	plete construction as described in the final
6	project design described in subsection (c) due
7	solely to the lack of additional authorized fund-
8	ing.".
9	(c) Enforceability Date.—
10	(1) In General.—Section 309(d) of the White
11	Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification
12	Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3088;
13	133 Stat. 2669) is amended—
14	(A) in paragraph (1)—
15	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
16	(D) through (G) as subparagraphs (E)
17	through (H), respectively; and
18	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
19	(C) the following:
20	"(D) such amount, up to the amount made
21	available under section 312(e)(2), as the Sec-
22	retary determines to be necessary to construct
23	the WMAT rural water system that is capable
24	of storing, diverting, treating, transmitting, and
25	distributing a supply of water as set forth in

1	the final project design described in section
2	307(c) has been deposited in the WMAT Cost
3	Overrun Subaccount;"; and
4	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "2023"
5	each place it appears and inserting "2025".
6	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section
7	3(b)(2) of the White Mountain Apache Tribe Rural
8	Water System Loan Authorization Act (Public Law
9	110–390; 122 Stat. 4191; 124 Stat. 3092; 133 Stat.
10	2669) is amended by striking "beginning on" and all
11	that follows through the period at the end and in-
12	serting "beginning on May 1, 2025.".
13	(d) Requirement.—Section 310(b) of the White
14	Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act
15	of 2010 (title III of Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3090)
16	is amended by adding at the end the following:
17	"(3) Expenditures.—If, before the enforce-
18	ability date under section 309(d), Federal funds are
19	expended to carry out activities identified in sub-
20	paragraphs (A) or (C) of paragraph (2) in excess of
21	the amounts provided pursuant to the White Moun-
22	tain Apache Tribe Rural Water System Loan Au-
23	thorization Act (Public Law 110–390; 122 Stat.
24	4191), such expenditures shall be accounted for as

1	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Settle-
2	ment Subaccount funds.".
3	(e) Cost Indexing.—Section 312(c) of the White
4	Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act
5	of 2010 (title III of Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3095)
6	is amended to read as follows:
7	"(c) Cost Indexing.—
8	"(1) WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE WATER
9	RIGHTS SETTLEMENT SUBACCOUNT.—All amounts
10	made available under subsection (a) shall be ad-
11	justed as necessary to reflect the changes made since
12	October 1, 2007, with respect to the construction
13	cost indices applicable to the types of construction
14	involved in the construction of the WMAT rural
15	water system and the maintenance of the WMAT
16	rural water system.
17	"(2) WMAT SETTLEMENT FUND.—All amounts
18	made available under subsection (b)(2) shall be ad-
19	justed annually to reflect the changes made since
20	October 1, 2007, with respect to the construction
21	cost indices applicable to the types of construction
22	involved in the construction of the WMAT rural
23	water system and the maintenance of the WMAT
24	rural water system.

1	"(3) WMAT MAINTENANCE FUND.—All
2	amounts made available under subsection (b)(3)
3	shall be adjusted on deposit to reflect the changes
4	made since October 1, 2007, with respect to the
5	Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers
6	West Urban 50,000 to 1,500,000 published by the
7	Bureau of Labor Statistics.
8	"(4) WMAT COST OVERRUN SUBACCOUNT.—Of
9	the amounts made available under subsection
10	(e)(2)—
11	"(A) \$35,000,000 shall be adjusted as nec-
12	essary to reflect the changes made since Octo-
13	ber 1, 2007, with respect to the construction
14	cost indices applicable to the types of construc-
15	tion involved in the construction of the WMAT
16	rural water system and the maintenance of the
17	WMAT rural water system; and
18	"(B) additional funds, in excess of the
19	amount referred to in subparagraph (A), shall
20	be adjusted as necessary to reflect the changes
21	made since April 1, 2021, with respect to the
22	construction cost indices applicable to the types
23	of construction involved in the construction of
24	the WMAT rural water system and the mainte-
25	nance of the WMAT rural water system.

1	"(5) Construction costs adjustment.—
2	The amounts made available under subsections (a),
3	(b)(2), and $(e)(2)$, shall be adjusted to address con-
4	struction cost changes necessary to account for un-
5	foreseen market volatility that may not otherwise be
6	captured by engineering cost indices as determined
7	by the Secretary, including repricing applicable to
8	the types of construction and current industry
9	standards involved.".
10	(f) Funding.—Section 312(e)(2)(B) of the White
11	Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act
12	of 2010 (title III of Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3095)
13	is amended by striking "\$11,000,000" and inserting
14	"\$541,000,000".
15	(g) RETURN TO TREASURY.—
16	(1) In General.—Section 312(e)(4)(B) of the
17	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quan-
18	tification Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–291; 124
19	Stat. 3096) is amended, in the matter preceding
20	clause (i), by striking "shall be" and all that follows
21	through "subsection (b)(2)(C)" and inserting "shall
22	be returned to the general fund of the Treasury".
23	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
24	312(b)(2) of the White Mountain Apache Tribe
25	Water Rights Quantification Act of 2010 (Public

1	Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3093; 132 Stat. 1626) is
2	amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
3	the following:
4	"(B) Transfers to fund.—There is au-
5	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for
6	deposit in the WMAT Settlement Fund
7	\$78,500,000.''.
8	SEC. 108. DESALINATION RESEARCH AUTHORIZATION.
9	The Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C.
10	10301 note; Public Law 104–298) is amended—
11	(1) in section 3(e)—
12	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking "and";
13	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking the pe-
14	riod at the end and inserting "; and; and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(7) to minimize the impacts of seawater desali-
17	nation on aquatic life and coastal ecosystems, includ-
18	ing technologies to monitor and reduce those im-
19	pacts."; and
20	(2) in section 8(a)—
21	(A) by striking "\$5,000,000 per year for
22	fiscal years 1997 through 2021" and inserting
23	"\$20,000,000 per year for fiscal years 2023
24	through 2027"; and

1	(B) by striking "\$1,000,000" and insert-
2	ing "\$15,000,000".
3	SEC. 109. WATER RESOURCES RESEARCH ACT AMEND-
4	MENTS.
5	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
6	104(f)(1) of the Water Resources Research Act of 1984
7	(42 U.S.C. 10303(f)(1)) is amended by striking "2025"
8	and inserting "2030".
9	(b) Additional Appropriations Where Re-
10	SEARCH FOCUSED ON WATER PROBLEMS OF INTERSTATE
11	Nature.—Section 104(g)(1) of the Water Resources Re-
12	search Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10303(g)(1)) is amended
13	by striking "\$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022
14	through 2025" and inserting "\$6,000,000 for each of fis-
15	cal years 2023 through 2032".
16	(c) Grants.—Section 104(c) of the Water Resources
17	Research Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10303(c)) is amended
18	by—
19	(1) redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph
20	(4); and
21	(2) inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
22	"(2) Allocation.—From the sums appro-
23	priated, the Secretary shall allocate a minimum of—
24	"(A) 80 percent of the sums to base grants
25	consistent with subsection (f)(1): and

1	"(B) 20 percent of the sums to research
2	focused on water problems of interstate nature
3	consistent with subsection $(g)(1)$.
4	"(3) Additional special projects.—Any
5	sums Congress delineates for specific topics and
6	water priorities shall fall under subsection $(g)(1)$. All
7	sums under subsection (g)(1), including congression-
8	ally delineated sums for specific topics and water
9	priorities, shall not exceed 20 percent of the sums
10	appropriated for the Water Resources Research Act
11	program.".
12	SEC. 110. SALINE LAKE ECOSYSTEMS IN THE GREAT BASIN
13	STATES ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING PRO-
13 14	STATES ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING PRO- GRAM.
14	GRAM.
14 15	GRAM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16	GRAM. (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Program.—The term "Program" means
14 15 16 17	GRAM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) PROGRAM.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin
14 15 16 17	GRAM. (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Program.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program estab-
114 115 116 117 118	GRAM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) PROGRAM.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program established under subsection (b).
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	GRAM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) PROGRAM.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program established under subsection (b). (2) COORDINATING ENTITIES.—The term "co-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRAM. (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Program.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program established under subsection (b). (2) Coordinating entities" includes—The term "coordinating entities" includes—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRAM. (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Program.—The term "Program" means the Saline Lake Ecosystems in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring Program established under subsection (b). (2) Coordinating Entities.—The term "coordinating entities" includes— (A) Federal, State, Tribal, and local agen-

1	(D) local stakeholders.
2	(3) SALINE LAKE ECOSYSTEMS.—The term "sa-
3	line lake ecosystems" means the ecosystems associ-
4	ated with the following lakes:
5	(A) Lake Abert in Oregon.
6	(B) Eagle Lake in California.
7	(C) Franklin Lake in Nevada.
8	(D) Goose Lake in California and Oregon.
9	(E) Great Salt Lake in Utah.
10	(F) Harney Lake in Oregon.
11	(G) Honey Lake in California.
12	(H) Lahontan Valley wetlands, including
13	Carson Lake, Carson Sink, and Stillwater
14	Marsh in Nevada.
15	(I) Malheur Lake in Oregon.
16	(J) Mono Lake in California.
17	(K) Owens Lake in California.
18	(L) Pyramid Lake in Nevada.
19	(M) Ruby Lake in Nevada.
20	(N) Sevier Lake in Utah.
21	(O) Silver Lake in Oregon.
22	(P) Summer Lake in Oregon.
23	(Q) Walker Lake in Nevada.
24	(R) Warner Lake in Oregon.
25	(S) Winnemucca Lake in Nevada.

1	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
3	rector of the United States Geological Survey.
4	(5) Work and implementation plan.—The
5	term "work and implementation plan" means the
6	multiyear work and implementation plan established
7	under subsection $(c)(1)$.
8	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
9	a program to be known as the "Saline Lake Ecosystems
10	in the Great Basin States Assessment and Monitoring
11	Program" to—
12	(1) assess and monitor the hydrology of saline
13	lake ecosystems and the migratory birds and other
14	wildlife that depend on saline lake ecosystems; and
15	(2) inform and support coordinated manage-
16	ment and conservation actions to benefit saline lake
17	ecosystems, migratory birds, and other wildlife.
18	(c) Work and Implementation Plan.—
19	(1) In general.—In carrying out the Pro-
20	gram, the Secretary, in coordination with the Direc-
21	tor of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
22	and coordinating entities, shall establish a multiyear
23	work and implementation plan to assess, monitor,
24	and conserve saline lake ecosystems and migratory

1	birds and other wildlife that depend on saline lake
2	ecosystems.
3	(2) Inclusions.—The work and implementa-
4	tion plan shall include—
5	(A) a synthesis of available information,
6	literature, and data, and an assessment of sci-
7	entific and informational needs, relating to sa-
8	line lake ecosystems with respect to—
9	(i) water quantity, water quality,
10	water use, and water demand;
11	(ii) migratory bird and other wildlife
12	populations, habitats, and ecology;
13	(iii) annual lifecycle needs of migra-
14	tory birds; and
15	(iv) environmental changes and other
16	stressors, including climatic stressors;
17	(B) a description of how the work and im-
18	plementation plan will address the scientific and
19	informational needs described in subparagraph
20	(A), including monitoring activities, data infra-
21	structure needs, and development of tools nec-
22	essary to implement the Program;
23	(C) recommendations and a cost assess-
24	ment for the work and implementation plan;
25	and

1	(D) other matters, as determined necessary
2	by the Secretary.
3	(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
5	shall submit to Congress a report describing the
6	work and implementation plan.
7	(d) Implementation.—The Secretary shall imple-
8	ment the Program based on the information, findings, and
9	recommendations contained in the work and implementa-
10	tion plan.
11	(e) Cooperative Agreements and Grants.—The
12	Secretary may use funds made available pursuant to sub-
13	section (g) to enter into cooperative funding agreements
14	with, or provide grants to, coordinating entities for the
15	purposes of—
16	(1) participating in developing, or providing in-
17	formation to inform the development of, the work
18	and implementation plan;
19	(2) carrying out assessments and monitoring of
20	water quality, quantity, use, and demand under the
21	Program; and
22	(3) carrying out ecological, biological, and avian
23	assessments and monitoring under the Program.
24	(f) Effect.—The work and implementation plan
25	shall not affect—

1	(1) any interstate water compacts in existence
2	on the date of the enactment of this Act, including
3	full development of any apportionment made in ac-
4	cordance with those compacts;
5	(2) valid and existing water rights in any State
6	located wholly or partially within the Great Basin;
7	(3) water rights held by the United States in
8	the Great Basin; or
9	(4) the management and operation of Bear
10	Lake or Stewart Dam, including the storage, man-
11	agement, and release of water.
12	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
13	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$5,000,000
14	for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2027 to carry out
15	the Program.
16	(h) Priority.—In carrying out the Program, the
17	Secretary shall give priority to the following saline lake
18	ecosystems:
19	(1) Lake Abert in Oregon.
20	(2) Great Salt Lake in Utah.
21	(3) Lahontan Valley Wetlands, including Car-
22	son Sink, Carson Lake, and Stillwater Marsh in Ne-
23	vada.
24	(4) Ruby Lake in Nevada.
25	(5) Walker Lake in Nevada.

1	(6) Mono Lake in California.
2	(7) Owens Lake in California.
3	(8) Summer Lake in Oregon.
4	SEC. 111. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS RELATED TO
5	FISH RECOVERY PROGRAMS.
6	Section 3 of Public Law 106–392 (114 Stat. 1603)
7	is amended—
8	(1) by striking "2023" each place it appears
9	and inserting "2024";
10	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by striking
11	"\$179,000,000" and inserting "\$184,000,000";
12	(3) in subsection $(b)(2)$, by striking
13	"\$30,000,000" and inserting "\$25,000,000";
14	(4) in subsection (h), by striking ", at least 1
15	year prior to such expiration,"; and
16	(5) in subsection (j), by striking "2021" each
17	place it appears and inserting "2022".
18	SEC. 112. RECLAMATION CLIMATE CHANGE AND WATER
19	PROGRAM.
20	Section 9503(f) of the Omnibus Public Land Man-
21	agement Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10363(f)) is amended
22	by striking "2023" and inserting "2033".

1 SEC. 113. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE

- 2 LAS VEGAS WASH PROGRAM.
- 3 Section 529(b)(3) of the Water Resources Develop-
- 4 ment Act of 2000 (114 Stat. 2658; 119 Stat. 2255; 125
- 5 Stat. 865) is amended by striking "\$30,000,000" and in-
- 6 serting "\$55,000,000".
- 7 SEC. 114. TERMINAL LAKES ASSISTANCE.
- 8 Section 2507(f) of the Farm Security and Rural In-
- 9 vestment Act of 2002 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb-6(f)) is amend-
- 10 ed by striking "2023" and inserting "2025".
- 11 SEC. 115. EXPEDITED MEASURES FOR DROUGHT RE-
- 12 SPONSE.
- 13 (a) Expedited Program Implementation.—Sec-
- 14 tion 40905(h) of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs
- 15 Act (43 U.S.C. 3205(h); 135 Stat. 1124) is amended by
- 16 striking "Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
- 17 ment of this Act" and inserting "Not later than August
- 18 31, 2022".
- 19 (b) Establishment of Program.—Section
- 20 40907(b) of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
- 21 (43 U.S.C. 3207(b); 135 Stat. 1125) is amended by strik-
- 22 ing "Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 23 of this Act" and inserting "Not later than August 31,
- 24 2022".

1	SEC. 116. WATER EFFICIENCY, CONSERVATION, AND SUS-
2	TAINABILITY.
3	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
5	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
6	mental Protection Agency.
7	(2) Eligible enti-
8	ty" means any of the following:
9	(A) A State, local, or Tribal government,
10	or any special-purpose unit of such a govern-
11	ment (including a municipal water authority).
12	(B) A public water system.
13	(C) A nonprofit organization.
14	(3) Energy star program.—The term "En-
15	ergy Star program" means the Energy Star program
16	established by section 324A of the Energy Policy
17	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294a).
18	(4) Low-income Household.—The term
19	"low-income household" means a household that
20	meets the income qualifications established under—
21	(A) section 2605(b)(2) of the Low-Income
22	Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42
23	U.S.C. $8624(b)(2)$; or
24	(B) the Low-Income Household Drinking
25	Water and Wastewater Emergency Assistance
26	Program authorized by section 533 of division

1	H of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021
2	(Public Law 116–260; 134 Stat. 1627).
3	(5) Public water system.—The term "public
4	water system" has the meaning given the term in
5	section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
6	U.S.C. 300f).
7	(6) Water efficiency incentive pro-
8	GRAM.—The term "water efficiency incentive pro-
9	gram" means a program for providing incentives, in-
10	cluding direct installation services, to residential,
11	commercial, or industrial customers of a public
12	water system for the purchase, lease, installation,
13	use, or implementation, as applicable, of water-effi-
14	cient upgrades.
15	(7) Water-efficient upgrade.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "water-effi-
17	cient upgrade" means a product, landscape,
18	label, process, or service for a residential, com-
19	mercial, or industrial building, or the landscape
20	of such a building, that is—
21	(i) rated for water efficiency and per-
22	formance under the WaterSense program
23	or the Energy Star program; or
24	(ii) otherwise determined by the Ad-
25	ministrator to improve water-use efficiency.

105

1	(B) Inclusions.—The term "water-effi-
2	cient upgrade" includes—
3	(i) a faucet;
4	(ii) a showerhead;
5	(iii) a dishwasher;
6	(iv) a toilet;
7	(v) a clothes washer;
8	(vi) an irrigation product or service;
9	(vii) advanced metering infrastruc-
10	ture;
11	(viii) a flow monitoring device;
12	(ix) a landscaping or gardening prod-
13	uct, including moisture control or water-
14	enhancing technology;
15	(x) xeriscaping, turf removal, or an-
16	other landscape conversion that reduces
17	water use (except for the installation of ar-
18	tificial turf); and
19	(xi) any other product, landscape,
20	process, or service—
21	(I) certified pursuant to the
22	WaterSense program; or
23	(II) otherwise determined by the
24	Administrator to reduce water use or
25	water loss, including products rated

106

1	for water efficiency and performance
2	under the Energy Star program.
3	(8) Water loss control program.—The
4	term "water loss control program" means a program
5	to identify and quantify water uses and losses, im-
6	plement controls to reduce or eliminate losses and
7	leaks, and evaluate the effectiveness of such controls.
8	(9) Watersense program.—The term
9	"WaterSense program" means the program estab-
10	lished by section 324B of the Energy Policy and
11	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294b).
12	(b) Water Efficiency and Conservation Grant
13	Program.—
	Program.— (1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
13	
13 14	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
13 14 15	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities
13 14 15 16	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive pro-
13 14 15 16 17	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive programs to carry out those water efficiency incentive
13 14 15 16 17	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive programs to carry out those water efficiency incentive programs (referred to in this subsection as the
13 14 15 16 17 18	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive programs to carry out those water efficiency incentive programs (referred to in this subsection as the "grant program").
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive programs to carry out those water efficiency incentive programs (referred to in this subsection as the "grant program"). (2) Distribution.—In carrying out the grant
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall establish a program to award grants to eligible entities that have established water efficiency incentive programs to carry out those water efficiency incentive programs (referred to in this subsection as the "grant program"). (2) Distribution.—In carrying out the grant program, the Administrator shall award not less

1	(A) has been designated as D2 (severe
2	drought) or greater according to the United
3	States Drought Monitor for a minimum of 4
4	weeks during any of the 3 years preceding the
5	date of the grant award; or
6	(B) is within a county for which a drought
7	
	emergency has been declared by the applicable
8	Governor at any time during the 3-year period
9	preceding the date of the grant award.
10	(3) Grant amount.—
11	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
12	graph (B), a grant awarded under the grant
13	program shall be in an amount that is not less
14	than \$250,000.
15	(B) SMALL PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS.—The
16	Administrator may award a grant in an amount
17	that is less than \$250,000 if the grant is
18	awarded to, or for the benefit of, a public water
19	system that serves fewer than 10,000 cus-
20	tomers.
21	(4) Use of funds.—An eligible entity receiv-
22	ing a grant under the grant program shall—
23	(A) use grant funds to carry out a water
24	efficiency incentive program for customers of a
25	public water system; or

108

1	(B) provide grant funds to another eligible
2	entity to carry out a water efficiency incentive
3	program described in subparagraph (A).
4	(5) MINIMUM REQUIREMENT.—An eligible enti-
5	ty receiving a grant under the grant program shall
6	use not less than 40 percent of the amount of the
7	grant to provide water-efficient upgrades to low-in-
8	come households.
9	(6) Cost share.—
10	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
11	graph (B), the Federal share of the cost of car-
12	rying out a water efficiency incentive program
13	using a grant awarded under the grant program
14	shall not exceed 80 percent.
15	(B) Waiver.—The Administrator may in-
16	crease the Federal share under subparagraph
17	(A) to 100 percent if the Administrator deter-
18	mines that an eligible entity is unable to pay,
19	or would experience significant financial hard-
20	ship if required to pay, the non-Federal share.
21	(7) Supplement, not supplant.—Amounts
22	provided under a grant under the grant program
23	shall be used to supplement, and not supplant, other
24	Federal, State, local, or Tribal funds made available
25	to carry out water efficiency incentive programs.

1	(8) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	(A) In general.—There is authorized to
3	be appropriated to carry out this subsection
4	\$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023
5	through 2028.
6	(B) Administrative costs.—Of the
7	amounts made available under subparagraph
8	(A) each fiscal year, the Administrator may use
9	not more than 4 percent to pay the administra-
10	tive costs of the Administrator.
11	(c) Sustainable Water Loss Control Pro-
12	GRAM.—
13	(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND GRANT PRO-
14	GRAM.—The Administrator shall establish and carry
15	out a program (referred to in this subsection as the
16	"program")—
17	(A) to make grants and provide technical
18	assistance to eligible entities to perform annual
19	audits of public water systems that are—
20	(i) conducted in accordance with the
21	procedures contained in the manual pub-
22	lished by the American Water Works Asso-
23	ciation entitled "M36 Water Audits and
24	Loss Control Programs, Fourth Edition"

1	(or any successor manual determined ap-
2	propriate by the Administrator); and
3	(ii) validated under such criteria as
4	may be specified by the Administrator; and
5	(B) to make grants and provide technical
6	assistance to eligible entities—
7	(i) to implement controls to address
8	real water losses, apparent water losses, or
9	a combination of real and apparent water
10	losses that are identified in an audit con-
11	ducted and validated in accordance with
12	the procedures and criteria described in
13	subparagraph (A); and
14	(ii) to help public water systems that
15	have conducted and validated such an
16	audit establish water loss control pro-
17	grams.
18	(2) Criteria.—In selecting eligible entities to
19	receive grants and technical assistance under the
20	program, the Administrator shall consider—
21	(A) whether the public water system that
22	would be served by the grants or technical as-
23	sistance serves a disadvantaged community (as
24	defined in section 1452(d)(3) of the Safe

1	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-
2	12(d)(3)); and
3	(B) the ability of the public water system
4	that would be served by the grants or technical
5	assistance, on completion of an audit conducted
6	and validated in accordance with the procedures
7	and criteria described in paragraph (1)(A)—
8	(i) to successfully sustain a water loss
9	control program; and
10	(ii) to demonstrate that the water loss
11	control program will reduce real water
12	losses, apparent water losses, or a com-
13	bination of real and apparent water losses
14	from the public water system.
15	(3) Annual water savings.—The Adminis-
16	trator shall—
17	(A) annually compile, by Environmental
18	Protection Agency region, information on the
19	amount of water savings achieved pursuant to
20	this subsection; and
21	(B) publish on the website of the Adminis-
22	trator the information compiled under subpara-
23	graph (A).
24	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—

1	(A) In General.—There is authorized to
2	be appropriated to carry out this subsection
3	\$40,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023
4	through 2028, of which—
5	(i) \$20,000,000 each fiscal year shall
6	be used to carry out paragraph (1)(A); and
7	(ii) \$20,000,000 each fiscal year shall
8	be used to carry out paragraph (1)(B).
9	(B) Administrative costs.—Of the
10	amounts made available under subparagraph
11	(A) for grants under the program each fiscal
12	year, the Administrator may use not more than
13	4 percent to pay the administrative costs of
14	making such grants.
15	TITLE II—FUTURE WESTERN
16	WATER AND DROUGHT RESIL-
17	IENCY
18	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
19	This title may be cited as the "Furthering Underuti-
20	lized Technologies and Unleashing Responsible Expendi-
21	tures for Western Water and Drought Resiliency Act" or
22	the "FUTURE Western Water and Drought Resiliency
23	Act".
24	SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this title:

1	(1) Relevant committees of congress.—
2	The term "relevant committees of Congress"
3	means—
4	(A) the Committee on Natural Resources
5	of the House of Representatives; and
6	(B) the Committee on Energy and Natural
7	Resources of the Senate.
8	(2) RECLAMATION STATE.—The term "Rec-
9	lamation State" means a State or territory described
10	in the first section of the Act of June 17, 1902 (32
11	Stat. 388, chapter 1093; 43 U.S.C. 391).
12	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
13	the Secretary of the Interior, unless otherwise de-
14	fined in a particular provision.
15	(4) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
16	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
17	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
18	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
19	Subtitle A—Assistance for Projects
20	With Fastest Construction
21	Timelines
22	SEC. 211. WATER RECYCLING AND REUSE PROJECTS.
23	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
24	"Water Recycling Investment and Improvement Act".

1	(b) Funding Priority.—Section 1602(f) of the
2	Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Fa-
3	cilities Act (title XVI of Public Law 102–575; 43 U.S.C.
4	390h et seq.) is amended by striking paragraphs (2) and
5	(3) and inserting the following:
6	"(2) Priority.—When funding projects under
7	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give funding pri-
8	ority to projects that meet one or more of the fol-
9	lowing criteria:
10	"(A) Projects that are likely to provide a
11	more reliable water supply for States and local
12	governments.
13	"(B) Projects that are likely to increase
14	the water management flexibility and reduce
15	impacts on environmental resources from
16	projects operated by Federal and State agen-
17	cies.
18	"(C) Projects that are regional in nature.
19	"(D) Projects with multiple stakeholders.
20	"(E) Projects that provide multiple bene-
21	fits, including water supply reliability, eco-sys-
22	tem benefits, groundwater management and en-
23	hancements, and water quality improvements.".
24	(c) Limitation on Funding.—Section 1631(d) of
25	the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and

1	Facilities Act (43 U.S.C. 390h–13(d)) is amended by	
2	striking "\$20,000,000 (October 1996 prices)" and insert	
3	ing "\$50,000,000 (July 2022 prices)".	
4	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addi-	
5	tion to amounts otherwise available, there is authorized	
6	to be appropriated \$600,000,000 to remain available until	
7	expended for water recycling and reuse projects authorized	
8	in accordance with the Reclamation Wastewater and	
9	Groundwater Study and Facilities Act (43 U.S.C. 390h	
10	et seq.) that are—	
11	(1) authorized or approved for construction	
12	funding by an Act of Congress; or	
13	(2) selected for funding under the competitive	
14	grant program authorized under section 1602(f) of	
15	the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater	
16	Study and Facilities Act (43 U.S.C. 390h(f)), with	
17	funding under this section to be provided in accord-	
18	ance with that section, notwithstanding section 4013	
19	of the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the	
20	Nation Act (43 U.S.C. 390b note; Public Law 114-	
21	322), except that section 1602(g)(2) of the Reclama-	
22	tion Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facili-	
23	ties Act (43 U.S.C. 390h(g)(2)) shall not apply to	
24	amounts made available under this section.	

1	SEC. 212. DESALINATION PROJECT DEVELOPMENT.
2	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
3	"Desalination Development Act".
4	(b) Desalination Projects Authorization.—
5	Section 4(a) of the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42
6	U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298) is amended by
7	striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
8	"(2) Projects.—
9	"(A) Definition of eligible desalina-
10	TION PROJECT.—In this paragraph, the term
11	'eligible desalination project' means any project
12	located in a Reclamation State that—
13	"(i) involves an ocean or brackish
14	water desalination facility—
15	"(I) constructed, operated, and
16	maintained by a State, Indian Tribe,
17	irrigation district, water district, or
18	other organization with water or
19	power delivery authority; or
20	"(II) sponsored or funded by any
21	State, department of a State, subdivi-
22	sion of a State, or public agency orga-
23	nized pursuant to State law, includ-
24	ing—
25	"(aa) direct sponsorship or
26	funding; or

1	"(bb) indirect sponsorship or
2	funding, such as by paying for
3	the water provided by the facility;
4	"(ii) provides a Federal benefit in ac-
5	cordance with the reclamation laws; and
6	"(iii) is consistent with all applicable
7	State and Federal resource protection
8	laws, including the protection of marine
9	protected areas.
10	"(B) Definition of designated desali-
11	NATION PROJECT.—The term 'designated de-
12	salination project' means an eligible desalina-
13	tion project that—
14	"(i) is an ocean desalination project
15	that uses a subsurface intake;
16	"(ii) has a total estimated cost of
17	\$80,000,000 or less; and
18	"(iii) is designed to serve a commu-
19	nity or group of communities that collec-
20	tively import more than 75 percent of their
21	water supplies.
22	"(C) Cost-sharing requirement.—
23	"(i) In general.—Subject to the re-
24	quirements of this paragraph, the Federal
25	share of an eligible desalination project

1	carried out under this subsection shall
2	be—
3	"(I) not more than 25 percent of
4	the total cost of the eligible desalina-
5	tion project; or
6	"(II) in the case of a designated
7	desalination project, the applicable
8	percentage determined in accordance
9	with clause (ii).
10	"(ii) Cost-sharing requirement
11	FOR CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—In the case
12	of a designated desalination project carried
13	out under this subsection, the Federal
14	share of the cost of construction of the
15	designated desalination project shall not
16	exceed the greater of—
17	"(I) 35 percent of the total cost
18	of construction, up to a Federal cost
19	of \$20,000,000; or
20	"(II) 25 percent of the total cost
21	of construction.
22	"(D) STATE ROLE.—The Secretary shall
23	not participate in an eligible desalination
24	project under this paragraph unless—

1	"(i)(I) the eligible desalination project
2	is included in a State-approved plan; or
3	"(II) the participation has been re-
4	quested by the Governor of the State in
5	which the eligible desalination project is lo-
6	cated; and
7	"(ii) the State or local sponsor of the
8	eligible desalination project determines,
9	and the Secretary concurs, that—
10	"(I) the eligible desalination
11	project—
12	"(aa) is technically and fi-
13	nancially feasible;
14	"(bb) provides a Federal
15	benefit in accordance with the
16	reclamation laws; and
17	"(cc) is consistent with ap-
18	plicable State laws, State regula-
19	tions, State coastal zone manage-
20	ment plans, and other State
21	plans such as California's Water
22	Quality Control Plan for the
23	Ocean Waters in California;

1	"(II) sufficient non-Federal fund-
2	ing is available to complete the eligible
3	desalination project; and
4	"(III) the eligible desalination
5	project sponsors are financially sol-
6	vent; and
7	"(iii) the Secretary submits to Con-
8	gress a written notification of the deter-
9	minations under clause (ii) by not later
10	than 30 days after the date of the deter-
11	minations.
12	"(E) Environmental laws.—In partici-
13	pating in an eligible desalination project under
14	this paragraph, the Secretary shall comply with
15	all applicable environmental laws, including the
16	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
17	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and State laws imple-
18	menting the Coastal Zone Management Act.
19	"(F) Information.—In participating in
20	an eligible desalination project under this sub-
21	section, the Secretary—
22	"(i) may rely on reports prepared by
23	the sponsor of the eligible desalination
24	project, including feasibility or equivalent

1	studies, environmental analyses, and other
2	pertinent reports and analyses; but
3	"(ii) shall retain responsibility for
4	making the independent determinations de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (D).
6	"(G) Funding.—
7	"(i) Authorization of Appropria-
8	TIONS.—There is authorized to be appro-
9	priated to carry out this paragraph
10	\$260,000,000 for the period of fiscal years
11	2023 through 2027.
12	"(ii) Congressional approval ini-
13	TIALLY REQUIRED.—
14	"(I) In general.—Each initial
15	award under this paragraph for de-
16	sign and study or for construction of
17	an eligible desalination project shall
18	be approved by an Act of Congress.
19	"(II) RECLAMATION REC-
20	OMMENDATIONS.—The Commissioner
21	of Reclamation shall submit rec-
22	ommendations regarding the initial
23	award of preconstruction and con-
24	struction funding for consideration
25	under subclause (I) to—

1	"(aa) the Committee on Ap-
2	propriations of the Senate;
3	"(bb) the Committee on En-
4	ergy and Natural Resources of
5	the Senate;
6	"(cc) the Committee on Ap-
7	propriations of the House of Rep-
8	resentatives; and
9	"(dd) the Committee on
10	Natural Resources of the House
11	of Representatives.
12	"(iii) Subsequent funding
13	AWARDS.—After approval by Congress of
14	an initial award of preconstruction or con-
15	struction funding for an eligible desalina-
16	tion project under clause (ii), the Commis-
17	sioner of Reclamation may award addi-
18	tional preconstruction or construction
19	funding, respectively, for the eligible desali-
20	nation project without further congres-
21	sional approval.".
22	(c) Prioritization for Projects.—Section 4 of
23	the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 10301
24	note; Public Law 104–298) is amended by striking sub-
25	section (c) and inserting the following:

1	"(c) Prioritization.—In carrying out demonstra-
2	tion and development activities under this section, the Sec-
3	retary and the Commissioner of Reclamation shall each
4	prioritize projects—
5	"(1) for the benefit of drought-stricken States
6	and communities;
7	"(2) for the benefit of States that have author-
8	ized funding for research and development of desali-
9	nation technologies and projects;
10	"(3) that demonstrably reduce a reliance on im-
11	ported water supplies that have an impact on species
12	listed under the Endangered Species Act of 1973
13	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
14	"(4) that, in a measurable and verifiable man-
15	ner, reduce a reliance on imported water supplies
16	from imperiled ecosystems such as the Sacramento-
17	San Joaquin River Delta;
18	"(5) that demonstrably leverage the experience
19	of international partners with considerable expertise
20	in desalination, such as the State of Israel;
21	"(6) that maximize use of renewable energy to
22	power desalination facilities;
23	"(7) that maximize energy efficiency so that the
24	lifecycle energy demands of desalination are mini-
25	mized:

1	"(8) located in regions that have employed
2	strategies to increase water conservation and the
3	capture and recycling of wastewater and stormwater;
4	and
5	"(9) that meet the following criteria, if they are
6	ocean desalination facilities—
7	"(A) use a subsurface intake or, if a sub-
8	surface intake is not technologically feasible, an
9	intake that uses the best available site, design,
10	technology, and mitigation measures to mini-
11	mize the mortality of all forms of marine life
12	and impacts to coastal dependent resources;
13	"(B) are sited and designed to ensure that
14	the disposal of wastewaters including brine
15	from the desalination process—
16	"(i) are not discharged to impaired
17	bodies of water or State or Federal Marine
18	Protected Areas; and
19	"(ii) achieve ambient salinity levels
20	within a reasonable distance from the dis-
21	charge point;
22	"(C) are sited, designed, and operated in a
23	manner that maintains indigenous marine life
24	and a healthy and diverse marine community;

1	"(D) do not cause significant unmitigated
2	harm to aquatic life; and
3	"(E) include a construction and operation
4	plan designed to minimize loss of coastal habi-
5	tat and aesthetic, noise, and air quality im-
6	pacts.".
7	(d) Recommendations to Congress.—In deter-
8	mining project recommendations to Congress under sec-
9	tion 4(a)(2)(G)(ii)(II) of the Water Desalination Act of
10	1996, the Commissioner of Reclamation shall establish a
11	priority scoring system that assigns priority scores to each
12	project evaluated based on the prioritization criteria of
13	section 4(c) of the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (42
14	U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298).
14 15	U.S.C. 10301 note; Public Law 104–298). SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMU-
15	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMU-
15 16	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMU- NITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING
15 16 17	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER.
15 16 17 18	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
15 16 17 18	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants within the Reclamation States to assist eligible ap-
115 116 117 118 119 220	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants within the Reclamation States to assist eligible applicants in planning, designing, or carrying out projects
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants within the Reclamation States to assist eligible applicants in planning, designing, or carrying out projects to help disadvantaged communities address a significant
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	SEC. 213. ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE DRINKING WATER. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants within the Reclamation States to assist eligible applicants in planning, designing, or carrying out projects to help disadvantaged communities address a significant decline in the quantity or quality of drinking water.

1	the project or activity in subsection (c) to be planned, de-
2	signed, constructed, or implemented, the service area of
3	which—
4	(1) is not located in a city or town with a popu-
5	lation of more than 60,000 residents; and
6	(2) has a median household income of less than
7	100 percent of the nonmetropolitan median house-
8	hold income of the State.
9	(c) Eligible Projects.—Projects eligible for
10	grants under this program may be used for—
11	(1) emergency water supplies;
12	(2) distributed treatment facilities;
13	(3) construction of new wells and connections to
14	existing water source systems;
15	(4) water distribution facilities;
16	(5) connection fees to existing systems;
17	(6) assistance to households to connect to water
18	facilities;
19	(7) local resource sharing, including voluntary
20	agreements between water systems to jointly con-
21	tract for services or equipment, or to study or imple-
22	ment the physical consolidation of two or more water
23	systems;

1	(8) technical assistance, planning, and design
2	for any of the activities described in paragraphs (1)
3	through (7); or
4	(9) any combination of activities described in
5	paragraphs (1) through (8).
6	(d) Prioritization.—In determining priorities for
7	funding projects, the Secretary shall take into consider-
8	ation—
9	(1) where the decline in the quantity or quality
10	of water poses the greatest threat to public health
11	and safety;
12	(2) the degree to which the project provides a
13	long-term solution to the water needs of the commu-
14	nity; and
15	(3) whether the applicant has the ability to
16	qualify for alternative funding sources.
17	(e) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a grant pro-
18	vided under this section may be up to 100 percent of costs,
19	including—
20	(1) initial operation costs incurred for startup
21	and testing of project facilities;
22	(2) costs of components to ensure such facilities
23	and components are properly operational; and

1	(3) costs of operation or maintenance incurred
2	subsequent to placing the facilities or components
3	into service.
4	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
5	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
6	\$100,000,000, to remain available until expended.
7	(g) Coordination Required.—In carrying out this
8	section, the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of
9	Agriculture and the Administrator of the Environmental
10	Protection Agency to identify opportunities to improve the
11	efficiency, effectiveness, and impact of activities carried
12	out under this section to help disadvantaged communities
13	address a significant decline in the quantity or quality of
14	drinking water.
15	Subtitle B—Improved Water
16	Technology and Data
17	SEC. 221. X-PRIZE FOR WATER TECHNOLOGY BREAK-
18	THROUGHS.
19	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
20	(1) Board.—The term "board" means the
21	board established under subsection (c).
22	(2) ELIGIBLE PERSON.—The term "eligible per-
23	son' means—
24	(A) an individual who is—

1	(i) a citizen or legal resident of the
2	United States; or
3	(ii) a member of a group that includes
4	citizens or legal residents of the United
5	States;
6	(B) an entity that is incorporated and
7	maintains its primary place of business in the
8	United States; or
9	(C) a public water agency.
10	(3) Financial award competition.—The
11	term "financial award competition" means the
12	award competition under subsection $(d)(1)$.
13	(4) Program.—The term "program" means
14	the program established under subsection (b)
15	(b) Water Technology Award Program Estab-
16	LISHED.—The Secretary, working through the Bureau of
17	Reclamation, and in coordination with the Secretary of
18	Energy, shall establish a program to award prizes to eligi-
19	ble persons for achievement in one or more of the following
20	applications of water technology:
21	(1) Demonstration of wastewater and industrial
22	process water purification for reuse or desalination
23	of brackish water or seawater with significantly less
24	energy than current municipally and commercially
25	adopted technologies.

1	(2) Demonstration of portable or modular de-
2	salination units that can process 1 to 5,000,000 gal-
3	lons per day that could be deployed for temporary
4	emergency uses in coastal communities or commu-
5	nities with brackish groundwater supplies.
6	(3) Demonstration of significant advantages
7	over current municipally and commercially adopted
8	reverse osmosis technologies as determined by the
9	board established under subsection (c).
10	(4) Demonstration of significant improvements
l 1	in the recovery of residual or waste energy from the
12	desalination process.
13	(5) Reducing open water evaporation.
14	(c) Establishment of Board.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
16	a board to administer the program.
17	(2) Membership.—The board shall be com-
18	posed of not less than 15 and not more than 21
19	members appointed by the Secretary, of whom not
20	less than 2 shall—
21	(A) be a representative of the interests of
22	public water districts or other public organiza-
23	tions with water delivery authority;
24	(B) be a representative of the interests of
25	academic organizations with expertise in the

1	field of water technology, including desalination
2	or water reuse;
3	(C) be representative of a non-profit con-
4	servation organization;
5	(D) have expertise in administering award
6	competitions; and
7	(E) be a representative of the Bureau of
8	Reclamation of the Department of the Interior
9	with expertise in the deployment of desalination
10	or water reuse.
11	(d) Awards.—Subject to the availability of appro-
12	priations, the board may make the following awards:
13	(1) FINANCIAL PRIZE.—A financial award given
14	through a competition in an amount determined be-
15	fore the commencement of the competition to the
16	first competitor to meet such criteria as the board
17	shall establish.
18	(2) Recognition Prize.—A non-monetary
19	award, through which the board recognizes an eligi-
20	ble person for superlative achievement in 1 or more
21	applications described in subsection (a). An award
22	under this paragraph shall not include any financial
23	remuneration.
24	(e) Administration.—

1	(1) Contracting.—The board may contract
2	with a private organization to administer a financial
3	award competition described in subsection $(d)(1)$.
4	(2) Solicitation of funds.—A member of
5	the board or any administering organization with
6	which the board has a contract under paragraph (1)
7	may solicit gifts from private and public entities to
8	be used for a financial award competition.
9	(3) Limitation on participation of do-
10	NORS.—The board may allow a donor who is a pri-
11	vate person described in paragraph (2) to participate
12	in the determination of criteria for an award under
13	subsection (d), but such donor may not solely deter-
14	mine the criteria for such award.
15	(4) No advantage for donation.—A donor
16	who is a private person described in paragraph (3)
17	shall not be entitled to any special consideration or
18	advantage with respect to participation in a financial
19	award competition.
20	(f) Intellectual Property.—The Federal Gov-
21	ernment may not acquire an intellectual property right in
22	any product or idea by virtue of the submission of such
23	product or idea in the financial award competition.
24	(g) Liability.—The board may require a competitor
25	in a financial award competition to waive liability against

1	the Federal Government for injuries and damages that re-
2	sult from participation in such competition.
3	(h) Annual Report.—Each year, the board shall
4	submit to the relevant committees of Congress a report
5	on the program.
6	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—
7	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
8	appropriated sums for the program as follows:
9	(A) For administration of the awards
10	under subsection (d), \$750,000 for each fiscal
11	year through fiscal year 2027.
12	(B) For the financial prize award under
13	subsection (d)(1), in addition to any amounts
14	received under subsection (e)(2), \$5,000,000 for
15	each fiscal year through fiscal year 2027.
16	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated
17	under paragraph (1) shall remain available until ex-
18	pended.
19	SEC. 222. WATER TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT PROGRAM ES-
20	TABLISHED.
21	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
22	Bureau of Reclamation, shall establish a program, pursu-
23	ant to the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater
24	Study and Facilities Act (Public Law 102–575, title XVI),
25	the Water Desalination Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–

- 1 298), and other applicable laws, to promote the expanded
- 2 use of technology for improving availability and resiliency
- 3 of water supplies and power deliveries, which shall include
- 4 investments to enable expanded and accelerated—
- 5 (1) deployment of desalination technology; and
- 6 (2) use of recycled water.
- 7 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 8 are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for each fis-
- 9 cal year through fiscal year 2027 for the Secretary to
- 10 carry out the purposes and provisions of this section.

11 SEC. 223. FEDERAL PRIORITY STREAMGAGES.

- 12 (a) Federal Priority Streamgages.—The Sec-
- 13 retary shall make every reasonable effort to make oper-
- 14 ational all streamgages identified as Federal Priority
- 15 Streamgages by the United States Geological Survey not
- 16 later than 10 years after the date of the enactment of this
- 17 Act.
- 18 (b) Collaboration With States.—The Secretary
- 19 shall, to the maximum extent practicable, seek to leverage
- 20 Federal investments in Federal Priority Streamgages
- 21 through collaborative partnerships with States and local
- 22 agencies that invest non-Federal funds to maintain and
- 23 enhance streamgage networks to improve both environ-
- 24 mental quality and water supply reliability.

- 1 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addi-
- 2 tion to amounts otherwise available, there is authorized
- 3 to be appropriated \$150,000,000 to the Secretary to carry
- 4 out this section, to remain available until expended.

5 Subtitle C—Drought Response and

6 Preparedness for Ecosystems

- 7 SEC. 231. AQUATIC ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION PROGRAM.
- 8 In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is
- 9 authorized to be appropriated \$400,000,000 to remain
- 10 available until expended for design, study, and construc-
- 11 tion of aquatic ecosystem restoration and protection
- 12 projects in accordance with section 1109 of division FF
- 13 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law
- 14 116–260).
- 15 SEC. 232. WATERSHED HEALTH PROGRAM.
- In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is
- 17 authorized to be appropriated \$200,000,000 to carry out
- 18 section 40907 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs
- 19 Act (43 U.S.C. 3207), to remain available until expended.
- 20 SEC. 233. WATERBIRD HABITAT CREATION PROGRAM.
- 21 (a) Authorization of Habitat Creation Pro-
- 22 GRAM.—The Secretary shall establish a program to
- 23 incentivize farmers to keep fields flooded during appro-
- 24 priate time periods for the purposes of waterbird habitat
- 25 creation and maintenance, including waterfowl and

1	shorebird habitat creation and maintenance, provided
2	that—
3	(1) such incentives may not exceed \$3,500,000
4	annually, either directly or through credits against
5	other contractual payment obligations;
6	(2) the holder of a water contract receiving pay-
7	ments under this section pass such payments
8	through to farmers participating in the program,
9	less reasonable contractor costs, if any; and
10	(3) the Secretary determines that habitat cre-
11	ation activities receiving financial support under this
12	section will create new habitat that is not likely to
13	be created without the financial incentives provided
14	under this section.
15	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
16	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$3,500,000
17	for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2027 to carry out
18	this section, to remain available until expended.
19	(c) Report.—Not later than October 1, 2023, and
20	every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to
21	Congress a report summarizing the environmental per-
22	formance of activities that are receiving, or have received,
23	assistance under the program authorized by this section.

1 SEC. 234. SUPPORT FOR REFUGE WATER DELIVERIES.

1	SEC. 254. SUFFORT FOR REFUGE WATER DELIVERIES.
2	(a) Report on Historic Refuge Water Deliv-
3	ERIES.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the en-
4	actment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the rel-
5	evant committees of Congress and make publicly available
6	a report that describes the following:
7	(1) Compliance with section $3406(d)(1)$ and
8	section 3406(d)(2) of the Central Valley Project Im-
9	provement Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102-
10	575) in each of years 1992 through 2018, including
11	an indication of the amount of water identified as
12	the Level 2 amount and incremental Level 4 amount
13	for each wetland area.
14	(2) The difference between the mandated quan-
15	tity of water to be delivered to each wetland habitat
16	area described in section $3406(d)(2)$ and the actual
17	quantity of water delivered since October 30, 1992,
18	including a listing of every year in which the full de-
19	livery of water to wetland habitat areas was achieved
20	in accordance with Level 4 of the "Dependable
21	Water Supply Needs' table, described in section
22	3406(d)(2) of the Central Valley Project Improve-
23	ment Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102–575).
24	(3) Which of the authorities granted to the Sec-
25	retary under Public Law 102–575 to achieve the full

Level 4 deliveries of water to wetland habitat areas

1	was employed in achieving the increment of water
2	delivery above the Level 2 amount for each wetland
3	habitat area, including whether water conservation,
4	conjunctive use, water purchases, water leases, dona-
5	tions, water banking, or other authorized activities
6	have been used and the extent to which such au-
7	thorities have been used.
8	(4) An assessment of the degree to which the
9	elimination of water transaction fees for the dona-
10	tion of water rights to wildlife refuges would help
11	advance the goals of the Central Valley Project Im-
12	provement Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102–
13	575).
14	(b) Priority Construction List.—The Secretary
15	shall establish, through a public process and in consulta-
16	tion with the Interagency Refuge Water Management
17	Team, a priority list for the completion of the conveyance
18	construction projects at the wildlife habitat areas de-
19	scribed in section $3406(d)(2)$ of the Central Valley Project
20	Improvement Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102–575),
21	including the Mendota Wildlife Area, Pixley National
22	Wildlife Refuge and Sutter National Wildlife Refuge.
23	(c) Ecological Monitoring and Evaluation
24	PROGRAM.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the
25	enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the

1	Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service,
2	shall design and implement an ecological monitoring and
3	evaluation program, for all Central Valley wildlife refuges,
4	that produces an annual report based on existing and
5	newly collected information, including—
6	(1) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
7	Animal Health Lab disease reports;
8	(2) mid-winter waterfowl inventories;
9	(3) nesting and brood surveys;
10	(4) additional data collected regularly by the
11	refuges, such as herptile distribution and abundance;
12	(5) a new coordinated systemwide monitoring
13	effort for at least one key migrant species and two
14	resident species listed as threatened and endangered
15	pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973
16	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) (including one warm-blood-
17	ed and one cold-blooded), that identifies population
18	numbers and survival rates for the 3 previous years;
19	and
20	(6) an estimate of the bioenergetic food produc-
21	tion benefits to migrant waterfowl, consistent with
22	the methodology used by the Central Valley Joint
23	Venture, to compliment and inform the Central Val-
24	ley Joint Venture implementation plan.

1	(d) Adequate Staffing for Refuge Water De-
2	LIVERY OBJECTIVES.—The Secretary shall ensure that
3	adequate staffing is provided to advance the refuge water
4	supply delivery objectives under the Central Valley Project
5	Improvement Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102–575).
6	(e) Funding.—There is authorized to be appro-
7	priated \$25,000,000 to carry out subsections (a) through
8	(d), which shall remain available until expended.
9	(f) Effect on Other Funds.—Amounts author-
10	ized under this section shall be in addition to amounts col-
11	lected or appropriated under the Central Valley Project
12	Improvement Act (title XXXIV of Public Law 102–575).
13	SEC. 235. DROUGHT PLANNING AND PREPAREDNESS FOR
1314	SEC. 235. DROUGHT PLANNING AND PREPAREDNESS FOR CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.
14	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.
14 15	critically important fisheries. (a) Definitions.—In this section:
141516	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The
14151617	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means—
14 15 16 17 18	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means— (A) commercially and recreationally impor-
14 15 16 17 18 19	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means— (A) commercially and recreationally important fisheries located within the Reclamation
14151617181920	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means— (A) commercially and recreationally important fisheries located within the Reclamation States;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means— (A) commercially and recreationally important fisheries located within the Reclamation States; (B) fisheries containing fish species that
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CRITICALLY IMPORTANT FISHERIES.—The term "critically important fisheries" means— (A) commercially and recreationally important fisheries located within the Reclamation States; (B) fisheries containing fish species that are listed as threatened or endangered pursuant

1	(C) fisheries used by Indian Tribes within
2	the Reclamation States for ceremonial, subsist-
3	ence, or commercial purposes.
4	(2) QUALIFIED TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The
5	term "qualified Tribal Government" means any gov-
6	ernment of an Indian Tribe that the Secretary deter-
7	mines—
8	(A) is involved in fishery management and
9	recovery activities including under the Endan-
10	gered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et
11	seq.); or
12	(B) has the management and organiza-
13	tional capability to maximize the benefits of as-
14	sistance provided under this section.
15	(b) Drought Plan for Critically Important
16	FISHERIES.—Not later than January 1, 2024, and every
17	three years thereafter, the Secretary, acting through the
18	Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
19	shall, in consultation with the National Marine Fisheries
20	Service, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Army Corps of
21	Engineers, State fish and wildlife agencies, and affected
22	Indian Tribes, prepare a plan to sustain the survival of
23	critically important fisheries within the Reclamation
24	States during periods of extended drought. The plan shall
25	focus on actions that can aid the survival of critically im-

1	portant fisheries during the driest years. In preparing
2	such plan, the Director shall consider—
3	(1) habitat restoration efforts designed to pro-
4	vide drought refugia and increased fisheries resil-
5	ience during droughts;
6	(2) relocating the release location and timing of
7	hatchery fish to avoid predation and temperature
8	impacts;
9	(3) barging of hatchery release fish to improve
10	survival and reduce straying;
11	(4) coordination with water users, the Bureau
12	of Reclamation, State fish and wildlife agencies, and
13	interested public water agencies regarding voluntary
14	water transfers, including through groundwater sub-
15	stitution activities, to determine if water releases can
16	be collaboratively managed in a way that provides
17	additional benefits for critically important fisheries
18	without negatively impacting wildlife habitat;
19	(5) hatchery management modifications, such
20	as expanding hatchery production of fish during the
21	driest years, if appropriate for a particular river
22	basin;
23	(6) hatchery retrofit projects, such as the in-
24	stallation and operation of filtration equipment and
25	chillers, to reduce disease outbreaks, egg mortality

1	and other impacts of droughts and high water tem-
2	peratures;
3	(7) increasing rescue operations of upstream
4	migrating fish;
5	(8) improving temperature modeling and related
6	forecasted information to predict water management
7	impacts to the habitat of critically important fish-
8	eries with a higher degree of accuracy than current
9	models;
10	(9) testing the potential for parentage-based
11	tagging and other genetic testing technologies to im-
12	prove the management of hatcheries;
13	(10) programs to reduce predation losses at ar-
14	tificially created predation hot spots; and
15	(11) retrofitting existing water facilities to pro-
16	vide improved temperature conditions for fish.
17	(c) Public Comment.—The Director of the United
18	States Fish and Wildlife Service shall provide for a public
19	comment period of not less than 90 days before finalizing
20	a plan under subsection (b).
21	(d) Authorization of Appropriations for Fish
22	RECOVERY EFFORTS.—There is authorized to be appro-
23	priated \$25,000,000 for the United States Fish and Wild-
24	life Service for fiscal year 2023 for fish, stream, and
25	hatchery activities related to fish recovery efforts, includ-

1	ing work with the National Marine Fisheries Service, the
2	Bureau of Reclamation, the Army Corps of Engineers,
3	State fish and wildlife agencies, or a qualified Tribal Gov-
4	ernment.
5	(e) Effect.—Nothing in this section is intended to
6	expand, diminish, or affect any obligation under Federal
7	or State environmental law.
8	SEC. 236. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE FISHERIES RESTORA-
9	TION AND IRRIGATION MITIGATION ACT OF
10	2000.
11	Section 10(a) of the Fisheries Restoration and Irriga-
12	tion Mitigation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 777 note; Public
13	Law 106–502) is amended by striking "\$15 million
14	through 2021" and inserting "\$25,000,000 through
15	2028".
16	SEC. 237. SUSTAINING BIODIVERSITY DURING DROUGHTS.
17	Section 9503(b) of the Omnibus Public Land Man-
18	agement Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10363(b)) is amended—
19	(1) in paragraph (3)(D), by inserting "and na-
20	tive biodiversity" after "wildlife habitat"; and
21	(2) in paragraph (4)(B), by inserting "and
22	drought biodiversity plans to address sustaining na-
23	tive biodiversity during periods of drought" after
24	"restoration plans".

