### DIVISION D – DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

The following statement is an explanation of the effects of Division D, which provides appropriations for the Department of the Interior, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Forest Service, the Indian Health Service, and related agencies for fiscal year 2019.

The explanatory statement accompanying this Act is approved and indicates congressional intent. Report language contained in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276 providing specific guidance to agencies regarding the administration of appropriated funds and any corresponding reporting requirements carries the same emphasis as the language included in this explanatory statement and should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary herein. This explanatory statement, while repeating some language for emphasis, is not intended to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

In cases where the House report, Senate report, or this explanatory statement direct the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. Where this explanatory statement refers to the Committees or the Committees on Appropriations, unless otherwise noted, this reference is to the House Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies and the Senate Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies.

Each department and agency funded in this Act is directed to follow the directions set forth in this Act and the accompanying statement and to not reallocate resources or reorganize activities except as provided herein or otherwise approved by the House and Senate Appropriations Committees through the reprogramming process as referenced in this explanatory statement. This explanatory statement addresses only those agencies and accounts for which there is a need for greater explanation than provided in the Act itself. Funding levels for appropriations by account, program, and activity, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and the fiscal year 2019 budget request, can be found in the table at the end of this division.

Unless expressly stated otherwise, any reference to "this Act" or "at the end of this statement" shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of this division.

Arts and Humanities Advocacy.—The decades of arts and humanities advocacy by the late Rep. Louise M. Slaughter is acknowledged and appreciated. In her memory, the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities are encouraged to expand grant-making activities in a manner that honors her advocacy, especially in rural and under-served areas, so more Americans are able to benefit from the economic, social, and educational effects of the arts and humanities.

Delivery of Reports and Correspondence.—All reports, correspondence, and reprogramming requests from the agencies to the Committees shall be provided in both physical and electronic formats.

Directives.—The Department of the Interior and Forest Service are directed to continue the directions included in the explanatory statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (P.L. 115-31) relating to Vacant Grazing Allotments; State Wildlife Data; Bighorn Sheep; Land Grants, Acequias, and Community Ditches; and Public Access.

Harassment-Free Workplace.—It is the expectation that all Federal employees, especially those in leadership positions, at the agencies funded by this Act will create and maintain harassment-free workplaces and remind the agencies of the directives in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276.

Making Litigation Costs Transparent.—The Department of the Interior, EPA, and the Forest Service are directed to provide to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, and to make publicly available no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, detailed Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) fee information as specified in the explanatory statement accompanying Division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Public Law 115-31).

Multi-Agency Transparency.— Increasing transparency within all agencies of the Department of the Interior, the Forest Service, and EPA is supported. These agencies are encouraged to disclose costs associated with analyses required by the National Environmental Policy Act.

Paper Reduction Efforts.—The Department of the Interior, EPA, Forest Service, and Indian Health Service are urged to work with the Office of Management and Budget to reduce printing and reproduction costs and each agency is directed to report to the Committees within 90 days of enactment of this Act on steps being undertaken to achieve this goal and how much each agency expects to save by implementing these measures.

Recreation Fee Authority.—A one-year extension of recreation fee authority for the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service was included in Public Law 115-245.

Twenty-first Century Conservation Service Corps.—Consistent with the direction in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are expected to continue conservation partnerships with the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Conservation Service Corps and Public Lands Corps.

Water Rights.—The Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are reminded of the States' jurisdiction over water law and expect that all applicable laws will be followed when considering a request for a permit or permit renewal.

White Nose Syndrome.—The agencies funded by this Act are reminded of the directive included in Senate Report 115-276.

Land and Water Conservation Fund.—The bill includes \$435,000,000 derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) for programs consistent with chapter 2003 of title 54 of the United States Code, as identified in the table below.

	FY 2018 Enacted	Budget Request	This Bill
Land and Water Conservation Fund	\$425,000,000	-\$12,867,000	\$435,000,000
State, Local and Forest Legacy Programs	224,731,000	0	237,293,000
National Park Service State Assistance	124,006,000	0	124,006,000
Coop. Endangered Species Conservation Fund	19,638,000	0	30,800,000
American Battlefield Protection Act	10,000,000	0	10,000,000
Highlands Conservation Act	10,000,000	0	20,000,000
Forest Legacy Program	67,025,000	0	63,990,000
Rescission	-5,938,000	-4,000,000	-1,503,000
Federal Land Acquisition	200,269,000	-8,867,000	187,707,000
Bureau of Land Management	24,916,000	3,392,000	28,316,000
Fish and Wildlife Service	53,839,000	11,953,000	45,189,000
National Park Service	46,935,000	8,788,000	34,438,000
Forest Service	64,337,000	0	72,564,000
Department of the Interior Valuation Services	10,242,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
Rescissions	0	-42,000,000	-1,800,000

The agencies are expected to move forward with all projects specifically identified and funded through this bill; to utilize funding in a timely manner; and to seek congressional approval for reprogramming unobligated balances if applicable. It is expected that the agencies will provide timely information on project status and available balances. Agencies are directed to continue their longstanding process of identifying and prioritizing potential Federal land acquisition projects in anticipation of program appropriations as consistent with previous years. Within 30 days of the submission of the fiscal year 2020 budget or by March 1, 2019, whichever comes first, each agency is directed to submit to the Committees a prioritized list of projects for fiscal year 2020 consideration.

Increasing access to our public lands for hunting, fishing, and other recreational activities is important and this bill includes funding for these projects. The agencies are expected to work with their respective regions, State offices, and/or management units to identify potential recreation access projects and to inform the Committees on project selections prior to proceeding.

#### REPROGRAMMING GUIDELINES

The following are the procedures governing reprogramming actions for programs and activities funded in the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. The

agencies funded in this Act are reminded that these reprogramming guidelines are in effect, and must be complied with, until such time as the Committees modify them through bill or report language.

Definitions.—"Reprogramming," as defined in these procedures, includes the reallocation of funds from one budget activity, budget line-item, or program area, to another within any appropriation funded in this Act. In cases where either the House or Senate Committee report displays an allocation of an appropriation below that level, that more detailed level shall be the basis for reprogramming.

For construction, land acquisition, and forest legacy accounts, a reprogramming constitutes the reallocation of funds, including unobligated balances, from one construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project to another such project.

A reprogramming shall also consist of any significant departure from the program described in the agency's budget justifications. This includes proposed reorganizations, especially those of significant national or regional importance, even without a change in funding. Any change to the organization table presented in the budget justification shall be subject to this requirement.

The agencies funded by this Act have indicated that they are currently working to implement Executive Order 13781, a Comprehensive Plan for Reorganizing the Executive Branch, and have included in the fiscal year 2019 budget request a number of significant reorganization proposals for the Committees' consideration. There have been reports that agencies funded by this Act may be weighing additional organizational changes during the remainder of this fiscal year. Agencies are reminded that this bill continues longstanding General Guidelines for Reprogramming that require agencies funded by this Act to submit reorganization proposals for Committee review prior to their implementation. It is noted that such reprogramming guidelines apply to proposed reorganizations, workforce restructure, reshaping or transfer of functions presented in the budget justifications, or bureau-wide downsizing, especially those of significant national or regional importance, and include closures, consolidations, and relocations of offices, facilities, and laboratories presented in the budget justifications. In addition, no agency shall implement any part of a reorganization that modifies regional or State boundaries for agencies or bureaus that were in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act unless approved consistent with the General Guidelines for Reprogramming procedures specified herein. Any such reprogramming request submitted to the Committees on Appropriations shall include a description of anticipated benefits, including anticipated efficiencies and cost-savings, as well as a description of anticipated personnel impacts and funding changes anticipated to implement the proposal.

General Guidelines for Reprogramming.—

(a) A reprogramming should be made only when an unforeseen situation arises, and then only if postponement of the project or the activity until the next appropriation year would result in actual loss or damage.

- (b) Any project or activity, which may be deferred through reprogramming, shall not later be accomplished by means of further reprogramming, but instead, funds should again be sought for the deferred project or activity through the regular appropriations process.
- (c) Except under the most urgent situations, reprogramming should not be employed to initiate new programs or increase allocations specifically denied or limited by Congress, or to decrease allocations specifically increased by the Congress.
- (d) Reprogramming proposals submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations for approval shall be considered approved 30 calendar days after receipt if the Committees have posed no objection. However, agencies will be expected to extend the approval deadline if specifically requested by either Committee.

Criteria and Exceptions.—A reprogramming must be submitted to the Committees in writing prior to implementation if it exceeds \$1,000,000 annually or results in an increase or decrease of more than 10 percent annually in affected programs or projects, whichever amount is less, with the following exceptions:

- (a) With regard to the tribal priority allocations of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and Bureau of Indian Education (BIE), there is no restriction on reprogrammings among these programs. However, the Bureaus shall report on all reprogrammings made during a given fiscal year no later than 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.
- (b) With regard to the EPA, reprogramming requests associated with the States and Tribes Partnership Grants, or up to a cumulative total of \$30,000,000 from carryover balances among the individual program areas delineated in the Environmental Programs and Management account are not required. No funds, however, shall be reallocated from individual Geographic Programs.

Assessments.—"Assessment" as defined in these procedures shall refer to any charges, reserves, or holdbacks applied to a budget activity or budget line item for costs associated with general agency administrative costs, overhead costs, working capital expenses, or contingencies.

- (a) No assessment shall be levied against any program, budget activity, subactivity, budget line item, or project funded by the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act unless such assessment and the basis therefor are presented to the Committees on Appropriations in the budget justifications and are subsequently approved by the Committees. The explanation for any assessment in the budget justification shall show the amount of the assessment, the activities assessed, and the purpose of the funds.
- (b) Proposed changes to estimated assessments, as such estimates were presented in annual budget justifications, shall be submitted through the reprogramming process and shall be subject to the same dollar and reporting criteria as any other reprogramming.

- (c) Each agency or bureau which utilizes assessments shall submit an annual report to the Committees which provides details on the use of all funds assessed from any other budget activity, line item, subactivity, or project.
- (d) In no case shall contingency funds or assessments be used to finance projects and activities disapproved or limited by Congress, or to finance programs or activities that could be foreseen and included in the normal budget review process.
- (e) New programs requested in the budget should not be initiated before enactment of the bill without notification to, and the approval of, the Committees on Appropriations. This restriction applies to all such actions regardless of whether a formal reprogramming of funds is required to begin the program.

Quarterly Reports.—All reprogrammings between budget activities, budget line-items, program areas, or the more detailed activity levels shown in this explanatory statement, including those below the monetary thresholds established above, shall be reported to the Committees within 60 days of the end of each quarter and shall include cumulative totals for each budget activity, budget line item, or construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project.

Land Acquisitions, Easements, and Forest Legacy.—Lands shall not be acquired for more than the approved appraised value (as addressed in section 301(3) of Public Law 91-646), unless such acquisitions are submitted to the Committees on Appropriations for approval in compliance with these procedures.

Land Exchanges.—Land exchanges, wherein the estimated value of the Federal lands to be exchanged is greater than \$1,000,000, shall not be consummated until the Committees have had a 30-day period in which to examine the proposed exchange. In addition, the Committees shall be provided advance notification of exchanges valued between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000.

Budget Structure.—The budget activity or line item structure for any agency appropriation account shall not be altered without advance approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

# TITLE I – DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

Bureau of Land Management Directives.—The Bureau is reminded of the importance of the directives included in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276 not addressed herein, as well as the new directives in this explanatory statement, including the front matter. The innovative use of technology to improve the timeliness and accuracy of permitting decisions is supported and the Bureau is directed to provide a report within 90 days of enactment as directed by House Report 115-765. The direction related to Chaco Canyon included in Senate Report 115-276 is reiterated.

Management of Lands and Resources (MLR).—The bill provides \$1,198,000,000 for MLR. Within this amount, the Colorado Basin Salinity Control Program is funded at \$2,000,000. Unless noted herein, the bill does not accept the proposed funding decreases; specific funding allocation information is located at the end of this explanatory statement.

MLR Budget Restructuring.—The Bureau's request to restructure several budget line items to increase efficiency in the delivery of programs is accepted. In fiscal year 2019, Soil, Water and Air Management moves into Rangeland Management. Riparian Management moves into Wildlife and Aquatic Habitat Management. Within the new Wildlife and Aquatic Management budget line item, the specific funding for Threatened and Endangered Species is maintained to ensure transparency of funding for these activities and it is expected these changes will improve the Bureau's ability to report expenditures and performance as required by the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The proposal to consolidate Hazardous Materials and Abandoned Mine Lands is also accepted.

Budget Restructuring Report Requirement.—It is expected that the restructuring will improve program delivery and provide better on-the-ground results for Bureau-managed lands and direct the Bureau to provide a report with evidence of this improvement within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

wild Horse and Burro Management.—The bill provides \$80,555,000 for wild horse and burro management. The financial and political challenges of controlling wild horse and burro populations are fully recognized and it is noted that significant management changes need to be made within the near future in order to control costs, improve range conditions, and humanely manage wild horse and burro populations. As such, appreciation for the Bureau's April 26, 2018, report titled "Management Options for a Sustainable Wild Horse and Burro Program" is noted, but it is believed that additional analysis is needed as directed by House Report 115-765. This analysis should be provided to Congress no later than 180 days after enactment of this Act. The Bureau is expected to continue evaluating its internal policies, procedures, and regulations to reduce costs and administrative burdens, as well as researching and

developing appropriate, humane protocols for fertility control methods, including sterilization, and improve its contracting for off-range holdings. It is incumbent upon the Bureau to request the funding necessary to address this growing problem; better management of this program now will result in fewer dollars necessary in the future to restore the lands that wild horses, burros, and other wildlife depend upon. Therefore, the Bureau is expected to include in its fiscal year 2020 budget request a proposal that outlines its proposed strategy and the funding necessary for implementation, including anticipated out-year estimates. Current prohibitions on destruction and sale authority contained in the bill are continued.

### LAND ACQUISITION (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$28,316,000 for Land Acquisition and includes a rescission of \$1,800,000 from previously appropriated Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings funding. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. It is understood that projects on that list, such as the Upper Snake/South Fork River Special Recreation Management Area, meet the criteria for recreational access funding and should receive full consideration from the amounts included for recreational access. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project	This Bill
ID	Little Salmon River Recreation Area	\$800,000
MT	Everson Bench	400,000
CO	Gold Belt Access	2,400,000
CA	Headwaters National Forest Reserve	1,500,000
WY	Fortification Creek Wilderness Study Area	100,000
AL	Rebel Road	400,000
UT	Red Cliffs National Conservation Area	4,000,000
ID	Ridge to Rivers	300,000
NM	Sabinoso Area of Critical Environmental Concern	600,000
CA	Sand to Snow National Monument	1,000,000
NM	Fort Stanton-Snowy River Cave National Conservation Area	1,900,000
CA	Elkhorn Ridge	400,000
WY	Sheep Mountain ACEC	1,500,000
CO	Dolores River	400,000

Subtotal, Line Item Projects		15,700,000
	Budget Request	This Bill
Acquisition Management	1,996,000	2,000,000
Recreational Access	0	9,000,000
Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	1,396,000	1,616,000
Rescission of Funds	-10,000,000	-1,800,000
Total, BLM Land Acquisition	-6,608,000	26,516,000

#### OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

The bill provides \$106,985,000 for Oregon and California Grant Lands to be distributed as displayed in the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement.

#### RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

The bill provides \$10,000,000 to be derived from public lands receipts and Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act lands grazing receipts.

#### SERVICE CHARGES, DEPOSITS, AND FORFEITURES

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be \$25,850,000 for Service Charges, Deposits, and Forfeitures.

#### MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be \$24,000,000 for Miscellaneous Trust Funds.

### UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$1,292,078,000 for Resource Management. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below or in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. For this and all other Service accounts funded in this bill, the

Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Planning and Consultation.—The bill includes \$3,000,000 to avoid permitting delays and to achieve compliance with other statutes, which should be apportioned in accordance with workload needs nationwide rather than by region. In addition, \$4,000,000 is provided for Gulf Coast Restoration activities to ensure that the Service has the resources necessary to avoid delays in projects related to the Deepwater Horizon incident. This is consistent with the amount provided in fiscal year 2018. Because substantial resources are provided to the Service for Gulf Coast Restoration, the Service is expected to move forward with project reviews in a timely manner.

Lesser Prairie Chicken.—There is concern that by listing the lesser prairie chicken (LPC) under the ESA in spite of the unprecedented level of voluntary conservation efforts in the habitat area, the Service significantly reduced the incentive for stakeholders to pursue future initiatives to preserve the LPC and other species. It is noted that if the listing of a species is viewed as inevitable, stakeholders lose the incentive to invest in private, voluntary conservation efforts. Therefore, the Service is directed to collaborate with local and regional stakeholders on improving voluntary solutions to conserve the species with the goal of avoiding the necessity of listing the LPC under the ESA.

Recovery.—The bill includes: a \$2,000,000 general program increase; \$1,000,000 to implement the Prescott Grant Program as authorized by section 408(e) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1421f–1(e)); and \$6,000,000 for Recovery Challenge matching grants to enhance and increase partnerships with agencies and organizations implementing highest priority recovery actions as prescribed in recovery plans, and in particular for genetically-sound breeding, rearing, and reintroduction programs. Longstanding partnerships, including for the northern aplomado falcon, California condor, and Steller's eider, should be funded at not less than \$2,500,000, and partner contributions should be not less than their current amounts. The remaining funds should be dedicated to new partnerships and should require a 50:50 match, which may include in-kind services. Unless an affected State is a partner on the project, none of the funds may be awarded to a project until the project partners have consulted with such State. The Service is expected to explore entering into an agreement with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (NFWF) for the purpose of administering the program and leveraging the funds with corporate and nonprofit contributions, in full consultation with the Service, and to brief the Committee within 60 days of enactment of this Act. None of the funds may be used for indirect costs.

Five-Year Reviews.—The Service is directed to complete all five-year reviews within the period required by law, and, for any determination on the basis of such review whether a species should be

delisted, downlisted, or uplisted, promulgate an associated regulation and complete the rulemaking process prior to initiating the next status review for such species.

Gray Wolf.—The Service's recent commitment to work closely with Federal, State, Tribal and local partners to assess the currently listed gray wolf entities in the Lower 48 States using the best available scientific information, and if appropriate, to publish a proposal to revise the wolf's status in the Federal Register by the end of the calendar year, is recognized.

Grizzly Bear.—The Service is directed to work with ranchers, conservation groups, local governments, and other local partners to reduce conflicts between grizzly bears and livestock. These efforts should draw upon lessons learned with the Wolf Livestock Loss Demonstration Program to improve conservation outcomes while limiting effects to agricultural producers. Not less than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and for a duration of not less than 90 days, the Service and the National Park Service are directed to re-open the public comment period regarding the draft environmental impact statement with proposed alternatives for the restoration of grizzly bears to the North Cascades Ecosystem. Any member of the public in attendance at any of the associated public forums and wishing to voice their opinion must be afforded the opportunity to do so.

Preble's Meadow Jumping Mouse.—The Service is urged to address consultations and permitting of public and private projects related to the Preble's meadow jumping mouse as one of the highest priorities.

Marbled Murrelet.—There is concern that the draft Long Term Conservation Strategy for the marbled murrelet is focused primarily on inland nesting habitat when more than 90 percent of the life cycle of this species is spent in the marine environment. It is also recognized that while the relationship between nesting habitat and marbled murrelet abundance is well documented, there is comparatively little known about factors linked to the marine environment, including environmental conditions, prey availability and bycatch mortality, that may be contributing to recent population declines in Washington, Oregon, and California. Therefore, the Service is urged to partner with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to pursue additional studies to determine the full range of factors linked to the marine environment that may affect marbled murrelet populations and to develop a comprehensive set of recommendations to address those factors. In addition, the Service is directed to work collaboratively with local communities, elected officials, and other stakeholders in the development of the final Long Term Conservation Strategy for the marbled murrelet.

National Wildlife Refuge System.—The bill includes a general program increase of \$1,000,000 for Wildlife and Habitat Management, and the Service is encouraged to prioritize invasive species eradication activities. The subsistence program is continued at \$2,835,000. In addition, \$55,000,000 is provided for Refuge Maintenance Support.

Refuge Law Enforcement.—Adequate refuge law enforcement is critical to protect our natural resources, staff, and more than 53 million visitors at refuges. The Service should request adequate funding so no refuge is without law enforcement at any time.

Trapping on Refuges.—The Service website includes information on trapping on refuges at https://www.fws.gov/refuges/visitors/trapping.html and has instituted signage at those refuges. Trapping information for individual refuges can be found on their web pages under Resource Management.

Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is expected to follow the directive from fiscal year 2018 that prohibits a caribou hunt on Kagalaska Island and efforts to remove cattle on Chirikof and Wosnesenski Islands in the State of Alaska.

Urban Wildlife Refuges.—Funding has been provided to continue the Urban Wildlife Refuge Partnership program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and to support efforts to promote conservation in urban areas.

