117th CONGRESS 1st Session

AN ACT

S. 1917

To establish a K–12 education cybersecurity initiative, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "K–12 Cybersecurity
3	Act of 2021".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
5	Congress finds the following:
6	(1) K-12 educational institutions across the
7	United States are facing cyber attacks.
8	(2) Cyber attacks place the information systems
9	of K–12 educational institutions at risk of possible
10	disclosure of sensitive student and employee infor-
11	mation, including—
12	(A) grades and information on scholastic
13	development;
14	(B) medical records;
15	(C) family records; and
16	(D) personally identifiable information.
17	(3) Providing K-12 educational institutions
18	with resources to aid cybersecurity efforts will help
19	K-12 educational institutions prevent, detect, and
20	respond to cyber events.
21	SEC. 3. K-12 EDUCATION CYBERSECURITY INITIATIVE.
22	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
23	(1) Cybersecurity Risk.—The term "cyberse-
24	curity risk" has the meaning given the term in sec-
25	tion 2209 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
26	U.S.C. 659).
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(2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
 the Director of Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Se curity.

4 (3) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term "infor5 mation system" has the meaning given the term in
6 section 3502 of title 44, United States Code.

7 (4) K-12 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.—The
8 term "K-12 educational institution" means an ele9 mentary school or a secondary school, as those terms
10 are defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and
11 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
12 (b) STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director,
in accordance with subsection (g)(1), shall conduct
a study on the specific cybersecurity risks facing K12 educational institutions that—

18 (A) analyzes how identified cybersecurity
19 risks specifically impact K-12 educational insti20 tutions;

21 (B) includes an evaluation of the chal22 lenges K-12 educational institutions face in—
23 (i) securing—

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1	(I) information systems owned,
2	leased, or relied upon by K–12 edu-
3	cational institutions; and
4	(II) sensitive student and em-
5	ployee records; and
6	(ii) implementing cybersecurity proto-
7	cols;
8	(C) identifies cybersecurity challenges re-
9	lating to remote learning; and
10	(D) evaluates the most accessible ways to
11	communicate cybersecurity recommendations
12	and tools.
13	(2) Congressional Briefing.—Not later than
14	120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
15	Director shall provide a Congressional briefing on
16	the study conducted under paragraph (1).
17	(c) Cybersecurity Recommendations.—Not later
18	than 60 days after the completion of the study required
19	under subsection $(b)(1)$, the Director, in accordance with
20	subsection $(g)(1)$, shall develop recommendations that in-
21	clude cybersecurity guidelines designed to assist K–12
22	educational institutions in facing the cybersecurity risks
23	described in subsection $(b)(1)$, using the findings of the
24	study.

1 (d) ONLINE TRAINING TOOLKIT.—Not later than 2 120 days after the completion of the development of the recommendations required under subsection (c), the Direc-3 tor shall develop an online training toolkit designed for 4 5 officials at K-12 educational institutions to— 6 (1) educate the officials about the cybersecurity 7 recommendations developed under subsection (c); 8 and 9 (2) provide strategies for the officials to imple-10 ment the recommendations developed under sub-11 section (c). 12 (e) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Director shall make 13 available on the website of the Department of Homeland 14 Security with other information relating to school safety 15 the following: 16 (1) The findings of the study conducted under 17 subsection (b)(1). 18 (2) The cybersecurity recommendations devel-19 oped under subsection (c). 20 (3) The online training toolkit developed under 21 subsection (d). 22 (f) VOLUNTARY USE.—The use of the cybersecurity 23 recommendations developed under (c) by K-12 edu-24 cational institutions shall be voluntary.

25 (g) CONSULTATION.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—In the course of the conduc-
2	tion of the study required under subsection $(b)(1)$
3	and the development of the recommendations re-
4	quired under subsection (c), the Director shall con-
5	sult with individuals and entities focused on cyberse-
6	curity and education, as appropriate, including—
7	(A) teachers;
8	(B) school administrators;
9	(C) Federal agencies;
10	(D) non-Federal cybersecurity entities with
11	experience in education issues; and
12	(E) private sector organizations.
13	(2) INAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal
14	Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C App.) shall not
15	apply to any consultation under paragraph (1).
	Passed the Senate August 9, 2021.
	Attest:

Secretary.

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