1 SEC. 238. WATER RESOURCE EDUCATION.

2	(a) General Authority.—In accordance with this
3	section, the Secretary may enter into a cooperative agree-
4	ment or contract or provide financial assistance in the
5	form of a grant, to support activities related to education
6	on water resources.
7	(b) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary may enter
8	into a cooperative agreement or contract or provide finan-
9	cial assistance for activities that improve water resources
10	education, including through tours, publications or other
11	activities that—
12	(1) disseminate information on water resources
13	via educational tools, materials or programs;
14	(2) publish relevant information on water re-
15	source issues, including environmental and ecological
16	conditions;
17	(3) advance projects that improve public under-
18	standing of water resource issues or management
19	challenges, including education on drought, drought
20	awareness, and drought resiliency;
21	(4) provide training or related education for
22	teachers, faculty, or related personnel, including in
23	a specific geographic area or region; or
24	(5) enable tours, conferences, or other activities
25	to foster cooperation in addressing water resources
26	or management challenges, including cooperation re-

1	lating to water resources shared by the United
2	States and Canada or Mexico.
3	(c) Grant Priority.—In making grants under this
4	section, the Secretary shall give priority to activities
5	that—
6	(1) provide training for the professional devel-
7	opment of legal and technical experts in the field of
8	water resources management; or
9	(2) help educate the public, teachers or key
10	stakeholders on—
11	(A) a new or significantly improved water
12	resource management practice, method, or tech-
13	nique;
14	(B) the existence of a water resource man-
15	agement practice, method, or technique that
16	may have wide application;
17	(C) a water resource management practice,
18	method, or technique related to a scientific field
19	or skill identified as a priority by the Secretary;
20	or
21	(D) general water resource issues or man-
22	agement challenges, including as part of a
23	science curricula in elementary or secondary
24	education setting.

1 TITLE III—OPEN ACCESS 2 EVAPOTRANSPIRATION DATA

3	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
4	This title may be cited as the "Open Access
5	Evapotranspiration Data Act''.
6	SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this title:
8	(1) EVAPOTRANSPIRATION.—The term
9	"evapotranspiration" or "ET" means the process by
10	which water is transferred from the land to the at-
11	mosphere by—
12	(A) evaporation from soil and other sur-
13	faces; and
14	(B) transpiration from plants.
15	(2) Program.—The term "Program" means
16	the Open Access Evapotranspiration (OpenET) Data
17	Program established under section 304(a).
18	(3) Program Partner.—The term "Program
19	partner" means—
20	(A) an institution of higher education;
21	(B) a State (including a State agency);
22	(C) an Indian Tribe as defined in section
23	4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
24	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304);
25	(D) a private sector entity;

1	(E) a nongovernmental organization; or
2	(F) any other entity determined to be ap-
3	propriate by the Secretary.
4	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
5	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
6	rector of the United States Geological Survey.
7	SEC. 303. FINDINGS.
8	Congress finds that—
9	(1) evapotranspiration is the second largest
10	component of the water budget, which is an account-
11	ing of the allocation of water resources to various
12	water uses;
13	(2) evapotranspiration is a measure of the
14	water that is consumed and lost from a water sys-
15	tem, removed from available supplies, and unavail-
16	able for other uses within a watershed;
17	(3) accurate information on evapotranspiration
18	is required to balance water supply and water de-
19	mand in a watershed and ensure that adequate
20	water supplies for beneficial uses are available over
21	time;
22	(4) water users and managers are impeded in
23	more efficient decision making by—
24	(A) the lack of consistent and comprehen-
25	sive water use data; and

1	(B) the fact that access to existing data is
2	often limited and cost-prohibitive; and
3	(5) evapotranspiration data may be applied for
4	the purposes of—
5	(A) assisting users and decisionmakers to
6	better manage resources and protect financial
7	viability of farm operations during drought;
8	(B) developing more accurate water budg-
9	ets and innovative management programs to
10	better promote conservation and sustainability
11	efforts; and
12	(C) employing greater groundwater man-
13	agement practices and understanding impacts
14	of consumptive water use.
15	SEC. 304. OPEN ACCESS EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (OPENET)
16	DATA PROGRAM.
17	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
18	a program to be known as the "Open Access
19	Evapotranspiration (OpenET) Data Program" under
20	which the Secretary shall provide for the delivery of sat-
21	ellite-based evapotranspiration data, as available, sup-
22	ported by other ET methods—
23	(1) to advance the quantification of evaporation
24	and consumptive water use; and

1	(2) to provide data users with estimates of
2	evapotranspiration data across large landscapes over
3	certain periods of time, with a priority for Landsat
4	scale (30–100m) when available.
5	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Program is to
6	support the operational distribution of satellite-based
7	evapotranspiration data generated under the Program to
8	sustain and enhance water resources in the United States.
9	(c) Duties.—In carrying out the Program, the Sec-
10	retary shall—
11	(1) evaluate, use, and modify sources of sat-
12	ellite-based evapotranspiration data, supported by
13	other ET methods, based on best available science
14	and technologies; and
15	(2) coordinate and consult with—
16	(A) the heads of other relevant Federal
17	agencies, including—
18	(i) the Commissioner of Reclamation;
19	(ii) the Administrator of the National
20	Aeronautics and Space Administration;
21	(iii) the Administrator of the National
22	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration;
23	(iv) the Administrator of the Agricul-
24	tural Research Service; and

1	(v) the Chief of the Natural Resources
2	Conservation Service; and
3	(B) Program partners.
4	(d) Components.—In carrying out the Program, the
5	Secretary shall, in coordination with other relevant agen-
6	cies, carry out activities to develop, maintain, establish,
7	expand, or advance delivery of satellite-based
8	evapotranspiration data, supported by other ET methods,
9	to advance the quantification of evaporation and consump-
10	tive water use, with an emphasis on carrying out activities
11	that—
12	(1) support the development and maintenance
13	of evapotranspiration data and software systems and
14	associated research and development in a manner
15	that ensures that Program data are reflective of the
16	best available science, including by providing support
17	to Program partners, or coordinating activities with
18	other programs within the Department of the Inte-
19	rior, that have developed and are maintaining
20	evapotranspiration software systems and datasets;
21	(2) demonstrate or test new and existing
22	evapotranspiration measurement technology;
23	(3) improve evapotranspiration measurement
24	science and technology; and

1	(4) develop or refine the application of satellite-
2	based evapotranspiration data available to Federal
3	agencies, States, and Indian Tribes, including pro-
4	grams within both the Water Resources and Core
5	Science Systems divisions of the United States Geo-
6	logical Survey. These may include—
7	(A) the Water Availability and Use Science
8	Program, the National Water Census, and Inte-
9	grated Water Availability Assessments; and
10	(B) the National Land Imaging Program,
11	the Land Change Science Program, and the
12	Science Analytics and Synthesis Program.
13	(e) Water Use and Availability of Program
14	Data.—The Secretary—
15	(1) shall incorporate, to the maximum extent
16	practicable, program information and data for pur-
17	poses of determining consumptive water use on irri-
18	gated or other vegetated landscapes for use by water
19	resource management agencies;
20	(2) may continue to coordinate data analyses,
21	use, and collection efforts with other Federal agen-
22	cies, States, and Tribal governments through exist-
23	ing coordinating organizations, such as—
24	(A) the Western States Water Council; and

1	(B) the Western States Federal Agency
2	Support Team; and
3	(3) may provide information collected and ana-
4	lyzed under the Program to Program partners
5	through appropriate mechanisms, including through
6	agreements with Federal agencies, States (including
7	State agencies), or Indian Tribes, leases, contracts,
8	cooperative agreements, grants, loans, and memo-
9	randa of understanding.
10	(f) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary
11	shall—
12	(1) enter into cooperative agreements with Pro-
13	gram partners to provide for the efficient and cost-
14	effective administration of the Program, including
15	through cost sharing or by providing additional in-
16	kind resources necessary to carry out the Program;
17	and
18	(2) provide nonreimbursable matching funding,
19	as permissible, for programmatic and operational ac-
20	tivities under this section, in consultation with Pro-
21	gram partners.
22	(g) Environmental Laws.—Nothing in this title
23	modifies any obligation of the Secretary to comply with
24	applicable Federal and State environmental laws in car-
25	rying out this title.

1 SEC. 305. REPORT.

- Not later than 5 years after the date of the enact-
- 3 ment of this title, the Secretary shall submit to the Com-
- 4 mittees on Energy and Natural Resources, Agriculture,
- 5 Nutrition, and Forestry, and Appropriations of the Senate
- 6 and the Committees on Natural Resources, Agriculture,
- 7 and Appropriations of the House of Representatives a re-
- 8 port that includes—
- 9 (1) a status update on the operational incorpo-
- 10 ration of Program data into modeling, water plan-
- 11 ning, and reporting efforts of relevant Federal agen-
- 12 cies; and
- 13 (2) a list of Federal agencies and Program
- partners that are applying Program data to bene-
- ficial use, including a description of examples of ben-
- eficial uses.

17 SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 19 retary to carry out this title \$23,000,000 for each of fiscal
- 20 years 2023 through 2027, to remain available until ex-
- 21 pended.

1 TITLE IV—COLORADO RIVER IN-2 DIAN TRIBES WATER RESIL-

3 **IENCY**

- 4 SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
- 5 This title may be cited as the "Colorado River Indian
- 6 Tribes Water Resiliency Act of 2022".
- 7 SEC. 402. FINDINGS.
- 8 The purposes of this title are to authorize—
- 9 (1) the CRIT to enter into lease or exchange
- agreements, storage agreements, and agreements for
- 11 conserved water for the economic well-being of the
- 12 CRIT; and
- 13 (2) the Secretary to approve any lease or ex-
- change agreements, storage agreements, or agree-
- ments for conserved water entered into by the CRIT.
- 16 SEC. 403. DEFINITIONS.
- 17 In this title:
- 18 (1) AGREEMENT FOR CONSERVED WATER.—
- The term "agreement for conserved water" means
- an agreement for the creation of system conserva-
- 21 tion, storage of conserved water in Lake Mead, or
- other mechanisms for voluntarily leaving a portion of
- 23 the CRIT reduced consumptive use in Lake Mead.

1	(2) Allottee.—The term "allottee" means an
2	individual who holds a beneficial real property inter-
3	est in an allotment of Indian land that is—
4	(A) located within the exterior boundaries
5	of the Reservation; and
6	(B) held in trust by the United States.
7	(3) Consolidated decree.—The term "Con-
8	solidated Decree" means the decree entered by the
9	Supreme Court of the United States in Arizona v.
10	California (547 U.S. 150 (2006)).
11	(4) Consumptive use.—The term "consump-
12	tive use" means a portion of the decreed allocation
13	that has a recent history of use by the CRIT within
14	the exterior boundary of the Reservation. Any
15	verified reduction in consumptive use pursuant to a
16	lease or exchange agreement, storage agreement, or
17	agreement for conserved water, shall be deemed to
18	be a consumptive use in the year in which the reduc-
19	tion occurred, if the reduction is reflected in the
20	Water Accounting Report.
21	(5) Crit.—The term "CRIT" means the Colo-
22	rado River Indian Tribes, a federally recognized In-
23	dian Tribe.
24	(6) Decreed Allocation.—The term "de-
25	creed allocation" means the volume of water of the

1	mainstream of the Colorado River allocated to the
2	CRIT that is accounted for as part of the apportion-
3	ment for the State in part I-A of the Appendix of
4	the Consolidated Decree.
5	(7) Lower Basin.—The term "Lower Basin"
6	has the meaning given the term in article II(g) of
7	the Colorado River Compact of 1922, as approved by
8	Federal law in section 13 of the Boulder Canyon
9	Project Act (43 U.S.C. 617l) and by the Presidential
10	Proclamation of June 25, 1929 (46 Stat. 3000).
11	(8) Person.—The term "person" means an in-
12	dividual, a public or private corporation, a company,
13	a partnership, a joint venture, a firm, an associa-
14	tion, a society, an estate or trust, a private organiza-
15	tion or enterprise, the United States, an Indian
16	Tribe, a governmental entity, or a political subdivi-
17	sion or municipal corporation organized under, or
18	subject to, the constitution and laws of the State.
19	(9) Reservation.—The term "Reservation"
20	means the portion of the reservation established for
21	the CRIT that is located in the State.
22	(10) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
23	means the Secretary of the Interior.
24	(11) State.—Except for purposes of section
25	416, the term "State" means the State of Arizona.

1	(12) STORAGE.—The term "storage" means the
2	underground storage, in accordance with State law,
3	of a portion of the consumptive use off the Reserva-
4	tion within the Lower Basin in the State.
5	(13) Water accounting report.—The term
6	"Water Accounting Report" means the annual re-
7	port of the Bureau of Reclamation entitled the "Col-
8	orado River Accounting and Water Use Report: Ari-
9	zona, California, and Nevada" which includes the
10	compilation of records in accordance with article V
11	of the Consolidated Decree.
12	SEC. 404. LEASE OR EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS.
13	(a) Authorization.—Notwithstanding section 2116
14	of the Revised Statutes (commonly known as the "Indian
15	Trade and Intercourse Act"; 25 U.S.C. 177) or any other
16	provision of law, the CRIT is authorized, subject to the
17	approval of the Secretary under section 407(a), and has
18	the sole authority, to enter into, with any person, an
19	agreement to lease or exchange, or an option to lease or
20	exchange, a portion of the consumptive use for a use off
21	the Reservation (referred to in this title as a "lease or
22	exchange agreement"), on the condition that the use off
23	the Reservation is located in the Lower Basin in the State
24	

- 1 (b) Term of Lease or Exchange Agreement.—
- 2 The term of any lease or exchange agreement entered into
- 3 under subsection (a) shall be mutually agreed, except that
- 4 the term shall not exceed 100 years.
- 5 (c) Modifications.—Any lease or exchange agree-
- 6 ment entered into under subsection (a) may be renegoti-
- 7 ated or modified at any time during the term of the lease
- 8 or exchange agreement, subject to the approval of the Sec-
- 9 retary under section 407(a), on the condition that the
- 10 term of the renegotiated lease or exchange agreement does
- 11 not exceed 100 years.
- 12 (d) APPLICABLE LAW.—Any person entering into a
- 13 lease or exchange agreement with the CRIT under this
- 14 section shall use the water received under the lease or ex-
- 15 change agreement in accordance with applicable Federal
- 16 and State law.
- 17 SEC. 405. STORAGE AGREEMENTS.
- 18 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding section 2116
- 19 of the Revised Statutes (commonly known as the "Indian
- 20 Trade and Intercourse Act"; 25 U.S.C. 177) or any other
- 21 provision of law, the CRIT is authorized, subject to the
- 22 approval of the Secretary under section 407(a), and has
- 23 the sole authority, to enter into an agreement, including
- 24 with the Arizona Water Banking Authority (or successor
- 25 agency or entity), for the storage of a portion of the con-

- 1 sumptive use, or the water received under an exchange
- 2 pursuant to an exchange agreement under section 404, at
- 3 1 or more underground storage facilities or groundwater
- 4 savings facilities off the Reservation (referred to in this
- 5 title as a "storage agreement"), on the condition that the
- 6 facility is located in the Lower Basin in the State and
- 7 is not in Navajo, Apache, or Cochise counties.
- 8 (b) Applicable Law.—Any storage agreement en-
- 9 tered into under this section shall be in accordance with
- 10 applicable Federal and State law.
- 11 (c) Delegation of Rights.—The CRIT may assign
- 12 or sell any long-term storage credits accrued as a result
- 13 of a storage agreement, on the condition that the assign-
- 14 ment or sale is in accordance with applicable State law.
- 15 SEC. 406. AGREEMENTS FOR CREATION OF WATER FOR
- 16 THE COLORADO RIVER SYSTEM OR FOR
- 17 STORING WATER IN LAKE MEAD.
- 18 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding section 2116
- 19 of the Revised Statutes (commonly known as the "Indian
- 20 Trade and Intercourse Act"; 25 U.S.C. 177) or any other
- 21 provision of law, the CRIT is authorized, subject to the
- 22 approval of the Secretary under section 407(a), and has
- 23 the sole authority, to enter into, with any person, an
- 24 agreement for conserved water on the condition that if the
- 25 conserved water is delivered, the delivery is to a location

1	in the Lower Basin of the State and not in Navajo,
2	Apache, or Cochise counties.
3	(b) Term of an Agreement for Conserved
4	Water.—The term of any agreement for conserved water
5	entered into under subsection (a) shall be mutually agreed,
6	except that the term shall not exceed 100 years.
7	(c) Applicable Law.—Any person entering into an
8	agreement for conserved water with the CRIT under this
9	section shall use the water received in accordance with ap-
10	plicable Federal and State law.
11	SEC. 407. SECRETARIAL APPROVAL; DISAPPROVAL; AGREE-
12	MENTS.
13	(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall approve
14	or disapprove any—
15	(1) lease or exchange agreement;
16	(2) modification to a lease or exchange agree-
17	ment;
18	
	(3) storage agreement;
19	(3) storage agreement;(4) modification to a storage agreement; or
1920	
	(4) modification to a storage agreement; or
20	(4) modification to a storage agreement; or(5) agreement for conserved water.
2021	(4) modification to a storage agreement; or(5) agreement for conserved water.(b) Secretarial Agreements.—The Secretary is
202122	 (4) modification to a storage agreement; or (5) agreement for conserved water. (b) Secretarial Agreements.—The Secretary is authorized to enter lease or exchange agreements, storage

1	(c) Requirements.—
2	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall not ap-
3	prove any lease or exchange agreement, or any modi-
4	fication to a lease or exchange agreement, any stor-
5	age agreement, or any modification to a storage
6	agreement that is not in compliance with—
7	(A) this title; and
8	(B) the agreement entered into between
9	the CRIT, the State, and the Secretary under
10	section 410(a).
11	(2) Conserved water.—The Secretary shall
12	not approve any agreement for conserved water that
13	is not in compliance with—
14	(A) this title; and
15	(B) other applicable Federal law.
16	(3) PERMANENT ALIENATION.—The Secretary
17	shall not approve any lease or exchange agreement,
18	or any modification to a lease or exchange agree-
19	ment, or any storage agreement, or modification to
20	a storage agreement, or agreement for conserved
21	water that permanently alienates any portion of the
22	CRIT decreed allocation.
23	(d) Other Requirements.—The requirement for
24	Secretarial approval under subsection (a) shall satisfy the
25	requirements of section 2116 of the Revised Statutes

- 1 (commonly known as the "Indian Trade and Intercourse
- 2 Act"; 25 U.S.C. 177).
- 3 (e) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.—Nothing in
- 4 this title, or any agreement entered into or approved by
- 5 the Secretary under this title, including any lease or ex-
- 6 change agreement, storage agreement, or agreement for
- 7 conserved water, shall diminish or abrogate the authority
- 8 of the Secretary to act under applicable Federal law or
- 9 regulation, including the Consolidated Decree.

10 SEC. 408. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY.

- 11 (a) Compliance.—When approving a lease or ex-
- 12 change agreement, a storage agreement, or an agreement
- 13 for conserved water, the Secretary shall promptly comply
- 14 with all aspects of the National Environmental Policy Act
- 15 of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Endangered Species
- 16 Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), and all other appli-
- 17 cable environmental Acts and regulations.
- 18 (b) DOCUMENTATION.—The Secretary shall docu-
- 19 ment any lease or exchange agreement, storage agreement,
- 20 or agreement for conserved water in the Water Accounting
- 21 Report.
- 22 SEC. 409. AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CRIT AND THE
- 23 **STATE.**
- 24 (a) In General.—Before entering into the first
- 25 lease or exchange agreement or storage agreement, the

- 1 CRIT shall enter into an agreement with the State that
- 2 outlines all notice, information sharing, and collaboration
- 3 requirements that shall apply to any potential lease or ex-
- 4 change agreement or storage agreement the CRIT may
- 5 enter into.
- 6 (b) REQUIREMENT.—The agreement required under
- 7 subsection (a) shall include a provision that requires the
- 8 CRIT to submit to the State all documents regarding a
- 9 potential lease or exchange agreement or storage agree-
- 10 ment.
- 11 SEC. 410. AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CRIT, THE STATE,
- 12 AND THE SECRETARY.
- 13 (a) In General.—Before approving the first lease
- 14 or exchange agreement or storage agreement under sec-
- 15 tion 407, the Secretary shall enter into an agreement with
- 16 the State and the CRIT that describes the procedural,
- 17 technical, and accounting methodologies for any lease or
- 18 exchange agreement or storage agreement the CRIT may
- 19 enter into, including quantification of the reduction in con-
- 20 sumptive use and water accounting.
- 21 (b) NEPA.—The execution of the agreement re-
- 22 quired under subsection (a) shall not constitute a major
- 23 Federal action for purposes of the National Environ-
- 24 mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

1	(c) Effect.—Nothing in this title shall prohibit the
2	Secretary from agreeing with the CRIT and the State to
3	a modification to an agreement entered into under sub-
4	section (a) (including an appendix or exhibit to the agree-
5	ment) if that the modification—
6	(1) is in compliance with this title; and
7	(2) does not otherwise require congressional ap-
8	proval under section 2116 of the Revised Statutes
9	(commonly known as the "Indian Trade and Inter-
10	course Act"; 25 U.S.C. 177) or any other provision
11	of law.
12	SEC. 411. NO EFFECT ON THE CRIT DECREED ALLOCATION.
13	(a) Temporary Use.—A lease or exchange agree-
14	ment, storage agreement, or agreement for conserved
15	water—
16	(1) shall provide for the temporary use, storage
17	or conservation of a portion of the consumptive use
18	off the Reservation; and
19	(2) shall not permanently alienate the decreed
20	allocation.
21	(b) Priority Status.—
22	(1) In general.—The lease or exchange of a
23	portion of the consumptive use shall not cause that
24	portion to lose or change its priority under the Con-
25	solidated Decree.

1	(2) Nonuse.—Any nonuse by a person who is
2	a party to any lease or exchange agreement or stor-
3	age agreement with the CRIT shall not result in for-
4	feiture, abandonment, relinquishment, or other loss
5	by the CRIT of all or any portion of the decreed al-
6	location.
7	(c) RESERVATION OF RIGHTS.—The lease, exchange,
8	storage, or conservation of a portion of the consumptive
9	use shall not reduce or limit the right of the CRIT to use
10	the remaining portion of the decreed allocation on the Res-
11	ervation.
12	(d) Storage Agreements.—A storage agreement
13	entered into under this title shall account for the quantity
14	of water in storage off the Reservation in accordance with
15	applicable State law.
16	SEC. 412. ALLOTTEE USE OF WATER.
17	(a) Interference.—The lease, exchange, storage,
18	or conservation of a portion of the consumptive use shall
19	not directly or indirectly interfere with, or diminish, any
20	entitlement to water for an allottee under Federal or Trib-
21	al law.
22	(b) WATER RIGHTS OF ALLOTTEES.—The Secretary
23	shall protect the rights of the allottees to a just and equi-
24	
	table distribution of water for irrigation purposes, pursu-
25	ant to section 7 of the Act of February 8, 1887 (commonly

- 1 known as the "Indian General Allotment Act"; 24 Stat.
- 2 390, chapter 119; 25 U.S.C. 381) (referred to in this sec-
- 3 tion as the "Act").
- 4 (c) Relief Under Tribal Law.—Prior to asserting
- 5 any claim against the United States pursuant to the Act,
- 6 or any other applicable law, an allottee shall exhaust all
- 7 remedies available under applicable Tribal law.
- 8 (d) Relief Under the Indian General Allot-
- 9 MENT ACT.—Following an exhaustion of remedies avail-
- 10 able under applicable Tribal law, an allottee may seek re-
- 11 lief under the Act, or any other applicable law.
- 12 (e) Relief From the Secretary.—Following ex-
- 13 haustion of remedies available under the Act, or any other
- 14 applicable law, an allottee may petition the Secretary for
- 15 relief.
- 16 SEC. 413. CONSIDERATION PAID TO THE CRIT.
- 17 The CRIT, and not the United States in any capac-
- 18 ity, shall be entitled to all consideration due to the CRIT
- 19 under any lease or exchange agreement, storage agree-
- 20 ment, or agreement for conserved water.
- 21 SEC. 414. LIABILITY OF THE UNITED STATES.
- 22 (a) Limitation of Liability.—The United States
- 23 shall not be liable to the CRIT or to any party to a lease
- 24 or exchange agreement, storage agreement, or agreement
- 25 for conserved water in any claim relating to the negotia-

- 1 tion, execution, or approval of any lease or exchange
- 2 agreement, storage agreement, or an agreement for con-
- 3 served water, including any claim relating to the terms
- 4 included in such an agreement, except for claims related
- 5 to section 408(a).
- 6 (b) Obligations.—The United States shall have no
- 7 trust obligation or other obligation to monitor, administer,
- 8 or account for—
- 9 (1) any funds received by the CRIT as consid-
- 10 eration under any lease or exchange agreement, stor-
- age agreement, or agreement for conserved water; or
- 12 (2) the expenditure of such funds.
- 13 SEC. 415. APPLICATION.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—This title shall apply only to the
- 15 portion of the decreed allocation that is available for use
- 16 in the State.
- 17 (b) Requirement.—The portion of the decreed allo-
- 18 cation that is available for use in the State shall not be
- 19 used, directly or indirectly, outside the Lower Basin in the
- 20 State or in Navajo, Apache, or Cochise counties.
- 21 SEC. 416. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- Nothing in this title establishes, or shall be consid-
- 23 ered to establish, a precedent in any litigation involving,
- 24 or alters, affects, or quantifies, any water right with re-
- 25 spect to—

1	(1) the United States;
2	(2) any other Indian Tribe, band, or commu-
3	nity;
4	(3) any State or political subdivision or district
5	of a State; or
6	(4) any person.
7	TITLE V— HUALAPAI TRIBE
8	WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT
9	SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Hualapai Tribe Water
11	Rights Settlement Act of 2022".
12	SEC. 502. PURPOSES.
13	The purposes of this title are—
14	(1) to resolve, fully and finally, all claims to
15	rights to water in the State, including the Verde
16	River, the Bill Williams River, and the Colorado
17	River, of—
18	(A) the Hualapai Tribe, on behalf of the
19	Hualapai Tribe and the members of the
20	Hualapai Tribe; and
21	(B) the United States, acting as trustee
22	for the Hualapai Tribe, the members of the
23	Hualapai Tribe, and the allottees;
24	(2) to authorize, ratify, and confirm the
25	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement,

1	to the extent that agreement is consistent with this
2	title;
3	(3) to authorize and direct the Secretary to exe-
4	cute and perform the duties and obligations of the
5	Secretary under the Hualapai Tribe water rights
6	settlement agreement and this title; and
7	(4) to authorize the appropriation of funds nec-
8	essary to carry out the Hualapai Tribe water rights
9	settlement agreement and this title.
10	SEC. 503. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this title:
12	(1) 1947 JUDGMENT.—The term "1947 Judg-
13	ment" means the Judgment and the Stipulation and
14	Agreement, including exhibits to the Judgment and
15	the Stipulation and Agreement, entered on March
16	13, 1947, in United States v. Santa Fe Pac. R.R.
17	Co., No. E-190 (D. Ariz.) and attached to the
18	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement
19	as Exhibit 3.1.1.
20	(2) AFY.—The term "AFY" means acre-feet
21	per year.
22	(3) Allotment.—The term "allotment" means
23	any of the 4 off-reservation parcels that are—
24	(A) held in trust by the United States for
25	individual Indians in the Big Sandy River basin

1	in Mohave County, Arizona, under the patents
2	numbered 1039995 , 1039996 , 1039997 , and
3	1019494; and
4	(B) identified as Parcels 1A, 1B, 1C, and
5	2 on the map attached to the Hualapai Tribe
6	water rights settlement agreement as Exhibit
7	3.1.6.
8	(4) Allottee.—The term "allottee" means
9	any Indian owner of an allotment.
10	(5) AVAILABLE CAP SUPPLY.—The term "avail-
11	able CAP supply' means, for any year—
12	(A) all fourth priority water available for
13	delivery through the Central Arizona Project;
14	(B) water available from Central Arizona
15	Project dams and reservoirs other than the
16	Modified Roosevelt Dam; and
17	(C) return flows captured by the Secretary
18	for Central Arizona Project use.
19	(6) BILL WILLIAMS ACT.—The term "Bill Wil-
20	liams Act" means the Bill Williams River Water
21	Rights Settlement Act of 2014 (Public Law 113-
22	223; 128 Stat. 2096).
23	(7) BILL WILLIAMS AGREEMENTS.—The term
24	"Bill Williams agreements" means the Amended and
25	Restated Big Sandy River-Planet Ranch Water

1	Rights Settlement Agreement and the Amended and
2	Restated Hualapai Tribe Bill Williams River Water
3	Rights Settlement Agreement, including all exhibits
4	to each agreement, copies of which (excluding exhib-
5	its) are attached to the Hualapai Tribe water rights
6	settlement agreement as Exhibit 3.1.11.
7	(8) BILL WILLIAMS RIVER PHASE 2 ENFORCE-
8	ABILITY DATE.—The term "Bill Williams River
9	Phase 2 Enforceability Date" means the date de-
10	scribed in section 514(d).
11	(9) BILL WILLIAMS RIVER PHASE 2 WATER
12	RIGHTS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—The term "Bill
13	Williams River phase 2 water rights settlement
14	agreement" means the agreement of that name that
15	is attached to, and incorporated in, the Hualapai
16	Tribe water rights settlement agreement as Exhibit
17	4.3.3.
18	(10) CAP CONTRACT.—The term "CAP con-
19	tract" means a long-term contract (as defined in the
20	CAP repayment stipulation) with the United States
21	for delivery of CAP water through the CAP system.
22	(11) CAP CONTRACTOR.—The term "CAP con-
23	tractor''—
24	(A) means a person that has entered into
25	a CAP contract; and

1	(B) includes the Hualapai Tribe.
2	(12) CAP FIXED OM&R CHARGE.—The term
3	"CAP fixed OM&R charge" has the meaning given
4	the term "Fixed OM&R Charge" in the CAP repay-
5	ment stipulation.
6	(13) CAP M&I PRIORITY WATER.—The term
7	"CAP M&I priority water" means water within the
8	available CAP supply having a municipal and indus-
9	trial delivery priority.
10	(14) CAP NIA PRIORITY WATER.—The term
11	"CAP NIA priority water" means water within the
12	available CAP supply having a non-Indian agricul-
13	tural delivery priority.
14	(15) CAP OPERATING AGENCY.—The term
15	"CAP operating agency" means—
16	(A) the 1 or more entities authorized to as-
17	sume responsibility for the care, operation,
18	maintenance, and replacement of the CAP sys-
19	tem; and
20	(B) as of the date of the enactment of this
21	title, the Central Arizona Water Conservation
22	District.
23	(16) Cap pumping energy charge.—The
24	term "CAP pumping energy charge" has the mean-

1	ing given the term "Pumping Energy Charge" in the
2	CAP repayment stipulation.
3	(17) Cap repayment contract.—The term
4	"CAP repayment contract" means—
5	(A) the contract dated December 1, 1988
6	(Contract No. 14–06–W–245, Amendment No.
7	1), between the United States and the Central
8	Arizona Water Conservation District for the
9	Delivery of Water and Repayment of Costs of
10	the Central Arizona Project; and
11	(B) any amendment to, or revision of, that
12	contract.
13	(18) CAP REPAYMENT STIPULATION.—The
14	term "CAP repayment stipulation" means the Stipu-
15	lated Judgment and the Stipulation for Judgment,
16	including any exhibits to those documents, entered
17	on November 21, 2007, in the United States District
18	Court for the District of Arizona in the consolidated
19	civil action Central Arizona Water Conservation Dis-
20	trict v. United States, numbered CIV 95–625–TUC–
21	WDB (EHC) and CIV 95–1720–PHX–EHC.
22	(19) CAP SUBCONTRACT.—The term "CAP sub-
23	contract" means a long-term subcontract (as defined
24	in the CAP repayment stipulation) with the United
25	States and the Central Arizona Water Conservation

1	District for the delivery of CAP water through the
2	CAP system.
3	(20) CAP SUBCONTRACTOR.—The term "CAP
4	subcontractor" means a person that has entered into
5	a CAP subcontract.
6	(21) CAP SYSTEM.—The term "CAP system"
7	means—
8	(A) the Mark Wilmer Pumping Plant;
9	(B) the Hayden-Rhodes Aqueduct;
10	(C) the Fannin-McFarland Aqueduct;
11	(D) the Tucson Aqueduct;
12	(E) any pumping plant or appurtenant
13	work of a feature described in subparagraph
14	(A), (B), (C), or (D); and
15	(F) any extension of, addition to, or re-
16	placement for a feature described in subpara-
17	graph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E).
18	(22) CAP WATER.—The term "CAP water" has
19	the meaning given the term "Project Water" in the
20	CAP repayment stipulation.
21	(23) Central Arizona project.—The term
22	"Central Arizona Project" means the reclamation
23	project authorized and constructed by the United
24	States in accordance with title III of the Colorado
25	River Basin Project Act (43 U.S.C. 1521 et seq.).

1	(24) Central Arizona water conservation
2	DISTRICT.—The term "Central Arizona Water Con-
3	servation District" means the political subdivision of
4	the State that is the contractor under the CAP re-
5	payment contract.
6	(25) Colorado River Compact.—The term
7	"Colorado River Compact" means the Colorado
8	River Compact of 1922, as ratified and reprinted in
9	article 2 of chapter 7 of title 45, Arizona Revised
10	Statutes.
11	(26) Colorado River water entitle-
12	MENT.—The term "Colorado River water entitle-
13	ment" means the right or authorization to use Colo-
14	rado River water in the State through a mainstem
15	contract with the Secretary pursuant to section 5 of
16	the Boulder Canyon Project Act (43 U.S.C. 617d).
17	(27) DIVERSION.—The term "diversion" means
18	an act to divert.
19	(28) DIVERT.—The term "divert" means to re-
20	ceive, withdraw, develop, produce, or capture water
21	using—
22	(A) a ditch, canal, flume, bypass, pipeline,
23	pit, collection or infiltration gallery, conduit,
24	well, pump, turnout, dam, or any other mechan-
25	ical device; or

1	(B) any other act of man.
2	(29) Domestic purpose.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "domestic
4	purpose" means any use relating to the supply,
5	service, or activity of a household or private res-
6	idence.
7	(B) Inclusions.—The term "domestic
8	purpose" includes the application of water to
9	not more than 2 acres of land to produce a
10	plant or parts of a plant for—
11	(i) sale or human consumption; or
12	(ii) use as feed for livestock, range
13	livestock, or poultry.
14	(30) Effluent.—The term "effluent" means
15	water that—
16	(A) has been used in the State for domes-
17	tic, municipal, or industrial purposes, other
18	than solely for hydropower generation; and
19	(B) is available for reuse for any purpose,
20	regardless or whether the water has been treat-
21	ed to improve the quality of the water.
22	(31) Enforceability date.—The term "En-
23	forceability Date" means the date described in sec-
24	tion 514(a).

1	(32) Exchange.—The term "exchange" means
2	a trade between 1 or more persons of any water for
3	any other water, if each person has a right or claim
4	to use the water the person provides in the trade, re-
5	gardless of whether the water is traded in equal
6	quantities or other consideration is included in the
7	trade.
8	(33) FOURTH PRIORITY WATER.—The term
9	"fourth priority water" means Colorado River water
10	that is available for delivery in the State for the sat-
11	isfaction of entitlements—
12	(A) in accordance with contracts, Secre-
13	tarial reservations, perfected rights, and other
14	arrangements between the United States and
15	water users in the State entered into or estab-
16	lished after September 30, 1968, for use on
17	Federal, State, or privately owned land in the
18	State, in a total quantity of not greater than
19	164,652 AFY of diversions; and
20	(B) after first providing for the delivery of
21	Colorado River water for the CAP system, in-
22	cluding for use on Indian land, under section
23	304(e) of the Colorado River Basin Project Act
24	(43 U.S.C. 1524(e)), in accordance with the
25	CAP repayment contract.

1	(34) Freeport.—The term "Freeport"—
2	(A) means the Delaware corporation
3	named "Freeport Minerals Corporation"; and
4	(B) includes all subsidiaries, affiliates, suc-
5	cessors, and assigns of Freeport Minerals Cor-
6	poration, including Byner Cattle Company, a
7	Nevada corporation.
8	(35) GILA RIVER ADJUDICATION.—The term
9	"Gila River adjudication" means the action pending
10	in the Superior Court of the State, in and for the
11	County of Maricopa, In Re the General Adjudication
12	of All Rights To Use Water In The Gila River Sys-
13	tem and Source, W-1 (Salt), W-2 (Verde), W-3
14	(Upper Gila), W-4 (San Pedro) (Consolidated).
15	(36) GILA RIVER ADJUDICATION COURT.—The
16	term "Gila River adjudication court" means the Su-
17	perior Court of the State, in and for the County of
18	Maricopa, exercising jurisdiction over the Gila River
19	adjudication.
20	(37) GILA RIVER ADJUDICATION DECREE.—The
21	term "Gila River adjudication decree" means the
22	judgment or decree entered by the Gila River adju-
23	dication court in substantially the same form as the
24	form of judgment attached to the Hualapai Tribe
25	water rights settlement agreement as Exhibit 3.1.43.

1	(38) Groundwater.—The term "ground-
2	water" means all water beneath the surface of the
3	Earth within the State that is not—
4	(A) surface water;
5	(B) effluent; or
6	(C) Colorado River water.
7	(39) Hualapai fee land.—The term
8	"Hualapai fee land" means land, other than
9	Hualapai trust land, that—
10	(A) is located in the State;
11	(B) is located outside the exterior bound-
12	aries of the Hualapai Reservation or Hualapai
13	trust land; and
14	(C) as of the Enforceability Date, is owned
15	by the Hualapai Tribe, including by a tribally
16	owned corporation.
17	(40) Hualapai Land.—The term "Hualapai
18	land" means—
19	(A) the Hualapai Reservation;
20	(B) Hualapai trust land; and
21	(C) Hualapai fee land.
22	(41) Hualapai reservation.—The term
23	"Hualapai Reservation" means the land within the
24	exterior boundaries of the Hualapai Reservation, in-
25	cluding—

1	(A) all land withdrawn by the Executive
2	order dated January 4, 1883, as modified by
3	the May 28, 1942, order of the Secretary pur-
4	suant to the Act of February 20, 1925 (43
5	Stat. 954, chapter 273);
6	(B) the land identified by the Executive or-
7	ders dated December 22, 1898, May 14, 1900,
8	and June 2, 1911; and
9	(C) the land added to the Hualapai Res-
10	ervation by sections 511 and 512.
11	(42) Hualapai Tribe.—The term "Hualapai
12	Tribe' means the Hualapai Tribe, a federally recog-
13	nized Indian Tribe of Hualapai Indians organized
14	under section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (25
15	U.S.C. 5123; commonly known as the "Indian Reor-
16	ganization Act'').
17	(43) Hualapai tribe cap water.—The term
18	"Hualapai Tribe CAP water" means the 4,000 AFY
19	of the CAP NIA priority water that—
20	(A) was previously allocated to non-Indian
21	agricultural entities;
22	(B) was retained by the Secretary for re-
23	allocation to Indian Tribes in the State pursu-
24	ant to section 104(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Central

1	Arizona Project Settlement Act of 2004 (Public
2	Law 108–451; 118 Stat. 3487); and
3	(C) is reallocated to the Hualapai Tribe
4	pursuant to section 513.
5	(44) Hualapai tribe water delivery con-
6	TRACT.—The term "Hualapai Tribe water delivery
7	contract" means the contract entered into in accord-
8	ance with the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
9	ment agreement and section 513(c) for the delivery
10	of Hualapai Tribe CAP water.
11	(45) Hualapai tribe water rights settle-
12	MENT AGREEMENT.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Hualapai
14	Tribe water rights settlement agreement"
15	means the agreement, including exhibits, enti-
16	tled "Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement
17	Agreement" and dated February 11, 2019.
18	(B) Inclusions.—The term "Hualapai
19	Tribe water rights settlement agreement" in-
20	cludes—
21	(i) any amendments necessary to
22	make the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
23	tlement agreement consistent with this
24	title; and

1	(ii) any other amendments approved
2	by the parties to the Hualapai Tribe water
3	rights settlement agreement and the Sec-
4	retary.
5	(46) Hualapai trust land.—The term
6	"Hualapai trust land" means land, other than
7	Hualapai fee land, that is—
8	(A) located—
9	(i) in the State; and
10	(ii) outside the exterior boundaries of
11	the Hualapai Reservation; and
12	(B) as of the Enforceability Date, held in
13	trust by the United States for the benefit of the
14	Hualapai Tribe.
15	(47) Hualapai water project.—The term
16	"Hualapai Water Project" means the project con-
17	structed in accordance with section $506(a)(7)(A)$.
18	(48) Hualapai water trust fund ac-
19	COUNT.—The term "Hualapai Water Trust Fund
20	Account" means the account established under sec-
21	tion $506(a)(1)$.
22	(49) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
23	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
24	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
25	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

1	(50) Injury to water rights.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "injury to
3	water rights" means any interference with, dim-
4	inution of, or deprivation of, a water right
5	under Federal, State, or other law.
6	(B) Exclusion.—The term "injury to
7	water rights" does not include any injury to
8	water quality.
9	(51) Lower basin.—The term "lower basin"
10	has the meaning given the term in article II(g) of
11	the Colorado River Compact.
12	(52) Lower Colorado River Basin Develop-
13	MENT FUND.—The term "Lower Colorado River
14	Basin Development Fund" means the fund estab-
15	lished by section 403(a) of the Colorado River Basin
16	Project Act (43 U.S.C. 1543(a)).
17	(53) Member.—The term "member" means
18	any person duly enrolled as a member of the
19	Hualapai Tribe.
20	(54) Om&R.—The term "OM&R" means—
21	(A) any recurring or ongoing activity relat-
22	ing to the day-to-day operation of a project;
23	(B) any activity relating to scheduled or
24	unscheduled maintenance of a project: and

1	(C) any activity relating to replacing a fea-
2	ture of a project.
3	(55) Parcel 1.—The term "Parcel 1" means
4	the parcel of land that is—
5	(A) depicted as 3 contiguous allotments
6	identified as 1A, 1B, and 1C on the map at-
7	tached to the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
8	tlement agreement as Exhibit 3.1.6; and
9	(B) held in trust for certain allottees.
10	(56) Parcel 2.—The term "Parcel 2" means
11	the parcel of land that is—
12	(A) depicted as "Parcel 2" on the map at-
13	tached to the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
14	tlement agreement as Exhibit 3.1.6; and
15	(B) held in trust for certain allottees.
16	(57) PARCEL 3.—The term "Parcel 3" means
17	the parcel of land that is—
18	(A) depicted as "Parcel 3" on the map at-
19	tached to the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
20	tlement agreement as Exhibit 3.1.6;
21	(B) held in trust for the Hualapai Tribe;
22	and
23	(C) part of the Hualapai Reservation pur-
24	suant to Executive Order 1368, dated June 2,
25	1911.

1	(58) Party.—The term "party" means a per-
2	son that is a signatory to the Hualapai Tribe water
3	rights settlement agreement.
4	(59) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
5	means the Secretary of the Interior.
6	(60) State.—The term "State" means the
7	State of Arizona.
8	(61) Stock watering.—The term "stock wa-
9	tering" means the watering of livestock, range live-
10	stock, or poultry.
11	(62) Surface water.—The term "surface
12	water" means all water in the State that is appro-
13	priable under State law.
14	(63) Truxton Basin.—The term "Truxton
15	Basin" means the groundwater aquifer described in
16	the report issued by the United States Geological
17	Survey entitled "Groundwater Availability in the
18	Truxton Basin, Northwestern Arizona'', Scientific
19	Investigations Report No. 2020–5017–A.
20	(64) Water.—The term "water", when used
21	without a modifying adjective, means—
22	(A) groundwater;
23	(B) surface water;
24	(C) effluent; and
25	(D) Colorado River water.

1	(65) Water right.—The term "water right"
2	means any right in or to groundwater, surface
3	water, effluent, or Colorado River water under Fed-
4	eral, State, or other law.
5	SEC. 504. RATIFICATION AND EXECUTION OF HUALAPAI
6	TRIBE WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT AGREE-
7	MENT.
8	(a) Ratification.—
9	(1) In general.—Except as modified by this
10	title and to the extent the Hualapai Tribe water
11	rights settlement agreement does not conflict with
12	this title, the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
13	agreement is authorized, ratified, and confirmed.
14	(2) Amendments.—If an amendment to the
15	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement,
16	or to any exhibit attached to the Hualapai Tribe
17	water rights settlement agreement requiring the sig-
18	nature of the Secretary, is executed in accordance
19	with this title to make the Hualapai Tribe water
20	rights settlement agreement consistent with this
21	title, the amendment is authorized, ratified, and con-
22	firmed, to the extent the amendment is consistent
23	with this title.
24	(b) Execution.—

1	(1) In General.—To the extent the Hualapai
2	Tribe water rights settlement agreement does not
3	conflict with this title, the Secretary shall execute
4	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
5	ment, including all exhibits to, or parts of, the
6	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement
7	requiring the signature of the Secretary.
8	(2) Modifications.—Nothing in this title pro-
9	hibits the Secretary from approving any modification
10	to an appendix or exhibit to the Hualapai Tribe
11	water rights settlement agreement that is consistent
12	with this title, to the extent the modification does
13	not otherwise require congressional approval under
14	section 2116 of the Revised Statutes (25 U.S.C.
15	177) or any other applicable provision of Federal
16	law.
17	(c) Environmental Compliance.—
18	(1) In General.—In implementing the
19	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement
20	(including all exhibits to the Hualapai Tribe water
21	rights settlement agreement requiring the signature
22	of the Secretary) and this title, the Secretary shall
23	comply with all applicable provisions of—
24	(A) the Endangered Species Act of 1973
25	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);

1	(B) the National Environmental Policy Act
2	of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), including the
3	implementing regulations of that Act; and
4	(C) all other applicable Federal environ-
5	mental laws and regulations.
6	(2) Compliance.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—In implementing the
8	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
9	ment and this title, the Hualapai Tribe shall
10	prepare any necessary environmental docu-
11	ments, consistent with all applicable provisions
12	of—
13	(i) the Endangered Species Act of
14	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
15	(ii) the National Environmental Policy
16	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), in-
17	cluding the implementing regulations of
18	that Act; and
19	(iii) all other applicable Federal envi-
20	ronmental laws and regulations.
21	(B) AUTHORIZATIONS.—The Secretary
22	shall—
23	(i) independently evaluate the docu-
24	mentation submitted under subparagraph
25	(A); and

1	(ii) be responsible for the accuracy,
2	scope, and contents of that documentation.
3	(3) Effect of execution.—The execution of
4	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
5	ment by the Secretary under this section shall not
6	constitute a major action for purposes of the Na-
7	tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
8	4321 et seq.).
9	SEC. 505. WATER RIGHTS.
10	(a) Water Rights to Be Held in Trust.—
11	(1) Hualapai Tribe.—The United States shall
12	hold the following water rights in trust for the ben-
13	efit of the Hualapai Tribe:
14	(A) The water rights for the Hualapai
15	Reservation described in subparagraph 4.2 of
16	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
17	agreement.
18	(B) The water rights for Hualapai trust
19	land described in subparagraph 4.4 of the
20	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
21	ment.
22	(C) The water rights described in section
23	512(e)(2) for any land taken into trust by the
24	United States for the benefit of the Hualapai
25	Tribe—

1	(i) after the Enforceability Date; and
2	(ii) in accordance with section
3	512(e)(1).
4	(D) All Hualapai Tribe CAP water.
5	(2) Allottees.—The United States shall hold
6	in trust for the benefit of the allottees all water
7	rights for the allotments described in subparagraph
8	4.3.2 of the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
9	agreement.
10	(b) Forfeiture and Abandonment.—The fol-
11	lowing water rights shall not be subject to loss through
12	non-use, forfeiture, abandonment, or other operation of
13	law:
14	(1) The water rights for the Hualapai Reserva-
15	tion described in subparagraph 4.2 of the Hualapai
16	Tribe water rights settlement agreement.
17	(2) The water rights for Hualapai trust land
18	described in subparagraph 4.4 of the Hualapai Tribe
19	water rights settlement agreement.
20	(3) Any Colorado River water entitlement pur-
21	chased by the Hualapai Tribe wholly or substantially
22	with amounts in the Economic Development Fund
23	described in section 8.1 of the Amended and Re-
24	stated Hualapai Tribe Bill Williams River Water
25	Rights Settlement Agreement.

1	(c) ALIENATION.—Any Colorado River water entitle-
2	ment purchased by the Hualapai Tribe wholly or substan-
3	tially with amounts in the Economic Development Fund
4	described in section 8.1 of the Amended and Restated
5	Hualapai Tribe Bill Williams River Water Rights Settle-
6	ment Agreement shall be restricted against permanent
7	alienation by the Hualapai Tribe.
8	(d) Hualapai Tribe Cap Water.—The Hualapai
9	Tribe shall have the right to divert, use, and store the
10	Hualapai Tribe CAP water in accordance with section
11	513.
12	(e) Colorado River Water Entitlements.—
13	(1) USES.—The Hualapai Tribe shall have the
14	right to use any Colorado River water entitlement
15	purchased by or donated to the Hualapai Tribe at
16	the location to which the entitlement is appurtenant
17	on the date on which the entitlement is purchased
18	or donated.
19	(2) Storage.—
20	(A) In general.—Subject to paragraphs
21	(3) and (5), the Hualapai Tribe may store Colo-
22	rado River water available under any Colorado
23	River water entitlement purchased by or do-
24	nated to the Hualapai Tribe at underground
25	storage facilities or groundwater savings facili-

1	ties located within the State and in accordance
2	with State law.
3	(B) Assignments.—The Hualapai Tribe
4	may assign any long-term storage credits ac-
5	crued as a result of storage under subpara-
6	graph (A) in accordance with State law.
7	(3) Transfers.—The Hualapai Tribe may
8	transfer the entitlement for use or storage under
9	paragraph (1) or (2), respectively, to another loca-
10	tion within the State, including the Hualapai Res-
11	ervation, in accordance with the Hualapai Tribe
12	water rights settlement agreement and all applicable
13	Federal and State laws governing the transfer of
14	Colorado River water entitlements within the State.
15	(4) Leases.—The Hualapai Tribe may lease
16	any Colorado River water entitlement for use or
17	storage under paragraph (1) or (2), respectively, to
18	a water user within the State, in accordance with
19	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
20	ment and all applicable Federal and State laws gov-
21	erning the transfer of Colorado River water entitle-
22	ments within the State.
23	(5) Transports.—The Hualapai Tribe, or any
24	person who leases a Colorado River water entitle-
25	ment from the Hualapai Tribe under paragraph (4),

may transport Colorado River water available under

2	the Colorado River water entitlement through the
3	Central Arizona Project in accordance with all laws
4	of the United States and the agreements between
5	the United States and the Central Arizona Water
6	Conservation District governing the use of the Cen-
7	tral Arizona Project to transport water other than
8	CAP water.
9	(f) Use Off-reservation.—No water rights to
10	groundwater under the Hualapai Reservation or Hualapai
11	trust land, or to surface water on the Hualapai Reserva-
12	tion or Hualapai trust land, may be sold, leased, trans-
13	ferred, or used outside the boundaries of the Hualapa
14	Reservation or Hualapai trust land, other than under an
15	exchange.
16	(g) Groundwater Transportation.—
17	(1) FEE LAND.—Groundwater may be trans-
18	ported in accordance with State law away from
19	Hualapai fee land and away from land acquired in
20	fee by the Hualapai Tribe, including by a tribally
21	owned corporation, after the Enforceability Date.
22	(2) Land added to hualapai reserva-
23	TION.—Groundwater may be transported in accord-
24	ance with State law away from land added to the

1	Hualapai Reservation by sections 511 and 512 to
2	other land within the Hualapai Reservation.
3	SEC. 506. HUALAPAI WATER TRUST FUND ACCOUNT; CON-
4	STRUCTION OF HUALAPAI WATER PROJECT;
5	FUNDING.
6	(a) Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account.—
7	(1) Establishment.—The Secretary shall es-
8	tablish a trust fund account, to be known as the
9	"Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account", to be man-
10	aged, invested, and distributed by the Secretary and
11	to remain available until expended, withdrawn, or re-
12	verted to the general fund of the Treasury, con-
13	sisting of the amounts deposited in the Hualapai
14	Water Trust Fund Account under paragraph (2), to-
15	gether with any interest earned on those amounts,
16	for the purposes of carrying out this title.
17	(2) Deposits.—The Secretary shall deposit in
18	the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account the
19	amounts made available pursuant to section
20	507(a)(1).
21	(3) Management and interest.—
22	(A) Management.—On receipt and de-
23	posit of funds into the Hualapai Water Trust
24	Fund Account, the Secretary shall manage, in-
25	vest, and distribute all amounts in the Hualapai

1	Water Trust Fund Account in a manner that is
2	consistent with the investment authority of the
3	Secretary under—
4	(i) the first section of the Act of June
5	24, 1938 (25 U.S.C. 162a);
6	(ii) the American Indian Trust Fund
7	Management Reform Act of 1994 (25
8	U.S.C. 4001 et seq.); and
9	(iii) this subsection.
10	(B) Investment earnings.—In addition
11	to the deposits made to the Hualapai Water
12	Trust Fund Account under paragraph (2), any
13	investment earnings, including interest, credited
14	to amounts held in the Hualapai Water Trust
15	Fund Account are authorized to be used in ac-
16	cordance with paragraph (7).
17	(4) Availability of amounts.—
18	(A) In general.—Amounts appropriated
19	to, and deposited in, the Hualapai Water Trust
20	Fund Account, including any investment earn-
21	ings, shall be made available to the Hualapai
22	Tribe by the Secretary beginning on the En-
23	forceability Date, subject to the requirements of
24	this section.

