Union Calendar No.

115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.4257

[Report No. 115-]

To maximize land management efficiencies, promote land conservation, generate education funding, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 6, 2017

Mr. Stewart (for himself and Mr. Polis) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

APRIL --, 2018

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on November 6, 2017]

A BILL

To maximize land management efficiencies, promote land conservation, generate education funding, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Advancing Conservation
5	and Education Act".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	Congress finds that—
8	(1) at statehood, Congress granted each of the
9	western States land to be held in trust by the States
10	and used for the support of public schools and other
11	public institutions;
12	(2) since the statehood land grants, Congress and
13	the executive branch have created multiple Federal
14	conservation areas on Federal land within the west-
15	ern States, including National Parks, National Monu-
16	ments, national conservation areas, national grass-
17	land, components of the National Wilderness Preser-
18	vation System, wilderness study areas, and national
19	wildlife refuges;
20	(3) since statehood land grant land owned by the
21	western States are typically scattered across the pub-
22	lic land, creation of Federal conservation areas often
23	include State land grant parcels with substantially
24	different management mandates, making land and re-
25	source management more difficult, expensive, and

1	controversial for both Federal land managers and the
2	western States; and
3	(4) allowing the western States to relinquish
4	State trust land within Federal conservation areas
5	and to select replacement land from the public land
6	within the respective western States, would—
7	(A) enhance management of Federal con-
8	servation areas by allowing unified management
9	of those areas; and
10	(B) increase revenue from the statehood
11	land grants for the support of public schools and
12	other worthy public purposes.
13	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
14	In this Act:
15	(1) Application.—The term "application"
16	means an application for State relinquishment and
17	selection of land made under this Act in accordance
18	with section 5.
19	(2) Eligible Area.—The term "eligible area"
20	means land within the outer boundary of—
21	(A) a unit of the National Park System;
22	(B) a component of the National Wilderness
23	Preservation System;
24	(C) a unit of the National Wildlife Refuge

1	(D) a unit of the National Landscape Con-
2	servation System;
3	(E) an area determined by the Bureau of
4	Land Management, through an inventory carried
5	out in accordance with FLPMA, to have wilder-
6	ness characteristics—
7	(i) as of the date of enactment of this
8	Act; or
9	(ii) in a land use plan finalized under
10	FLPMA;
11	(F) National Forest System land and public
12	land administered by the Bureau of Land Man-
13	agement that has been designated as a national
14	monument, national volcanic monument, na-
15	tional recreation area, national scenic area,
16	inventoried roadless area, unit of the Wild and
17	Scenic Rivers System, wilderness study area, or
18	Land Use Designation II (as described by section
19	508 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Con-
20	servation Act (Public Law 101-626; 104 Stat.
21	4428)); or
22	(G) a sentinel landscape designated by the
23	Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of De-
24	fense, and the Secretary of the Interior.

1	(3) FLPMA.—The term "FLPMA" means the
2	Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976
3	(43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
4	(4) Priority area.—The term "priority area"
5	means land within the outer boundary of any—
6	(A) National Monument;
7	(B) national conservation area managed by
8	the Bureau of Land Management;
9	(C) component of the National Wilderness
10	Preservation System; or
11	(D) unit of the National Park System.
12	(5) Public Land.—
13	(A) In General.—The term "public land"
14	has the meaning given the term "public lands"
15	in section 103 of FLPMA (43 U.S.C. 1702).
16	(B) Exclusions.—The term "public land"
17	does not include Federal land that—
18	(i) is within an eligible area;
19	(ii) is within an area of critical envi-
20	ronmental concern established pursuant to
21	section $202(c)(3)$ of FLPMA (43 U.S.C.
22	1712(c)(3));
23	(iii) is within an area withdrawn or
24	reserved by an Act of Congress, the Presi-
25	dent, or public land order for a particular

1	public purpose or program, including for
2	the conservation of natural resources;
3	(iv) has been acquired using funds
4	from the Land and Water Conservation
5	Fund established under section 200302 of
6	title 54, United States Code;
7	(v) is within the boundary of an In-
8	dian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria; or
9	(vi) is within a special recreation
10	management area.
11	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
12	the Secretary of the Interior.
13	(7) State land grant parcel.—The term
14	"State land grant parcel" means—
15	(A) any land granted to a western State by
16	Congress through a statehood or territorial land
17	grant for the support of public education or other
18	public institutions, or subsequently acquired by
19	the western State for that purpose; or
20	(B) land granted to the State of Alaska
21	under subsections (a), (b), and (k) of section 6 of
22	the Act of July 7, 1958 (commonly known as the
23	"Alaska Statehood Act") (48 U.S.C. note prec.
24	21; Public Law 85–508).