Green River National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is reminded of the direction included in Senate Report 115-276 to establish the Green River National Wildlife Refuge.

Rio Mora National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is expected to continue to support staffing and educational programming at Rio Mora National Wildlife Refuge and to continue dialogue with nonprofit and Tribal partners on the Service's plan for long-term operations of the refuge. The Service shall brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act on the status of the operations plan.

Migratory Bird Management.—The bill provides \$3,237,000 as requested for aviation management, which is transferred to the General Operations activity to more accurately reflect the program's responsibilities across the Service.

Law Enforcement.—The bill includes \$2,000,000 for combating violations of the Indian Arts and Crafts Act, and the Service is directed to brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act on the proposed distribution of the funds.

International Affairs.—The bill provides \$15,816,000 for International Affairs with the expectation that the Service will spend above the fiscal year 2018 enacted funding level for Wildlife Trafficking. Arctic Council Support is continued at \$550,000.

National Fish Hatchery System Operations.—The bill provides \$4,000,000 for Klamath Basin Restoration Agreement activities, of which at least \$3,500,000 is to support rearing and population monitoring, and of which \$3,000,000 is transferred from Habitat Assessment and Restoration. None of the funds may be used to terminate operations or to close any facility of the National Fish Hatchery System. None of the production programs listed in the March 2013 National Fish Hatchery System Strategic Hatchery and Workforce Planning Report may be reduced or terminated without advance, informal consultation with affected States and Tribes.

Aquatic Habitat and Species Conservation.—The bill includes \$6,000,000 to implement the Delaware River Basin Conservation Act, \$9,554,000 for the subsistence program, and \$500,000 for the Lake Champlain sea lamprey program.

Asian Carp.—The importance of the work conducted by the Service to combat the serious threat of Asian carp is recognized and \$11,000,000 is provided for Asian carp activities, of which \$2,000,000 is for contract fishing and deterrents to extirpate Asian carp, including grass carp. Funding should be used to control Asian carp in the Mississippi and Ohio River Basins, including in Kentucky Lake, Lake Barkley, Tennessee river systems, and the Ohio River, and to prevent Asian carp from entering and establishing in the Great Lakes. The Service should consider the utility of creating a dedicated funding source to increase the intensity and geographic scope of efforts to prevent entry into the Great Lakes.

Cooperative Landscape Conservation.—The bill provides \$12,500,000 for Cooperative Landscape Conservation to support partnerships of Federal, State, Tribal, and other organizations to develop shared conservation priorities as outlined in the congressional budget justifications provided to the Committees on Appropriations. Any deviation from that justification must be transparent and officially presented to the Committees on Appropriations, and there must be opportunities for public review and comment before any changes are instituted. Funding for Gulf Coast Restoration is continued at \$1,000,000.

General Operations.—The bill includes \$5,516,000 for annual maintenance needs of the National Conservation Training Center (NCTC).

### CONSTRUCTION (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$55,613,000 for Construction, including \$39,873,000 for the backlog of deferred maintenance principally at national fish hatcheries and national wildlife refuges, and rescinds \$1,500,000 from prior year unobligated balances, of which \$300,000 was made available by Public Law 111-8. The Service is directed to provide a spend plan to the Committees within 120 days of enactment of this Act for the deferred maintenance funding. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. For line-item construction, the Service is expected to follow the project priority list in the table below. When a construction project is completed or terminated and appropriated funds remain, the Service may use those balances to respond to unforeseen

reconstruction, replacement, or repair of facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by storms, floods, fires, and similar unanticipated events.

State	Refuge, Hatchery, or Other Unit	Budget Request	This Bill
IL	Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (NWR)	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
AK	Alaska Maritime NWR	2,675,000	2,675,000
NM	Valle de Oro NWR	1,000,000	1,000,000
MI	Pendills Creek National Fish Hatchery (NFH)	700,000	700,000
N/A	Branch of Dam Safety (Newly acquired dams)	250,000	250,000
N/A	Branch of Dam Safety (Seismic safety)	200,000	200,000
TX	San Marcos Aquatic Resources Center	1,608,000	1,608,000
ΑZ	Alchesay NFH	150,000	150,000
N/A	Information Resources & Technology Management	250,000	250,000
AK	Yukon Delta NWR	400,000	400,000
MI	Sullivan Creek NFH	60,000	60,000

#### LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides \$65,189,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

In a time when budgetary constraints allow for only a limited number of new land acquisition projects, the Committees are encouraged by programs that leverage public/private partnerships for land conservation like the Highlands Conservation Act, which has a record of more than a 2 to 1 ratio in non-Federal matching funds. Therefore, the bill includes \$20,000,000 for the Highlands Conservation Act Grants and the Service is directed to work with the Highlands States regarding priority projects for fiscal year 2019.

Revised bill language is included that provides appropriations for land acquisition and removes unnecessary language regarding the use of funding for Highlands Conservation Act activities. The language included in this bill provides sufficient authority to enable the use of funds appropriated in the Service's land acquisition account to meet the requirements of the Highlands Conservation Act (P.L. 108-421).

State	Project		This Bill
MT	Montana National Wildlife Refuges and Conservation Areas		\$4,000,000
FL	Everglades Headwaters NWR and CA		2,000,000
SD	Dakota Grassland Conservation Area		4,000,000
AR	Cache River NWR		3,100,000
MD	Blackwater NWR		1,000,000
IA/MN	Northern Tallgrass Prairie NWR		500,000
FL	St. Marks NWR		2,000,000
ID/UT/WY	Bear River Watershed CA	•	1,500,000
TX	Laguna Atascosa NWR		1,000,000
CO/NM	San Luis Valley CA		2,000,000
CT/MA/ NH/VT	Silvio O. Conte NF&WR		1,000,000
NJ	Edwin B. Forsythe NWR		500,000
	Subtotal, Line Item Projects		22,600,000
		Budget Request	This Bill
	Acquisition Management	9,615,000	12,773,000
	Recreational Access	0	2,500,000
	Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	1,641,000	5,351,000
	Exchanges	697,000	1,500,000
	Land Protection Planning	0	465,000
	Highlands Conservation Act Grants	0	20,000,000
	Rescission of Funds	-5,000,000	0
	Total, FWS Land Acquisition	6,953,000	65,189,000

### COOPERATIVE ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$53,495,000 to carry out section 6 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, of which \$22,695,000 is to be derived from the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund and \$30,800,000 is to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. In addition, the bill

includes a rescission of \$7,500,000 from unobligated balances of appropriations made prior to fiscal year 2014 for HCP Planning Assistance and Grants to States.

#### NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE FUND

The bill provides \$13,228,000 for payments to counties from the National Wildlife Refuge Fund.

#### NORTH AMERICAN WETLANDS CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$42,000,000 for the North American Wetlands Conservation Fund.

#### NEOTROPICAL MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$3,910,000 for the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Fund.

#### MULTINATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$11,561,000 for the Multinational Species Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

#### STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS

The bill provides \$64,571,000 for State and Tribal Wildlife Grants. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

### NATIONAL PARK SERVICE OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

The bill provides \$2,502,711,000 for the Operation of the National Park System. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels, unless otherwise specified below.

For this and all other Service accounts funded in this bill, the Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, unless otherwise specified below. The Service is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, an operating plan for the Operation of the National Park System appropriation that includes any necessary adjustments to the amounts provided to maintain park operations of all units budgeted in the fiscal year 2019 request. Such

plan shall be subject to the reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Resource Stewardship.—The bill includes: \$3,000,000 for zebra mussel and quagga mussel containment, prevention, and enforcement; \$10,032,000 for Everglades restoration; \$1,500,000 to continue landscape restoration at newly authorized national parks, as provided by Public Law 114-113; and a total of \$800,000 to continue cave and karst ecosystem research.

*Visitor Services.*—The bill rejects all of the reductions proposed in the budget request. The Service is reminded of the directive in House Report 115-765 with regard to maintaining fiscal year 2018 funding levels.

Park Protection.—The bill does not include a one-time increase provided in fiscal year 2018 for the replacement of Park Police aircraft. Annual funding related to new aircraft is provided under Park Support and includes a program increase of \$1,200,000 to return the Service to a standard aircraft replacement cycle.

Facility Operations and Maintenance.—The bill includes \$135,980,000 for repair and rehabilitation projects and \$151,575,000 for cyclic maintenance.

Park Support.—The bill includes \$10,535,000 of increases requested in the budget addendum, including: \$6,225,000 for additional park rangers; \$830,000 for increased law enforcement training costs; \$1,200,000 for the U.S. Park Police helicopter replacement; \$1,300,000 for public health officers; \$150,000 for unmanned aircraft services expertise; \$400,000 for Katahdin Woods and Waters; \$965,000 for new parks such as Ste. Genevieve, Birmingham Civil Rights, and Freedom Riders; and \$400,000 for Captain John Smith National Heritage Trail to manage the new land acquisition of Werowocomoco. The bill also includes \$500,000 for the Semiquincentennial Commission to be expended in accordance with the United States Semiquincentennial Commission Act of 2016. Funding for the Roosevelt-Campobello International Park is maintained at the fiscal year 2018 level. Funding requested for the agency's reorganization efforts is provided subject to the guidance included at the front of this explanatory statement.

It is noted there are concerns regarding the Service's current inventory of hand-held equipment supporting global positioning systems. These systems are at end-of-life and have operating systems that are no longer supported by the developer. The Service is directed to brief the Committees on these issues within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

External Administrative Costs.—The bill includes \$184,925,000 for external administrative costs, including required fixed costs.

Quagga and Zebra Mussel Control.— Concern remains about the spread of quagga and zebra mussels in the West and \$3,000,000 is provided for continued containment, prevention, and enforcement efforts, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Blackstone River Valley National Historical Park.—The bill includes requested funding for the Blackstone River Valley National Historical Park with the expectation that the Service will continue to make funds available to the local coordinating entity to maintain staffing and capacity to assist in management of the park as authorized in Public Law 113-291.

Captain John Smith National Historic Trail.—There is strong disagreement with the Service's decision to proceed with management changes that affect the Service's Chesapeake Bay Office, the Captain John Smith Chesapeake National Historic Trail, and the Werowocomoco site despite congressional concerns. The Service is directed to produce the report required by Senate Report 115-276 that details the Service's legal authorities to make the change and the steps it plans to take to ensure that the management changes do not weaken the Service's commitment to Chesapeake Bay Program partnerships.

Denali National Park Road.—There is particular concern regarding the condition of the Denali National Park road and the Service is directed to follow the guidance contained in Senate Report 115-276 concerning the road.

Everglades Restoration.—The progress made toward restoration of the Everglades ecosystem is noted and support is continued for this multi-year effort to preserve one of the great ecological treasures of the United States.

Oklahoma City National Memorial & Museum.—The Service's submission of the report required by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 concerning Federal funds allocated for the Oklahoma City Memorial is acknowledged. The Service should continue to work with all interested stakeholders to determine options for providing the fully authorized level of \$5,000,000 for the memorial.

Point Reyes National Seashore.—It is noted that multi-generational ranching and dairying is important both ecologically and economically for the Point Reyes National Seashore and the surrounding community. These historic activities are also fully consistent with Congress's intent for the management of Point Reyes National Seashore. There is awareness that the Service is conducting a public process to comply with a multi-party settlement agreement that includes the preparation of an environmental impact statement to study the effects of dairying and ranching on the park. The inclusion of alternatives that continue ranching and dairying is strongly supported, including the Service's Initial Proposal to allow existing ranch families to continue ranching and dairying operations under agricultural lease/permits with 20-year terms, and expect the Service to make every effort to finalize a General Management Plan Amendment that continues these historic activities.

Trestles Historic District.—It is recognized that Trestles Beach plays a vital role in the training and readiness of the United States Marine Corps and note that amendments to the National Historic Preservation Act included in National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114-289) modified the nomination and approval process for the listing of Federal properties on the National Register of Historic Places. It is also noted that the Department has taken the position that it does not have jurisdiction to hear an appeal alleging a failure of the Department of the Navy to nominate the Trestles Historic District to the National Register and do not expect the Department to take any further action on this issue.

#### NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

The bill provides \$64,138,000 for national recreation and preservation programs and includes the following additional instructions.

Heritage Partnership Program.—The bill includes \$20,321,000 for the Heritage Partnership Program. Individual heritage areas are encouraged to develop plans for long-term sufficiency. The Alliance of National Heritage Areas is commended, in response to congressional direction, for developing an allocation model that maintains core services of more established areas while proposing additional resources to newer areas. This progress is noted and the Service is directed to work with heritage areas to further develop consensus toward a sustainable funding distribution. As this effort continues, the Service is expected to distribute funds in the same manner as fiscal year 2017 with the increase above the enacted level to be equally distributed to Tier I areas or Tier 2 areas currently receiving the minimum funding levels of \$150,000 and \$300,000 respectively.

Natural Programs.—The bill maintains funding for Natural Programs, including the Chesapeake Gateways and Trails program and Rivers, Trails, and Conservation, at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Cultural Programs.—The bill includes \$25,562,000 for cultural programs, an increase of \$500,000 above the enacted level. The increase above the enacted level is provided pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 4451(b) for grants to nonprofit organizations or institutions for the purpose of supporting programs for Native Hawaiian or Alaska Native culture and arts development at a total program level of \$1,000,000 to be utilized consistent with the direction outlined in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141. This program is a good example of a multi-state, multi-organizational collaboration as envisioned under the American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Culture and Art Development Act. Other cultural programs, including grants to preserve and interpret Japanese American Confinement Sites, are continued at their fiscal year 2018 levels.

*Grants Administration.*—The bill does not include the proposed transfer of grants administration to cultural programs as proposed in the request.

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Grants.—The bill supports the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Grant Program and maintains funding at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

American Battlefield Protection Program Assistance Grants.—Funding is provided at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The importance of public-private partnerships to maintain the preservation of America's battlefields is recognized and the Service is urged to give priority to projects with broad partner support. The timely review and processing of grants continues to be encouraged.

#### HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

The bill provides \$102,660,000 for the Historic Preservation Fund. Within this amount, \$49,675,000 is provided for grants to States and \$11,735,000 is provided for grants to Tribes. The bill also includes \$15,250,000 for competitive grants, of which \$750,000 is for grants to underserved communities and \$14,500,000 is for competitive grants to document, interpret, and preserve historical sites associated with the Civil Rights Movement. The bill also includes \$8,000,000 for competitive grants to Historically Black Colleges and Universities and \$13,000,000 for the Save America's Treasures competitive grant program for the preservation of nationally significant sites, structures, and artifacts.

The bill continues \$5,000,000 for preservation grants to revitalize historic properties of national, State, and local significance in order to restore, protect, and foster economic development of rural villages and downtown areas. Grants shall be made available to States, local governments, Tribes, or community or statewide non-profit organizations for the purpose of making sub-grants to eligible projects. Priority shall be given to applicants with a demonstrated capacity for allocating similar awards for preservation of such sites. To ensure that limited funds are targeted in the most effective manner, it is recommended that the Service give priority to applicants that cap their administrative costs at no more than five percent. The Service shall confer with the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations prior to finalizing a grant announcement for these funds and shall distribute grants expeditiously.

#### CONSTRUCTION

The bill provides \$364,704,000 for Construction and includes a general program increase of \$127,151,000 above the request to address longstanding deferred maintenance and major construction related requirements of the Service. The Service is directed to provide, no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, an operating plan for the allocation of funds, including Line Item Construction projects. Requests for reprogramming will be considered pursuant to the guidelines included at the beginning of this explanatory statement. No funds are provided for project number 16, entitled

"Rehabilitate Historic Main Parade Ground Barracks" at the Fort Vancouver National Historic Site. It has been indicated that the proposed project is intended as part of a future plan to relocate the Service's Pacific West Regional Office from its current location in California. However, the budget request does not indicate any such plans, and the Department subsequently implemented new regional boundaries for the Service as of August, 2018. Therefore, it is premature to fund this project during fiscal year 2019. It is further noted with concern that the Service decided to move the current regional office without first consulting stakeholders and Congress. The Service is reminded that major organizational proposals like this should be disclosed as part of the annual budget proposal so that Congress and the public have the opportunity to vet them.

Gustavus Intertie, Glacier NP.—The Service is directed to consult regularly with the City of Gustavus as it issues the RFP, prospectus, and design/build contracts for the intertie at Glacier Bay National Park.

#### LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

The bill provides \$168,444,000 for Land Acquisition and State Assistance. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project	This Bill
LA	Jean Lafitte National Historical Park and Preserve	\$1,456,000
AL	Little River Canyon National Preserve	985,000
WY	Grand Teton National Park	5,250,000
· VA	Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park	1,556,000
TN	Obed Wild and Scenic River	962,000
NC/SC/ TN/VA	Overmountain Victory National Historic Trail	185,000
AR	Buffalo National River	246,000
MI	Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore	2,308,000
KY, TN	Big South Fork National River & Recreation Area	398,000
MD	Antietam National Battlefield	557,000
	Subtotal, Line Item Projects	13,903,000

	Budget Request	This Bill
Acquisition Management	8,788,000	9,679,000
Recreational Access	0	2,000,000
Emergencies, Hardships, Relocations, and Deficiencies	0	3,928,000
Inholdings, Donations, and Exchanges	0	4,928,000
American Battlefield Protection Program	0	10,000,000
Rescission of Funds	-10,000,000	0
Total, NPS Land Acquisition	-1,212,000	44,438,000
Assistance to States:		
State conservation grants (formula)	0	100,000,000
State conservation grants (competitive)	0	20,000,000
Administrative expenses	0	4,006,000
Total, Assistance to States	0	124,006,000
Total, NPS Land Acquisition and State Assistance	-1,212,000	168,444,000

#### CENTENNIAL CHALLENGE

The bill provides \$20,000,000 for the Centennial Challenge matching grant program. The program provides dedicated Federal funding to leverage partnerships for signature projects and programs for the national park system. The Service is expected to use these funds to address projects that have a deferred maintenance component in order to alleviate the sizeable deferred maintenance backlog within the national park system. A one-to-one match is required for projects to qualify for these funds. The Service is urged to give preference to projects that demonstrate additional leveraging capacity from its partners. From amounts in the Centennial Challenge account, the Department is encouraged to make \$5,000,000 available for critical programs and projects, pursuant to 54 U.S.C. 1011 Subchapter II, subject to terms and conditions outlined in Title VI of Public Law 114-289. It is noted that amounts appropriated for the Centennial Challenge are now supplemented by additional mandatory revenues from sales of Federal Recreational Lands Senior Passes, as authorized by the National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114-289).

#### UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$1,160,596,000 for Surveys, Investigations, and Research of the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS, or the Survey). The detailed allocation of funding by program area and activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The Survey is reminded of the guidance and reporting requirements contained in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276 that should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary herein, as explained in the front matter of this explanatory statement.

Ecosystems.—The bill provides \$156,882,000, including a \$2,000,000 reduction for land and water management research activities within the status and trends and fisheries program subactivities. The Survey provides critical scientific research and data to land and water managers in priority landscapes such as the Arctic, Puget Sound, California Bay Delta, Everglades, Great Lakes, Columbia River, and the Chesapeake Bay, and this work is expected to continue at the enacted levels. The bill includes \$8,800,000 to maintain the current funding level at the Great Lakes Science Center.

The bill maintains the Senate funding level and direction on white nose syndrome, as well as \$300,000 for whooping crane research and \$200,000 for research on coral disease.

The bill includes \$7,600,000 for Asian carp, of which a total of \$2,000,000 is for research on containing and eradicating grass carp.

The bill provides a \$1,000,000 increase for Cooperative Research Unit (CRUs) vacancies, including \$250,000 for research as directed in Senate Report 115-276.

The bill includes \$500,000 for the continued research transferred from curation activities.

Land Resources.—The bill provides \$158,299,000 for the Land Resources program. Within these funds, Landsat 9 is fully funded at \$32,000,000 and the AmericaView State grant program receives \$1,215,000. The bill continues funding for the eight regional science centers at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health.—The bill provides \$111,736,000 for Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health, with \$9,598,000 included for the new critical mapping initiative, Three Dimensional mapping, and Economic Empowerment Program. The bill includes \$3,800,000 for the implementation of Secretarial Order 3352 and the Survey is encouraged to continue to work on the

U.S. domestic mineral base survey, which would be a complementary tool for the new critical minerals initiative. The Survey is reminded to follow the Senate direction on mapping in the Arctic mineral belt.

The bill includes \$100,000 within funds for Mineral Resources to develop a map showing pyrrhotite occurrences across the United States.

The bill provides \$12,598,000 for toxic substances hydrology with increased funding to understand cyanobacteria and toxins in stream and wetland ecosystems and to expedite the development and deployment of remote sensing tools to assist with early event warning. It is also directed that \$200,000 be used for activities to better understand mechanisms that result in toxins being present in harmful algal blooms.