1	(B) USE.—Notwithstanding subparagraph
2	(A), amounts deposited in the Hualapai Water
3	Trust Fund Account shall be available to the
4	Hualapai Tribe on the date on which the
5	amounts are deposited for environmental com-
6	pliance, as provided in section 508.
7	(5) Withdrawals.—
8	(A) WITHDRAWALS UNDER THE AMERICAN
9	INDIAN TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT REFORM
10	ACT OF 1994.—
11	(i) In General.—The Hualapai
12	Tribe may withdraw any portion of the
13	amounts in the Hualapai Water Trust
14	Fund Account on approval by the Sec-
15	retary of a Tribal management plan sub-
16	mitted by the Tribe in accordance with the
17	American Indian Trust Fund Management
18	Reform Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 4001 et
19	seq.).
20	(ii) Requirements.—In addition to
21	the requirements under the American In-
22	dian Trust Fund Management Reform Act
23	of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), the
24	Tribal management plan under this sub-
25	paragraph shall require that the Hualapai

1	Tribe spend all amounts withdrawn from
2	the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account
3	and any investment earnings accrued
4	through the investments under the Tribal
5	management plan in accordance with this
6	title.
7	(iii) Enforcement.—The Secretary
8	may carry out such judicial and adminis-
9	trative actions as the Secretary determines
10	to be necessary to enforce the Tribal man-
11	agement plan under this subparagraph to
12	ensure that amounts withdrawn by the
13	Hualapai Tribe from the Hualapai Water
14	Trust Fund Account under clause (i) are
15	used in accordance with this title.
16	(B) WITHDRAWALS UNDER EXPENDITURE
17	PLAN.—
18	(i) In General.—The Hualapai
19	Tribe may submit to the Secretary a re-
20	quest to withdraw funds from the
21	Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account pur-
22	suant to an approved expenditure plan.
23	(ii) Requirements.—To be eligible
24	to withdraw amounts under an expenditure
25	plan under this subparagraph, the

1	Hualapai Tribe shall submit to the Sec-
2	retary an expenditure plan for any portion
3	of the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Ac-
4	count that the Hualapai Tribe elects to
5	withdraw pursuant to this subparagraph,
6	subject to the condition that the amounts
7	shall be used for the purposes described in
8	this title.
9	(iii) Inclusions.—An expenditure
10	plan under this subparagraph shall include
11	a description of the manner and purpose
12	for which the amounts proposed to be
13	withdrawn from the Hualapai Water Trust
14	Fund Account will be used by the
15	Hualapai Tribe, in accordance with para-
16	graph (7).
17	(iv) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall
18	approve an expenditure plan submitted
19	under clause (ii) if the Secretary deter-
20	mines that the plan—
21	(I) is reasonable; and
22	(II) is consistent with, and will
23	be used for, the purposes of this title.
24	(v) Enforcement.—The Secretary
25	may carry out such judicial and adminis-

1	trative actions as the Secretary determines
2	to be necessary to enforce an expenditure
3	plan to ensure that amounts disbursed
4	under this subparagraph are used in ac-
5	cordance with this title.
6	(6) Effect of title.—Nothing in this section
7	gives the Hualapai Tribe the right to judicial review
8	of a determination of the Secretary relating to
9	whether to approve a Tribal management plan under
10	paragraph (5)(A) or an expenditure plan under
11	paragraph (5)(B) except under subchapter II of
12	chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5, United States
13	Code (commonly known as the "Administrative Pro-
14	cedure Act'').
15	(7) Uses.—Amounts from the Hualapai Water
16	Trust Fund Account shall be used by the Hualapai
17	Tribe—
18	(A) to plan, design, construct, and conduct
19	related activities, including compliance with
20	Federal environmental laws under section 508,
21	the Hualapai Water Project, which shall be de-
22	signed to divert, treat, and convey up to 3,414
23	AFY of water from the Colorado River in the
24	lower basin in the State, including locations on
25	or directly adjacent to the Hualapai Reserva-

1	tion, for municipal, commercial, and industrial
2	uses on the Hualapai Reservation;
3	(B) to perform OM&R on the Hualapai
4	Water Project;
5	(C) to construct facilities to transport elec-
6	trical power to pump water for the Hualapai
7	Water Project;
8	(D) to construct, repair, and replace such
9	infrastructure as may be necessary for ground-
10	water wells on the Hualapai Reservation and to
11	construct infrastructure for delivery and use of
12	such groundwater on the Hualapai Reservation;
13	(E) to acquire land, interests in land, and
14	water rights outside the exterior boundaries of
15	the Hualapai Reservation that are located in
16	the Truxton Basin;
17	(F) to reimburse the Hualapai Tribe for
18	any—
19	(i) planning, design, and engineering
20	costs associated with the Hualapai Water
21	Project that the Hualapai Tribe incurs
22	using Tribal funds during the period—
23	(I) beginning on the date of the
24	enactment of this title; and

1	(II) ending on the Enforceability
2	Date; and
3	(ii) construction costs associated with
4	the Hualapai Water Project that the
5	Hualapai Tribe incurs using Tribal funds
6	during the period—
7	(I) beginning on the date on
8	which the Secretary issues a record of
9	decision; and
10	(II) ending on the Enforceability
11	Date; and
12	(G) to make contributions to the Economic
13	Development Fund described in section 8.1 of
14	the Amended and Restated Hualapai Tribe Bill
15	Williams River Water Rights Settlement Agree-
16	ment for the purpose of purchasing additional
17	Colorado River water entitlements and appur-
18	tenant land.
19	(8) LIABILITY.—The Secretary and the Sec-
20	retary of the Treasury shall not be liable for the ex-
21	penditure or investment of any amounts withdrawn
22	from the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account by
23	the Hualapai Tribe under paragraph (5).
24	(9) TITLE TO INFRASTRUCTURE.—Title to, con-
25	trol over, and operation of any project constructed

1	using funds from the Hualapai Water Trust Fund
2	Account shall remain in the Hualapai Tribe.
3	(10) OM&R.—All OM&R costs of any project
4	constructed using funds from the Hualapai Water
5	Trust Fund Account shall be the responsibility of
6	the Hualapai Tribe.
7	(11) No per capita distributions.—No por-
8	tion of the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account
9	shall be distributed on a per capita basis to any
10	member of the Hualapai Tribe.
11	(12) Expenditure reports.—The Hualapai
12	Tribe shall annually submit to the Secretary an ex-
13	penditure report describing accomplishments and
14	amounts spent from use of withdrawals under a
15	Tribal management plan or an expenditure plan
16	under this title.
17	(b) Hualapai Water Settlement Implementa-
18	TION FUND ACCOUNT.—
19	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in
20	the Treasury of the United States a nontrust, inter-
21	est-bearing account, to be known as the "Hualapai
22	Water Settlement Implementation Fund Account"
23	(referred to in this subsection as the "Implementa-
24	tion Fund Account") to be managed and distributed

1	by the Secretary, for use by the Secretary for car-
2	rying out this title.
3	(2) Deposits.—The Secretary shall deposit in
4	the Implementation Fund Account the amounts
5	made available pursuant to section 507(a)(2).
6	(3) Uses.—The Implementation Fund Account
7	shall be used by the Secretary to carry out section
8	515(c), including for groundwater monitoring in the
9	Truxton Basin.
10	(4) Interest.—In addition to the deposits
11	under paragraph (2), any investment earnings, in-
12	cluding interest, credited to amounts unexpended in
13	the Implementation Fund Account are authorized to
14	be appropriated to be used in accordance with para-
15	graph (3).
16	SEC. 507. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	(a) Authorizations.—
18	(1) Hualapai water trust fund ac-
19	COUNT.—There is authorized to be appropriated to
20	the Secretary for deposit in the Hualapai Water
21	Trust Fund Account \$180,000,000, to be available
22	until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the gen-
23	eral fund of the Treasury.
24	(2) Hualapai water settlement implemen-
25	TATION FUND ACCOUNT.—There is authorized to be

1	appropriated to the Secretary for deposit in the
2	Hualapai Water Settlement Implementation Fund
3	account established by section $506(b)(1)$ \$5,000,000.
4	(b) Fluctuation in Costs.—
5	(1) In general.—The amount authorized to
6	be appropriated under subsection (a)(1) shall be in-
7	creased or decreased, as appropriate, by such
8	amounts as may be justified by reason of ordinary
9	fluctuations in costs occurring after the date of the
10	enactment of this title, as indicated by the Bureau
11	of Reclamation Construction Cost Index—Composite
12	Trend.
13	(2) Construction costs adjustment.—The
14	amount authorized to be appropriated under sub-
15	section (a)(1) shall be adjusted to address construc-
16	tion cost changes necessary to account for unfore-
17	seen market volatility that may not otherwise be
18	captured by engineering cost indices as determined
19	by the Secretary, including repricing applicable to
20	the types of construction and current industry
21	standards involved.
22	(3) Repetition.—The adjustment process
23	under this subsection shall be repeated for each sub-
24	sequent amount appropriated until the amount au-
25	thorized, as adjusted, has been appropriated.

1	(4) Period of indexing.—The period of in-
2	dexing adjustment for any increment of funding
3	shall end on the date on which the funds are depos-
4	ited in the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account.
5	SEC. 508. ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE.
6	(a) In General.—Effective beginning on the date
7	of deposit of funds in the Hualapai Water Trust Fund
8	Account, the Hualapai Tribe may commence any environ-
9	mental, cultural, and historical compliance activities nec-
10	essary to implement the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
11	tlement agreement and this title, including activities nec-
12	essary to comply with all applicable provisions of—
13	(1) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
14	U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
15	(2) the National Environmental Policy Act of
16	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), including the imple-
17	menting regulations of that Act; and
18	(3) all other applicable Federal environmental
19	or historical and cultural protection laws and regula-
20	tions.
21	(b) No Effect on Outcome.—Nothing in this title
22	affects or directs the outcome of any analysis under the
23	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
24	4321 et seq.) or any other applicable Federal environ-
25	mental or historical and cultural protection law.

- 1 (c) COMPLIANCE COSTS.—Any costs associated with
- 2 the performance of the compliance activities under sub-
- 3 section (a) shall be paid from funds deposited in the
- 4 Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account, subject to the con-
- 5 dition that any costs associated with the performance of
- 6 Federal approval or other review of such compliance work
- 7 or costs associated with inherently Federal functions shall
- 8 remain the responsibility of the Secretary.
- 9 (d) RECORD OF DECISION.—Construction of the
- 10 Hualapai Water Project shall not commence until the Sec-
- 11 retary issues a record of decision after completion of an
- 12 environmental impact statement for the Hualapai Water
- 13 Project.
- 14 (e) Construction Costs.—Any costs of construc-
- 15 tion incurred by the Hualapai Tribe during the period be-
- 16 ginning on the date on which the Secretary issues a record
- 17 of decision and ending on the Enforceability Date shall
- 18 be paid by the Hualapai Tribe and not from funds depos-
- 19 ited in the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Account, subject
- 20 to the condition that, pursuant to section 506(a)(7)(F),
- 21 the Hualapai Tribe may be reimbursed after the Enforce-
- 22 ability Date from the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Ac-
- 23 count for any such costs of construction incurred by the
- 24 Hualapai Tribe prior to the Enforceability Date.

1	SEC. 509. WAIVERS, RELEASES, AND RETENTIONS OF
2	CLAIMS.
3	(a) Waivers and Releases of Claims by the
4	Hualapai Tribe.—
5	(1) CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE AND OTH-
6	ERS.—
7	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
8	subparagraph (C), the Hualapai Tribe, on be-
9	half of the Hualapai Tribe and the members of
10	the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the ca-
11	pacity of the members as allottees) and the
12	United States, acting as trustee for the
13	Hualapai Tribe and the members of the
14	Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the capac-
15	ity of the members as allottees), as part of the
16	performance of the respective obligations of the
17	Hualapai Tribe and the United States under
18	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
19	agreement and this title, are authorized to exe-
20	cute a waiver and release of any claims against
21	the State (or any agency or political subdivision
22	of the State) and any other individual, entity,
23	corporation, or municipal corporation under
24	Federal, State, or other law for all—
25	(i) past, present, and future claims for
26	water rights, including rights to Colorado

1	River water, for Hualapai land, arising
2	from time immemorial and, thereafter, for-
3	ever;
4	(ii) past, present, and future claims
5	for water rights, including rights to Colo-
6	rado River water, arising from time imme-
7	morial and, thereafter, forever, that are
8	based on the aboriginal occupancy of land
9	by the Hualapai Tribe, the predecessors of
10	the Hualapai Tribe, the members of the
11	Hualapai Tribe, or predecessors of the
12	members of the Hualapai Tribe;
13	(iii) past and present claims for injury
14	to water rights, including injury to rights
15	to Colorado River water, for Hualapai
16	land, arising from time immemorial
17	through the Enforceability Date;
18	(iv) past, present, and future claims
19	for injury to water rights, including injury
20	to rights to Colorado River water, arising
21	from time immemorial and, thereafter, for-
22	ever, that are based on the aboriginal occu-
23	pancy of land by the Hualapai Tribe, the
24	predecessors of the Hualapai Tribe, the
25	members of the Hualapai Tribe, or prede-

1	cessors of the members of the Hualapai
2	Tribe;
3	(v) claims for injury to water rights,
4	including injury to rights to Colorado
5	River water, arising after the Enforce-
6	ability Date, for Hualapai land, resulting
7	from the off-reservation diversion or use of
8	surface water, Colorado River water, or ef-
9	fluent in a manner not in violation of the
10	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
11	agreement or State law;
12	(vi) past, present, and future claims
13	arising out of, or relating in any manner
14	to, the negotiation, execution, or adoption
15	of the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
16	ment agreement, any judgment or decree
17	approving or incorporating the Hualapai
18	Tribe water rights settlement agreement,
19	or this title;
20	(vii) claims for water rights of the
21	Hualapai Tribe or the United States, act-
22	ing as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe and
23	members of the Hualapai Tribe, with re-
24	spect to Parcel 3, in excess of 300 AFY;

1	(viii) claims for injury to water rights
2	arising after the Enforceability Date for
3	Hualapai land resulting from the off-res-
4	ervation diversion or use of groundwater
5	from—
6	(I) any well constructed outside
7	of the Truxton Basin on or before the
8	date of the enactment of this title;
9	(II) any well constructed outside
10	of the Truxton Basin, and not more
11	than 2 miles from the exterior bound-
12	aries of the Hualapai Reservation,
13	after the date of the enactment of this
14	title if—
15	(aa) the well was con-
16	structed to replace a well in ex-
17	istence on the date of the enact-
18	ment of this title;
19	(bb) the replacement well
20	was constructed within 660 feet
21	of the well being replaced; and
22	(cc) the pumping capacity
23	and case diameter of the replace-
24	ment well do not exceed the
25	pumping capacity and case di-

1	ameter of the well being replaced;
2	or
3	(III) any well constructed outside
4	the Truxton Basin, and not less than
5	2 miles from the exterior boundaries
6	of the Hualapai Reservation, after the
7	date of the enactment of this title,
8	subject to the condition that the au-
9	thorizations and restrictions regarding
10	the location, size, and operation of
11	wells in the Bill Williams River water-
12	shed set forth in the Bill Williams
13	agreements and the Bill Williams Act,
14	and the waivers of claims in the Bill
15	Williams agreements and the Bill Wil-
16	liams Act, shall continue to apply to
17	the parties to the Bill Williams agree-
18	ments, notwithstanding the provisions
19	of this subsection; and
20	(ix) claims for injury to water rights
21	arising after the Enforceability Date, for
22	Hualapai land, resulting from the off-res-
23	ervation diversion or use of groundwater in
24	the Truxton Basin from—

1	(I) any well constructed within
2	the Truxton Basin for domestic pur-
3	poses or stock watering—
4	(aa) on or before the date on
5	which the Secretary provides
6	written notice to the State pursu-
7	ant to section $515(e)(2)$; or
8	(bb) after the date on which
9	the Secretary provides written
10	notice to the State pursuant to
11	that section if—
12	(AA) the well was con-
13	structed to replace a well in
14	existence on the date on
15	which the notice was pro-
16	vided;
17	(BB) the replacement
18	well was constructed within
19	660 feet of the well being re-
20	placed; and
21	(CC) the pumping ca-
22	pacity and case diameter of
23	the replacement well do not
24	exceed the pumping capacity

1	and case diameter of the
2	well being replaced; and
3	(II) any well constructed within
4	the Truxton Basin for purposes other
5	than domestic purposes or stock wa-
6	tering—
7	(aa) on or before the date of
8	the enactment of this title;
9	(bb) after the date of the en-
10	actment of this title if the Sec-
11	retary has not provided written
12	notice to the State pursuant to
13	section $515(e)(2)$; or
14	(cc) after the date of the en-
15	actment of this title if the Sec-
16	retary has provided written no-
17	tice to the State pursuant to sec-
18	tion $515(c)(2)$ and if—
19	(AA) the well was con-
20	structed to replace a well in
21	existence on the on which
22	date the notice was pro-
23	vided;
24	(BB) the replacement
25	well was constructed within

1	660 feet of the well being re-
2	placed; and
3	(CC) the pumping ca-
4	pacity and case diameter of
5	the replacement well do not
6	exceed the pumping capacity
7	and case diameter of the
8	well being replaced.
9	(B) Effective date.—The waiver and
10	release of claims described in subparagraph (A)
11	shall take effect on the Enforceability Date.
12	(C) Reservation of rights and reten-
13	TION OF CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding the waiver
14	and release of claims described in subparagraph
15	(A), the Hualapai Tribe, acting on behalf of the
16	Hualapai Tribe and the members of the
17	Hualapai Tribe, and the United States, acting
18	as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe and the mem-
19	bers of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in
20	the capacity of the members as allottees), shall
21	retain any right—
22	(i) subject to subparagraph 12.7 of
23	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
24	agreement, to assert claims for injuries to,
25	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the

1	Hualapai Tribe under the Hualapai Tribe
2	water rights settlement agreement or this
3	title in any Federal or State court of com-
4	petent jurisdiction;
5	(ii) to assert claims for injuries to,
6	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the
7	Hualapai Tribe under any judgment or de-
8	cree approving or incorporating the
9	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
10	agreement;
11	(iii) to assert claims for water rights
12	based on State law for land owned or ac-
13	quired by the Hualapai Tribe in fee, under
14	subparagraph 4.8 of the Hualapai Tribe
15	water rights settlement agreement;
16	(iv) to object to any claims for water
17	rights or injury to water rights by or for
18	any Indian Tribe or the United States, act-
19	ing on behalf of any Indian Tribe;
20	(v) to assert past, present, or future
21	claims for injury to water rights against
22	any Indian Tribe or the United States, act-
23	ing on behalf of any Indian Tribe;
24	(vi) to assert claims for injuries to,
25	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the

1	Hualapai Tribe under the Bill Williams
2	agreements or the Bill Williams Act in any
3	Federal or State court of competent juris-
4	diction;
5	(vii) subject to paragraphs (1), (3),
6	(4), and (5) of section 505(e), to assert the
7	rights of the Hualapai Tribe under any
8	Colorado River water entitlement pur-
9	chased by or donated to the Hualapai
10	Tribe; and
11	(viii) to assert claims for injury to
12	water rights arising after the Enforce-
13	ability Date for Hualapai land resulting
14	from any off-reservation diversion or use of
15	groundwater, without regard to quantity,
16	from—
17	(I) any well constructed after the
18	date of the enactment of this Act out-
19	side of the Truxton Basin and not
20	more than 2 miles from the exterior
21	boundaries of the Hualapai Reserva-
22	tion, except a replacement well de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (A)(viii)(II),
24	subject to the authorizations and re-
25	strictions regarding the location, size,

1	and operation of wells in the Bill Wil-
2	liams River watershed, and the waiv-
3	ers of claims, set forth in the Bill Wil-
4	liams agreements and the Bill Wil-
5	liams Act;
6	(II) any well constructed within
7	the Truxton Basin for domestic pur-
8	poses or stock watering after the date
9	on which the Secretary has provided
10	written notice to the State pursuant
11	to section 515(c)(2), except for a re-
12	placement well described in subpara-
13	graph (A)(ix)(I)(bb); and
14	(III) any well constructed within
15	the Truxton Basin for purposes other
16	than domestic purposes or stock wa-
17	tering after the date of the enactment
18	of this Act, if the Secretary has pro-
19	vided notice to the State pursuant to
20	section 515(c)(2), except for a re-
21	placement well as described in sub-
22	paragraph $(A)(ix)(II)(cc)$.
23	(2) Claims against united states.—
24	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
25	subparagraph (C), the Hualapai Tribe, acting

1	on behalf of the Hualapai Tribe and the mem-
2	bers of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in
3	the capacity of the members as allottees) as
4	part of the performance of the obligations of
5	the Hualapai Tribe under the Hualapai Tribe
6	water rights settlement agreement and this
7	title, is authorized to execute a waiver and re-
8	lease of all claims against the United States, in-
9	cluding agencies, officials, and employees of the
10	United States, under Federal, State, or other
11	law for all—
12	(i) past, present, and future claims for
13	water rights, including rights to Colorado
14	River water, for Hualapai land, arising
15	from time immemorial and, thereafter, for-
16	ever;
17	(ii) past, present, and future claims
18	for water rights, including rights to Colo-
19	rado River water, arising from time imme-
20	morial and, thereafter, forever, that are
21	based on the aboriginal occupancy of land
22	by the Hualapai Tribe, the predecessors of
23	the Hualapai Tribe, the members of the
24	Hualapai Tribe, or predecessors of the
25	members of the Hualapai Tribe;

1	(iii) past and present claims relating
2	in any manner to damages, losses, or in-
3	jury to water rights (including injury to
4	rights to Colorado River water), land, or
5	other resources due to loss of water or
6	water rights (including damages, losses, or
7	injuries to hunting, fishing, gathering, or
8	cultural rights due to loss of water or
9	water rights, claims relating to interference
10	with, diversion, or taking of water, or
11	claims relating to the failure to protect, ac-
12	quire, or develop water, water rights, or
13	water infrastructure) within the State that
14	first accrued at any time prior to the En-
15	forceability Date;
16	(iv) past and present claims for injury
17	to water rights, including injury to rights
18	to Colorado River water, for Hualapai
19	land, arising from time immemorial
20	through the Enforceability Date;
21	(v) past, present, and future claims
22	for injury to water rights, including injury
23	to rights to Colorado River water, arising
24	from time immemorial and, thereafter, for-
25	ever, that are based on the aboriginal occu-

1	pancy of land by the Hualapai Tribe, the
2	predecessors of the Hualapai Tribe, the
3	members of the Hualapai Tribe, or prede-
4	cessors of the members of the Hualapai
5	Tribe;
6	(vi) claims for injury to water rights,
7	including injury to rights to Colorado
8	River water, arising after the Enforce-
9	ability Date for Hualapai land, resulting
10	from the off-reservation diversion or use of
11	surface water, Colorado River water, or ef-
12	fluent in a manner not in violation of the
13	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
14	agreement or State law;
15	(vii) past, present, and future claims
16	arising out of, or relating in any manner
17	to, the negotiation, execution, or adoption
18	of the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
19	ment agreement, any judgment or decree
20	approving or incorporating the Hualapai
21	Tribe water rights settlement agreement,
22	or this title;
23	(viii) claims for injury to water rights
24	arising after the Enforceability Date for
25	Hualapai land resulting from the off-Res-

1	ervation diversion or use of groundwater
2	from—
3	(I) any well constructed on public
4	domain land outside of the Truxton
5	Basin on or before the date of the en-
6	actment of this title;
7	(II) any well constructed on pub-
8	lie domain land outside of the Truxton
9	Basin, and not more than 2 miles
10	from the exterior boundaries of the
11	Hualapai Reservation, after the date
12	of the enactment of this title if—
13	(aa) the well was con-
14	structed to replace a well in ex-
15	istence on the date of the enact-
16	ment of this title;
17	(bb) the replacement well
18	was constructed within 660 feet
19	of the well being replaced; and
20	(cc) the pumping capacity
21	and case diameter of the replace-
22	ment well do not exceed the
23	pumping capacity and case di-
24	ameter of the well being replaced;
25	OI^{\bullet}

1	(III) any well constructed on
2	public domain land outside of the
3	Truxton Basin, and not less than 2
4	miles from the exterior boundaries of
5	the Hualapai Reservation, after the
6	date of the enactment of this Act,
7	subject to the condition that the au-
8	thorizations and restrictions regarding
9	the location, size, and operation of
10	wells in the Bill Williams River water-
11	shed set forth in the Bill Williams
12	agreements and the Bill Williams Act,
13	and the waivers of claims in the Bill
14	Williams agreements and the Bill Wil-
15	liams Act, shall continue to apply to
16	the parties to the Bill Williams agree-
17	ments, notwithstanding the provisions
18	of this subsection; and
19	(ix) claims for injury to water rights
20	arising after the Enforceability Date for
21	Hualapai land resulting from the off-res-
22	ervation diversion or use of groundwater in
23	the Truxton Basin from—
24	(I) any well constructed on public
25	domain land within the Truxton Basin

1	for domestic purposes or stock water-
2	ing—
3	(aa) on or before the date on
4	which the Secretary provides
5	written notice to the State pursu-
6	ant to section 515(c)(2); or
7	(bb) after the date on which
8	the Secretary provides written
9	notice to the State pursuant to
10	that section if—
11	(AA) the well was con-
12	structed to replace a well in
13	existence on the date on
14	which the notice was pro-
15	vided;
16	(BB) the replacement
17	well was constructed within
18	660 feet of the well being re-
19	placed; and
20	(CC) the pumping ca-
21	pacity and case diameter of
22	the replacement well do not
23	exceed the pumping capacity
24	and case diameter of the
25	well being replaced; and

1	(II) any well constructed on pub-
2	lic domain land within the Truxton
3	Basin for purposes other than domes-
4	tic purposes or stock watering—
5	(aa) on or before the date of
6	the enactment of this title;
7	(bb) after the date of the en-
8	actment of this title if the Sec-
9	retary has not provided written
10	notice to the State pursuant to
11	section $515(e)(2)$; or
12	(cc) after the date of the en-
13	actment of this title if the Sec-
14	retary has provided written no-
15	tice to the State pursuant to sec-
16	tion $515(e)(2)$ and if—
17	(AA) the well was con-
18	structed to replace a well in
19	existence on the date on
20	which the notice was pro-
21	vided;
22	(BB) the replacement
23	well was constructed within
24	660 feet of the well being re-
25	placed; and

1	(CC) the pumping ca-
2	pacity and case diameter of
3	the replacement well do not
4	exceed the pumping capacity
5	and case diameter of the
6	well being replaced.
7	(B) Effective date.—The waiver and
8	release of claims described in subparagraph (A)
9	shall take effect on the Enforceability Date.
10	(C) RETENTION OF CLAIMS.—Notwith-
11	standing the waiver and release of claims de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A), the Hualapai
13	Tribe and the members of the Hualapai Tribe
14	(but not members in the capacity of the mem-
15	bers as allottees) shall retain any right—
16	(i) subject to subparagraph 12.7 of
17	the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
18	agreement, to assert claims for injuries to,
19	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the
20	Hualapai Tribe under the Hualapai Tribe
21	water rights settlement agreement or this
22	title in any Federal or State court of com-
23	petent jurisdiction;
24	(ii) to assert claims for injuries to,
25	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the

1	Hualapai Tribe under any judgment or de-
2	cree approving or incorporating the
3	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
4	agreement;
5	(iii) to assert claims for water rights
6	based on State law for land owned or ac-
7	quired by the Hualapai Tribe in fee under
8	subparagraph 4.8 of the Hualapai Tribe
9	water rights settlement agreement;
10	(iv) to object to any claims for water
11	rights or injury to water rights by or for
12	any Indian Tribe or the United States, act-
13	ing on behalf of any Indian Tribe;
14	(v) to assert past, present, or future
15	claims for injury to water rights against
16	any Indian Tribe or the United States, act-
17	ing on behalf of any Indian Tribe;
18	(vi) to assert claims for injuries to,
19	and seek enforcement of, the rights of the
20	Hualapai Tribe under the Bill Williams
21	agreements or the Bill Williams Act in any
22	Federal or State court of competent juris-
23	diction;
24	(vii) subject to paragraphs (1), (3),
25	(4), and (5) of section 505(e), to assert the

1	rights of the Hualapai Tribe under any
2	Colorado River water entitlement pur-
3	chased by or donated to the Hualapai
4	Tribe; and
5	(viii) to assert any claims for injury to
6	water rights arising after the Enforce-
7	ability Date for Hualapai land resulting
8	from any off-reservation diversion or use of
9	groundwater, without regard to quantity,
10	from—
11	(I) any well constructed after the
12	date of the enactment of this title on
13	public domain land outside of the
14	Truxton Basin and not more than 2
15	miles from the exterior boundaries of
16	the Hualapai Reservation, except for a
17	replacement well described in subpara-
18	graph (A)(viii)(II), subject to the au-
19	thorizations and restrictions regarding
20	the location, size, and operation of
21	wells in the Bill Williams River water-
22	shed, and the waivers of claims, set
23	forth in the Bill Williams agreements
24	and the Bill Williams Act:

1	(II) any well constructed on pub-
2	lie domain land within the Truxtor
3	Basin for domestic purposes or stock
4	watering after the date on which the
5	Secretary has provided written notice
6	to the State pursuant to section
7	515(c)(2), except for a replacement
8	well described in subparagraph
9	(A)(ix)(I)(bb); and
10	(III) any well constructed or
11	public domain land within the
12	Truxton Basin for purposes other
13	than domestic purposes or stock was
14	tering after the date of the enactment
15	of this title, if the Secretary has pro-
16	vided notice to the State pursuant to
17	section $515(c)(2)$, except for a re-
18	placement well as described in sub-
19	paragraph $(A)(ix)(II)(ce)$.
20	(b) Waivers and Releases of Claims by United
21	STATES, ACTING AS TRUSTEE FOR ALLOTTEES.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (3), the United States, acting as trustee for
24	the allottees of the Hualapai Tribe, as part of the
25	performance of the obligations of the United States

1	under the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
2	agreement and this title, is authorized to execute a
3	waiver and release of any claims against the State
4	(or any agency or political subdivision of the State),
5	the Hualapai Tribe, and any other individual, entity,
6	corporation, or municipal corporation under Federal,
7	State, or other law, for all—
8	(A) past, present, and future claims for
9	water rights, including rights to Colorado River
10	water, for the allotments, arising thereafter,
11	forever, that are based on the aboriginal occu-
12	pancy of land by the allottees or predecessors of
13	the allottees from time immemorial and, there-
14	after, forever;
15	(B) past, present, and future claims for
16	water rights, including rights to Colorado River
17	water, arising from time immemorial and,
18	(C) past and present claims for injury to
19	water rights, including injury to rights to Colo-
20	rado River water, for the allotments, arising
21	from time immemorial through the Enforce-
22	ability Date;
23	(D) past, present, and future claims for in-
24	jury to water rights, if any, including injury to
25	rights to Colorado River water, arising from

1	time immemorial and, thereafter, forever, that
2	are based on the aboriginal occupancy of land
3	by the allottees or predecessors of the allottees;
4	(E) claims for injury to water rights, in-
5	cluding injury to rights to Colorado River
6	water, arising after the Enforceability Date, for
7	the allotments, resulting from the off-reserva-
8	tion diversion or use of water in a manner not
9	in violation of the Hualapai Tribe water rights
10	settlement agreement or State law;
11	(F) past, present, and future claims aris-
12	ing out of, or relating in any manner to, the ne-
13	gotiation, execution, or adoption of the
14	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
15	ment, any judgment or decree approving or in-
16	corporating the Hualapai Tribe water rights
17	settlement agreement, or this title; and
18	(G) claims for any water rights of the
19	allottees or the United States acting as trustee
20	for the allottees with respect to—
21	(i) Parcel 1, in excess of 82 AFY; or
22	(ii) Parcel 2, in excess of 312 AFY.
23	(2) Effective date.—The waiver and release
24	of claims under paragraph (1) shall take effect on
25	the Enforceability Date.

1	(3) Retention of claims.—Notwithstanding
2	the waiver and release of claims described in para-
3	graph (1), the United States, acting as trustee for
4	the allottees of the Hualapai Tribe, shall retain any
5	right—
6	(A) subject to subparagraph 12.7 of the
7	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
8	ment, to assert claims for injuries to, and seek
9	enforcement of, the rights of the allottees, if
10	any, under the Hualapai Tribe water rights set-
11	tlement agreement or this title in any Federal
12	or State court of competent jurisdiction;
13	(B) to assert claims for injuries to, and
14	seek enforcement of, the rights of the allottees
15	under any judgment or decree approving or in-
16	corporating the Hualapai Tribe water rights
17	settlement agreement;
18	(C) to object to any claims for water rights
19	or injury to water rights by or for—
20	(i) any Indian Tribe other than the
21	Hualapai Tribe; or
22	(ii) the United States, acting on be-
23	half of any Indian Tribe other than the
24	Hualapai Tribe;

1	(D) to assert past, present, or future
2	claims for injury to water rights against—
3	(i) any Indian Tribe other than the
4	Hualapai Tribe; or
5	(ii) the United States, acting on be-
6	half of any Indian Tribe other than the
7	Hualapai Tribe; and
8	(E) to assert claims for injuries to, and
9	seek enforcement of, the rights of the allottees
10	under the Bill Williams agreements or the Bill
11	Williams Act in any Federal or State court of
12	competent jurisdiction.
13	(e) Waiver and Release of Claims by United
14	STATES AGAINST HUALAPAI TRIBE.—
15	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
16	graph (3), the United States, in all capacities (ex-
17	cept as trustee for an Indian Tribe other than the
18	Hualapai Tribe), as part of the performance of the
19	obligations of the United States under the Hualapai
20	Tribe water rights settlement agreement and this
21	title, is authorized to execute a waiver and release
22	of all claims against the Hualapai Tribe, the mem-
23	bers of the Hualapai Tribe, or any agency, official,
24	or employee of the Hualapai Tribe, under Federal,
25	State or any other law for all—

1	(A) past and present claims for injury to
2	water rights, including injury to rights to Colo-
3	rado River water, resulting from the diversion
4	or use of water on Hualapai land arising from
5	time immemorial through the Enforceability
6	Date;
7	(B) claims for injury to water rights, in-
8	cluding injury to rights to Colorado River
9	water, arising after the Enforceability Date, re-
10	sulting from the diversion or use of water on
11	Hualapai land in a manner that is not in viola-
12	tion of the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
13	ment agreement or State law; and
14	(C) past, present, and future claims aris-
15	ing out of, or related in any manner to, the ne-
16	gotiation, execution, or adoption of the
17	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
18	ment, any judgment or decree approving or in-
19	corporating the Hualapai Tribe water rights
20	settlement agreement, or this title.
21	(2) Effective date.—The waiver and release
22	of claims under paragraph (1) shall take effect on
23	the Enforceability Date.
24	(3) Retention of Claims.—Notwithstanding
25	the waiver and release of claims described in para-

1	graph (1), the United States shall retain any right
2	to assert any claim not expressly waived in accord-
3	ance with that paragraph, including any right to as-
4	sert a claim for injury to, and seek enforcement of,
5	any right of the United States under the Bill Wil-
6	liams agreements or the Bill Williams Act, in any
7	Federal or State court of competent jurisdiction.
8	(d) BILL WILLIAMS RIVER PHASE 2 WATER RIGHTS
9	SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WAIVER, RELEASE, AND RE-
10	TENTION OF CLAIMS.—
11	(1) Claims against freeport.—
12	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
13	subparagraph (C), the United States, acting
14	solely on behalf of the Department of the Inte-
15	rior (including the Bureau of Land Manage-
16	ment and the United States Fish and Wildlife
17	Service), as part of the performance of the obli-
18	gations of the United States under the Bill Wil-
19	liams River phase 2 water rights settlement
20	agreement, is authorized to execute a waiver
21	and release of all claims of the United States
22	against Freeport under Federal, State, or any
23	other law for—
24	(i) any past or present claim for in-
25	jury to water rights resulting from—

1 (I) the diversion or use o	of water
2 by Freeport pursuant to the	e water
rights described in Exhibit 4.	1(ii) to
4 the Bill Williams River phase 2	2 water
5 rights settlement agreement; ar	nd
6 (II) any other diversion or	r use of
7 water for mining purposes aut	thorized
8 by the Bill Williams River p	phase 2
9 water rights settlement agreem	ent;
10 (ii) any claim for injury to	water
rights arising after the Bill William	s River
Phase 2 Enforceability Date re	esulting
13 from—	
(I) the diversion or use o	of water
by Freeport pursuant to the	e water
rights described in Exhibit 4.	1(ii) to
the Bill Williams River phase 2	2 water
rights settlement agreement in	a man-
ner not in violation of the B	ill Wil-
liams River phase 2 water right	hts set-
tlement agreement;	
22 (II) the diversion of up to	o 2,500
23 AFY of water by Freeport from	n Syca-
more Creek as permitted by	section
25 4.3(iv) of the Bill Williams	s River

1	phase 2 water rights settlement agree-
2	ment; and
3	(III) any other diversion or use
4	of water by Freeport authorized by
5	the Bill Williams River phase 2 water
6	rights settlement agreement, subject
7	to the condition that such a diversion
8	and use of water is conducted in a
9	manner not in violation of the Bill
10	Williams River phase 2 water rights
11	settlement agreement; and
12	(iii) any past, present, or future claim
13	arising out of, or relating in any manner
14	to, the negotiation or execution of the Bill
15	Williams River phase 2 water rights settle-
16	ment agreement, the Hualapai Tribe water
17	rights settlement agreement, or this title.
18	(B) Effective date.—The waiver and
19	release of claims under subparagraph (A) shall
20	take effect on the Bill Williams River Phase 2
21	Enforceability Date.
22	(C) RETENTION OF CLAIMS.—The United
23	States shall retain all rights not expressly
24	waived in the waiver and release of claims
25	under subparagraph (A), including, subject to

1	section 6.4 of the Bill Williams River phase 2
2	water rights settlement agreement, the right to
3	assert a claim for injury to, and seek enforce-
4	ment of, the Bill Williams River phase 2 water
5	rights settlement agreement or this title, in any
6	Federal or State court of competent jurisdiction
7	(but not a Tribal court).
8	(2) No precedential effect.—
9	(A) Pending and future pro-
10	CEEDINGS.—The Bill Williams River phase 2
11	water rights settlement agreement shall have no
12	precedential effect in any other administrative
13	or judicial proceeding, including—
14	(i) any pending or future general
15	stream adjudication, or any other litigation
16	involving Freeport or the United States,
17	including any proceeding to establish or
18	quantify a Federal reserved water right;
19	(ii) any pending or future administra-
20	tive or judicial proceeding relating to an
21	application—
22	(I) to appropriate water (for
23	instream flow or other purposes);
24	(II) to sever and transfer a water
25	right;

1	(III) to change a point of diver-
2	sion; or
3	(IV) to change a place of use for
4	any water right; and
5	(iii) any proceeding regarding water
6	rights or a claim relating to any Federal
7	land.
8	(B) No methodology or standard.—
9	Nothing in the Bill Williams River phase 2
10	water rights settlement agreement establishes
11	any standard or methodology to be used for the
12	quantification of any claim to water rights
13	(whether based on Federal or State law) in any
14	judicial or administrative proceeding, other than
15	a proceeding to enforce the terms of the Bill
16	Williams River phase 2 water rights settlement
17	agreement.
18	SEC. 510. SATISFACTION OF WATER RIGHTS AND OTHER
19	BENEFITS.
20	(a) Hualapai Tribe and Members.—
21	(1) In general.—The benefits realized by the
22	Hualapai Tribe and the members of the Hualapai
23	Tribe (but not members in the capacity of the mem-
24	bers as allottees) under the Hualapai Tribe water
25	rights settlement agreement, this title, the Bill Wil-

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 liams agreements, and the Bill Williams Act shall be 2 in full satisfaction of all claims of the Hualapai 3 Tribe, the members of the Hualapai Tribe, and the 4 United States, acting in the capacity of the United 5 States as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe and the 6 members of the Hualapai Tribe, for water rights and 7 injury to water rights under Federal, State, or other 8 law with respect to Hualapai land.

> (2) Satisfaction.—Any entitlement to water of the Hualapai Tribe and the members of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the capacity of the members as allottees) or the United States, acting in the capacity of the United States as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe and the members of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the capacity of the members as allottees), for Hualapai land shall be satisfied out of the water resources and other benefits granted, confirmed, quantified, or recognized by the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement, this title, the Bill Williams agreements, and the Bill Williams Act to or for the Hualapai Tribe, the members of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the capacity of the members as allottees), and the United States, acting in the capacity of the United States as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe and

the members of the Hualapai Tribe (but not members in the capacity of the members as allottees).

(b) ALLOTTEE WATER CLAIMS.—

(1) In General.—The benefits realized by the allottees of the Hualapai Tribe under the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement, this title, the Bill Williams agreements, and the Bill Williams Act shall be in complete replacement of and substitution for, and full satisfaction of, all claims with respect to allotments of the allottees and the United States, acting in the capacity of the United States as trustee for the allottees, for water rights and injury to water rights under Federal, State, or other law.

(2) Satisfaction.—Any entitlement to water of the allottees or the United States, acting in the capacity of the United States as trustee for the allottees, for allotments shall be satisfied out of the water resources and other benefits granted, confirmed, or recognized by the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement, this title, the Bill Williams agreements, and the Bill Williams Act to or for the allottees and the United States, acting as trustee for the allottees.

1	(c) Effect.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and
2	(b), nothing in this title or the Hualapai Tribe water
3	rights settlement agreement—
4	(1) recognizes or establishes any right of a
5	member of the Hualapai Tribe or an allottee to
6	water on Hualapai land; or
7	(2) prohibits the Hualapai Tribe or an allottee
8	from acquiring additional water rights by purchase
9	of land, credits, or water rights.
10	SEC. 511. LAND ADDED TO HUALAPAI RESERVATION.
11	The following land in the State is added to the
12	Hualapai Reservation:
13	(1) Public Law 93–560.—The land held in
14	trust by the United States for the Hualapai Tribe
15	pursuant to the first section of Public Law 93–560
16	(88 Stat. 1820).
17	(2) 1947 JUDGMENT.—The land deeded to the
18	United States in the capacity of the United States
19	as trustee for the Hualapai Tribe pursuant to the
20	1947 judgment.
21	(3) Truxton triangle.—That portion of the
22	S1/2 sec. 3, lying south of the south boundary of the
23	Hualapai Reservation and north of the north right-
24	of-way boundary of Arizona Highway 66, and
25	bounded by the west section line of that sec. 3 and

the south section line of that sec. 3, T. 24 N., R.
12 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mo-
have County, Arizona.
(4) Hunt parcel 4.—SW1/4NE1/4 sec. 7, T.
25 N., R. 13 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Me-
ridian, Mohave County, Arizona.
(5) Hunt parcels 1 and 2.—In T. 26 N., R.
14 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mo-
have County, Arizona—
(A) NE1/4SW1/4 sec. 9; and
(B) NW1/4SE1/4 sec. 27.
(6) Hunt parcel 3.—SW1/4NE1/4 sec. 25, T.
27 N., R. 15 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Me-
ridian, Mohave County, Arizona.
(7) Hunt parcel 5.—In sec. 1, T. 25 N., R.
14 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mo-
have County, Arizona—
(A) SE1/4;
(B) $E1/2$ SW1/4; and
(C) SW1/4 SW1/4.
(8) Valentine Cemetery Parcel.—W1/2
NW1/4 SW1/4 sec. 22, T. 23 N., R. 13 W., Gila and
Salt River Base and Meridian, Mohave County, Ari-
zona, excepting and reserving to the United States
a right-of-way for ditches or canals constructed by

1	the authority of the United States, pursuant to the
2	Act of August 30, 1890 (43 U.S.C. 945).
3	SEC. 512. TRUST LAND.
4	(a) Land to Be Taken Into Trust.—
5	(1) In general.—On the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act, the Secretary is authorized and di-
7	rected to take legal title to the land described in
8	paragraph (2) and hold such land in trust for the
9	benefit of the Hualapai Tribe.
10	(2) CHOLLA CANYON RANCH PARCELS.—The
11	land referred to in paragraph (1) is, in T. 16 N., R.
12	13 W., Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mo-
13	have County, Arizona—
14	(A) SW1/4 sec. 25; and
15	(B) NE1/4 and NE1/4 SE1/4 sec. 35.
16	(b) Reservation Status.—The land taken into
17	trust under subsection (a) shall be part of the Hualapai
18	Reservation and administered in accordance with the laws
19	and regulations generally applicable to land held in trust
20	by the United States for an Indian Tribe.
21	(c) Valid Existing Rights.—The land taken into
22	trust under subsection (a) shall be subject to valid existing
23	rights, including easements, rights-of-way, contracts, and
24	management agreements.

1	(d) Limitations.—Nothing in subsection (a) af-
2	fects—
3	(1) any water right of the Hualapai Tribe in ex-
4	istence under State law before the date of the enact-
5	ment of this Act; or
6	(2) any right or claim of the Hualapai Tribe to
7	any land or interest in land in existence before the
8	date of the enactment of this title.
9	(e) FUTURE TRUST LAND.—
10	(1) New statutory requirement.—Effective
11	beginning on the date of the enactment of this title,
12	and except as provided in subsection (a), any land
13	located in the State outside the exterior boundaries
14	of the Hualapai Reservation may only be taken into
15	trust by the United States for the benefit of the
16	Hualapai Tribe by an Act of Congress—
17	(A) that specifically authorizes the transfer
18	of the land for the benefit of the Hualapai
19	Tribe; and
20	(B) the date of the enactment of which is
21	after the date of the enactment of this title.
22	(2) Water rights.—Any land taken into trust
23	for the benefit of the Hualapai Tribe under para-
24	graph (1)—

1	(A) shall include water rights only under
2	State law; and
3	(B) shall not include any federally reserved
4	water rights.
5	SEC. 513. REALLOCATION OF CAP NIA PRIORITY WATER;
6	FIRMING; WATER DELIVERY CONTRACT; COL-
7	ORADO RIVER ACCOUNTING.
8	(a) Reallocation to the Hualapai Tribe.—On
9	the Enforceability Date, the Secretary shall reallocate to
10	the Hualapai Tribe the Hualapai Tribe CAP water.
11	(b) Firming.—
12	(1) Hualapai tribe cap water.—Except as
13	provided in subsection (e)(2)(H), the Hualapai Tribe
14	CAP water shall be firmed as follows:
15	(A) In accordance with section
16	105(b)(1)(B) of the Central Arizona Project
17	Settlement Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–451;
18	118 Stat. 3492), for the 100-year period begin-
19	ning on January 1, 2008, the Secretary shall
20	firm 557.50 AFY of the Hualapai Tribe CAP
21	water to the equivalent of CAP M&I priority
22	water.
23	(B) In accordance with section
24	105(b)(2)(B) of the Central Arizona Project
25	Settlement Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–451;

1	118 Stat. 3492), for the 100-year period begin-
2	ning on January 1, 2008, the State shall firm
3	557.50 AFY of the Hualapai Tribe CAP water
4	to the equivalent of CAP M&I priority water.
5	(2) Additional firming.—The Hualapai
6	Tribe may, at the expense of the Hualapai Tribe,
7	take additional actions to firm or supplement the
8	Hualapai Tribe CAP water, including by entering
9	into agreements for that purpose with the Central
10	Arizona Water Conservation District, the Arizona
11	Water Banking Authority, or any other lawful au-
12	thority, in accordance with State law.
13	(c) Hualapai Tribe Water Delivery Con-
14	TRACT.—
15	(1) In General.—In accordance with the
16	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agreement
17	and the requirements described in paragraph (2),
18	the Secretary shall enter into the Hualapai Tribe
19	water delivery contract.
20	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements re-
21	ferred to in paragraph (1) are the following:
22	(A) In General.—The Hualapai Tribe
23	water delivery contract shall—

1	(i) be for permanent service (as that
2	term is used in section 5 of the Boulder
3	Canyon Project Act (43 U.S.C. 617d));
4	(ii) take effect on the Enforceability
5	Date; and
6	(iii) be without limit as to term.
7	(B) Hualapai tribe cap water.—
8	(i) In General.—The Hualapai
9	Tribe CAP water may be delivered for use
10	in the lower basin in the State through—
11	(I) the Hualapai Water Project;
12	or
13	(II) the CAP system.
14	(ii) Method of Delivery.—The
15	Secretary shall authorize the delivery of
16	Hualapai Tribe CAP water under this sub-
17	paragraph to be effected by the diversion
18	and use of water directly from the Colo-
19	rado River in the State.
20	(C) CONTRACTUAL DELIVERY.—The Sec-
21	retary shall deliver the Hualapai Tribe CAP
22	water to the Hualapai Tribe in accordance with
23	the terms and conditions of the Hualapai Tribe
24	water delivery contract.

1	(D) DISTRIBUTION OF CAP NIA PRIORITY
2	WATER.—
3	(i) In general.—Except as provided
4	in clause (ii), if, for any year, the available
5	CAP supply is insufficient to meet all de-
6	mands under CAP contracts and CAP sub-
7	contracts for the delivery of CAP NIA pri-
8	ority water, the Secretary and the CAP op-
9	erating agency shall prorate the available
10	CAP NIA priority water among the CAP
11	contractors and CAP subcontractors hold-
12	ing contractual entitlements to CAP NIA
13	priority water on the basis of the quantity
14	of CAP NIA priority water used by each
15	such CAP contractor and CAP subcon-
16	tractor in the last year in which the avail-
17	able CAP supply was sufficient to fill all
18	orders for CAP NIA priority water.
19	(ii) Exception.—
20	(I) In General.—Notwith-
21	standing clause (i), if the available
22	CAP supply is insufficient to meet all
23	demands under CAP contracts and
24	CAP subcontracts for the delivery of
25	CAP NIA priority water in the year

1	following the year in which the En-
2	forceability Date occurs, the Secretary
3	shall assume that the Hualapai Tribe
4	used the full volume of Hualapai
5	Tribe CAP water in the last year in
6	which the available CAP supply was
7	sufficient to fill all orders for CAP
8	NIA priority water.
9	(II) Continuation.—The as-
10	sumption described in subclause (I)
11	shall continue until the available CAP
12	supply is sufficient to meet all de-
13	mands under CAP contracts and CAP
14	subcontracts for the delivery of CAP
15	NIA priority water.
16	(III) DETERMINATION.—The
17	Secretary shall determine the quantity
18	of CAP NIA priority water used by
19	the Gila River Indian Community and
20	the Tohono O'odham Nation in the
21	last year in which the available CAP
22	supply was sufficient to fill all orders
23	for CAP NIA priority water in a man-
24	ner consistent with the settlement
25	agreements with those Tribes.

1	(E) Leases and exchanges of
2	HUALAPAI TRIBE CAP WATER.—On and after
3	the date on which the Hualapai Tribe water de-
4	livery contract becomes effective, the Hualapai
5	Tribe may, with the approval of the Secretary,
6	enter into contracts or options to lease, or con-
7	tracts or options to exchange, the Hualapai
8	Tribe CAP water within the lower basin in the
9	State, and not in Navajo, Apache, or Cochise
10	counties, providing for the temporary delivery
11	to other persons of any portion of Hualapai
12	Tribe CAP water.
13	(F) TERM OF LEASES AND EXCHANGES.—
14	(i) Leasing.—Contracts or options to
15	lease under subparagraph (E) shall be for
16	a term of not more than 100 years.
17	(ii) Exchanging.—Contracts or op-
18	tions to exchange under subparagraph (E)
19	shall be for the term provided for in the
20	contract or option, as applicable.
21	(iii) Renegotiation.—The Hualapai
22	Tribe may, with the approval of the Sec-
23	retary, renegotiate any lease described in
24	subparagraph (E), at any time during the

1	term of the lease, if the term of the re-
2	negotiated lease does not exceed 100 years.
3	(G) Prohibition on Permanent Alien-
4	ATION.—No Hualapai Tribe CAP water may be
5	permanently alienated.
6	(H) NO FIRMING OF LEASED WATER.—
7	The firming obligations described in subsection
8	(b)(1) shall not apply to any Hualapai Tribe
9	CAP water leased by the Hualapai Tribe to an-
10	other person.
11	(I) Entitlement to lease and ex-
12	CHANGE FUNDS; OBLIGATIONS OF UNITED
13	STATES.—
14	(i) Entitlement.—
15	(I) In general.—The Hualapai
16	Tribe shall be entitled to all consider-
17	ation due to the Hualapai Tribe under
18	any contract to lease, option to lease,
19	contract to exchange, or option to ex-
20	change the Hualapai Tribe CAP water
21	entered into by the Hualapai Tribe.
22	(II) Exclusion.—The United
23	States shall not, in any capacity, be
24	entitled to the consideration described
25	in subclause (I).

1	(ii) Obligations of United
2	STATES.—The United States shall not, in
3	any capacity, have any trust or other obli-
4	gation to monitor, administer, or account
5	for, in any manner, any funds received by
6	the Hualapai Tribe as consideration under
7	any contract to lease, option to lease, con-
8	tract to exchange, or option to exchange
9	the Hualapai Tribe CAP water entered
10	into by the Hualapai Tribe, except in a
11	case in which the Hualapai Tribe deposits
12	the proceeds of any lease, option to lease,
13	contract to exchange, or option to ex-
14	change into an account held in trust for
15	the Hualapai Tribe by the United States.
16	(J) Water use and storage.—
17	(i) In General.—The Hualapai
18	Tribe may use the Hualapai Tribe CAP
19	water on or off the Hualapai Reservation
20	within the lower basin in the State for any
21	purpose.
22	(ii) Storage.—The Hualapai Tribe,
23	in accordance with State law, may store
24	the Hualapai Tribe CAP water at 1 or
25	more underground storage facilities or

1	groundwater savings facilities, subject to
2	the condition that, if the Hualapai Tribe
3	stores Hualapai Tribe CAP water that has
4	been firmed pursuant to subsection (b)(1),
5	the stored water may only be—
6	(I) used by the Hualapai Tribe;
7	or
8	(II) exchanged by the Hualapai
9	Tribe for water that will be used by
10	the Hualapai Tribe.
11	(iii) Assignment.—The Hualapai
12	Tribe, in accordance with State law, may
13	assign any long-term storage credit ac-
14	crued as a result of storage described in
15	clause (ii), subject to the condition that the
16	Hualapai Tribe shall not assign any long-
17	term storage credit accrued as a result of
18	the storage of Hualapai Tribe CAP water
19	that has been firmed pursuant to sub-
20	section $(b)(1)$.
21	(K) USE LIMITATION.—The Hualapai
22	Tribe may not use, lease, exchange, forbear, or
23	otherwise transfer any Hualapai Tribe CAP
24	water for use directly or indirectly outside of

1	the lower basin in the State or in Navajo,
2	Apache, or Cochise counties.
3	(L) CAP FIXED OM&R CHARGES.—
4	(i) In General.—The CAP operating
5	agency shall be paid the CAP fixed OM&R
6	charges associated with the delivery of all
7	Hualapai Tribe CAP water.
8	(ii) Payment of Charges.—Except
9	as provided in subparagraph (O), all CAP
10	fixed OM&R charges associated with the
11	delivery of the Hualapai Tribe CAP water
12	to the Hualapai Tribe shall be paid by—
13	(I) the Secretary, pursuant to
14	section 403(f)(2)(A) of the Colorado
15	River Basin Project Act (43 U.S.C.
16	1543(f)(2)(A)), subject to the condi-
17	tion that funds for that payment are
18	available in the Lower Colorado River
19	Basin Development Fund; and
20	(II) if the funds described in sub-
21	clause (I) become unavailable, the
22	Hualapai Tribe.
23	(M) CAP PUMPING ENERGY CHARGES.—
24	(i) In general.—The CAP operating
25	agency shall be paid the CAP pumping en-

1	ergy charges associated with the delivery of
2	Hualapai Tribe CAP water only in cases in
3	which the CAP system is used for the de-
4	livery of that water.
5	(ii) Payment of Charges.—Except
6	for CAP water not delivered through the
7	CAP system, which does not incur a CAP
8	pumping energy charge, or water delivered
9	to other persons as described in subpara-
10	graph (O), any applicable CAP pumping
11	energy charges associated with the delivery
12	of the Hualapai Tribe CAP water shall be
13	paid by the Hualapai Tribe.
14	(N) Waiver of Property Tax equiva-
15	LENCY PAYMENTS.—No property tax or in-lieu
16	property tax equivalency shall be due or payable
17	by the Hualapai Tribe for the delivery of CAP
18	water or for the storage of CAP water in an un-
19	derground storage facility or groundwater sav-
20	ings facility.
21	(O) Lessee responsibility for
22	CHARGES.—
23	(i) In general.—Any lease or option
24	to lease providing for the temporary deliv-
25	ery to other persons of any Hualapai Tribe

1	CAP water shall require the lessee to pay
2	the CAP operating agency all CAP fixed
3	OM&R charges and all CAP pumping en-
4	ergy charges associated with the delivery of
5	the leased water.
6	(ii) No responsibility for pay-
7	MENT.—Neither the Hualapai Tribe nor
8	the United States in any capacity shall be
9	responsible for the payment of any charges
10	associated with the delivery of the
11	Hualapai Tribe CAP water leased to other
12	persons.
13	(P) Advance payment.—No Hualapai
14	Tribe CAP water shall be delivered unless the
15	CAP fixed OM&R charges and any applicable
16	CAP pumping energy charges associated with
17	the delivery of that water have been paid in ad-
18	vance.
19	(Q) CALCULATION.—The charges for deliv-
20	ery of the Hualapai Tribe CAP water pursuant
21	to the Hualapai Tribe water delivery contract
22	shall be calculated in accordance with the CAP
23	repayment stipulation.
24	(R) CAP REPAYMENT.—For purposes of
25	determining the allocation and repayment of

1	costs of any stages of the CAP system con-
2	structed after November 21, 2007, the costs as-
3	sociated with the delivery of the Hualapai Tribe
4	CAP water, regardless of whether the Hualapai
5	Tribe CAP water is delivered for use by the
6	Hualapai Tribe or in accordance with any lease,
7	option to lease, exchange, or option to exchange
8	providing for the delivery to other persons of
9	the Hualapai Tribe CAP water, shall be—
10	(i) nonreimbursable; and
11	(ii) excluded from the repayment obli-
12	gation of the Central Arizona Water Con-
13	servation District.
14	(S) Nonreimbursable cap construc-
15	TION COSTS.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the
17	costs associated with the construction of
18	the CAP system allocable to the Hualapai
19	Tribe—
20	(I) the costs shall be nonreim-
21	bursable; and
22	(II) the Hualapai Tribe shall
23	have no repayment obligation for the
24	costs.