1	(8) Traditional cultural property.—The
2	term "traditional cultural property" has the meaning
3	given the term—
4	(A) "historic property" in section 800.16 of
5	title 36, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect
6	on the date of enactment of this Act); or
7	(B) "sacred site" in section 1(b) of Execu-
8	tive Order 13007 (42 U.S.C. 1996 note; relating
9	to Indian sacred sites).
10	(9) Water right.—The term "water right"
11	means any right in or to groundwater, surface water,
12	or effluent under Federal, State, or other law.
13	(10) Western state.—The term "western
14	State" means any of the States of Alaska, Arizona,
15	California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico,
16	North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Wash-
17	ington, and Wyoming.
18	SEC. 4. RELINQUISHMENT OF STATE LAND GRANT PARCELS
19	AND SELECTION OF REPLACEMENT LAND.
20	(a) Authority To Select.—In accordance with this
21	Act and in order to facilitate the fulfillment of the mandates
22	of State land grant parcels and Federal land described in
23	subparagraphs (A) through (G) of section 3(2), on approval
24	by the Secretary of an application under section 5, a west-
25	ern State may relinquish to the United States State land

1	grant parcels wholly or primarily within eligible areas and
2	select in exchange public land within the western State.
3	(b) VALID EXISTING RIGHTS.—Land conveyed under
4	this Act shall be subject to valid existing rights.
5	(c) Management After Relinquishment.—Any
6	portion of a State land grant parcel acquired by the United
7	States under this Act that is located within an eligible area
8	shall—
9	(1) be incorporated in, and be managed as part
10	of, the applicable unit described in subparagraphs (A)
11	through (G) of section 3(2) in which the land is lo-
12	cated without further action by the Secretary with ju-
13	risdiction over the unit; and
14	(2) if located within the National Forest System,
15	be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture in ac-
16	cordance with—
17	(A) the Act of March 1, 1911 (commonly
18	known as the "Weeks Law") (16 U.S.C. 552 et
19	seq.); and
20	(B) any laws (including regulations) appli-
21	cable to the National Forest System and the unit
22	of the National Forest System in which the land
23	$is\ located.$
24	(d) Limitation.—

1	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
2	graphs (2) and (3), until a western State has relin-
3	quished and conveyed to the United States substan-
4	tially all of the State land grant parcels located in
5	priority areas in the western State, the western State
6	may not apply to relinquish State land grant parcels
7	in other eligible areas in the western State.
8	(2) Exception.—The Secretary may waive the
9	limitation in paragraph (1) on a determination that
10	the relinquishment and conveyance to the United
11	States of substantially all State land grant parcels lo-
12	cated in priority areas in the western State is im-
13	practical or infeasible.
14	(3) Other state land grant parcels.—The
15	Secretary may accept an application from a western
16	State to relinquish State land grant parcels within
17	an eligible area in the western State if—
18	(A) the application is limited to relin-
19	quishing one or more State land grant parcels
20	within a single eligible area;
21	(B) the western State submitting the appli-
22	cation is, as determined by the Secretary, mak-
23	ing substantial progress in relinquishing State
24	land grant parcels within priority areas in the
25	western State; and

1	(C) the Secretary has not accepted any
2	other applications from the western State under
3	this paragraph during the 5-year period ending
4	on the date of the application.
5	SEC. 5. PROCESS.
6	(a) Process for Application.—
7	(1) In general.—Not later than 540 days after
8	the date of the enactment of this Act and in accord-
9	ance with this section, the Secretary shall promulgate
10	regulations establishing a process by which the west-
11	ern States may request the relinquishment of State
12	land grant parcels wholly or partially within eligible
13	areas and select public land in exchange for the State
14	land grant parcels.
15	(2) Timing.—Except as provided in section 8(c),
16	the process established by the Secretary under this sec-
17	tion shall ensure that the relinquishment of State
18	land grant parcels and the conveyance of public land
19	$is\ concurrent.$
20	(b) Public Notice.—Prior to accepting or conveying
21	any land under this Act, the Secretary shall provide public
22	notice and an opportunity to comment on the proposed con-
23	veyances between the western State and the United States.
24	(c) Environmental Analysis.—

