Union Calendar No. ^{116TH CONGRESS} ^{1ST SESSION} H.R.806

[Report No. 116-]

To require compliant flame mitigation devices to be used on portable fuel containers for flammable liquid fuels, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 28, 2019

Mr. THOMPSON of California (for himself, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. DEGETTE, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. DUNN, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. MAST, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. RYAN, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. SWALWELL of California, and Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

SEPTEMBER --, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on January 28, 2019]

A BILL

To require compliant flame mitigation devices to be used on portable fuel containers for flammable liquid fuels, and for other purposes. 3

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 4 This Act may be cited as the "Portable Fuel Container" 5 Safety Act of 2019". SEC. 2. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS TO PROTECT AGAINST 6 7 PORTABLE FUEL CONTAINER EXPLOSIONS 8 NEAR OPEN FLAMES OR OTHER IGNITION 9 SOURCES. 10 (a) Rule on Safety Performance Standards Re-QUIRED.—Not later than 30 months after the date of enact-11 ment of this section, the Consumer Product Safety Commis-12 sion (referred to in this Act as the "Commission") shall pro-13 mulgate a final rule to require flame mitigation devices in 14 15 portable fuel containers that impede the propagation of 16 flame into the container, except as provided in subsection 17 (c).18 (b)Rulemaking; Consumer Product SAFETY 19 STANDARD.—A rule under subsection (a)— 20 (1) shall be promulgated in accordance with sec-21 tion 553 of title 5, United States Code; and 22 (2) shall be treated as a consumer product safety 23 rule promulgated under section 9 of the Consumer 24 Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2058).

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(c) EXCEPTION.—

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1	(1) VOLUNTARY STANDARD.—Subsection (a) shall
2	not apply if the Commission determines that—
3	(A) there is a voluntary standard for flame
4	mitigation devices in portable fuel containers
5	that impedes the propagation of flame into the
6	container, or a combination of more than one
7	voluntary standard which taken together serve
8	such purpose for the full scope of this Act;
9	(B) the voluntary standard or combination
10	of voluntary standards described in subpara-
11	graph (A) is or will be in effect not later than
12	18 months after the date of enactment of this
13	Act; and
14	(C) the voluntary standard or combination
15	of voluntary standards described in subpara-
16	graph (A) is developed by ASTM International
17	or such other standard development organization
18	that the Commission determines to have met the
19	intent of this Act.
20	(2) Determination required to be pub-
21	LISHED IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER.—Any deter-
22	mination made by the Commission under this sub-
23	section shall be published in the Federal Register.
24	(d) TREATMENT OF VOLUNTARY STANDARD FOR PUR-
25	Pose of Enforcement.—If the Commission determines

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that a voluntary standard meets the conditions described
 in subsection (c), the requirements of such voluntary stand ard shall be treated as a consumer product safety rule pro mulgated under section 9 of the Consumer Product Safety
 Act (15 U.S.C. 2058) beginning on the date which is the
 later of—

7 (1) 180 days after publication of the Commis8 sion's determination under subsection (c); or

9 (2) the effective date contained in the voluntary
10 standard.

11 (e) REVISION OF VOLUNTARY STANDARD.—

12 (1) NOTICE TO COMMISSION.—If the require-13 ments of a voluntary standard that meet the condi-14 tions of subsection (c) are subsequently revised, the or-15 ganization that revised the standard shall notify the 16 Commission after the final approval of the revision. 17 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE OF REVISION.—Not later 18 than 180 days after the Commission is notified of a 19 revised voluntary standard described in paragraph 20 (1) (or such later date as the Commission determines 21 appropriate), such revised voluntary standard shall 22 become enforceable as a consumer product safety rule 23 promulgated under section 9 of the Consumer Product 24 Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2058), in place of the prior 25 version, unless within 90 days after receiving the no6

tice the Commission determines that the revised vol untary standard does not meet the requirements de scribed in subsection (c).

4 (f) FUTURE RULEMAKING.—The Commission, at any time after publication of the consumer product safety rule 5 required by subsection (a), a voluntary standard is treated 6 7 as a consumer product safety rule under subsection (d), or 8 a revision is enforceable as a consumer product safety rule 9 under subsection (e) may initiate a rulemaking in accord-10 ance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to mod-11 ify the requirements or to include any additional provision 12 that the Commission determines is reasonably necessary to 13 protect the public against flame jetting from a portable fuel container. Any rule promulgated under this subsection shall 14 15 be treated as a consumer product safety rule promulgated under section 9 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15) 16 U.S.C. 2058). 17

18 (g) ACTION REQUIRED.—

19 (1) EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.—Not later than 1
20 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Com21 mission shall undertake a campaign to educate con22 sumers about the dangers associated with using or
23 storing portable fuel containers for flammable liquids
24 near an open flame or any other source of ignition.

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1	(2) SUMMARY OF ACTIONS.—Not later than 2
2	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Com-
3	mission shall submit to Congress a summary of ac-
4	tions taken by the Commission in such campaign.
5	(h) Portable Fuel Container Defined.—In this
6	section, the term "portable fuel container" means any con-
7	tainer or vessel (including any spout, cap, and other closure
8	mechanism or component of such container or vessel or any
9	retrofit or aftermarket spout or component intended or rea-
10	sonably anticipated to be for use with such container)-
11	(1) intended for flammable liquid fuels with a
12	flash point less than 140 degrees Fahrenheit, includ-
13	ing gasoline, kerosene, diesel, ethanol, methanol, dena-
14	tured alcohol, or biofuels;
15	(2) that is a consumer product with a capacity
16	of 5 gallons or less; and
17	(3) that the manufacturer knows or reasonably
18	should know is used by consumers for receiving,
19	transporting, storing, and dispensing flammable liq-
20	uid fuels.
21	(i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section may not
22	be interpreted to conflict with the Children's Gasoline Burn
23	Prevention Act (Public Law 110–278; 122 Stat. 2602).

1 SEC. 3. CHILDREN'S GASOLINE BURN PREVENTION ACT.

2 (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 2(c) of the Children's Gaso-3 line Burn Prevention Act (15 U.S.C. 2056 note; Public Law 110–278) is amended by inserting after "for use by con-4 5 sumers" the following: "and any receptacle for gasoline, kerosene, or diesel fuel, including any spout, cap, and other 6 7 closure mechanism and component of such receptacle or any 8 retrofit or aftermarket spout or component intended or rea-9 sonably anticipated to be for use with such receptacle, produced or distributed for sale to or use by consumers for 10 transport of, or refueling of internal combustion engines 11 with, gasoline, kerosene, or diesel fuel". 12

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect 6 months after the date of enactment of this section.