Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, H. R. 951, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a complete new text)

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 951

To promote bilateral tourism through cooperation between the United States and Mexico.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 4, 2019

Mr. CUELLAR (for himself and Mr. MCCAUL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

## A BILL

To promote bilateral tourism through cooperation between the United States and Mexico.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "United States-Mexico

5 Tourism Improvement Act of 2019".

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

2

1	(1) The United States and Mexico have bene-
2	fitted economically from a bilateral, mutually bene-
3	ficial partnership focused on enhancing the tourism
4	industry in both countries.
5	(2) In 2016, Mexican tourism to the United
6	States peaked at 18,990,585 visitors, constituting 1
7	in 4 (24.9 percent) of all tourists that year.
8	(3) Additionally, in 2016, spending by Mexican
9	tourists in the United States totaled \$20.3 billion,
10	which represented a 3 percent growth from 2015.
11	(4) Tourist activity to the United States from
12	Mexico has declined since 2016, which is in contrast
13	to an overall international tourism industry increase
14	in the United States.
15	(5) In 2017, international tourist arrivals to-
16	taled 76,900,000, up $0.7$ percent from 76,400,000 in
17	2016.
18	(6) The same year, 77,000,000 international
19	visitors spent a record \$251.4 billion on hotels, trav-
20	el, food, and souvenirs, a 2-percent increase over
21	2016.
22	(7) However, also in 2017, there was a 6.1-per-
23	cent decline in visitors to the United States from
24	Mexico, comprising a loss of 1,166,585 Mexican
25	tourists from 2016.

3

1	(8) The Department of Commerce has not yet
2	released 2017 spending totals by Mexican tourists in
3	the United States, but a corresponding monetary de-
4	cline would be approximately \$1.24 billion in lost
5	revenue.
6	(9) This is a critical economic trend given that
7	Mexico is the biggest source of international visitors
8	to the United States after Canada.
9	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
10	It is the policy of the United States—
11	(1) to continue deepening bilateral tourism
12	through governmental cooperation between the
13	United States and Mexico;
14	(2) to improve third-party tourism to the
15	United States and Mexico through joint inter-
16	national promotional efforts; and
17	(3) to seek to prioritize and expand the tourism
18	industries in both countries by emphasizing ex-
19	changes in various international economic sectors,
20	including relating to—
21	(A) hospitality and accommodation;
22	(B) retail; and
23	(C) cultural education.

# 1SEC. 4. STRATEGY TO EXPAND BILATERAL TOURISM2THROUGH COOPERATION WITH MEXICO.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall de4 velop a strategy through the High Level Economic Dia5 logue (HLED) platform to carry out the bilateral tourism
6 policy described in section 3 and to encourage the Govern7 ment of Mexico to take reciprocal action relating to bilat8 eral tourism.

9 (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under sub-10 section (a) shall—

(1) encourage more joint tourism initiatives between the United States and Mexico, including collaborations between governmental and non-governmental entities; and

(2) encourage United States and Mexican nonprofit institutions and private businesses to assist
prospective and developing entrepreneurs in
strengthening their business skills in the United
States and Mexico.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall
submit to Congress a report on the strategy required
under subsection (a).