1	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise provided
2	in this subsection, the Secretary shall acquire State
3	land grant parcels and convey public land under this
4	Act in accordance with—
5	(A) the National Environmental Policy Act
6	of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.); and
7	(B) other applicable laws.
8	(2) Environmental assessment or environ-
9	MENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.—In preparing an envi-
10	ronmental assessment or environmental impact state-
11	ment pursuant to section 102(2) of the National En-
12	vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2))
13	for the acquisition of State land grant parcels and the
14	conveyance of public land under this Act, if the west-
15	ern State has indicated an unwillingness to consider
16	State land grant parcels for relinquishment or public
17	land for acquisition (other than the State land grant
18	parcels and public land described in the proposed
19	agency action), the Secretary is not required to study,
20	develop, and describe more than—
21	(A) the proposed agency action; and
22	(B) the alternative of no action.
23	(d) Agreements With States.—
24	(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized to
25	enter into agreements with any of the western States

1	to facilitate processing of applications and convey-
2	ance of selected land.
3	(2) AGREEMENT.—On completion of a preappli-
4	cation process that includes identification of land to
5	be conveyed, the Secretary and the western State may
6	enter into a nonbinding agreement that includes—
7	(A) a time schedule for completing the con-
8	veyances;
9	(B) an assignment of responsibility for per-
10	formance of required functions and for costs as-
11	sociated with processing the conveyances; and
12	(C) a statement specifying whether assump-
13	tion of costs will be allowed pursuant to section
14	8(d).
15	(e) Approval or Rejection.—The Secretary—
16	(1) shall issue a final determination on an ap-
17	plication not later than 3 years after the date a west-
18	ern State submits that application to the Secretary;
19	(2) may approve an application in whole or in
20	part, or as modified by the Secretary as necessary to
21	balance the equities of the States and interest of the
22	public;
23	(3) shall not accept an application under this
24	Act for selection of any parcel of public land that in
25	the judgment of the Secretary—

1	(A) is not reasonably compact and consoli-
2	dated;
3	(B) will create significant management con-
4	flicts with respect to the management of adjacent
5	$Federal\ land;$
6	(C) will significantly adversely affect public
7	use of a recreation site or recreation area eligible
8	for the collection of recreation fees under the Fed-
9	eral Lands Recreation Enhancement Act (16
10	U.S.C. 6801 et seq.) or other authority;
11	(D) will significantly adversely affect public
12	access, hunting, fishing, recreational shooting,
13	outdoor recreation, or result in adverse impacts
14	to critical fish and wildlife habitat; or
15	(E) is not in the public interest, as deter-
16	mined under 43 Code of Federal Regulations
17	2200.0-6(b), as in effect on the date of enactment
18	$of\ this\ Act;$
19	(4) shall not accept any State land grant parcels
20	that, in the judgment of the Secretary, are not suit-
21	able for inclusion in the applicable unit described in
22	subparagraphs (A) $through$ (G) of $section$ 3(2) in
23	which the land is located:

1	(5) shall, prior to approving an application,
2	consult with the head of any Federal agency with ju-
3	risdiction over Federal land—
4	(A) within which a western State proposes
5	to relinquish a State land grant parcel; or
6	(B) that is adjacent to public land proposed
7	for conveyance to a western State;
8	(6) shall, prior to approving an application—
9	(A) consult, in accordance with Federal
10	law, with any Indian tribe affected by the subject
11	of the application, including any Indian tribe
12	that notifies the Secretary that there is tradi-
13	tional cultural property located within the pub-
14	lic land proposed for conveyance to the western
15	State; and
16	(B) if the Secretary determines that tradi-
17	tional cultural property is located within the
18	public land proposed for conveyance to the west-
19	ern State, consider the extent to which protection
20	would be available for the traditional cultural
21	property after conveyance of the public land to
22	the western State, including terms or conditions
23	that the Secretary, with the agreement of the
24	western State, may impose on the conveyance of
25	the public land to the western State;