1	(ii) Capital Charges.—No CAP
2	water service capital charges shall be due
3	or payable for the Hualapai Tribe CAP
4	water, regardless of whether the Hualapai
5	Tribe CAP water is delivered—
6	(I) for use by the Hualapai
7	Tribe; or
8	(II) under any lease, option to
9	lease, exchange, or option to exchange
10	entered into by the Hualapai Tribe.
11	(d) Colorado River Accounting.—All Hualapai
12	Tribe CAP water diverted directly from the Colorado
13	River shall be accounted for as deliveries of CAP water
14	within the State.
15	SEC. 514. ENFORCEABILITY DATE.
16	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
17	(d), the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
18	ment, including the waivers and releases of claims de-
19	scribed in section 509, shall take effect and be fully en-
20	forceable on the date on which the Secretary publishes in
21	the Federal Register a statement of findings that—
22	(1) to the extent the Hualapai Tribe water
23	rights settlement agreement conflicts with this
24	title—

1	(A) the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
2	ment agreement has been revised through an
3	amendment to eliminate the conflict; and
4	(B) the revised Hualapai Tribe water
5	rights settlement agreement, including any ex-
6	hibits requiring execution by any party to the
7	Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement agree-
8	ment, has been executed by the required party;
9	(2) the waivers and releases of claims described
10	in section 509 have been executed by the Hualapai
11	Tribe and the United States;
12	(3) the abstracts referred to in subparagraphs
13	4.8.1.2, 4.8.2.1, and 4.8.2.2 of the Hualapai Tribe
14	water rights settlement agreement have been com-
15	pleted by the Hualapai Tribe;
16	(4) the full amount described in section
17	507(a)(1), as adjusted by section 507(b), has been
18	deposited in the Hualapai Water Trust Fund Ac-
19	count;
20	(5) the Gila River adjudication decree has been
21	approved by the Gila River adjudication court sub-
22	stantially in the form of the judgment and decree at-
23	tached to the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
24	agreement as Exhibit 3.1.43, as amended to ensure
25	consistency with this title;

1	(6) the Secretary has executed the Hualapai
2	Tribe water delivery contract described in section
3	513(c); and
4	(7) the Secretary has issued the record of deci-
5	sion required by section 508(d).
6	(b) Repeal on Failure to Meet Enforceability
7	Date.—
8	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2), if the Secretary fails to publish in the
10	Federal Register a statement of findings under sub-
11	section (a) by April 15, 2029, or such alternative
12	later date as may be agreed to by the Hualapai
13	Tribe, the Secretary, and the State—
14	(A) this title is repealed;
15	(B) any action taken by the Secretary and
16	any contract or agreement entered into pursu-
17	ant to this title shall be void; and
18	(C) any amounts appropriated under sec-
19	tion 507, together with any investment earnings
20	on those amounts, less any amounts expended
21	under section 506(a)(4)(B), shall revert imme-
22	diately to the general fund of the Treasury.
23	(2) Severability.—Notwithstanding para-
24	graph (1), if the Secretary fails to publish in the
25	Federal Register a statement of findings under sub-

- 1 section (a) by April 15, 2029, or such alternative
- 2 later date as may be agreed to by the Hualapai
- 3 Tribe, the Secretary, and the State, section 511 and
- 4 subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of section 512 shall
- 5 remain in effect.
- 6 (c) Right to Offset.—If the Secretary has not
- 7 published in the Federal Register the statement of find-
- 8 ings under subsection (a) by April 15, 2029, or such alter-
- 9 native later date as may be agreed to by the Hualapai
- 10 Tribe, the Secretary, and the State, the United States
- 11 shall be entitled to offset any Federal amounts made avail-
- 12 able under section 506(a)(4)(B) that were used or author-
- 13 ized for any use under that section against any claim as-
- 14 serted by the Hualapai Tribe against the United States
- 15 described in section 509(a)(2)(A).
- 16 (d) BILL WILLIAMS RIVER PHASE 2 ENFORCE-
- 17 ABILITY DATE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 18 this title, the Bill Williams River phase 2 water rights set-
- 19 tlement agreement (including the waivers and releases de-
- 20 scribed in section 509(d) of this title and section 5 of the
- 21 Bill Williams River phase 2 water rights settlement agree-
- 22 ment) shall take effect and become enforceable among the
- 23 parties to the Bill Williams River phase 2 water rights
- 24 settlement agreement on the date on which all of the fol-
- 25 lowing conditions have occurred:

1	(1) The Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
2	agreement has become enforceable pursuant to sub-
3	section (a).
4	(2) Freeport has submitted to the Arizona De-
5	partment of Water Resources a conditional with-
6	drawal of any objection to the Bill Williams River
7	watershed instream flow applications pursuant to
8	section 4.4(i) of the Bill Williams River phase 2
9	water rights settlement agreement, which withdrawal
10	shall take effect on the Bill Williams River Phase 2
11	Enforceability Date described in this subsection.
12	(3) Not later than the Enforceability Date, the
13	Arizona Department of Water Resources has issued
14	an appealable, conditional decision and order for the
15	Bill Williams River watershed instream flow applica-
16	tions pursuant to section 4.4(iii) of the Bill Williams
17	River phase 2 water rights settlement agreement,
18	which order shall become nonconditional and effec-
19	tive on the Bill Williams River Phase 2 Enforce-
20	ability Date described in this subsection.
21	(4) The conditional decision and order de-
22	scribed in paragraph (3)—
23	(A) becomes final; and
24	(B) is not subject to any further appeal.

1	SEC. 515. ADMINISTRATION.
2	(a) Limited Waiver of Sovereign Immunity.—
3	(1) Waiver.—
4	(A) In General.—In any circumstance
5	described in paragraph (2)—
6	(i) the United States or the Hualapai
7	Tribe may be joined in the action described
8	in the applicable subparagraph of that
9	paragraph; and
10	(ii) subject to subparagraph (B), any
11	claim by the United States or the Hualapai
12	Tribe to sovereign immunity from the ac-
13	tion is waived.
14	(B) Limitation.—A waiver under sub-
15	paragraph (A)(ii)—
16	(i) shall only be for the limited and
17	sole purpose of the interpretation or en-
18	forcement of—
19	(I) this title;
20	(II) the Hualapai Tribe water
21	rights settlement agreement, as rati-
22	fied by this title; or
23	(III) the Bill Williams River
24	phase 2 water right settlement agree-
25	ment, as ratified by this title; and

1	(ii) shall not include any award
2	against the United States or the Hualapai
3	Tribe for money damages, court costs, or
4	attorney fees.
5	(2) CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED.—A cir-
6	cumstance referred to in paragraph (1)(A) is any of
7	the following:
8	(A) Any party to the Hualapai Tribe water
9	rights settlement agreement—
10	(i) brings an action in any court of
11	competent jurisdiction relating only and di-
12	rectly to the interpretation or enforcement
13	of—
14	(I) this title; or
15	(II) the Hualapai Tribe water
16	rights settlement agreement; and
17	(ii) names the United States or the
18	Hualapai Tribe as a party in that action.
19	(B) Any landowner or water user in the
20	Verde River Watershed—
21	(i) brings an action in any court of
22	competent jurisdiction relating only and di-
23	rectly to the interpretation or enforcement
24	of—

1	(I) paragraph 10.0 of the
2	Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
3	ment agreement;
4	(II) Exhibit 3.1.43 to the
5	Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
6	ment agreement; or
7	(III) section 509; and
8	(ii) names the United States or the
9	Hualapai Tribe as a party in that action.
10	(C) Any party to the Bill Williams River
11	phase 2 settlement agreement—
12	(i) brings an action in any court of
13	competent jurisdiction relating only and di-
14	rectly to the interpretation or enforcement
15	of—
16	(I) this title; or
17	(II) the Bill Williams River phase
18	2 settlement agreement; and
19	(ii) names the United States or the
20	Hualapai Tribe as a party in that action.
21	(b) Effect on Current Law.—Nothing in this
22	section alters the law with respect to pre-enforcement re-
23	view of Federal environmental or safety-related enforce-
24	ment actions.

1	(c) Basin Groundwater Withdrawal Esti-
2	MATES.—
3	(1) Groundwater withdrawal esti-
4	MATES.—
5	(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
6	of the date of the enactment of this title, the
7	Secretary, acting through the United States Ge-
8	ological Survey Water Use Program, shall issue
9	an estimate for groundwater withdrawals in the
10	Truxton Basin outside the boundaries of the
11	Hualapai Reservation.
12	(B) ANNUAL ESTIMATES.—Each year after
13	publication of the initial estimate required by
14	subparagraph (A), the Secretary, acting
15	through the United States Geological Survey
16	Water Use Program, shall issue an estimate for
17	groundwater withdrawals in the Truxton Basin
18	outside the boundaries of the Hualapai Res-
19	ervation until such time as the Secretary, after
20	consultation with the Hualapai Tribe, deter-
21	mines that annual estimates are not warranted.
22	(2) Notice to the state.—Based on the esti-
23	mates under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall no-
24	tify the State, in writing, if the total withdrawal of
25	groundwater from the Truxton Basin outside the

1	boundaries of the Hualapai Reservation exceeds the
2	estimate prepared pursuant to that paragraph by
3	3,000 or more AFY, exclusive of any diversion or
4	use of groundwater on Hualapai fee land and any
5	land acquired by the Hualapai Tribe, including by a
6	tribally owned corporation, in fee after the Enforce-
7	ability Date.
8	(d) Antideficiency.—Notwithstanding any author-
9	ization of appropriations to carry out this title, the United
10	States shall not be liable for any failure of the United
11	States to carry out any obligation or activity authorized
12	by this title (including all agreements or exhibits ratified
13	or confirmed by this title) if—
14	(1) adequate appropriations are not provided
15	expressly by Congress to carry out the purposes of
16	this title; or
17	(2) there are not enough monies available to
18	carry out this title in the Lower Colorado River
19	Basin Development Fund.
20	(e) APPLICATION OF RECLAMATION REFORM ACT OF
21	1982.—The Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (43 U.S.C.
22	390aa et seq.) and any other acreage limitation or full-
23	cost pricing provision of Federal law shall not apply to
24	any person, entity, or tract of land solely on the basis of—
25	(1) receipt of any benefit under this title;

1	(2) execution or performance of this title; or
2	(3) the use, storage, delivery, lease, or exchange
3	of CAP water.
4	(f) Effect.—
5	(1) No modification or preemption of
6	OTHER LAW.—Unless expressly provided in this title,
7	nothing in this title modifies, conflicts with, pre-
8	empts, or otherwise affects—
9	(A) the Boulder Canyon Project Act (43
10	U.S.C. 617 et seq.);
11	(B) the Boulder Canyon Project Adjust-
12	ment Act (43 U.S.C. 618 et seq.);
13	(C) the Act of April 11, 1956 (commonly
14	known as the "Colorado River Storage Project
15	Act'') (43 U.S.C. 620 et seq.);
16	(D) the Colorado River Basin Project Act
17	(Public Law 90–537; 82 Stat. 885);
18	(E) the Treaty between the United States
19	of America and Mexico respecting utilization of
20	waters of the Colorado and Tijuana Rivers and
21	of the Rio Grande, signed at Washington Feb-
22	ruary 3, 1944 (59 Stat. 1219);
23	(F) the Colorado River Compact;
24	(G) the Upper Colorado River Basin Com-
25	pact;

1	(H) the Omnibus Public Land Manage-
2	ment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–11; 123
3	Stat. 991); or
4	(I) case law concerning water rights in the
5	Colorado River system other than any case to
6	enforce the Hualapai Tribe water rights settle-
7	ment agreement or this title.
8	(2) Effect on agreements.—Nothing in this
9	title or the Hualapai Tribe water rights settlement
10	agreement limits the right of the Hualapai Tribe to
11	enter into any agreement for the storage or banking
12	of water in accordance with State law with—
13	(A) the Arizona Water Banking Authority
14	(or a successor agency or entity); or
15	(B) any other lawful authority.
16	(3) Effect of title.—Nothing in this title—
17	(A) quantifies or otherwise affects the
18	water rights, claims, or entitlements to water of
19	any Indian Tribe other than the Hualapai
20	Tribe;
21	(B) affects the ability of the United States
22	to take action on behalf of any Indian Tribe
23	other than the Hualapai Tribe, the members of
24	the Hualapai Tribe, and the allottees; or

1	(C) limits the right of the Hualapai Tribe
2	to use any water of the Hualapai Tribe in any
3	location on the Hualapai Reservation.
4	TITLE VI—WATER DATA
5	SEC. 601. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this title:
7	(1) Advisory committee.—The term "Advi-
8	sory Committee" means the Advisory Committee on
9	Water Information established by section 604(a).
10	(2) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
11	Water Data Council established under section
12	603(a).
13	(3) Data standards.—The term "data stand-
14	ards" means standards relating to the manner in
15	which data and metadata are to be structured, popu-
16	lated, and encoded in machine-readable formats, and
17	made interoperable for data exchange.
18	(4) Departments.—The term "Departments"
19	means each of the following:
20	(A) The Department of Agriculture.
21	(B) The Department of Commerce.
22	(C) The Department of Defense.
23	(D) The Department of Energy.
24	(E) The Department of Health and
25	Human Services.

1	(F) The Department of Homeland Secu-
2	rity.
3	(G) The Department of the Interior.
4	(H) The Environmental Protection Agency.
5	(I) The National Aeronautics and Space
6	Administration.
7	(5) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
8	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
9	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
10	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
11	(6) National Water data framework.—
12	The term "National Water Data Framework" means
13	the national water data framework developed under
14	section 602.
15	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
16	the Secretary of the Interior.
17	(8) Water data.—The term "water data"
18	means measurements and observations of basic prop-
19	erties relating to the planning and management of
20	water resources, including streamflow, precipitation,
21	groundwater, soil moisture, snow, evaporation, water
22	quality, and water use in agriculture, industry, nat-
23	ural systems, and municipal uses.

1	(9) Water data grant program.—The term
2	"Water Data Grant Program" means the water data
3	grant program established under section 605(a).
4	(10) Water data infrastructure.—The
5	term "water data infrastructure" means an inte-
6	grated system of information technologies that in-
7	cludes common data standards and metadata, data
8	formats, geospatial referencing, and tools to make
9	water data available, easy to find, access, and share
10	online.
11	SEC. 602. NATIONAL WATER DATA FRAMEWORK.
12	(a) In General.—For the purpose of improving
13	water resources management and access across the United
14	States, including addressing drought, floods, and other
15	water management challenges, the heads of the Depart-
16	ments shall jointly develop and implement a national water
17	data framework for observing, integrating, sharing, and
18	using water data.
19	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing and imple-
20	menting the National Water Data Framework, the De-
21	partments shall—
22	(1) identify and prioritize key water data need-
23	ed to support water resources management and
24	planning, including—

1	(A) water data sets, types, observations,
2	and associated metadata; and
3	(B) water data infrastructure, tech-
4	nologies, and tools;
5	(2) develop and adopt common national water
6	data standards for collecting, sharing, and inte-
7	grating water data, infrastructure, technologies, and
8	tools in consultation with States, Indian Tribes, local
9	governments, and relevant bodies;
10	(3) ensure that Federal water data are made
11	findable, accessible, interoperable, and reusable in
12	accordance with the standards developed and adopt-
13	ed pursuant to this title;
14	(4) integrate water data and tools through com-
15	mon approaches to data and observing infrastruc-
16	ture, platforms, models, and tool development;
17	(5) establish a common, national geospatial
18	index for publishing and linking water data from
19	Federal, State, Tribal, and other non-Federal
20	sources for online discovery;
21	(6) harmonize and align policies, programs, pro-
22	tocols, budgets, and funding programs relating to
23	water data to achieve the purposes of this title, as
24	appropriate;

1	(7) participate in and coordinate water data ac-
2	tivities with the Council; and
3	(8) support the adoption of new technologies
4	and the development of tools for water data collec-
5	tion, observing, sharing, and standardization by
6	Federal, State, Tribal, local, and other entities.
7	SEC. 603. WATER DATA COUNCIL.
8	(a) In General.—The heads of the Departments
9	shall establish an interagency Council, to be known as the
10	"Water Data Council", to support the development and
11	implementation of the National Water Data Framework.
12	(b) Membership.—
13	(1) Duties of Secretary.—The Secretary,
14	acting through the Director of the United States Ge-
15	ological Survey, shall—
16	(A) serve as the Chair of the Council;
17	(B) in collaboration with the Administra-
18	tors of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
19	Administration and Environmental Protection
20	Agency, and the Director of the Office of
21	Science and Technology Policy, convene the
22	Council not less frequently than 4 times each
23	year; and
24	(C) provide staff support for the Council
25	through the United States Geological Survey.

1	(2) Members.—Council Members shall include
2	the heads of the following entities:
3	(A) The Departments.
4	(B) Bureaus and offices of the Depart-
5	ments that have a significant role or interest in
6	water data, including—
7	(i) the Corps of Engineers;
8	(ii) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
9	(iii) the Bureau of Reclamation;
10	(iv) the Federal Emergency Manage-
11	ment Agency;
12	(v) the Federal Energy Regulatory
13	Commission;
14	(vi) the United States Fish and Wild-
15	life Service;
16	(vii) the Indian Health Service;
17	(viii) the Forest Service;
18	(ix) the National Laboratories;
19	(x) the Natural Resources Conserva-
20	tion Service;
21	(xi) the National Oceanic and Atmos-
22	pheric Administration; and
23	(xii) the Rural Development program
24	of the Department of Agriculture.

1	(C) Offices of the Executive Office of the
2	President, including—
3	(i) the Council on Environmental
4	Quality;
5	(ii) the Office of Management and
6	Budget; and
7	(iii) the Office of Science and Tech-
8	nology Policy.
9	(D) Other Federal entities that the Chair
10	and a majority of the members of the Council
11	described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) de-
12	termine to be appropriate.
13	(c) Duties.—The Council shall—
14	(1) support the development and implementa-
15	tion of the National Water Data Framework; and
16	(2) facilitate communication and collaboration
17	among members of the Council—
18	(A) to establish, adopt, and implement
19	common national water data standards;
20	(B) to promote water data sharing and in-
21	tegration across Federal departments and agen-
22	cies, including—
23	(i) water data collection, observation,
24	documentation, maintenance, distribution,
25	and preservation strategies; and

1	(ii) development and use of water data
2	infrastructure, tools, and technologies to
3	support water management and planning;
4	(C) to align the policies, programs, proto-
5	cols, budgets, and funding programs relating to
6	water data of the members of the Council, as
7	appropriate; and
8	(D) to promote partnerships across Fed-
9	eral entities and non-Federal entities—
10	(i) to advance innovation and solu-
11	tions in water data, technology, tools, plan-
12	ning, and management; and
13	(ii) to develop guidelines for data
14	sharing and protecting data privacy and
15	security.
16	(d) Water Data Council Reports.—Not later
17	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
18	and annually thereafter, in conjunction with the annual
19	budget submission of the President to Congress under sec-
20	tion 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Sec-
21	retary, acting on behalf of the Council, shall submit to
22	members of the Council and the appropriate committees
23	of Congress and make available publicly online a report
24	that describes—
25	(1) the National Water Data Framework;

1	(2) the actions undertaken by the Departments
2	to implement this title pursuant to section 602;
3	(3) key water data sets, types, and infrastruc-
4	ture needed to support water management and plan-
5	$\operatorname{ning};$
6	(4) goals, targets, and actions to carry out the
7	National Water Data Framework in the subsequent
8	fiscal year;
9	(5) a summary and evaluation of the progress
10	of the Departments in achieving any prior goals, tar-
11	gets, and actions to carry out the National Water
12	Data Framework;
13	(6) recommendations to align policies, pro-
14	grams, and budgetary resources to carry out the Na-
15	tional Water Data Framework, where appropriate,
16	in the subsequent fiscal year;
17	(7) grants and assistance provided to State,
18	Tribal, and local entities toward the development
19	and adoption of new technologies and tools;
20	(8) opportunities to develop and incentivize the
21	deployment of promising next-generation tech-
22	nologies, including new water data technologies and
23	tools, in partnership with the private sector and oth-
24	ers to accomplish the purposes of this title; and

1	(9) metrics for achieving the National Water
2	Data Framework.
3	SEC. 604. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WATER INFORMATION.
4	(a) Establishment.—There is established within
5	the Department of the Interior an advisory committee, to
6	be known as the "Advisory Committee on Water Informa-
7	tion", to advise the Secretary, Departments, and Council
8	on the development and implementation of the National
9	Water Data Framework.
10	(b) Membership.—
11	(1) Composition.—The Advisory Committee
12	shall be composed of members, to be appointed by
13	the Secretary, in consultation with the Administra-
14	tors of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
15	ministration and the Environmental Protection
16	Agency, in a manner that provides for—
17	(A) balanced representation among various
18	entities involved in water-related activities; and
19	(B) consideration for a geographic balance
20	of individuals representing localities across the
21	United States.
22	(2) Selection.—Members of the Advisory
23	Committee shall be selected by the Secretary from
24	among entities involved in water-related activities,
25	including—

1	(A) States;
2	(B) Indian Tribes;
3	(C) local governments;
4	(D) Federal entities;
5	(E) water agencies, utilities, conservation
6	districts, irrigation districts, acequias, and
7	other water user associations;
8	(F) organizations that facilitate collabora-
9	tion across States and multi-state instrumental-
10	ities;
11	(G) educational institutions;
12	(H) professional organizations;
13	(I) water data and technology-related ex-
14	perts, professionals, and industries;
15	(J) private sector entities; and
16	(K) nonprofit organizations.
17	(3) Term.—Members of the Advisory Com-
18	mittee shall be appointed by the Secretary for a
19	term not to exceed 4 years.
20	(c) Chair.—The Secretary shall serve as the Chair
21	of the Advisory Committee.
22	(d) STAFF SUPPORT.—The United States Geological
23	Survey shall provide support services for the Advisory
24	Committee.

1	(e) Meetings.—The Advisory Committee shall meet
2	at the call of the Chair, but not less frequently than 4
3	times each year.
4	(f) Duties.—The duties of the Advisory Committee
5	are to advise the Secretary, Departments, and Council
6	on—
7	(1) the development and implementation of the
8	National Water Data Framework;
9	(2) efforts to operate a cost-effective national
10	network of water data collection and analysis that
11	meets the priority water information needs of the
12	Federal Government and, to the extent practicable
13	using available resources, the needs of the non-Fed-
14	eral community that are tied to national interests;
15	(3) efforts to develop uniform standards, guide-
16	lines, and procedures for the collection, analysis,
17	management, and dissemination of water informa-
18	tion to improve quality, consistency, and accessibility
19	nationwide; and
20	(4) the effectiveness of existing water informa-
21	tion programs and recommended modifications need-
22	ed to respond to changes in legislation, technology,
23	and other conditions.
24	(g) COORDINATION.—To the extent practicable, the
25	Advisory Committee shall coordinate with the National

1	Water Quality Monitoring Council and other water data
2	related entities convened by the Federal Government.
3	(h) REPORT.—Not later than two years after the date
4	of enactment of this Act, and every two years thereafter
5	the Advisory Committee shall submit a report of activities
6	carried out by the Advisory Committee and a rec-
7	ommendation to continue, modify the duties of, or termi-
8	nate the Advisory Committee.
9	(i) APPLICABILITY OF FACA.—
10	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
11	graph (2), the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
12	U.S.C. App.) shall apply to the Advisory Committee.
13	(2) No termination.—Section 14(a)(2) of the
14	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)
15	shall not apply to the Advisory Committee.
16	SEC. 605. WATER DATA GRANT PROGRAM.
17	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
18	water data grant program under which the Secretary shall
19	award grants—
20	(1) to support non-Federal entities in making
21	water data sets findable, accessible, interoperable,
22	and reusable in accordance with the water data
23	standards established under this title;

1	(2) to advance the development of water data
2	infrastructure, observations, tools, and technologies
3	to facilitate the sharing and use of water data;
4	(3) to support programs and projects that fa-
5	cilitate water data sharing and use in water re-
6	sources management and the implementation of the
7	National Water Data Framework; and
8	(4) to provide a prize for accelerating innova-
9	tion and developing next-generation water data tools
10	and technologies.
11	(b) Coordination With the Council.—The Sec-
12	retary shall consult and coordinate with the Council in cre-
13	ating and implementing the Water Data Grant Program
14	to ensure that—
15	(1) the Water Data Grant Program is aligned
16	with and carries out the purposes of this title; and
17	(2) grants and programs are harmonized across
18	the Departments and members of the Council to
19	achieve the purposes of this title, as appropriate.
20	(c) Eligible Entities.—An entity eligible for a
21	grant under the Water Data Grant Program—
22	(1) shall demonstrate significant needs or capa-
23	bilities for advancing water data sharing and tools
24	with a significant public benefit; and
25	(2) may include—

1	(A) a State, multistate instrumentality, In-
2	dian Tribe, or other unit of local government;
3	(B) a water agency, utility, conservation
4	district, irrigation district, acequia, mutual do-
5	mestic association, or other entity organized
6	pursuant to Federal, Tribal, or local laws for
7	the purpose of water-related activities;
8	(C) an educational institution or nonprofit
9	organization; and
10	(D) in the case of carrying out activities
11	described in subsection (a)(4)—
12	(i) an individual who is a citizen or
13	legal resident of the United States; or
14	(ii) an entity that is incorporated and
15	maintains the primary place of business of
16	the entity in the United States.
17	(d) Requirements.—
18	(1) Data sharing and standards.—Any
19	project funded through the Water Data Grant Pro-
20	gram shall be implemented in accordance with the
21	water data standards established under section 602.
22	(2) Use of existing water data infra-
23	STRUCTURE.—The recipient of a grant shall, to the
24	extent practicable, leverage existing water data and
25	water data infrastructure.

1	(e) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, in con-
3	junction with the annual budget submission of the Presi-
4	dent to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United
5	States Code, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
6	port that describes the implementation of the Water Data
7	Grant Program, including—
8	(1) a description of the use and deployment of
9	amounts made available under the Water Data
10	Grant Program;
11	(2) an accounting of all grants awarded under
12	the Water Data Grant Program, including a descrip-
13	tion of—
14	(A) each grant recipient; and
15	(B) each project funded under the Water
16	Data Grant Program;
17	(3) an assessment of the success of the Water
18	Data Grant Program in advancing the purposes of
19	this title; and
20	(4) a plan for the subsequent fiscal year to
21	achieve the purposes of this title.
22	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
23	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
24	out the Water Data Grant Program \$25,000,000 for each

- 1 of fiscal years 2023 through 2027, to remain available
- 2 until expended.
- 3 (g) Administrative Costs.—Of the funds author-
- 4 ized to be appropriated under subsection (f), not more
- 5 than 3 percent may be used by the Secretary for adminis-
- 6 trative costs.

7 SEC. 606. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 8 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be appro-
- 9 priated to the Secretary to carry out sections 602 through
- 10 604 \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through
- 11 2027, to remain available until expended.
- 12 (b) Transfer of Funds.—The Secretary may
- 13 transfer to the Departments, including the Environmental
- 14 Protection Agency, funds made available under subsection
- 15 (a) to carry out sections 602 through 604.

16 TITLE VII—NOGALES

17 **WASTEWATER IMPROVEMENT**

- 18 SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.
- 19 This title may be cited as the "Nogales Wastewater
- 20 Improvement Act of 2022".
- 21 SEC. 702. AMENDMENTS TO THE ACT OF JULY 27, 1953.
- The first section of the Act of July 27, 1953 (67 Stat.
- 23 195, chapter 242; 22 U.S.C. 277d–10), is amended by
- 24 striking the period at the end and inserting ": Provided
- 25 further, That the equitable portion of the Nogales sanita-

1	tion project for the city of Nogales, Arizona, shall be lim-
2	ited to the costs directly associated with the treatment and
3	conveyance of the wastewater of the city and, to the extent
4	practicable, shall not include any costs directly associated
5	with the quality or quantity of wastewater originating in
6	Mexico.".
7	SEC. 703. NOGALES SANITATION PROJECT.
8	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	(1) City.—The term "City" means the City of
10	Nogales, Arizona.
11	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
12	means the United States Section of the Inter-
13	national Border and Water Commission.
14	(3) International outfall interceptor.—
15	The term "International Outfall Interceptor" means
16	the pipeline that conveys wastewater from the
17	United States-Mexico border to the Nogales Inter-
18	national Wastewater Treatment Plant.
19	(4) Nogales international wastewater
20	TREATMENT PLANT.—The term "Nogales Inter-
21	national Wastewater Treatment Plant" means the
22	wastewater treatment plant that—
23	(A) is operated by the Commission;
24	(B) is located in Rio Rico, Santa Cruz
25	County, Arizona, after manhole 99; and

1	(C) treats sewage and wastewater origi-
2	nating from—
3	(i) Nogales, Sonora, Mexico; and
4	(ii) Nogales, Arizona.
5	(b) Ownership and Control.—
6	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2)
7	and in accordance with authority under the Act of
8	July 27, 1953 (67 Stat. 195, chapter 242; 22
9	U.S.C. 277d–10 et seq.), on transfer by donation
10	from the City of the current stake of the City in the
11	International Outfall Interceptor to the Commission,
12	the Commission shall enter into such agreements as
13	are necessary to assume full ownership and control
14	over the International Outfall Interceptor.
15	(2) AGREEMENTS REQUIRED.—The Commission
16	shall assume full ownership and control over the
17	International Outfall Interceptor under paragraph
18	(1) after all applicable governing bodies in the State
19	of Arizona, including the City, have—
20	(A) signed memoranda of understanding
21	granting to the Commission access to existing
22	easements for a right of entry to the Inter-
23	national Outfall Interceptor for the life of the
24	International Outfall Interceptor;

1	(B) entered into an agreement with respect
2	to the flows entering the International Outfall
3	Interceptor that are controlled by the City; and
4	(C) agreed to work in good faith to expedi-
5	tiously enter into such other agreements as are
6	necessary for the Commission to operate and
7	maintain the International Outfall Interceptor.
8	(c) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE.—
9	(1) In general.—Beginning on the date on
10	which the Commission assumes full ownership and
11	control of the International Outfall Interceptor
12	under subsection (b)(1), but subject to subsection
13	(e), the Commission shall be responsible for the op-
14	erations and maintenance of the International Out-
15	fall Interceptor.
16	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
18	mission to carry out this subsection, to remain avail-
19	able until expended—
20	(A) $\$4,400,000$ for fiscal year 2023; and
21	(B) not less than \$2,500,000 for fiscal
22	year 2024 and each fiscal year thereafter.
23	(d) Debris Screen.—
24	(1) Debris screen required.—

1	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
2	construct, operate, and maintain a debris screen
3	at Manhole One of the International Outfall In-
4	terceptor for intercepting debris and drug bun-
5	dles coming to the United States from Nogales,
6	Sonora, Mexico.
7	(B) Requirement.—In constructing and
8	operating the debris screen under subparagraph
9	(A), the Commission and the Commissioner of
10	U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall co-
11	ordinate—
12	(i) the removal of drug bundles and
13	other illicit goods caught in the debris
14	screen; and
15	(ii) other operations at the Inter-
16	national Outfall Interceptor that require
17	coordination.
18	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
20	mission, to remain available until expended—
21	(A) $$11,900,000$ for fiscal year 2023 for
22	construction of the debris screen described in
23	paragraph (1)(A); and
24	(B) $$2,200,000$ for fiscal year 2024 and
25	each fiscal year thereafter for the operations

1	and maintenance of the debris screen described
2	in paragraph (1)(A).
3	(e) Limitation of Claims.—Chapter 171 and sec-
4	tion 1346(b) of title 28, United States Code (commonly
5	known as the "Federal Tort Claims Act"), shall not apply
6	to any claim arising from the activities of the Commission
7	in carrying out this section, including any claim arising
8	from damages that result from overflow of the Inter-
9	national Outfall Interceptor due to excess inflow to the
10	International Outfall Interceptor originating from
11	Nogales, Sonora, Mexico.
12	TITLE VIII—RIO GRANDE WATER
13	SECURITY
13 14	SECURITY SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.
14	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.
14 15	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water
14 15 16	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act".
14 15 16 17	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act". Subtitle A—Rio Grande Water
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act". Subtitle A—Rio Grande Water Security
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act". Subtitle A—Rio Grande Water Security SEC. 811. DEFINITIONS.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act". Subtitle A—Rio Grande Water Security SEC. 811. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Rio Grande Water Security Act". Subtitle A—Rio Grande Water Security SEC. 811. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) BASIN PLAN.—The term "Basin Plan"

1	(2) Basin State.—The term "Basin State"
2	means each of the following States:
3	(A) Colorado.
4	(B) New Mexico.
5	(C) Texas, which shall participate upon
6	consent and agreement by the State of Texas,
7	acting through the Texas Commission on Envi-
8	ronmental Quality.
9	(3) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
10	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
11	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
12	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
13	(4) Nature-based feature.—The term "na-
14	ture-based feature" has the meaning given the term
15	in section 9502 of the Omnibus Public Land Man-
16	agement Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10362).
17	(5) Rio grande basin.—The term "Rio
18	Grande Basin" means the mainstem of the Rio
19	Grande from the headwaters of the Rio Grande in
20	Colorado to the mouth of the Rio Grande and any
21	hydrologically connected groundwater, aquifers, and
22	tributaries within the Basin States.
23	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
24	the Secretary of the Interior.

1	(7) Working Group.—The term "Working
2	Group" means the Rio Grande Basin Working
3	Group convened under section 812(a).
4	SEC. 812. INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT
5	PLAN FOR THE RIO GRANDE BASIN.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall convene
8	a Federal Working Group, to be known as the "Rio
9	Grande Basin Working Group", to consult and collaborate
10	with the Basin States, Indian Tribes, units of local govern-
11	ment, irrigation districts, conservation districts, acequias,
12	land grant-mercedes, and other local partners in the Rio
13	Grande Basin to develop and implement an integrated
14	water resources management plan for the Rio Grande
15	Basin using the best available science, data, and local
16	knowledge.
17	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Basin Plan is to
18	improve—
19	(1) water security and quality for communities
20	throughout the Rio Grande Basin;
21	(2) river and watershed health for ecosystems,
22	fish, and wildlife in the Rio Grande Basin;
23	(3) the resilience of communities and eco-
24	systems in the Rio Grande Basin to drought and hy-
25	drologic change; and

1	(4) consultation, collaboration, and partnerships
2	among Federal agencies, Basin States, Indian
3	Tribes, and local partners within the Rio Grande
4	Basin.
5	(c) Requirements.—The Basin Plan shall in-
6	clude—
7	(1) a list of recommended projects and activi-
8	ties to achieve the purpose described in subsection
9	(b), using the best available science for current and
10	future conditions in the Rio Grande Basin, including
11	recommendations for—
12	(A) improving infrastructure design, main-
13	tenance, repair, planning, management, and op-
14	erations throughout the Rio Grande Basin;
15	(B) improving science, data, monitoring,
16	and collaboration to improve understanding of
17	the Rio Grande Basin, including—
18	(i) the hydrology and other processes
19	of the Rio Grande Basin; and
20	(ii) the long-term availability of water
21	across the Rio Grande Basin;
22	(C) increasing water conservation in the
23	Rio Grande Basin through partnerships with
24	communities and water users;

1	(D) investments in nature-based features,
2	infrastructure, and habitat improvements to im-
3	prove river health, resilience, water security,
4	and hazard mitigation in the Rio Grande Basin;
5	(E) updating reservoir operations authori-
6	ties and water control manuals; and
7	(F) improving consultation, collaboration,
8	and partnerships throughout the Rio Grande
9	Basin to achieve the objectives described in sub-
10	paragraphs (A) through (E);
11	(2) a list of potential changes to existing Fed-
12	eral authorities that may be needed to implement
13	the Basin Plan; and
14	(3) a timeline for implementing the Basin Plan
15	over a 30-year period.
16	(d) Report to Congress.—Not later than 3 years
17	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
18	shall—
19	(1) submit the Basin Plan to—
20	(A) the appropriate committees of Con-
21	gress; and
22	(B) the Basin States, Indian Tribes lo-
23	cated within the Rio Grande Basin, and local
24	partners; and

1	(2) make the Basin Plan publicly available on-
2	line.
3	(e) Implementation.—
4	(1) In general.—On submission of the Basin
5	Plan to Congress under subsection (d)(1)(A), the
6	relevant agencies of the Working Group may imple-
7	ment recommended projects and activities from the
8	Basin Plan to achieve the purposes of this subtitle,
9	including—
10	(A) water conservation and restoration
11	projects;
12	(B) streamflow and groundwater recharge
13	improvements;
14	(C) optimization of Federal project man-
15	agement, including—
16	(i) improvements and flexibility in res-
17	ervoir, irrigation, and flood control project
18	operations; and
19	(ii) updates and amendments to par-
20	ticular reservoir operations authorities,
21	contracts, and water control manuals with-
22	in the Rio Grande Basin, consistent with
23	the recommendations provided in sub-
24	section $(c)(1)(E)$;

1	(D) studies of relevant projects and activi-
2	ties requiring further authorization;
3	(E) the establishment of a collaborative
4	science, data, and monitoring program for the
5	Rio Grande Basin; and
6	(F) the establishment of a coordinated
7	technical assistance program to support Rio
8	Grande Basin stakeholders in accessing re-
9	sources and programs to achieve the purposes
10	of this subtitle.
11	(2) Waiver.—In implementing this subsection,
12	the relevant agencies of the Working Group may
13	waive or reduce Federal cost-share requirements for
14	projects and activities that demonstrate significant
15	public benefits in accordance with the purpose de-
16	scribed in subsection (b).
17	(f) Requirements.—The projects and activities im-
18	plemented pursuant to subsection (e) shall be—
19	(1) subject to required authorization and appro-
20	priation by Congress;
21	(2) contingent on the completion of applicable
22	feasibility studies, environmental reviews, and cost-
23	benefit analyses that include favorable recommenda-
24	tions for the proposed projects and activities; and
25	(3) implemented—

1	(A) in accordance with applicable law, in-
2	cluding—
3	(i) the National Environmental Policy
4	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
5	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of
6	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); and
7	(iii) the Federal Water Pollution Con-
8	trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
9	(B) in consultation with and in accordance
10	with State, Tribal, and local authorities in the
11	Basin States;
12	(C) within the State of Colorado—
13	(i) only upon the consent of the State
14	of Colorado, acting through the Colorado
15	Division of Water Resources; and
16	(ii) rely on and not duplicate existing
17	studies and models developed and main-
18	tained by the State of Colorado to the
19	greatest extent practicable;
20	(D) in accordance with interstate and
21	international agreements applicable to the Rio
22	Grande Basin; and
23	(E) in accordance with the water rights of
24	any Indian Tribe or agreements between any
25	Indian Tribe and the United States.

1	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to the heads of the agen-
3	cies represented on the Working Group such sums as are
4	necessary to carry out this subtitle for each of fiscal years
5	2023 through 2052.
6	SEC. 813. RIO GRANDE BASIN WORKING GROUP.
7	(a) Composition.—The Working Group shall be
8	composed of the following members:
9	(1) The Administrator of the Environmental
10	Protection Agency.
11	(2) The Assistant Secretary of the Army for
12	Civil Works.
13	(3) The Chief of the Forest Service.
14	(4) The Chief of the Natural Resources Con-
15	servation Service.
16	(5) The Commissioner of the International
17	Boundary and Water Commission.
18	(6) The Commissioner of Reclamation.
19	(7) The Director of any National Laboratory lo-
20	cated in a Basin State.
21	(8) The Director of the Bureau of Indian Af-
22	fairs.
23	(9) The Director of the Bureau of Land Man-
24	agement.
25	(10) The Director of the National Park Service.

1	(11) The Director of the United States Fish
2	and Wildlife Service.
3	(12) The Director of the United States Geologi-
4	cal Survey.
5	(13) The Secretary of Energy.
6	(14) The Under Secretary for Rural Develop-
7	ment.
8	(15) The heads of any other relevant Federal
9	agencies, as determined to be appropriate by a ma-
10	jority of the members of the Working Group de-
11	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (14).
12	(b) Duties.—The Working Group shall consult, col-
13	laborate, and work with Basin States, Indian Tribes lo-
14	cated within the Rio Grande Basin, and local partners—
15	(1) to develop and implement a Basin Plan; and
16	(2) on submission of the Basin Plan to Con-
17	gress under section $812(d)(1)(A)$, to support ongo-
18	ing collaboration across the Rio Grande Basin
19	among Federal stakeholders and non-Federal stake-
20	holders within the Rio Grande Basin.
21	SEC. 814. EFFECT OF SUBTITLE.
22	Nothing in this subtitle—
23	(1) affects, waives, abrogates, diminishes, de-
24	fines, or interprets any water right of any Indian

1	Tribe or agreement between any Indian Tribe and
2	the United States;
3	(2) affects a contract or benefit in existence on
4	the date of enactment of this Act that was executed
5	pursuant to the reclamation laws, unless otherwise
6	agreed to by the parties to the contract or benefit;
7	(3) amends, modifies, or is in conflict with any
8	interstate or international agreement regarding the
9	Rio Grande and the waters of the Rio Grande, or
10	any other interstate compact or agreement regarding
11	water, including the Rio Grande Compact consented
12	to by Congress in the Act of May 31, 1939 (53 Stat.
13	785. Ch.155), or the Colorado River Compact con-
14	sented to by Congress in the Act of August 19, 1921
15	(42 Stat. 171, Ch. 72), the 1906 Convention, the
16	1944 Treaty with Mexico, and Upper Colorado River
17	Basin Compact consented to by Congress in the Act
18	of April 6, 1949 (63 Stat. 31);
19	(4) affects any ongoing treaty obligations;
20	(5) changes the commitments and requirements
21	contained in Public Law 92–514 concerning the
22	Closed Basin Project; or
23	(6) limits or affects any Basin State or Indian
24	Tribe in the management of water quantity or qual-

1	ity in accordance with State or Tribal laws, as appli-
2	cable.
3	Subtitle B—Pueblo Irrigation
4	SEC. 821. REAUTHORIZATION OF PUEBLO IRRIGATION IN-
5	FRASTRUCTURE GRANTS.
6	Section 9106(g)(2) of the Omnibus Public Land
7	Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–11; 123 Stat.
8	1309) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "is authorized" and inserting
10	"are authorized"; and
11	(2) by striking "\$6,000,000" and all that fol-
12	lows through the period at the end and inserting
13	"such sums as are necessary for each of fiscal years
14	2022 through 2032.".
15	DIVISION C—OTHER FIRE,
16	DROUGHT, AND EXTREME
17	WEATHER PROGRAMS
18	TITLE I—INFRASTRUCTURE,
19	ENERGY, AND ASSISTANCE
20	SEC. 101. NATURAL DISASTER GRID MITIGATION MAP.
21	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
22	and maintain a Natural Disaster Grid Mitigation Map
23	that identifies critical electric grid infrastructure in each
24	State that is vulnerable to natural disasters.
25	(b) Report.—

1	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
3	thereafter, the Secretary shall develop a report
4	that—
5	(A) analyzes how vulnerable critical electric
6	grid infrastructure in each State is to natural
7	disasters; and
8	(B) identifies parts of such critical electric
9	grid infrastructure that are high risk for energy
10	disruptions caused by natural disasters.
l 1	(2) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall make
12	the report developed under paragraph (1) available
13	to other relevant Federal agencies to consider when
14	funding disaster mitigation and resiliency efforts.
15	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
16	(1) Critical electric grid infrastruc-
17	TURE.—The term "critical electric grid infrastruc-
18	ture" includes transmission lines of 66 kilovolt-am-
19	peres and above and other infrastructure, as deter-
20	mined by the Secretary.
21	(2) Natural disaster.—The term "natural
22	disaster" means a wildfire, hurricane, tornado, ex-
23	treme temperature, storm, flood, earthquake, vol-
24	canic eruption, or other natural occurrence of such

1	magnitude or severity so as to be considered disas-
2	trous, as determined by the Secretary.
3	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Energy.
5	(4) State.—The term "State" means each of
6	the several States, the District of Columbia, any ter-
7	ritory or possession of the United States, and any
8	federally recognized Indian Tribe.
9	SEC. 102. INTERREGIONAL MINIMUM TRANSFER CAPA-
10	BILITY REQUIREMENTS.
11	(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that extreme weather
12	is increasing in frequency and poses a significant risk to
13	the reliability of the electric grid.
14	(b) Rulemaking.—Not later than 18 months after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Energy
16	Regulatory Commission shall, pursuant to section 206 of
17	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824e), promulgate a
18	final rule that establishes minimum transfer capability re-
19	quirements between transmission planning regions.
20	(c) Electric Reliability.—Section 215 of the
21	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824o) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a)(3)—
23	(A) by striking "to enlarge such facilities
24	or''; and

1	(B) by striking "new transmission capacity
2	or''; and
3	(2) in subsection (i)(2), by striking "or trans-
4	mission".
5	SEC. 103. CRITICAL DOCUMENT FEE WAIVER.
6	Section 1238(a) of the Disaster Recovery Reform Act
7	of 2018 (42 U.S.C. 5174b) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "applies re-
9	gardless" and inserting "and the requirement of the
10	President to waive fees under paragraph (4) apply
11	regardless";
12	(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
13	graph (5); and
14	(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(4) Mandatory automatic waiver.—The
17	President, in consultation with the Governor of a
18	State, shall automatically provide a fee waiver de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1) to an individual or house-
20	hold that has been adversely affected by a major dis-
21	aster declared under section 401 of the Robert T.
22	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
23	Act (42 U.S.C. 5170)—

1	"(A) for which the President provides as-
2	sistance to individuals and households under
3	section 408 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 5174); and
4	"(B) that destroyed a critical document de-
5	scribed in paragraph (1) of the individual or
6	household.".
7	SEC. 104. HERMIT'S PEAK/CALF CANYON FIRE ASSISTANCE.
8	(a) Findings and Purposes.—
9	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
10	(A) on April 6, 2022, the Forest Service
11	initiated the Las Dispensas-Gallinas prescribed
12	burn on Federal land in the Santa Fe National
13	Forest in San Miguel County, New Mexico,
14	when erratic winds were prevalent in the area
15	that was also suffering from severe drought
16	after many years of insufficient precipitation;
17	(B) on April 6, 2022, the prescribed burn,
18	which became known as the "Hermit's Peak
19	Fire", exceeded the containment capabilities of
20	the Forest Service, was declared a wildfire, and
21	spread to other Federal and non-Federal land;
22	(C) on April 19, 2022, the Calf Canyon
23	Fire, also in San Miguel County, New Mexico,
24	began burning on Federal land and was later
25	identified as the result of a pile burn in Janu-

1	ary 2022 that remained dormant under the sur-
2	face before reemerging;
3	(D) on April 27, 2022, the Hermit's Peak
4	Fire and the Calf Canyon Fire merged, and
5	both fires were reported as the Hermit's Peak
6	Fire or the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire,
7	(referred hereafter in this subsection as the
8	"Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire");
9	(E) by May 2, 2022, the fire had grown in
10	size and caused evacuations in multiple villages
11	and communities in San Miguel County and
12	Mora County, including in the San Miguel
13	county jail, the State's psychiatric hospital, the
14	United World College, and New Mexico High-
15	lands University;
16	(F) on May 4, 2022, the President issued
17	a major disaster declaration for the counties of
18	Colfax, Mora, and San Miguel, New Mexico;
19	(G) on May 20, 2022, U.S. Forest Service
20	Chief Randy Moore ordered a 90-day review of
21	prescribed burn policies to reduce the risk of
22	wildfires and ensure the safety of the commu-
23	nities involved;

1	(H) the U.S. Forest Service has assumed
2	responsibility for the Hermit's Peak/Calf Can-
3	yon Fire;
4	(I) the fire resulted in the loss of Federal,
5	State, local, Tribal, and private property; and
6	(J) the United States should compensate
7	the victims of the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon
8	Fire.
9	(2) Purposes.—The purposes of this section
10	are—
11	(A) to compensate victims of the Hermit's
12	Peak/Calf Canyon Fire, for injuries resulting
13	from the fire; and
14	(B) to provide for the expeditious consider-
15	ation and settlement of claims for those inju-
16	ries.
17	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
18	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
19	trator' means—
20	(A) the Administrator of the Federal
21	Emergency Management Agency; or
22	(B) if a Manager is appointed under sub-
23	section $(c)(1)(C)$, the Manager.
24	(2) Hermit's peak/calf canyon fire.—The
25	term "Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire" means—

1	(A) the fire resulting from the initiation by
2	the Forest Service of a prescribed burn in the
3	Santa Fe National Forest in San Miguel Coun-
4	ty, New Mexico, on April 6, 2022;
5	(B) the pile burn holdover resulting from
6	the prescribed burn by the Forest Service,
7	which reemerged on April 19, 2022; and
8	(C) the merger of the two fires described
9	in subparagraphs (A) and (B), reported as the
10	Hermit's Peak Fire or the Hermit's Peak Fire/
11	Calf Canyon Fire.
12	(3) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
13	means the recognized governing body of any Indian
14	or Alaska Native Tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village,
15	community, component band, or component reserva-
16	tion individually identified (including parenthetically)
17	in the list published most recently as of the date of
18	enactment of this Act pursuant to section 104 of the
19	Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994
20	(25 U.S.C. 5131).
21	(4) Injured person.—The term "injured per-
22	son" means—
23	(A) an individual, regardless of the citizen-
24	ship or alien status of the individual: or

1	(B) an Indian Tribe, corporation, Tribal
2	corporation, partnership, company, association,
3	county, township, city, State, school district, or
4	other non-Federal entity (including a legal rep-
5	resentative) that suffered injury resulting from
6	the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire.
7	(5) Injury.—The term "injury" has the same
8	meaning as the term "injury or loss of property, or
9	personal injury or death" as used in section
10	1346(b)(1) of title 28, United States Code.
11	(6) Manager.—The term "Manager" means
12	an Independent Claims Manager appointed under
13	subsection $(c)(1)(C)$.
14	(7) Office.—The term "Office" means the Of-
15	fice of Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire Claims es-
16	tablished by subsection $(c)(1)(B)$.
17	(8) Tribal entity.—The term "Tribal entity"
18	includes any Indian Tribe, tribal organization, In-
19	dian-controlled organization serving Indians, Native
20	Hawaiian organization, or Alaska Native entity, as
21	such terms are defined or used in section 166 of the
22	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (25
23	U.S.C. 5304).
24	(e) Compensation for Victims of Hermit's
25	PEAK/CALF CANYON FIRE.—

1	(1) In general.—
2	(A) Compensation.—Each injured person
3	shall be entitled to receive from the United
4	States compensation for injury suffered by the
5	injured person as a result of the Hermit's Peak/
6	Calf Canyon Fire.
7	(B) Office of Hermit's Peak/Calf can-
8	YON FIRE CLAIMS.—
9	(i) IN GENERAL.—There is established
10	within the Federal Emergency Manage-
11	ment Agency an Office of Hermit's Peak/
12	Calf Canyon Fire Claims.
13	(ii) Purpose.—The Office shall re-
14	ceive, process, and pay claims in accord-
15	ance with this section.
16	(iii) Funding.—The Office—
17	(I) shall be funded from funds
18	made available to the Administrator
19	under this section;
20	(II) may appoint and fix the
21	compensation of such temporary per-
22	sonnel as may be necessary, without
23	regard to the provisions of title 5,
24	United States Code, governing ap-
25	pointments in competitive service; and

1	(III) may reimburse other Fed-
2	eral agencies for claims processing
3	support and assistance.
4	(C) OPTION TO APPOINT INDEPENDENT
5	CLAIMS MANAGER.—The Administrator may ap-
6	point an Independent Claims Manager to—
7	(i) head the Office; and
8	(ii) assume the duties of the Adminis-
9	trator under this section.
10	(2) Submission of claims.—Not later than 2
11	years after the date on which regulations are first
12	promulgated under paragraph (6), an injured person
13	may submit to the Administrator a written claim for
14	1 or more injuries suffered by the injured person in
15	accordance with such requirements as the Adminis-
16	trator determines to be appropriate.
17	(3) Investigation of claims.—
18	(A) In General.—The Administrator
19	shall, on behalf of the United States, inves-
20	tigate, consider, ascertain, adjust, determine,
21	grant, deny, or settle any claim for money dam-
22	ages asserted under paragraph (2).
23	(B) APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW.—Ex-
24	cept as otherwise provided in this section, the
25	laws of the State of New Mexico shall apply to

1	the calculation of damages under paragraph
2	(4)(D).
3	(C) Extent of damages.—Any payment
4	under this section—
5	(i) shall be limited to actual compen-
6	satory damages measured by injuries suf-
7	fered; and
8	(ii) shall not include—
9	(I) interest before settlement or
10	payment of a claim; or
11	(II) punitive damages.
12	(4) Payment of claims.—
13	(A) DETERMINATION AND PAYMENT OF
14	AMOUNT.—
15	(i) In general.—
16	(I) Payment.—Not later than
17	180 days after the date on which a
18	claim is submitted under this section,
19	the Administrator shall determine and
20	fix the amount, if any, to be paid for
21	the claim.
22	(II) Priority.—The Adminis-
23	trator, to the maximum extent prac-
24	ticable, shall pay subrogation claims
25	submitted under this section only

1	after paying claims submitted by in-
2	jured parties that are not insurance
3	companies seeking payment as
4	subrogees.
5	(ii) Parameters of Determina-
6	TION.—In determining and settling a claim
7	under this section, the Administrator shall
8	determine only—
9	(I) whether the claimant is an in-
10	jured person;
11	(II) whether the injury that is
12	the subject of the claim resulted from
13	the fire;
14	(III) the amount, if any, to be al-
15	lowed and paid under this section; and
16	(IV) the person or persons enti-
17	tled to receive the amount.
18	(iii) Insurance and other bene-
19	FITS.—
20	(I) In General.—In deter-
21	mining the amount of, and paying, a
22	claim under this section, to prevent
23	recovery by a claimant in excess of ac-
24	tual compensatory damages, the Ad-
25	ministrator shall reduce the amount

1	to be paid for the claim by an amount
2	that is equal to the total of insurance
3	benefits (excluding life insurance ben-
4	efits) or other payments or settle-
5	ments of any nature that were paid,
6	or will be paid, with respect to the
7	claim.
8	(II) GOVERNMENT LOANS.—This
9	subparagraph shall not apply to the
10	receipt by a claimant of any govern-
11	ment loan that is required to be re-
12	paid by the claimant.
13	(B) PARTIAL PAYMENT.—
14	(i) In general.—At the request of a
15	claimant, the Administrator may make 1
16	or more advance or partial payments be-
17	fore the final settlement of a claim, includ-
18	ing final settlement on any portion or as-
19	pect of a claim that is determined to be
20	severable.
21	(ii) Judicial decision.—If a claim-
22	ant receives a partial payment on a claim
23	under this section, but further payment on
24	the claim is subsequently denied by the
25	Administrator, the claimant may—

1	(I) seek judicial review under
2	paragraph (9); and
3	(II) keep any partial payment
4	that the claimant received, unless the
5	Administrator determines that the
6	claimant—
7	(aa) was not eligible to re-
8	ceive the compensation; or
9	(bb) fraudulently procured
10	the compensation.
11	(C) Rights of insurer or other third
12	PARTY.—If an insurer or other third party pays
13	any amount to a claimant to compensate for an
14	injury described in paragraph (1), the insurer
15	or other third party shall be subrogated to any
16	right that the claimant has to receive any pay-
17	ment under this section or any other law.
18	(D) Allowable damages.—
19	(i) Loss of Property.—A claim that
20	is paid for loss of property under this sec-
21	tion may include otherwise uncompensated
22	damages resulting from the Hermit's Peak/
23	Calf Canyon Fire for—
24	(I) an uninsured or underinsured
25	property loss;

1	(II) a decrease in the value of
2	real property;
3	(III) damage to physical infra-
4	structure, including irrigation infra-
5	structure such as acequia systems;
6	(IV) a cost resulting from lost
7	subsistence from hunting, fishing,
8	firewood gathering, timbering, graz-
9	ing, or agricultural activities con-
10	ducted on land damaged by the Her-
11	mit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire;
12	(V) a cost of reforestation or re-
13	vegetation on Tribal or non-Federal
14	land, to the extent that the cost of re-
15	forestation or revegetation is not cov-
16	ered by any other Federal program;
17	and
18	(VI) any other loss that the Ad-
19	ministrator determines to be appro-
20	priate for inclusion as loss of prop-
21	erty.
22	(ii) Business loss.—A claim that is
23	paid for injury under this section may in-
24	clude damages resulting from the Hermit's
25	Peak/Calf Canyon Fire for the following

1	types of otherwise uncompensated business
2	loss:
3	(I) Damage to tangible assets or
4	inventory.
5	(II) Business interruption losses.
6	(III) Overhead costs.
7	(IV) Employee wages for work
8	not performed.
9	(V) Any other loss that the Ad-
10	ministrator determines to be appro-
11	priate for inclusion as business loss.
12	(iii) Financial loss.—A claim that
13	is paid for injury under this section may
14	include damages resulting from the Her-
15	mit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire for the fol-
16	lowing types of otherwise uncompensated
17	financial loss:
18	(I) Increased mortgage interest
19	costs.
20	(II) An insurance deductible.
21	(III) A temporary living or relo-
22	cation expense.
23	(IV) Lost wages or personal in-
24	come.
25	(V) Emergency staffing expenses.