Natural Hazards.—The bill provides \$166,258,000 for the Natural Hazards Program, including \$83,403,000 for earthquake hazards. Within this funding, \$16,100,000 is provided for continued development of an earthquake early warning (EEW) system and \$5,000,000 is provided for capital costs associated with the buildout of the EEW. Additionally, \$5,000,000 is provided for Advanced National Seismic System (ANSS) infrastructure and \$1,200,000 is provided to address base staffing needs necessary to support the ANSS.

The Committees have not yet received an updated Technical Implementation Plan for the ShakeAlert Production System, including revised cost estimates and timelines, as directed in the statement accompanying P.L.115-141. Completion and review of this report is encouraged and its receipt is expected as quickly as practicable.

The bill includes the continuation of the \$800,000 for the Central and Eastern U.S. Seismic Network (CEUSN). The bill also continues the \$1,000,000 for regional seismic networks and the Survey is expected to allocate funds according to the same methodology used in fiscal year 2018. The bill includes \$2,000,000 for the Earthscope USArray project.

Within volcano hazards, the bill provides \$1,540,000 for operations at high-threat volcanoes as a result of the one-time infrastructure funding provided in fiscal year 2018; \$1,000,000 for next generation lahar detection operations; and a total of \$3,145,000 for new next-generation lahar detection system infrastructure on very high-threat volcanoes.

Water Resources.—The bill provides \$226,308,000 for Water Resources, with \$61,746,000 directed to activities associated with the Cooperative Matching Funds, including a \$1,000,000 increase for integrated water assessments and a \$819,000 increase for harmful algal bloom work as directed in House Report 115-765. The bill maintains funding at the enacted level for the Mississippi River Alluvial Plain, the U.S.-Mexico aquifer project, and shallow and fractured bedrock terrain.

The bill includes \$10,000,000 in streamgage infrastructure investments, with a total of \$8,500,000 for deployment and operation of NextGen water observing equipment and \$1,500,000 for

streamgages on transboundary rivers. The bill maintains funding for the streamgage on the Unuk River at \$120,000.

The groundwater monitoring network is to be maintained at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Core Science Systems.—The bill provides \$117,902,000 for Core Science Systems, which includes an increase of \$1,500,000 for 3D Elevation Program (3DEP) National Enhancement and a total of \$7,722,000 for Alaska Mapping and Map Modernization. The bill includes \$16,580,000 for the US Topo program to continue shifting map production toward dynamic product-on-demand mapping.

It is understood there are multiple advanced lidar technologies and the Survey is encouraged to utilize advanced technologies as long as such technology is in accordance with the Survey's guidelines.

Facilities.—The bill includes \$120,383,000 for facilities, deferred maintenance, and capital improvement. Within these amounts, \$12,454,000 is included for the Menlo Park facility transition. The infrastructure funding provided in fiscal year 2018 for deferred maintenance has been continued. Of the amount provided, \$4,800,000 shall be available for interim office and laboratory space, equipment, and other needs due to the destruction of the Hawaiian Volcano Observatory and the continuing volcanic activity at Kilauea.

### BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$179,266,000 for Ocean Energy Management to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts and cost recovery fees totaling \$49,816,000, for a net discretionary appropriation of \$129,450,000. The following additional guidance is included:

Five-year lease plan.—The request for the Bureau's efforts to initiate a new five year offshore leasing program is fully funded, and the Bureau is encouraged to conduct an expeditious and thorough review.

Offshore Revenues.—The Department is directed to distribute revenues from Gulf of Mexico operations in a manner consistent with the Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-432).

Offshore Wind Energy Development.—It is understood that the Bureau is continuing to work in North Carolina with local stakeholders, industry, and State task forces, and that there will be no lease sales for offshore areas in North Carolina during fiscal year 2019.

Renewable Energy.—The Bureau should continue to follow the direction under this heading in Senate Report 115-276 concerning offshore wind energy and working cooperatively with the Department of Energy and coastal States.

#### BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT OFFSHORE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT

The bill provides \$187,240,000 for Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts, cost recovery fees, and inspection fees totaling \$65,889,000 for a net discretionary appropriation of \$121,351,000.

#### OIL SPILL RESEARCH

The bill provides \$14,899,000 for Oil Spill Research.

### OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides \$115,804,000 for the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE) Regulation and Technology account and includes \$2,300,000 in the form of grant payments to States preparing to assume primacy. Regulatory grants shall be funded at \$70,890,000, with \$68,590,000, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level, provided in the bill. OSMRE is directed to apply \$2,300,000 in fiscal year 2018 carryover to the State regulatory grant program to maintain fiscal year 2018 funding levels for States with primacy.

#### ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

The bill provides \$139,672,000 for the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund. Of the funds provided, \$24,672,000 shall be derived from the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund and \$115,000,000 shall be derived from the General Fund. The \$115,000,000 in grants to States and Indian tribes for the reclamation of abandoned mine lands in conjunction with economic and community development and reuse goals shall be distributed in accordance with the same goals, intent, and direction as in fiscal year 2018.

# BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$2,414,577,000 for Operation of Indian Programs. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels, except for requested fixed cost increases and transfers,

or unless otherwise specified below. For this and all other Bureau accounts funded in this bill, Indian Affairs is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division. Indian Affairs is reminded of the importance of meeting reporting requirement deadlines so that the Committees can properly evaluate programs. Failure to do so could negatively impact future budgets.

Tribal Government.—The bill provides \$320,973,000 for Tribal government programs, and includes \$2,000,000 to improve the condition of unpaved roads and bridges used by school buses transporting students. Funds to implement the Native American Tourism Improvement and Visitor Experience Act of 2016 continue at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Human Services.—The bill provides \$161,416,000 for human services programs and includes \$300,000 to support women and children's shelters that are serving the needs of multiple Tribes or Alaska Native Villages in the areas served by the Tiwahe pilot sites.

Trust – Natural Resources Management.—The bill provides \$206,870,000 for natural resources management programs, including a \$500,000 program increase for forestry Tribal priority allocations. The bill provides \$1,500,000 to implement section 7(b) of Public Law 102-495, the Elwha River Ecosystem and Fisheries Act, and the Bureau is directed to follow the related guidance contained in House Report 115-765.

It is understood that the Pacific Salmon Commission is close to reaching an agreement to amend Annex IV of the Pacific Salmon Treaty to replace management terms that expired on December 31, 2018; therefore, the Bureau is directed to report back within 90 days of enactment of this Act with a detailed cost estimate of the responsibilities under the Pacific Salmon Treaty and, specifically, Annex IV of the Treaty as proposed to be amended.

Trust – Real Estate Services.—The bill provides \$130,680,000 for real estate services, of which \$1,500,000 is for rights protection litigation support and \$450,000 is for certification of historical places and cultural sites, including Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

Bureau of Indian Education.—The bill includes \$904,557,000 for the Bureau of Indian Education and partially retains and redistributes a one-time forward funding increase provided in fiscal year 2018. A program increase of \$1,000,000 is included for Tribal colleges and universities. Tribal grant support costs continue to be fully funded. Within education program enhancements, funding for Native language immersion grants continues at the fiscal year 2018 level of \$2,000,000.

There is awareness of the Department's efforts to pursue alternative financing options to address the significant need for replacement school construction at Bureau of Indian Education funded schools and an increase of \$2,000,000 is included within Facility Operations to implement a pilot program to

meet these needs. Before obligating these funds, the Department shall provide an expenditure plan for these funds to the Committees that includes details regarding how these funds will be used in fiscal year 2019, potential out-year impacts and demand for the program, and additional recommendations for legislative authority or other considerations for future program management.

Public Safety and Justice.—The bill provides \$411,517,000 for public safety and justice programs, of which: \$1,000,000 is to implement the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act; \$8,250,000 is for patrol officers in areas hit hardest by the opioid epidemic; \$3,033,000 is to reduce recidivism through the Tiwahe initiative; \$2,000,000 is for Tribal detention facility staffing needs, including addressing the needs of newly funded Tribal detention facilities; \$13,000,000 is to address the needs of Tribes affected by Public Law 83-280; and \$2,000,000 is to implement the Violence Against Women Act for both training and specific Tribal court needs.

Community and Economic Development.—The bill provides \$47,579,000 for community and economic development programs, including \$3,400,000 to implement the Native American Tourism Improvement and Visitor Experience Act of 2016 and \$1,000,000 for the modernization of oil and gas records.

A program increase of \$1,000,000 is included for the Office of Indian Energy and Economic Development to provide assistance to Tribes to enhance economic development and improve access to private financing of development projects. The Office should assist with feasibility studies and provide technical assistance to Tribes to establish commercial codes, courts and other business structures. Further, the Office should undertake efforts to build Tribal capacity to lease Tribal lands and manage economic and energy resource development. Finally, the Office should explore opportunities to foster incubators of Tribal-owned and other Native American-owned businesses. The Office is expected to track accomplishments for each of these purposes and to report them annually in its budget justification.

Executive Direction and Administrative Services.—The bill includes \$230,985,000 for executive direction and administrative services, of which: \$10,155,000 is for Assistant Secretary Support; \$20,251,000 is for Executive Direction; and \$48,019,000 is for Administrative Services.

*Tribal Sovereignty.*—It is understood that the authorizing committees of jurisdiction are actively working to expeditiously address issues raised by 25 U.S.C. section 251. The Bureau is expected to work cooperatively with Tribes and the relevant committees on such efforts.

#### CONTRACT SUPPORT COSTS

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation for contract support costs, consistent with fiscal year 2018 and estimated to be \$247,000,000.

### CONSTRUCTION (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$358,719,000 for Construction. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels except for requested fixed cost increases and transfers, or unless otherwise specified below.

Education Construction.—The bill provides \$238,250,000 for schools and related facilities within the Bureau of Indian Education system and includes the following: \$105,504,000 for replacement school campus construction; \$23,935,000 for replacement facility construction; \$13,576,000 for employee housing repair; and \$95,235,000 for facilities improvement and repair.

Public Safety and Justice Construction.—The bill provides \$35,310,000 for public safety and justice construction and includes the following: \$18,000,000 for facilities replacement and new construction program; \$4,494,000 for employee housing; \$9,372,000 for facilities improvement and repair; \$170,000 for fire safety coordination; and \$3,274,000 for fire protection.

Resources Management Construction.—The bill provides \$71,231,000 for resources management construction programs and includes the following: \$28,695,000 for irrigation project construction, of which \$10,000,000 is for projects authorized by the WIIN Act; \$2,605,000 for engineering and supervision; \$1,016,000 for survey and design; \$650,000 for Federal power compliance; and \$38,265,000 for dam safety and maintenance. The Bureau is directed to report back to the Committees on Appropriations within 90 days of enactment of this Act outlining the execution strategy for those funds provided under section 3211 of the WIIN Act (P.L. 114-322).

Other Program Construction.—The bill provides \$13,928,000 for other programs and includes the following: \$1,419,000 for telecommunications, including \$300,000 to improve officer safety by eliminating radio communications dead zones; \$3,919,000 for facilities and quarters; and \$8,590,000 for program management, including \$2,634,000 to continue the project at Fort Peck.

### INDIAN LAND AND WATER CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO INDIANS

The bill provides \$50,057,000 for Indian Land and Water Claims Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians, ensuring that Indian Affairs will meet the statutory deadlines of all authorized settlement agreements to date. The detailed allocation of funding by settlement is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

#### INDIAN GUARANTEED LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides \$10,779,000 for the Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account to facilitate business investments in Indian Country.

# DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$124,673,000 for Departmental Offices, Office of the Secretary, Departmental Operations. Programs are expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276. The bill maintains the staff and funding associated with the office of Native Hawaiian Relations in the office of the Assistant Secretary for Policy, Management and Budget. The bill provides funding for the Alyce Spotted Bear and Walter Soboleff Commission on Native Children.

Department of the Interior Reorganization.—It is noted that the Department moved forward with the first phase of its planned reorganization on August 22, 2018, when it established new regional boundaries for all of its bureaus except for those which fall under the leadership of the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs. Recognizing that many of the specific details of the reorganization are still in development, it is reiterated that the Department must develop a concrete plan for how it will reshape its essential functions, taking into account its relationships with the Tribes, State and local governments, private and nonprofit partners, the public, and the Department's workforce. Transparency must be an essential element of the reorganization process, and the Department is expected to continue engaging external stakeholders and conducting robust Tribal consultation as it develops its expected organizational changes.

The commitment of Departmental leadership, through an exchange of formal letters, to regularly consult with the Committees throughout the ongoing reorganization process and to adhere to the reprogramming guidelines set forth in the explanatory statement accompanying this Act, which require the Department to submit certain organizational changes for Committee review, including workforce restructure, reshaping, or transfer of functions is appreciated. It is also noted that the bill includes a total of \$14,100,000 in new funding to implement the reorganization within the budgets of the Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Park Service, U.S. Geological Survey, and Bureau

of Indian Affairs, and the Department is expected to provide a report on the planned use of these funds to the Committees 30 days prior to obligating these funds.

Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT).—The bill includes funding for PILT for fiscal year 2019 in Section 116 of Title I General Provisions.

ANSEP.—There is awareness that the Alaska Native Science & Engineering Program (ANSEP) at the University of Alaska Anchorage would like to become a "Designated Partner Organization" under the Direct Hire Authority for Resource Assistant Internship Program, as identified in the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2012; PL 112-74; H.R. 2055 Division E Title I Section 121; 16 U.S.C. 1725(a), and the Department is encouraged to facilitate this partnership.

Volcanic Eruption.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on all Department facilities damaged by a volcanic eruption covered by a Presidential Disaster Declaration made in calendar year 2018. The report shall include: (1) an inventory of all Department facilities that were damaged; (2) a full description of facilities closures, and the estimated impact on visitation to National Park Service facilities; and (3) a plan to restore or replace damaged facilities and restore historic visitation levels which includes associated cost estimates. In preparing the plan, the Secretary shall engage with the host community, including State and local governments. The Secretary is also encouraged to consider collocating damaged U.S. Geological Survey facilities in a lower risk area as part of the plan.

### INSULAR AFFAIRS ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES

The bill provides \$100,688,000 for Assistance to Territories. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

The Department is reminded of the directives contained in Senate Report 115-276 regarding U.S. Virgin Islands Hurricane Impacts, American Samoa, compact impact, and civic education programs for Insular Area students.

#### COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

The bill provides \$3,413,000 for Compact of Free Association, \$123,774,000 below the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and \$304,000 above the budget request. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (P.L. 115-141) provided \$123,824,000 in necessary funds to finalize the 2010 Compact Review Agreement with Palau and bring it into force. A detailed table of funding recommendations below the account level is provided at the end of this explanatory statement.

### OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$65,674,000 for the Office of the Solicitor. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$52,486,000 for the Office of Inspector General. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

# OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL TRUSTEE FOR AMERICAN INDIANS FEDERAL TRUST PROGRAMS (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$111,540,000 for the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians and includes the requested transfer to the Office of Valuation for Appraisal Services. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

# DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of \$941,211,000 for Department of the Interior Wildland Fire Management. Of the funds provided, \$388,135,000 is for suppression operations, which fully funds wildland fire suppression at the 10-year average, and \$189,000,000 is for fuels management activities. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

#### CENTRAL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FUND

The bill provides \$10,010,000 for the Central Hazardous Materials Fund.

### NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT FUND

The bill provides \$7,767,000 for the Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

#### WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The bill provides \$55,735,000 for the Department of the Interior, Working Capital Fund. Funds previously appropriated for the Service First initiative that are available for obligation as of the date of enactment of this Act should be utilized for needs identified in the fiscal year 2019 budget request.

#### OFFICE OF NATURAL RESOURCES REVENUE

The bill provides \$137,505,000 for the Office of Natural Resources Revenue.

### GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill includes various legislative provisions affecting the Department in Title I of the bill, "General Provisions, Department of the Interior." The provisions are:

Section 101 provides Secretarial authority for the intra-bureau transfer of program funds for expenditures in cases of emergencies when all other emergency funds are exhausted.

Section 102 provides for the Department-wide expenditure or transfer of funds by the Secretary in the event of actual or potential emergencies including forest fires, range fires, earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, storms, oil spills, grasshopper and Mormon cricket outbreaks, and surface mine reclamation emergencies.

Section 103 provides for the use of appropriated funds by the Secretary for contracts, rental cars and aircraft, telephone expenses, and other certain services.

Section 104 provides for the expenditure or transfer of funds from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education, and the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians, for Indian trust management and reform activities.

Section 105 permits the redistribution of Tribal priority allocation and Tribal base funds to alleviate funding inequities.

Section 106 authorizes the acquisition of lands for the purpose of operating and maintaining facilities that support visitors to Ellis, Governors, and Liberty Islands.

Section 107 continues Outer Continental Shelf inspection fees to be collected by the Secretary of the Interior.

Section 108 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to continue the reorganization of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation, and Enforcement in conformance with Committee reprogramming guidelines.

Section 109 provides the Secretary of the Interior with authority to enter into multi-year cooperative agreements with non-profit organizations for long-term care of wild horses and burros.

Section 110 addresses the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's responsibilities for mass marking of salmonid stocks.

Section 111 allows the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education to more efficiently and effectively perform reimbursable work.

Section 112 addresses the humane transfer of excess wild horses and burros.

Section 113 provides for the establishment of a Department of the Interior Experienced Services Program.

Section 114 extends the authority for the Secretary to accept public and private contributions for the orderly development and exploration of Outer Continental Shelf resources.

Section 115 retitles the Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore and re-designates the Paul H. Douglas Trail.

Section 116 provides funding for the Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT) program.

Section 117 provides a technical correction.

Section 118 provides for the designation of the Peter B. Webster III Memorial Area.

Section 119 requires funds to be available for obligation and expenditure not later than 60 days after the date of enactment.

Section 120 addresses the issuance of rules for sage-grouse.

#### TITLE II - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The bill provides \$8,058,488,000 for the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The bill does not support reductions proposed in the budget request unless explicitly noted in the explanatory statement.

Congressional Budget Justification.—The Agency is directed to continue to include the information requested in House Report 112-331 and any proposals to change State allocation formulas that affect the distribution of appropriated funds in future budget justifications.

Reprogramming and Workforce Reshaping.—The bill does not include any of the requested funds for workforce reshaping. Further, it is expected that the Agency will not consolidate or close any regional offices in fiscal year 2019. The Agency is held to the reprogramming limitation of \$1,000,000 and should continue to follow the reprogramming directives as provided in the front of this explanatory statement. It is noted that such reprogramming directives apply to proposed reorganizations, workforce restructure, reshaping, transfer of functions, or downsizing, especially those of significant national or regional importance, and include closures, consolidations, and relocations of offices, facilities, and laboratories.

Further, the Agency may not use any amount of de-obligated funds to initiate a new program, office, or initiative, without the prior approval of the Committees. Within 30 days of enactment of this Act, the Agency is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations its annual operating plan for fiscal year 2019, which shall detail how the Agency plans to allocate funds at the program project level.

Other.—It is noted that the current workforce is below the prior year levels, therefore, the bill includes rescissions in the Science and Technology and Environmental Programs and Management accounts that capture expected savings associated with such changes. The Agency is directed to apply the rescissions to reflect efficiency savings in a manner that seeks, to the extent practicable, to be proportional among program project areas. Amounts provided in this Act are sufficient to fully fund Agency payroll estimates, and the Agency's fiscal year 2019 FTE target is expected to be no less than the fiscal year 2018 levels. It is understood that the Agency routinely makes funding payroll requirements a top priority and it is expected that the Agency will continue to do so as it executes its fiscal year 2019 appropriation and applies the rescissions.

It is not expected that the Agency will undertake adverse personnel actions or incentive programs to comply with the rescissions, nor is it expected that the Agency will undertake large-scale adverse personnel actions or incentive programs in fiscal year 2019. As specified in the bill language, the rescissions shall not apply to the Geographic Programs, the National Estuary Program, and the National Priorities funding in the Science and Technology and Environmental Programs and Management

accounts. The Agency is directed to submit, as part of the operating plan, details on the application of such rescissions at the program project level.

### SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

For Science and Technology programs, the bill provides \$717,723,000 to be partially offset by a \$11,250,000 rescission for a net discretionary appropriation of \$706,473,000. The bill transfers \$15,496,000 from the Hazardous Substance Superfund account to this account. The bill provides the following specific funding levels and direction:

Indoor Air and Radiation.—The bill provides \$5,997,000 and funding for the radon program is maintained at not less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Research: Air and Energy.—The bill provides \$94,906,000 for Research: Air and Energy. The Agency is directed to allocate up to \$3,000,000 to continue supporting the Partnership Research as outlined in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141. This jointly funded, multi-year government-industry research initiative should be used to produce credible science of national scope on such development, including review of existing exposure and health studies already underway, and future research. The Agency is encouraged to submit a report updating the Committees on the implementation of this partnership within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

Research: Chemical Safety and Sustainability.—The bill provides \$126,930,000 for Research: Chemical Safety and Sustainability. Following guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141 and House Report 115-765, EPA also is directed to include advancement of methods to better separately evaluate chemical hazards and exposures and that take into consideration harm to potentially exposed and susceptible subpopulations.

