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[Report No. 115-]

To require the Secretary of the Treasury to place conditions on certain accounts at United States financial institutions with respect to North Korea, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 2, 2017

Mr. BARR (for himself, Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, Ms. MOORE, Mr. PERL-MUTTER, Mr. HILL, and Mr. VARGAS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

October --, 2017

Reported with amendments, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on October 2, 2017]

A BILL

To require the Secretary of the Treasury to place conditions on certain accounts at United States financial institutions with respect to North Korea, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-1 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 4 This Act may be cited as the "Impeding North Korea's" 5 Access to Finance Act of 2017". 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS. 7 The Congress finds the following: 8 (1) On June 1, 2016, the Department of the 9 Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network announced a Notice of Finding that the Democratic

8 (1) On June 1, 2016, the Department of the 9 Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network 10 announced a Notice of Finding that the Democratic 11 People's Republic of Korea is a jurisdiction of pri-12 mary money laundering concern due to its use of 13 state-controlled financial institutions and front com-14 panies to support the proliferation and development 15 of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) and ballistic 16 missiles.

17 (2) The Financial Action Task Force (FATF) 18 has expressed serious concerns with the threat posed 19 by North Korea's proliferation and financing of 20 WMD, and has called on FATF members to apply ef-21 fective counter-measures to protect their financial sec-22 tors from North Korean money laundering, WMD 23 proliferation financing, and the financing of ter-24 rorism.

1	(3) In its February 2017 report, the U.N. Panel
2	of Experts concluded that—
3	(A) North Korea continued to access the
4	international financial system in support of il-
5	licit activities despite sanctions imposed by U.N.
6	Security Council Resolutions 2270 (2016) and
7	2321 (2016);
8	(B) during the reporting period, no member
9	state had reported taking actions to freeze North
10	Korean assets; and
11	(C) sanctions evasion by North Korea, com-
12	bined with inadequate compliance by member
13	states, had significantly negated the impact of
14	U.N. Security Council resolutions.
15	(4) In its September 2017 report, the U.N. Panel
16	of Experts found that—
17	(A) North Korea continued to violate finan-
18	cial sanctions by using agents acting abroad on
19	the country's behalf;
20	(B) foreign financial institutions provided
21	correspondent banking services to North Korean
22	persons and front companies for illicit purposes;
23	(C) foreign companies violated sanctions by
24	maintaining links with North Korean financial
25	institutions; and

1	(D) North Korea generated at least $$270$
2	million during the reporting period through the
3	violation of sectoral sanctions.
4	(5) North Korean entities engage in significant
5	financial transactions through foreign bank accounts
6	that are maintained by non-North Korean nationals,
7	thereby masking account users' identity in order to
8	access financial services.
9	(6) North Korea's sixth nuclear test on Sep-
10	tember 3, 2017, demonstrated an estimated explosive
11	power more than 100 times greater than that gen-
12	erated by its first nuclear test in 2006.
13	(7) North Korea has successfully tested sub-
14	marine-launched and intercontinental ballistic mis-
15	siles, and is rapidly progressing in its development of
16	a nuclear-armed missile that is capable of reaching
17	United States territory.
18	SEC. 3. CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN AC-
19	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED
20	STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
21	(a) Correspondent and Payable-Through AC-
22	COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after
24	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
25	the Treasury shall prescribe regulations to prohibit,

1	or impose strict conditions on, the opening or main-
2	taining in the United States of a correspondent ac-
3	count or a payable-through account by a foreign fi-
4	nancial institution that the Secretary finds know-
5	ingly facilitates a significant transaction or trans-
6	actions or provides significant financial services for a
7	covered person.
8	(2) Penalties.—
9	(A) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person who violates,
10	attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes
11	a violation of regulations prescribed under this
12	subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty in
13	an amount not to exceed the greater of—
14	(i) \$250,000; or
15	(ii) an amount that is twice the
16	amount of the transaction that is the basis
17	of the violation with respect to which the
18	penalty is imposed.
19	(B) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—A person who
20	willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit,
21	or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets
22	in the commission of, a violation of regulations
23	prescribed under this subsection shall, upon con-
24	viction, be fined not more than \$1,000,000, or if