1	(VI) Debris removal and other
2	cleanup costs.
3	(VII) Costs of reasonable efforts,
4	as determined by the Administrator,
5	to reduce the risk of wildfire, flood, or
6	other natural disaster in the counties
7	impacted by the Hermit's Peak/Calf
8	Canyon Fire to risk levels prevailing
9	in those counties before the Hermit's
10	Peak/Calf Canyon Fire, that are in-
11	curred not later than the date that is
12	3 years after the date on which the
13	regulations under paragraph (6) are
14	first promulgated.
15	(VIII) A premium for flood in-
16	surance that is required to be paid on
17	or before May 31, 2024, if, as a result
18	of the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon
19	Fire, a person that was not required
20	to purchase flood insurance before the
21	Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire is re-
22	quired to purchase flood insurance.
23	(IX) A disaster assistance loan
24	received from the Small Business Ad-
25	ministration.

1	(X) Any other loss that the Ad-
2	ministrator determines to be appro-
3	priate for inclusion as financial loss.
4	(5) ACCEPTANCE OF AWARD.—The acceptance
5	by a claimant of any payment under this section, ex-
6	cept an advance or partial payment made under
7	paragraph (4)(B), shall—
8	(A) be final and conclusive on the claim-
9	ant, with respect to all claims arising out of or
10	relating to the same subject matter; and
11	(B) constitute a complete release of all
12	claims against the United States (including any
13	agency or employee of the United States) under
14	chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code
15	(commonly known as the "Federal Tort Claims
16	Act"), or any other Federal or State law, aris-
17	ing out of or relating to the same subject mat-
18	ter.
19	(6) REGULATIONS AND PUBLIC INFORMA-
20	TION.—
21	(A) REGULATIONS.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision of law, not later than 45 days
23	after the date of enactment of this section, the
24	Administrator shall promulgate and publish in
25	the Federal Register interim final regulations

1	for the processing and payment of claims under
2	this section.
3	(B) Public information.—
4	(i) In general.—At the time at
5	which the Administrator promulgates regu-
6	lations under subparagraph (A), the Ad-
7	ministrator shall publish, online and in
8	print, in newspapers of general circulation
9	in the State of New Mexico, a clear, con-
10	cise, and easily understandable expla-
11	nation, in English and Spanish, of—
12	(I) the rights conferred under
13	this section; and
14	(II) the procedural and other re-
15	quirements of the regulations promul-
16	gated under subparagraph (A).
17	(ii) Dissemination through other
18	MEDIA.—The Administrator shall dissemi-
19	nate the explanation published under
20	clause (i) through websites, blogs, social
21	media, brochures, pamphlets, radio, tele-
22	vision, and other media that the Adminis-
23	trator determines are likely to reach pro-
24	spective claimants.

1	(7) Consultation.—In administering this sec-
2	tion, the Administrator shall consult with the Sec-
3	retary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the
4	Secretary of Agriculture, the Administrator of the
5	Small Business Administration, other Federal agen-
6	cies, and State, local, and Tribal authorities, as de-
7	termined to be necessary by the Administrator, to—
8	(A) ensure the efficient administration of
9	the claims process; and
10	(B) provide for local concerns.
11	(8) Election of Remedy.—
12	(A) In general.—An injured person may
13	elect to seek compensation from the United
14	States for 1 or more injuries resulting from the
15	Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire by—
16	(i) submitting a claim under this sec-
17	tion;
18	(ii) filing a claim or bringing a civil
19	action under chapter 171 of title 28,
20	United States Code (commonly known as
21	the "Federal Tort Claims Act"); or
22	(iii) bringing an authorized civil action
23	under any other provision of law.
24	(B) Effect of election.—An election
25	by an injured person to seek compensation in

1	any manner described in subparagraph (A)
2	shall be final and conclusive on the claimant
3	with respect to all injuries resulting from the
4	Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire that are suf-
5	fered by the claimant.
6	(C) Arbitration.—
7	(i) In general.—Not later than 45
8	days after the date of enactment of this
9	Act, the Administrator shall establish by
10	regulation procedures under which a dis-
11	pute regarding a claim submitted under
12	this section may be settled by arbitration.
13	(ii) Arbitration as remedy.—On
14	establishment of arbitration procedures
15	under clause (i), an injured person that
16	submits a disputed claim under this section
17	may elect to settle the claim through arbi-
18	tration.
19	(iii) BINDING EFFECT.—An election
20	by an injured person to settle a claim
21	through arbitration under this subpara-
22	graph shall—
23	(I) be binding; and
24	(II) preclude any exercise by the
25	injured person of the right to judicial

1	review of a claim described in para-
2	graph (9).
3	(D) No effect on entitlements.—
4	Nothing in this section affects any right of a
5	claimant to file a claim for benefits under any
6	Federal entitlement program.
7	(9) Judicial Review.—
8	(A) In general.—Any claimant aggrieved
9	by a final decision of the Administrator under
10	this section may, not later than 60 days after
11	the date on which the decision is issued, bring
12	a civil action in the United States District
13	Court for the District of New Mexico, to modify
14	or set aside the decision, in whole or in part.
15	(B) Record.—The court shall hear a civil
16	action under subparagraph (A) on the record
17	made before the Administrator.
18	(C) STANDARD.—The decision of the Ad-
19	ministrator incorporating the findings of the
20	Administrator shall be upheld if the decision is
21	supported by substantial evidence on the record
22	considered as a whole.
23	(10) ATTORNEY'S AND AGENT'S FEES.—
24	(A) In general.—No attorney or agent,
25	acting alone or in combination with any other

1	attorney or agent, shall charge, demand, re-
2	ceive, or collect, for services rendered in connec-
3	tion with a claim submitted under this section,
4	fees in excess of the limitations established
5	under section 2678 of title 28, United States
6	Code.
7	(B) Violation.—An attorney or agent
8	who violates subparagraph (A) shall be fined
9	not more than \$10,000.
10	(11) Waiver of requirement for matching
11	FUNDS.—
12	(A) STATE AND LOCAL PROJECT.—
13	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
14	any other provision of law, a State or local
15	project that is determined by the Adminis-
16	trator to be carried out in response to the
17	Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire under any
18	Federal program that applies to an area
19	affected by the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon
20	Fire shall not be subject to any require-
21	ment for State or local matching funds to
22	pay the cost of the project under the Fed-
23	eral program.

1	(ii) Federal share.—The Federal
2	share of the costs of a project described in
3	clause (i) shall be 100 percent.
4	(B) Other Needs Program Assist-
5	ANCE.—Notwithstanding section 408(g)(2) of
6	the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
7	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
8	5174(g)(2)), for any emergency or major dis-
9	aster declared by the President under that Act
10	for the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire, the
11	Federal share of assistance provided under that
12	section shall be 100 percent.
13	(12) Applicability of debt collection re-
14	QUIREMENTS.—Section 3711(a) of title 31, United
15	States Code, shall not apply to any payment under
16	this section, unless—
17	(A) there is evidence of civil or criminal
18	fraud, misrepresentation, presentation of a false
19	claim; or
20	(B) a claimant was not eligible under para-
21	graph (4)(B) of this section to any partial pay-
22	ment.
23	(13) Indian compensation.—Notwithstanding
24	any other provision of law, in the case of an Indian

1	Tribe, a Tribal entity, or a member of an Indian
2	Tribe that submits a claim under this section—
3	(A) the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall
4	have no authority over, or any trust obligation
5	regarding, any aspect of the submission of, or
6	any payment received for, the claim;
7	(B) the Indian Tribe, Tribal entity, or
8	member of an Indian Tribe shall be entitled to
9	proceed under this section in the same manner
10	and to the same extent as any other injured
11	person; and
12	(C) except with respect to land damaged
13	by the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire that is
14	the subject of the claim, the Bureau of Indian
15	Affairs shall have no responsibility to restore
16	land damaged by the Hermit's Peak/Calf Can-
17	yon Fire.
18	(14) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
19	date of promulgation of regulations under paragraph
20	(6)(A), and annually thereafter, the Administrator
21	shall submit to Congress a report that describes the
22	claims submitted under this section during the year
23	preceding the date of submission of the report, in-
24	cluding, for each claim—
25	(A) the amount claimed;

1	(B) a brief description of the nature of the
2	claim; and
3	(C) the status or disposition of the claim,
4	including the amount of any payment under
5	this section.
6	(15) Authorization of appropriations.—
7	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
8	as are necessary to carry out this section.
9	SEC. 105. FIRE MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COST SHARE.
10	(a) In General.—Section 420 of the Robert T.
11	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act is
12	amended—
13	(1) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
14	section (f); and
15	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(e) Federal Share.—The Federal share of assist-
18	ance under this section shall be not less than 75 percent
19	of the eligible cost of such assistance.".
20	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by sub-
21	section (a) shall only apply to amounts appropriated on
22	or after the date of enactment of this Act.
23	SEC. 106. TRANSITIONAL SHELTERING ASSISTANCE.
24	(a) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) Individual at risk of wildfire smoke
2	RELATED ILLNESS.—The term "individual at risk of
3	wildfire smoke related illness" means an individual,
4	living in an area where the air quality index is deter-
5	mined to be unhealthy for not less than 3 consecu-
6	tive days as a result of a wildfire, who is—
7	(A) a low-income individual;
8	(B) a parent or guardian with a child who
9	has not attained 19 years of age;
10	(C) a pregnant woman;
11	(D) an individual who is 65 years of age
12	or older;
13	(E) an individual with chronic respiratory
14	or cardiovascular illness; or
15	(F) an individual with a chronic disease
16	that is exacerbated by smoke inhalation.
17	(2) Low-income individual.—The term "low-
18	income individual" means an individual from a fam-
19	ily whose taxable income (as defined in section 63 of
20	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for the pre-
21	ceding year did not exceed 200 percent of an
22	amount equal to the poverty level, as determined by
23	using criteria of poverty established by the Bureau
24	of the Census.

1	(3) QUALIFIED ENTITY.—The term "qualified
2	entity" means—
3	(A) a State or unit of local government;
4	(B) a local public health authority; and
5	(C) a coordinated care organization.
6	(b) Transitional Sheltering Assistance Pro-
7	GRAM.—In carrying out the Transitional Sheltering As-
8	sistance Program of the Federal Emergency Management
9	Agency under section 403 of the Robert T. Stafford Dis-
10	aster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
11	5170b), the President shall—
12	(1) provide assistance to a qualified entity to
13	purchase and provide, to an individual at risk of
14	wildfire smoke related illness, smoke-inhalation pre-
15	vention equipment, including—
16	(A) a portable air filtration unit;
17	(B) an air filter;
18	(C) a face mask or respirator, such as—
19	(i) an N95 respirator;
20	(ii) a P100 respirator; or
21	(iii) other equipment certified by the
22	National Institute for Occupational Safety
23	and Health to protect from airborne par-
24	ticle exposure;

1	(D) low-cost equipment to keep smoke out
2	of a house, such as:
3	(i) a weather strip;
4	(ii) not more than 1 portable air-con-
5	ditioning unit per household;
6	(iii) ventilation equipment;
7	(iv) a screening and shading device; or
8	(v) a window covering; or
9	(E) other similarly effective devices; and
10	(2) in any case in which smoke-inhalation pre-
11	vention equipment is not sufficient to mitigate the
12	risk of illness, provide cost-efficient transitional shel-
13	ter assistance to an individual at risk of wildfire
14	smoke related illness.
15	(c) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
16	section shall apply with respect to any amounts appro-
17	priated after the date of enactment of this Act.
18	SEC. 107. GRID RESILIENCE STUDY.
19	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
20	date of enactment of this section, the Federal Energy Reg-
21	ulatory Commission, the Department of Energy, and the
22	Electric Reliability Organization shall jointly—
23	(1) conduct a study on the need for, and feasi-
24	bility of, establishing or modifying a reliability

1	standard to ensure the reliable operation of thermo-
2	electric power plants during droughts; and
3	(2) submit to the appropriate committees of
4	Congress the results of such study.
5	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) Appropriate committees of con-
7	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
8	gress' means—
9	(A) the Committee on Energy and Com-
10	merce of the House of Representatives; and
11	(B) the Committee on Energy and Natural
12	Resources of the Senate.
13	(2) Electric reliability organization; re-
14	LIABILITY STANDARD.—The terms "Electric Reli-
15	ability Organization" and "reliability standard" have
16	the meanings given such terms in section 215(a) of
17	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824o(a)).
18	SEC. 108. NONNATIVE PLANT SPECIES REMOVAL GRANT
19	PROGRAM.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
22	ty" means a partnership between 2 or more entities
23	that—
24	(A) shall include—

1	(i) at least 1 flood control district;
2	and
3	(ii) at least 1 city, county, township,
4	town, borough, parish, village, or other
5	general purpose political subdivision of a
6	State or Indian tribe (as defined in section
7	4 of the Indian Self-Determination and
8	Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C.
9	5304)); and
10	(B) may include any other entity (such as
11	a nonprofit organization or institution of higher
12	education), as determined by the Secretary.
13	(2) Nonnative plant species.—The term
14	"nonnative plant species" means a plant species
15	that—
16	(A) is nonnative or alien to an ecosystem;
17	and
18	(B) if introduced to that ecosystem, will
19	cause, or is likely to cause, economic harm, en-
20	vironmental harm, or harm to human health.
21	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
22	the Secretary of Agriculture.
23	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
24	a grant program to award grants, on a competitive basis,
25	to eligible entities—

1	(1) to remove nonnative plant species in ripar-
2	ian areas that contribute to drought conditions;
3	(2) to replace those nonnative plant species
4	with native plant species; and
5	(3) to maintain and monitor riparian areas in
6	which nonnative plant species have been removed
7	and replaced.
8	(c) Applications.—
9	(1) In general.—To be eligible to receive a
10	grant under this section, an eligible entity shall sub-
11	mit to the Secretary an application at such time, in
12	such manner, and containing such information as
13	the Secretary may require, including—
14	(A) a plan for how the eligible entity will
15	use grant funds to carry out the activities de-
16	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (3) of sub-
17	section (b);
18	(B) a description of the manner in which
19	the eligible entity has carried out the consulta-
20	tion required under paragraph (2); and
21	(C) information demonstrating that each
22	native plant species described in subsection
23	(b)(2) will—
24	(i)(I) reduce flood risk:

1	(II) improve hydrology and water
2	storage capacities; or
3	(III) reduce fire hazard; and
4	(ii) protect and restore rivers and
5	streams and associated riparian habitats,
6	including fish and wildlife resources that
7	are dependent on those habitats.
8	(2) Consultation.—An eligible entity seeking
9	a grant under this section shall consult with local
10	stakeholders, including conservation groups, to cre-
11	ate the plan described in paragraph (1)(A).
12	(d) Report.—An eligible entity that receives a grant
13	under this section shall submit to the Secretary a report
14	at such time, in such manner, and containing such infor-
15	mation as the Secretary may require, including informa-
16	tion on methodology and outcomes of nonnative plant spe-
17	cies removal and replacement efforts.
18	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
19	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
20	\$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal year
21	thereafter.
22	SEC. 109. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FOR RESEARCH ON
23	WILDFIRE SMOKE.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the

- 1 Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in this sec-
- 2 tion as the "Administrator") shall establish at institutions
- 3 of higher education 4 centers, each of which shall be
- 4 known as a "Center of Excellence for Wildfire Smoke",
- 5 to carry out research relating to—
- 6 (1) the effects on public health of smoke emis-
- 7 sions from wildland fires; and
- 8 (2) the means by which communities can better
- 9 respond to the impacts of emissions from wildland
- fires.
- 11 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 12 authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to
- 13 carry out this section \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2023
- 14 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- 15 SEC. 110. COMMUNITY SMOKE PLANNING.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 17 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
- 18 Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in this sec-
- 19 tion as the "Administrator") shall establish a competitive
- 20 grant program to assist eligible entities described in sub-
- 21 section (b) in developing and implementing collaborative
- 22 community plans for mitigating the impacts of smoke
- 23 emissions from wildland fires.

1	(b) Eligible Entities.—An entity that is eligible
2	to submit an application for a grant under subsection (a)
3	is—
4	(1) a State, as defined in section 302 of the
5	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7602);
6	(2) an air pollution control agency, as defined
7	in section 302 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
8	7602);
9	(3) a municipality, as defined in section 302 of
10	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7602); or
11	(4) an Indian tribe, as defined in section 302
12	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7602).
13	(c) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant
14	under subsection (a), an eligible entity described in sub-
15	section (b) shall submit to the Administrator an applica-
16	tion at such time, in such manner, and containing such
17	information as the Administrator may require.
18	(d) Technical Assistance.—The Administrator
19	may use amounts made available to carry out this section
20	to provide to eligible entities described in subsection (b)
21	technical assistance in—
22	(1) submitting grant applications under sub-
23	section (c); or
24	(2) carrying out projects using a grant under
25	this section.

1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to
3	carry out this section \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2023
4	and each fiscal year thereafter.
5	SEC. 111. DISASTER EQUITY AND FAIRNESS.
6	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
7	(1) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
8	ministrator of the Agency;
9	(2) the term "Agency" means the Federal
10	Emergency Management Agency;
11	(3) the term "emergency" means an emergency
12	declared or determined to exist by the President
13	under section 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster
14	Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
15	5191);
16	(4) the terms "Indian tribal government" and
17	"local government" have the meanings given such
18	terms in section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Dis-
19	aster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42
20	U.S.C. 5122); and
21	(5) the term "major disaster" means a major
22	disaster declared by the President under section 401
23	of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-
24	gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170).

1	(b) Increase Cost-share for Consecutive Im-
2	PACTS.—
3	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding the provi-
4	sions of law described in paragraph (2), for assist-
5	ance provided under sections 403, 404, 406, 408,
6	420, and 428 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Re-
7	lief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
8	5170b, 5170e, 5172, 5174, 5187, 5189f) to a local
9	government or Indian tribal government in connec-
10	tion with the second, or subsequent, major disaster
11	during any 3-year period, the Federal share shall be
12	not less than 90 percent of the eligible cost of such
13	assistance.
14	(2) Provisions.—The provisions of law de-
15	scribed in this paragraph are sections 403(b),
16	403(c)(4), $404(a)$, $406(b)$, $408(d)$, $408(g)(2)$,
17	420(a), and 428(e)(2)(B) of the Robert T. Stafford
18	Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42
19	U.S.C. $5170b(b)$, $5170b(e)(4)$, $5170e(a)$, $5172(b)$,
20	5174(d), 5174(g)(2), 5187(a), 5189f(e)(2).
21	(c) STATE AND LOCAL PLANS FOR MEAL DELIV-
22	ERY.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Robert T.
24	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance

1	Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 et seq.) is amended by adding
2	at the end the following:
3	"SEC. 431. STATE AND LOCAL PLANS FOR MEAL DELIVERY.
4	"(a) In General.—The Administrator may provide
5	assistance to a State, local government, or Indian tribal
6	government to reimburse the cost of coordinating food de-
7	livery, production, and distribution in the event of a major
8	disaster, including—
9	"(1) establishing a network to coordinate food
10	delivery, production, and distribution with businesses
11	and private nonprofit organizations;
12	"(2) establishing contracts with small and mid-
13	sized restaurants, food vendors, and private non-
14	profit organizations, including faith-based organiza-
15	tions, food banks, and soup kitchens, to prepare
16	healthy meals for people in need; and
17	"(3) partnering with private nonprofit organiza-
18	tions, including faith-based organizations, food
19	banks, and soup kitchens to purchase directly from
20	food producers and farmers.
21	"(b) Federal Share.—The Federal share of the
22	cost of an activity carried out using assistance under this
23	section shall be—
24	"(1) not less than 90 percent of the eligible cost
25	of food delivery, production, and distribution during

1	the 30-day period beginning on the date of the dec-
2	laration of the major disaster; and
3	"(2) not less than 90 percent of such eligible
4	cost after the end of the 30-day period described in
5	paragraph (1).".
6	(2) Emergencies.—Section 502(a) of the Rob-
7	ert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency As-
8	sistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5192(a)) is amended—
9	(A) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at
10	the end;
11	(B) by redesignating paragraph (8) as
12	paragraph (9); and
13	(C) by inserting after paragraph (7) the
14	following:
15	"(8) provide assistance for food delivery, pro-
16	duction, and distribution in accordance with section
17	431; and".
18	(3) Guidance.—Not later than 1 year after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
20	shall issue comprehensive guidance to States, local
21	governments, and Indian tribal governments regard-
22	ing receiving reimbursement for the cost of food de-
23	livery, production, and distribution in the event of
24	an emergency or major disaster under section 431 of
25	the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-

1	gency Assistance Act, as added by paragraph (1), in-
2	cluding—
3	(A) establishing a coordination network;
4	(B) enabling streamlined arrangements for
5	food production and distribution; and
6	(C) streamlined contracting and partnering
7	with private nonprofit organizations such that
8	private nonprofit organizations may apply di-
9	rectly for reimbursement under such section as
10	an agent of a State, local government, or Indian
11	tribal government.
12	(d) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
13	section shall apply with respect to any amounts appro-
14	priated after the date of enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 112. FEMA IMPROVEMENT, REFORM, AND EFFICIENCY.
16	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
17	(1) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
18	ministrator of the Agency;
19	(2) the term "Agency" means the Federal
20	Emergency Management Agency;
21	(3) the term "appropriate committees of Con-
22	gress" means—
23	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
24	and Governmental Affairs and the Committee
25	on Appropriations of the Senate; and

1	(B) the Committee on Transportation and
2	Infrastructure and the Committee on Appro-
3	priations of the House of Representatives;
4	(4) the term "emergency" means an emergency
5	declared or determined to exist by the President
6	under section 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster
7	Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
8	5191);
9	(5) the terms "Indian tribal government",
10	"local government", and "State" have the meanings
11	given such terms in section 102 of the Robert T.
12	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
13	Act (42 U.S.C. 5122); and
14	(6) the term "major disaster" means a major
15	disaster declared by the President under section 401
16	of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-
17	gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170).
18	(b) Report on Relocation Assistance.—
19	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
20	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
21	trator shall submit a report regarding the use of re-
22	location assistance under sections 203, 404, and 406
23	of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-
24	gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133, 5170c, 5172)

1	for wildfire risk to the appropriate committees of
2	Congress.
3	(2) Contents.—The report submitted under
4	paragraph (1) shall include the following:
5	(A) Any information on relocation projects
6	that have been carried out due to fire risks or
7	denied by the Agency, including the number
8	and value of projects either carried out or de-
9	nied.
10	(B) A discussion of the possible benefits or
11	disadvantages of providing relocation assistance
12	that may reduce, but not eliminate, the risk of
13	loss due to wildfires.
14	(C) A discussion of how the Agency may
15	optimize relocation assistance when entire
16	States or geographic areas are considered sub-
17	ject to a fire risk.
18	(D) An analysis of whether other mitiga-
19	tion measures are more cost-effective than relo-
20	cation assistance when the applicant is applying
21	to move from a high-risk to a medium-risk or
22	low-risk area with respect to wildfires.
23	(E) An analysis of the need for the Fed-
24	eral Government to produce wildfire maps that

1	identify high-risk, moderate-risk, and low-risk
2	wildfire zones.
3	(F) An analysis of whether other mitiga-
4	tion measures promote greater resilience to
5	wildfires when compared to relocation or, if ad-
6	ditional data is required in order to carry out
7	such an analysis, a discussion of the additional
8	data required.
9	(G) A discussion of the ability of States,
10	local governments, and Indian tribal govern-
11	ments to demonstrate fire risk, and whether the
12	level of this ability impacts the ability of States,
13	local governments, or Indian tribal governments
14	to access relocation assistance, including an as-
15	sessment of existing fire mapping products and
16	capabilities and recommendations on redressing
17	any gaps in the ability of the Agency to assist
18	States, local governments, and Indian tribal
19	governments in demonstrating fire risk.
20	(H) An evaluation of—
21	(i) the scope of the data available to
22	the Agency regarding historical wildfire
23	losses;

1	(ii) how such data is utilized in ben-
2	efit-cost analysis determinations by the
3	Agency;
4	(iii) what additional data, if any, may
5	be pertinent to such determinations; and
6	(iv) what, if any, alternative methods
7	may be relevant to the determination of
8	cost effectiveness.
9	(I) A discussion of the extent to which the
10	decision process for relocation assistance appro-
11	priately considers the change in future risks for
12	wildfires due to a changing climate.
13	(J) An analysis of whether statutes and
14	regulations regarding relocation assistance by
15	the Agency present barriers for States, local
16	governments, or Indian tribal governments try-
17	ing to access funding to reduce wildfire risk.
18	(K) An analysis of—
19	(i) how, if at all, the Agency has
20	modified policies and procedures to deter-
21	mine the eligibility of proposed relocation
22	or mitigation projects with respect to
23	wildfires;
24	(ii) the cost effectiveness of such
25	projects, in light of the increasing losses

1	and obligations for wildfires in recent
2	years; and
3	(iii) the effectiveness of any modifica-
4	tions described in clause (i).
5	(L) An analysis of how, if at all, recent
6	changes in the availability of fire insurance has
7	resulted in modifications of policy or procedure
8	with respect to determining the cost efficacy of
9	relocation assistance for wildfires.
10	(M) An analysis of how to define repetitive
11	loss and repetitively damaged properties in the
12	context of wildfires.
13	(N) A discussion of whether any legisla-
14	tive, regulatory, or policy changes are necessary
15	for the Agency to better implement relocation
16	assistance to reduce risk from wildfires.
17	(O) Other related issues that the Adminis-
18	trator determines appropriate.
19	(c) Red Flag Warnings and Predisaster Ac-
20	TIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
21	of this Act, the Administrator, in coordination with the
22	National Weather Service of the National Oceanic and At-
23	mospheric Administration, shall—
24	(1) conduct a study of, develop recommenda-
25	tions for, and initiate a process for the use of Red

1	Flag Warnings and similar weather alert and notifi-
2	cation methods, including the use of emerging tech-
3	nologies, to establish—
4	(A) plans and actions, consistent with law,
5	that can be implemented prior to a wildfire
6	event, including pre-impact disaster declara-
7	tions and surge operations, that can limit the
8	impact, duration, or severity of the fire; and
9	(B) mechanisms to increase interagency
10	collaboration to expedite the delivery of disaster
11	assistance; and
12	(2) submit to the appropriate committees of
13	Congress a comprehensive report regarding the
14	study described in paragraph (1), including any rec-
15	ommendations of the Administrator, and the activi-
16	ties of the Administrator to carry out paragraph (1).
17	(d) Assistance for Wildfire Damage.—Not later
18	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
19	the Administrator shall brief the appropriate committees
20	of Congress regarding—
21	(1) the application for assistance and consist-
22	ency of assistance provided by the Agency in re-
23	sponse to wildfires; and
24	(2) the kinds of damage that result from
25	wildfires.

1	(e) GAO REPORT ON GAPS.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
3	General of the United States shall submit to the appro-
4	priate committees of Congress a report that examines—
5	(1) gaps in the policies of the Agency related to
6	wildfires, when compared to other hazards;
7	(2) disparities in regulations and guidance
8	issued by the Administrator, including any oversight
9	of the programs of the Agency, when addressing im-
10	pacts of wildfires and other hazards;
11	(3) ways to shorten the period of time between
12	the initiating of and the distribution of assistance,
13	reimbursements, and grants;
14	(4) the effectiveness of the programs of the
15	Agency in addressing wildfire hazards;
16	(5) ways to improve the ability of the Agency
17	to assist States, local governments, and Indian tribal
18	governments to prepare for, respond to, recover
19	from, and mitigate against wildfire hazards;
20	(6) revising the application process for assist-
21	ance relating to wildfires to more effectively assess
22	uninsured and underinsured losses and serious
23	needs; and
24	(7) ways to improve the disaster assistance pro-
25	grams of agencies other than the Agency.

1	(f) Crisis Counseling Cultural Competency.—
2	Section 416 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
3	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5183) is amend-
4	ed—
5	(1) by striking "The President" and inserting
6	the following:
7	"(a) In General.—The President"; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(b) Cultural Competency.—The President shall,
10	in consultation with affected States, local governments,
11	and Indian tribal governments and cultural experts, en-
12	sure that any individual providing professional counseling
13	services to victims of a major disaster as authorized under
14	subsection (a), including those working for nonprofit part-
15	ners and recovery organizations, is appropriately trained
16	to address—
17	"(1) cultural competency and respectful care
18	practices; and
19	"(2) impacts from major disasters in commu-
20	nities, and to individuals, with socio-economically
21	disadvantaged backgrounds.".
22	(g) Case Management Cultural Competency.—
23	Section 426 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
24	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5189d) is amend-
25	ed

1	(1) by striking "The President" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(a) In General.—The President"; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(b) Cultural Competency.—The President shall,
6	in consultation with affected States, local governments,
7	and Indian tribal governments and cultural experts, en-
8	sure that any individual providing case management serv-
9	ices to victims of a major disaster as authorized under
10	subsection (a), including those working for nonprofit part-
11	ners and recovery organizations, is appropriately trained
12	to address—
13	``(1) cultural competency and respectful care
14	practices; and
15	"(2) impacts from major disasters in commu-
16	nities, and to individuals, with socio-economically
17	disadvantaged backgrounds.".
18	(h) STUDY AND PLAN FOR DISASTER HOUSING AS-
19	SISTANCE.—
20	(1) Study.—Not later than 180 days after the
21	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
22	shall—
23	(A) conduct a study and develop a plan,
24	consistent with law, under which the Agency
25	will address providing housing assistance to

1	survivors of major disasters or emergencies
2	when presented with challenges such as—
3	(i) the lack of proof of ownership or
4	ownership documentation;
5	(ii) the presence of multiple families
6	within a single household; and
7	(iii) the near loss of a community,
8	with the majority of homes destroyed in
9	that community, including as a result of a
10	wildfire, earthquake, or other event causing
11	a major disaster; and
12	(B) make recommendations for legislative
13	changes needed to address—
14	(i) the unmet needs of survivors of
15	major disasters or emergencies who are
16	unable to document or prove ownership of
17	the household;
18	(ii) the presence of multiple families
19	within a single household; and
20	(iii) the near loss of a community,
21	with the majority of homes destroyed in
22	that community, including as a result of a
23	wildfire, earthquake, or other event causing
24	a major disaster.

1	(2) Comprehensive Report.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall submit to the appropriate committees of
3	Congress a report that provides a detailed discussion
4	of the plans developed under paragraph $(1)(A)$ and
5	the recommendations of the Administrator under
6	paragraph (1)(B).
7	(3) Briefing.—Not later than 30 days after
8	submission of the report and recommendations
9	under paragraph (2), the Administrator shall brief
10	the appropriate committees of Congress on the find-
11	ings and any recommendations made pursuant to
12	this subsection.
13	(i) Reimbursement.—Not later than 180 days after
14	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
15	brief the appropriate committees of Congress regarding
16	the extent to which the Agency is using housing solutions
17	proposed by a State or local government to reduce the
18	time or cost required to implement housing solutions after
19	a major disaster.
20	(j) Wildfire Insurance Study by the National
21	Academies.—
22	(1) Study.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
24	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
25	the Administrator shall seek to enter into an

1	agreement with the National Academy of
2	Sciences to conduct a study of—
3	(i) potential solutions to address the
4	availability and affordability of insurance
5	for wildfire perils in all regions of the
6	United States, including consideration of a
7	national all natural hazards insurance pro-
8	gram;
9	(ii) the ability of States, communities,
10	and individuals to mitigate wildfire risks,
11	including the affordability and feasibility of
12	such mitigation activities;
13	(iii) the current and potential future
14	effects of land use policies and building
15	codes on the potential solutions;
16	(iv) the reasons why many properties
17	at risk of wildfire lack insurance coverage;
18	(v) the role of insurers in providing
19	incentives for wildfire risk mitigation ef-
20	forts;
21	(vi) the state of catastrophic insur-
22	ance and reinsurance markets and the ap-
23	proaches in providing insurance protection
24	to different sectors of the population of the
25	United States;

1	(vii) the role of the Federal Govern-
2	ment and State and local governments in
3	providing incentives for feasible wildfire
4	risk mitigation efforts and the cost of pro-
5	viding assistance in the absence of insur-
6	ance;
7	(viii) the state of modeling and map-
8	ping wildfire risk and solutions for accu-
9	rately and adequately identifying future
10	wildfire risk;
11	(ix) approaches to insuring wildfire
12	risk in the United States; and
13	(x) such other issues that may be nec-
14	essary or appropriate for the report.
15	(B) Consultation.—The agreement to
16	conduct the study described in subparagraph
17	(A) shall require that, in conducting the study,
18	the National Academy of Sciences shall consult
19	with State insurance regulators, consumer orga-
20	nizations, representatives of the insurance and
21	reinsurance industry, policyholders, and other
22	organizations and experts, as appropriate.
23	(2) Submission.—Not later than 2 years after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator

- shall submit to Congress the results of the study
- 2 commissioned under paragraph (1).
- 3 (k) Increased Cap for Emergency Declara-
- 4 TIONS BASED ON REGIONAL COST OF LIVING.—Not later
- 5 than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 6 the Administrator shall brief the appropriate committees
- 7 of Congress regarding the benefits and drawbacks of es-
- 8 tablishing a maximum amount for assistance provided for
- 9 an emergency that is based on the cost of living in the
- 10 region in which the emergency occurs.
- 11 (1) Facilitating Disposal of Temporary Trans-
- 12 PORTABLE HOUSING UNITS TO SURVIVORS.—Section
- 13 408(d)(2)(B)(i) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief
- 14 and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
- 15 5174(d)(2)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting ", with priority
- 16 given to a survivor of a major disaster who suffered a
- 17 property loss as a result of the major disaster" after "any
- 18 person".
- 19 (m) Deadline on Code Enforcement and Man-
- 20 AGEMENT COST ELIGIBILITY.—Section 406(a)(2)(D) of
- 21 the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency As-
- 22 sistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5172(a)(2)(D)) is amended by
- 23 striking "180 days" and inserting "1 year".
- 24 (n) Permit Applications for Tribal Upgrades
- 25 TO EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTERS.—Section 614(a)

- 1 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
- 2 Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5196c(a)) is amended by insert-
- 3 ing "and Indian tribal governments" after "grants to
- 4 States".
- 5 (o) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
- 6 section shall apply with respect to any amounts appro-
- 7 priated after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 8 SEC. 113. FIRE INVESTIGATIONS.
- 9 The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974
- 10 (15 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 11 the following:
- 12 "SEC. 38. INVESTIGATION AUTHORITIES.
- 13 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any major fire,
- 14 the Administrator may send incident investigators, which
- 15 may include safety specialists, fire protection engineers,
- 16 codes and standards experts, researchers, and fire training
- 17 specialists, to the site of the fire to conduct an investiga-
- 18 tion as described in subsection (b).
- 19 "(b) Investigation Required.—A fire investiga-
- 20 tion conducted under this section—
- 21 "(1) shall be conducted in coordination and co-
- operation with appropriate Federal, State, and local
- authorities, including Federal agencies that are au-
- 24 thorized to investigate a major fire or an incident of
- 25 which the major fire is a part; and

1	"(2) shall examine the determined cause and
2	origin of the fire and assess broader systematic mat-
3	ters to include use of codes and standards, demo-
4	graphics, structural characteristics, smoke and fire
5	dynamics (movement) during the event, and costs of
6	associated injuries and deaths.
7	"(c) Report.—Upon concluding any fire investiga-
8	tion under this section, the Administrator shall issue a
9	public report to local, State, and Federal authorities on
10	the findings of such investigation, or collaborate with an-
11	other investigating Federal agency on that agency's re-
12	port, including recommendations on—
13	"(1) any other buildings with similar character-
14	istics that may bear similar fire risks;
15	"(2) improving tactical response to similar fires;
16	"(3) improving civilian safety practices;
17	"(4) assessing the costs and benefits to the
18	community of adding fire safety features; and
19	"(5) how to mitigate the causes of such fire.
20	"(d) DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY.—In addition to
21	investigations conducted pursuant to subsection (a), the
22	Administrator may send fire investigators to conduct in-
23	vestigations at the site of any fire with unusual or remark-
24	able context that results in losses less severe than those
25	occurring as a result of a major fire, in coordination with

1	appropriate Federal, State, and local authorities, including
2	Federal agencies that are authorized to investigate a
3	major fire or an incident of which the major fire is a part.
4	"(e) Major Fire Defined.—For purposes of this
5	section, the term 'major fire' shall have the meaning given
6	such term under regulations to be issued by the Adminis-
7	trator.".
8	SEC. 114. CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND MICROGRID
9	PROGRAM.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Critical facility.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "critical fa-
13	cility" means a facility that provides services or
14	may be used—
15	(i) to save lives;
16	(ii) to protect property, public health,
17	and public safety; or
18	(iii) to lessen or avert the threat of a
19	catastrophe.
20	(B) Inclusions.—The term "critical facil-
21	ity" includes—
22	(i) a hospital;
23	(ii) an outpatient clinic;
24	(iii) a nursing home;
25	(iv) a police station;

1	(v) an emergency operation center;
2	(vi) a jail or prison;
3	(vii) a fire station;
4	(viii) a facility in the communications
5	sector, as determined by the Secretary;
6	(ix) a facility in the chemical sector,
7	as determined by the Secretary;
8	(x) a school or other large building
9	that may serve as a temporary gathering
10	space;
11	(xi) a utility station, such as a water
12	and wastewater station;
13	(xii) a facility described in subpara-
14	graph (A) that is owned or operated by, or
15	provides services to, an Indian Tribe (as
16	defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-De-
17	termination and Education Assistance Act
18	(25 U.S.C. 5304));
19	(xiii) a Federal facility, including a
20	military base or installation; and
21	(xiv) any other facility described in
22	subparagraph (A), as determined by the
23	Secretary.
24	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
25	the Secretary of Energy.

1	(b) Critical Infrastructure and Microgrid
2	Program.—
3	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
4	a program—
5	(A) to improve the energy resilience and
6	power needs of critical facilities through the use
7	of microgrids, renewable energy, energy effi-
8	ciency, reduced electricity demand, and on-site
9	storage;
10	(B) to improve the energy efficiency of
11	critical facilities by decreasing the size and cost
12	of generators;
13	(C) to provide technical assistance and fa-
14	cilitate the distribution and sharing of informa-
15	tion to develop more resilient electricity systems
16	(including bulk systems and localized systems);
17	and
18	(D) to promulgate consumer-facing infor-
19	mation and resources to inform the public on
20	best practices and resources related to increas-
21	ing resilience of electricity systems and reducing
22	the impacts of extreme weather events on elec-
23	tricity systems.

1	(2) Requirements.—In carrying out the pro-
2	gram established under paragraph (1), the Secretary
3	shall ensure, with respect to critical facilities—
4	(A) provision of on-site back-up power with
5	renewable resources, low-carbon liquid fuels,
6	and on-site energy storage technologies; and
7	(B) installation, at the transmission and
8	distribution level, of interoperable technologies,
9	advanced power flow control, dynamic line rat-
10	ing, topology optimization, and communications
11	systems.
12	(3) Interested party input.—In estab-
13	lishing the program under paragraph (1), the Sec-
14	retary shall seek the input of State energy regu-
15	lators, electric utilities (as defined in section 3 of the
16	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796)), regional trans-
17	mission organizations and independent system oper-
18	ators, electric utility customers and ratepayer orga-
19	nizations, local governments, community choice
20	aggregators or regional energy collaboratives, and
21	other interested parties.
22	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
23	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
24	appropriated to the Secretary \$100,000,000 to carry
25	out this section, to remain available until expended.

1	(2) Administrative costs.—Of the amount
2	used to carry out this section, not more than 10 per-
3	cent shall be used for salaries and expenses, admin-
4	istrative management, and oversight of the program
5	established under subsection $(b)(1)$.
6	TITLE II—NATIONAL DISASTER
7	SAFETY BOARD ACT
8	SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.
9	(a) Organization.—There is established in the exec-
10	utive branch a National Disaster Safety Board, which
11	shall be an independent establishment, as defined in sec-
12	tion 104 of title 5, United States Code.
13	(b) Purpose.—The purposes of the Board are—
14	(1) to reduce loss of life, injury, and economic
15	injury caused by future incidents by learning from
16	natural hazards, including the impacts and under-
17	lying factors of such incidents, in a standardized
18	way;
19	(2) to maintain a focus that is future-looking
20	and national in scope, by applying what the Board
21	learns through the trends that emerge from the inci-
22	dents the Board reviews nationally to prevent loss of
23	life, or human or economic injury, not only in the af-
24	fected jurisdiction, but nationally, as the Board de-
25	termines relevant;

1	(3) in carrying out reviews, analyses, and rec-
2	ommendations, not to be accusatory in nature and
3	the Board shall not seek to find blame in any indi-
4	vidual or organization, or second-guess any relevant
5	authorities;
6	(4) to address systemic causes behind the loss
7	of life and human or economic injury in incidents,
8	including by recommending the augmentation of re-
9	sources available to entities responsible for man-
10	aging incident consequences; and
11	(5) while preventing economic injury as part of
12	the mission of the Board, when relevant, to prioritize
13	efforts that focus on lifesaving and injury preven-
14	tion, especially in disproportionately impacted com-
15	munities, as its work determines them to be.
16	SEC. 202. GENERAL AUTHORITY.
17	(a) Authority To Review.—
18	(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (b),
19	the Board shall review and establish the facts, cir-
20	cumstances, and cause or probable cause of the loss
21	of life, human injury, and economic injury due to a
22	natural hazard with 10 or more fatalities or that
23	meets the requirements described in paragraph (5)
24	or (6) of subsection (b) that occurs after the date
25	of enactment of this Act.

1	(2) Due to a natural hazard incident de-
2	FINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term
3	"due to a natural hazard" means a fatality that, if
4	not for the natural hazard incident, as the case may
5	be, would not have occurred within the time frame
6	of the incident, as defined by standards developed by
7	the Board.
8	(b) DETERMINATION OF WHETHER INCIDENT WAR-
9	RANTS BOARD REVIEW.—In carrying out subsection (a),
10	the Board—
11	(1) may begin the review of an incident, includ-
12	ing by monitoring the natural hazard and collecting
13	facts, before the total number of fatalities is known
14	if the Board determines that the natural hazard in-
15	cident has the potential to cause 10 or more fatali-
16	ties at its onset, in accordance with the policies and
17	procedures established by the Board;
18	(2) may, by a two-thirds vote, decide that an in-
19	cident that caused 10 or more fatalities does not re-
20	quire a review and shall issue a public statement ex-
21	plaining the determination;
22	(3) may, by a majority vote, decide to review
23	any natural hazard incident that occurs after the
24	date of enactment of this Act upon request from a
25	representative of an affected State, Tribal govern-

1	ment, or unit of local government, regardless of the
2	number of fatalities;
3	(4) may, by a majority vote, decide to review
4	any natural hazard incident that occurs after the
5	date of enactment of this Act upon recommendation
6	by the Office for the Protection of Disproportion-
7	ately Impacted Communities of the Board, which the
8	Office may make because of the incident's impacts
9	on populations that are socially, medically, or eco-
10	nomically vulnerable, as decided by the Office; and
11	(5) may, by a majority vote, decide to review a
12	natural hazard incident that occurs after the date of
13	enactment of this Act if—
14	(A) the Board determines that information
15	may be gained by the review that will be useful
16	in reducing systemic causes behind the loss of
17	life and human or economic injury; and
18	(B) the incident—
19	(i) did not result in 10 or more fatali-
20	ties; and
21	(ii)(I) could have resulted in a large
22	number of fatalities if not for swift inter-
23	vention or a shift in the course of events;
24	or

1	(II) resulted in, as determined by the
2	Board—
3	(aa) a significant amount of eco-
4	nomic or infrastructure damage;
5	(bb) significant human displace-
6	ment; or
7	(cc) a significant number of se-
8	vere non-fatal injuries or cases of se-
9	vere illness; and
10	(6) shall, by majority vote, determine whether
11	each incident for which the President issues a major
12	disaster declaration under section 401 of the Robert
13	T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-
14	ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170) meets the criteria for re-
15	view under paragraph (5).
16	(c) Nature of Review.—
17	(1) In general.—In carrying out a review
18	under this title, the Board shall—
19	(A) conduct the review to determine the
20	facts, conditions, and circumstances relating to
21	the loss of life, human injury, and economic in-
22	jury due to an incident;
23	(B) following an initial assessment of an
24	incident by the Board, notify any individual or
25	organization that the Board anticipates will be

1	affected by the review as to the extent of the
2	expected review response of the Board;
3	(C) use the results of the review under
4	subparagraph (A) to—
5	(i) determine how and why people die
6	and are injured during an incident; and
7	(ii) issue recommendations to prevent
8	or mitigate the loss of life, human injury,
9	or economic injury due to similar incidents;
10	and
11	(D) report on the facts and circumstances
12	of the incident review, including the pre-inci-
13	dent resilience or vulnerabilities of the incident
14	area or population.
15	(2) Generalized nature of reviews.—A
16	review of loss of life and injury conducted by the
17	Board shall—
18	(A) be generalized;
19	(B) focus on trends across an incident; and
20	(C) not aim to determine the exact indi-
21	vidual cause of death or injury of any affected
22	people.
23	(3) Fact-finding proceeding.—Any review
24	of an incident by the Board under this title shall be
25	a fact-finding proceeding with no adverse parties.

1	(4) Limitation of applicability of other
2	ACTS.—
3	(A) Administrative procedure act.—
4	Any review proceedings of the Board under this
5	title shall not be—
6	(i) subject to the Administrative Pro-
7	cedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.); or
8	(ii) conducted for the purpose of de-
9	termining the rights, liabilities, or blame of
10	any person, as the review is not an adju-
11	dicatory proceeding.
12	(B) Paperwork reduction act.—Chap-
13	ter 35 of title 44, United States Code (com-
14	monly known as the "Paperwork Reduction
15	Act"), shall not apply to the review proceedings
16	of the Board under this title.
17	(C) Federal advisory committee
18	ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
19	U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Board.
20	(5) Initiating reviews.—The Board shall ini-
21	tiate a review of an incident by monitoring the situa-
22	tion and assessing available facts to determine the
23	appropriate review response, without interfering in
24	any ongoing lifesaving and life sustaining efforts un-
25	derway by other entities.

1	(6) Alignment and coordination.—In car-
2	rying out this title, the Board shall coordinate with
3	Federal, State, local, and Tribal entities to—
4	(A) establish or adopt standard methods of
5	measuring the impacts of natural hazards and
6	accessing response capacity and capabilities to
7	maintain consistency and allow for the analysis
8	of trends over time;
9	(B) ensure that the standard data sets and
10	formats necessary for reviews developed under
11	subparagraph (A) are propagated among Fed-
12	eral, State, local, and tribal entities that may be
13	involved in response operations;
14	(C) leverage, to the extent practicable,
15	data collected using standard data sets and for-
16	mats established under subparagraph (B) by
17	Federal entities involved in response operations
18	to avoid any duplication of data collection; and
19	(D) during incident response operations,
20	coordinate with partners active in the operation
21	to collect data remotely or take other actions
22	that the Board finds necessary to align and co-
23	ordinate the requirements of the review with
24	ongoing operations, including through the re-
25	quirements of paragraph (7).

1	(7) Incident command.—The Board shall—
2	(A) recognize the role of incident command
3	systems to address incidents;
4	(B) observe the incident command system
5	to identify and coordinate review needs related
6	to the preservation and collection of information
7	and evidence; and
8	(C) shall collect information and evidence
9	from the incident command in a timely and rea-
10	sonable manner so as not to interfere with the
11	operations of the incident command.
12	(8) Parties to the review.—
13	(A) Participants.—Subject to subpara-
14	graph (B), the Board may invite one or more
15	entities to serve as a party in a review on a vol-
16	untary basis, and any party participant shall be
17	required to follow all directions and instructions
18	from the Board.
19	(B) Eligible entity.—In designating an
20	entity to serve as a party under subparagraph
21	(A), the Board may designate only a Federal,
22	State, or local government agency or private or-
23	ganization whose employees, functions, activi-
24	ties, or products were involved in the incident,
25	including responsible parties, and that can pro-

1	vide suitable qualified technical personnel to ac-
2	tively assist in the review.
3	(C) Representatives of eligible enti-
4	TIES.—To the extent practicable, a representa-
5	tive proposed by an entity designated as a party
6	under subparagraph (A) to participate in the
7	review may not be an individual who had direct
8	involvement in the incident under review.
9	(D) REVOCATION OF PARTY STATUS.—A
10	designation as a party under subparagraph (A)
11	may be revoked or suspended by the Board if
12	the party fails to comply with assigned duties
13	and instructions, withholds information, or oth-
14	erwise acts in a manner prejudicial or disrup-
15	tive to a review.
16	(E) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
17	this paragraph shall be construed to establish a
18	right for any entity to participate in a Board
19	review as a party.
20	(F) Internal review by a party.—To
21	assure coordination of concurrent efforts, a
22	party to a review that conducts or authorizes an
23	internal review of the processes and procedures
24	of the party as a result of an incident that the
25	Board is reviewing shall—

1	(i) inform the Board of the nature of
2	the review; and
3	(ii) provide to the Board findings
4	from the review.
5	(9) Review procedures.—In addition to any
6	procedures required under this title, the Board shall
7	determine and publish detailed review procedures as
8	the Board determines necessary.
9	(10) PRODUCTS.—The Board may use any me-
10	dium that will effectively convey the findings and
11	recommendations of the Board to the targeted audi-
12	ence of such findings or recommendations.
13	(d) Review by Affected Authorities.—
14	(1) In general.—When the Board has com-
15	pleted the findings and recommendations or other
16	products as a result of a review under this title, the
17	Board shall provide all affected States, Tribal gov-
18	ernments, and units of local government, or their
19	designees, an opportunity to review and comment
20	not later than 30 days before the publication of the
21	findings or recommendations.
22	(2) REQUIREMENT.—The Board shall make
23	every reasonable effort, within its discretion, to re-
24	spond to requests for additional information and
25	context that an affected jurisdiction may make and

1	to edit their findings and recommendations with any
2	useful additional information or context provided by
3	any affected jurisdiction in its comments without af-
4	fecting the integrity or independence of the review
5	and its findings and recommendations, as the Board
6	shall determine.
7	(e) DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMU-
8	NITIES.—
9	(1) In general.—In carrying out a review of
10	an incident under this section, including in deter-
11	mining whether to launch a review, the Board shall
12	ensure the potential development of findings that
13	would benefit the prevention of loss of life and
14	human or economic injury to populations that are
15	socially, medically, or economically vulnerable, as de-
16	cided by the Board.
17	(2) Data requirement.—To forward the
18	analysis and identification of trends of fatalities and
19	injuries as a result of incidents, the Board shall pub-
20	lish information regarding the number of fatalities
21	and injuries, and the facts and circumstances sur-
22	rounding them, disaggregated by race, color or eth-
23	nicity, religion, nationality, sex, age, disability,
24	English proficiency, occupation, or economic status,

I	and other demographic characteristics that the
2	Board may determine appropriate.
3	(f) Coordination With Other Reviews and In-
4	VESTIGATIONS.—
5	(1) In general.—Subject to the requirements
6	of this section, a review of a natural hazard incident
7	by the Board under subsection (a)(1) shall have pri-
8	ority over any investigation by another department,
9	agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Govern-
10	ment or a State, Tribal, or local government.
11	(2) Participation by other agencies.—The
12	Board shall provide for appropriate participation by
13	other departments, agencies, or instrumentalities in
14	a review conducted by the Board, except that an-
15	other department, agency, or instrumentality may
16	not influence the final findings of the Board.
17	(3) COORDINATION.—The Board shall coordi-
18	nate with all other Federal, State, Tribal, or local le-
19	gally mandated investigations or reviews and may
20	share information with those entities, according to
21	policies and procedures that the Board will provide,
22	to ensure that appropriate findings and recommen-
23	dations to reduce loss of life, injury, and economic
24	injury caused by future incidents are produced as ef-
25	ficiently as possible.