Research: National Priorities.—The bill provides \$5,000,000, which shall be used for extramural research grants, independent of the Science to Achieve Results (STAR) grant program, to fund high-priority water quality and availability research by not-for-profit organizations that often partner with the Agency. The Agency shall continue to allocate the grants in accordance with the direction provided in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141.

Additional Guidance.—The following additional guidance is included:

Alternatives Testing.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in House Report 115-765 and to ensure that any future plans identify and address potential barriers or limitations on the use of alternative test methods, particularly as they relate to susceptible populations.

Enhanced Aquifer Use.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in Senate Report 114-281 in addition to the guidance contained in House Report 115-765 directing the Agency to coordinate with other Federal research efforts in this area.

Harmful Algal Blooms.—It is recognized that there are increasing challenges many communities face from harmful algal blooms (HABs) in freshwater and coastal ecosystems. The Agency is encouraged to fund research grants that help promote scientific progress towards preventing and controlling HABs, including research to: (1) determine the effectiveness of existing nutrient treatment technologies; (2) evaluate the scale-up of emerging nutrient treatment technologies and develop new technologies; and (3) develop best management practices to help both rural and urban communities control nutrients in their watersheds. Additionally, \$5,000,000 is made available to investigate health effects from exposure to HABs and cyanobacteria toxins and to develop methods to monitor, characterize, and predict blooms for early action.

STAR Grants.—The bill provides funds to continue the Science to Achieve Results (STAR) program, and the Agency is directed to distribute grants consistent with fiscal year 2018.

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS AND MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

For Environmental Programs and Management, the bill provides \$2,658,200,000 to be partially offset by a \$60,201,000 rescission for a net discretionary appropriation of \$2,597,999,000. The bill provides the following specific funding levels and direction:

Clean Air. —The bill provides \$273,108,000 for Clean Air. There is continued support for the EnergySTAR program for both appliances and buildings at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and the proposed shift to fee-based funding, is not recommended. There is concern that litigation over non-compliance of voluntary EnergySTAR efficiency standards, which can be the result of a standard that has changed, may lead some participants to avoid participating in the program. There is Committees also awareness of the need for products carrying the EnergySTAR label to achieve the required efficiency levels to best benefit consumers. The Agency is directed to evaluate how the Agency may balance these interests to ensure that the EnergySTAR program is both fair to voluntary participants and reliable for consumers and to report back to the Committees within 180 days of the enactment of this Act. The bill also funds both program areas related to stratospheric ozone at not less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Environmental Protection: National Priorities.—The bill provides \$15,000,000 for a competitive grant program for qualified non-profit organizations, excluding institutions of higher education, to

provide technical assistance for improved water quality or safe drinking water and adequate waste water to small systems or individual private well owners. The Agency shall provide \$12,300,000 for Grassroots Rural and Small Community Water Systems Assistance Act, for activities specified under section 1442(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-1(e)(8)). The Agency also is directed to provide \$1,700,000 for grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations for technical assistance for individual private well owners, with priority given to organizations that currently provide technical and educational assistance to individual private well owners. The Agency is directed to provide, on a national and multi-State regional basis, \$1,000,000 for grants to qualified organizations for the sole purpose of providing on-site training and technical assistance for wastewater systems. The Agency shall require each grantee to provide a minimum 10 percent match, including in-kind contributions. The Agency is directed to allocate funds to grantees within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Concern remains that the Agency made a decision to put out a multi-year Request for Applications for fiscal year 2017 and 2018 without the expressed approval of the Committees. The Agency is directed to obtain approval from the Committees for any similar activity in the future.

Geographic Programs.—The bill provides \$456,958,000, as described in the table at the end of this division, and includes the following direction:

Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.—The bill provides \$300,000,000. The Agency shall continue to follow the direction as provided in House Report 112-589 and in Senate Report 115-276 related to the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.

Chesapeake Bay.—The bill provides \$73,000,000 for the Chesapeake Bay program. From within the amount provided, \$6,000,000 is for nutrient and sediment removal grants and \$6,000,000 is for small watershed grants to control polluted runoff from urban, suburban, and agricultural lands.

Gulf of Mexico.—The bill provides \$14,542,000 for the Gulf of Mexico Geographic Program where hypoxia is a growing cause for concern. The Agency is directed to coordinate with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Gulf States, and State, local, and private partners to leverage additional resources for conservation projects on working lands within the Gulf Region and Mississippi River Basin. The Agency is directed to distribute funds in the same manner as fiscal year 2018.

Lake Champlain.—The bill provides \$11,000,000 for the Lake Champlain program. From within the amount provided, \$4,399,000 shall be allocated in the same manner as fiscal year 2017. Funds appropriated above \$4,399,000 shall be for otherwise unmet needs necessary to implement the EPA's 2016 Phosphorus Total Maximum Daily Load Plan for Lake Champlain for projects and work identified in the State implementation plan.

*Puget Sound.*—The bill provides \$28,000,000. The Agency shall follow the direction under this heading in House Report 115-765.

Northwest Forest Program.—The bill maintains funding to support the Northwest Forest program at not less than the fiscal year 2018 funding level.

South Florida Program.—The bill provides \$3,204,000 for the South Florida program, an increase of \$1,500,000 above the enacted level. Within the increase, the bill provides \$500,000 to monitor coral health in South Florida; \$500,000 to enhance water quality and seagrass monitoring in the Caloosahatchee Estuary and Indian River Lagoon, especially with respect to assessing the impact of Lake Okeechobee discharges; and \$500,000 to enhance water quality and seagrass monitoring in Florida Bay and Biscayne Bay, especially with respect to assessing the impact of Everglades Restoration projects.

Columbia River Basin Restoration Program.—The bill provides \$1,000,000 for the purpose of commencing implementation of the Columbia River Basin Restoration Program, which was authorized in Public Law 114-322.

Indoor Air and Radiation.—The bill maintains funding for the radon program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. Funds have been included for the Radiation Protection and Reduce Risks from Indoor Air programs.

Information Exchange/Outreach.—The bill includes funding for Tribal capacity building equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The Agency is directed to use environmental education funds for the smart skin care program, similar to prior years. The bill also provides for the Small Minority Business Assistance program to be continued.

*International Programs*.—The bill provides \$15,400,000 for International Programs, which includes funds for the U.S.-Mexico Border program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.—The bill provides \$112,377,000, an increase of \$3,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. Of the funds provided under this section, not less than \$8,000,0000 should be allocated for the purpose of developing and implementing a Federal permit program for the regulation of coal combustion residuals in nonparticipating States, as authorized under section 4005(d)(2)(B) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6945(d)(2)(B)).

Additionally, the bill continues the Waste Minimization and Recycling program and have provided \$1,000,000 to help public entities demonstrate community anaerobic digester applications to municipal solid waste streams and farm needs, such as capturing excess phosphorus.

Toxics Risk Review and Prevention.—The bill provides \$92,521,000 for toxics risk review and prevention activities and maintains funding for the Pollution Prevention program and the Lead Risk Reduction program.

Water: Ecosystems.—The bill provides \$47,788,000. Within the amount provided, \$26,723,000 has been provided for National Estuary Program (NEP) grants as authorized by section 320 of the Clean

Water Act. This amount is sufficient to provide each of the 28 national estuaries in the program with a grant of at least \$600,000.

Further, in the Administrative Provisions section, the bill directs that \$1,000,000 in competitive grants be made available for additional projects and encourage the Agency to work in consultation with the NEP directors to identify worthy projects and activities. In particular, the Agency is encouraged to utilize a portion of these funds to address harmful algal blooms along the Gulf Coast of Florida.

Water Quality Protection.—The bill provides \$210,917,000 for Water Quality Protection and maintains funding for the WaterSENSE program and the Urban Waters program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. In addition, an increase of \$500,000 is provided for the Agency to carry out the Clean Watershed Needs Survey. The Agency is expected to request annual funding for the Clean Watershed Needs Survey and the Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey, alternating fiscal years as appropriate.

Additional Guidance.—The following additional guidance is included:

Chesapeake Bay.—The Agency is encouraged to maintain a cooperative relationship with relevant States to ensure best practices are used to promote the continued health and preservation of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed.

Community Affordability Study.—There is concern about the Environmental Protection Agency's continued emphasis on the metric of 2 percent of median house income for determining community affordability and encourage the Agency to continue ongoing efforts to publish a new affordability methodology for use in updating all relevant EPA guidance.

Diesel Generators in Remote Alaska Villages.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141.

Exempt Aquifers.—For fiscal year 2019, it isanticipated that the Agency will continue to receive exempt aquifer applications from the State of California for processing and approval. Support continues for protecting underground sources of drinking water and promoting robust economic development. Accordingly, the Agency is urged to work expeditiously to process exempt aquifer applications and use the existing regulatory framework to process these applications as provided in House Report 114-170 and House Report 114-632.

Fish Grinding.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141.

Great Lakes Advisory Board.—The Agency is encouraged to reestablish the Great Lakes Advisory Board without significantly restructuring the member composition or objectives of the Great Lakes Advisory Board, as described in the Great Lakes Advisory Board charter dated June 13, 2016. If the Advisory Board is not reestablished within 60 days of enactment this Act, the Agency shall provide

the House and Senate Interior Appropriations Subcommittees with a report that explains the reason for the delay and a timeline for reestablishing the Advisory Board.

IG Recommendations on Flint Water Crisis.—The Agency is directed to implement the recommendations described in the report of the Office of Inspector General of the Environmental Protection Agency entitled "Management Weakness Delayed Response to Flint Water Crisis", numbered 18–P–0221, and dated July 19, 2018, to ensure clean and safe water compliance under the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.). If the Agency does not implement one or more of such recommendations, it is required to submit to the Committees on Appropriations and Environment and Public Works of the Senate and the Committees on Appropriations and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report explaining why the Agency did not implement the recommendation, as well as identifying specific actions the Agency is implementing to address the concerns raised in the report.

Lead and Other Hazardous Materials.—The Agency is directed to follow directives included in Senate Report 115-276 regarding standards for the identification of lead hazards. In addition, within 180 days after enactment, the Comptroller General of the United States shall issue a report on efforts by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and EPA relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials. The report must include: (1) a description of direct removal efforts by HUD and EPA; (2) a description of education provided by HUD and EPA to other Federal agencies, local governments, communities, recipients of grants made by either entity, and the general public relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials; (3) a description of assistance received from other Federal agencies relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials; and (4) any best practices developed or provided by HUD and EPA relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials.

Pesticide Registration Improvement Act.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in Senate Report 115-276.

PFOA/PFAS.—There is awareness that the Agency has announced plans to take the next step under the Safe Drinking Water Act process to evaluate the need for a maximum contaminant level for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances. This action is supported and the Agency is urged to act expeditiously on this matter. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act about its plans for this action.

Regulation of Groundwater.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115-141. It is reiterated that, since enactment in 1972, the Clean Water Act (CWA) has regulated effects to navigable waters, while regulation of groundwater has remained outside of the Act's jurisdiction. Instead, legislative history

surrounding the CWA indicates that Congress intended for groundwater pollution to be regulated through the CWA's nonpoint source program and other Federal and State laws.

Small Refinery Relief.—The directive contained in Senate Report 114–281 related to small refinery relief is continued. The Agency is reminded that, regardless of the Department of Energy's recommendation, additional relief may be granted if the Agency believes it is warranted.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Modernization.—The bill includes language that will enable EPA to collect and spend new fees to conduct additional chemical reviews, consistent with TSCA modernization legislation. Those fees are expected to be \$27,000,000 per year once the program is fully implemented. The Congressional Budget Office estimates that in fiscal year 2019 fee collections will begin several months after the beginning of the fiscal year and will total \$5,000,000.

Transparency of Public Calendars.—It is appreciated that the EPA has recently taken steps to improve transparency of the daily calendars of the Agency's senior leaders. The Agency is directed to continue to take all necessary steps to comply with Senate Report 115-276 as it relates to the transparency of public calendars.

Vehicle Idling Training.—It is noted that diesel vehicle operators and businesses in the private sector have reduced their vehicle fleet costs and improved air quality by participating in programs that offer certifications for idle reduction and fuel efficient driving programs. The Agency is directed to conduct a cross-agency analysis to determine which branches of government could achieve savings and improve air quality by engaging in external programs, including university extension programs that offer this training.

Water Quality Certification.—The Administrator is encouraged to finalize guidance on the implementation of Clean Water Act Section 401 (33 U.S.C. 1341).

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE ELECTRONIC MANIFEST SYSTEM FUND

The bill provides \$8,000,000, which is expected to be fully offset by fees for a net appropriation of \$0.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides \$41,489,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

#### **BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES**

The bill provides \$34,467,000 for Buildings and Facilities.

### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SUPERFUND (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$1,091,947,000 for the Hazardous Substance Superfund account and includes bill language to transfer \$8,778,000 to the Office of Inspector General account and \$15,496,000 to the Science and Technology account. When combined with an additional \$60,000,000 for the Superfund Remedial program and an additional \$8,000,000 for the Superfund Emergency Response and Removal program in a general provision in Title IV, the bill provides a total of \$1,159,947,000 for the Hazardous Substance Superfund. The bill provides the following additional direction:

Enforcement.—The bill provides \$166,375,000 for Superfund enforcement, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The Agency is directed to continue financial support for the Department of Justice (DOJ) in fiscal year 2019 at a level that will ensure DOJ can continue to initiate and prosecute civil, judicial, and administrative site remediation cases and ensure that responsible parties perform cleanup actions at sites where they are liable.

Superfund Cleanup.—The bill provides \$721,740,000, which is equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. When combined with an additional \$68,000,000 in funds for the Remedial Program and Emergency Response and Removal activities, included in a Title IV general provision, the bill provides a total of \$789,740,000 for Superfund cleanup.

The Agency is also directed, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, to submit a report on the status of each time-critical removal action for which Federal funds greater than \$1,000,000 have been expended since January 1, 2017, along with information on the Federal cost of clean-up efforts, whether responsible parties have faced criminal charges, and the amount of recovered Federal dollars.

Sediment Guidance.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in Senate Report 115-276.

#### LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TRUST FUND PROGRAM

The bill provides \$91,941,000 for the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Program.

#### INLAND OIL SPILL PROGRAMS

The bill provides \$18,209,000 for Inland Oil Spill Programs.

#### STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The bill provides \$3,605,041,000 for the State and Tribal Assistance Grants program and includes the following specific funding levels and direction:

Infrastructure Assistance.—The bill provides \$2,528,000,000 in base funds for infrastructure assistance. When combined with an additional \$665,000,000 included in a Title IV general provision, the bill provides a total of \$3,193,000,000 for infrastructure assistance. The amount provided increases funding for the State Revolving Loan Funds \$880,000 above the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The bill includes a total of \$1,694,000,000 for the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund and \$1,164,000,000 for the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund.

Assistance to Small and Disadvantaged Communities.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides \$25,000,000 to continue a grant program to help small and disadvantaged communities develop and maintain adequate water infrastructure. The program was created in section 2104 of Public Law 114–322. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications for this new grant program.

Reducing Lead in Drinking Water.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides \$15,000,000 to continue a grant program, created in section 2105 of Public Law 114-322, to provide assistance to eligible entities for lead reduction projects. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications related to this new grant program.

Lead Testing.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides \$25,000,000 to continue a grant program for voluntary testing of drinking water for lead contaminants at schools and child care facilities, as authorized in section 2107 of Public Law 114-322. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications related to this new grant program.

Brownfields Program.—The bill provides \$87,000,000 for Brownfields grants and directs that at least 10 percent of such grants be provided to areas in which at least 20 percent of the population has lived under the poverty level over the past 30 years as determined by censuses and the most recent Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates.

Use of Iron and Steel.—The bill includes language in Title IV General Provisions that stipulates requirements for the use of iron and steel in State Revolving Fund projects. The bill includes only the following guidance. It is acknowledged that EPA may issue a waiver of said requirements for *de minimis* amounts of iron and steel building materials. It is emphasized that any coating processes that are applied to the external surface of iron and steel components that otherwise qualify under the procurement preference shall not render such products ineligible for the procurement preference regardless of where the coating processes occur, provided that final assembly of the products occurs in the United States.

Diesel Emission Reductions Grants (DERA).—The bill provides \$87,000,000 for DERA grants. For fiscal year 2019, the Agency is directed to continue to make at least 70 percent of DERA grants available to improve air quality in non-attainment areas.

Targeted Airshed Grants.—The bill provides \$52,000,000 for Targeted Airshed Grants. These grants shall be distributed on a competitive basis to non-attainment areas that EPA determines are ranked as the top five most polluted areas relative to annual ozone or particulate matter 2.5 standards, as well as the top five areas based on the 24-hour particulate matter 2.5 standard where the design values exceed the 35 mg/m3 standard. To determine these areas, the Agency shall use the most recent design values calculated from validated air quality data. It is noted that these funds are available for emission reduction activities deemed necessary for compliance with national ambient air quality standards and included in a State Implementation Plan submitted to EPA. Not later than the end of fiscal year 2019, EPA should provide a report to the Committees that includes a table showing how fiscal year 2017 and 2018 funds were allocated. The table also should include grant recipients and metrics for anticipated or actual results.

Animas River Spill.—EPA is directed to follow directives included in Senate Report 115-276 related to the Animas River and the Gold King Mine spill. In addition, the bill provides \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 for long-term water quality monitoring of the Animas River.

Categorical Grants.—The bill provides \$1,077,041,000 for Categorical Grants. Funding levels are specified in the table at the end of this division. Within this amount, the Beaches Protection program and Radon program are both maintained at the fiscal year 2018 enacted levels. The Agency shall continue to allocate radon grants in fiscal year 2019 following the direction in House Report 114-632.

Categorical Grant: State and Local Air Quality Management.—The bill provides \$228,219,000. The Agency is directed to allocate funding follow the guidance contained in Senate Report 115-276.

#### WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AND INNOVATION PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides a total of \$68,000,000 for the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) program. Within base funding in Title II, the bill provides \$10,000,000 for the WIFIA program, and a Title IV general provision provides an additional \$58,000,000 for the program. By utilizing \$5,000,000 in base funds and \$3,000,000 in Title IV funds, the Agency may use up to a total of \$8,000,000 to assist with the administrative expenses for the program. The remaining \$60,000,000 in WIFIA funds is provided to subsidize direct loans, which may translate into a potential loan capacity greater than \$7,000,000,000 for eligible entities for water infrastructure projects.

The Agency is encouraged to prioritize applications for WIFIA financing for projects that address lead and emerging contaminants, including PFOA and PFAS.

# ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (INCLUDING TRANSFERS AND RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill continues several administrative provisions from previous years.

Rescission.—The bill rescinds \$139,078,000 in unobligated balances from the State and Tribal Assistance Grants account. The Agency shall calculate the requisite percent reduction necessary to rescind such amounts from new obligational authority provided to this account, both from the direct appropriation and from amounts provided in a general provision in Title IV, and apply it across program project areas by formula. The Agency is directed to submit, as part of the operating plan, detail on the application of such rescissions by program project area.

#### TITLE III – RELATED AGENCIES

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOREST SERVICE

#### OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

The bill provides \$875,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment.

Forest Service Accounting, Budgeting, and Management.—The Service's efforts to improve its accounting, budgeting, and management practices are appreciated and ongoing work with the Service, Office of Budget and Program Analysis, Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment, and Secretary of Agriculture to continue these improvements is expected. There is particular interest in the Service's plan to transition away from Cost Pools and remind the Service that a plan is required within 180 days of enactment of P.L. 115-141.

Forest Service Directives.—The Forest Service is reminded of the importance of the directives included in the explanatory statement to accompany P.L. 115-141, House Report 115-765, and Senate Report 115-276 that are not specifically addressed herein, as well as the new directives in this statement, including the front matter.

Wildland Fire Management.—The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (P.L. 115-141) provided a budget cap adjustment for wildfire suppression costs and included forest management reforms. The Service and the Secretary of Agriculture are reminded of the multi-year effort to achieve these budget and legislative changes and expect that all authorities will be appropriately used to improve the condition of the Nation's forests, as well as the ability of the Service to proactively manage and sustain them for future generations. The Service is also reminded of expectations for more accurate accounting for wildfire suppression costs, especially in light of the availability of the cap adjustment in fiscal year 2020. There is hope that the Secretary's Shared Stewardship initiative will result in better forest management, healthier forests, and an increase in the number of fire-adapted communities.

Report on Partnerships.—Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, a detailed report on the funding the Service has provided to the National Forest Foundation and National Fish and Wildlife Foundation for each of the past 10 fiscal years is requested. The report also should include information on the specific projects and activities, other partners involved, and the Foundations' administrative operations that were supported by these funds.

Conservation Finance.—The Service is encouraged to continue conservation finance efforts to leverage non-Federal investments in outcome-focused projects, promote collaboration with public and private sector partners, and utilize new tools to accelerate the pace and scale forest management activities.

Reprogramming.—The Service is reminded to follow the letter and spirit of the reprogramming requirements in this explanatory statement and direct the Service to submit requests through the Office of Budget and Program Analysis.

#### FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$300,000,000 for Forest and Rangeland Research. This includes \$223,000,000 for base research activities and \$77,000,000 for Forest Inventory and Analysis. The Service is directed to provide \$3,000,000 to the Joint Fire Science Program for fiscal year 2019.

The interest of Members of Congress, States, forestry and research associations, industry, and researchers in the Service's various research programs, projects, and activities is noted. It is believed that Congress should broadly define the highest priority research goals, and that the Service should formulate the specific programs, projects, and activities to achieve them. The Service is expected to complete the review and restructuring of the research program, as directed by House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, prior to the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2019. There is interest in reviewing the Service's plan for strengthening its research program and note that they will adjust the directions regarding forestry research as needed in the future.

The Service is directed to prioritize data collection and analysis on U.S. forests; research to support land affected by wildland fire; post-fire analysis; research to support the National Forest System; and research related to forest products for fiscal year 2019.

The Service is directed to provide information to the Committees regarding the mission of the Southern Research Station Pineville Research Facility and the viability of continued wood utilization research at that site within 60 days of enactment of this Act.

The Service is directed to provide a report regarding its current and planned research on issues and risks related to firefighter health and safety in wildlands and wildland urban interface within 90 days of enactment of this Act. The report should include detailed budget information and identify gaps in knowledge and potential remedies to address them.

# STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY (INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$335,487,000 for State and Private Forestry.

Cooperative Forestry Activities.—The Service is directed to continue focus on spruce beetle, Emerald Ash Borer, and bark beetle infestations, which affect forests throughout the Nation.

The Service is expected to follow the Senate direction on wood energy technical assistance, herein.

Forest Legacy.—The bill provides \$63,990,000 for the Forest Legacy program. This includes \$6,400,000 for program administration and \$57,590,000 for projects. The Service should fund projects in priority order according to the updated, competitively selected national priority list submitted to the Committees and the directive contained in Division G of the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018. The bill includes a rescission of \$1,503,000 in Forest Legacy funds. This funding rescission is from cost savings of some projects and funds returned from failed or partially failed projects.

There is concern with the Service's ability to provide timely information on project status and available balances and expect the Service to be able to provide this information expeditiously moving forward. Ensuring project recordkeeping is accurate must be a top priority in fiscal year 2019.

#### NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

The bill provides \$1,938,000,000 for the National Forest System.

Hazardous Fuels.—The bill provides \$435,000,000 for hazardous fuels management activities within the National Forest System account. Included in this amount is \$3,000,000 for the Southwest Ecological Restoration Institutes.

Ouachita National Forest.—The Service is directed to conduct an inventory and evaluation of land generally depicted on the map entitled "Flatside Wilderness Adjacent Inventory Area", dated November 30, 2017, to determine the suitability of that land for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

Gifford Pinchot National Forest.—In lieu of the directive in House Report 115-765, the Service and all interested parties are encouraged to work together regarding the use of all-terrain vehicles in the forest.

## CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND MAINTENANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$446,000,000 for Capital Improvement and Maintenance programs.

Legacy Roads and Trails.— While these projects are to be addressed as they rank in priority along with other infrastructure needs, the Service is directed to continue to track Legacy Roads and Trails accomplishments, including miles of roads and trails improved, miles of streams restored, number of bridges and culverts constructed, and miles of road decommissioned.

Requested Reports.—A report is requested regarding options to improve parking and access to the Cleveland National Forest within 180 days of enactment of this Act. The Service should consult with the State of California, communities surrounding the forest, and private partners for their input and recommendations. Also requested, is a report on its efforts to address road construction and maintenance issues in the Uwharrie National Forest within 30 days of enactment of this Act.

Comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan.—The Service is reminded of the directive included in the explanatory statement accompanying P.L. 115-141 that required the development of a long-term, multi-year plan to guide needed investments in buildings, facilities, transportation systems, and other infrastructure by December 30, 2018. There is interest in reviewing the plan and it is expected that the Service will utilize the plan in formulating future budget requests. The annual budget justification documents should detail the amounts requested for new construction, maintenance, decommissioning, and other activities for the Facilities, Roads and Trails programs.

#### LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides \$72,564,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. The bill supports the continuation of Forest Service and nonprofit partner efforts to resolve Superior National Forest school trust land management using the private forestland alternative. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project	Forest Unit	This Bill
MT	Beavertail to Bearmouth	Lolo	\$3,800,000
CA	Sierra Nevada Checkerboard	Tahoe/El Dorado	2,500,000
OR	Wasson Creek	Siuslaw	3,422,000
MN	MN School Trust Lands	Superior	5,000,000
OH	Appalachian Foothills	Wayne	1,800,000
CA	Trinity Divide-Pacific Crest NST	Shasta-Trinity	3,200,000
AK	Cube Cove	Tongass	5,200,000
WA	Washington Cascades/Yakima River	Okanogan-Wenatchee	4,000,000
MT	Swan Range	Lolo	4,000,000
VT	Rolston Rest	Green	2,700,000
SD	Spring Creek	Black Hills	1,410,000
CO	Union Creek	Grand Mesa/Uncompahgre/Gunnison	2,000,000
ΑZ	Verde River String of Pearls	Coconino/Prescott	3,430,000
NC	North Carolina Threatened Treasures	Nanatahala/Pisgah/Uwharrie	750,000
TN	Tennessee Mountain Trails and Waters	Cherokee	850,000
MT	Clearwater-Blackfoot Project	Lolo	5,000,000
VA/WV	George Washington and Jefferson NF	George Washington and Jefferson	1,000,000
CA	Sanhedrin	Mendocino	3,900,000
SC	Promise of the Piedmont	Sumter	2,000,000
AL	Alabama's Wild Wonders	National Forests of Alabama	2,000,000
	Subtotal, FS Land Acquisitions		57,962,000
		Budget Request	This Bill
	Acquisition Management	0	7,352,000
	Recreational Access	0	5,000,000
	Critical Inholdings/Wilderness	0	2,000,000
	Cash Equalization	0	250
	Rescission of Funds	-17,000,000	0
	Total, FS Land Acquisition	-17,000,000	72,564,000

### ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS SPECIAL ACTS

The bill provides \$700,000 for the Acquisition of Lands for National Forests Special Acts.

#### ACQUISITION OF LANDS TO COMPLETE LAND EXCHANGES

The bill provides \$150,000 for the Acquisition of Lands to Complete Land Exchanges.

#### RANGE BETTERMENT FUND

The bill provides \$1,700,000 for the Range Betterment Fund.

GIFTS, DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS FOR FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides \$45,000 for Gifts, Donations and Bequests for Forest and Rangeland Research.

MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL FOREST LANDS FOR SUBSISTENCE USES

The bill provides \$2,500,000 for the Management of National Forest Lands for Subsistence Uses.

### WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of \$3,004,986,000 for Forest Service Wildland Fire Management. Of the funds provided, \$1,665,366,000 is for suppression operations, which includes an additional \$500,000,000 above the 10-year average.

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

The bill provides a total of \$5,804,223,000 for the Indian Health Service (IHS), of which \$4,103,190,000 is for the Services account as detailed below. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below. The Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Staffing for New Facilities.—The bill includes \$103,931,000 for staffing newly opened health facilities, which is the full amount based upon updated estimates provided to the Committees. Funds for the staffing of new facilities are limited to facilities funded through the Health Care Facilities Construction Priority System or the Joint Venture Construction Program that have opened in fiscal year 2018 or will open in fiscal year 2019. None of these funds may be allocated to a facility until such facility has achieved beneficial occupancy status.

Hospitals and Health Clinics.—The bill provides \$2,147,343,000 for hospitals and health clinics, and includes \$36,000,000 for operations and maintenance of village built and tribally leased clinics, and \$4,000,000 for domestic violence prevention. There is awareness of ongoing litigation between the Cherokee Nation and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians. The bill is neutral on this matter and provides the requested \$1,969,000 for new Tribes. The agency is expected to consult with both parties before disbursing funds.

Dental Health.—The bill provides \$204,672,000 for dental health and includes the requested transfer of \$800,000 from direct operations. The Service is directed to backfill vacant dental health positions in headquarters.

Mental Health.—The bill provides \$105,281,000 for mental health programs and includes \$6,946,000 to continue behavioral health integration and \$3,600,000 to continue the suicide prevention initiative.

Alcohol and Substance Abuse.—The bill provides \$245,566,000 for alcohol and substance abuse programs and includes: \$6,500,000 for the Generation Indigenous initiative; \$1,800,000 for the youth pilot project; and \$2,000,000 to fund essential detoxification and related services provided by the Service's public and private partners to IHS beneficiaries. The Service is expected to continue its partnership with the Na' Nizhoozhi Center in Gallup, New Mexico, as directed by the Consolidated

Appropriations Act, 2017, and to distribute funds provided for detoxification services in the same manner as in fiscal year 2017. It is believed that Service and Tribally operated facility participation in state prescription drug monitoring programs can help to combat the abuse of drugs like opioids and direct the agency to provide the report required by Senate Report 115-276 on this issue.

Opioid Grants.—To better combat the opioid epidemic, the bill includes an increase of \$10,000,000 and instruct the Service, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, to use the additional funds provided above the fiscal year 2018 level to create a Special Behavioral Health Pilot Program modeled after the Special Diabetes Program for Indians. This Special Behavioral Health Pilot Program for Indians shall be developed after appropriate Tribal consultation and should support the development, documentation, and sharing of more locally-designed and culturally appropriate prevention, treatment, and aftercare services for mental health and substance use disorders in Tribal and urban Indian communities. The Director of the Indian Health Service, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, shall award grants for providing services, and provide technical assistance to grantees under this section to collect and evaluate performance of the program.

Purchased/Referred Care.—It is recognized that there is a strong need for Purchased/Referred Care funding across Indian Country, particularly in areas that lack Indian Health Service facilities. The Service's continued pro rata allocation of any increases provided for population growth and inflation, regardless of any population growth or cost-of-living differences among areas, as documented by the Government Accountability Office (GAO-12-466) is further recognized. Consistent with GAO recommendations, the Service is encouraged to consider allocating any future budget increases using the allocation formula established in consultation with the Tribes.

*Urban Indian Health.*—The bill provides \$51,315,000 for urban Indian health and includes a \$2,000,000 general program increase. The Service is expected to continue to include current services estimates for urban Indian health in future budget requests.

Indian Health Professions.—The bill provides \$57,363,000 for Indian health professions and includes bill language allowing up to \$44,000,000 for the loan repayment program. The bill provides an increase of \$195,000 to expand the Indians into Medicine program to four sites. Funding for the Quentin N. Burdick American Indians into Nursing Program and the American Indians into Psychology Program is continued at no less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted levels.

Maternal and Child Health. —The hiring of a national maternal/child health coordinator as a top priority for the Office of Clinical and Preventive Services and await the report required in House Report 115-765 is supported.

#### CONTRACT SUPPORT COSTS

The bill continues language from fiscal year 2018 establishing an indefinite appropriation for contract support costs estimated to be \$822,227,000, which is equal to the request. By retaining an indefinite appropriation for this account, additional funds may be provided by the agency if its budget estimate proves to be lower than necessary to meet the legal obligation to pay the full amount due to Tribes. It is believed that fully funding these costs will ensure Tribes have the necessary resources they need to deliver program services efficiently and effectively.

#### INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

The bill provides \$878,806,000 for Indian Health Facilities. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below.

Staffing for New Facilities.—The bill includes \$11,302,000 for staffing newly opened health facilities, which is the full amount based upon updated estimates provided to the Committees. The stipulations included in the "Indian Health Services" account regarding the allocation of funds pertain to this account as well.

Health Care Facilities.—There is continued dedication to providing access to health care for IHS patients across the system. IHS is expected to aggressively work down the current Health Facilities Construction Priority System list. In addition, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the Service is directed to publish the gap analysis directed by House Report 115-238 so that the Committees can more accurately determine facilities needs across the IHS system.

Indian Health Care Improvement Act Demonstration Authorities.—The Service is directed to provide a report within 180 days of enactment of this Act identifying the criteria the agency will use for ranking projects funded through demonstration authorities provided in the most recent reauthorization of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act should funds become available in future fiscal years. The Service is encouraged to consider as one factor the location of existing or proposed facilities and the distance that patients must travel to receive the same or similar services.

Health Facilities Requirements in Alaska.—The Service is directed to work with appropriate Tribal organizations and submit a report to the Committees within 180 days of this Act that includes an assessment of updated facilities needs in the State of Alaska as well as recommendations for alternative financing options which could address the need for additional health care facilities space suitable to meet the current and future health care needs of IHS beneficiaries in the State.

### NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

The bill provides \$79,000,000 for the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences. This includes an increase of \$1,500,000 for the Superfund Research Program and \$151,000 for the Worker Training Program.

### AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH

The bill provides \$74,691,000 for the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

The Agency is directed to focus on its core mission of assessing hazardous exposures and understand the Agency does not consider the presence or absence of litigation when evaluating the need for a public health assessment. The Agency is encouraged to maintain professional and scientific independence regarding its selection of sites for assessment while following its statutory mandate to work with communities.

Areas with High Incidence of Pediatric Cancer.—Within 180 days of enactment, ATSDR, in consultation with other components of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), is directed to submit to the Senate Appropriations and Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committees and House Appropriations and Energy and Commerce Committees a report that provides details on the geographic variation in pediatric cancer incidence in the United States. Such report must include: (1) the types of pediatric cancer within each of the 10 States with the highest age-adjusted incidence rate of cancer among persons less than 20 years old; (2) geographic distribution of pediatric cancer types within each such State, in accordance with Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines; and (3) an update on current activities related to pediatric cancer, including with respect to carrying out section 399V-6 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g-17). In addition, HHS is encouraged to conduct public outreach, in collaboration with State departments of health, particularly in the 10 States with the highest age-adjusted incidence rate of cancer among persons aged less than 20 years old, to improve awareness by residents, clinicians, and others, as appropriate, of possible contributing factors to pediatric cancer, including environmental exposures, in a manner that is complementary of, and does not conflict with, ongoing pediatric cancer-related activities supported by HHS. Finally, the Secretary of HHS is directed to ensure that all information with respect to patients that is contained in the reports under this section is de-identified and protects personal privacy of such patients in accordance with applicable Federal and State privacy law.

### OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

# EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

The bill provides \$2,994,000 for the Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality.

### CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$12,000,000 for the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board.

# OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides \$8,750,000 for the Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation (ONHIR), of which \$1,000,000 is to be transferred to the Department of the Interior, Office of Inspector General, for a comprehensive audit of ONHIR's finances and any related investigations that are necessary in preparation for the eventual transfer of responsibilities to the Department when ONHIR closes.

The bill continues the direction provided in the explanatory statement accompanying Division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, P.L. 115-31. There is continued commitment to bringing the relocation process to an orderly conclusion and ensuring all eligible relocatees receive the relocation benefits to which they are entitled. Consultation with all affected parties and agencies is the key to a transparent, orderly closeout. The statute provides for termination of ONHIR when the President determines its functions have been fully discharged. That determination requires development of a comprehensive plan. Receipt of a progress report on development of this plan within 90 days of enactment of this Act is expected.

# INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT PAYMENT TO THE INSTITUTE

The bill provides \$9,960,000 for fixed costs and academic program requirements of the Institute of American Indian Arts.

## SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides a total of \$1,043,497,000 for all Smithsonian Institution accounts, of which \$739,994,000 is provided for salaries and expenses. The longstanding commitment to the preservation of priceless, irreplaceable Smithsonian collections continues and funds have been provided for collections care and preservation. The longstanding support for the National Museum of African American History and Culture (NMAAHC) also continues. Within amounts provided for salaries and expenses, the NMAAHC is fully funded. The bill provides funds for the Institution's Latino initiatives and support the Smithsonian Latino Center's goal of promoting the inclusion of Latino contributions in Smithsonian Institution programs, exhibitions, collections, and public outreach. Collaboration between the Smithsonian Latino Center and appropriate Federal and local organizations continues to be urged in order to advance these goals and expand the American Latino presence at the Institution. Further, the bill provides funds for the Institution's Asian Pacific American initiatives and continue to support the Institution's efforts of developing programs and expanding outreach to promote a better understanding of the Asian Pacific American experience. Additionally, the bill provides \$2,000,000 for the American Women's History Initiative within Institution-wide programs.

It is understood that over the last few years several museums have been closed due to renovations and the Institution has shifted resources to address certain needs; however, today these museums have reopened resulting in increased costs that were not accounted for in the budget request. The bill provides \$2,500,000 above the budget request for facilities security and remind the Institution that if funding priorities change, there is the opportunity to request the reprogramming of funds as outlined in the reprogramming guidelines contained at the front of this explanatory statement. The bill also provides \$2,500,000 in new funding for facilities maintenance requirements.

#### **FACILITIES CAPITAL**

The bill provides \$303,503,000 for the Facilities Capital account, with \$286,503,000 provided for revitalization and \$17,000,000, as requested, provided for facilities planning and design. The bill includes \$210,000,000 for the National Air and Space Museum revitalization effort and \$76,503,000 for major revitalization projects included in the budget request.

National Air and Space Museum Revitalization.—The multi-year, multi-phase renovation of the National Air and Space Museum (NASM) is supported and include \$210,000,000 for this critical revitalization effort. The Institution is directed to follow the reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement and may not redirect the use of these funds for other capital projects without prior

approval of the Committees. Given the scale of the project, the Institution is directed to make available to the Committees on a timely basis the most updated and comprehensive information on project and funding requirements. The Government Accountability Office is directed to continue its review and analysis of the project's cost estimates, as directed in the Consolidated Appropriation Act, 2017 (P.L. 115-31). The Institution is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, a detailed list and description of projects funded within the Facilities Capital account.

## NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$144,202,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account of the National Gallery of Art, of which not to exceed \$3,640,000 is for the special exhibition program.

#### REPAIR, RESTORATION, AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

The bill provides \$24,203,000 for the Repair, Restoration, and Renovation of Buildings account and includes funds to complete the repairs of the East Building atrium skylights.

# JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

The bill provides \$24,490,000 for the Operations and Maintenance account.

#### CAPITAL REPAIR AND RESTORATION

The bill provides \$16,800,000 for the Capital Repair and Restoration account. Funds provided above the request are to address critical safety, security, and capital repair and restoration needs.

## WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$12,000,000 for the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars.

# NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides \$155,000,000 for the National Endowment for the Arts (NEA) to continue the important work of the Endowment. Changes to the enacted level are included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The agency is strongly encouraged to use the increases provided for direct grants to expand its Creative Forces: Military Healing Arts Network and to increase grants made available to Tribes and to rural and underserved areas. Support continues for the expansion of this successful program to assist service members and their families in their recovery, reintegration, and transition to civilian life. The NEA is reminded of the directives included in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276 regarding the collaborative relationship among NEA and the States, priorities, and allocation to State arts agencies.

### NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides \$155,000,000 for the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) to continue the important work of the Endowment. Changes to the enacted level are included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The agency is expected to use increases provided to expand its work with Tribes to preserve Native languages and culture as detailed below as well as to support other local history preservation initiatives. The NEH is reminded of the directives contained in House Report 115-765 and Senate Report 115-276 regarding support for veterans, American Indian and Alaska Native programs, the collaborative relationship among NEH and the States and Territories, and work with State humanities councils.

## COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$2,771,000 for the Commission of Fine Arts.

#### NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

The bill provides \$2,750,000 for the National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs program.

### ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$6,890,000 for the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$8,099,000 for the National Capital Planning Commission.

### UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM

The bill provides \$59,000,000 for the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum. Within the amount provided, \$2,000,000 is included to build upon the capital improvement initiative begun in fiscal year 2018.

# DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$1,800,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account.

### WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CENTENNIAL COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes \$1,000,000 for the Women's Suffrage Centennial Commission. TIt is noted that Congress has supported funding for three fiscal years so that the Commission can plan, execute, and coordinate programs and activities in honor of the 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the passage and ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, which guaranteed women the right to vote. However, the Commission has not yet been established with the necessary quorum of seven members to select a chair, hire an executive director, and begin operations. There is concern that further delay will hinder the development and execution of programs and activities to remember the August 18, 1920, ratification and all Members and Offices, including those in the Executive Branch, are strongly urged to appoint their nominees to the Commission as soon as possible.

### WORLD WAR I CENTENNIAL COMMISSION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides \$7,000,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account of the World War I Centennial Commission.

# TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill includes various legislative provisions in Title IV of the bill. The provisions are:

Section 401 continues a provision providing that appropriations available in the bill shall not be used to produce literature or otherwise promote public support of a legislative proposal on which legislative action is not complete.

Section 402 continues a provision providing for annual appropriations unless expressly provided otherwise in this Act.

Section 403 continues a provision providing restrictions on departmental assessments unless approved by the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 404 continues a limitation on accepting and processing applications for patents and on the patenting of Federal lands.

Section 405 continues a provision regarding the payment of contract support costs.