1	(7) may reject an application in whole or in
2	part if the Secretary, after consideration of available
3	protection for traditional cultural property located
4	within the public land proposed for conveyance to the
5	western State pursuant to paragraph (6)(B), deter-
6	mines that insufficient protection would be available
7	for the traditional cultural property after conveyance
8	of the public land to the western State;
9	(8) shall, for applications by a western State for
10	the conveyance of a parcel of public land that will re-
11	sult in significantly diminished public access to adja-
12	cent Federal land—
13	(A) reject that portion of the application; or
14	(B) reserve a right-of-way through the pub-
15	lic land to be conveyed ensuring continued pub-
16	lic access to adjacent Federal land; and
17	(9) shall convey any public land approved for se-
18	lection not later than 1 year after entering into a
19	final agreement between the Secretary and the west-
20	ern State on the land to be conveyed, subject to such
21	other terms and conditions as may be appropriate.
22	(f) Costs.—
23	(1) In General.—All costs of conveyances under
24	this Act, including appraisals, surveys, and related

1	costs, shall be paid equally by the Secretary and the
2	western State.
3	(2) Allocation.—The Federal agency that re-
4	ceives State land in a conveyance under this Act shall
5	assume the Federal share of administrative costs, in-
6	cluding appraisals, surveys, and related costs, unless
7	otherwise agreed to by the heads of the respective
8	agencies.
9	(g) Conveyance by Western State.—
10	(1) In General.—The conveyance of any State
11	land grant parcel under this Act shall—
12	(A) be by patent or deed acceptable to the
13	Secretary; and
14	(B) not be considered an exchange or acqui-
15	sition for purposes of sections 205 and 206 of
16	FLPMA (43 U.S.C. 1715, 1716).
17	(2) Concurrence.—The Secretary of Agri-
18	culture shall concur in any determination to accept
19	the conveyance of a State land grant parcel within
20	the boundaries of any unit of the National Forest
21	System.
22	(h) Conveyance by United States.—The convey-
23	ance of public land by the United States shall—

1	(1) not be considered a sale, exchange, or convey-
2	ance under section 203, 206, or 209 of FLPMA (43
3	U.S.C. 1713, 1716, and 1719); and
4	(2) include such terms or conditions as the Sec-
5	retary may require.
6	SEC. 6. MINERAL LAND.
7	(a) Selection and Conveyance.—
8	(1) In general.—Subject to this Act, a western
9	State may select, and the Secretary may convey, land
10	that is mineral in character under this Act.
11	(2) Exclusion.—A western State may not se-
12	lect, and the Secretary may not convey land that in-
13	cludes only—
14	(A) a portion of a mineral lease or permit;
15	(B) the Federal mineral estate, unless the
16	United States does not own the associated sur-
17	face estate; or
18	(C) the Federal surface estate, unless the
19	United States does not own the associated min-
20	$eral\ estate.$
21	(b) Mining Claims.—
22	(1) Mining claims unaffected.—Nothing in
23	this Act alters, diminishes, or expands the existing
24	rights of a mining claimant under applicable law.

1	(2) Validity exams.—Nothing in this Act re-
2	quires the United States to carry out a mineral exam-
3	ination for any mining claim located on public land
4	to be conveyed under this Act.
5	(3) Withdrawal.—Public land selected by a
6	western State for acquisition under this Act is with-
7	drawn, subject to valid existing rights, from location,
8	entry, and patent under the mining laws until that
9	date on which—
10	(A) the land is conveyed by the Federal
11	Government to the western State;
12	(B) the Secretary makes a final determina-
13	tion not accepting the selection of the land; or
14	(C) the western State withdraws the selec-
15	tion of the land.
16	SEC. 7. CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER LAWS.
17	(a) Consideration.—In the application of laws, reg-
18	ulations, and policies relating to selections made under this
19	Act, the Secretary shall consider the equities of the western
20	States and the interest of the public.
21	(b) Land Use Plan.—The Secretary may approve an
22	application submitted in accordance with this Act even if—
23	(1) the selected public land is not otherwise iden-
24	tified for disposal; or