1	(4) Memoranda of understanding.—Not
2	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
3	Act, and biennially thereafter, the Chairman of the
4	Board shall enter into memoranda of understanding
5	with the Director of the National Institute of Stand-
6	ards and Technology, the Administrator of the Fed-
7	eral Emergency Management Agency, the Chairman
8	of the Chemical Safety Board, and the Chairman of
9	the National Transportation Safety Board, respec-
10	tively, and may enter into additional memoranda of
11	understanding with any other Federal entity that re-
12	quests such due to the relationship that the require-
13	ments of the Federal entity may have with the re-
14	quirements with the Board, in order to—
15	(A) determine the appropriate roles and re-
16	sponsibilities of the Board with respect to the
17	other agency or board;
18	(B) avoid any duplication of effort; and
19	(C) ensure that appropriate findings and
20	recommendations to reduce loss of life, injury,
21	and economic injury caused by future incidents
22	are provided.
23	(g) Participation in Support of Another Agen-
24	CY.—
25	(1) In general.—

1	(A) INVESTIGATION OF ACTS OF VIO-
2	LENCE.—The Board may participate in an in-
3	vestigation of an act of violence in support of
4	another Federal department or agency, or other
5	Federal investigative body with statutory au-
6	thority to lead such an investigation, if the head
7	of the lead investigative agency determines that
8	the participation of the Board would be bene-
9	ficial to reduce the likelihood of the loss of life
10	and human or economic injury, for future simi-
11	lar incidents.
12	(B) Investigation of technological
13	INCIDENTS.—
14	(i) In general.—The Board may
15	participate in an investigation of a techno-
16	logical incident—
17	(I) in support of another Federal
18	department or agency, or other Fed-
19	eral investigative body with statutory
20	authority to lead such an investiga-
21	tion, if the head of the lead investiga-
22	tive agency determines that the par-
23	ticipation of the Board would be bene-
24	ficial to reduce the likelihood of the

1	loss of life and human or economic in-
2	jury, for future similar incidents; or
3	(II) in the case of no statutory
4	authority for another Federal depart-
5	ment or agency, or other Federal in-
6	vestigative body, to lead such an in-
7	vestigation, as the lead investigative
8	entity.
9	(ii) Memoranda of under-
10	STANDING.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, and bi-
12	ennially thereafter, the Chairman of the
13	Board shall enter into memoranda of un-
14	derstanding with the heads of appropriate
15	Federal agencies in order to—
16	(I) determine the appropriate
17	roles and responsibilities of the Board
18	in investigating technological incidents
19	with respect to the other agency;
20	(II) avoid any duplication of ef-
21	fort; and
22	(III) ensure that appropriate
23	findings and recommendations to re-
24	duce loss of life, injury, and economic

1	injury caused by future incidents are
2	provided.
3	(2) FINDINGS.—If the Board participates in an
4	act of violence or technological incident investigation
5	under subparagraph (A), the Board may issue inde-
6	pendent findings and recommendations notwith-
7	standing the outcome of any investigation conducted
8	by another Federal agency or other Federal inves-
9	tigative body.
10	(3) Criminal circumstances.—If the Attor-
11	ney General, in consultation with the Chairperson,
12	determines and notifies the Board that circum-
13	stances reasonably indicate that the act of violence
14	or technological incident described in subparagraph
15	(A) may have been caused by an intentional criminal
16	act, the Board shall relinquish investigative priority
17	to the responsible Federal law enforcement entity.
18	(4) Rule of Construction.—This section
19	shall not be construed to affect the authority of an-
20	other department, agency, or instrumentality of the
21	Federal Government to investigate an incident under
22	applicable law or to obtain information directly from
23	the parties involved in, and witnesses to, the inci-
24	dent. The Board and other departments, agencies,
25	and instrumentalities shall ensure that appropriate

1	information developed about the incident is ex-
2	changed in a timely manner.
3	(h) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Board may make
4	the following types of technical assistance available to
5	Federal, State, Tribal, and local government agencies and
6	to private entities as designated by a Federal, State, Trib-
7	al, or local government agency:
8	(1) Independent review.—The Board shall
9	disseminate best practices to develop disaster inves-
10	tigation and review capacity within State, Tribal,
11	and local governments.
12	(2) Implementation of recommenda-
13	TIONS.—The Board—
14	(A) may provide technical assistance to
15	any entity identified as responsible for imple-
16	menting a recommendation under section
17	203(a)(1) to assist the entity in implementing
18	the recommendation; and
19	(B) to the extent possible, shall provide the
20	technical assistance described in subparagraph
21	(A) in coordination with technical assistance of-
22	fered by another Federal department or agency.
23	(3) Prioritization.—In offering technical as-
24	sistance under this subsection, the Board shall use

1	a risk-based method of prioritization, as the Board
2	determines appropriate.
3	(i) Findings.—
4	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
5	graph (2), not later than 1 year after the date on
6	which the Board initiates a review conducted under
7	this section, the Board shall make the findings and
8	relevant underlying data of the review available to
9	the public.
10	(2) Extension of deadline.—The Chair-
11	person of the Board may extend the 1-year period
12	described in paragraph (1) if the Chairperson, before
13	the end of such 1-year period—
14	(A) provides an explanation for the exten-
15	sion; and
16	(B) makes available to the public all avail-
17	able interim findings and underlying data.
18	SEC. 203. RECOMMENDATIONS AND RESPONSES.
19	(a) In General.—If the Board issues a recommen-
20	dation about an incident, the Board shall—
21	(1) explain the relationship between any rec-
22	ommendation and the results of a fact-finding re-
23	view;
24	(2) identify each relevant entity responsible for
25	making the change called for in the recommenda-

1	tion, including State, local, or private entities, as ap-
2	propriate;
3	(3) publish any responses to the recommenda-
4	tion publicly; and
5	(4) assess whether the responses adequately
6	lower the likelihood that a future similar incident
7	will result in loss of life, or human or economic in-
8	jury in the view of the Board.
9	(b) Federal Responses to Recommendations.—
10	(1) In general.—All Federal departments and
11	agencies identified in a recommendation made by the
12	Board shall reply to the recommendations not later
13	than 90 days after the date on which the rec-
14	ommendation is published by the Board.
15	(2) Response described.—A response under
16	paragraph (1) made by a Federal department or
17	agency shall include—
18	(A) whether the department or agency in-
19	tends to adopt the recommendation in whole, in
20	part, or not at all;
21	(B) an explanation of the reasons for only
22	adopting the recommendation in part or not at
23	all; and

1	(C) a proposed timetable for completing
2	the action the Federal department or agency
3	has agreed to.
4	(3) Progress updates.—A Federal depart-
5	ment or agency that agrees to adopt a recommenda-
6	tion of the Board shall—
7	(A) track the progress of the department
8	or agency toward completion; and
9	(B) provide an update to the Board, to be
10	published publicly, periodically, and not less fre-
11	quently than annually.
12	(e) Public Availability.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
14	the date on which a final determination is made on
15	a recommendation under this section, the Board
16	shall make a copy of the recommendation and re-
17	sponse to the recommendation available to the pub-
18	lie.
19	(2) Extension of Deadline.—The Chair-
20	person of the Board may extend the 1-year period
21	described in paragraph (1) if the Chairperson, before
22	the end of such 1-year period—
23	(A) provides an explanation for the exten-
24	sion; and

1	(B) makes available to the public any
2	available interim response to the recommenda-
3	tion and underlying data.
4	(d) DISSEMINATION.—The Board shall propagate
5	each recommendation issued under this section, including
6	by—
7	(1) incorporating the recommendation, and any
8	related findings, into training material used by Fed-
9	eral, State, Tribal, and private training facilities
10	specializing in building resilience to and responding
11	to and recovering from natural hazards, as the
12	Board deems appropriate;
13	(2) coordinating with professional associations
14	related to building resilience to and responding to
15	and recovering from natural hazards;
16	(3) collaborating with relevant Federal, State,
17	and Tribal authorities and private organizations;
18	and
19	(4) coordinating with private and public institu-
20	tions of higher education and research institutions.
21	SEC. 204. REPORTS AND STUDIES.
22	(a) Studies and Other Reports.—
23	(1) In General.—The Board shall annually
24	submit a report containing the information described
25	in paragraph (2) to—

1	(A) Congress;
2	(B) any department, agency, or instrumen-
3	tality of the Federal Government concerned
4	with natural hazards;
5	(C) all State and Tribal governments; and
6	(D) the general public.
7	(2) Information described.—The informa-
8	tion described in this paragraph is—
9	(A) the results of special studies on how to
10	reduce morbidity and mortality from incidents;
11	(B) an examination of techniques and
12	methods of evaluating measures to protect the
13	public from incidents and periodically publish
14	recommended procedures for reviews;
15	(C) evaluation and examination of the ef-
16	fectiveness of the findings of the Board about
17	the natural hazard resilience of other depart-
18	ments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the
19	Federal Government and their effectiveness in
20	preventing loss of life, or human or economic
21	injury; and
22	(D) recommend meaningful responses to
23	reduce the likelihood of loss of life, or human
24	or economic injury, according to the findings of

1	the above-mentioned research, including na-
2	tional and regional policies and programs.
3	(b) BIENNIAL REPORT.—Not later than June 1,
4	2023, and once every 2 years thereafter, the Board shall
5	submit a report to Congress, which shall include—
6	(1) a statistical and analytical summary of the
7	reviews conducted and reviewed by the Board during
8	the prior 2 calendar years;
9	(2) a survey and summary of the recommenda-
10	tions made by the Board and the observed response
11	to each recommendation, including the classification,
12	containing a written justification and explanation of
13	each recommendation as—
14	(A) open, if, in the determination of the
15	Board, sufficient action to fulfill the intent of
16	the recommendation has not been taken and
17	still should be;
18	(B) closed, if, in the determination of the
19	Board, sufficient action to fulfill the intent of
20	the recommendation has been taken and no fur-
21	ther action is necessary; and
22	(C) outdated, if, in the determination of
23	the Board, the recommendation is no longer rel-
24	evant because of any change in circumstances

1	or actions by parties other than the intended
2	recipient of the recommendation;
3	(3) an assessment of efforts of Federal, State,
4	Tribal, and local governments to respond to rec-
5	ommendations made by the Board, if such entities
6	have voluntarily provided information to the Board
7	on the progress of the entity;
8	(4) a description of the training undertaken by
9	the Board and its staff and persons sponsored by
10	the Board;
11	(5) a list of natural hazards that caused 10 or
12	more fatalities that the Board did not review and a
13	recommendation with justification by the Board of
14	whether similar incidents should be reviewed in the
15	future;
16	(6) a recommendation on how, if at all, the
17	thresholds and triggers for a review by the Board
18	should change;
19	(7) an assessment of the sufficiency of Federal
20	resources provided to State, Tribal, and local gov-
21	ernments in aggregate relative to any vulnerabilities
22	that the Board determines the governments have;
23	(8) a list of all requests for review from Gov-
24	ernors of States and territories and chief executives
25	of Tribal governments or recommended by the office

1	established under section $205(f)(2)$ that the Board
2	rejected, including comments and recommendations
3	from the Board regarding whether similar incidents
4	should be reviewed in the future; and
5	(9) a list of ongoing reviews that have exceeded
6	the expected time allotted for completion by Board
7	order and an explanation for the additional time re-
8	quired to complete each such review.
9	(c) DISSEMINATION.—The Board shall propagate the
10	information described in subsection (a)(2), including by—
11	(1) incorporating the information into training
12	material used by Federal, State, Tribal, and private
13	training facilities specializing in building resilience
14	to and responding to and recovering from natural
15	hazards, as the Board deems appropriate;
16	(2) coordinating with professional associations
17	related to building resilience to and responding to
18	and recovering from natural hazards;
19	(3) collaborating with relevant Federal, State,
20	and Tribal authorities and private organizations;
21	and
22	(4) coordinating with private and public institu-
23	tions of higher education and research institutions.
24	SEC. 205. APPOINTMENT AND ORGANIZATION.
25	(a) Appointment of Members.—

1	(1) In general.—The Board shall be com-
2	posed of 7 members, who shall, in accordance with
3	paragraph (2) and subject to paragraph (3), be ap-
4	pointed by the President, by and with the advice and
5	consent of the Senate.
6	(2) Procedure.—
7	(A) Initial appointments.—The Presi-
8	dent shall, in consultation with the National
9	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-
10	cine and relevant professional associations and
11	leaders in the private sector, appoint the 7
12	members of the Board from among a list of 14
13	individuals provided by both houses of Con-
14	gress, of which—
15	(i) the majority leader of the Senate
16	shall provide the names of 4 individuals;
17	(ii) the minority leader of the Senate
18	shall provide the names of 3 individuals;
19	(iii) the Speaker of the House of Rep-
20	resentatives shall provide the names of 4
21	individuals; and
22	(iv) the minority leader of the House
23	of Representatives shall provide the names
24	of 3 individuals.

1	(B) Subsequent appointments.—Any
2	vacancy of the Board shall be filled in the same
3	manner as the original appointment.
4	(3) Requirements.—Of the 7 members ap-
5	pointed under paragraph (1)—
6	(A) not more than 4 members may be ap-
7	pointed from the same political party;
8	(B) all members shall be appointed on the
9	basis of technical qualification, professional
10	standing, and demonstrated knowledge in emer-
11	gency management, fire management, emer-
12	gency medical services, public-health, physical
13	sciences, social science, behavioral science, or
14	architectural and engineering with post-disaster
15	evaluation or building forensics expertise in
16	their respective field;
17	(C) a minimum of 2 members shall have
18	experience working at the State or municipal
19	level in 1 of the fields described in subpara-
20	graph (B); and
21	(D) a minimum of 2 members shall have
22	demonstrated professional experience working
23	with populations that have historically been
24	more vulnerable to incidents because of their

1	race, color, nationality, sex, age, disability,
2	English proficiency, or economic status.
3	(b) Terms of Office and Removal.—
4	(1) Term of office.—Except as provided in
5	paragraph (2), the term of office of each member
6	shall be 5 years.
7	(2) FILLING OF VACANCY.—An individual ap-
8	pointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expira-
9	tion of the term for which the predecessor of that
10	individual was appointed is appointed for the re-
11	mainder of that term.
12	(3) Continuation until successor is ap-
13	POINTED.—When the term of office of a member
14	ends, the member may continue to serve until a suc-
15	cessor is appointed and confirmed.
16	(4) Removal.—The President may remove a
17	member only for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or
18	malfeasance in office. Immediately upon removing a
19	member of the Board, the President shall issue a
20	public statement that details how the actions of the
21	removed member met the criteria of this paragraph.
22	(c) Chairperson and Vice Chairperson.—
23	(1) Chairperson.—The President shall des-
24	ignate, by and with the advice and consent of the

1	Senate, a member appointed under subsection (b) to
2	serve as the Chairperson of the Board.
3	(2) Vice Chairperson.—The President shall
4	designate a member appointed under subsection (b)
5	to serve as the Vice Chairperson of the Board and
6	if the Chairperson is absent or unable to serve, or
7	if the position of Chairperson is vacant, the Vice
8	Chairperson shall act as the Chairperson.
9	(3) Term of office.—The Chairperson and
10	Vice Chairperson shall each serve in such position
11	for a term of 3 years.
12	(d) Duties and Powers of Chairperson.—
13	(1) In general.—The Chairperson shall be the
14	chief executive and administrative officer of the
15	Board.
16	(2) Powers.—Subject to the general policies
17	and decisions of the Board, the Chairperson shall—
18	(A) appoint and supervise officers and em-
19	ployees, other than regular and full-time em-
20	ployees in the immediate offices of another
21	member, necessary to carry out this title;
22	(B) fix the pay of officers and employees
23	necessary to carry out this title;

1	(C) distribute business among the officers,
2	employees, and administrative units of the
3	Board; and
4	(D) supervise the expenditures of the
5	Board.
6	(e) Quorum.—
7	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
8	and (3), 4 members of the Board shall constitute a
9	quorum for purposes of carrying out the duties and
10	powers of the Board, subject to the limitations in
11	the remainder of this subsection.
12	(2) Party Limitation.—Not less than 1 rep-
13	resentative from each party shall be present for a
14	quorum to be established.
15	(3) Chairperson.—Either the Chairperson or
16	Vice Chairperson shall be present for a quorum to
17	be established.
18	(f) Offices.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall establish
20	such offices as are necessary to carry out this title,
21	which may include offices responsible for—
22	(A) operations;
23	(B) science and methodology;
24	(C) review and evaluation;
25	(D) communications;

1	(E) external coordination; or
2	(F) technical assistance.
3	(2) Office for the protection of dis-
4	PROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall estab-
6	lish an office to review and make recommenda-
7	tions to mitigate and prevent the loss of life, or
8	human or economic injury for vulnerable popu-
9	lations, including populations that may be more
10	vulnerable because of their race, color, religion,
11	nationality, sex, age, disability, English pro-
12	ficiency, or economic status, or other demo-
13	graphic characteristics that the Board may de-
14	termine appropriate.
15	(B) Responsibilities.—The office estab-
16	lished under paragraph (1) shall—
17	(i) provide recommendations to the
18	Board for incidents to review in accordance
19	with section 202(b)(4) that do not other-
20	wise meet the requirements of section
21	202(b);
22	(ii) determine and maintain a list spe-
23	cific demographic, economic, social, and
24	health characteristics of populations that

1	historically have shown to be disproportion-
2	ately impacted by incidents;
3	(iii) during a review conducted by the
4	Board, provide research and analysis on
5	how the incident impacts populations that
6	the Office determines to be disproportion-
7	ately impacted;
8	(iv) provide recommendations for each
9	review conducted by the Board and for
10	each report developed under section 204 on
11	actions that can be taken to reduce the im-
12	pact to populations that are found to be
13	disproportionately impacted under clause
14	(ii); and
15	(v) provide training, and establish
16	training requirements, for Board members
17	and staff in the fields of diversity, inclu-
18	sion, and equity in consultation with orga-
19	nizations specializing in those fields.
20	(3) Regional offices.—In establishing offices
21	under this subsection, the Board may establish re-
22	gional offices across the United States to facilitate
23	collaboration, coordination, and the dissemination of
24	findings, recommendations, and best practices to
25	State, Tribal, and local governments and the private

1	sector in such regions as the Board determines ap-
2	propriate.
3	(4) Purpose.—Each office established under
4	this subsection shall enable the Board to review, re-
5	port on, and issue recommendations to prevent the
6	loss of life, human injury, and economic injury and
7	deliver technical assistance to disseminate best prac-
8	tices in accordance with this title.
9	(g) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—The Chairperson
10	shall designate an officer or employee of the Board to
11	serve as the Chief Financial Officer, who shall—
12	(1) report directly to the Chairperson on finan-
13	cial management and budget execution;
14	(2) direct, manage, and provide policy guidance
15	and oversight on financial management and property
16	and inventory control; and
17	(3) review the fees, rents, and other charges im-
18	posed by the Board for services and things of value
19	it provides and suggest appropriate revisions to
20	those charges to reflect costs incurred by the Board
21	in providing those services and things of value.
22	(h) Board Member Staff.—
23	(1) In General.—Each member of the Board
24	shall appoint and supervise regular and full-time em-
25	ployees in the immediate office of the member as

1	long as any such employee has been approved for
2	employment by the designated agency ethics official
3	under the same guidelines that apply to all employ-
4	ees of the Board.
5	(2) Designation.—With respect to an indi-
6	vidual appointed under paragraph (1)—
7	(A) the member of the Board making the
8	appointment shall determine which grade of the
9	General Schedule most closely corresponds with
10	respect to the duties and functions of the posi-
11	tion to which the individual is appointed; and
12	(B) during the period of the appoint-
13	ment—
14	(i) the individual shall be compensated
15	at the appropriate rate of pay for the
16	grade of the General Schedule with respect
17	to which the determination is made under
18	subparagraph (A); and
19	(ii) for the purposes of title 5, United
20	States Code, and the rules issued under
21	that title, the individual shall be considered
22	to be an employee, as that term is defined
23	in section 5331(a) of title 5, United States
24	Code .

1	(3) Limitation.—Except for the Chairperson,
2	the appointment authority in paragraph (1) shall be
3	limited to the number of full-time equivalent posi-
4	tions, in addition to 1 senior professional staff posi-
5	tion at a level not to exceed the GS-15 level of the
6	General Schedule and 1 administrative staff posi-
7	tion, allocated to each member of the Board through
8	the annual budget and allocation process of the
9	Board.
10	(i) Detailed Staff.—
11	(1) Federal employees.—
12	(A) In General.—Upon request of the
13	Board, the head of an agency described in sub-
14	paragraph (B), or any other Federal depart-
15	ment or agency that the Board may request,
16	may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the
17	personnel of that department or agency to the
18	Board to assist the Board in carrying out the
19	duties of the Board under this title.
20	(B) Relevant agencies.—For purposes
21	of subparagraph (A), the following are agencies
22	described in this subparagraph:
23	(i) The Federal Emergency Manage-
24	ment Agency.

400

1	(ii) The Cybersecurity and Infrastruc-
2	ture Security Agency of the Department of
3	Homeland Security.
4	(iii) The National Oceanic and Atmos-
5	pheric Administration, including the Na-
6	tional Weather Service.
7	(iv) The Department of Defense, in-
8	cluding the Army Corps of Engineers.
9	(v) The Department of Health and
10	Human Services.
11	(vi) The National Institutes of
12	Health.
13	(vii) The Centers for Disease Control
14	and Prevention.
15	(viii) The Coast Guard.
16	(ix) The National Transportation
17	Safety Board.
18	(x) The National Institute of Stand-
19	ards and Technology.
20	(xi) The Government Accountability
21	Office.
22	(xii) The Department of the Interior,
23	including the United States Geological
24	Survey.

401

1	(xiii) Any Office of the Inspector Gen-
2	eral.
3	(xiv) The Small Business Administra-
4	tion.
5	(xv) The Chemical Safety and Hazard
6	Investigation Board.
7	(xvi) The Department of Housing and
8	Urban Development.
9	(xvii) The Department of Agriculture.
10	(2) State, local, tribal, and research
11	STAFF.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board may enter
13	into agreements with State, local, and Tribal
14	governments and relevant nonprofit institutions
15	of higher education and research institutions to
16	request staff, with specialized experience that
17	the Board determines relevant, to be detailed to
18	the Board, on a reimbursable basis, and shall
19	consult with relevant associations and organiza-
20	tions of those entities in developing an efficient
21	process for requesting and receiving detailed
22	staff.
23	(B) Compensation.—The Board shall en-
24	sure that any staff members detailed to the
25	Board under this paragraph are compensated

1	equitably and shall pay differences in salaries
2	based on the experience of said staff and in
3	consultation with the Office of Personnel Man-
4	agement.
5	(3) TERM OF DETAIL.—Any staff member de-
6	tailed to the Board under this section shall be de-
7	tailed for a term of 1 year and such detail may be
8	extended for not more than two 1-year terms.
9	(4) Limitations.—Under this subsection—
10	(A) not more than 25 percent of the total
11	number of staff members working for the
12	Board at any time may be detailed or other-
13	wise nonpermanent staff;
14	(B) a detailee shall serve as an adviser or
15	supplemental professional staff in any office es-
16	tablished by the Board under subsection (g);
17	and
18	(C) a detailee may not—
19	(i) determine any final findings or rec-
20	ommendations; and
21	(ii) be the sole decisionmaker in re-
22	view or evaluation methodologies.
23	(j) SEAL.—The Board shall have a seal that shall be
24	judicially recognized.
25	(k) Open Meetings.—

1	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
2	graph (2), the Board shall be considered an agency
3	for purposes of section 552b of title 5, United States
4	Code.
5	(2) Nonpublic collaborative discus-
6	SIONS.—
7	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sec-
8	tion 552b of title 5, United States Code, a ma-
9	jority of the members may hold a meeting that
10	is not open to public observation to discuss offi-
11	cial agency business, if—
12	(i) no formal or informal vote or other
13	official agency action is taken at the meet-
14	ing;
15	(ii) each individual present at the
16	meeting is a member or an employee of the
17	Board;
18	(iii) at least 1 member of the Board
19	from each political party is present at the
20	meeting, if applicable;
21	(iv) the General Counsel of the Board
22	is present at the meeting; and
23	(v) the records of the meeting, includ-
24	ing the names of the individuals in attend-
25	ance, time, place, and summary to be as

1	thorough as the Board determines to be
2	prudent, are posted publicly and online.
3	(B) DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC COLLABO-
4	RATIVE DISCUSSIONS.—Except as provided
5	under subparagraphs (C) and (D), not later
6	than 2 business days after the conclusion of a
7	meeting under subparagraph (A), the Board
8	shall make available to the public, in a place
9	easily accessible to the public—
10	(i) a list of the individuals present at
11	the meeting; and
12	(ii) a summary of the matters, includ-
13	ing key issues, discussed at the meeting,
14	except for any matter the Board properly
15	determines may be withheld from the pub-
16	lic under section 552b(c) of title 5, United
17	States Code.
18	(C) Summary.—If the Board properly de-
19	termines a matter may be withheld from the
20	public under section 552b(c) of title 5, United
21	States Code, the Board shall provide a sum-
22	mary with as much general information as pos-
23	sible on each matter withheld from the public.
24	(D) ACTIVE REVIEWS.—If a discussion
25	under subparagraph (A) directly relates to an

1	active review, the Board shall make the disclo-
2	sure under subparagraph (B) on the date the
3	Board adopts the final report.
4	(E) Preservation of open meetings
5	REQUIREMENTS FOR AGENCY ACTION.—Noth-
6	ing in this paragraph may be construed to limit
7	the applicability of section 552b of title 5,
8	United States Code, with respect to a meeting
9	of the members other than that described in
10	this paragraph.
11	(F) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
12	in this paragraph may be construed—
13	(i) to limit the applicability of section
14	552b of title 5, United States Code, with
15	respect to any information which is pro-
16	posed to be withheld from the public under
17	subparagraph (B)(ii); or
18	(ii) to authorize the Board to withhold
19	from any individual any record that is ac-
20	cessible to that individual under section
21	552a of title 5, United States Code.
22	SEC. 206. METHODOLOGY.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall conduct each re-
24	view, issue each recommendation, develop each report, and
25	deliver all technical assistance authorized under this title

1	using the methods that are in accordance with relevant
2	professional best practices, including those by analogous
3	review organizations, academia, and government and pri-
4	vate organizations.
5	(b) Required Review.—The Board shall—
6	(1) review, on a regular basis, the methodolo-
7	gies of the Board; and
8	(2) update the methodologies of the Board in
9	accordance with the findings of each review con-
10	ducted under paragraph (1).
11	(c) REQUIREMENT.—In establishing the methodolo-
12	gies of the Board under this section, the Board shall incor-
13	porate all relevant information from relevant Federal,
14	State, and local entities, including past experience with
15	similar incidents, exercises, risk assessments, and all other
16	past research and analysis.
17	(d) Transparency.—The Chairperson shall include
18	with each review report in which a recommendation is
19	issued by the Board a methodology section detailing the
20	process and information underlying the selection of each
21	recommendation.
22	(e) Elements.—Except as provided in subsection
23	(f), the methodology section under subsection (a) shall in-

24 clude, for each recommendation—

1	(1) a brief summary of the Board's collection
2	and analysis of the specific information most rel-
3	evant to the recommendation;
4	(2) a description of the Board's use of external
5	information, including studies, reports, and experts,
6	other than the findings of a specific review, if any
7	were used to inform or support the recommendation,
8	including a brief summary of the specific resilience
9	benefits and other effects identified by each study,
10	report, or expert; and
11	(3) a brief summary of actions, including im-
12	portant examples, taken by regulated entities before
13	the publication of the recommendation, to the extent
14	such actions are known to the Board, that were con-
15	sistent with the recommendation.
16	(f) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—
17	(1) In general.—Nothing in this section may
18	be construed—
19	(A) to delay publication of the findings,
20	cause, or probable cause of a Board review;
21	(B) to delay the issuance of an urgent rec-
22	ommendation that the Board has determined
23	must be issued to avoid immediate death, or
24	human or economic injury; or

1	(C) to limit the number of examples the
2	Board may consider before issuing a rec-
3	ommendation.
4	(2) Limitation.—Notwithstanding paragraph
5	(1), the Board shall publish the methodology re-
6	quired under this section not later than 30 days
7	after the date on which the review is initially pub-
8	lished.
9	SEC. 207. ADMINISTRATIVE.
10	(a) Authority.—
11	(1) In general.—The Board, and when au-
12	thorized by the Board, a member of the Board, an
13	administrative law judge employed by or assigned to
14	the Board, or an officer or employee designated by
15	the Chairperson, may conduct hearings to carry out
16	this title, administer oaths, and require, by subpoena
17	or otherwise, necessary witnesses and evidence.
18	(2) Subpoena authority.—A witness or evi-
19	dence in a hearing under paragraph (1) of this sub-
20	section may be summoned or required to be pro-
21	duced from any place in the United States to the
22	designated place of the hearing. A witness sum-
23	moned under this subsection is entitled to the same
24	fee and mileage the witness would have been paid in
25	a court of the United States.

1	(3) REQUIREMENT.—A subpoena shall be
2	issued under the signature of the Chairperson or the
3	Chairperson's designee, but may be served by any
4	person designated by the Chairperson.
5	(4) Enforcement.—If a person disobeys a
6	subpoena, order, or inspection notice of the Board
7	the Board may bring a civil action in a district court
8	of the United States to enforce the subpoena, order
9	or notice. An action under this paragraph may be
10	brought in the judicial district in which the person
11	against whom the action is brought resides, is found
12	or does business. The court may punish a failure to
13	obey an order of the court to comply with the sub-
14	poena, order, or notice as a contempt of court.
15	(b) Additional Powers.—The Board may—
16	(1) procure the temporary or intermittent serv-
17	ices of experts or consultants under section 3109 of
18	title 5, United States Code;
19	(2) make agreements and other transactions
20	necessary to carry out this title without regard to
21	subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 6101 of title
22	41, United States Code;
23	(3) use, when appropriate, available services
24	equipment, personnel, and facilities of a department,

1	agency, or instrumentality of the United States Gov-
2	ernment on a reimbursable or other basis;
3	(4) confer with employees and use services,
4	records, and facilities of State and local govern-
5	mental authorities;
6	(5) appoint advisory committees composed of
7	qualified private citizens and officials of the Govern-
8	ment and State and local governments as appro-
9	priate;
10	(6) accept voluntary and uncompensated serv-
11	ices notwithstanding another law;
12	(7) make contracts with private entities to carry
13	out studies related to duties and powers of the
14	Board; and
15	(8) negotiate and enter into agreements with
16	individuals and private entities and departments,
17	agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Gov-
18	ernment, State, Tribal, and local governments, and
19	governments of foreign countries for the provision of
20	facilities, technical services, or training in research
21	theory and techniques, and require that such entities
22	provide appropriate consideration for the reasonable
23	costs of any facilities, goods, services, or training
24	provided by the Board.

1	(c) Collection of Funds.—The Board shall de-
2	posit in the Treasury of the United States amounts re-
3	ceived under subsection (b)(8) of this subsection to be
4	credited as offsetting collections to the appropriation of
5	the Board. The Board shall maintain an annual record
6	of collections received under subsection (b)(8).
7	(d) Submission of Certain Copies to Con-
8	GRESS.—
9	(1) In general.—When the Board submits to
10	the President or the Director of the Office of Man-
11	agement and Budget a budget estimate, budget re-
12	quest, supplemental budget estimate, other budget
13	information, a legislative recommendation, prepared
14	testimony for congressional hearings, or comments
15	on legislation, the Board must submit a copy to
16	Congress at the same time.
17	(2) Limitation.—An officer, department,
18	agency, or instrumentality of the Government may
19	not require the Board to submit the estimate, re-
20	quest, information, recommendation, testimony, or
21	comments to another officer, department, agency, or
22	instrumentality of the Government for approval,
23	comment, or review before being submitted to Con-
24	oress

1	(3) Budget process.—The Board shall de-
2	velop and approve a process for the Board's review
3	and comment or approval of documents submitted to
4	the President, Director of the Office of Management
5	and Budget, or Congress under this subsection.
6	(e) Liaison Committees.—The Chairperson may
7	determine the number of committees that are appropriate
8	to maintain effective liaison with other departments, agen-
9	cies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government,
10	State and local governmental authorities, and independent
11	standard-setting authorities that carry out programs and
12	activities related to its work. The Board may designate
13	representatives to serve on or assist those committees.
14	(f) INQUIRIES.—The Board, or an officer or employee
15	of the Board designated by the Chairperson, may conduct
16	an inquiry to obtain information related to natural hazard
17	safety after publishing notice of the inquiry in the Federal
18	Register. The Board or designated officer or employee
19	may require by order a department, agency, or instrumen-
20	tality of the Federal Government, a State, Tribal, or local
21	governmental authority, or a person transporting individ-
22	uals or property in commerce to submit to the Board a
23	written report and answers to requests and questions re-
24	lated to a duty or power of the Board. The Board may
25	prescribe the time within which the report and answers

must be given to the Board or to the designated officer or employee. Copies of the report and answers shall be 3 made available for public inspection. 4 (g) REGULATIONS.—The Board may prescribe regu-5 lations to carry out this title. 6 (h) OVERTIME PAY.— 7 (1) In general.—Subject to the requirements of this section and notwithstanding paragraphs (1) 8 9 and (2) of section 5542(a) of title 5, United States 10 Code, for an employee of the Board whose basic pay 11 is at a rate which equals or exceeds the minimum 12 rate of basic pay for GS-10 of the General Schedule, 13 the Board may establish an overtime hourly rate of 14 pay for the employee with respect to work performed 15 in the field (including travel to or from) and other 16 work that is critical to a review in an amount equal 17 to one and one-half times the hourly rate of basic 18 pay of the employee. All of such amount shall be 19 considered to be premium pay. 20 (2) Limitation on overtime pay to an em-21 PLOYEE.—An employee of the Board may not re-22 ceive overtime pay under paragraph (1), for work 23 performed in a calendar year, in an amount that ex-24 ceeds 25 percent of the annual rate of basic pay of

25

the employee for such calendar year.

1	(3) Basic pay defined.—In this subsection,
2	the term "basic pay" includes any applicable local-
3	ity-based comparability payment under section 5304
4	of title 5, United States Code (or similar provision
5	of law) and any special rate of pay under section
6	5305 of such title 5 (or similar provision of law).
7	(4) Annual Report.—Not later than January
8	31, 2022, and annually thereafter, the Board shall
9	transmit to Congress a report identifying the total
10	amount of overtime payments made under this sub-
11	section in the preceding fiscal year, and the number
12	of employees whose overtime pay under this sub-
13	section was limited in that fiscal year as a result of
14	the 25 percent limit established by paragraph (2).
15	(i) Entry and Inspection.—
16	(1) In general.—An officer or employee of
17	the Board—
18	(A) on display of appropriate credentials
19	and written notice of authority, may—
20	(i) enter an area where an incident
21	has occurred;
22	(ii) take such actions as are necessary
23	to conduct a review under this section, so
24	long as the actions do not interfere with

1	ongoing lifesaving and life-sustaining oper-
2	ations; and
3	(iii) during reasonable hours, inspect
4	any record, including an electronic record,
5	process, control, or facility related to an in-
6	cident under this title.
7	(2) Requirement.—The Board shall use ut-
8	most discretion to prevent interference with ongoing
9	response efforts, including by developing review pro-
10	cedures with input from relevant authorities nation-
11	wide.
12	SEC. 208. DISCLOSURE, AVAILABILITY, AND USE OF INFOR-
13	MATION.
1314	mation. (a) Disclosure of Information.—
14	(a) Disclosure of Information.—
14 15	(a) Disclosure of Information.—(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
141516	(a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy
14151617	(a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or re-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or received by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a
141516171819	(a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or received by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a member or employee of the Board, shall be posted
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or received by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a member or employee of the Board, shall be posted publicly.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) Disclosure of Information.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or received by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a member or employee of the Board, shall be posted publicly. (2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (a) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy of a record, information, or review submitted or received by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a member or employee of the Board, shall be posted publicly. (2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the release

1	(b) Trade Secrets.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board may disclose in-
3	formation related to a trade secret referred to in sec-
4	tion 1905 of title 18, United States Code, only—
5	(A) to another department, agency, or in-
6	strumentality of the United States Government
7	when requested for official use;
8	(B) to a committee of Congress having ju-
9	risdiction over the subject matter to which the
10	information is related, when requested by that
11	committee;
12	(C) in a judicial proceeding under a court
13	order that preserves the confidentiality of the
14	information without impairing the proceeding;
15	and
16	(D) to the public to protect health and
17	safety after giving notice to any interested per-
18	son to whom the information is related and an
19	opportunity for that person to comment in writ-
20	ing, or orally in closed session, on the proposed
21	disclosure, if the delay resulting from notice
22	and opportunity for comment would not be det-
23	rimental to health and safety.
24	(2) Requirement.—Information disclosed
25	under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be dis-

1	closed only in a way designed to preserve its con-
2	fidentiality.
3	(3) Protection of voluntary submission
4	OF INFORMATION.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
5	vision of law, neither the Board, nor any agency re-
6	ceiving information from the Board, shall disclose
7	voluntarily provided safety-related information if
8	that information is not related to the exercise of the
9	Board's review authority under this title and if the
10	Board finds that the disclosure of the information
11	would inhibit the voluntary provision of that type of
12	information.
13	(c) Recordings and Transcripts.—
14	(1) Confidentiality of recordings.—Ex-
15	cept as provided in paragraph (2), the Board may
16	not disclose publicly any part of an original record-
17	ing or transcript of oral communications or original
18	and contemporary written communications between
19	Federal, State, Tribal, or local officials responding
20	to an incident under review by the Board.
21	(2) Exception.—Subject to subsections (b)
22	and (g), the Board shall make public any part of a
23	transcript, any written depiction of visual informa-
24	tion obtained from an audio or video recording, or

1	any still image obtained from a recording the Board
2	decides is relevant to the incident—
3	(A) if the Board holds a public hearing on
4	the incident at the time of the hearing; or
5	(B) if the Board does not hold a public
6	hearing, at the time a majority of the other fac-
7	tual reports on the incident are placed in the
8	public docket.
9	(3) References to information in making
10	SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS.—This subsection does
11	not prevent the Board from referring at any time to
12	recorded or written information in making safety
13	recommendations.
14	(d) Foreign Reviews.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
16	provision of law, neither the Board, nor any agency
17	receiving information from the Board, shall disclose
18	records or information relating to its participation in
19	foreign incident review, except that—
20	(A) the Board shall release records per-
21	taining to such a review when the country con-
22	ducting the review issues its final report or 2
23	years following the date of the incident, which-
24	ever occurs first; and

1	(B) the Board may disclose records and in-
2	formation when authorized to do so by the
3	country conducting the review.
4	(2) Safety recommendations.—Nothing in
5	this subsection shall restrict the Board at any time
6	from referring to foreign review information in mak-
7	ing safety recommendations.
8	(e) Privacy Protections.—Before making public
9	any still image obtained from a video recorder under sub-
10	section (c)(2) or subsection (d)(2), the Board shall take
11	such action as appropriate to protect from public disclo-
12	sure any information that readily identifies an individual,
	1 . 1 1
13	including a decedent.
	SEC. 209. TRAINING.
14	
14 15	SEC. 209. TRAINING.
14 15 16	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may
14 15 16 17	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training
14 15 16 17	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those oper-
114 115 116 117 118	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those operated by the Department of Homeland Security, Depart-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those operated by the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Health and Human Services, and Department of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those operated by the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Health and Human Services, and Department of Commerce. The responsible department or agency shall
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those operated by the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Health and Human Services, and Department of Commerce. The responsible department or agency shall make such training facility and any relevant training
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	SEC. 209. TRAINING. (a) USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES.—The Board may use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training facility in the Federal Government, including those operated by the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Health and Human Services, and Department of Commerce. The responsible department or agency shall make such training facility and any relevant training course available to—

1	(2) other relevant personnel of the United
2	States Government, State and local governments,
3	governments of foreign countries, interstate authori-
4	ties, and private organizations the Board designates
5	in consultation with the relevant departments and
6	agencies.
7	(b) FEES.—Training shall be provided at a reason-
8	able fee established periodically by the Board in consulta-
9	tion with the relevant departments and agencies. The fee
10	shall be paid directly to the relevant departments and
11	agencies, and shall be deposited in the Treasury.
12	(e) Training of Board Employees and Oth-
13	ERS.—The Board may conduct training of its employees
14	in those subjects necessary for proper performance. The
15	Board may also authorize attendance at courses given
16	under this subsection by other government personnel, per-
17	sonnel of foreign governments, and personnel from indus-
18	try or otherwise who have a requirement for training. The
19	Board may require non-Board personnel to reimburse
20	some or all of the training costs, and amounts so reim-
21	bursed shall be credited to the appropriation of the Board
22	as offsetting collections.
23	SEC. 210. FUNDING.
24	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation
25	shall transfer grant funds identified pursuant to the

1	GONE Act (Public Law 114–117) that have not been ex-
2	pended to the Board to carry out this title in the following
3	amounts:
4	(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
5	(2) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
6	(3) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.
7	(4) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
8	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
9	of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Sec-
10	retary shall submit to Congress a report containing—
11	(1) the amount of funds transferred pursuant
12	to subsection (a); and
13	(2) the grant or account for which each trans-
14	ferred amount was initially made available.
15	(e) Emergency Fund.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be established in
17	the Treasury of the United States an Emergency
18	Fund for the Board, which shall be available to the
19	Board for necessary expenses of the Board, not oth-
20	erwise provided for, for reviews.
21	(2) Appropriations.—There shall be appro-
22	priated, out of amounts in the Treasury not other-
23	wise appropriated, to the Emergency Fund—
24	(A) \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

1	(B) such sums as are necessary to main-
2	tain the Emergency Fund at a level not to ex-
3	ceed \$4,000,000 for each fiscal year thereafter;
4	and
5	(C) such other sums as Congress deter-
6	mines necessary.
7	(d) Fees, Refunds, and Reimbursements.—
8	(1) In General.—The Board may impose and
9	collect such fees, refunds, and reimbursements as it
10	determines to be appropriate for services provided by
11	or through the Board.
12	(2) Receipts credited as offsetting col-
13	LECTIONS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title
14	31, United States Code, any fee, refund, or reim-
15	bursement collected under this subsection—
16	(A) shall be credited as offsetting collec-
17	tions to the account that finances the activities
18	and services for which the fee is imposed or
19	with which the refund or reimbursement is as-
20	sociated;
21	(B) shall be available for expenditure only
22	to pay the costs of activities and services for
23	which the fee is imposed or with which the re-
24	fund or reimbursement is associated; and
25	(C) shall remain available until expended.

1	(3) REFUNDS.—The Board may refund any fee
2	paid by mistake or any amount paid in excess of
3	that required.
4	SEC. 211. AUTHORITY OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.
5	(a) In General.—The Inspector General of the De-
6	partment of Homeland Security, in accordance with the
7	mission of the Inspector General to prevent and detect
8	fraud and abuse, shall have authority to review only the
9	financial management, property management, and busi-
10	ness operations of the Board, including internal account-
11	ing and administrative control systems, to determine com-
12	pliance with applicable Federal laws, rules, and regula-
13	tions.
14	(b) Duties.—In carrying out this section, the In-
15	spector General shall—
16	(1) keep the Chairperson of the Board and
17	Congress fully and currently informed about prob-
18	lems relating to administration of the internal ac-
19	counting and administrative control systems of the
20	Board;
21	(2) issue findings and recommendations for ac-
22	tions to address such problems; and
23	(3) report periodically to Congress on any
24	progress made in implementing actions to address
25	such problems.

1	(c) Access to Information.—In carrying out this
2	section, the Inspector General may exercise authorities
3	granted to the Inspector General under subsections (a)
4	and (b) of section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978
5	(5 U.S.C. App.).
6	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
7	(1) Funding.—There are authorized to be ap-
8	propriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security
9	for use by the Inspector General of the Department
10	of Homeland Security such sums as may be nec-
11	essary to cover expenses associated with activities
12	pursuant to the authority exercised under this sec-
13	tion.
14	(2) Reimbursable agreement.—In the ab-
15	sence of an appropriation under this subsection for
16	an expense referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspec-
17	tor General and the Board shall have a reimbursable
18	agreement to cover such expense.
19	SEC. 212. EVALUATION AND AUDIT OF NATIONAL DISASTER
20	SAFETY BOARD.
21	(a) In General.—As determined necessary by the
22	Comptroller General of the United States or the appro-
23	priate congressional committees, but not less frequently
24	than once every 2 years, the Comptroller General of the
25	United States shall evaluate and audit the programs and

1	expenditures of the Board in order to promote economy,
2	efficiency, and effectiveness in the administration of the
3	programs, operations, and activities of the Board.
4	(b) Responsibility of Comptroller General.—
5	In carrying out subsection (a), the Comptroller General
6	of the United States shall evaluate and audit the pro-
7	grams, operations, and activities of the Board, including—
8	(1) information management and security, in-
9	cluding privacy protection of personally identifiable
10	information;
11	(2) the resource levels of the Board and man-
12	agement of such resources relative to the mission of
13	the Board;
14	(3) workforce development;
15	(4) procurement and contracting planning,
16	practices, and policies;
17	(5) the process and procedures to select an inci-
18	dent to review;
19	(6) the extent to which the Board follows lead-
20	ing practices in selected management areas;
21	(7) the extent to which the Board addresses
22	management challenges in completing reviews;
23	(8) the extent to which the evaluation, review,
24	and recommendation-issuing methodologies of the

1	Board are consistent with established best practice,
2	as determined by the Comptroller General; and
3	(9) an impact evaluation of the work of the
4	Board, using the purposes and intent described in
5	this title and by the Board, against the realized re-
6	sults of the Board, according to a methodology de-
7	termined by the Comptroller General, conducted in
8	a manner that is not overly disruptive to the work
9	of the Board.
10	SEC. 213. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this title:
12	(1) ACT OF VIOLENCE.—The term "act of vio-
13	lence" means an offense described in section 16(a)
14	of title 18, United States Code.
15	(2) Board.—The term "Board" means the Na-
16	tional Disaster Safety Board established under sec-
17	tion 202.
18	(3) Chairperson.—The term "Chairperson"
19	means the Chairperson of the Board designated
20	under section 205.
21	(4) Economic injury.—The term "economic
22	injury" has the meaning given the term "substantial
23	economic injury" in section 7(b) of the Small Busi-
24	ness Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)).

1	(5) Incident.—The term "incident" means a
2	natural hazard or other circumstance that the Board
3	decides to review.
4	(6) Institution of higher education and
5	RESEARCH INSTITUTION.—The term "institution of
6	higher education and research institution" means—
7	(A) an institution of higher education (as
8	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
9	Act (20 U.S.C. 1001));
10	(B) a National Laboratory (as defined in
11	section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
12	U.S.C. 15801));
13	(C) a laboratory described in section
14	308(c)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of
15	2002 (6 U.S.C. 188(c)(2));
16	(D) the National Domestic Preparedness
17	Consortium established under section 1204 of
18	the Implementing Recommendations of the $9/11$
19	Commission Act of 2007 (6 U.S.C. 1102) and
20	the members of such Consortium; and
21	(E) a research institution associated with
22	an institution of higher education.
23	(7) Natural Hazard.—The term "natural
24	hazard''—

1	(A) means a major disaster, as defined in
2	paragraph (2) of section 102 of the Robert T.
3	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-
4	ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122), that is naturally oc-
5	curring, regardless of—
6	(i) whether the President makes a de-
7	termination with respect to severity and
8	magnitude of the disaster under such para-
9	graph; or
10	(ii) the result of such a determination;
11	(B) includes any naturally occurring heat
12	wave, wind storm, wildfire, wildland urban
13	interface fire, urban conflagration fire, or dust
14	storm;
15	(C) includes any combination of events
16	covered by subparagraphs (A) and (B) that
17	causes or threatens to cause loss of human life,
18	or human or economic injury, as determined by
19	the Board; and
20	(D) does not include a technological dis-
21	aster.
22	(8) State.—The term "State" has the mean-
23	ing given the term in section 102 of the Robert T.
24	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
25	Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).

1	(9) Technological disaster.—The term
2	"technological disaster" means an incident that—
3	(A) is caused by human error or malfunc-
4	tion in technology, including a dam or struc-
5	tural failure, a fire (other than a naturally oc-
6	curring wildfire, wildland urban interface fire,
7	urban conflagration fire, or arson), a hazardous
8	material incident, a nuclear accident, and a
9	power and telecommunications failure; and
10	(B) causes loss of human life, or human or
11	economic injury, as determined by the Board.
12	(10) Terrorism.—The term "terrorism" has
13	the meaning given the term in section 2 of the
14	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
15	(11) Tribal Government.—The term "Tribal
16	government" means the governing body of any In-
17	dian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo,
18	village, or community that the Secretary of the Inte-
19	rior acknowledges to exist as an Indian tribe under
20	the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of
21	1994 (25 U.S.C. 5130 et seq.).

TITLE III—NATIONAL WILDLAND FIRE RISK REDUCTION PRO-2 **GRAM** 3 4 SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL WILDLAND FIRE 5 RISK REDUCTION PROGRAM. 6 The President shall establish a National Wildland 7 Fire Risk Reduction Program with the purpose of achiev-8 ing major measurable reductions in the losses of life and property from wildland fires through a coordinated Federal effort to— 10 11 (1) improve the assessment of fire environments 12 and the understanding and prediction of wildland 13 fires, associated smoke, and their impacts, includ-14 ing-15 (A) at the wildland-urban interface; 16 (B) on communities, buildings and other 17 infrastructure: 18 (C) on ecosystem services; and 19 (D) social and economic impacts; 20 develop and encourage the adoption of 21 science-based and cost-effective measures to enhance resilience to wildland fires and prevent and mitigate 22 23 negative impacts of wildland fires and associated 24 smoke; and

1	(3) improve the understanding and mitigation
2	of the impacts of climate change and variability on
3	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity, and to in-
4	form paragraphs (1) and (2).
5	SEC. 302. PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.
6	The Program shall consist of the activities described
7	in section 306, which shall be designed—
8	(1) to support research and development, in-
9	cluding interdisciplinary research, related to fire en-
10	vironments, wildland fires, associated smoke, and
11	their impacts, in furtherance of a coordinated inter-
12	agency effort to address wildland fire risk reduction;
13	(2) to support data management and steward-
14	ship, the development and coordination of data sys-
15	tems and computational tools, and the creation of a
16	centralized, integrated data collaboration environ-
17	ment for Program agency data, to accelerate the un-
18	derstanding of fire environments, wildland fires, as-
19	sociated smoke, and their impacts, and the benefits
20	of wildland fire risk mitigation measures;
21	(3) to support the development of tools and
22	technologies, including decision support tools and
23	risk and hazard maps, to improve understanding,
24	monitoring, prediction, and mitigation of wildland
25	fires, associated smoke, and their impacts:

1	(4) to support research and development activi-
2	ties to improve data, tools, and technologies that di-
3	rectly inform, support, and complement active land
4	management, forest and habitat restoration, and
5	healthy ecosystem practices executed by the Forest
6	Service, State, local, and Tribal entities;
7	(5) to support education and training to expand
8	the number of students and researchers in areas of
9	study and research related to wildland fires;
10	(6) to accelerate the translation of research re-
11	lated to wildland fires and associated smoke into op-
12	erations to reduce risk to communities, buildings,
13	other infrastructure, and ecosystem services;
14	(7) to conduct communication and outreach re-
15	garding wildland fire science and wildland fire risk
16	mitigation, to communities, energy utilities and op-
17	erators of other critical infrastructure, and other rel-
18	evant stakeholders;
19	(8) to support research and development
20	projects funded under joint solicitations or through
21	memoranda of understanding between no fewer than
22	two agencies participating in the Program; and
23	(9) to disseminate, to the extent practicable,
24	scientific data and related products and services in
25	formats meeting shared standards to enhance the

1	interoperability, usability, and accessibility of Pro-
2	gram Agency data, including data as part of para-
3	graph (2) in order to better meet the needs of Pro-
4	gram agencies, other Federal agencies, and relevant
5	stakeholders.
6	SEC. 303. INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON
7	WILDLAND FIRE RISK REDUCTION.
8	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Of-
10	fice of Science and Technology Policy shall establish an
11	Interagency Coordinating Committee on Wildland Fire
12	Risk Reduction (in this Act referred to as the "Com-
13	mittee"), to be co-chaired by the Director and the Director
14	of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
15	(b) Membership.—In addition to the co-chairs, the
16	Committee shall be composed of—
17	(1) the Director of the National Science Foun-
18	dation;
19	(2) the Administrator of the National Oceanic
20	and Atmospheric Administration;
21	(3) the Administrator of the Federal Emer-
22	gency Management Agency;
23	(4) the United States Fire Administrator;
24	(5) the Chief of the Forest Service;

1	(6) the Administrator of the National Aero-
2	nautics and Space Administration;
3	(7) the Administrator of the Environmental
4	Protection Agency;
5	(8) the Secretary of Energy;
6	(9) the Director of the Office of Management
7	and Budget;
8	(10) the Secretary of the Interior;
9	(11) the Director of United States Geological
10	Survey;
11	(12) the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
12	ices;
13	(13) the Secretary of Defense;
14	(14) the Secretary of Housing and Urban De-
15	velopment; and
16	(15) the head of any other Federal agency that
17	the Director considers appropriate.
18	(c) Meetings.—The Committee shall meet not less
19	than twice a year for the first 2 years and then not less
20	than once a year at the call of the Director.
21	(d) General Purpose and Duties.—The Com-
22	mittee shall oversee the planning, management, and co-
23	ordination of the Program, and solicit stakeholder input
24	on Program goals.

1	(e) Strategic Plan.—The Committee shall develop
2	and submit to Congress, not later than one year after the
3	date of the enactment of this Act, and update every 4
4	years thereafter, a Strategic Plan for the Program that
5	includes—
6	(1) prioritized goals for the Program, consistent
7	with the purposes of the Program as described in
8	section 301;
9	(2) short-term, mid-term, and long-term re-
10	search and development objectives to achieve those
11	goals;
12	(3) a description of the role of each Program
13	agency in achieving the prioritized goals;
14	(4) a description of how the Committee will fos-
15	ter collaboration between and among the Program
16	agencies and other Federal agencies to help meet the
17	goals of the Program;
18	(5) the methods by which progress toward the
19	goals will be assessed;
20	(6) an explanation of how the Program will fos-
21	ter the translation of research into measurable re-
22	ductions in the losses of life, property, and eco-
23	system services from wildland fires, including rec-
24	ommended outcomes and metrics for each program
25	goal and how operational Program agencies will

1	transition demonstrated technologies and research
2	findings into decision support tools and operations;
3	(7) a description of the research infrastructure,
4	including databases and computational tools, needed
5	to accomplish the research and development objec-
6	tives outlined in paragraph (2), a description of how
7	research infrastructure in existence at the time of
8	the development of the plan will be used to meet the
9	objectives, an explanation of how new research infra-
10	structure will be developed to meet the objectives,
11	and a description of how the program will implement
12	the integrated data collaboration environment per
13	section 302(2);
14	(8) a description of how Program agencies will
15	collaborate with stakeholders and take into account
16	stakeholder needs and recommendations in devel-
17	oping research and development objectives;
18	(9) recommendations on the most effective
19	means to integrate the research results into wildland
20	fire preparedness and response actions across Fed-
21	eral, State, local, Tribal, and territorial levels;
22	(10) guidance on how the Committee's rec-
23	ommendations are best used in climate adaptation
24	planning for Federal, State, local, Tribal, and terri-
25	torial entities;

1	(11) a nationally recognized, consensus-based
2	definition of wildland-urban interface and other key
3	terms and definitions relating to wildland fire, devel-
4	oped in consideration of the meaning given such
5	term in section $4(11)$ of the Federal Fire Prevention
6	and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2203(11)); and
7	(12) a description of opportunities to support
8	new areas of research and development and new
9	types of collaborations that seek to optimize building
10	and landscape design across multiple resilience
11	goals, including resilience to wildland fires and other
12	natural hazards, energy efficiency, and environ-
13	mental sustainability.
14	(f) Coordination With Other Federal Ef-
15	FORTS.—The Director shall ensure that the activities of
16	the Program are coordinated with other relevant Federal
17	initiatives as appropriate.
18	(g) National Academies Study.—The Committee
19	shall assess the need for a study, or a series of studies,
20	to be conducted by the National Academies of Sciences,
21	Engineering, and Medicine, and how such a study, or se-
22	ries of studies, could help identify research areas for fur-
23	ther study and inform research objectives, including fur-
24	ther research into the interactions between climate change
25	and wildland fires. The Committee shall brief the Com-

1	mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House
2	of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
3	Science, and Transportation of the Senate on its assess-
4	ment under this subsection not later than 1 year after the
5	date of enactment of this Act.
6	(h) Progress Report.—Not later than 18 months
7	after the date of the transmission of the first Strategic
8	Plan under subsection (e) to Congress and not less fre-
9	quently than once every 2 years thereafter, the Committee
10	shall submit to the Congress a report on the progress of
11	the Program that includes—
12	(1) a description of the activities funded under
13	the Program, a description of how those activities
14	align with the prioritized goals and research objec-
15	tives established in the Strategic Plan, and the
16	budgets, per agency, for these activities; and
17	(2) the outcomes achieved by the Program for
18	each of the goals identified in the Strategic Plan.
19	SEC. 304. NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WILDLAND
20	FIRE RISK REDUCTION.
21	(a) In General.—The Director shall establish a Na-
22	tional Advisory Committee on Wildland Fire Risk Reduc-
23	tion, consisting of not fewer than 7 and not more than
24	15 members who are qualified to provide advice on
25	wildland fire risk reduction and represent related sci-

1	entific, architectural, and engineering disciplines, none of
2	whom may be employees of the Federal Government, in-
3	cluding—
4	(1) representatives of research and academic in-
5	stitutions;
6	(2) standards development organizations;
7	(3) emergency management agencies;
8	(4) State, local, and Tribal governments;
9	(5) business communities, including the insur-
10	ance industry; and
11	(6) other representatives as designated by the
12	Director.
13	(b) Assessment.—The Advisory Committee shall
14	offer assessments and recommendations on—
15	(1) trends and developments in the natural, en-
16	gineering, and social sciences and practices of
17	wildland fire risk mitigation;
18	(2) the priorities of the Program's Strategie
19	Plan;
20	(3) the management, coordination, implementa-
21	tion, and activities of the Program;
22	(4) the effectiveness of the Program in meeting
23	its purposes; and
24	(5) the need to revise the Program.