Section 406 addresses the payment of contract support costs for fiscal year 2019.

Section 407 continues a provision providing that the Secretary of Agriculture shall not be considered in violation of certain provisions of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act solely because more than 15 years have passed without revision of a forest plan, provided that the Secretary is working in good faith to complete the plan revision.

Section 408 continues a provision limiting preleasing, leasing, and related activities within the boundaries of National Monuments.

Section 409 restricts funding appropriated for acquisition of land or interests in land from being used for declarations of taking or complaints in condemnation.

Section 410 continues a provision addressing timber sales involving Alaska western red and yellow cedar.

Section 411 continues a provision which prohibits no-bid contracts.

Section 412 continues a provision which requires public disclosure of certain reports.

Section 413 continues a provision which delineates the grant guidelines for the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 414 continues a provision which delineates the program priorities for the programs managed by the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 415 requires the Department of the Interior, Environmental Protection Agency, Forest Service and Indian Health Service to provide the Committees on Appropriations quarterly reports on the status of balances of appropriations.

Section 416 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to promulgate or implement any regulation requiring the issuance of permits under Title V of the Clean Air Act for carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, water vapor, or methane emissions.

Section 417 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to implement any provision in a rule if that provision requires mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems.

Section 418 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to regulate the lead content of ammunition or fishing tackle.

Section 419 continues a provision through fiscal year 2020 authorizing the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to consider local contractors when awarding contracts for certain activities on public lands.

Section 420 extends certain authorities through fiscal year 2019 allowing the Forest Service to renew grazing permits.

Section 421 prohibits the use of funds to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network is designed to block access to pornography websites.

Section 422 extends the authority of the Forest Service Facility Realignment and Enhancement Act.

Section 423 sets requirements for the use of American iron and steel for certain loans and grants.

Section 424 prohibits the use of funds to destroy any building or structures on Midway Island that have been recommended by the U.S. Navy for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

Section 425 reauthorizes funding for one year for the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.

Section 426 provides authority for the Secretary of the Interior to enter into training agreements and to transfer excess equipment and supplies for wildfires.

Section 427 addresses carbon emissions from forest biomass.

Section 428 makes additional investments in water infrastructure priorities and Superfund emergency response, removal, and long-term cleanup remediation.

Section 429 addresses the use of small remote incinerators in the State of Alaska.

Section 430 addresses section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT					
Management of Lands and Resources					
Land Resources: Soil, water and air management. Rangeland management. Forestry management. Riparian management. Cultural resources management. Wild horse and burro management.	43,609 81,000 10,135 21,321 17,131 75,000	82,116 9,527  15,383 66,719	103,921 10,135  17,131 80,555	-43,609 +22,921  -21,321  +5,555	+21,805 +608  +1,748 +13,836
Subtotal	248,196	173,745	211,742	-36,454	+37,997
Wildlife and Fisheries: Wildlife managementFisheries management	103,281 12,530			-103,281 -12,530	
Subtotal	115,811			-115,811	
Threatened and endangered species	21,567			-21,567	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Wildlife and Aquatic Habitat Management:					
Wildlife habitat management		81,753	126.848	+126.848	+45.095
Threatened and endangered species			(21,567)	(+21,567)	(+21,567)
Aquatic habitat management	*	37,664	55,656	+55,656	+17,992
Subtotal		119,417	182,504	+182,504	+63,087
Recreation Management;					
Wilderness management	18.264	11.871	18.264		+6.393
Recreation resources management	54,465	53,234	55,465	+1,000	+2,231
Subtotal	72,729	65,105	73,729	+1,000	+8,624
Energy and Minerals:					
Oil and gas management	85,947	83,101	88,947	+3.000	+5,846
Oil and gas permit processing	7,365	5,737	5,737	-1.628	
Oil and gas inspection and enforcement	48,385	48,385	48,385	·	
Subtotal, Oil and gas	141,697	137,223	143,069	+1,372	+5,846
Coal management	11,868	19.533	14.868	+3,000	-4.665
Other mineral resources	12,043	12,167	12,167	+124	.,
Renewable energy	28,320	16,043	24,320	-4,000	+8,277
Subtotal, Energy and Minerals	193,928	184,966	194,424	+496	+9,458

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request		This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Realty and Ownership Management:					
Alaska conveyance		13,580	22,000		+8.420
Cadastral, lands, and realty management	52,480	48,290	48,290	-4,190	
Subtotal	74,480	61,870	70,290	-4,190	+8,420
Resource management planning	60,125	36.131	63,125	+3.000	+26.994
Abandoned mine lands	20,036			-20,036	.20,337
Resource protection and law enforcement	27,616	24,166	27,616	20,000	+3,450
Kazardous materials management	15,463		,	-15,463	
Abandoned minelands and hazardous materials				,	
management		13,260	38,500	+38,500	+25,240
Subtotal	123,240	73,557	129,241	+6,001	+55,684
Transportation and Facilities Maintenance:					
Annual maintenance	39,125	33.613	40.000	+875	+6.387
Deferred maintenance	79,201	24,886	75,000	-4,201	+50,114
Subtotal	118,326	58,499	115,000	-3,326	+56,501
Workforce and Organizational Support:					
Administrative support	58,694	47,072	58.694		+11.622
Bureauwide fixed costs	93,176	96,480	96,480	+3.304	
Information technology management	26,077	23,653	26,077	-,,	+2,424
Subtotal	177,947	167,205	181,251	+3,304	+14,046

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National landscape conservation system, base program	36,819	26,260	39,819	+3,000	+13,559
Communication site management. Offsetting collections.	2,000 -2,000	2,000 -2,000	2,000 -2,000		
Subtotal, Management of lands and resources	1,183,043	930,624	1,198,000	+14,957	+267,376
Mining Law Administration:					
Administration. Offsetting collections.	39,696 -56,696	39,696 -59,000	39,696 -59,000	-2,304	
Subtotal, Mining Law Administration	-17,000	-19,304	-19,304	-2,304	
Total, Management of Lands and Resources	1,166,043	911,320	1,178,696	+12,653	+267,376
Construction					
Rescission		-5,465		• • •	+5,465
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions	13,300		15,700	+2,400	+15,700
Acquisition Management	2,000	1,996	2,000		+4
Recreational Access	8,000		9,000	+1,000	+9,000
Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	1,616	1,396	1,616		÷220
Subtotal	24,916	3,392	28,316	+3,400	+24,924

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rescission		-10,000	-1,800	-1,800	+8,200
Total, Land Acquisition	24,916	-6,608	26,516	+1,600	+33,124
Oregon and California Grant Lands					
Western Oregon resources management	94,445  1,798 9,628 335 779	82,222 1,327 6,118 364 	94,445  1,798 9,628 335 779		+94,445 -82,222 +471 +3,510 -29 +779
Range Improvements					
Current appropriations	10,000	10,000	10,000		
Service charges, deposits, and forfeitures Offsetting fees	24,595 -24,595	25,850 -25,850	25,850 -25,850	+1,255 -1,255	
Total, Service Charges, Deposits & Forfeitures					

•••••	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Miscellaneous Trust Funds and Permanent Operating Funds					
Current appropriations	24,000	24,000	24,000		
	=======================================	=======================================	=======================================	=======================================	=======================================
TOTAL, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT(Mandatory)	1,331,944	1,023,278 (34,000)	1,346,197 (34,000)	+14,253	+322,919
(Discretionary)	(1,297,944)	(989,278)	(1,312,197)	(+14, 253)	(+322,919)
•	=======================================		========	=========	=========
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Resource Management					
Ecological Services:					
Listing. Planning and consultation Conservation and restoration. (National Wetlands Inventory). (Coastal Barrier Resources Act) Recovery.	18,818 105,579 32,396 (3,471) (1,390) 91,032	10,941 98,828 21,187 (3,447) (1,381) 80,820	18,318 106,079 32,396 (3,471) (1,390) 95,032	-500 +500   +4,000	+7,377 +7,251 +11,209 (+24) (+9) +14,212
Subtotal	247,825	211,776	251,825	+4,000	+40,049

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Habitat conservation:					
Partners for fish and wildlife	51.633	35.765	51.633		+15.868
Coastal programs	13,375	6,512	13,375		+6,863
Subtotal	65,008	42,277	65,008		+22,731
National Wildlife Refuge System:					
Wildlife and habitat management	233,392	228,332	234.467	+1.075	+6.135
Visitor services	73,319	71,267	73.319	-1,070	+2.052
Refuge law enforcement	38,054	37,983	38.054		+71
Conservation planning	2,523	+	2.523		+2.523
Refuge maintenance	139,469	135,487	139,888	+419	+4,401
Subtotal	486,757	473,069	488,251	+1,494	+15,182
Conservation and Enforcement:					
Migratory bird management	48,421	46,290	46.421	-2,000	+131
Law enforcement	77,053	69,453	79.053	+2.000	+9.600
International affairs	15,816	14,484	15,816	***	+1 332
Subtotal	141,290	130,227	141,290		+11,063
Fish and Aquatic Conservation:					
National fish hatchery system operations,	55,822	49,979	59,822	+4,000	+9.843
Maintenance and equipment	22,920	19,808	22,920		+3.112
Aquatic habitat and species conservation	85,885	64,106	84,485	-1,400	+20,379
Subtotal	164,627	133,893	167,227	+2,600	+33,334

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Cooperative landscape conservation	40.000				
cooperactive landscape conservation	12,988		12,500	-488	+12,500
Science Support:					
Adaptive science	10.517		10.517		+10.517
Service science	6,750		6,750		+6.750
•					
Subtotal	17,267		17,267		+17,267
General Operations:					
Central office operations	36,965	43.049	43.040	.0.004	
Regional office operations	33,574	32,860	43,049 32,860	+6,084	
Servicewide bill paying	36,365	36,528	•	-714	
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation	7,022	5.009	36,528	+163	
National Conservation Training Center	29,314	-,	7,022		+2,013
		21,956	26,014	-3,300	+4,058
Aviation Management			3,237	+3,237	+3,237
Subtotal	143.240	139.402	148.710	+5,470	+9.308
			140,710		
Total, Resource Management	1,279,002	1,130,644	1,292,078	+13,076	+161,434
Construction					
Construction and rehabilitation:					
Line item construction projects	9,093	9.093	8.293	-800	-800
Bridge and dam safety programs	1.972	1,232	1,972	-800	+740
billago and com corect, programo	1,012	1,202	1,512		7/40

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Nationwide engineering service	5,475 50,000	5,421	5,475 39.873	-10,127	+54
Subtotal	66,540	15,746	55,613	-10,127 	+39,873  +39,867
Rescission		-2,000	-1,500	-1,500	+500
Total, Construction	66,540	13,746	54,113	-12,427	+40,367
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions Acquisition Management Recreational Access Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings Exchanges Land Protection Planning Highlands Conservation Act Grants	31,250 12,773 2,500 5,351 1,500 465 10,000	9,615  1,641 697	22,600 12,773 2,500 5,351 1,500 465 20,000	-8,650     +10,000	+22,600 +3,158 +2,500 +3,710 +803 +465 +20,000
Subtotal	63,839	11,953	65,189	+1,350	+53,236
Rescission		-5,000		***	+5,000
Total, Land Acquisition	63,839	6,953	65,189	+1,350	+58,236

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund				·	
Grants and Administration:					
Conservation grants	12,508		12,508		+12,508
HCP assistance grants	7,485		7,485		+7,485
Administration	2,702		2,702		+2,702
Subtotal	22,695		22,695		+22,695
Land Acquisition:					
Species recovery land acquisition	11,162		11,162		+11,162
HCP land acquisition grants to states	19,638		19,638		+19,638
 Subtotal	30,800		30,800		+30,800
C. bl. 1-3. Occupations Fodomand Constant					
Subtotal, Cooperatiave Endangered Species Conservation Fund	53,495		53,495		+53,495
Rescission			-7,500	-7,500	-7,500
Total, Cooperative Endangered Species Fund	53,495		45,995	-7,500	+45,995
National Wildlife Refuge Fund					
Payments in lieu of taxes	13,228		13,228	•••	+13,228

•••••	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund					
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund	40,000	33,600	42,000	+2,000	+8,400
Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation					
Migratory bird grants	3,910	3,900	3,910		+10
Multinational Species Conservation Fund					
African elephant conservation fund	2,582 1,557 3,440 1,975	1,401 845 1,865 1,071	2,682 1,657 3,540 2,075	+100 +100 +100 * +100	+1,281 +812 +1,675 +1,004
Marine turt⊺e conservation fund	1,507	818	1,607	+100	+789
Total, Multinational Species Conservation Fund	11,061	6,000	11,561	+500	+5,561
State and Tribal Wildlife Grants					
State wildlife grants (formula) State wildlife grants (competitive) Tribal wildlife grants	53,000 6,362 4,209	31,286 	54,000 6,362 4,209	+1,000 	+22,714 +6,362 +4,209
Total, State and tribal wildlife grants	63,571	31,286	64,571	+1,000	+33,285

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bil?	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Provision					
Coastal impact assistance program grants (rescission).	**************************************		-15,000 =======	-15,000 =======	-15,000 =======
TOTAL, U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE	1,594,646	1,226,129	1,577,645	-17,001 =========	+351,516 ========
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE					
Operation of the National Park System			•		
Park Management: Resource stewardship. Visitor services. Park protection. Facility operations and maintenance. Park support.	334,437 255,683 362,226 810,019 536,032	327,223 258,115 365,766 781,963 506,617	334,437 255,683 357,226 821,538 548,902	-5,000 +11,519 +12,870	+7,214 -2,432 -8,540 +39,575 +42,285
Subtotal	2,298,397	2,239,684	2,317,786	+19,389	+78,102
External administrative costs	179,572	185,433	184,925	+5,353	-508
Total, Operation of the National Park System	2,477,969	2,425,117	2,502,711	+24,742	+77,594

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Recreation and Preservation					
Natural programs	14.170	11,139	14,170		+3.031
Cultural programs	25,062	19.333	25.562	+500	+6.229
International park affairs	1,648	970	1.648		+678
Environmental and compliance review	433	387	433		+46
Grant administration	2,004		2.004		+2,004
Heritage Partnership Programs	20,321	370	20,321		+19,951
Total, National Recreation and Preservation	63,638	32,199	64,138	+500	+31,939
Historic Preservation Fund				÷	
State historic preservation offices	48.925	26,934	49.675	+750	+22,741
Tribal grants	11,485	5.738	11 735	+250	+5.997
Competitive grants	13,500		15.250	+1.750	+15.250
Save America's Treasures grants	13,000		13.000		+13,000
Historic Revitalization grants	5,000		5.000		+5.000
Grants to Historically Black Colleges and Universities	5,000		8,000	+3,000	+8,000
Total, Historic Preservation Fund	96,910	32,672	102,660	+5,750	+69,988
Construction					
General Program:					
Line item construction and maintenance	137,011	157,011	147,011	+10,000	-10,000
Emergency and unscheduled	3.848	3,829	3.848		+19
Housing	2,200	2,187	2,200		+13

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Dam safety	1,247	1,240	1,247		+7
Equipment replacement	13,474	8,408	13,474		+5,066
Planning, construction	12,711	17,453	17,453	+4,742	
Construction program management	38,713	41,000	42,115	+3,402	+1,115
General management plans	12,500	10,205	10,205	-2,295	
General program increase	138,000		127,151	-10,849	+127,151
Total, Construction	359,704	241,333	364,704	+5,000	+123,371
Land and Water Conservation Fund (rescission of					
contract authority)		-28,140			+28,140
Land Acquisition and State Assistance					
Assistance to States:					
State conservation grants (formula)	100,000		100,000		+100,000
State conservation grants (competitive)	20,000		20,000		+20,000
Administrative expenses	4,006		4,006		+4,006
Subtotal	124,006		124,006		+124,006
National Park Service:					
Acquisitions	26,400		13,903	-12,497	+13,903
Acquisition Management	9,679	8,788	9,679		+891
Recreational Access	2,000		2,000		÷2,000
Emergencies, Hardships, Relocations, and					
Deficiencies	3,928		3,928		+3,928

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request		This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Inholdings, Donations, and Exchanges	4,928.		4.928		+4.928
American Battlefield Protection Program	10,000		10,000		+10,000
Subtotal	56,935	0.700	44 400		
dubtota	30,935	8,788	44,438	-12,497	+35,650
Subtotal, Land Acquisition and State Assistance.	180,941	8,788	168,444	-12,497	+159,656
Rescission		-10,000			+10,000
Total, Land Acquisition and State Assistance	180,941	-1,212	168,444	-12,497	+169,656
Contouriel Challenge	20.500				
Centennial Challenge	23,000		20,000	-3,000	+20,000
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TOTAL, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	3,202,162	2,701,969	3,222,657	+20,495	+520.688
		=======================================	=========	=======================================	==========

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY					
Surveys, Investigations, and Research					
Ecosystems:					
Status and trends	20,473	11,325	18.373	-2.100	+7.048
Fisheries: Aquatic and endangered resources	20,136	9,701	19,136	-1.000	+9.435
Wildlife: Terrestrial and endangered resources	46,007	33,440	45,257	-750	+11 .817
Terrestrial, freshwater and marine environments	36,415	24,569	36,415		+11 846
Invasive species	17,330	17,096	19.330	+2,000	+2 234
Cooperative research units	17,371		18,371	+1,000	+18,371
Total, Ecosystems	157,732	96,131	156,882	-850	+60,751
Land Resources:					
National Land Imaging	93.094	75.514	98,894	+5.800	+23,380
Land change science	34,070	14,739	34,070		+19,331
National and regional climate adaptation science centers	25,335	12,989	25,335		+12,346
Total, Land Resources	152,499	103,242	158,299	+5,800	+55,057
Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health: Mineral-and Energy Resources:					
Mineral resources	49.371	58,226	58,969	+9.598	+743
Energy resources	30,872	25,879	29,972	-900	+4,093
Subtotal	80,243	84,105	88,941	+8,698	+4,836

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bil? vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Environmental Health:					
Contaminant biology	10 107				
Toxic substances hydrology	10,197		10,197		+10,197
TOXIC Substances flydrology	12,398	***	12,598	+200	+12,598
Subtotal	22,595		22,795	+200	+22.795
			22,700	.200	.22,780
Total, Energy, Minerals, and Environmental					
Health	102,838	84,105	111,736	+8,898	+27,631
Natural Hazards:					
Earthquake hazards	83.403	50,999	83.403		+32.404
Volcano hazards	42,621	22,306	30,266	-12.355	+7.960
Landslide hazards	3.538	3,511	3,538	-,2,000	+27
Global seismographic network	6,653	4.937	6,653		+1.716
Geomagnetism	1,888		1.888		+1.888
Coastal/Marine hazards and resources	40,510	35,549	40,510		+4,961
T-1-3 R-13 H1-					
Total, Natural Hazards	178,613	117,302	166,258	-12,355	+48,956
Water Resources:					
Water Availability and Use Science Program	46,052	30,351	45,487	- 565	+15.136
Groundwater and Streamflow Information Program	74,173	64,915	82,673	+8,500	+17,758
National Water Quality Program	90,829	69,656	91,648	+819	+21,992
Water Resources Research Act Program	6,500		6,500		+6,500
Total, Water Resources	217,554	164,922	226,308	+8,754	+61,386

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request		This Bill vs Enacted	
Core Science Systems:					
Science, synthesis, analysis, and research	24,051	19,010	24.051		
National cooperative geological mapping					+5,041
National Cooperatial Program	24,397	22,390	24,397		+2,007
National Geospatial Program	67,854	50,878	69,454	+1,600	+18,576
Total, Core Science Systems	116,302	00.070	447 000		
Total, core scrence systems	110,302	92,278	117,902	+1,600	+25,624
Science Support:					
Administration and Management	80.881	20 524	00.004		
Information Services		69,534	80,881		+11,347
Thror macton services	21,947	19,716	21,947		+2,231
Total, Science Support	102,828	89,250	400 000		
Total, bolonee support	102,020	09,230	102,828	7.7.7	+13,578
Facilities:					
Rental payments and operations & maintenance	104,927	105,219	105.219	+292	
Deferred maintenance and capital improvement		7.231	15,164	.232	.7 000
bororrod marriconarios and capitar improvement	10,104	1,231	13,104		+7,933
Total, Facilities	120,091	112.450	120.383	+292	+7.933
,	,20,001	112,700	(20,000	,202	*1,833
		=============	=======================================	=============	
TOTAL, UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	1,148,457	859,680	1,160,596	+12,139	+300.916
	=========	=======================================	======================================	=======================================	===========