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1	a natural person, may be imprisoned for not
2	more than 20 years, or both.
3	(b) Restrictions on Certain Transactions by
4	United States Financial Institutions.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after
6	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
7	the Treasury shall prescribe regulations to prohibit a
8	United States financial institution, and any person
9	owned or controlled by a United States financial in-
10	stitution, from knowingly engaging in a significant
11	transaction or transactions with or benefitting any
12	person that the Secretary finds to be a covered person.
13	(2) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person who violates, at-
14	tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a vio-
15	lation of regulations prescribed under this subsection
16	shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount not
17	to exceed the greater of—
18	(A) \$250,000; or
19	(B) an amount that is twice the amount of
20	the transaction that is the basis of the violation
21	with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

1	SEC. 4. OPPOSITION TO ASSISTANCE BY THE INTER-
2	NATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND
3	THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.
4	(a) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—The
5	Bretton Woods Agreements Act (22 U.S.C. 286 et seq.) is
6	amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"SEC. 73. OPPOSITION TO ASSISTANCE FOR ANY GOVERN-
8	MENT THAT FAILS TO IMPLEMENT SANC-
9	TIONS ON NORTH KOREA.
10	"(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury
11	shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the
12	international financial institutions (as defined under sec-
13	tion 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions
14	Act) to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose
15	the provision of financial assistance to a foreign govern-
16	ment, other than assistance to support basic human needs,
17	if the President determines that, in the year preceding con-
18	sideration of approval of such assistance, the government
19	has knowingly failed to prevent the provision of financial
20	services to, or freeze the funds, financial assets, and eco-
21	nomic resources of, a person described under subparagraphs
22	(A) through (E) of section $7(2)$ of the Impeding North Ko-
23	rea's Access to Finance Act of 2017.
24	"(b) WAIVER.—The President may waive subsection

25 (a) for up to 180 days at a time with respect to a foreign

26 government if the President reports to Congress that—

1	"(1) the foreign government's failure described
2	under (a) is due exclusively to a lack of foreign gov-
3	ernment capacity;
4	"(2) the foreign government is taking effective
5	steps to prevent recurrence of such failure; or
6	"(3) such waiver is vital to the national security
7	interests of the United States.".
8	(b) EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.—Section 2(b) of the Ex-
9	port-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)) is amend-
10	ed by adding at the end the following:
11	"(14) Prohibition on support involving per-
12	sons connected with north korea.—The Bank
13	may not guarantee, insure, or extend credit, or par-
14	ticipate in the extension of credit in connection with
15	the export of a good or service to a covered person (as
16	defined under section 7 of the Impeding North Korea's
17	Access to Finance Act of 2017).".
18	SEC. 5. TREASURY REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE, PENALTIES,
19	AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
20	(a) QUARTERLY REPORT.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days fol-
22	lowing the date of the enactment of this Act, and
23	every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of the Treas-
24	ury shall submit a report to the Committee on Finan-
25	cial Services of the House of Representatives and the

1	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
2	of the Senate that includes—
3	(A) a list of financial institutions that, in
4	the period since the preceding report, knowingly
5	facilitated a significant transaction or trans-
6	actions or provided significant financial services
7	for a covered person, or failed to apply appro-
8	priate due diligence to prevent such activities;
9	(B) a list of any penalties imposed under
10	section 3 in the period since the preceding re-
11	port; and
12	(C) a description of efforts by the Depart-
13	ment of the Treasury in the period since the pre-
14	ceding report, through consultations, technical
15	assistance, or other appropriate activities, to
16	strengthen the capacity of financial institutions
17	and foreign governments to prevent the provision
18	of financial services benefitting any covered per-
19	son.
20	(2) FORM OF REPORT; PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—
21	(A) FORM.—The report required under
22	paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified
23	form but may contain a classified annex.
24	(B) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The unclassi-
25	fied portion of such report shall be made avail-