- 1 (c) Compensation.—The members of the Advisory
- 2 Committee established under this section shall serve with-
- 3 out compensation.
- 4 (d) Reports.—At least every 2 years, the Advisory
- 5 Committee shall report to the Director on the assessments
- 6 carried out under subsection (b) and its recommendations
- 7 for ways to improve the Program.
- 8 (e) Charter.—Notwithstanding section 14(b)(2) of
- 9 the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), the
- 10 Advisory Committee shall not be required to file a charter
- 11 subsequent to its initial charter, filed under section 9(c)
- 12 of such Act, before the termination date specified in sub-
- 13 section (f) of this section.
- 14 (f) TERMINATION.—The Advisory Committee shall
- 15 terminate on September 30, 2026.
- 16 (g) Conflict of Interest.—An Advisory Com-
- 17 mittee member shall recuse himself from any Advisory
- 18 Committee activity in which he has an actual pecuniary
- 19 interest.
- 20 SEC. 305. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW.
- Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
- 22 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
- 23 shall submit a report to Congress that—
- 24 (1) evaluates the progress and performance of
- 25 the Program in establishing and making progress to-

1	ward the goals of the Program as set forth in this
2	Act; and
3	(2) includes such recommendations as the
4	Comptroller General determines are appropriate to
5	improve the Program.
6	SEC. 306. RESPONSIBILITIES OF PROGRAM AGENCIES.
7	(a) National Institute of Standards and
8	TECHNOLOGY.—The responsibilities of the Director of the
9	National Institute of Standards and Technology with re-
10	spect to the Program are as follows:
11	(1) Research and Development activi-
12	TIES.—The Director of the National Institute of
13	Standards and Technology shall—
14	(A) carry out research on the impact of
15	wildland fires on communities, buildings, and
16	other infrastructure, including structure-to-
17	structure transmission of fire and spread within
18	communities;
19	(B) carry out research on the generation of
20	firebrands from wildland fires and on methods
21	and materials to prevent or reduce firebrand ig-
22	nition of communities, buildings, and other in-
23	frastructure;
24	(C) carry out research on novel materials,
25	systems, structures, and construction designs to

1	harden structures, parcels, and communities to
2	the impact of wildland fires;
3	(D) carry out research on the impact of
4	environmental factors on wildland fire behavior,
5	including wind, terrain, and moisture;
6	(E) support the development of perform-
7	ance-based tools to mitigate the impact of
8	wildland fires, and work with appropriate
9	groups to promote and assist in the use of such
10	tools, including through model building codes
11	and fire codes, standard test methods, vol-
12	untary consensus standards, and construction
13	and retrofit best practices;
14	(F) in collaboration with the United States
15	Fire Administration, carry out research and de-
16	velopment of decontamination methods and
17	technologies for firefighting gear on and off the
18	field.
19	(G) develop and execute a research plan on
20	public safety communication coordination
21	standards among Federal, State, local, and
22	Tribal wildland firefighters, fire management
23	response officials and the National Interagency
24	Fire Center;

1	(H) carry out research to improve and in-
2	tegrate existing communications systems to
3	transmit secure real-time data, alters, and accu-
4	rate advisories to wildland firefighters;
5	(I) carry out both live and virtual field
6	testing and measurement of equipment, soft-
7	ware, and other technologies to determine cur-
8	rent effectiveness and times of information dis-
9	semination and develop standards and best
10	practices for the delivery of useful and secure
11	real-time data to wildland firefighters; and
12	(J) develop and publish recommendations
13	to improve public safety communication coordi-
14	nation standards among wildland firefighters
15	and member agencies of the National Inter-
16	agency Fire Center, including providing such
17	recommendations to the Office of Management
18	and Budget and the Office of Science and
19	Technology Policy.
20	(2) Wildland-Urban interface fire post-
21	INVESTIGATIONS.—The Director of the National In-
22	stitute of Standards and Technology shall—
23	(A) coordinate Federal post-wildland fire
24	investigations of fires at the wildland-urban
25	interface; and

1	(B) develop methodologies, in collaboration
2	with the Administrator of FEMA and in con-
3	sultation with relevant stakeholders, to charac-
4	terize the impact of wildland fires on commu-
5	nities and the impact of changes in building
6	and fire codes, including methodologies—
7	(i) for collecting, inventorying, and
8	analyzing information on the performance
9	of communities, buildings, and other infra-
10	structure in wildland fires; and
11	(ii) for improved collection of perti-
12	nent information from different sources,
13	including first responders, the design and
14	construction industry, insurance compa-
15	nies, and building officials.
16	(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—As a part of
17	the Program, the Director of the National Science Foun-
18	dation shall support—
19	(1) research, including large-scale convergent
20	research, to improve the understanding and pre-
21	diction of wildland fire risks, including the condi-
22	tions that increase the likelihood of a wildland fire,
23	the behavior of wildland fires, and their impacts on
24	buildings, communities, infrastructure, ecosystems
25	and living systems;

1	(2) development and improvement of tools and
2	technologies, including databases and computational
3	models, to enable and accelerate the understanding
4	and prediction of wildland fires and their impacts;
5	(3) development of research infrastructure, as
6	appropriate, to enable and accelerate the under-
7	standing and prediction of wildland fires and their
8	impacts, including upgrades or additions to the Na-
9	tional Hazards Engineering Research Infrastructure;
10	(4) research to improve the understanding of—
11	(A) the response to wildland fire risk and
12	response messages by individuals, communities,
13	and policymakers;
14	(B) social and economic factors influencing
15	the implementation and adoption of wildland
16	fire risk reduction and response measures by in-
17	dividuals, communities, and policymakers; and
18	(C) decision-making and emergency re-
19	sponse to wildland fires;
20	(5) undergraduate and graduate research op-
21	portunities and graduate and postdoctoral fellow-
22	ships and traineeships in fields of study relevant to
23	wildland fires and their impacts; and
24	(6) research to improve the understanding of
25	the impacts of climate change and climate variability

1	on wildland fires, including wildland fire risk, fre-
2	quency, and severity, and wildland fire prediction,
3	mitigation, and resilience strategies.
4	(c) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN-
5	ISTRATION.—
6	(1) In General.—The Administrator of the
7	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
8	(in this subsection referred to as the "Adminis-
9	trator") shall conduct research, observations, mod-
10	eling, forecasting, prediction, and historical analysis
11	of wildland fires to improve understanding of
12	wildland fires, and associated fire weather and
13	smoke, for the protection of life and property and
14	for the enhancement of the national economy.
15	(2) Weather forecasting and decision
16	SUPPORT FOR WILDLAND FIRES.—The Adminis-
17	trator shall—
18	(A) develop and provide in consultation
19	with the relevant Federal Agencies, as the Ad-
20	ministrator determines appropriate, accurate,
21	timely, and effective warnings and forecasts of
22	wildland fires and fire weather events that en-
23	danger life and property, which may include red
24	flag warnings, operational fire weather alerts,

1	and any other warnings or alerts the Adminis-
2	trator deems appropriate;
3	(B) provide stakeholders and the public
4	with impact-based decision support services,
5	seasonal climate predictions, air quality prod-
6	ucts, and smoke forecasts; and
7	(C) provide on-site weather forecasts, sea-
8	sonal climate predictions, and other decision
9	support to wildland fire incident command
10	posts, including by deploying incident mete-
11	orologists for the duration of an extreme event.
12	(3) WILDLAND FIRE DATA.—The Administrator
13	shall contribute to and support the centralized, inte-
14	grated data collaboration environment in accordance
15	with section 302(2) and any other relevant Federal
16	data systems by ensuring—
17	(A) interoperability, usability, and accessi-
18	bility of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
19	ministration data and tools related to wildland
20	fires, associated smoke, and their impacts;
21	(B) inclusion of historical wildland fire in-
22	cident and fire weather data, and identifying
23	potential gaps in such data; and

1	(C) the acquisition or collection of addi-
2	tional data that is needed to advance wildland
3	fire science.
4	(4) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER SUR-
5	VEILLANCE AND OBSERVATIONS.—The Adminis-
6	trator, in coordination with Administrator of the Na-
7	tional Aeronautics and Space Administration and in
8	consultation with relevant stakeholders—
9	(A) shall leverage existing observations,
10	technologies and assets and develop or acquire
11	new technologies and data to sustain and en-
12	hance environmental observations used for
13	wildland fire prediction and detection, fire
14	weather and smoke forecasting and monitoring,
15	and post-wildland fire recovery, with a focus
16	on—
17	(i) collecting data for pre-ignition
18	analysis, such as drought, fuel and vegeta-
19	tion conditions, and soil moisture, that will
20	help predict severe wildland fire conditions
21	on subseasonal to decadal timescales;
22	(ii) supporting identification and clas-
23	sification of fire environments at the small-
24	est practical scale to determine vulner-

1	ability to wildland fires and rapid wildland
2	fire growth;
3	(iii) detecting, observing, and moni-
4	toring wildland fires and smoke;
5	(iv) supporting research on the inter-
6	action of weather and wildland fire behav-
7	ior; and
8	(v) supporting post-fire assessments
9	conducted by Program agencies and rel-
10	evant stakeholders;
11	(B) shall prioritize the ability to detect, ob-
12	serve, and monitor wildland fire and smoke in
13	its requirements for its current and future ob-
14	serving systems and commercial data purchases;
15	and
16	(C) not later than 12 months after the
17	date of the enactment of this Act—
18	(i) may offer to enter into contracts
19	with one or more entities to obtain addi-
20	tional airborne and space-based data and
21	observations that may enhance or supple-
22	ment the understanding, monitoring, pre-
23	diction, and mitigation of wildland fire
24	risks, and the relevant Program activities
25	under section 302; and

1	(ii) in carrying out clause (i), shall
2	consult with private sector entities through
3	the advisory committee established pursu-
4	ant to section 304 to identify needed tools
5	and data that can be best provided by the
6	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
7	istration satellites and are most beneficial
8	to wildfire and smoke detection and moni-
9	toring.
10	(5) Fire weather testbed.—In collaboration
11	with Program agencies and other relevant stake-
12	holders, the Administrator shall establish a Fire
13	Weather Testbed to evaluate physical and social
14	science, technology, and other research to develop
15	fire weather products and services for implementa-
16	tion by relevant stakeholders.
17	(6) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER RE-
18	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator
19	shall support a wildland fire and smoke research and
20	development program that includes both physical
21	and social science with the goals of—
22	(A) improving the understanding, pre-
23	diction, detection, forecasting, monitoring, and
24	assessments of wildland fires and associated fire
25	weather and smoke;

1	(B) developing products and services to
2	meet stakeholder needs;
3	(C) transitioning physical and social
4	science research into operations;
5	(D) improving modeling and technology,
6	including coupled fire-atmosphere fire behavior
7	modeling, in consultation with relevant Federal
8	agencies;
9	(E) better understanding of links between
10	fire weather events and subseasonal-to-climate
11	impacts;
12	(F) improving the forecasting and under-
13	standing of the impacts of prescribed fires and
14	how those impacts differ from impacts of
15	wildland fires; and
16	(G) pursuing high-priority fire science re-
17	search needs applicable to the National Oceanic
18	and Atmospheric Administration as identified
19	by any other relevant Federal program.
20	(7) Extramural research.—The Adminis-
21	trator shall collaborate with and support the non-
22	Federal wildland fire research community, which in-
23	cludes institutions of higher education, private enti-
24	ties, nongovernmental organizations, and other rel-
25	evant stakeholders, by making funds available

- through competitive grants, contracts, and coopera-tive agreements. In carrying out the program under this paragraph, the Administrator, in collaboration with other relevant Federal agencies, may establish one or more national centers for prescribed fire and wildfire sciences that leverage Federal research and development with university and nongovernmental partnerships.
 - (8) High performance computing.—The Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall acquire high performance computing technologies and supercomputing technologies, leveraging existing resources, as practicable, to conduct research and development activities, support research to operations under this section, and host operational fire and smoke forecast models.
 - (9) Incident meteorologist workforce assessment.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the results of an assessment of National Weather Service workforce and training challenges for Incident Meteorologists and a road-

1	map for overcoming the challenges identified. Such
2	assessment shall take into consideration information
3	technology support, logistical and administrative op-
4	erations, anticipated weather and climate conditions,
5	and feedback from relevant stakeholders, and shall
6	include, to the maximum extent practicable, an iden-
7	tification by the National Weather Service of—
8	(A) the expected number of Incident Mete-
9	orologists needed over the next 5 years;
10	(B) potential hiring authorities necessary
11	to overcome the identified workforce and train-
12	ing challenges; and
13	(C) alternative services or assistance op-
14	tions the National Weather Service could pro-
15	vide to meet operational needs.
16	(d) Federal Emergency Management Agen-
17	CY.—The Administrator of the Federal Emergency Man-
18	agement Agency, acting through the United States Fire
19	Administration, shall—
20	(1) support—
21	(A) the development of community risk as-
22	sessment tools and effective mitigation tech-
23	niques for preventing and responding to
24	wildland fires, including at the wildland-urban
25	interface;

1	(B) wildland and wildland-urban interface
2	fire and operational response-related data col-
3	lection and analysis;
4	(C) public outreach, education, and infor-
5	mation dissemination related to wildland fires
6	and wildland fire risk; and
7	(D) promotion of wildland and wildland-
8	urban interface fire preparedness and commu-
9	nity risk reduction, to include hardening the
10	wildland-urban interface through proper con-
11	struction materials, land use practices, sprin-
12	klers, assessment of State and local emergency
13	response capacity and capabilities, and other
14	tools and approaches as appropriate;
15	(2) in collaboration with the National Institute
16	of Standards and Technology, and other program
17	agencies, as appropriate, promote and assist in the
18	implementation of research results and promote fire-
19	resistant buildings, retrofit, and land use practices
20	within the design and construction industry, includ-
21	ing architects, engineers, contractors, builders, plan-
22	ners, code officials, and inspectors;
23	(3) establish and operate a wildland fire pre-
24	paredness and mitigation technical assistance pro-
25	gram to assist State, local, Tribal and territorial

1	governments in using wildland fire mitigation strate-
2	gies, including through the adoption and implemen-
3	tation of wildland and wildland-urban interface fire
4	resistant codes, standards, and land use;
5	(4) incorporate wildland and wildland-urban
6	interface fire risk mitigation and loss avoidance data
7	into the Agency's existing risk, mitigation, and loss
8	avoidance analyses;
9	(5) incorporate data on the adoption and imple-
10	mentation of wildland and wildland-urban interface
11	fire resistant codes and standards into the Agency's
12	hazard resistant code tracking resources;
13	(6) translate new information and research
14	findings into best practices to improve firefighter,
15	fire service, and allied professions training and edu-
16	cation in wildland fire response, crew deployment,
17	prevention, mitigation, resilience, and firefighting;
18	(7) conduct outreach and information dissemi-
19	nation to fire departments regarding best practices
20	for wildland and wildland-urban interface fire-
21	fighting, training, and fireground deployment;
22	(8) in collaboration with other relevant Pro-
23	gram agencies and stakeholders, develop a national
24	level, interactive and publicly accessible wildland fire
25	hazard severity map that includes community and

1	parcel level data and that can readily integrate with
2	risk gradations within wildland and wildland-urban
3	interface fire resistant codes and standards;
4	(9) in coordination with the National Institute
5	of Standards and Technology and other Federal ini-
6	tiatives as appropriate, carry out a study to—
7	(A) examine PFAS and other potentially
8	harmful contaminants in firefighting gear, fire
9	retardants, and wetting agents;
10	(B) determine the lifecycle of firefighting
11	garments; and
12	(C) evaluate exposure risks based on dif-
13	ferent phases of the fire; and
14	(10) develop resources regarding best practices
15	for establishing or enhancing peer-support programs
16	within wildland fire firefighting units.
17	(e) National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
18	TRATION.—The responsibilities of the Administrator of
19	the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (in
20	this subsection referred to as the "Administrator") with
21	respect to the Program are as follows:
22	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall,
23	with respect to the Program—
24	(A) support relevant basic and applied sci-
25	entific research and modeling;

1	(B) ensure the use in the Program of all
2	relevant National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
3	ministration Earth observations data for max-
4	imum utility;
5	(C) explore and apply novel tools and tech-
6	nologies in the activities of the Program;
7	(D) support the translation of research to
8	operations, including to Program agencies and
9	relevant stakeholders;
10	(E) facilitate the communication of
11	wildland fire research, knowledge, and tools to
12	relevant stakeholders; and
13	(F) use commercial data where such data
14	is available and accessible through existing Fed-
15	eral government commercial contracts, agree-
16	ments, or other means, and purchase data that
17	is deemed necessary based on consultation with
18	other Program agencies.
19	(2) WILDLAND FIRE RESEARCH AND APPLICA-
20	TIONS.—The Administrator shall support basic and
21	applied wildland fire research and modeling activi-
22	ties, including competitively-selected research, to—
23	(A) improve the understanding and pre-
24	diction of fire environments, wildland fires, as-
25	sociated smoke, and their impacts;

1	(B) improve the understanding of the im-
2	pacts of climate change and variability on
3	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity;
4	(C) characterize the pre-fire phase and
5	fire-inducing conditions, such as soil moisture
6	and vegetative fuel availability;
7	(D) characterize the active fire phase, such
8	as fire and smoke plume mapping, fire behavior
9	and spread modeling, and domestic and global
10	fire activity;
11	(E) characterize the post-fire phase, such
12	as landscape changes, air quality, erosion, land-
13	slides, and impacts on carbon distributions in
14	forest biomass;
15	(F) contribute to advancing predictive
16	wildland fire models;
17	(G) address other relevant investigations
18	and measurements prioritized by the National
19	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-
20	cine Decadal Survey on Earth Science and Ap-
21	plications from Space;
22	(H) improve the translation of research
23	knowledge into actionable information;
24	(I) develop research and data products, in-
25	cluding maps, decision-support information, and

1	tools, and support related training as appro-
2	priate and practicable;
3	(J) collaborate with other Program agen-
4	cies and relevant stakeholders, as appropriate,
5	on joint research and development projects, in-
6	cluding research grant solicitations and field
7	campaigns; and
8	(K) transition research advances to oper-
9	ations, including to Program agencies and rel-
10	evant stakeholders, as practicable.
11	(3) WILDLAND FIRE DATA SYSTEMS AND COM-
12	PUTATIONAL TOOLS.—The Administrator shall—
13	(A) identify, from the National Aero-
14	nautics and Space Administration's Earth
15	science data systems, data, including combined
16	data products and relevant commercial data
17	sets, that can contribute to improving the un-
18	derstanding, monitoring, prediction, and mitiga-
19	tion of wildland fires and their impacts, includ-
20	ing data related to fire weather, plume dynam-
21	ics, smoke and fire behavior, impacts of climate
22	change and variability, land and property
23	burned, wildlife and ecosystem destruction,
24	among other areas;

1	(B) prioritize the dissemination of data
2	identified or obtained under this subparagraph
3	to the widest extent practicable to support rel-
4	evant research and operational stakeholders;
5	(C) consider opportunities to support the
6	Program under section 301 and the Program
7	activities under section 302 when planning and
8	developing Earth observation satellites, instru-
9	ments, and airborne measurement platforms;
10	(D) identify opportunities, in collaboration
11	with Program agencies and relevant stake-
12	holders, to obtain additional airborne and
13	space-based data and observations that may en-
14	hance or supplement the understanding, moni-
15	toring, prediction, and mitigation of wildland
16	fire risks, and the relevant Program activities
17	under section 302, and consider such options as
18	commercial solutions, including commercial
19	data purchases, prize authority, academic part-
20	nerships, and ground-based or space-based in-
21	struments, as practicable and appropriate; and
22	(E) contribute to and support, to the max-
23	imum extent practicable, the centralized, inte-
24	grated data collaboration environment in ac-
25	cordance with section 302(2) and any other rel-

1	evant interagency data systems, by collecting,
2	organizing, and integrating the National Aero-
3	nautics and Space Administration's scientific
4	data, data systems, and computational tools re-
5	lated to wildland fires, associated smoke, and
6	their impacts, and by enhancing the interoper-
7	ability, useability, and accessibility of National
8	Aeronautics and Space Administration's sci-
9	entific data, data systems, and computational
10	tools, including—
11	(i) observations and available real-
12	time and near-real-time measurements;
13	(ii) derived science and data products,
14	such as fuel conditions, risk and spread
15	maps, and data products to represent the
16	wildland-urban interface;
17	(iii) relevant historical and archival
18	observations, measurements, and derived
19	science and data products; and
20	(iv) other relevant decision support
21	and information tools.
22	(4) Novel tools for active wildland fire
23	MONITORING AND RISK MITIGATION.—The Adminis-
24	trator, in collaboration with other Program agencies
25	and relevant stakeholders shall apply novel tools and

1	technologies to support active wildland fire research,
2	monitoring, mitigation, and risk reduction, as prac-
3	ticable and appropriate. In particular, the Adminis-
4	trator shall:
5	(A) Establish a program to develop and
6	demonstrate a unified concept of operations for
7	the safe and effective deployment of diverse air
8	capabilities in active wildland fire monitoring,
9	mitigation, and risk reduction. The objectives of
10	the Program shall be to—
11	(i) develop and demonstrate a
12	wildland fire airspace operations system
13	accounting for piloted aircraft, uncrewed
14	aerial systems, and other new and emerg-
15	ing capabilities such as autonomous and
16	high-altitude assets;
17	(ii) develop an interoperable commu-
18	nications strategy;
19	(iii) develop a roadmap for the on-
20	ramping of new technologies, capabilities,
21	or entities;
22	(iv) identify additional development,
23	testing, and demonstration that would be
24	required to expand the scale of operations;

1	(v) identify actions that would be re-
2	quired to transition the unified concept of
3	operations in subparagraph (A) into ongo-
4	ing, operational use; and
5	(vi) other objectives, as deemed appro-
6	priate by the Administrator.
7	(B) Develop and demonstrate affordable
8	and deployable sensing technologies, in con-
9	sultation with other Program agencies and rel-
10	evant stakeholders, to improve the monitoring
11	of fire fuel and active wildland fires, wildland
12	fire behavior models and forecast, mapping ef-
13	forts, and the prediction and mitigation of
14	wildland fires and their impacts. The Adminis-
15	trator shall—
16	(i) test and demonstrate technologies
17	such as infrared, microwave, and active
18	sensors suitable for deployment on space-
19	craft, aircraft, uncrewed aerial systems,
20	and ground-based and in situ platforms, as
21	appropriate and practicable;
22	(ii) develop and demonstrate afford-
23	able and deployable sensing technologies
24	that can be transitioned to operations for

1	collection of near-real-time localized meas-
2	urements;
3	(iii) develop and demonstrate near-
4	real-time data processing, availability,
5	interoperability, and visualization, as prac-
6	ticable;
7	(iv) identify opportunities and actions
8	required, in collaboration with Program
9	agencies and relevant stakeholders, to
10	transition relevant technologies, tech-
11	niques, and data to science operations,
12	upon successful demonstration of the feasi-
13	bility and scientific utility of the sensors
14	and data;
15	(v) transition demonstrated tech-
16	nologies, techniques, and data into ongo-
17	ing, operational use, including to Program
18	agencies and relevant stakeholders;
19	(vi) prioritize and facilitate, to the
20	greatest extent practicable, the dissemina-
21	tion of these science data to operations, in-
22	cluding to Program agencies and relevant
23	stakeholders; and
24	(vii) consider opportunities for poten-
25	tial partnerships, including commercial

1	data purchases, among industry, govern-
2	ment, academic institutions, and non-profit
3	organizations and other relevant stake-
4	holders in carrying out clauses (i) through
5	(vi), as appropriate and practicable.
6	(f) Environmental Protection Agency.—The
7	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
8	shall support environmental research and development ac-
9	tivities to—
10	(1) improve the understanding of—
11	(A) wildland fire and smoke impacts on
12	communities, including impacts on drinking
13	water and outdoor and indoor air quality, and
14	on freshwater ecosystems;
15	(B) wildland fire smoke plume characteris-
16	tics, chemical transformation, chemical com-
17	position, and transport;
18	(C) wildland fire and smoke impacts to
19	contaminant containment and remediation;
20	(D) the contribution of wildland fire emis-
21	sions to climate forcing emissions;
22	(E) differences between the impacts of pre-
23	scribed fires compared to other wildland fires
24	on communities and air and water quality: and

1	(F) climate change and variability on
2	wildland fires and smoke plumes, including on
3	smoke exposure;
4	(2) develop and improve tools, sensors, and
5	technologies including databases and computational
6	models, to accelerate the understanding, monitoring,
7	and prediction of wildland fires and smoke exposure;
8	(3) better integrate observational data into
9	wildland fire and smoke characterization models to
10	improve modeling at finer temporal and spatial reso-
11	lution; and
12	(4) improve communication of wildland fire and
13	smoke risk reduction strategies to the public in co-
14	ordination with relevant stakeholders and other Fed-
15	eral agencies.
16	(g) Department of Energy.—The Secretary of
17	Energy shall carry out research and development activities
18	to—
19	(1) create tools, techniques, and technologies
20	for—
21	(A) withstanding and addressing the cur-
22	rent and projected impact of wildland fires on
23	energy sector infrastructure;
24	(B) providing real-time or near-time
25	awareness of the risks posed by wildland fires

1	to the operation of energy infrastructure in af
2	fected and potentially affected areas, including
3	by leveraging the Department's high-perform
4	ance computing capabilities and climate and
5	ecosystem models;
6	(C) enabling early detection of, and assess
7	ment of competing technologies and strategies
8	for addressing, malfunctioning electrical equip
9	ment on the transmission and distribution grid
10	including spark ignition causing wildland fires
11	(D) assisting with the planning, safe exe
12	cution of, and safe and timely restoration of
13	power after emergency power shut offs fol
14	lowing wildland fires started by grid infrastruc
15	ture;
16	(E) improving electric grid and energy sec
17	tor safety and resilience in the event of multiple
18	simultaneous or co-located weather or climate
19	events leading to extreme conditions, such as
20	extreme wind, wildland fires, extreme cold, and
21	extreme heat;
22	(F) improving coordination between utili
23	ties and relevant Federal agencies to enable
24	communication, information-sharing, and situa

1	tional awareness in the event of wildland fires
2	that impact the electric grid;
3	(G) utilizing biomass produced by wildland
4	fire risk mitigation and post-fire recovery activi-
5	ties for bioenergy, including biofuels, in collabo-
6	ration with relevant stakeholders; and
7	(H) predicting wildland fire occurrence,
8	spread, and ecosystem impact;
9	(2) coordinate data and computational re-
10	sources across relevant entities to improve our un-
11	derstanding of wildland fires and to promote resil-
12	ience and wildland fire prevention in the planning,
13	design, construction, operation, and maintenance of
14	transmission infrastructure;
15	(3) consider optimal building energy efficiency
16	and weatherization practices, as practicable, in
17	wildland fire research;
18	(4) utilize the Department of Energy's National
19	Laboratory capabilities, including user facilities,
20	earth and environmental systems modeling re-
21	sources, and high-performance computing and data
22	analytics capabilities, to improve the accuracy of ef-
23	forts to understand and predict wildland fire behav-
24	ior and occurrence and mitigate wildland fire im-
25	pacts; and

1	(5) foster engagement between the National
2	Laboratories and practitioners, researchers, policy
3	organizations, utilities, and other entities the Sec-
4	retary determines to be appropriate to understand
5	the economic and social implications of power dis-
6	ruptions caused by wildland fires, particularly within
7	disadvantaged communities and regions vulnerable
8	to wildland fires, including rural areas.

9 SEC. 307. BUDGET ACTIVITIES.

- 10 The Director of the National Institute of Standards 11 and Technology, the Director of the National Science 12 Foundation, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Director of the Fed-14 eral Emergency Management Agency, the Administrator 15 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 16 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-17 cy, and the Secretary of Energy shall each include in the 18 annual budget request to Congress of each respective 19 agency a description of the projected activities of such 20 agency under the Program for the fiscal year covered by 21 the budget request and an estimate of the amount such 22 agency plans to spend on such activities for the relevant 23 fiscal year.
- 24 SEC. 308. DEFINITIONS.
- 25 In this title:

1	(1) Director.—The term "Director" means
2	the Director of the Office of Science and Technology
3	Policy.
4	(2) Program.—The term "Program" means
5	the Program established under section 301.
6	(3) Program agencies.—The term "Program
7	agencies" means any Federal agency with respon-
8	sibilities under the Program.
9	(4) Stakeholders.—The term "stakeholders"
10	means any public or private organization engaged in
11	addressing wildland fires, associated smoke, and
12	their impacts, and shall include relevant Federal
13	agencies, States, territories, Tribes, State and local
14	governments, businesses, not-for-profit organiza-
15	tions, including national standards and building code
16	organizations, firefighting departments and organi-
17	zations, academia, and other users of wildland fire
18	data products.
19	(5) WILDLAND FIRE.—The term "wildland
20	fire" means any non-structure fire that occurs in
21	vegetation or natural fuels and includes wildfires
22	and prescribed fires.
23	(6) Fire environment.—The term "fire envi-
24	ronment" means surrounding conditions, influences,

1	and modifying forces of topography, fuel, and weath-
2	er that determine fire behavior.
3	SEC. 309. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	(a) National Institute of Standards and
5	TECHNOLOGY.—There are authorized to be appropriated
6	to the National Institute of Standards and Technology for
7	carrying out this title—
8	(1) \$35,800,000 for fiscal year 2024;
9	(2) \$36,100,000 for fiscal year 2025;
10	(3) \$36,400,000 for fiscal year 2026;
11	(4) \$36,700,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
12	(5) \$37,100,000 for fiscal year 2028.
13	(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—There are
14	authorized to be appropriated to the National Science
15	Foundation for carrying out this title—
16	(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
17	(2) \$53,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
18	(3) \$56,200,000 for fiscal year 2026;
19	(4) \$59,600,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
20	(5) \$63,100,000 for fiscal year 2028.
21	(c) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN-
22	ISTRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to
23	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for
24	carrying out this title—
25	(1) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;

1	(2) \$215,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
2	(3) \$220,000,000 for fiscal year 2026;
3	(4) \$230,000,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
4	(5) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2028.
5	(d) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINIS-
6	TRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the
7	National Aeronautics and Space Administration for car-
8	rying out this title—
9	(1) \$95,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
10	(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2025;
11	(3) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2026;
12	(4) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
13	(5) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2028.
14	(e) Environmental Protection Agency.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to the Environmental
16	Protection Agency for carrying out this title—
17	(1) \$11,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
18	(2) \$11,700,000 for fiscal year 2025;
19	(3) \$12,400,000 for fiscal year 2026;
20	(4) \$13,100,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
21	(5) \$13,900,000 for fiscal year 2028.
22	(f) FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY.—
23	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Federal
24	Emergency Management Agency for carrying out this
25	title—

1	(1) \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
2	(2) \$6,400,000 for fiscal year 2025;
3	(3) \$6,700,000 for fiscal year 2026;
4	(4) \$7,100,000 for fiscal year 2027; and
5	(5) \$7,600,000 for fiscal year 2028.
6	DIVISION D—ENVIRONMENTAL
7	JUSTICE
8	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
9	In this division:
10	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
11	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
12	mental Protection Agency.
13	(2) Advisory Council.—The term "Advisory
14	Council" means the National Environmental Justice
15	Advisory Council described in section 109.
16	(3) Aggrieved Person.—The term "aggrieved
17	person" means a person aggrieved by discrimination
18	on the basis of race, color, or national origin.
19	(4) Clearing-The term "Clearing-
20	house" means the Environmental Justice Clearing-
21	house established by the Administrator under section
22	107.
23	(5) COMMUNITY OF COLOR.—The term "com-
24	munity of color" means any geographically distinct
25	area the population of color of which is higher than

1	the average population of color of the State in which
2	the community is located.
3	(6) COMMUNITY-BASED SCIENCE.—The term
4	"community-based science" means voluntary public
5	participation in the scientific process and the incor-
6	poration of data and information generated outside
7	of traditional institutional boundaries to address
8	real-world problems in ways that may include formu-
9	lating research questions, conducting scientific ex-
10	periments, collecting and analyzing data, inter-
11	preting results, making new discoveries, developing
12	technologies and applications, and solving complex
13	problems, with an emphasis on the democratization
14	of science and the engagement of diverse people and
15	communities.
16	(7) Demonstrates.—The term "dem-
17	onstrates" means meets the burdens of going for-
18	ward with the evidence and of persuasion.
19	(8) Director.—The term "Director" means
20	the Director of the National Institute of Environ-
21	mental Health Sciences.
22	(9) DISPARATE IMPACT.—The term "disparate
23	impact" means an action or practice that, even if
24	appearing neutral, actually has the effect of sub-

1	jecting persons to discrimination on the basis of
2	race, color, or national origin.
3	(10) Disproportionate burden of adverse
4	HUMAN HEALTH OR ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS.—
5	The term "disproportionate burden of adverse
6	human health or environmental effects" means a sit-
7	uation where there exists higher or more adverse
8	human health or environmental effects on commu-
9	nities of color, low- income communities, and Tribal
10	and Indigenous communities.
11	(11) Environmental justice.—The term
12	"environmental justice" means the fair treatment
13	and meaningful involvement of all individuals, re-
14	gardless of race, color, culture, national origin, edu-
15	cational level, or income, with respect to the develop-
16	ment, implementation, and enforcement of environ-
17	mental laws, regulations, and policies to ensure
18	that—
19	(A) populations of color, communities of
20	color, Tribal and Indigenous communities, and
21	low-income communities have access to public
22	information and opportunities for meaningful
23	public participation relating to human health
24	and environmental planning, regulations, and
25	enforcement;

1	(B) Each population of color or community
2	of color, Tribal and Indigenous community, or
3	low-income community enjoy the same degree of
4	protection from pollution or other environ-
5	mental and health hazards; and
6	(C) the 17 Principles of Environmental
7	Justice written and adopted at the First Na-
8	tional People of Color Environmental Leader-
9	ship Summit held on October through 27, 1991,
10	in Washington, DC, are upheld.
11	(12) Environmental justice community.—
12	The term "environmental justice community" means
13	a community with significant representation of com-
14	munities of color, low-income communities, or Tribal
15	and Indigenous communities, that experiences, or is
16	at risk of experiencing higher or more adverse
17	human health or environmental effects.
18	(13) Fair treatment.—The term "fair treat-
19	ment" means the conduct of a program, policy, prac-
20	tice or activity by a Federal agency in a manner that
21	ensures that no group of individuals (including ra-
22	cial, ethnic, or socioeconomic groups) experience a
23	disproportionate burden of adverse human health or
24	environmental effects resulting from such program,
25	policy, practice, or activity, as determined through

1	consultation with, and with the meaningful partici-
2	pation of, individuals from the communities affected
3	by a program, policy, practice or activity of a Fed-
4	eral agency.
5	(14) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
6	agency' means—
7	(A) each Federal agency represented on
8	the Working Group; and
9	(B) any other Federal agency that carries
10	out a Federal program or activity that substan-
11	tially affects human health or the environment,
12	as determined by the President.
13	(15) Tribal and indigenous community.—
14	The term "Tribal and Indigenous community" refers
15	to a population of people who are members of—
16	(A) a federally recognized Indian Tribe;
17	(B) a State-recognized Indian Tribe;
18	(C) an Alaska Native or Native Hawaiian
19	community or organization; and
20	(D) any other community of Indigenous
21	people located in a State.
22	(16) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
23	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
24	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
25	Act (U.S.C. 5304).

1	(17) Infrastructure.—The term "infrastruc-
2	ture" means any system for safe drinking water,
3	sewer collection, solid waste disposal, electricity gen-
4	eration, communication, or transportation access (in-
5	cluding highways, airports, marine terminals, rail
6	systems, and residential roads) that is used to effec-
7	tively and safely support—
8	(A) housing;
9	(B) an educational facility;
10	(C) a medical provider;
11	(D) a park or recreational facility; or
12	(E) a local business.
13	(18) Local government.—The term "local
14	government" means—
15	(A) a county, municipality, city, town,
16	township, local public authority, school district,
17	special district, intrastate district, council of
18	governments (regardless of whether the council
19	of governments is incorporated as a nonprofit
20	corporation under State law), regional or inter-
21	state governmental entity, or agency or instru-
22	mentality of a local government; or
23	(B) an Indian Tribe or authorized Tribal
24	organization, or Alaska Native village or organi-
25	zation, that is not a Tribal Government.

1	(19) Low income.—The term "low income"
2	means an annual household income equal to, or less
3	than, the greater of—
4	(A) an amount equal to 80 percent of the
5	median income of the area in which the house-
6	hold is located, as reported by the Department
7	of Housing and Urban Development; and
8	(B) 200 percent of the Federal poverty
9	line.
10	(20) Low-income community.—The term
11	"low income community" means any census block
12	group in which 30 percent or more of the population
13	are individuals with low income.
14	(21) Meaningful.—The term "meaningful",
15	with respect to involvement by the public in a deter-
16	mination by a Federal agency, means that—
17	(A) potentially affected residents of a com-
18	munity have an appropriate opportunity to par-
19	ticipate in decisions regarding a proposed activ-
20	ity that will affect the environment or public
21	health of the community;
22	(B) the public contribution can influence
23	the determination by the Federal agency;

1	(C) the concerns of all participants in-
2	volved are taken into consideration in the deci-
3	sion-making process; and
4	(D) the Federal agency—
5	(i) provides to potentially affected
6	members of the public relevant and accu-
7	rate information regarding the activity po-
8	tentially affecting the environment or pub-
9	lic health of affected members of the pub-
10	lie; and
11	(ii) facilitates the involvement of po-
12	tentially affected members of the public.
13	(22) Population.—The term "population"
14	means a census block group or series of geographi-
15	cally contiguous blocks representing certain common
16	characteristics, such as race, ethnicity, national ori-
17	gin, income-level, health disparities, or other public
18	health and socioeconomic attributes.
19	(23) Population of color.—The term "pop-
20	ulation of color" means a population of individuals
21	who identify as—
22	(A) Black;
23	(B) African American;
24	(C) Asian;
25	(D) Pacific Islander;

1	(E) another non-White race;
2	(F) Hispanic;
3	(G) Latino; or
4	(H) linguistically isolated.
5	(24) Publish.—The term "publish" means to
6	make publicly available in a form that is—
7	(A) generally accessible, including on the
8	internet and in public libraries; and
9	(B) accessible for—
10	(i) individuals who are limited in
11	English proficiency, in accordance with Ex-
12	ecutive Order No. 13166 (65 Fed. Reg.
13	50121 (August 16, 2000)); and
14	(ii) individuals with disabilities.
15	(25) State.—The term "State" means any
16	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
17	Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands,
18	Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of
19	the Northern Mariana Islands.
20	(26) Tribal Government.—The term "Tribal
21	Government" means the governing body of an In-
22	dian Tribe.
23	(27) White House interagency council.—
24	The term "White House Interagency Council"

1	means the White House Environmental Justice
2	Interagency Council.
3	(28) CLIMATE JUSTICE.—The term "climate
4	justice" means the fair treatment and meaningful
5	involvement of all individuals, regardless of race,
6	color, culture, national origin, educational level, or
7	income, with respect to the development, implemen-
8	tation, and enforcement of policies and projects that
9	address climate change, a recognition of the histor-
10	ical responsibilities for climate change, and a com-
11	mitment that the people and communities least re-
12	sponsible for climate change, and most vulnerable to
13	the impacts of climate change, do not suffer dis-
14	proportionately as a result of historical injustice and
15	disinvestment.
16	(29) NATURAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term
17	"natural infrastructure" means infrastructure that
18	uses, restores, or emulates natural ecological proc-
19	esses and—
20	(A) is created through the action of nat-
21	ural physical, geological, biological, and chem-
22	ical processes over time;
23	(B) is created by human design, engineer-
24	ing, and construction to emulate or act in con-
25	cert with natural processes; or

1	(C) involves the use of plants, soils, and
2	other natural features, including through the
3	creation, restoration, or preservation of vege-
4	tated areas using materials appropriate to the
5	region to manage stormwater and runoff, to at-
6	tenuate flooding and storm surges, to prevent
7	and mitigate and address wildfires and drought,
8	and for other related purposes.
9	SEC. 102. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY TECH-
10	NICAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS.
11	(a) In General.—The Administrator may award
12	grants to eligible entities to enable such entities to partici-
13	pate in decisions impacting the health and safety of their
14	communities in connection with an actual or potential re-
15	lease of a covered hazardous air pollutant or in connection
16	with wildfires or drought.
17	(b) Timing.—
18	(1) Guidance.—Not later than 12 months
19	after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-
20	ministrator shall publish guidance describing the
21	process for eligible entities to apply for a grant
22	under this section, including the required content
23	and form of applications, the manner in which appli-
24	cations must be submitted, and any applicable dead-
25	lines.

1	(2) First grant.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the issuance of guidance under paragraph (1),
3	the Administrator shall award the first grant under
4	this section.
5	(c) Eligible Entity.—To be eligible for a grant
6	under this section, an applicant shall be a group of individ-
7	uals who reside in a community that—
8	(1) is a population of color, a community of
9	color, a Tribal and Indigenous community, or a low-
10	income community; and
11	(2) is in close proximity to the site of an actual
12	or potential release of a covered hazardous air pol-
13	lutant.
14	(d) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity receiving a
15	grant under this section shall use the grant to participate
16	in decisions impacting the health and safety of the commu-
17	nity involved in connection with an actual or potential re-
18	lease of a covered hazardous air pollutant, including—
19	(1) interpreting information with regard to the
20	nature of the hazard, cumulative impacts studies,
21	health impacts studies, remedial investigation and
22	feasibility studies, agency decisions, remedial design,
23	and operation and maintenance of necessary mon-
24	itors; and

1	(2) performing additional air pollution moni-
2	toring.
3	(e) Limitations on Amount; Renewal.—
4	(1) Amount.—
5	(A) In general.—The amount of a grant
6	under this section (excluding any renewals of
7	the grant) may not exceed \$50,000 for any
8	grant recipient.
9	(B) Exception.—The Administrator may
10	waive the limitation in subparagraph (A) with
11	respect to an applicant in any case where the
12	Administrator determines that such waiver is
13	necessary for the community involved to obtain
14	the necessary technical assistance.
15	(2) Renewal.—Grants may be renewed for
16	each step in the regulatory, removal, or remediation
17	process in connection with a facility with the poten-
18	tial to release a covered hazardous air pollutant.
19	(f) Definition of Covered Hazardous Air Pol-
20	LUTANT.—In this section, the term "covered hazardous
21	air pollutant" means a hazardous air pollutant (as defined
22	in section 112 of the Clean Air Act) that—
23	(1) is listed on the toxics release inventory
24	under section (c) of the Emergency Planning and
25	Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986: or

1	(2) is identified as carcinogenic by an assess-
2	ment under the Integrated Risk Information System
3	(IRIS) of the Environmental Protection Agency.
4	SEC. 103. WHITE HOUSE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE INTER-
5	AGENCY COUNCIL.
6	(a) In General.—The President shall maintain
7	within the Executive Office of the President a White
8	House Environmental Justice Interagency Council.
9	(b) Requirements.—
10	(1) Composition.—The White House Inter-
11	agency Council shall be comprised of the following
12	(or a designee):
13	(A) The Secretary of Agriculture.
14	(B) The Secretary of Commerce.
15	(C) The Secretary of Defense.
16	(D) The Secretary of Energy.
17	(E) The Secretary of Health and Human
18	Services.
19	(F) The Secretary of Homeland Security.
20	(G) The Secretary of Housing and Urban
21	Development.
22	(H) The Secretary of the Interior.
23	(I) The Secretary of Labor.
24	(J) The Secretary of Transportation.
25	(K) The Attorney General.

1	(L) The Administrator.
2	(M) The Director of the Office of Environ-
3	mental Justice.
4	(N) The Chairman of the Consumer Prod-
5	uct Safety Commission.
6	(O) The Chairperson of the Chemical Safe-
7	ty Board.
8	(P) The Director of the Office of Manage-
9	ment and Budget.
10	(Q) The Director of the Office of Science
11	and Technology Policy.
12	(R) The Chair of the Council on Environ-
13	mental Quality.
14	(S) The Assistant to the President for Do-
15	mestic Policy.
16	(T) The Director of the National Economic
17	Council.
18	(U) The Chairman of the Council of Eco-
19	nomic Advisers.
20	(V) The Secretary of Education.
21	(W) The Deputy Assistant to the President
22	for Environmental Policy.
23	(X) The Director of the National Institutes
24	of Health.

1	(Y) The Director of the National Park
2	Service.
3	(Z) The Assistant Secretary of the Bureau
4	of Indian Affairs.
5	(AA) The Chairperson of the National En-
6	vironmental Justice Advisory Council.
7	(BB) Such other Federal officials as the
8	President may designate.
9	(2) Functions.—The White House Inter-
10	agency Council shall—
11	(A) report to the President through the
12	Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality;
13	(B) provide guidance to Federal agencies
14	regarding criteria for identifying disproportion-
15	ately high and adverse human health or envi-
16	ronmental effects—
17	(i) on populations of color, commu-
18	nities of color, Tribal and Indigenous com-
19	munities, and low-income communities;
20	and
21	(ii) on the basis of race, color, na-
22	tional origin, or income;
23	(C) coordinate with, provide guidance to,
24	and serve as a clearinghouse for, each Federal
25	agency with respect to the implementation and

1	updating of an environmental justice strategy
2	required under this division, in order to ensure
3	that the administration, interpretation, and en-
4	forcement of programs, activities, and policies
5	are carried out in a consistent manner; (D) as-
6	sist in coordinating research by, and stimu-
7	lating cooperation among, the Environmental
8	Protection Agency, the Department of Health
9	and Human Services, the Department of Hous-
10	ing and Urban Development, and other Federal
11	agencies conducting research or other activities
12	in accordance with this division;
13	(E) identify, based in part on public rec-
14	ommendations contained in Federal agency
15	progress reports, important areas for Federal
16	agencies to take into consideration and address,
17	as appropriate, in environmental justice strate-
18	gies and other efforts;
19	(F) assist in coordinating data collection
20	and maintaining and updating appropriate
21	databases, as required by this division;
22	(G) examine existing data and studies re-
23	lating to environmental justice;

1	(H) hold public meetings and otherwise so-
2	licit public participation under paragraph (3);
3	and
4	(I) develop interagency model projects re-
5	lating to environmental justice that demonstrate
6	cooperation among Federal agencies.
7	(3) Public Participation.—The White House
8	Interagency Council shall—
9	(A) hold public meetings or otherwise so-
10	licit public participation and community-based
11	science for the purpose of fact-finding with re-
12	spect to the implementation of this division; and
13	(B) prepare for public review and publish
14	a summary of any comments and recommenda-
15	tions provided.
16	(c) Judicial Review and Rights of Action.—
17	Any person may commence a civil action—
18	(1) to seek relief from, or to compel, an agency
19	action under this section (including regulations pro-
20	mulgated pursuant to this section); or
21	(2) otherwise to ensure compliance with this
22	section (including regulations promulgated pursuant
23	to this section).

1	SEC. 104. FEDERAL AGENCY ACTIONS TO ADDRESS ENVI-
2	RONMENTAL JUSTICE.
3	(a) Federal Agency Responsibilities.—
4	(1) Environmental justice mission.—To
5	the maximum extent practicable and permitted by
6	applicable law, each Federal agency shall make
7	achieving environmental justice part of the mission
8	of the Federal agency by identifying, addressing,
9	and mitigating disproportionately high and adverse
10	human health or environmental effects of the pro-
11	grams, policies, and activities of the Federal agency
12	on populations of color, communities of color, Tribal
13	and Indigenous communities, and low-income com-
14	munities in the United States (including the terri-
15	tories and possessions of the United States and the
16	District of Columbia).
17	(2) Nondiscrimination.—Each Federal agen-
18	cy shall conduct any program, policy, or activity that
19	substantially affects human health or the environ-
20	ment in a manner that ensures that the program,
21	policy, or activity does not have the effect of exclud-
22	ing any individual or group from participation in,
23	denying any individual or group the benefits of, or
24	subjecting any individual or group to discrimination
25	under, the program, policy, or activity on the basis
26	of race, color, or national origin.

1	(3) Strategies.—
2	(A) AGENCYWIDE STRATEGIES.—Each
3	Federal agency shall implement and update, not
4	less frequently than annually, an agencywide
5	environmental justice strategy that identifies
6	and includes strategies to address
7	disproportionally high and adverse human
8	health or environmental effects of the pro-
9	grams, policies, spending, and other activities of
10	the Federal agency with respect to populations
11	of color, communities of color, Tribal and Indig-
12	enous communities, and low- income commu-
13	nities, including, as appropriate for the mission
14	of the Federal agency, with respect to the fol-
15	lowing areas:
16	(i) Implementation of the National
17	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
18	U.S.C. et seq.).
19	(ii) Implementation of title VI of the
20	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d
21	et seq.) (including regulations promulgated
22	pursuant to that title).
23	(iii) Implementation of the Robert T.
24	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
25	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).

1	(iv) Impacts from the lack of infra-
2	structure, or from deteriorated infrastruc-
3	ture.
4	(v) Impacts from land use.
5	(vi) Impacts from climate change, in-
6	cluding wildfires and drought.
7	(vii) Impacts from commercial trans-
8	portation.
9	(viii) Strategies for the implementa-
10	tion of agency programs, policies, and ac-
11	tivities to provide for—
12	(I) equal protection from environ-
13	mental and health hazards for popu-
14	lations of color, communities of color,
15	Tribal and Indigenous communities,
16	and low-income communities;
17	(II) equal opportunity for public
18	involvement and due process to popu-
19	lations of color, communities of color,
20	Tribal and Indigenous communities,
21	and low-income communities in the
22	development, implementation, and en-
23	forcement of agency programs, poli-
24	cies, and activities;

1	(III) improved technical assist-
2	ance and access to information to
3	populations of color, communities of
4	color, Tribal and Indigenous commu-
5	nities, and low-income communities
6	regarding the impacts of agency pro-
7	grams, policies, and activities on envi-
8	ronmental justice communities;
9	(IV) improved agency cooperation
10	with State governments, Tribal Gov-
11	ernments, and local governments to
12	address pollution and public health
13	burdens for populations of color, com-
14	munities of color, Tribal and Indige-
15	nous communities, and low-income
16	communities.
17	(B) Revisions.—
18	(i) In general.—Each strategy de-
19	veloped and updated pursuant to subpara-
20	graph (A) shall identify programs, policies,
21	planning and public participation proc-
22	esses, rulemaking, agency spending, and
23	enforcement activities relating to human
24	health or the environment that may be re-
25	vised, at a minimum—

1	(I) to promote enforcement of all
2	health, environmental, and civil rights
3	laws and regulations in areas con-
4	taining populations of color, commu-
5	nities of color, Tribal and Indigenous
6	communities, and low-income commu-
7	nities;
8	(II) to ensure greater public par-
9	ticipation;
10	(III) to provide increased access
11	to infrastructure;
12	(IV) to improve research and
13	data collection relating to the health
14	and environment of populations of
15	color, communities of color, Tribal
16	and Indigenous communities, and low-
17	income communities, including
18	through the increased use of commu-
19	nity-based science; and
20	(V) to identify differential pat-
21	terns of use of natural resources
22	among populations of color, commu-
23	nities of color, Tribal and Indigenous
24	communities, and low-income commu-
25	nities.