1	(2) the land to be acquired is not identified to
2	be acquired in the applicable land use plan.
3	SEC. 8. VALUATION.
4	(a) Equal Value.—
5	(1) In general.—The overall value of the State
6	land grant parcels and the public land to be conveyed
7	shall be—
8	(A) equal; or
9	(B) if the value is not equal—
10	(i) equalized by the payment of funds
11	to the western State or to the Secretary as
12	the circumstances require; or
13	(ii) reflected on the balance of a ledger
14	account established under subsection (c).
15	(2) Appraisal required.—Except as provided
16	in subsection (b), the Secretary shall determine the
17	value of a State land grant parcel and public land
18	through an appraisal completed in accordance with—
19	(A) the Uniform Appraisal Standards for
20	Federal Land Acquisitions; and
21	(B) the Uniform Standards for Professional
22	Appraisal Practice.
23	(3) Equalization.—For each transaction, an
24	equalization payment described in paragraph
25	(1)(B)(i) or a ledger entry described in paragraph

l	(1)(B)(ii) may not exceed 25 percent of the total value
2	of the land or interest transferred out of Federal own-
3	ership.
4	(b) Low Value Parcels.—
5	(1) Valuation.—The Secretary may, with the
6	consent of a western State, use a summary appraisal
7	or statement of value made by a qualified appraise
8	carried out in accordance with the Uniform Stand-
9	ards for Professional Appraisal Practice instead of an
10	appraisal that complies with the Uniform Appraisal
11	Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions if the west-
12	ern State and the Secretary agree that the market
13	value of a State land grant parcel or a parcel of pub-
14	lic land is—
15	(A) less than \$500,000; and
16	(B) less than \$500 per acre.
17	(2) Division.—A State land grant parcel or a
18	parcel of public land may not be artificially divided
19	in order to qualify for a summary appraisal or state-
20	ment of value under paragraph (1).
21	(c) Ledger Accounts.—
22	(1) In General.—The Secretary and any west-
23	ern State may agree to use a ledger account to make
24	equal the value of land relinquished by the western

1	State and conveyed by the United States to the west-
2	ern State under this Act.
3	(2) Imbalances.—A ledger account described in
4	paragraph (1) shall reflect imbalances in value to be
5	reconciled in a subsequent transaction.
6	(3) Account Balancing.—Each ledger account
7	shall be—
8	(A) balanced not later than 3 years after
9	the date on which the ledger account is estab-
10	lished; and
11	(B) closed not later than 5 years after the
12	date of the last conveyance of land under this
13	Act.
14	(d) Costs.—
15	(1) In general.—The Secretary or the western
16	State may assume costs or other responsibilities or re-
17	quirements for conveying land under this Act that or-
18	dinarily are borne by the other party.
19	(2) Adjustment.—If the Secretary assumes
20	costs or other responsibilities under paragraph (1),
21	the Secretary shall make adjustments to the value of
22	the public land conveyed to the western State to com-
23	pensate the Secretary for assuming the costs or other
24	responsibilities.

1	(e) Adjustment.—If value is attributed to any parcel
2	of public land that has been selected by a western State
3	because of the presence of minerals under a lease entered
4	into under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.)
5	that is in a producing or producible status, and the lease
6	is to be conveyed under this Act, the value of the parcel
7	shall be reduced by the amount that represents the likely
8	Federal revenue sharing obligation under that Act, but the
9	adjustment shall not be considered as reflecting a property
10	right of the western State.
11	SEC. 9. MISCELLANEOUS.
12	(a) Hazardous Materials.—
13	(1) In General.—The Secretary and the west-
14	ern States shall make available for review and inspec-
15	tion any record relating to hazardous materials on
16	land to be conveyed under this Act.
17	(2) Certification.—The Secretary and the
18	western State shall each complete an inspection and
19	a hazardous materials certification of land to be con-
20	veyed under this Act before the completion of the con-
21	veyance.
22	(b) Water Rights.—
23	(1) State-held appurtenant water
24	RIGHTS.—Any conveyance of a State land grant par-
25	cel under this Act may include the conveyance of

1	State-neld water rights appurtenant to the land con-
2	veyed in accordance with applicable law.
3	(2) Federally held appurtenant water
4	RIGHTS.—Any conveyance of public land under this
5	Act may include the conveyance of federally held
6	water rights appurtenant to the land conveyed in ac-
7	cordance with applicable Federal and State law.
8	(3) Effect.—Nothing in this Act—
9	(A) creates an implied or expressed Federal
10	reserved water right;
11	(B) affects a valid existing water right; or
12	(C) affects the use of water conveyance in-
13	frastructure associated with a water right de-
14	scribed in subparagraph (B).
15	(c) Grazing Permits.—
16	(1) In General.—If land conveyed under this
17	Act is subject to a lease, permit, or contract for the
18	grazing of domestic livestock in effect on the date of
19	the conveyance, the Secretary (or the Secretary of Ag-
20	riculture for land located within the National Forest
21	System) and the western State shall allow the grazing
22	to continue for the remainder of the term of the lease,
23	permit, or contract, subject to the related terms and
24	conditions of user agreements, including permitted