able to the public and posted on the website of
the Department of the Treasury.
(b) TESTIMONY REQUIRED.—Upon request of the Com-
mittee on Financial Services of the House of Representa-
tives or the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
Affairs of the Senate, the Under Secretary of the Treasury
for Terrorism and Financial Intelligence shall testify to ex-
plain the effects of this Act, and the amendments made by
this Act, on North Korea's access to finance.
(c) INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND.—Title XVI of
the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C.
262p et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
"SEC. 1629. SUPPORT FOR CAPACITY OF THE INTER-
NATIONAL MONETARY FUND TO PREVENT

15MONEY LAUNDERING AND FINANCING OF16TERRORISM.

17 "The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the
18 United States Executive Director at the International Mon19 etary Fund to support the use of the administrative budget
20 of the Fund for technical assistance that strengthens the ca21 pacity of Fund members to prevent money laundering and
22 the financing of terrorism.".

23 (d) NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL REPORT TO CON24 GRESS.—The Chairman of the National Advisory Council
25 on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall in-

clude in the report required by section 1701 of the Inter national Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r) for
 the fiscal year following the date of the enactment of this
 Act a description of—

5 (1) the activities of the International Monetary 6 Fund in the most recently completed fiscal year to 7 provide technical assistance that strengthens the ca-8 pacity of Fund members to prevent money laundering 9 and the financing of terrorism, and the effectiveness 10 of the assistance; and

(2) the efficacy of efforts by the United States to
support such technical assistance through the use of
the Fund's administrative budget.

14 SEC. 6. SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF PROHIBITIONS

15

AND PENALTIES.

(a) SUSPENSION.—The President may suspend, on a
case-by-case basis, the application of any provision of this
Act, or provision in an amendment made by this Act, for
a period of not more than 180 days at a time if the President certifies to Congress that—

21 (1) the Government of North Korea has—

(A) committed to the verifiable suspension
of North Korea's proliferation and testing of
WMD, including systems designed in whole or in
part for the delivery of such weapons; and

1	(B) has agreed to multilateral talks includ-
2	ing the Government of the United States, with
3	the goal of permanently and verifiably limiting
4	North Korea's WMD and ballistic missile pro-
5	grams; or
6	(2) such suspension is vital to the national secu-
7	rity interests of the United States, with an expla-
8	nation of the reasons therefor.
9	(b) TERMINATION.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—On the date that is 30 days
11	after the date on which the President makes the cer-
12	tification described under paragraph (2)—
13	(A) section 3, subsections (a) and (b) of sec-
14	tion 5, and section 6(a) of this Act shall cease
15	to have any force or effect;
16	(B) section 73 of the Bretton Woods Agree-
17	ments Act, as added by section 4(a), shall be re-
18	pealed; and
19	(C) section $2(b)(14)$ of the Export-Import
20	Bank Act of 1945, as added by section 4(b), shall
21	be repealed.
22	(2) CERTIFICATION.—The certification described
23	under this paragraph is a certification by the Presi-
24	dent to the Congress that—
25	(A) the Government of North Korea—

1	(i) has ceased to pose a significant
2	threat to national security, with an expla-
3	nation of the reasons therefor; or
4	(ii) is committed to, and is taking ef-
5	fective steps to achieving, the goal of perma-
6	nently and verifiably limiting North Ko-
7	rea's WMD and ballistic missile programs;
8	OT
9	(B) such termination is vital to the na-
10	tional security interests of the United States,
11	with an explanation of the reasons therefor.
12	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
13	For purposes of this Act:
14	(1) TERMS RELATED TO NORTH KOREA.—The
15	terms "applicable Executive order", "Government of
16	North Korea", "North Korea", "North Korean per-
17	son", and "significant activities undermining cyber-
18	security" have the meanings given those terms, respec-
19	tively, in section 3 of the North Korea Sanctions and
20	Policy Enhancement Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 9202).
21	(2) Covered person.—The term "covered per-
22	son" means the following:
23	(A) Any designated person under an appli-
24	cable Executive order.