1	(ii) Timetables.—Each strategy im-
2	plemented and updated pursuant to sub-
3	paragraph (A) shall include a timetable for
4	undertaking revisions identified pursuant
5	to clause (i).
6	(C) Progress reports.—Not later than
7	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	and not less frequently than once every 5 years
9	thereafter, each Federal agency shall submit to
10	Congress and the Working Group, and shall
11	publish, a progress report that includes, with
12	respect to the period covered by the report—
13	(i) a description of the current envi-
14	ronmental justice strategy of the Federal
15	agency;
16	(ii) an evaluation of the progress
17	made by the Federal agency at national
18	and regional levels regarding implementa-
19	tion of the environmental justice strategy,
20	including—
21	(I) metrics used by the Federal
22	agency to measure performance; and
23	(II) the progress made by the
24	Federal agency toward—

1	(aa) the achievement of the
2	metrics described in subclause
3	(I); and
4	(bb) mitigating identified in-
5	stances of environmental injus-
6	tice;
7	(iii) a description of the participation
8	by the Federal agency in interagency col-
9	laboration;
10	(iv) responses to recommendations
11	submitted by members of the public to the
12	Federal agency relating to the environ-
13	mental justice strategy of the Federal
14	agency and the implementation by the
15	Federal agency of this division; and
16	(v) any updates or revisions to the en-
17	vironmental justice strategy of the Federal
18	agency, including those resulting from pub-
19	lie comments.
20	(4) Public Participation.—Each Federal
21	agency shall—
22	(A) ensure that meaningful opportunities
23	exist for the public to submit comments and
24	recommendations relating to the environmental
25	justice strategy, progress reports, and ongoing

1	efforts of the Federal agency to incorporate en-
2	vironmental justice principles into the pro-
3	grams, policies, and activities of the Federal
4	agency;
5	(B) hold public meetings or otherwise so-
6	licit public participation and community-based
7	science from populations of color, communities
8	of color, Tribal and Indigenous communities,
9	and low-income communities for fact-finding,
10	receiving public comments, and conducting in-
11	quiries concerning environmental justice; and
12	(C) prepare for public review and publish
13	a summary of the comments and recommenda-
14	tions provided.
15	(5) Access to information.—Each Federal
16	agency shall—
17	(A) publish public documents, notices, and
18	hearings relating to the programs, policies, and
19	activities of the Federal agency that affect
20	human health or the environment; and
21	(B) translate and publish any public docu-
22	ments, notices, and hearings relating to an ac-
23	tion of the Federal agency as appropriate for
24	the affected population, specifically in any case
25	in which a limited English-speaking population

1	may be disproportionately affected by that ac-
2	tion.
3	(6) Codification of Guidance.—
4	(A) COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUAL-
5	ITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
6	law, sections II and III of the guidance issued
7	by the Council on Environmental Quality enti-
8	tled "Environmental Justice Guidance Under
9	the National Environmental Policy Act" and
10	dated December 10, 1997, are enacted into law.
11	(B) Environmental protection agen-
12	CY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
13	law, the guidance issued by the Environmental
14	Protection Agency entitled "EPA Policy on
15	Consultation and Coordination with Indian
16	Tribes: Guidance for Discussing Tribal Treaty
17	Rights" and dated February 2016 is enacted
18	into law.
19	(b) Human Health and Environmental Re-
20	SEARCH, DATA COLLECTION, AND ANALYSIS.—
21	(1) Research.—Each Federal agency, to the
22	maximum extent practicable and permitted by appli-
23	cable law, shall—
24	(A) in conducting environmental or human
25	health research, include diverse segments of the

1	population in epidemiological and clinical stud-
2	ies, including segments at high risk from envi-
3	ronmental hazards, such as—
4	(i) populations of color, communities
5	of color, Tribal and Indigenous commu-
6	nities, populations with low income, and
7	low-income communities;
8	(ii) fenceline communities; and
9	(iii) workers who may be exposed to
10	substantial environmental hazards;
11	(B) in conducting environmental or human
12	health analyses, identify multiple and cumu-
13	lative exposures; and
14	(C) actively encourage and solicit commu-
15	nity-based science, and provide to populations
16	of color, communities of color, Tribal and Indig-
17	enous communities, populations with low in-
18	come, and low income communities the oppor-
19	tunity to comment regarding the development
20	and design of research strategies carried out
21	pursuant to this division.
22	(2) DISPROPORTIONATE IMPACT.—To the max-
23	imum extent practicable and permitted by applicable
24	law (including section a of title 5, United States

1	Code (commonly known as the Privacy Act)), each
2	Federal agency shall—
3	(A) collect, maintain, and analyze informa-
4	tion assessing and comparing environmental
5	and human health risks borne by populations
6	identified by race, national origin, or income;
7	and
8	(B) use that information to determine
9	whether the programs, policies, and activities of
10	the Federal agency have disproportionally high
11	and adverse human health or environmental ef-
12	fects on populations of color, communities of
13	color, Tribal and Indigenous communities, and
14	low-income communities.
15	(3) Information relating to non-federal
16	FACILITIES.—In connection with the implementation
17	of Federal agency strategies under subsection (a)(3),
18	each Federal agency, to the maximum extent prac-
19	ticable and permitted by applicable law, shall collect,
20	maintain, and analyze information relating to the
21	race, national origin, and income level, and other
22	readily accessible and appropriate information, for
23	fenceline communities in proximity to any facility or
24	site expected to have a substantial environmental,
25	human health, or economic effect on the surrounding

1	populations, if the facility or site becomes the sub-
2	ject of a substantial Federal environmental adminis-
3	trative or judicial action.
4	(4) Impact from federal facilities.—Each
5	Federal agency, to the maximum extent practicable
6	and permitted by applicable law, shall collect, main-
7	tain, and analyze information relating to the race,
8	national origin, and income level, and other readily
9	accessible and appropriate information, for fenceline
10	communities in proximity to any facility of the Fed-
11	eral agency that is—
12	(A) subject to the reporting requirements
13	under the Emergency Planning and Community
14	Right-To-Know Act of (42 U.S.C. 11001 et
15	seq.), as required by Executive Order No.
16	12898 (42 U.S.C. 4321 note; relating to Fed-
17	eral actions to address environmental justice in
18	minority populations and low-income popu-
19	lations); and
20	(B) expected to have a substantial environ-
21	mental, human health, or economic effect on
22	surrounding populations.
23	(c) Consumption of Fish and Wildlife.—
24	(1) In general.—Each Federal agency shall
25	develop, publish (unless prohibited by law), and re-

1	vise, as practicable and appropriate, guidance on ac-
2	tions of the Federal agency that will impact fish and
3	wildlife consumed by populations that principally
4	rely on fish or wildlife for subsistence.
5	(2) Requirement.—The guidance described in
6	paragraph (1) shall—
7	(A) reflect the latest scientific information
8	available concerning methods for evaluating the
9	human health risks associated with the con-
10	sumption of pollutant-bearing fish or wildlife;
11	and
12	(B) publish the risks of such consumption
13	patterns.
14	(d) Mapping and Screening Tool.—The Adminis-
15	trator shall continue to make available to the public an
16	environmental justice mapping and screening tool (such
17	as EJScreen or an equivalent tool) that includes, at a min-
18	imum, the following features:
19	(1) Nationally consistent data.
20	(2) Environmental data.
21	(3) Demographic data, including data relating
22	to race, ethnicity, and income.
23	(4) Capacity to produce maps and reports by
24	geographical area.

1	(5) Data on national parks and other federally
2	protected natural, historic, and cultural sites.
3	(e) Judicial Review and Rights of Action.—
4	Any person may commence a civil action—
5	(1) to seek relief from, or to compel, an agency
6	action under this section (including regulations pro-
7	mulgated pursuant to this section); or
8	(2) otherwise to ensure compliance with this
9	section (including regulations promulgated pursuant
10	to this section).
11	(f) Information Sharing.—In carrying out this
12	section, each Federal agency, to the maximum extent
13	practicable and permitted by applicable law, shall share
14	information and eliminate unnecessary duplication of ef-
15	forts through the use of existing data systems and cooper-
16	ative agreements among Federal agencies and with State,
17	local, and Tribal Governments.
18	(g) CLIMATE AND ECONOMIC JUSTICE SCREENING
19	TOOL.—The Chair of the Council on Environmental Qual-
20	ity shall—
21	(1) maintain a geospatial Climate and Eco-
22	nomic Justice Screening Tool; and
23	(2) annually publish interactive maps high-
24	lighting disadvantaged communities.

1	SEC. 105. TRAINING OF EMPLOYEES OF FEDERAL AGEN-
2	CIES.
3	(a) Initial Training.—Not later than 1 year after
4	the date of enactment of this Act, each employee of the
5	Department of Energy, the Environmental Protection
6	Agency, the Department of the Interior, and the National
7	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall complete
8	an environmental justice training program to ensure that
9	each such employee—
10	(1) has received training in environmental jus-
11	tice; and
12	(2) is capable of—
13	(A) appropriately incorporating environ-
14	mental justice concepts into the daily activities
15	of the employee; and
16	(B) increasing the meaningful participation
17	of individuals from environmental justice com-
18	munities in the activities of the applicable agen-
19	cy.
20	(b) Mandatory Participation.—Effective on the
21	date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this
22	Act, each individual hired by the Department of Energy,
23	the Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of
24	the Interior, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
25	Administration after that date shall be required to partici-
26	pate in environmental justice training.

1	(c) Requirement Relating to Certain Employ-
2	EES.—
3	(1) In general.—With respect to each Fed-
4	eral agency that participates in the White House
5	Interagency Council, not later than 30 days after
6	the date on which an individual is appointed to the
7	position of environmental justice coordinator, or any
8	other position the responsibility of which involves the
9	conduct of environmental justice activities, the indi-
10	vidual shall be required to possess documentation of
11	the completion by the individual of environmental
12	justice training.
13	(2) EVALUATION.—Not later than 3 years after
14	the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector
15	General of each Federal agency that participates in
16	the White House Interagency Council shall evaluate
17	the training programs of such Federal agency to de-
18	termine if such Federal agency has improved the
19	rate of training of the employees of such Federal
20	agency to ensure that each employee has received
21	environmental justice training.
22	SEC. 106. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE BASIC TRAINING PRO-
23	GRAM.
24	(a) Establishment.—The Administrator shall es-
25	tablish a basic training program, in coordination and con-

1	sultation with nongovernmental environmental justice or-
2	ganizations, to increase the capacity of residents of envi-
3	ronmental justice communities to identify and address dis-
4	proportionately adverse human health or environmental ef-
5	fects by providing culturally and linguistically appro-
6	priate—
7	(1) training and education relating to—
8	(A) basic and advanced techniques for the
9	detection, assessment, and evaluation of the ef-
10	fects of hazardous substances, wildfire, and
11	drought on human health;
12	(B) methods to assess the risks to human
13	health presented by hazardous substances, wild-
14	fire, and drought;
15	(C) methods and technologies to detect
16	hazardous substances in the environment;
17	(D) basic biological, chemical, and physical
18	methods to reduce the quantity and toxicity of
19	hazardous substances and to reduce the fre-
20	quency and extent of wildfires and drought;
21	(E) the rights and safeguards currently af-
22	forded to individuals through policies and laws
23	intended to help environmental justice commu-
24	nities address disparate impacts and discrimi-
25	nation, including—

1	(i) laws adopted to protect human
2	health and the environment; and
3	(ii) section 602 of the Civil Rights Act
4	of (42 U.S.C. 2000d-1);
5	(F) public engagement opportunities
6	through the policies and laws described in sub-
7	paragraph (E);
8	(G) materials available on the Clearing-
9	house described in this division;
10	(H) methods to expand access to parks
11	and other natural and recreational amenities;
12	and
13	(I) finding and applying for Federal grants
14	related to environmental justice; and
15	(2) short courses and continuation education
16	programs for residents of communities who are lo-
17	cated in close proximity to hazardous substances or
18	in locations at risk of wildfires or drought to pro-
19	vide, as applicable—
20	(A) education relating to—
21	(i) the proper manner to handle haz-
22	ardous substances;
23	(ii) the management of facilities at
24	which hazardous substances are located
25	(including facility compliance protocols);

1	(iii) the evaluation of the hazards that
2	facilities described in clause (ii) pose to
3	human health; and
4	(iv) preventing, mitigating, and man-
5	aging wildfires and drought and the haz-
6	ards that wildfires and drought pose to
7	human health; and
8	(B) training on environmental and occupa-
9	tional health and safety with respect to the pub-
10	lic health and engineering aspects of hazardous
11	waste control.
12	(b) Grant Program.—
13	(1) Establishment.—In carrying out the
14	basic training program established under subsection
15	(a), the Administrator may provide grants to, or
16	enter into any contract or cooperative agreement
17	with, an eligible entity to carry out any training or
18	educational activity described in subsection (a).
19	(2) Eligible entity.—To be eligible to receive
20	assistance under paragraph (1), an eligible entity
21	shall be an accredited institution of education in
22	partnership with—
23	(A) a community-based organization that
24	carries out activities relating to environmental
25	justice;

1	(B) a generator of hazardous waste;
2	(C) any individual who is involved in the
3	detection, assessment, evaluation, or treatment
4	of hazardous waste;
5	(D) any owner or operator of a facility at
6	which hazardous substances are located; or
7	(E) any State government, Tribal Govern-
8	ment, or local government.
9	(c) Plan.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator,
12	in consultation with the Director, shall develop and
13	publish in the Federal Register a plan to carry out
14	the basic training program established under sub-
15	section (a).
16	(2) Contents.—The plan described in para-
17	graph (1) shall contain—
18	(A) a list that describes the relative pri-
19	ority of each activity described in subsection
20	(a); and
21	(B) a description of research and training
22	relevant to environmental justice issues of com-
23	munities adversely affected by pollution.
24	(3) Coordination with federal agen-
25	CIES.—The Administrator shall, to the maximum ex-

1	tent practicable, take appropriate steps to coordinate
2	the activities of the basic training program described
3	in the plan with the activities of other Federal agen-
4	cies to avoid any duplication of effort.
5	(d) Report.—
6	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years
8	thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the
9	Committees on Energy and Commerce and Natural
10	Resources of the House of Representative and the
11	Committees on Environment and Public Works and
12	Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a re-
13	port describing—
14	(A) the implementation of the basic train-
15	ing program established under subsection (a);
16	and
17	(B) the impact of the basic training pro-
18	gram on improving training opportunities for
19	residents of environmental justice communities.
20	(2) Public availability.—The Administrator
21	shall make the report required under paragraph (1)
22	available to the public (including by posting a copy
23	of the report on the website of the Environmental
24	Protection Agency).

1	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2027
4	SEC. 107. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE CLEARINGHOUSE.
5	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
7	establish a public internet-based clearinghouse, to be
8	known as the Environmental Justice Clearinghouse.
9	(b) Contents.—The Clearinghouse shall be com-
10	posed of culturally and linguistically appropriate materials
11	related to environmental justice, including—
12	(1) information describing the activities con-
13	ducted by the Environmental Protection Agency to
14	address issues relating to environmental justice;
15	(2) copies of training materials provided by the
16	Administrator to help individuals and employees un-
17	derstand and carry out environmental justice activi-
18	ties;
19	(3) links to web pages that describe environ-
20	mental justice activities of other Federal agencies;
21	(4) a directory of individuals who possess tech-
22	nical expertise in issues relating to environmental
23	justice;
24	(5) a directory of nonprofit and community
25	based organizations, including grassroots organiza-

1	tions led by people of color, that address issues re-
2	lating to environmental justice at the local, State,
3	and Federal levels (with particular emphasis given to
4	nonprofit and community-based organizations that
5	possess the capability to provide advice or technical
6	assistance to environmental justice communities);
7	and
8	(6) any other appropriate information as deter-
9	mined by the Administrator, including information
10	on any resources available to help address the dis-
11	proportionate burden of adverse human health or en-
12	vironmental effects on environmental justice commu-
13	nities.
14	(c) Consultation.—In developing the Clearing-
15	house, the Administrator shall consult with individuals
16	representing academic and community-based organiza-
17	tions who have expertise in issues relating to environ-
18	mental justice.
19	(d) Annual Review.—The Advisory Council shall—
20	(1) conduct a review of the Clearinghouse on an
21	annual basis; and
22	(2) recommend to the Administrator any up-
23	dates for the Clearinghouse that the Advisory Coun-
24	cil determines to be necessary for the effective oper-
25	ation of the Clearinghouse.

1 SEC. 108. PUBLIC MEETINGS.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter,
4	the Administrator shall hold public meetings on environ-
5	mental justice issues in each region of the Environmental
6	Protection Agency to gather public input with respect to
7	the implementation and updating of environmental justice
8	strategies and efforts of the Environmental Protection
9	Agency.
10	(b) Outreach to Environmental Justice Com-
11	MUNITIES.—The Administrator, in advance of the meet-
12	ings described in subsection (a), shall to the extent prac-
13	ticable hold multiple meetings in environmental justice
14	communities in each region to provide meaningful commu-
15	nity involvement opportunities.
16	(c) Notice.—Notice for the meetings described in
17	subsections (a) and (b) shall be provided—
18	(1) to applicable representative entities or orga-
19	nizations present in the environmental justice com-
20	munity, including—
21	(A) local religious organizations;
22	(B) civic associations and organizations;
23	(C) business associations of people of color;
24	(D) environmental and environmental jus-
25	tice organizations;

1	(E) homeowners, tenants, and neighbor-
2	hood watch groups;
3	(F) local and Tribal Governments;
4	(G) rural cooperatives;
5	(H) business and trade organizations;
6	(I) community and social service organiza-
7	tions;
8	(J) universities, colleges, and vocational
9	schools;
10	(K) labor organizations;
11	(L) civil rights organizations;
12	(M) senior citizens' groups; and
13	(N) public health agencies and clinics;
14	(2) through communication methods that are
15	accessible in the applicable environmental justice
16	community, which may include electronic media,
17	newspapers, radio, and other media particularly tar-
18	geted at communities of color, low-income commu-
19	nities, and Tribal and Indigenous communities; and
20	(3) at least 30 days before any such meeting.
21	(d) Communication Methods and Require-
22	MENTS.—The Administrator shall—
23	(1) provide translations of any documents made
24	available to the public pursuant to this section in
25	any language spoken by more than 5 percent of the

1	population residing within the applicable environ-
2	mental justice community, and make available trans-
3	lation services for meetings upon request; and
4	(2) not require members of the public to
5	produce a form of identification or register their
6	names, provide other information, complete a ques-
7	tionnaire, or otherwise fulfill any condition precedent
8	to attending a meeting, but if an attendance list,
9	register, questionnaire, or other similar document is
10	utilized during meetings, it shall state clearly that
11	the signing, registering, or completion of the docu-
12	ment is voluntary.
13	(e) REQUIRED ATTENDANCE OF CERTAIN EMPLOY-
14	EES.—In holding a public meeting under subsection (a),
	41 - 41 - 14 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4
15	the Administrator shall ensure that at least 1 employee
	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of As-
16	- ·
16 17	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of As-
16 17	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of Assistant Administrator is present at the meeting to serve
16 17 18	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of Assistant Administrator is present at the meeting to serve as a representative of the Environmental Protection Agen-
16 17 18 19 20	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of Assistant Administrator is present at the meeting to serve as a representative of the Environmental Protection Agency.
16 17 18 19	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of Assistant Administrator is present at the meeting to serve as a representative of the Environmental Protection Agency. SEC. 109. NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY
116 117 118 119 220 221	of the Environmental Protection Agency at the level of Assistant Administrator is present at the meeting to serve as a representative of the Environmental Protection Agency. SEC. 109. NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY COUNCIL.

1	(b) Membership.—The Advisory Council shall be
2	composed of 26 members who have knowledge of, or expe-
3	rience relating to, the effect of environmental conditions
4	on communities of color, low-income communities, and
5	Tribal and Indigenous communities, including—
6	(1) representatives of—
7	(A) community-based organizations that
8	carry out initiatives relating to environmental
9	justice, including grassroots organizations led
10	by people of color;
11	(B) State governments, Tribal Govern-
12	ments, and local governments;
13	(C) Indian Tribes and other Indigenous
14	groups;
15	(D) nongovernmental and environmental
16	organizations; and
17	(E) private sector organizations (including
18	representatives of industries and businesses);
19	and
20	(2) experts in the field of—
21	(A) socioeconomic analysis;
22	(B) health and environmental effects;
23	(C) exposure evaluation;
24	(D) environmental law and civil rights law;
25	Or

1	(E) environmental health science research.
2	(c) Subcommittees; Workgroups.—
3	(1) Establishment.—The Advisory Council
4	may establish any subcommittee or workgroup to as-
5	sist the Advisory Council in carrying out any duty
6	of the Advisory Council described in subsection (d).
7	(2) Report.—Upon the request of the Advisory
8	Council, each subcommittee or workgroup estab-
9	lished by the Advisory Council under paragraph (1)
10	shall submit to the Advisory Council a report that
11	contains—
12	(A) a description of each recommendation
13	of the subcommittee or workgroup; and
14	(B) any advice requested by the Advisory
15	Council with respect to any duty of the Advi-
16	sory Council.
17	(d) Duties.—The Advisory Council shall provide
18	independent advice and recommendations to the Environ-
19	mental Protection Agency with respect to issues relating
20	to environmental justice, including advice—
21	(1) to help develop, facilitate, and conduct re-
22	views of the direction, criteria, scope, and adequacy
23	of the scientific research and demonstration projects
24	of the Environmental Protection Agency relating to
25	environmental justice;

1	(2) to improve participation, cooperation, and
2	communication with respect to such issues—
3	(A) within the Environmental Protection
4	Agency;
5	(B) between, and among, the Environ-
6	mental Protection Agency and Federal agencies,
7	State and local governments, Indian Tribes, en-
8	vironmental justice leaders, interest groups, and
9	the public;
10	(3) requested by the Administrator to help im-
11	prove the response of the Environmental Protection
12	Agency in securing environmental justice for com-
13	munities of color, low-income communities, and
14	Tribal and Indigenous communities; and
15	(4) on issues relating to—
16	(A) the developmental framework of the
17	Environmental Protection Agency with respect
18	to the integration by the Environmental Protec-
19	tion Agency of socioeconomic programs into the
20	strategic planning, annual planning, and man-
21	agement accountability of the Environmental
22	Protection Agency to achieve environmental jus-
23	tice results throughout the Environmental Pro-
24	tection Agency;

1	(B) the measurement and evaluation of the
2	progress, quality, and adequacy of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency in planning, devel-
4	oping, and implementing environmental justice
5	strategies, project, and programs;
6	(C) any existing and future information
7	management systems, technologies, and data
8	collection activities of the Environmental Pro-
9	tection Agency (including recommendations to
10	conduct analyses that support and strengthen
11	environmental justice programs in administra-
12	tive and scientific areas);
13	(D) the administration of grant programs
14	relating to environmental justice assistance; and
15	(E) education, training, and other outreach
16	activities conducted by the Environmental Pro-
17	tection Agency relating to environmental jus-
18	tice.
19	(e) Designated Federal Officer.—The Director
20	of the Office of Environmental Justice of the Environ-
21	mental Protection Agency is designated as the Federal of-
22	ficer required under section 10(e) of the Federal Advisory
23	Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) for the Advisory Council.
24	(f) Meetings.—

1	(1) In General.—The Advisory Council shall
2	meet not less frequently than 3 times each calendar
3	year.
4	(2) OPEN TO PUBLIC.—Each meeting of the
5	Advisory Council shall be held open to the public.
6	(3) Duties of designated federal offi-
7	CER.—The designated Federal officer described in
8	subsection (e) (or a designee) shall—
9	(A) be present at each meeting of the Ad-
10	visory Council;
11	(B) ensure that each meeting is conducted
12	in accordance with an agenda approved in ad-
13	vance by the designated Federal officer;
14	(C) provide an opportunity for interested
15	persons—
16	(i) to file comments before or after
17	each meeting of the Advisory Council; or
18	(ii) to make statements at such a
19	meeting, to the extent that time permits;
20	(D) ensure that a representative of the
21	Working Group and a high-level representative
22	from each regional office of the Environmental
23	Protection Agency are invited to, and encour-
24	aged to attend, each meeting of the Advisory
25	Council; and

1	(E) provide technical assistance to States
2	seeking to establish State-level environmental
3	justice advisory councils or implement other en-
4	vironmental justice policies or programs.
5	(g) Responses From Administrator.—
6	(1) Public comment inquiries.—The Admin-
7	istrator shall provide a written response to each in-
8	quiry submitted to the Administrator by a member
9	of the public before or after each meeting of the Ad-
10	visory Council by not later than 120 days after the
11	date of submission.
12	(2) Recommendations from advisory coun-
13	CIL.—The Administrator shall provide a written re-
14	sponse to each recommendation submitted to the Ad-
15	ministrator by the Advisory Council by not later
16	than 120 days after the date of submission.
17	(h) Travel Expenses.—A member of the Advisory
18	Council may be allowed travel expenses, including per
19	diem in lieu of subsistence, at such rate as the Adminis-
20	trator determines to be appropriate while away from the
21	home or regular place of business of the member in the
22	performance of the duties of the Advisory Council.
23	(i) Duration.—The Advisory Council shall remain
24	in existence unless otherwise provided by law.

1				
- 1	SEC. 110.	ENVIRONMENTAL.	JUSTICE	GRANT PROGRAMS.

- 2 (a) In General.—The Administrator shall continue
- 3 to carry out the Environmental Justice Small Grants Pro-
- 4 gram and the Environmental Justice Collaborative Prob-
- 5 lem-Solving Cooperative Agreement Program, as those
- 6 programs are in existence on the date of enactment of this
- 7 Act.
- 8 (b) Care Grants.—The Administrator shall con-
- 9 tinue to carry out the Community Action for a Renewed
- 10 Environment grant programs I and II, as in existence on
- 11 January 1, 2012.
- 12 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 13 authorized to be appropriated to carry out the programs
- 14 described in subsections (a) and (b) \$50,000,000 for each
- 15 of fiscal years 2023 through 2032.
- 16 SEC. 111. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY SOLID
- 17 WASTE DISPOSAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
- 18 GRANTS.
- 19 (a) In General.—The Administrator may award
- 20 grants to eligible entities to enable such entities to partici-
- 21 pate in decisions impacting the health and safety of their
- 22 communities relating to the permitting or permit renewal
- 23 of a solid waste disposal facility or hazardous waste facil-
- 24 ity.
- 25 (b) Timing.—

1	(1) Guidance.—Not later than 12 months
2	after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-
3	ministrator shall publish guidance describing the
4	process for eligible entities to apply for a grant
5	under this section, including the required content
6	and form of applications, the manner in which appli-
7	cations must be submitted, and any applicable dead-
8	lines.
9	(2) First grant.—Not later than 180 days
10	after the issuance of guidance under paragraph (1),
11	the Administrator shall award the first grant under
12	this section.
13	(c) Eligible Entity.—To be eligible for a grant
14	under this section, an applicant shall be a group of individ-
15	uals who reside in a community that—
16	(1) is a population of color, a community of
17	color, a Tribal and Indigenous community, or a low-
18	income community; and
19	(2) is in close proximity to a facility described
20	in subsection (a) for which a decision relating to a
21	permit or permit renewal for such facility is re-
22	quired.
23	(d) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity receiving a
24	grant under this section shall use the grant to participate
25	in decisions impacting the health and safety of the commu-

1	nity involved that are related to the permitting or permit
2	renewal of a solid waste disposal facility or hazardous
3	waste facility, including—
4	(1) interpreting information with regard to—
5	(A) cumulative impacts studies;
6	(B) health impacts studies;
7	(C) relevant agency decisions; and
8	(D) operation and maintenance of nec-
9	essary monitors; and
10	(2) performing environmental monitoring.
11	(e) Limitations on Amount; Renewal.—
12	(1) Amount.—
13	(A) In general.—The amount of a grant
14	under this section (excluding any renewals of
15	the grant) may not exceed \$50,000 for any
16	grant recipient.
17	(B) Exception.—The Administrator may
18	waive the limitation in subparagraph (A) with
19	respect to an applicant in any case where the
20	Administrator determines that such waiver is
21	necessary for the community involved to obtain
22	the necessary technical assistance.
23	(2) Renewal.—Grants may be renewed for
24	each step in the process for the permitting or permit

1	renewal of a solid waste disposal facility or haz-
2	ardous waste facility.
3	SEC. 112. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY, STATE,
4	AND TRIBAL GRANT PROGRAMS.
5	(a) Environmental Justice Community Grant
6	Program.—
7	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
8	establish a program under which the Administrator
9	shall provide grants to eligible entities to assist the
10	eligible entities in—
11	(A) building capacity to address issues re-
12	lating to environmental justice; and
13	(B) carrying out any activity described in
14	paragraph (4).
15	(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
16	grant under paragraph (1), an eligible entity shall be
17	a nonprofit, community-based organization that con-
18	ducts activities, including providing medical and pre-
19	ventive health services, to reduce the dispropor-
20	tionate health impacts of environmental pollution in
21	the environmental justice community at which the
22	eligible entity proposes to conduct an activity that is
23	the subject of the application described in paragraph
24	(3).

1	(3) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a
2	grant under paragraph (1), an eligible entity shall
3	submit to the Administrator an application at such
4	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
5	tion as the Administrator may require, including—
6	(A) an outline describing the means by
7	which the project proposed by the eligible entity
8	will—
9	(i) with respect to environmental and
10	public health issues at the local level, in-
11	crease the understanding of the environ-
12	mental justice community at which the eli-
13	gible entity will conduct the project;
14	(ii) improve the ability of the environ-
15	mental justice community to address each
16	issue described in clause (i);
17	(iii) facilitate collaboration and co-
18	operation among various stakeholders (in-
19	cluding members of the environmental jus-
20	tice community); and
21	(iv) support the ability of the environ-
22	mental justice community to proactively
23	plan and implement just sustainable com-
24	munity development and revitalization ini-

1	tiatives, including countering displacement
2	and gentrification;
3	(B) a proposed budget for each activity of
4	the project that is the subject of the applica-
5	tion;
6	(C) a list of proposed outcomes with re-
7	spect to the proposed project;
8	(D) a description of the ways by which the
9	eligible entity may leverage the funds of the eli-
10	gible entity, or the funds made available
11	through a grant under this subsection, to de-
12	velop a project that is capable of being sus-
13	tained beyond the period of the grant; and
14	(E) a description of the ways by which the
15	eligible entity is linked to, and representative
16	of, the environmental justice community at
17	which the eligible entity will conduct the
18	project.
19	(4) Use of funds.—An eligible entity may
20	only use a grant under this subsection to carry out
21	culturally and linguistically appropriate projects and
22	activities that are driven by the needs, opportunities,
23	and priorities of the environmental justice commu-
24	nity at which the eligible entity proposes to conduct
25	the project or activity to address environmental jus-

1	tice concerns and improve the health or environment
2	of the environmental justice community, including
3	activities—
4	(A) to create or develop collaborative part-
5	nerships;
6	(B) to educate and provide outreach serv-
7	ices to the environmental justice community;
8	(C) to identify and implement projects to
9	address environmental or public health con-
10	cerns; or
11	(D) to develop a comprehensive under-
12	standing of environmental or public health
13	issues.
14	(5) Report.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year
16	after the date of enactment of this Act, and an-
17	nually thereafter, the Administrator shall sub-
18	mit to the Committees on Energy and Com-
19	merce and Natural Resources of the House of
20	Representatives and the Committees on Envi-
21	ronment and Public Works and Energy and
22	Natural Resources of the Senate a report de-
23	scribing the ways by which the grant program
24	under this subsection has helped community-

1	based nonprofit organizations address issues re-
2	lating to environmental justice.
3	(B) Public availability.—The Adminis-
4	trator shall make each report required under
5	subparagraph (A) available to the public (in-
6	cluding by posting a copy of the report on the
7	website of the Environmental Protection Agen-
8	cy).
9	(6) Authorization of appropriations.—
10	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
11	this subsection \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
12	2023 through 2027.
13	(b) STATE GRANT PROGRAM.—
14	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
15	establish a program under which the Administrator
16	shall provide grants to States to enable the States—
17	(A) to establish culturally and linguistically
18	appropriate protocols, activities, and mecha-
19	nisms for addressing issues relating to environ-
20	mental justice; and
21	(B) to carry out culturally and linguis-
22	tically appropriate activities to reduce or elimi-
23	nate disproportionately adverse human health
24	or environmental effects on environmental jus-
25	tice communities in the State, including reduc-

1	ing economic vulnerabilities that result in the
2	environmental justice communities being dis-
3	proportionately affected.
4	(2) Eligibility.—
5	(A) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to re-
6	ceive a grant under paragraph (1), a State shall
7	submit to the Administrator an application at
8	such time, in such manner, and containing such
9	information as the Administrator may require,
10	including—
11	(i) a plan that contains a description
12	of the means by which the funds provided
13	through a grant under paragraph (1) will
14	be used to address issues relating to envi-
15	ronmental justice at the State level; and
16	(ii) assurances that the funds pro-
17	vided through a grant under paragraph (1)
18	will be used only to supplement the
19	amount of funds that the State allocates
20	for initiatives relating to environmental
21	justice.
22	(B) ABILITY TO CONTINUE PROGRAM.—To
23	be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph
24	(1), a State shall demonstrate to the Adminis-
25	trator that the State has the ability to continue

1	each program that is the subject of funds pro-
2	vided through a grant under paragraph (1)
3	after receipt of the funds.
4	(3) Report.—
5	(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, and an-
7	nually thereafter, the Administrator shall sub-
8	mit to the Committees on Energy and Com-
9	merce and Natural Resources of the House of
10	Representatives and the Committees on Envi-
11	ronment and Public Works and Energy and
12	Natural Resources of the Senate a report de-
13	scribing—
14	(i) the implementation of the grant
15	program established under paragraph (1);
16	(ii) the impact of the grant program
17	on improving the ability of each partici-
18	pating State to address environmental jus-
19	tice issues; and
20	(iii) the activities carried out by each
21	State to reduce or eliminate disproportion-
22	ately adverse human health or environ-
23	mental effects on environmental justice
24	communities in the State.

1	(B) Public availability.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall make each report required under
3	subparagraph (A) available to the public (in-
4	cluding by posting a copy of the report on the
5	website of the Environmental Protection Agen-
6	cy).
7	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
8	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
9	this subsection \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years
10	2023 through 2027.
11	(c) Tribal Grant Program.—
12	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
13	establish a program under which the Administrator
14	shall provide grants to Tribal Governments to enable
15	the Indian Tribes—
16	(A) to establish culturally and linguistically
17	appropriate protocols, activities, and mecha-
18	nisms for addressing issues relating to environ-
19	mental justice; and
20	(B) to carry out culturally and linguis-
21	tically appropriate activities to reduce or elimi-
22	nate disproportionately adverse human health
23	or environmental effects on environmental jus-
24	tice communities in Tribal and Indigenous com-
25	munities, including reducing economic

1	vulnerabilities that result in the Tribal and In-
2	digenous communities being disproportionately
3	affected.
4	(2) Eligibility.—
5	(A) Application.—To be eligible to re-
6	ceive a grant under paragraph (1), a Tribal
7	Government shall submit to the Administrator
8	an application at such time, in such manner,
9	and containing such information as the Admin-
10	istrator may require, including—
11	(i) a plan that contains a description
12	of the means by which the funds provided
13	through a grant under paragraph (1) will
14	be used to address issues relating to envi-
15	ronmental justice in Tribal and Indigenous
16	communities; and
17	(ii) assurances that the funds pro-
18	vided through a grant under paragraph (1)
19	will be used only to supplement the
20	amount of funds that the Tribal Govern-
21	ment allocates for initiatives relating to en-
22	vironmental justice.
23	(B) ABILITY TO CONTINUE PROGRAM.—To
24	be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph
25	(1), a Tribal Government shall demonstrate to

1	the Administrator that the Tribal Government
2	has the ability to continue each program that is
3	the subject of funds provided through a grant
4	under paragraph (1) after receipt of the funds.
5	(3) Report.—
6	(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
7	after the date of enactment of this Act, and an-
8	nually thereafter, the Administrator shall sub-
9	mit to the Committees on Energy and Com-
10	merce and Natural Resources of the House of
11	Representatives and the Committees on Envi-
12	ronment and Public Works and Energy and
13	Natural Resources of the Senate a report de-
14	scribing—
15	(i) the implementation of the grant
16	program established under paragraph (1);
17	(ii) the impact of the grant program
18	on improving the ability of each partici-
19	pating Indian Tribe to address environ-
20	mental justice issues; and
21	(iii) the activities carried out by each
22	Tribal Government to reduce or eliminate
23	disproportionately adverse human health or
24	environmental effects on applicable envi-

1	ronmental justice communities in Tribal
2	and Indigenous communities.
3	(B) Public availability.—The Adminis-
4	trator shall make each report required under
5	subparagraph (A) available to the public (in-
6	cluding by posting a copy of the report on the
7	website of the Environmental Protection Agen-
8	cy).
9	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
10	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
11	this subsection \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
12	2023 through 2027.
13	(d) Community-Based Participatory Research
14	Grant Program.—
15	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator, in
16	consultation with the Director, shall establish a pro-
17	gram under which the Administrator shall provide
18	not more than 25 multiyear grants to eligible enti-
19	ties to carry out community-based participatory re-
20	search—
21	(A) to address issues relating to environ-
22	mental justice;
23	(B) to improve the environment of resi-
24	dents and workers in environmental justice
25	communities; and

1	(C) to improve the health outcomes of resi-
2	dents and workers in environmental justice
3	communities.
4	(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
5	multiyear grant under paragraph (1), an eligible en-
6	tity shall be a partnership composed of—
7	(A) an accredited institution of higher edu-
8	cation; and
9	(B) a community-based organization.
10	(3) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a
11	multiyear grant under paragraph (1), an eligible en-
12	tity shall submit to the Administrator an application
13	at such time, in such manner, and containing such
14	information as the Administrator may require, in-
15	cluding—
16	(A) a detailed description of the partner-
17	ship of the eligible entity that, as determined by
18	the Administrator, demonstrates the participa-
19	tion of members of the community at which the
20	eligible entity proposes to conduct the research;
21	and
22	(B) a description of—
23	(i) the project proposed by the eligible
24	entity; and

1	(ii) the ways by which the project
2	will—
3	(I) address issues relating to en-
4	vironmental justice;
5	(II) assist in the improvement of
6	health outcomes of residents and
7	workers in environmental justice com-
8	munities; and
9	(III) assist in the improvement of
10	the environment of residents and
11	workers in environmental justice com-
12	munities.
13	(4) Public availability.—The Administrator
14	shall make the results of the grants provided under
15	this subsection available to the public, including by
16	posting on the website of the Environmental Protec-
17	tion Agency a copy of the grant awards and an an-
18	nual report at the beginning of each fiscal year de-
19	scribing the research findings associated with each
20	grant provided under this subsection.
21	(5) Authorization of appropriations.—
22	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
23	this subsection \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years
24	2023 through 2027.

1	SEC. 113. PROTECTIONS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
2	COMMUNITIES AGAINST HARMFUL FEDERAL
3	ACTIONS.
4	(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to es-
5	tablish additional protections relating to Federal actions
6	affecting environmental justice communities in recognition
7	of the disproportionate burden of adverse human health
8	or environmental effects faced by such communities.
9	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10	(1) Environmental impact statement.—
11	The term "environmental impact statement" means
12	the detailed statement of environmental impacts of
13	a proposed action required to be prepared pursuant
14	to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
15	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
16	(2) FEDERAL ACTION.—The term "Federal ac-
17	tion" means a proposed action that requires the
18	preparation of an environmental impact statement,
19	environmental assessment, categorical exclusion, or
20	other document under the National Environmental
21	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
22	(c) Preparation of a Community Impact Re-
23	PORT.—A Federal agency proposing to take a Federal ac-
24	tion that has the potential to cause negative environmental
25	or public health impacts on an environmental justice com-

1	munity shall prepare a community impact report assessing
2	the potential impacts of the proposed action.
3	(d) Contents.—A community impact report de-
4	scribed in subsection (c) shall—
5	(1) assess the degree to which a proposed Fed-
6	eral action affecting an environmental justice com-
7	munity will cause multiple or cumulative exposure to
8	human health and environmental hazards that influ-
9	ence, exacerbate, or contribute to adverse health out-
10	comes;
11	(2) assess relevant public health data and in-
12	dustry data concerning the potential for multiple or
13	cumulative exposure to human health or environ-
14	mental hazards in the area of the environmental jus-
15	tice community and historical patterns of exposure
16	to environmental hazards and Federal agencies shall
17	assess these multiple, or cumulative effects, even it
18	certain effects are not within the control or subject
19	to the discretion of the Federal agency proposing the
20	Federal action;
21	(3) assess the impact of such proposed Federa
22	action on such environmental justice community's
23	ability to access public parks, outdoor spaces, and
24	public recreation opportunities:

1	(4) evaluate alternatives to or mitigation meas-
2	ures for the proposed Federal action that will—
3	(A) eliminate or reduce any identified ex-
4	posure to human health and environmental haz-
5	ards described in paragraph (1) to a level that
6	is reasonably expected to avoid human health
7	impacts in environmental justice communities;
8	and
9	(B) not negatively impact an environ-
10	mental justice community's ability to access
11	public parks, outdoor spaces, and public recre-
12	ation opportunities; and
13	(5) analyze any alternative developed by mem-
14	bers of an affected environmental justice community
15	that meets the purpose and need of the proposed ac-
16	tion.
17	(e) Delegation.—Federal agencies shall not dele-
18	gate responsibility for the preparation of a community im-
19	pact report described in subsection (c) to any other entity.
20	(f) NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT RE-
21	QUIREMENTS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMU-
22	NITIES.—When carrying out the requirements of the Na-
23	tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321
24	et seq.) for a proposed Federal action that may affect an

1	environmental justice community, a Federal agency
2	shall—
3	(1) consider all potential direct, indirect, and
4	cumulative impacts caused by the action, alter-
5	natives to such action, and mitigation measures on
6	the environmental justice community required by
7	that Act;
8	(2) require any public comment period carried
9	out during the scoping phase of the environmental
10	review process to be not less than 90 days;
11	(3) provide early and meaningful community in-
12	volvement opportunities by—
13	(A) holding multiple hearings in such com-
14	munity regarding the proposed Federal action
15	in each prominent language within the environ-
16	mental justice community; and
17	(B) providing notice of any step or action
18	in the process that Act involves public partici-
19	pation to any representative entities or organi-
20	zations present in the environmental justice
21	community including—
22	(i) local religious organizations;
23	(ii) civic associations and organiza-
24	tions;

1	(iii) business associations of people of
2	$\operatorname{color};$
3	(iv) environmental and environmental
4	justice organizations, including community-
5	based grassroots organizations led by peo-
6	ple of color;
7	(v) homeowners", tenants, and
8	neighborhood watch groups;
9	(vi) local governments and Tribal
10	Governments;
11	(vii) rural cooperatives;
12	(viii) business and trade organiza-
13	tions;
14	(ix) community and social service or-
15	ganizations;
16	(x) universities, colleges, and voca-
17	tional schools;
18	(xi) labor and other worker organiza-
19	tions;
20	(xii) civil rights organizations;
21	(xiii) senior citizens' groups; and
22	(xiv) public health agencies and clin-
23	ics; and
24	(4) provide translations of publicly available
25	documents made available pursuant to that Act in

1	any language spoken by more than 5 percent of the
2	population residing within the environmental justice
3	community.
4	(g) Communication Methods and Require-
5	MENTS.—Any notice provided under subsection (f)(3)(B)
6	shall be provided—
7	(1) through communication methods that are
8	accessible in the environmental justice community,
9	which may include electronic media, newspapers
10	radio, direct mailings, canvassing, and other out-
11	reach methods particularly targeted at communities
12	of color, low-income communities, and Tribal and In-
13	digenous communities; and
14	(2) at least 30 days before any hearing in such
15	community or the start of any public comment pe-
16	riod.
17	(h) REQUIREMENTS FOR ACTIONS REQUIRING AN
18	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.—For any pro-
19	posed Federal action affecting an environmental justice
20	community requiring the preparation of an environmental
21	impact statement, the Federal agency shall provide the fol-
22	lowing information when giving notice of the proposed ac-
23	tion:
24	(1) A description of the proposed action.

1	(2) An outline of the anticipated schedule for
2	completing the process under the National Environ-
3	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.),
4	with a description of key milestones.
5	(3) An initial list of alternatives and potential
6	impacts.
7	(4) An initial list of other existing or proposed
8	sources of multiple or cumulative exposure to envi-
9	ronmental hazards that contribute to higher rates of
10	serious illnesses within the environmental justice
11	community.
12	(5) An agency point of contact.
13	(6) Timely notice of locations where comments
14	will be received or public meetings held.
15	(7) Any telephone number or locations where
16	further information can be obtained.
17	(i) National Environmental Policy Act Re-
18	QUIREMENTS FOR INDIAN TRIBES.—When carrying out
19	the requirements of the National Environmental Policy
20	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) for a proposed Fed-
21	eral action that may affect an Indian Tribe, a Federal
22	agency shall—
23	(1) seek Tribal representation in the process in
24	a manner that is consistent with the government-to-
25	government relationship between the United States

1	and Tribal Governments, the Federal Government's
2	trust responsibility to federally Recognized Indian
3	Tribes, and any treaty rights;
4	(2) ensure that an Indian Tribe is invited to
5	hold the status of a cooperating agency throughout
6	the process under that Act for any proposed action
7	that could impact an Indian Tribe, including actions
8	that could impact off reservation lands and sacred
9	sites; and
10	(3) invite an Indian Tribe to hold the status of
11	a cooperating agency in accordance with paragraph
12	(2) not later than the date on which the scoping
13	process for a proposed action requiring the prepara-
14	tion of an environmental impact statement com-
15	mences.
16	(j) AGENCY DETERMINATIONS.—Federal agency de-
17	terminations about the analysis of a community impact
18	report described in subsection (c) shall be subject to judi-
19	cial review to the same extent as any other analysis per-
20	formed under the National Environmental Policy Act of
21	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
22	(k) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
23	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
24	(l) Savings Clause.—Nothing in this section dimin-
25	ishes—

1	(1) any right granted through the National En-
2	vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et
3	seq.) to the public; or
4	(2) the requirements under that Act to consider
5	direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts.
6	SEC. 114. PROHIBITED DISCRIMINATION.
7	Section 601 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
8	U.S.C. 2000d) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "No" and inserting "(a) No";
10	and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	``(b)(1)(A) Discrimination (including exclusion from
13	participation and denial of benefits) based on disparate
14	impact is established under this title if—
15	"(i) an entity subject to this title (re-
16	ferred to in this title as a 'covered entity')
17	has a program, policy, practice, or activity
18	that causes a disparate impact on the basis
19	of race, color, or national origin and the
20	covered entity fails to demonstrate that the
21	challenged program, policy, practice, or ac-
22	tivity is related to and necessary to achieve
23	the nondiscriminatory goal of the program,
24	policy, practice, or activity alleged to have

1	been operated in a discriminatory manner;
2	or
3	"(ii) a less discriminatory alternative
4	program, policy, practice, or activity exists,
5	and the covered entity refuses to adopt
6	such alternative program, policy, practice,
7	or activity.
8	"(B) With respect to demonstrating that a particular
9	program, policy, practice, or activity does not cause a dis-
10	parate impact, the covered entity shall demonstrate that
11	each particular challenged program, policy, practice, or ac-
12	tivity does not cause a disparate impact, except that if
13	the covered entity demonstrates to the courts that the ele-
14	ments of the covered entity's decision-making process are
15	not capable of separation for analysis, the decision-making
16	process may be analyzed as 1 program, policy, practice,
17	or activity.
18	"(2) A demonstration that a program, policy, prac-
19	tice, or activity is necessary to achieve the goals of a pro-
20	gram, policy, practice, or activity may not be used as a
21	defense against a claim of intentional discrimination under
22	this title.
23	"(3) In this subsection—

1	"(A) the term 'demonstrates' means to meet
2	the burdens of going forward with the evidence and
3	of persuasion; and
4	"(B) the term 'disparate impact' means an ac-
5	tion or practice that, even if appearing neutral, actu-
6	ally has the effect of subjecting persons to discrimi-
7	nation on the basis of their race, color, or national
8	origin.
9	"(C) No person in the United States shall be
10	subjected to discrimination, including retaliation or
11	intimidation, because such person opposed any pro-
12	gram, policy, practice, or activity prohibited by this
13	title, or because such person made a charge, testi-
14	fied, assisted, or participated in any manner in an
15	investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this
16	title.".
17	SEC. 115. RIGHT OF ACTION.
18	(a) In General.—Section 602 of the Civil Rights
19	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-1) is amended—
20	(1) by inserting "(a)" before "Each Federal de-
21	partment and agency which is empowered"; and
22	(2) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(b) Any person aggrieved by the failure to comply
24	with this title, including any regulation promulgated pur-
25	suant to this title, may file suit in any district court of

1	the United States having jurisdiction of the parties, with-
2	out respect to the amount in controversy and without re-
3	gard to the citizenship of the parties.".
4	(b) Effective Date.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—This section, including the
6	amendments made by this section, takes effect on
7	the date of enactment of this Act.
8	(2) APPLICATION.—This section, including the
9	amendments made by this section, applies to all ac-
10	tions or proceedings pending on or after the date of
11	enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 116. RIGHTS OF RECOVERY.
13	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
14	2000d et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 602
15	the following:
16	"SEC. 602A. ACTIONS BROUGHT BY AGGRIEVED PERSONS.
17	"(a) Claims Based on Proof of Intentional
18	DISCRIMINATION.—In an action brought by an aggrieved
19	person under this title against an entity subject to this
20	title (referred to in this section as a 'covered entity') who
21	has engaged in unlawful intentional discrimination (not a
22	practice that is unlawful because of its disparate impact)
23	prohibited under this title (including its implementing reg-
24	ulations), the aggrieved person may recover equitable and
25	legal relief (including compensatory and punitive dam-

	001
1	ages), attorney's fees (including expert fees), and costs of
2	the action, except that punitive damages are not available
3	against a government, government agency, or political
4	subdivision.
5	"(b) Claims Based on the Disparate Impact
6	STANDARD OF PROOF.—In an action brought by an ag-
7	grieved person under this title against a covered entity
8	who has engaged in unlawful discrimination based on dis-
9	parate impact prohibited under this title (including imple-
10	menting regulations), the aggrieved person may recover
11	attorney's fees (including expert fees), and costs of the
12	action.
13	"(c) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) Aggrieved Person.—The term 'ag-
15	grieved person' means a person aggrieved by dis-
16	crimination on the basis of race, color, or national
17	origin.
18	"(2) the term 'disparate impact' means an ac-
19	tion or practice that, even if appearing neutral, actu-
20	ally has the effect of subjecting persons to discrimi-
21	nation on the basis of their race, color, or national

22

origin.".

1	SEC. 117. PUBLIC HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH CUMU-
2	LATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL STRESSORS.
3	(a) Proposed Protocol.—Not later than 180 days
4	after the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis-
5	trator, in consultation with the Advisory Council, shall
6	publish a proposal for a protocol for assessing and ad-
7	dressing the cumulative public health risks associated with
8	multiple environmental stressors. The Administrator shall
9	allow 90 days for public comment on such proposal. The
10	environmental stressors addressed under such proposal
11	shall include—
12	(1) impacts associated with global climate
13	change, including extreme heat, extremes in tem-
14	perature change, drought, wildfires, sea level rise,
15	flooding, storms, water shortage, food shortage, eco-
16	system disruption, and the spread of infectious dis-
17	ease;
18	(2) exposure to pollutants, emissions, dis-
19	charges, waste, chemicals, or other materials subject
20	to regulation under the Clean Air Act, the Federal
21	Water Pollution Control Act, the Safe Drinking
22	Water Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the
23	Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Comprehensive Envi-
24	ronmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
25	Act of 1980, the Emergency Planning and Commu-

1	nity Right-to-Know Act of 1986, and other laws ad-
2	ministered by the Administrator; and
3	(3) other environmental stressors determined by
4	the Administrator to impact public health.
5	(b) Final Protocol.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the enactment of this section, the Administrator shall pub-
7	lish the final protocol for assessing and addressing the cu-
8	mulative public health risks associated with multiple envi-
9	ronmental stressors.
10	(c) Implementation.—Not later than 3 years after
11	the enactment of this section, the Administrator shall im-
12	plement the protocol described under subsection (b).
13	SEC. 118. CLIMATE JUSTICE GRANT PROGRAM.
14	(a) Establishment.—The Administrator shall es-
15	tablish a program under which the Administrator shall
16	provide grants to eligible entities to assist the eligible enti-
17	ties in—
18	(1) building capacity to address issues relating
19	to climate justice; and
20	(2) carrying out any activity described in sub-
21	section (d).
22	(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
23	under subsection (a), an eligible entity shall be a tribal
24	government, local government, or nonprofit, community-
25	based organization.

1	(c) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
2	under subsection (a), an eligible entity shall submit to the
3	Administrator an application at such time, in such man-
4	ner, and containing such information as the Administrator
5	may require, including—
6	(1) an outline describing the means by which
7	the project proposed by the eligible entity will—
8	(A) with respect to climate justice issues at
9	the local level, increase the understanding of
10	the environmental justice community at which
11	the eligible entity will conduct the project;
12	(B) improve the ability of the environ-
13	mental justice community to address each issue
14	described in subparagraph (A);
15	(C) facilitate collaboration and cooperation
16	among various stakeholders (including members
17	of the environmental justice community); and
18	(D) support the ability of the environ-
19	mental justice community to proactively plan
20	and implement climate justice initiatives;
21	(2) a proposed budget for each activity of the
22	project that is the subject of the application;
23	(3) a list of proposed outcomes with respect to
24	the proposed project;

1	(4) a description of the ways by which the eligi-
2	ble entity may leverage the funds of the eligible enti-
3	ty, or the funds made available through a grant
4	under this subsection, to develop a project that is ca-
5	pable of being sustained beyond the period of the
6	grant; and
7	(5) a description of the ways by which the eligi-
8	ble entity is linked to, and representative of, the en-
9	vironmental justice community at which the eligible
10	entity will conduct the project.
11	(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity may only use
12	a grant under this subsection to carry out culturally and
13	linguistically appropriate projects and activities that are
14	driven by the needs, opportunities, and priorities of the
15	environmental justice community at which the eligible en-
16	tity proposes to conduct the project or activity to address
17	climate justice concerns of the environmental justice com-
18	munity, including activities—
19	(1) to create or develop collaborative partner-
20	ships;
21	(2) to educate and provide outreach services to
22	the environmental justice community on climate jus-
23	tice;
24	(3) to identify and implement projects to ad-
25	dress climate justice concerns, including community

1	solar and wind energy projects, energy efficiency
2	home and building electrification, home and building
3	weatherization, energy storage, solar and wind en-
4	ergy supported microgrids, battery electric vehicles
5	electric vehicle charging infrastructure, natural in-
6	frastructure, addressing the risks and hazards of
7	wildfires and droughts, and climate resilient infra-
8	structure.
9	(e) Limitations on Amount.—The amount of a
10	grant under this section may not exceed \$2,000,000 for
11	any grant recipient.
12	(f) Report.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
14	the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
15	thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the
16	Committees on Energy and Commerce and Natura
17	Resources of the House of Representatives and the
18	Committees on Environment and Public Works and
19	Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a re-
20	port describing the ways by which the grant pro-
21	gram under this subsection has helped eligible enti-
22	ties address issues relating to energy and climate
23	justice.
24	(2) Public availability.—The Administrator
25	shall make each report required under paragraph (1)

1	available to the public (including by posting a copy
2	of the report on the website of the Environmental
3	Protection Agency).
4	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
5	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection
6	\$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through
7	2027. The Administrator may not use more than percent
8	of the amount appropriated for each fiscal year for admin-
9	istrative expenses, including outreach and technical assist-
10	ance to eligible entities.
11	SEC. 119. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE FOR COMMUNITIES
12	OVERBURDENED BY ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLA-
	OVERBURDENED BY ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLA- TIONS.
13	
12 13 14 15	TIONS.
13 14 15	TIONS. (a) Identification of Communities.—Not later
13 14 15 16	TIONS. (a) IDENTIFICATION OF COMMUNITIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section,
13 14 15 16 17	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory
13 14 15 16 17	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory Council and co-regulators in State and local agencies,
13 14 15 16 17	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory Council and co-regulators in State and local agencies, identify at least 100 communities—
13 14 15 16 17 18	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory Council and co-regulators in State and local agencies, identify at least 100 communities— (1) that are environmental justice communities;
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory Council and co-regulators in State and local agencies, identify at least 100 communities— (1) that are environmental justice communities; and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Advisory Council and co-regulators in State and local agencies, identify at least 100 communities— (1) that are environmental justice communities; and (2) in which there have been over the previous

1	(b) Analysis and Recommendations.—Not later
2	than 1 year after the enactment of this section, with re-
3	spect to each community identified under subsection (a),
4	and in consultation with the Advisory Council, the Admin-
5	istrator shall—
6	(1) undertake an analysis of the conditions
7	which have led to the number of violations identified
8	under subsection (a)(1), including through commu-
9	nity-based science implemented through engagement
10	with the residents of each such community;
11	(2) identify the root cause of the number of vio-
12	lations described under subsection (a)(1); and
13	(3) recommend measures that the Adminis-
14	trator shall take, in coordination with co-regulators
15	in State and local agencies, to reduce the number of
16	violations of environmental law to a number that the
17	Administrator determines to be significantly below
18	the national average.
19	(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 2 years after
20	the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator
21	shall complete the implementation of the measures identi-
22	fied under subsection (b)(3).