1	stocking rates, grazing fee levels, access, and owner-
2	ship and use of range improvements.
3	(2) Renewal.—On expiration of any grazing
4	lease, permit, or contract described in paragraph (1),
5	the party that has jurisdiction over the land on the
6	date of expiration may elect to renew the lease, per-
7	mit, or contract if permitted under applicable law.
8	(3) Cancellation.—
9	(A) In General.—Nothing in this Act pre-
10	vents the Secretary (or the Secretary of Agri-
11	culture for land located within the National For-
12	est System) or the western State from canceling
13	or modifying a grazing permit, lease, or contract
14	if the land subject to the permit, lease, or con-
15	tract is sold, conveyed, transferred, or leased for
16	nongrazing purposes.
17	(B) Limitation.—Except to the extent rea-
18	sonably necessary to accommodate surface oper-
19	ations in support of mineral development, the
20	Secretary (or the Secretary of Agriculture for
21	land located within the National Forest System)
22	or the western State shall not cancel or modify
23	a grazing permit, lease, or contract for land con-

veyed pursuant to this Act because the land sub-

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1	ject to the permit, lease, or contract has been
2	leased for mineral development.
3	(4) Base properties.—If land conveyed by the
4	western State under this Act is used by a grazing per-
5	mittee or lessee to meet the base property require-
6	ments for a Federal grazing permit or lease, the land
7	shall continue to qualify as a base property for the
8	remaining term of the lease or permit and the term
9	of any renewal or extension of the lease or permit.
10	(5) Range improvements.—Nothing in this Act
11	prohibits a holder of a grazing lease, permit, or con-
12	tract from being compensated for range improvements
13	pursuant to the terms of the lease, permit, or contract
14	under existing Federal or State laws.
15	(d) Road Rights-of-Ways.—
16	(1) In General.—If land conveyed under this
17	Act is subject to a road lease, road right-of-way, road
18	easement, or other valid existing right in effect on the
19	date of the conveyance, the Secretary (or the Secretary
20	of Agriculture for land located within the National
21	Forest System) and the western State shall allow the

lease, right-of-way, easement, or other valid existing

right to continue for the remainder of the term of the

lease, right-of-way, easement, or other valid existing

right, subject to the applicable terms and conditions

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1	of the lease, right-of-way, easement, or other valid ex-
2	isting right.
3	(2) Renewal.—On expiration of any road lease,
4	road right-of-way, road easement, or other valid exist-
5	ing right described in paragraph (1), the party that
6	has jurisdiction over the land on the date of expira-
7	tion may elect to renew the lease, right-of-way, ease-
8	ment, or other valid existing right if permitted under
9	$applicable\ law.$
10	(e) Protection of Indian Rights.—
11	(1) Treaty rights.—Nothing in this Act alters
12	or diminishes the treaty rights of any Indian tribe.
13	(2) Land Held in trust.—Nothing in this Act
14	affects—
15	(A) land held in trust by the Secretary for
16	any Indian tribe; or
17	(B) any individual Indian allotment.
18	(3) Effect.—Nothing in this Act alters, dimin-
19	ishes, or enlarges the application of—
20	(A) division A of subtitle III of title 54,
21	United States Code (formerly known as the "Na-
22	tional Historic Preservation Act" (16 U.S.C. 470
23	$et \ seq.));$
24	(B) the Native American Graves Protection
25	and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.);

(C) Public Law 95–341 (commonly known
as the "American Indian Religious Freedom
Act") (42 U.S.C. 1996);
(D) chapter 3125 of title 54, United States
$Code;\ or$
(E) the Archaeological Resources Protection
Act of 1979 (16 U.S.C. 470aa et seq.).
SEC. 10. EFFECT.
Nothing in this Act repeals or limits, expressly or by
implication, any authority in existence on the date of enact-
ment of this Act for the selection or exchange of land.
SEC. 11. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.
(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the provi-
sions of this Act shall cease to be effective with regard to
any State land grant parcel located within an eligible area
for which an application has not been filed by the date that
is 20 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(b) New Eligible Areas.—If the application de-
scribed in subsection (a) is for a State land grant parcel
that is located within an eligible area established after the
date of enactment of this Act, the provisions of this Act shall
remain effective for 20 years after the date on which the
new eligible area is established.