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT					
Ocean Energy Management					
Renewable energy Conventional energy. Environmental assessment. Executive direction.	58,123 73,834	20,720 61,799 79,774 16,973	20,720 61,799 79,774 16,973	-956 +3,676 +5,940 -394	 
Subtotal	171,000	179,266	179,266	+8,266	
Offsetting rental receipts		-47,455 -2,361	-47,455 -2,361	+7, <del>9</del> 19 -901	
Subtotal, offsetting collections	-56,834	-49,816	-49,816	+7,018	
		=======================================	=======================================	===========	
TOTAL, BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT	114,166	129,450	129,450	+15,284	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT					
Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement					
Environmental enforcement	4,453 148,454 16,768 16,736	4,674 146,340 18,129 18,097	4,674 146,340 18,129 18,097	+221 -2,114 +1,361 +1,361	
Subtotal	186,411	187,240	187,240	+829	
Offsetting rental receipts	-23,732 -50,000 -4,139	-20,338 -43,765 -3,786	-20,338 -41,765 -3,786	+3,394 +8,235 +353	+2,000
Subtotal, offsetting collections	-77, 871	-67,889	-65,889	+11,982	+2,000
Total, Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement	108,540	119,351	121,351	+12,811	+2,000
Oil spill research		12,700	14,899		+2,199
TOTAL, BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT	123,439	132,051	136,250	+12,811 ========	+4,199 =======

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT					
Regulation and Technology					
Environmental protection	88,562 40 -40	73,877 40 -40	88,562 40 -40		+14,685
Technology development and transferFinancial management	12,801 505 13,936 100	13,232 495 13,694 100	12,801 505 13,936 100		-431 +10 +242
Subtotal	115,904	101,398	115,904		+14,506
Civil penalties (offsetting collections)	-100	-100	-100		
Total, Regulation and Technology	115,804	101,298	115,804		+14,506
Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund					
Environmental restoration Technology development and transfer. Financial management Executive direction.	9,480 3,544 5,182 6,466	6,383 2,508 5,144 6,340	9,480 3,544 5,182 6,466		+3,097 +1,036 +38 +126
Subtotal	24,672	20,375	24,672		+4,297

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State grants	115,000		115,000		+115,000
Total, Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund	,	20,375	139,672		+119,297
TOTAL, OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT	255,476	121,673	255,476		+133,803 ======
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION					
Operation of Indian Programs	•				
Tribal Government: Aid to tribal government. Consolidated tribal government program. Self governance compacts. New tribes. Small and needy tribes. Road maintenance.	28,698 75,429 165,069 1,120 4,448 34,653	24,326 72,634 157,790 1,120  28,318	28,902 75,839 166,225 1,120 4,448 35,823	+204 +410 +1,156  +1,170	+4,576 +3,205 +8,435  +4,448 +7,505
Tribal government program oversight	8,550 317,967	7,326  291,514	8,616 320,973	+66 	+1,290

	FY 2018	FY 2019	The - 0412	This Bill	This Bill
	Enacted	Request	This Bil?	vs Enacted	vs Request
Human Services:					
Social services	52,832	32,864	53,084	+252	+20,220
Welfare assistance	76,000	65,794	76,000		+10,206
Indian child welfare act	19,080	13,696	19,154	+74	+5,458
Housing improvement program	9,708		9,708		+9,708
Human services tribal design	263	259	270	+7	÷11
Human services program oversight	3,180	2,745	3,200	+20	+455
Subtotal	161,063	115,358	161,416	+353	+46,058
Trust - Natural Resources Management:					
Natural resources, general	4,882	4,866	6,419	+1,537	+1,553
Irrigation operations and maintenance	14,009	9,134	14,023	+14	+4,889
Rights protection implementation	40,161	24,737	40,273	+112	+15,536
Tribal management/development program	11,652	8,660	11,681	+29	+3,021
Endangered species	2,693	1,306	2,697	+4	+1,391
Cooperative landscape conservation	9,956		9,956		+9.956
Integrated resource information program	2,971	2,576	2,974	+3	+398
Agriculture and range	31,096	27,977	31,251	+155	+3,274
Forestry	54,877	48,872	55,591	+714	+6,719
Water resources	10,581	8,567	10,614	+33	+2,047
Fish, wildlife and parks	15,260	11,436	15,287	+27	+3,851
Resource management program oversight	6,064	5,293	6,104	+40	+811
Subtotal	204,202	153,424	206,870	+2,668	+53,446
Trust - Real Estate Services	129,841	105,484	130,680	+839	+25,196

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Education:			· - • • • •	*	
Elementary and secondary programs (forward funded):					
ISEP formula funds	402,906	378,055	404,165	+1.259	+26.110
ISEP program adjustments	5.457	2.617	5,479	+22	+2.862
Education program enhancements	12,248	6.341	12,278	+30	+5,937
Tribal education departments	2,500		2,500		+2.500
Student transportation	56,285	50,802	56,413	+128	+5,611
Early child and family development	18,810		18,810		+18,810
Tribal grant support costs	81,036	73,973	82,935	+1,899	+8,962
Subtotal	579,242	511,788	582,580	+3,338	+70,792
Post secondary programs (forward funded):					
Tribal colleges and universities	69.793	65,664	70,793	+1.000	+5,129
Tribal technical colleges	7,505	6,464	7,505		+1,041
Haskell & SIPI	16,885		22,694	+5,809	+22,694
Subtotal	94,183	72,128	100,992	+6,809	+28,864
Subtotal, forward funded education	673,425	583,916	683,572	+10,147	+99,656
Elementary and secondary programs:					
Facilities operations	66.608	60.405	68.795	+2,187	+8.390
Facilities maintenance	59,552	53 723	59,774	+222	+6,051
Juvenile detention center education	500		500		+500
Johnson O'Malley assistance grants	14,903		14,903		+14,903
Subtotal	141,563	114,128	143,972	+2,409	+29,844

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Post secondary programs:					
Haskell & SIPI	22,513	19.376		-22,513	-19.376
Tribal colleges and universities supplements	1,220	1,148	1,220		+72
Scholarships & adult education	34,996		34,996		+34,996
Special higher education scholarships	2,992		2.992		+2.992
Science post graduate scholarship fund	2,450		2,450		+2,450
Subtotal	64,171	20,524	41,658	-22,513	+21,134
Education management:					
Education program management	24,957	15,575	25,053	+96	+9,478
Education IT	10,297	7,707	10,302	+5	+2,595
Subtotal	35,254	23,282	35,355	+101	+12,073
Subtotal, Education	914,413	741,850	904,557	-9,856	+162,707
Public Safety and Justice:					
Law enforcement:					
Criminal investigations and police services	211,632	190,753	213,309	+1,677	+22,556
Detention/corrections	100,456	94,027	102,982	+2,526	+8,955
Inspections/internal affairs	3,510	3,335	3,528	+18	+193
Law enforcement special initiatives	10,368	8,659	10,412	+44	+1,753
Indian police academy	4,902	4,665	4,925	+23	+260
Tribal justice support	22,264	7,233	22,271	+7	+15,038
VAWA	(2,000)		(2,000)	~	(+2,000)
PL 280 courts	(13,000)		(13,000)		(+13,000)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Law enforcement program management	6,530 13,657	5,381 12,596	6,555 13,701	+25 +44	+1,174 +1,105
Fire protection.	30,618 1,583	22,110 1,372	32,244 1,590	+1,626 +7	+10,134 +218
Subtotal	405,520	350,131	411,517	+5,997	+61,386
Community and economic development Executive direction and administrative services (Amounts available until expended, account-wide)	46,447 231,747 (53,991)	35,826 209,409 (35,598)	47,579 230,985 (55,174)	+ <b>1</b> ,132 -762 (+1,183)	+11,753 +21,576 (+19,576)
Total, Operation of Indian Programs	2,411,200	2,002,996	2,414,577	+3,377	+411,581
Contract Support Costs					
Contract support costs	236,600 5,000	242,000 5,000	242,000 5,000	+5,400 	
Total, Contract Support Costs	241,600	247,000	247,000	+5,400	
Construction					
Education. Public safety and justice. Resources management. General administration.	238,245 35,309 67,192 13,367	72,851 10,421 38,026 11,990	238,250 35,310 71,231 13,928	+5 +1 +4,039 +561	+165,399 +24,889 +33,205 +1,938
Subtotal	354,113	133,288	358,719	+4,606	+225,431

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Penningian					
Rescission		-21,367			+21,367
Total, Construction	354,113	111,921	358,719	+4,606	+246,798
Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians					
Land Settlements:					
White Earth Land Settlement Act (Admin) (P.L.99-264)	625		625		+625
Hoopa-Yurok Settlement Act (P.L.100-580)	250			-250	
Water Settlements:					
Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement (P.L.101-618) Navajo Water Resources Development Trust Fund	142		142		+142
(P.L.111-11)	4,011		4,011		+4.011
Navajo-Gallup Water Supply Project (P.L.111-11) Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians Water	21,720		21,720		+21,720
Rights Settlement Act (P.L.114-322)	9,192		9,192		÷9.192
Blackfeet Water Rights Settlement (P.L. 114-322)	19,517		14,367	-5,150	+14,367
Unallocated		45,644			-45,644
Total, Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements				<b></b>	
and Miscellaneous Payments to Indiaπs	55,457	45,644	50,057	-5,400	+4,413

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account					
Indian guaranteed loan program account	9,272	6,699	10,779	+1,507	+4,080
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission	-8,000	 	 ==================================	8,000 	
TOTAL, BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION	3,063,642	2,414,260	3,081,132	, +17,490 =========	+666,872
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES					
Office of the Secretary					
Leadership and administration	105,405 18,777	107,368 27,305	107,368 27,305 -10,000	+1,963 +8,528 -10,000	-10,000
Total, Office of the Secretary	124,182	134,673	124,673	+491	-10,000

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Insular Affairs					
Assistance to Territories					
Territorial Assistance: Office of Insular Affairs. Technical assistance. Maintenance assistance fund. Brown tree snake. Coral reef initiative and Natural Resources. Empowering Insular Communities. Compact impact.	9,448 18,000 4,000 3,500 2,200 5,000 4,000	9,430 14,671 1,023 2,837 946 2,811	9,448 20,800 4,000 3,500 2,500 5,000 4,000	+2,800   +300 	+18 +6,129 +2,977 +663 +1,554 +2,189 +4,000
Subtotal, Territorial Assistance	46,148	31,718	49,248	+3,100	+17,530
American Samoa operations grants Northern Marianas covenant grants General increase	23,002 27,720	21,529 27,720	23,720 27,720	+718 	+2,191 
Total, Assistance to Territories (discretionary)(mandatory)	96,870 (69,150) (27,720)	80,967 (53,247) (27,720)	100,688 (72,968) (27,720)	+3,818 (+3,818)	+19,721 (+19,721)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Compact of Free Association					
Compact of Free Association - Federal services Enewetak support	2,813 550	2,636 473	2,813 600	+50	+177 +127
Subtotal, Compact of Free Association	3,363	3,109	3,413	+50	+304
Compact payments, Palau (Title I, General Provision)	123,824			-123,824	
Total, Compact of Free Association	127,187	3,109	3,413	-123,774	+304
Total, Insular Affairs(discretionary)(mandatory)	224,057 (196,337) (27,720)	84,076 (56,356) (27,720)	104,101 (76,381) (27,720)	-119,956 (-119,956)	+20,025 (+20,025)
Office of the Solicitor					
Legal services	59,951 4,982 1,742	58,996 4,940 1,738	58,996 4,940 1,738	- 955 - 42 - 4	
Total, Office of the Solicitor	66,675	65,674	65,674	-1,001	
Audit and investigationsAdministrative services and information management	38,538 12,485	39,522 12,964	39,522 12,964	+984 +479	•
Total, Office of Inspector General	51,023	52,486	52,486	+1,463	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Special Trustee for American Indians					
Federal Trust Programs					
Program operations, support, and improvements (Office of Historical Accounting) Executive direction	(18,990)	102,370 {18,587} 1,697	109,843 (19,016) 1,697	-7,869 (+26) +9	+7,473 (+429)
Total, Federal Trust Programs	119,400	104,067	111,540	-7,860	+7,473
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation					
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation		3,000		•	-3,000
Total, Office of Special Trustee for American Indians	119,400	107,067	111,540	-7,860	+4,473
TOTAL, DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES(Discretionary)(Mandatory)	(557,617)		458,474 • (430,754) (27,720)	-126,863 (-126,863) 	+14,498 (+14,498) 

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS					
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire Operations:					
Preparedness	332,784 389,40 <del>6</del>	322,179 388,135	322,179 388,135	-10,605 -1,271	
Subtotal	389,406	388,135	388,135	-1,271	
Subtotal, Fire operations	722,190	710,314	710,314	-11,876	
Other Operations:					
Fuels Management	184,000	150,603	189,000	+5,000	+38.397
Burned area rehabilitation	20,470	9,467	20,470		+11 003
Fire facilities	18,427		18,427		+18.427
Joint fire science	3,000		3,000		+3,000
Subtotal, Other operations	225,897	160,070	230,897	+5,000	+70,827
Total, Wildland fire management	948,087	870,384	941,211	-6,876	+70,827

•••••	FY 2018 Enacted			This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Central Hazardous Materials Fund					
Central hazardous materials fund	10,010	2,000	10,010	<del></del>	+8,010
Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund					
Damage assessments Program management Restoration support Oil Spill Preparedness	2,000 2,192 2,575 1,000	1,500 1,000 1,900 200	2,000 2,100 2,667 1,000	 -92 +92	+500 +1,100 +767 +800
Total, Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund	7,767	4,600	7,767		+3,167
Working Capital Fund	62,370	56,735	55,735	-6,635	-1,000
Office of Natural Resources Revenue					
Natural Resources Revenue	137,757	137,505	137,505	- 252	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes					
Payments to local governments in lieu of taxes		465,000			-465,000 =======
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS	1,165,991	1,536,224	1,152,228	-13,763	-383,996

FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
530,000		500,000	-30,000 =======	+500,000
13,115,260 (13,123,260) (-8,000)	10,588,690 (10,670,662) (-53,832) (-28,140)	13,020,105 (13,045,905) (-25,800)	-95,155 (-77,355) (-17,800)	+2,431,415 (+2,375,243) (+28,032) (+28,140)
(61,720) (13,053,540)	(61,720) (10,526,970)	(61,720) (12,958,385)	(-95,155)	(+2,431,415) =======
116,541 (8,018)	84,905	116,541 (8,018)		+31,636 (+8,018)
13,669 33,122 5,997 3,089 68,339	10,486 28,177 4,666 2,725 74,828	13,669 33,122 5,997 3,089 68,339	  	+3,183 +4,945 +1,331 +364 -6,489
	530,000 	530,000  13,115,260 10,588,690 (13,123,260) (10,670,662) (-8,000) (-53,832) (-28,140) (61,720) (61,720) (13,053,540) (10,526,970)   116,541 84,905 (8,018)  13,669 10,486 33,122 28,177 5,997 4,666 3,089 2,725	530,000 500,000  13,115,260 10,588,690 13,020,105 (13,123,260) (10,670,662) (13,045,905) (-8,000) (-53,832) (-25,800) (-28,140) (61,720) (61,720) (61,720) (13,053,540) (10,526,970) (12,958,385)  116,541 84,905 116,541 (8,018) (8,018)  13,669 10,486 13,669 33,122 28,177 33,122 5,997 4,666 5,997 3,089 2,725 3,089	Enacted         Request         This Bill         vs Enacted           530,000          500,000         -30,000           13,115,260         10,588,690         13,020,105         -95,155           (13,123,260)         (10,670,662)         (13,045,905)         (-77,355)           (-8,000)         (-53,832)         (-25,800)         (-17,800)            (-28,140)             (61,720)         (61,720)         (-17,800)            (13,053,540)         (10,526,970)         (12,958,385)         (-95,155)             (8,018)             116,541         84,905         116,541            (8,018)          (8,018)            13,669         10,486         13,669            33,122         28,177         33,122            5,997         4,666         5,997            3,089         2,725         3,089

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Pesticide licensing	6,027 91,906	5,058 30,711	6,027 94,906	+3,000	+969 +64,195
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability	126,930 (21,409) (16,253)	84,004 (17,213) (10,006)	126,930 (21,409) (16,253)		+42,926 (+4,196) (+6,247)
Research: National priorities	4,100 106,257 134,327 3,519	67,261 52,549 3,595	5,000 106,257 134,327 3,519	+900  	+5,000 +38,996 +81,778 -76
Subtotal, Science and Technology	713,823	448,965	717,723	+3,900	+268,758
Rescission	-7,350		-11,250	-3,900	-11,250
Total, Science and Technology(by transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund)	706,473 (15,496)	448,965 (17,398)	706,473 (15,496)		+257,508 (-1,902)
Environmental Programs and Management					
Brownfields	25,593	16,082	25,593		+9,511
Clean air(Atmospheric Protection Program)	273,108 (95,436)	142,901 (13,542)	273,108 (95,436)		+130,207 (+81,894)
Compliance	101,665	86,374	101,665		+15,291

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Enforcement	240,637	197,280	240,637		+43.357
(Environmental justice)	(6,737)	(2,000)	(6,737)		(+4,737)
Environmental protection: National priorities	12,700		15,000	+2,300	+15,000
Geographic programs:					
Great Lakes Restoration Initiative	300,000	30,000	300,000		+270.000
Chesapeake Bay	73,000	7,300	73,000		+65.700
San Francisco Bay	4,819	+	4,819		+4,819
Puget Sound,	28,000		28,000		+28,000
Long Island Sound	12,000		14,000	+2,000	+14,000
Gulf of Mexico	12,542		14,542	+2,000	+14,542
South Florida	1,704		3,204	+1,500	+3,204
Lake Champlain	8,399		11,000	+2,601	+11,000
Lake Pontchartrain	948		948		+948
Southern New England Estuaries	5,000		5,000		+5,000
Columbia River Basin			1,000	+1,000	+1,000
Other geographic activities	1,445		1,445		+1,445
Subtotal	447,857	37,300	456,958	+9,101	+419,658
Homeland security	10,195	9,760	10,195		+435
Indoor air and radiation	27,637	4,221	27,637		+23,416
Information exchange / Outreach(Children and other sensitive populations: Agency	126,538	85,586	126,538		+40,952
coordination)	(6,548)	(2,018)	(6,548)		(+4,530)
(Environmental education)	(8,702)		(8,702)		(+8,702)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
International programs	15,400	4,188	15,400		+11.212
IT / Data management / Security	90,536	83,019	90,536		+7.517
Legal/science/regulatory/economic review	111,414	100,652	111,414		+10.762
Operations and administration	480,751	480,206	480,751		+545
Pesticide licensing	109,363	79,760	109,363		+29,603
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)	109,377	73,851	112,377	+3,000	+38,526
Toxics risk review and prevention	92.521	58,626	92,521		+33.895
(Endocrine disruptors)	(7,553)		(7,553)		(+7,553)
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST)	11,295	5,615	11,295		+5,680
Water: Ecosystems:					
National estuary program / Coastal waterways	26,723		26,723		+26,723
Wetlands	21,065	17,913	21,065		+3,152
Subtotal	47,788	17.913	47.788		+29,875
	,	17,510	47,700	- + <b>-</b>	120,010
Water: Human health protection	98,507	80,543	98.507		+17,964
Water quality protection	210,417	174.975	210.917	+500	+35,942
General reduction	_ ′				
Subtotal, Environmental Programs and Management.	2.643.299	1.738.852	2.658.200	+14,901	+919,348
	-,,	.,	_,.55,200	141001	0.0,040

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Energy Star (legislative proposal) Offsetting collections, Energy Star (legislative		46,000			-46,000
proposal)					
Rescission	-45,300		-60,201	-14,901	-60,201
Total, Environmental Programs and Management	2,597,999	1,784,852	2,597,999		+813,147
Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund					
E-Manifest System Fund	3,674 -3,674		8,000 -8,000	+4,326 -4,326	+8,000 -8,000
Total, Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund					
Office of Inspector General					
Audits, evaluations, and investigations(by transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund)	41,489 (8,778)	37,475 (8,718)	41,489 (8,778)		+4,014 (+60)
Buildings and Facilities					
Homeland security: Protection of EPA personnel and infrastructure	6,676 27,791	6,176 33,377	6,676 27,791		+500 -5,586
Total, Buildings and Facilities	34,467	39,553	34,467		-5,086