1	(B) Any North Korean person that facili-
2	tates the transfer of bulk cash or covered goods
3	(as defined under section 1027.100 of title 31,
4	Code of Federal Regulations).
5	(C) Any North Korean financial institu-
6	tion.
7	(D) Any North Korean person employed
8	outside of North Korea, except that the Secretary
9	of the Treasury may waive the application of
10	this subparagraph for a North Korean person
11	that is not otherwise a covered person and—
12	(i) has been granted asylum or refugee
13	status by the country of employment; or
14	(ii) is employed as essential diplomatic
15	personnel for the Government of North
16	Korea.
17	(E) Any person acting on behalf of, or at
18	the direction of, a person described under sub-
19	paragraphs (A) through (D).
20	(F) Any person that knowingly employs a
21	person described under subparagraph (D).
22	(G) Any person that facilitates the import
23	of goods, services, technology, or natural re-
24	sources, including energy imports and minerals,
25	or their derivatives, from North Korea.

1	(H) Any person that facilitates the export of
2	goods, services, technology, or natural resources,
3	including energy exports and minerals, or their
4	derivatives, to North Korea, except for food, med-
5	icine, or medical supplies required for civilian
6	humanitarian needs.
7	(I) Any person that invests in, or partici-
8	pates in a joint venture with, an entity in which
9	the Government of North Korea participates or
10	an entity that is created or organized under
11	North Korean law.
12	(J) Any person that provides financial serv-
13	ices, including through a subsidiary or joint ven-
14	ture, in North Korea.
15	(K) Any person that insures, registers, fa-
16	cilitates the registration of, or maintains insur-
17	ance or a registration for, a vessel owned, con-
18	trolled, commanded, or operated by a North Ko-
19	rean person.
20	(L) Any person providing specialized teach-
21	ing, training, or information or providing mate-
22	rial or technological support to a North Korean
23	person that—
24	(i) may contribute to North Korea's de-
25	velopment and proliferation of WMD, in-

1	cluding systems designed in whole or in
2	part for the delivery of such weapons; or
3	(ii) may contribute to significant ac-
4	tivities undermining cybersecurity.
5	(3) Financial institution definitions.—
6	(A) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
7	nancial institution" means a United States fi-
8	nancial institution or a foreign financial insti-
9	tution.
10	(B) Foreign financial institution.—The
11	term "foreign financial institution" has the
12	meaning given that term under section 1010.605
13	of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations.
14	(C) North Korean financial institu-
15	TION.—The term "North Korean financial insti-
16	tution" includes—
17	(i) any North Korean financial insti-
18	tution, as defined in section 3 of the North
19	Korea Sanctions and Policy Enhancement
20	Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 9202);
21	(ii) any financial agency, as defined
22	in section 5312 of title 31, United States
23	Code, that is owned or controlled by the
24	Government of North Korea;

1	(iii) any money transmitting business,
2	as defined in section 5330(d) of title 31,
3	United States Code, that is owned or con-
4	trolled by the Government of North Korea;
5	(iv) any financial institution that is a
6	joint venture between any person and the
7	Government of North Korea; and
8	(v) any joint venture involving a North
9	Korean financial institution.
10	(D) UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITU-
11	TION.—The term "United States financial insti-
12	tution" has the meaning given the term "U.S. fi-
13	nancial institution" under section 510.310 of
14	title 31, Code of Federal Regulations.
15	(4) KNOWINGLY.—The term "knowingly" with
16	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result, means
17	that a person has actual knowledge, or should have
18	known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the result.

Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to impose secondary sanctions with respect to North Korea, strengthen international efforts to improve sanctions enforcement, and for other purposes.".