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Hazardous Substance Superfund					
· ·	0.770	0.740	. 770		
Audits, evaluations, and investigations	8,778	8,718	8,778		+60 +7
Compliance	995	988	995		
Enforcement	166,375 32,616	164,691 32,686	166,375		+1,684 -70
Homeland security		,	32,616		
Indoor air and radiation	1,985	1,972 1.319	1,985		+13
Information exchange / Outreach	1,328		1,328	**-	+9
IT /data management/security Legal/science/regulatory/economic review	14,485 1.253	18,906 577	14,485 1,253		-4,421 +676
Operations and administration	128,105	124,700	128.105		+3,405
	2,824	5.021	2,824		
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability Research: Sustainable communities	11,463	10.885	11.463		-2,197 +578
Research: Sustainable Communities	11,403	10,000	11,403	• • • •	+310
Superfund cleanup:					
Superfund: Emergency response and removal	181,306	181,306	181,306		
Superfund: Emergency preparedness	7,636	7,584	7,636		+52
Superfund: Federal facilities	21,125	20,982	21.125		+143
Superfund: Remedial	511,673	508,495	511,673		+3,178
Subtotal	721,740	718,367	721,740		+3,373
Total, Hazardous Substance Superfund	1,091,947	1,088,830	1,091,947		+3,117
(transfer out to Inspector General)	(-8,778)	(-8,718)	(-8,778)		(-60)
(transfer out to Science and Technology)	(-15,496)	(-17,398)	(-15,496)		(+1,902)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bil? vs Request
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund (LUST)					
Enforcement	620	589	620		+31
Operations and administration	1,352	1.331	1.352	•••	+21
Research: Sustainable communities,	320	320	320		
	020	020	320		
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST)	89.649	45.292	89.649		+44.357
(LUST/UST)	(9,240)	(6,452)	(9,240)		(+2,788)
(LUST cooperative agreements)	(55,040)	(38,840)	(55,040)		(+16,200)
(Energy Policy Act grants)	(25,369)		(25,369)	• • •	(+25,369)
					(120,000)
Total, Leaking Underground Storage Tank					
Trust Fund	91,941	47,532	91,941		+44,409
Inland Oil Spill Program					
Compliance	139		139		+139
Enforcement	2,413	2,219	2,413		+194
0il,	14,409	12,273	14,409		+2,136
Operations and administration	584	665	584		-81
Research: Sustainable communities	664	516	664		+148
Total, Inland Oil Spill Program	18,209	15,673	18,209		+2,536

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG)					
Alaska Native villages	20.000	3.000	25.000	+5.000	+22,000
Brownfields projects	80,000	62,000	87,000	+7.000	+25,000
Clean water state revolving fund (SRF)	1,393,887	1,393,887	1,394,000	+113	+113
Diesel emissions grants	75,000	10,000	87,000	+12.000	+77,000
Drinking water state revolving fund (SRF)	863,233	863,233	864,000	+767	+767
Mexico border	10,000		15.000	+5,000	+15,000
Targeted airshed grants	40.000		52,000	+12,000	+52.000
Water quality monitoring (P.L. 114-322)	4,000		4,000		+4,000
Subtotal, Infrastructure assistance grants	2,486,120	2,332,120	2,528,000	+41,880	+195,880
Categorical grants:					
Beaches protection	9.549		9,549		+9.549
Brownfields	47,745	31.791	47,745		+15.954
Environmental information	9.646	6.422	9,646		+3,224
Hazardous waste financial assistance	99.693	66,381	99,693		+33,312
Lead	14,049		14,049		+14,049
Nonpoint source (Sec. 319)	170,915		170,915	•••	+170.915
Pesticides enforcement	18,050	10.531	18,050	***	+7.519
Pesticides program implementation	12,701	8,457	12,701		+4.244
Pollution control (Sec. 106)	230.806	153,683	230,806		+77.123
(Water quality monitoring)	(17,848)	(11,884)	(17,848)		(+5,964)
Pollution prevention	4.765	(11,00+/	4,765		+4.765
Public water system supervision	101,963	67.892	101,963		+34,071
Radon	8,051	01,002	8,051		+8.051
State and local air quality management	228,219	151,961	228,219		+76,258

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bil?	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Toxic substances compliance Tribal air quality management Tribal general assistance program	4,919 12,829 65,476	3,276 8,963 44,233	4,919 12,829 65,476	 	+1,643 +3,866 +21,243
Underground injection control (UIC). Underground storage tanks Wetlands program development. Multipurpose grants	10,506 1,498 14,661 10,000	6,995  9,762 27,000	10,506 1,498 14,661 11,000	+1,000	+3,511 +1,498 +4,899 -16,000
Subtotal, Categorical grants	1,076,041	597,347	1,077,041	+1,000	+479,694
Total, State and Tribal Assistance Grants	3,562,161	2,929,467	3,605,041	+42,880	+675,574
Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program			-		
Administrative Expenses	5,000 5,000	3,000 17,000	5,000 5,000		+2,000 -12,000
Total, Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program	10,000	20,000	10,000		-10,000

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission	,	-220,460 ====================================	-139,078	-42,880	+81,382
TOTAL, TITLE II, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Appropriations	8,058,488 (8,207,336) (-148,848)	6,191,887 (6,412,347) (-220,460)	8,058,488 (8,269,017) (-210,529)	(+61,681) (-61,681)	+1,866,601 (+1,856,670) (+9,931)
(By transfer)(Transfer out)	(-24,274)	(26,116) (-26,116)	(24,274) (-24,274)		(-1,842) (+1,842)
TITLE III - RELATED AGENCIES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Under Secretary for Natural Resources and the Environment	875	875	875		
FOREST SERVICE					
Forest and Rangeland Research					
Forest inventory and analysis	77,000 220,000 	75,000 171,050 14,750	77,000 223,000	+3,000	+2,000 +51,950 -14,750

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Subtotal, Forest and Rangeland Research	297,000	260,800	300,000	+3,000	+39,200
Unobligated balances (rescission)		-2,000			+2,000
Total, Forest and rangeland research	297,000	258,800	300,000	+3,000	+41,200
State and Private Forestry					
Landscape scale restoration	14,000		14,000		+14,000
Forest Health Management: Federal lands forest health management Cooperative lands forest health management	55,500 41,000	51,495 34,376	56,000 42,000	+500 +1,000	+4,505 +7,624
Subtotal	96,500	85,871	98,000	+1 ,500	+12,129
Cooperative Fire Assistance: State fire assistance (National Fire Capacity) Volunteer fire assistance (Rural Fire Capacity)	80,000 16,000	65,930 11,020	81,000 17,000	+1,000 +1,000	+15,070 +5,980
Subtotal	96,000	76,950	98,000	+2,000	+21,050
Cooperative Forestry: Forest stewardship (Working Forest Lands) Forest legacy	20,500 67,025	19,475 	20,500 63,990	-3,035	+1,025 +63,990

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Community forest and open space conservation	4,000 28,500		4,000 29,500	+1,000	+4,000 +29,500
Subtotal	120,025	19,475	117,990	-2,035	+98,515
International forestry	9,000		9,000		+9,000
Subtotal, State and Private Forestry	335,525	182,296	336,990	+1,465	+154,694
Unobligated balances: Forest legacy (rescission) Unobligated balances (rescission)	-5,938 	-4,000 -6,000	-1,503 	+4,435	+2,497 +6,000
Subtotal	-5,938	-10,000	-1,503	+4,435	+8,497
General increase					
Total, State and Private Forestry	329,587	172,296	335,487	+5,900	+163,191
National Forest System					
Land management planning, assessment and monitoring.  Recreation, heritage and wilderness  Grazing management  Hazardous Fuels.  Forest products.  Vegetation and watershed management.  Wildlife and fish habitat management.  Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Fund	179,263 257,848 56,856 430,000 366,000 180,000 136,430 40,000	156,750 240,236 48,070 390,000 341,165 165,680 118,750	180,000 260,000 57,000 435,000 368,000 180,000 137,000 40,000	+737 +2,152 +144 +5,000 +2,000  +570	+23,250 +19,764 +8,930 +45,000 +26,835 +14,320 +18,250 +40,000

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Minerals and geology management	74.200	64.600	75,000	+800	+10 +00
Landownership management (Land Use Authorization and	11,200	04,000	75,000	+600	+10,400
Access)	74,000	65,550	75,000	+1,000	+9,450
Law enforcement operations	129,153	129,153	131,000	+1,847	+1,847
Total, National Forest System	1,923,750	1,719,954	1,938,000	+14,250	+218,046
Capital Improvement and Maintenance					
Facilities	151.000	11.162	148.000	-3,000	+136,838
Roads	218,000	71,481	218,000		+146,519
Trails,.	80,000	12,065	80,000		+67,935
Subtotal, Capital improvement and maintenance	449,000	94,708	446.000	-3,000	+351.292
		,	,	-,	
Deferral of road and trail fund payment	-15,000	-15,000	-15,000		
Total, Capital improvement and maintenance	434,000	79,708	431,000	-3,000	+351,292
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions	50,035		57,962	+7,927	+57.962
Acquisition Management	7,352		7,352		+7,352
Recreational Access	4,700		5,000	+300	+5,000

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Critical Inholdings/Wilderness	2,000		2,000		+2,000
Cash Equalization	250		250		+250
Subtotal	64,337		72,564	+8,227	+72,564
Unobligated balances (rescission)		-17,000			+17,000
Total, Land Acquisition	64,337	-17,000	72,564	+8,227	+89,564
Acquisition of land for national forests, special acts	850	700	700	-150	
Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges	192	150	150	-42	
Range betterment fund	2,065	1,700	1,700	-365	
research Management of national forest lands for subsistence	45	45	45		~
uses	2,500	1,850	2,500		+650
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire operations:					
Wildland fire preparedness	1,323,520	1,339,620	1,339,620	+16,100	
Wildland fire suppression operations	1,056,818	1,165,366	1,165,366	+108.548	
Additional suppression funding	500,000		500,000		+500,000
Subtotal, Fire operations	2,880,338	2,504,986	3,004,986	+124,648	+500,000
Subtotal, Wildland Fire Management	2.880.338	2.504.986	3.004.986	+124,648	+500,000

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rescission		-65,000			+65,000
Total, all wildland fire accounts	2,880,338	2,439,986	3,004,986	+124,648	+565,000
Total, Forest Service without Wildland Fire Management		2,218,203		+27,820	+863,943
TOTAL, FOREST SERVICE			6,087,132	+152,468 =========	+1,428,943
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE					
Indian Health Services					
Clinical Services: Hospital and health clinics Dental health	195,283 99,900 227,788 962,695	2,189,688 203,783 105,169 235,286 954,957	2,147,343 204,672 105,281 245,566 964,819 72,280	+102,215 +9,389 +5,381 +17,778 +2,124	-42,345 +889 +112 +10,280 +9,862 +72,280
Subtotal		3,688,883	3,739,961	+136,887	+51.078

Health education       19,871        20,568       +697       +20         Community health representatives       62,888        62       88        62       88        62       88       58        48       48       88        48       85       60       47       48,313       48,485       48,000       41       48,363       43,394       57,363       48,000       41	•••••	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Other services:       Urban Indian health       49,315       46,422       51,315       +2,000       +4         Indian health professions       49,363       43,394       57,363       +8,000       +13         Tribal management grant program       2,465        2,465        +2         Direct operations       72,338       73,431       71,538       -800       -1         Self-governance       5,806       4,787       5,806        +1         Subtotal       179,287       168,034       188,487       +9,200       +20	Public health nursingHealth education. Community health representativesImmunization (Alaska)	19,871 62,888 2,127	2,035	20,568 62,888 2,127	+697  	+2,136 +20,568 +62,888 +92
Subtotal	Other services: Urban Indian health	49,315 49,363 2,465 72,338	46,422 43,394  73,431	51,315 57,363 2,465 71,538	+2,000 +8,000	+85,684 +4,893 +13,969 +2,465 -1,893
	Subtotal	179,287	168,034	188,487		+1,019 +20,453 +157,215
Special Diabetes Program for Indians  Program costs (legislative proposal)			150,000			-150,000
Contract Support Costs  Contract support	••	717.970	822, 227	822.227	+104.257	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request		This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Indian Health Facilities					
Maintenance and improvement. Sanitation facilities construction. Health care facilities construction. Facilities and environmental health support. Equipment.	167,527 192,033 243,480 240,758 23,706	75,745 101,772 79,500 228,852 19,952	167,527 192,033 243,480 252,060 23,706	. +11,302	+91,782 +90,261 +163,980 +23,208 +3,754
Total, Indian Health Facilities		505,821	878,806	+11,302	+372,985
TOTAL, INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE	5,537,764	5,424,023 =======	5,804,223	+266,459	+380,200
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH					
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences  AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY	77,349	53,967	79,000	+1,651	+25,033
Toxic substances and environmental public health		62,000	74,691	 	+12,691
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	5,689,804	5,539,990	5,957,914	+268,110	+417.924 ========

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bil? vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES					
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT					
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	3,000	2,994	2,994	- 6	
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD					
Salaries and expenses	11,000	9,500	12,000	+1,000	+2,500
OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION					
Salaries and expenses	15,431	4,400	8,750	-6,681	+4,350
INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT					
Payment to the Institute	9,835	9,960	9,960	+125	
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION					
Salaries and Expenses					
Museum and Research Institutes: National Air and Space Museum	20,110 24,593	20,110 24,593	20,110 24,593		

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Majan asiantiffic instrumentati					
Major scientific instrumentation	4,118	4,118	4,118		
Universe Center	184	184	184		
National Museum of Natural History	49,789	49,789	49,789		
National Zoological Park	27,566	27,566	27,566		
Smithsonian Environmental Research Center	4,227	4,227	4,227		
Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute	14,486	14,486	14,486		
Biodiversity Center	1,543	1,543	1,543		
Arthur M. Sackler Gallery/Freer Gallery of Art	6,273	6,273	6,273		
Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage	3,084	3,184	3,184	+100	
Cooper-Hewitt, National Design Museum	5,061	5,086	5,086	+25	
Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden	4,687	4,544	4,544	-143	
National Museum of African Art	4,654	4,654	4,654		
World Cultures Center	792	792	792		
Anacostia Community Museum	2,355	2,405	2.405	+50	
Archives of American Art	1.933	1.933	1,933		
National Museum of African American History and	•		.,,		
Culture	33,079	33.079	33,079	**-	
National Museum of American History	26,504	26.704	26.704	+200	
National Museum of the American Indian	32.671	33,242	33.242	+571	
National Portrait Gallery	6.556	6.556	6,556		
Smithsonian American Art Museum	10,239	10,239	10,239		
American Experience Center	600	550	600		+50
					+30
Subtotal, Museums and Research Institutes	285,104	285,857	285,907	+803	+50
Mission enabling:					
Program support and outreach:					
Outreach	9,333	9,333	9,333		

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Communications	2,663	2,839	2,839	+176	
Institution-wide programs	16,784	14,784	16,784		+2,000
Office of Exhibits Central	3,154	3,169	3,169	+15	
Museum Support Center	1,906	1,906	1,906		
Museum Conservation Institute	3,359	3,359	3,359		
Smithsonian Institution Archives	2,408	2,423	2,423	+15	
Smithsonian Institution Libraries	11,273	11,373	11,373	+100	
Subtotal, Program support and outreach	50,880	49,186	51,186	+306	+2,000
Office of Chief Information Officer	51,967	52,509	52,509	+542	
Administration	36,314	36,405	36,405	+91	
Inspector General	3,538	3,538	3,538		
Facilities services:					
Facilities maintenance	77.045	82,045	79.545	+2.500	-2.500
Facilities operations, security and support	226,596	228,404	230,904	+4,308	+2,500
Subtotal, Facilities services	303,641	310,449	310,449	+6,808	
Subtotal, Mission enabling	446,340	452,087	454,087	+7,747	+2,000
Total, Salaries and expenses	731,444	737,944	739,994	+8,550	+2,050

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Facilities Capital					
Revitalization	281,603 20,300 10,000	202,500 17,000	286,503 17,000	+4,900 -3,300 -10,000	+84,003 
Total, Facilities Capital		219,500	303,503	-8,400	+84,003
TOYAL, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION		957,444 ========		+150 ========	+86,053
NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART					
Salaries and Expenses					
Care and utilization of art collections	46,368 35,854 26,558 33,010	44,954 35,091 27,283 31,396	48,871 36,154 26,958 32,219	+2,503 +300 +400 -791	+3,917 +1,063 -325 +823
Total, Salaries and Expenses	141,790	138,724	144,202	+2,412	+5,478

	FY 2018 Enacted		This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	
Repair, Restoration and Renovation of <b>B</b> uildings					
Base program	24,203	8,176	24,203	 	+16,027
TOTAL, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART		146,900		+2,412 =========	+21,505 =========
JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS					
Operations and maintenance	16,775	24,490 13,000	16,800	+750 +25 =======	+3,800
TOTAL, JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS	40,515	37,490 	41,290	+775 ========	-,
WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS					
Salaries and expenses	12,000	7,474	12,000		+4,526

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES					
National Endowment for the Arts					
Grants and Administration					
Grants:					
Direct grants	64,819		66,110	+1,291	+66,110
Challenge America grants	7,600		7,600		+7,600
Subtotal	72,419		73,710	+1,291	+73,710
State partnerships:					
State and regional	37,996		38,673	+677	+38,673
Underserved set-aside	10,284		10,467	+183	+10,467
Subtotal	48,280		49,140	+860	+49,140
Subtotal, Grants	120,699		122,850	+2,151	+122,850
Program support	1,950		1,950		+1,950
Administration	•	28,949	30,200		+1,251
Total, Arts	152,849	28,949	155,000	+2,151	+126,051

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Endowment for the Humanities					
Grants and Administration					
Grants:					
Federal/State partnership	47,200		48,000	+800	+48.000
Preservation and access	19,000		19,000		+19.000
Public programs	14,000		13,500	-500	+13,500
Research programs	15,000		14,500	-500	+14,500
Education programs	12,750		12,250	-500	+12.250
Program development	850		1,200	+350	+1.200
Digital humanities initiatives	4,600		4,600		+4,600
Subtotal, Grants	113,400		113,050	-350	+113,050
Matching Grants:					
Treasury funds	2.200		2.000	- 200	+2.000
Challenge grants	9,100	13.537	11,250	+2.150	+2,000 -2,287
	•		11,200	.2,100	-2,201
Subtotal, Matching grants	11,300	13,537	13,250	+1,950	- 287
Administration	28,148	28,770	28,700	+552	-70
Total, Humanities	152,848	42,307	155,000	+2,152	+112,693
•	.======================================		=========	=======================================	
TOTAL MATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE					
TOTAL, NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES	305,697	71,256	310,000	+4,303	+238,744
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	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS					
Salaries and expenses	2,762	2,771	2,771	+9	
NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS					
Grants	2,750		2,750		+2,750
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION					
Salaries and expenses:	6,400	6,440	6,890	+490	+450
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	8,099	7,948	8,099		+151
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM					
Holocaust Memorial Museum	59,000	56,602	59,000		+2,398
DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	1,800	1,800	1,800		

•••••	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Construction	, .	30,000		-45,000	-30,000
Total, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION.		31,800	1,800	-45,000	-30,000
WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CENTENNIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	1,000		1,000		+1,000
WORLD WAR I CENTENNIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	7,000	6,000	7,000		+1,000
TOTAL, TITLE III, RELATED AGENCIESAppropriationsRescissionsEmergency appropriations	(13,371,910) (-5,938)	11,558,033 (11,652,033) (-94,000)	13,744,127 (13,745,630) (-1,503)	+378,155 (+373,720) (+4,435) 	+2,186,094 (+2,093,597) (+92,497)
TITLE IV - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Treatment of certain hospitals			791,000	-8,000 +25,000	+791,000
TOTAL, TITLE IV, GENERAL PROVISIONS	774,000		791,000	+17,000	+791,000

Enacted	Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
184,500 342,000			-184,500 -342,000	
526,500			-526,500	
50,000	 ==========		-50,000 ========	
576,500			-576,500	
	184,500 342,000 526,500	184,500 342,000 526,500	184,500 342,000 526,500	184,500184,500 342,000342,000 526,500526,500

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
FURTHER ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF ACT, 2018 (P.L. 115-123)					
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
United States Fish and Wildlife Service					
Construction (emergency)	210,629			-210,629	
National Park Service					
Historic Preservation Fund (emergency)	50,000 207,600			-50,000 -207,600	
Total, National Park Service	257,600			-257,600	
United States Geological Survey					
Surveys, Investigations, and Research (emergency)	42,246			-42,246	
Departmental Offices					
Insular Affairs:					
Assistance to Territories (emergency)	3,000			-3,000	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Inspector General (emergency)	2,500			-2,500	
Total, Departmental Offices	5,500			-5,500	
Total, Department of the Interior	515,975			-515,975	
Environmental Protection Agency					
Hazardous Substance Superfund (emergency) Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund	6,200			-6,200	
(emergency) State and Tribal Assistance Grants (emergency)	7,000 50,000			-7,000 -50,000	
Total, Environmental Protection Agency	63,200			-63,200	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Farest Service					
State and Private Forestry (emergency) National Forest System (emergency)	7,500 20,652			-7,500 -20,652	

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Capital Improvement and Maintenance (emergency)	91,600		*	-91,600	
Total, Department of Agriculture	119,752			-119,752	
Total, Further Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief, 2018	698,927			-698,927	*
TOTAL, OTHER APPROPRIATIONS	1,275,427			-1,275,427	
GRAND TOTAL	(35,476,506) (-162,786)	28,338,610 (28,735,042) (-368,292) (-28,140)	35,613,720 (35,851,552) (-237,832)	-975,427 (+375,046) (-75,046)  (-1,275,427)	
(By transfer)(Transfer out)		(26,116) (-26,116)			(-1,842) (+1,842)
(Discretionary total)	(35,252,000)	(28,276,890)	(35,552,000)	(+300,000)	(+7,275,110)